

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 220

DIGEST OF SB 220 (Updated February 22, 2024 9:04 am - DI 140)

Citations Affected: IC 24-4.4; IC 24-4.5; IC 28-7; IC 28-10.

Synopsis: Financial institutions and consumer credit. Provides that a reference to federal law in: (1) the first lien mortgage lending act; (2) the Uniform Consumer Credit Code; or (3) the Indiana Code title the Uniform Consumer Credit Code; or (3) the Indiana Code title governing financial institutions; is a reference to the law as in effect December 31, 2023 (rather than December 31, 2022, under current law). Amends Indiana Code provisions concerning accounting practices for credit unions to reflect a new accounting standard that replaces the allowance for loan and lease losses accounting methodology with the allowance for credit losses methodology, as required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. Establishes a new chapter in the Indiana Code article containing general provisions. new chapter in the Indiana Code article containing general provisions with respect to financial institutions to require corporations (defined as certain financial institutions organized or reorganized under Indiana law) to notify the director of the department of financial institutions of a reportable cyber incident or notification incident in accordance with the same procedures required by the corporation's federal supervisory authority or federal insurer.

Effective: July 1, 2024.

Bassler, Deery, Baldwin

(HOUSE SPONSOR — SPEEDY)

January 9, 2024, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial

January 18, 2024, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
January 22, 2024, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.
January 23, 2024, read third time, passed. Yeas 47, nays 1.

HOUSE ACTION
February 6, 2024, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions. February 22, 2024, reported — Do Pass.



Second Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2024)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2023 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 220

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 24-4.4-1-102, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2023,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 102. (1) This article shall be liberally construed
4	and applied to promote its underlying purposes and policies.
5	(2) The underlying purposes and policies of this article are:
6	(a) to permit and encourage the development of fair and
7	economically sound first lien mortgage lending practices; and
8	(b) to conform the regulation of first lien mortgage lending
9	practices to applicable state and federal laws, rules, regulations,
10	policies, and guidance.
11	(3) A reference to a requirement imposed by this article includes
12	reference to a related rule of the department adopted under this article.
13	(4) A reference to a federal law in this article is a reference to the
14	law as in effect December 31, 2022. 2023.
15	SECTION 2. IC 24-4.5-1-102, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2023,
16	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 102. (1) This article shall be liberally construed



1	and applied to promote its underlying purposes and policies.
2	(2) The underlying purposes and policies of this article are:
3	(a) to simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing retail
4	installment sales, consumer credit, small loans, and usury;
5	(b) to provide rate ceilings to assure an adequate supply of credit
6	to consumers;
7	(c) to further consumer understanding of the terms of credit
8	transactions and to foster competition among suppliers of
9	consumer credit so that consumers may obtain credit at
10	reasonable cost;
l 1	(d) to protect consumer buyers, lessees, and borrowers against
12	unfair practices by some suppliers of consumer credit, having due
13	regard for the interests of legitimate and scrupulous creditors;
14	(e) to permit and encourage the development of fair and
15	economically sound consumer credit practices;
16	(f) to conform the regulation of consumer credit transactions to
17	the policies of the Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C.
18	1601 et seq.) and to applicable state and federal laws, rules,
19	regulations, policies, and guidance; and
20	(g) to make uniform the law, including administrative rules
21	among the various jurisdictions.
22 23 24	(3) A reference to a requirement imposed by this article includes
23	reference to a related rule or guidance of the department adopted
24	pursuant to this article.
25	(4) A reference to a federal law in this article is a reference to the
26	law as in effect December 31, 2022. 2023.
27	(5) This article applies to a transaction if the director determines
28	that the transaction:
29	(a) is in substance a disguised consumer credit transaction; or
30	(b) involves the application of subterfuge for the purpose of
31	avoiding this article.
32	A determination by the director under this subsection must be in
33	writing and shall be delivered to all parties to the transaction.
34	IC 4-21.5-3 applies to a determination made under this subsection.
35	(6) The authority of this article remains in effect, whether a licensee,
36	an individual, or a person subject to this article acts or claims to act
37	under any licensing or registration law of this state, or claims to act
38	without such authority.
39	(7) A violation of a state or federal law, regulation, or rule
10	applicable to consumer credit transactions is a violation of this article.

(8) The department may enforce penalty provisions set forth in 15

U.S.C. 1640 for violations of disclosure requirements applicable to



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1	mortgage transactions.
2	SECTION 3. IC 28-7-1-0.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.129-2020
3	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 0.5. The following definitions apply throughou
5	this chapter:
6	(1) "Automated teller machine" (ATM) means a piece of
7	unmanned electronic or mechanical equipment that performs
8	routine financial transactions for authorized individuals.
9	(2) "Branch" office" means an office, agency, or other place of
10	business at which deposits are received, share drafts are paid, or
11	money is lent to members of a credit union. The term does no
12	include:
13	(A) the principal office of a credit union;
14	(B) the principal office of a credit union affiliate;
15	(C) a branch office of a credit union affiliate;
16	(D) an automated teller machine; or
17	(E) a night depository.
18	(3) "Credit union" is a cooperative, nonprofit association
19	incorporated under this chapter, for the purposes of educating its
20	members in the concepts of thrift and to encourage savings among
21	its members. A credit union should provide a source of credit a
22	a fair and reasonable rate of interest and provide an opportunity
23	for its members to use and control their own money in order to
24	improve their economic and social condition.
25	(4) "Department" refers to the department of financial institutions
26	(5) "Surplus" means the credit balance of undivided earnings after
27	losses. The term does not include statutory reserves.
28	(6) "Unimpaired shares" means paid in shares less any losses for
29	which no reserve exists and for which there is no charge agains
30	undivided earnings.
31	(7) "Related credit union service organization" means, in
32	reference to a credit union, a credit union service organization (as
33	defined and formed under Part 712 of the regulations of the
34	National Credit Union Administration, 12 CFR 712) in which the
35	credit union has invested under section 9(a)(4) of this chapter.
36	(8) "Premises" means any office, branch, suboffice, service
37	center, parking lot, real estate, or other facility where the credi
38	union transacts or will transact business.
39	(9) "Furniture, fixtures, and equipment" means office furnishings
40	office machines, computer hardware, computer software
41	automated terminals, and heating and cooling equipment.



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(10) "Fixed assets" means:

1	(A) premises; and
2	(B) furniture, fixtures, and equipment.
3	(11) "Audit period" means a twelve (12) month period designated
4	by the board of directors of a credit union.
5	(12) "Community" means:
6	(A) a second class city;
7	(B) a third class city;
8	(C) a town;
9	(D) a county other than a county containing a consolidated
10	city;
11	(E) a census tract;
12	(F) a township; or
13	(G) any other municipal corporation (as defined in
14	IC 36-1-2-10).
15	(13) "Control of a related interest" refers to a situation in which
16	an individual directly or indirectly, or through or in concert with
17	one (1) or more other individuals, possesses any of the following:
18	(A) The ownership of, control of, or power to vote at least
19	twenty-five percent (25%) of any class of voting securities of
20	the related interest.
21	(B) The control in any manner of the election of a majority of
22	the directors of the related interest.
23	(C) The power to exercise a controlling influence over the
23 24 25	management or policies of the related interest. For purposes of
25	this clause, an individual is presumed to have control,
26	including the power to exercise a controlling influence over
27	the management or policies of a related interest, if the
28	individual:
29	(i) is an executive officer or a director of the related interest
30	and directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to
31	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting
32	securities of the related interest; or
33	(ii) directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to
34	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting
35	securities of the related interest and no other person owns,
36	controls, or has the power to vote a greater percentage of
37	that class of voting securities.
38	(14) "Executive officer" includes any of the following officers of
39	a credit union:
40	(A) The chairman of the board of directors.
41	(B) The president.
12	(C) A vice president



1	(D) The cashier.
2	(E) The secretary.
3	(F) The treasurer.
4	(15) "Immediate family", for purposes of section 17.2 of this
5	chapter, means the spouse of an individual, the individual's minor
6	children, and any of the individual's children, including adults,
7	residing in the individual's home.
8	(16) "Officer" means any individual who is not solely a director
9	or committee member and participates or has the authority to
10	participate in major policymaking functions of a credit union,
11	regardless of whether:
12	(A) the individual has an official title;
13	(B) the individual's title designates the individual as an
14	assistant; or
15	(C) the individual is serving without salary or other
16	compensation.
17	(17) "Related interest", with respect to an individual, means:
18	(A) a partnership, a corporation, or another business
19	organization that is controlled by the individual; or
20	(B) a political campaign committee:
21	(i) controlled by the individual; or
22	(ii) the funds or services of which benefit the individual.
23	(18) Except as provided in section 9(a)(4) of this chapter, "capital
24	and surplus" means the sum of:
25	(A) undivided profits;
26	(B) reserve for contingencies;
27	(C) regular reserve; and
28	(D) allowance for loan and lease credit losses, minus any
29	adjustment for credit loss allowance for available for sale
30	(AFS) securities.
31	SECTION 4. IC 28-7-1-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.69-2018,
32	SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 24. (a) All entrance charges shall, after payment
34	of the organization expenses, be known as reserve income, and shall be
35	added to the regular reserve of the credit union. At the close of the
36	dividend period, there shall be set apart to the regular reserve ten
37	percent (10%) of gross income until the regular reserve shall equal
38	seven and one-half percent (7 1/2%) of the total of outstanding loans,
39	then five percent (5%) of gross income until the regular reserve shall

equal ten percent (10%) of the total of outstanding loans. Whenever the

regular reserve falls below ten percent (10%) or seven and one-half

percent (7 1/2%) of the total of outstanding loans, it shall be



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- replenished by regular contributions to maintain the reserve goals of seven and one-half percent $(7\ 1/2\%)$ or ten percent (10%). The regular reserve shall be held to meet contingencies and shall not be distributed to the members except upon dissolution of the credit union.
- (b) A credit union may have an undivided profits account. The undivided profits account may be transferred to the regular reserve.
- (c) The department may, by rule, revise the formula prescribed by this section. A revised formula must be prudent and must reasonably be expected to protect the credit unions.
- (d) Financial statements of credit unions must provide for full and fair disclosure of all assets, liabilities, and members' equity, including such allowance for loan credit loss accounts necessary to present fairly the financial position, and all income and expenses necessary to present fairly the results of operation for the period concerned.
- (e) The maintenance of an the allowance for loan credit losses and investment or other losses does not exempt a credit union from the requirement set forth in subsection (a). The totals of the regular reserve and the allowance for loan credit losses account and the allowance for investment losses shall be combined for determining the percentage of gross income to be transferred to the regular reserve.
- (f) Loan **and investment** losses of a credit union must be charged against the **corresponding loan or investment category of the** allowance for loan loss. **credit losses.** Adjustments to the allowance for loan credit losses shall be made before the distribution of any dividend so that the allowance for loan credit loss represents the value of loans **and investments** and anticipated losses resulting from:
 - (1) uncollectible loans, **investments**, notes, and contracts receivable, including any uncollectible accrued interest receivable thereon:
 - (2) assets acquired in liquidation of loans; and
 - (3) loans purchased from other credit unions.
- (g) Adjustments to the allowance for loan credit losses must be recorded in the expense account "provision for loan losses". appropriate allowance for credit loss subcategory corresponding to the asset type being reserved against.
- SECTION 5. IC 28-10-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.197-2023, SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2024]: Sec. 1. A reference to a federal law or federal regulation in this title is a reference to the law or regulation as in effect December 31, 2022. 2023.
- SECTION 6. IC 28-10-3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY



1	1, 2024]:
2	Chapter 3. Reporting of Reportable Cyber Incidents
3	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "corporation" means any:
4	(1) bank;
5	(2) trust company;
6	(3) corporate fiduciary;
7	(4) savings bank;
8	(5) savings association;
9	(6) industrial loan and investment company that maintains
10	federal deposit insurance;
11	(7) credit union; or
12	(8) bank of discount and deposit;
13	organized or reorganized under the laws of this state.
14	Sec. 2. Notwithstanding IC 24-4.9 or any other law, a
15	corporation shall notify the director of the department of a
16	reportable cyber incident or notification incident in accordance
17	with the same procedures required by the corporation's federal
18	supervisory authority or federal insurer. A corporation without a
19	federal supervisory authority or federal insurer shall notify the
20	director of the department of the reportable cyber incident in
21	accordance with the same procedures set forth in 12 CFR 748.1(c)
22	for federally insured credit unions, regardless of whether the
23	corporation is a federally insured credit union.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 220, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 7, delete lines 14 through 15.

Page 7, line 16, delete "3." and insert "2.".

Page 7, line 18, after "incident" insert "or notification incident".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 220 as introduced.)

BALDWIN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred Senate Bill 220, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 220 as printed January 19, 2024.)

SPEEDY

Committee Vote: Yeas 13, Nays 0

