SENATE BILL No. 128

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 32-24.

Synopsis: Compensation for business losses. Provides that a person operating a business on a property may be compensated for business losses resulting from a condemnation of the property. Provides that a municipality may not acquire property using an alternative condemnation procedure if the municipality is notified of the person's intent to claim compensation for business losses.

Effective: Upon passage.

Buck

January 8, 2025, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



First Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2025)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2024 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 128

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 32-24-1-0.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 0.1. The amendments made to sections 7
4	and 9 of this chapter by this act during the 2025 regular session of
5	the general assembly apply to condemnation proceedings filed after
6	May 14, 2025.
7	SECTION 2. IC 32-24-1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.152-2021,
8	SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) The notice, upon its return, must show
10	its:
11	(1) service for ten (10) days; or
12	(2) proof of publication for three (3) successive weeks:
13	(A) with each publication of the notice in a weekly newspaper
14	of general circulation printed and published in the English
15	language in the county in which the property sought to be
16	acquired is located; or
17	(B) with the first publication of notice in a newspaper



1	described in clause (A) and the two (2) subsequent
2	publications of notice:
3	(i) in accordance with IC 5-3-5; and
4	(ii) on the official web site website of the county.
5	The last publication of the notice must be five (5) days before the day
6	set for the hearing.
7	(b) The clerk of the court in which the proceedings are pending,
8	upon the first publication of the notice, shall send to the post office
9	address of each nonresident owner whose property will be affected by
0	the proceedings a copy of the notice, if the post office address of the
1	owner or owners can be ascertained by inquiry at the office of the
2	treasurer of the county.
3	(c) An owner (as defined in IC 32-24-2.6-3) shall notify the court
4	of the owner's intent to claim compensation for loss of a going
5	concern under IC 32-24-2.6 not later than ninety (90) days after the
6	date of:
7	(1) the first service; or
8	(2) publication;
9	of the notice under subsection (a).
20	(c) (d) The court, being satisfied of the regularity of the proceedings
21	and the right of the plaintiff to exercise the power of eminent domain
22	for the use sought, shall appoint:
23	(1) one (1) disinterested freeholder of the county; and
23 24	(2) two (2) disinterested appraisers licensed under IC 25-34.1;
25	who are residents of Indiana to assess the damages, or the benefits and
26	damages, as the case may be, that the owner or owners severally may
27	sustain, or be entitled to, by reason of the acquisition. One (1) of the
28	appraisers appointed under subdivision (2) must reside not more than
.9	fifty (50) miles from the property. If an owner notifies the court
0	under subsection (c), at least one (1) appraiser appointed under
1	subdivision (2) must be qualified and capable of determining the
2	loss of a going concern.
3	SECTION 3. IC 32-24-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) Each
5	appraiser shall take an oath that:
6	(1) the appraiser has no interest in the matter; and
7	(2) the appraiser will honestly and impartially make the
8	assessment.
9	(b) After the appraisers are sworn as provided in subsection (a), the
-0	judge shall instruct the appraisers as to:
-1	(1) their duties as appraisers; and
-2	(2) the measure of the damages and benefits, if any, they allow.



(c) The appraisers shall determine and report all of the following:

(1) The fair market value of each parcel of property sought to be

acquired and the value of each separate estate or interest in the

4	property.
5	(2) The fair market value of all improvements pertaining to the
6	property, if any, on the portion of the property to be acquired.
7	(3) The damages, if any, to the residue of the property of the
8	owner or owners caused by taking out the part sought to be
9	acquired.
10	(4) The other damages, if any, that will result to any persons from
11	the construction of the improvements in the manner proposed by
12	the plaintiff.
13	(5) The damages, if any, to an owner's loss of a going concern
14	under IC 32-24-2.6, if the owner (as defined in IC 32-24-2.6-3)
15	has notified the court in accordance with section 7(c) of this
16	chapter.
17	(d) If the property is sought to be acquired by the state or by a
18	county for a public highway or a municipal corporation for a public use
19	that confers benefits on any property of the owner, the report must also
20	state the benefits that will accrue to each parcel of property, set
21	opposite the description of each parcel of property whether described
22	in the complaint or not.
23	(e) Except as provided in subsection (f), in estimating the damages
24	specified in subsection (c), the appraisers may not deduct for any
25	benefits that may result from the improvement.
26	(f) In the case of a condemnation by the state or by a county for a
27	public highway or a municipal corporation for public use, the
28	appraisers shall deduct any benefits assessed from the amount of
29	damage allowed, if any, under subsection (c)(3) and (c)(4) and the
30	difference, if any, plus the damages allowed under subsection (c)(1),
31	and $(c)(2)$, and, if applicable, $(c)(5)$ shall be the amount of the award.
32	However, the damages awarded may not be less than the damages
33	allowed under subsection $(c)(1)$, and $(c)(2)$, and, if applicable, $(c)(5)$
34	Upon the trial of exceptions to the award by either party, a like measure
35	of damages must be followed.
36	(g) For the purpose of assessing compensation and damages, the
37	right to compensation and damages is considered to have accrued as of
38	the date of the service of the notice provided in section 6 of this
39	chapter, and actual value of compensation and damages at that date
40	shall be:
41	(1) the measure of compensation for all property to be actually
42	acquired; and



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1	(2) the basis of damages to property not actually acquired but
2	injuriously affected;
3	except as to the damages stated in subsection (c)(4).
4	SECTION 4. IC 32-24-2-0.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
5	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 0.1. The amendments made to sections 5
7	and 6 of this chapter by this act during the 2025 regular session of
8	the general assembly apply to proceedings under this chapter
9	commenced after May 14, 2025.
10	SECTION 5. IC 32-24-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as
12	provided in subsection (b), if:
13	(1) a municipality has the power to acquire property under this
14	chapter; or
15	(2) another statute provides for proceedings by a municipality for
16	acquiring property under this chapter;
17	the board exercising those powers may proceed under IC 32-24-1
18	instead of this chapter.
19	(b) If an owner (as defined in IC 32-24-2.6-3) notifies the board
20	of the owner's intent to claim compensation for loss of a going
21	concern under IC 32-24-2.6, the board exercising those powers
22	must proceed under IC 32-24-1 to acquire the property.
23	SECTION 6. IC 32-24-2-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.152-2021,
24	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) This chapter applies if the works board
26	of a municipality wants to acquire property for the use of the
27	municipality or to open, change, lay out, or vacate a street, an alley, or
28	a public place in the municipality, including a proposed street or alley
29	crossings of railways or other rights-of-way. However, this chapter
30	does not apply if a municipality wants to acquire the property of a
31	public utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1).
32	(b) The works board must adopt a resolution that the municipality
33	wants to acquire the property. The resolution must describe the
34	property that may be injuriously or beneficially affected. The board
35	shall have notice of the resolution:
36	(1) published for two (2) consecutive weeks:
37	(A) with each publication of notice in a newspaper of general
38	circulation published in the municipality; or
39	(B) with the first publication of notice in a newspaper
40	described in clause (A) and the second publication of notice:
41	(i) in accordance with IC 5-3-5; and



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(ii) on the official web site website of the municipality; and

1	(2) mailed to the owner of each piece of property affected by the
2	proposed acquisition.
3	The notice must name a date, at least thirty (30) forty-five (45) days
4	after the last publication, at which time the board will receive or hear
5	remonstrances from persons interested in or affected by the proceeding.
6	(c) The works board shall consider the remonstrances, if any, and
7	then take final action, confirming, modifying, or rescinding its original
8	resolution.
9	(d) If an owner (as defined in IC 32-24-2.6-3) submits a
10	remonstrance that notifies the works board of the owner's intent
11	to claim compensation for loss of a going concern under
12	IC 32-24-2.6, the works board must terminate proceedings under
13	this chapter and proceed under IC 32-24-1 to acquire the property.
14	SECTION 7. IC 32-24-2.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
15	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	UPON PASSAGE]:
17	Chapter 2.6. Compensation for Business Losses
18	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to condemnation proceedings
19	filed after May 14, 2025.
20	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "going concern" means the
21	benefits that accrue to a business or trade as a result of the
22	business's or trade's:
23	(1) location;
24	(2) geographic features;
25	(3) reputation for dependability;
26	(4) skill or quality;
27	(5) customer base; or
28	(6) good will;
29	or any other circumstances resulting in the probable retention of
30	old or acquisition of new patronage.
31	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "owner" means:
32	(1) the persons listed on the tax assessment rolls as being
33	responsible for the payment of real estate taxes imposed on
34	the property;
35	(2) the persons in whose name title to real estate is shown in
36	the records of the recorder of the county in which the real
37	estate is located; or
38	(3) a lessee who operates a business on the real property.
39	Sec. 4. If a business or trade is damaged by a taking,
40	condemnation, or eminent domain proceeding, the owner shall be
41	compensated by the condemnor for the loss of the going concern,
42	unless the condemnor establishes by a preponderance of the



1	evidence that:
2	(1) the loss is not caused by the taking of the property or the
3	injury to the remainder;
4	(2) the loss can be reasonably prevented by:
5	(A) relocating the business or trade to:
6	(i) the same or a similar location; and
7	(ii) a reasonably suitable location;
8	as the property that was taken; or
9	(B) taking steps and adopting procedures that a reasonably
0	prudent person:
1	(i) of a similar age; and
2	(ii) as the owner, under similar conditions;
3	would take and adopt in preserving the going concern of
4	the business or trade; or
5	(3) compensation for the loss will be duplicated in the
6	compensation otherwise awarded to the owner.
7	Sec. 5. An owner's damages for loss of value to a going concern
8	shall be determined by appraisers as part of the compensation due
9	to the owner. An owner shall provide an appraiser reasonable
0.0	access to the records necessary to determine the value of the loss of
21	the going concern. The appraiser's decision regarding any award
22	for the loss of the going concern may be challenged by any party.
23	SECTION 8. An emergency is declared for this act.

