## SENATE BILL No. 277

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 3-5-2; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-11.5-6-14; IC 3-12; IC 3-14-4-10.

**Synopsis:** Ranked choice voting. Establishes ranked choice voting for elections for all public offices. Establishes the procedure for a voter to rank the candidates according to the voter's choice when there are three or more candidates for election to an office. Establishes the procedures to count the voter's choices as votes at various stages of tabulating ballots. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: January 1, 2017.

# **Stoops**

January 7, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections.



#### Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 277

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-41.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 41.2. "Rank" has the meaning set forth in
4	IC 3-12-0.5-4.
5	SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-41.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 41.3. "Ranked choice voting" refers to the
8	system of voting described in IC 3-12-0.5, whereby a voter may
9	give a rank to all the candidates for the same office.
0	SECTION 3. IC 3-5-2-48.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
1	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 48.3. "Tabulate" refers to the following:
3	(1) With respect to a public question, the determination of the
4	total vote for and against the public question.
5	(2) With respect to an election to an office, the determination
6	of the total of each ranking given to each candidate for that
7	office. The term includes the determination of the total vote



1	for each candidate for that office as provided in IC 3-12 by
2	the entity authorized to determine those totals under
3	IC 3-12-0.1.
4	SECTION 4. IC 3-10-1-14.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.76-2014,
5	SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14.1. (a) All the candidates for each office
7	who have qualified in the manner prescribed by IC 3-8 for placement
8	on the primary election ballot shall be grouped together under the name
9	of the office and printed in type with uniform capital letters, with
10	uniform space between each name.
11	(b) At the head of each group, a statement reading substantially as
12	follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and
13	above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert
14	the number of candidates to be nominated) candidates for this office.".
15	"You may rank each candidate below as your #1 choice, your
16	#2 choice, your #3 choice, and so on. You may, but are not
17	required to, rank all the candidates that appear below.".
18	(c) If more than one (1) candidate will be nominated,
19	substantially the following statement shall be printed after the
20	statement required by subsection (b):
21	"You may rank more than one (1) candidate, but not more
22	than (insert the number of candidates to be nominated) as
23	your #1 choice, more than one (1) candidate but not more
24	than (insert the number of candidates to be nominated) as
25	your #2 choice, and more than one (1) candidate but not more
26	than (insert the number of candidates to be nominated) as
27	your #3 choice, and so on. You may, but are not required to,
28	rank all the candidates. However, you may not give any
29	candidate more than one (1) ranking.".
30	(b) (d) In addition to the candidate's given name and surname, the
31	candidate may use:
32	(1) initials; or
33	(2) a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known;
34	if the candidate's choice of initials or nickname does not exceed twenty
35	(20) characters. Any nickname used must appear in parentheses
36	between the candidate's given name and the candidate's surname.
37	(e) (e) A candidate may not use a designation such as a title or
38	degree or a nickname that implies a title or degree.
39	(d) (f) A candidate's name must be printed on the ballot exactly as
40	the name appears on the candidate's certificate of nomination, petition
41	of nomination, or declaration of candidacy.
42	SECTION 5. IC 3-10-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.77-2014,



1	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for a primary election shall
3	be printed in substantially the following form described in this section
4	for all the offices for which candidates have qualified under IC 3-8.
5	(b) The following shall be printed as the heading for the ballot
6	for a political party:
7	"OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT
8	Party (insert the name of the political
9	party)".
10	(c) The following shall be printed immediately below the
11	heading required by subsection (b):
12	(1) For paper ballots, print:
13	"To vote for rank a person candidate as your #1 choice, make
14	a voting mark $(X \text{ or } \checkmark)$ on or in the #1 box before the person's
15	candidate's name in the proper column. Giving a candidate a #1
16	ranking is an automatic vote for that candidate."
17	"To rank a candidate as your #2 choice, make a voting mark
18	(X or ✓) on or in the #2 box before the candidate's name in
19	the proper column."
20	"To rank a candidate as your #3 choice, make a voting mark
21	(X or ✓) on or in the #3 box before the candidate's name in
22	the proper column."
23	"To rank a candidate as a choice lower than your #3 choice,
24	make a voting mark (X or $\checkmark$ ) on or in the box with the
25	number that corresponds to the rank you want to give that
26	candidate before the candidate's name in the proper
27	column.".
28	(2) For optical scan ballots, print:
29	"To vote for rank a person, candidate as your #1 choice, darken
30	or shade in the #1 (circle, oval, or square, or draw a line to
31	connect the #1 arrow, inserting the appropriate figure that is
32	used on the ballot) that precedes the person's candidate's name
33	in the proper column. Giving a candidate a #1 ranking is an
34	automatic vote for that candidate."
35	"To rank a candidate as your #2 choice, darken or shade in
36	the #2 (circle, oval, or square, or draw a line to connect the #2
37	arrow, inserting the appropriate figure that is used on the
38	ballot) that precedes the candidate's name in the proper
39	column."
40	"To rank a candidate as your #3 choice, darken or shade in
41	the #3 (circle, oval, or square, or draw a line to connect the #3
42	arrow, inserting the appropriate figure that is used on the



1	ballot) that precedes the candidate's name in the proper
2	column."
3	"To rank a candidate as a choice lower than your #3 choice,
4	darken or shade in the numbered (circle, oval, or square, or
5	draw a line to connect the numbered arrow, inserting the
6	appropriate figure that is used on the ballot) that corresponds
7	to the rank you want to give the candidate that precedes the
8	candidate's name in the proper column.".
9	(3) For optical scan ballots that do not contain a candidate's name,
10	print:
1	"To vote for rank a person, candidate as your #1 choice, darken
12	or shade in the #1 oval that precedes the number assigned to the
13	person's candidate's name in the proper column. Giving a
14	candidate a #1 ranking is an automatic vote for that
15	candidate."
16	"To rank a candidate as your #2 choice, darken or shade in
17	the #2 oval that precedes the number assigned to the
18	candidate's name in the proper column."
19	"To rank a candidate as your #3 choice, darken or shade in
20	the #3 oval that precedes the number assigned to the
21	candidate's name in the proper column."
22	"To rank a candidate as a choice lower than your #3 choice,
23	darken or shade in the numbered oval that corresponds to the
24	rank you want to give the candidate that precedes the
25	candidate's name in the proper column.".
26	(4) For electronic voting systems, print:
27	"To vote for rank a person, candidate as your #1 choice, touch
28	the screen (or press the button) in the #1 location indicated.
29	Vote for one (1) only
30	Representative in Congress
31	[] (1) AB
32	[] (2) CD
33	( <del>3)</del> EF
34	[] <del>(4)</del> <del>GH</del>
35	Giving a candidate a #1 ranking is an automatic vote for that
36	candidate."
37	"To rank a candidate as your #2 choice, touch the screen (or
38	press the button) in the #2 location indicated."
39	"To rank a candidate as your #3 choice, touch the screen (or
10	press the button) in the #3 location indicated."
<b>1</b> 1	"To rank a candidate as a choice lower than your #3 choice,
12	touch the screen (or press the button) at the location with the



1	number that corresponds to the rank you want to give the
2	candidate.".
3	To avoid voter confusion, the county election board may, by a
4	unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, alter the
5	instructions required by this subsection to account for variations
6	of the number of candidates (including any write-in candidates)
7	that appear on the ballot for different offices.
8	(b) (d) Local public questions shall be placed on the primary
9	election ballot after the voting instructions described in subsection (a)
10	(c) and before the offices described in subsection (e). (g).
l 1	(c) (e) The local public questions described in subsection (b) (d)
12	shall be placed:
13	(1) in a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot;
14	(2) after the voting instructions described in subsection $(a)$ (c) and
15	before the offices described in subsection (e), (g), in the form
16	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card; or
17	(3) as provided by either of the following if voting is by an
18	electronic voting system:
19	(A) On a separate screen for a public question.
20	(B) After the voting instructions described in subsection (a) (c)
21	and before the offices described in subsection (e), (g), in the
22	form specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5.
23 24	(d) (f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election
24	ballot in the following form:
25	(The explanatory text for the public question,
26	if required by law.)
27	"Shall (insert public question)?"
28	[] YES
29	[] NO
30	(e) (g) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed
31	on the primary election ballot in the following order:
32	(1) Federal and state offices:
33	(A) President of the United States.
34	(B) United States Senator.
35	(C) Governor.
36	(D) United States Representative.
37	(2) Legislative offices:
38	(A) State senator.
39	(B) State representative.
10	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
11	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
12	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than



1	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
2	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
3	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
4	one (1) judge of the superior court.
5	(C) Judge of the probate court.
6	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
7	(E) Circuit court clerk.
8	(4) County offices:
9	(A) County auditor.
10	(B) County recorder.
11	(C) County treasurer.
12	(D) County sheriff.
13	(E) County coroner.
14	(F) County surveyor.
15	(G) County assessor.
16	(H) County commissioner. This clause applies only to a county
17	that is not subject to IC 36-2-2.5.
18	(I) Single county executive. This clause applies only to a
19	county that is subject to IC 36-2-2.5.
20	(J) County council member.
21	(5) Township offices:
22	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
23	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
24	(B) Township trustee.
25	(C) Township board member.
26	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
27	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
28	(6) City offices:
29	(A) Mayor.
30	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
31	(C) Judge of the city court.
32	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
33	(7) Town offices:
34	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
35	(B) Judge of the town court.
36	(C) Town council member.
37	(f) (h) The political party offices with candidates for election shall
38	be placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the
39	offices described in subsection (e): (g):
40	(1) Precinct committeeman.
41	(2) State convention delegate.
42	(i) The local offices to be elected at the primary election shall be



placed on the primary election ballot after the offices described in
subsection <del>(f).</del> <b>(h).</b>
(h) (j) The offices described in subsection (g) (i) shall be placed:
(1) in a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot;
(2) after the offices described in subsection (f) (h) in the form
specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card; or
(3) either:
(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question; or
(B) after the offices described in subsection (f) (h) in the form
specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
if voting is by an electronic voting system.
SECTION 6. IC 3-10-1-19.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011,
SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 19.5. Notwithstanding section 19 of this
chapter, the county election board may alter the prescribed ballot order
to place the names of the candidates for the following offices before the
names of the candidates for county judicial offices:
(1) Prosecuting attorney.
(2) Clerk of the circuit court.
(3) The county offices listed in section $\frac{19(e)(4)}{19(g)(4)}$ of this
chapter.
SECTION 7. IC 3-10-1-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 29. (a) The
canvass of votes cast in a primary election shall, as far as applicable,
be made in the same manner and by the same officers as the canvass at
a general election.
<b>(b)</b> The tally sheet upon which the count has been entered shall be
included in the returns of the election.
(c) Each precinct election board shall, on blanks provided for that
purpose, make full and accurate returns of the: votes east for
(1) total of each ranking given to each candidate; and
(2) total vote on each public question;
unless votes were cast on a ballot card voting system that is not
designed to allow the counting and tabulation of votes by the precinct
election board.
(d) The board shall set forth in the return the following
information:
(1) Opposite the name of each candidate, and the total of each
ranking recorded under subsection (c)(1).
(2) Opposite each public question, the number of votes cast for
the candidate and for or against each the public question.
(e) The tabular statement must contain the following information,



1	with the names of candidates and public questions arranged in the
2	order in which they appear upon the official ballot:
3	(1) The name of the precinct.
4	(2) The name of the township (or ward).
5	(3) The name of the county.
6	(4) The name of the party of the candidates. for Representative in
7	Congress.
8	SECTION 8. IC 3-10-1-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2011,
9	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JANUARY 1,2017]: Sec. 32. (a) Primary election returns must contain
11	the whole number of votes, subject to IC 3-12-0.1 and as determined
12	<b>under IC 3-12-0.5</b> , cast for each of the following:
13	(1) Each candidate of each political party.
14	(2) Each public question voted on at the primary election.
15	(3) Each candidate for election to a political party office.
16	(b) Primary election returns must contain the total of each
17	ranking given to each candidate of each political party.
18	SECTION 9. IC 3-10-1-33, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,
19	SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 33. (a) The county election board shall also
21	make an additional duplicate showing the votes cast and rankings
22	given for each candidate required to file a declaration of candidacy
23	with the election division under IC 3-8-2.
24	(b) The circuit court clerk shall, not later than noon on the second
25	Monday following the primary election, send to the election division by
26	certified mail or hand deliver to the election division one (1) complete
27	copy of all returns for these candidates.
28	(c) The circuit court clerk may send the document described in
29	subsection (b) using the computerized list established under
30	IC 3-7-26.3. A document sent under this subsection complies with any
31	requirement for the document to be certified or sealed.
32	SECTION 10. IC 3-10-4-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
33	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. (a) The names of the candidates of:
35	(1) a political party;
36	(2) a group of petitioners under IC 3-8-6; or
37	(3) a write-in candidate for the office of President or Vice
38	President of the United States under IC 3-8-2-2.5;
39 40	for electors of President and Vice President of the United States may
40 41	not be placed on the ballot.  (b) The newest of the new inces for President and Vice President of
41 42	(b) The names of the nominees for President and Vice President of
42	the United States of each political party or group of petitioners shall be



1	placed:
2	(1) in one (1) column on the ballot if paper ballots are used;
3	(2) either:
4	(A) grouped together on a separate screen; or
5	(B) grouped together below the names of the offices as
6	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
7	if an electronic voting system is used; or
8	(3) grouped together below the names of the offices as specified
9	in IC 3-11-13-11 if a ballot card is used.
10	(c) The ballot must permit a voter to cast a ballot for a write-in
11	write in and rank a candidate for the office of President or Vice
12	President of the United States in the manner provided under
13	IC 3-11-2-6.
14	SECTION 11. IC 3-10-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.58-2005,
15	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. (a) This section applies when paper
17	ballots are used.
18	(b) A single square The number of squares equal to the number
19	of candidates (including write-in candidates) shall be printed in front
20	of a bracket enclosing the names of the nominees for President and
21	Vice President of the United States on the left margin of each separate
22	column of the ballot, immediately opposite the names of the nominees.
23	The squares may be arranged either vertically or horizontally in
24	front of the names of the nominees. The top or square farthest to
25	the left shall be labeled "#1", the next square vertically or
26	horizontally shall be labeled "#2", with this arrangement
27	continuing until the bottom or square farthest to the right shall be
28	labeled with the number of candidates (including write-in
29	candidates).
30	(c) The device named and list of nominees of the political party
31	whose nominee received the highest number of votes in that county for
32	secretary of state at the last most recent election for secretary of state
33	shall be placed in the first column on the left side of the ballot. The
34	political party whose nominee received the second highest number of
35	votes in that county for secretary of state at the last most recent
36	election for secretary of state shall be placed in the second column.
37	Other political parties shall be placed on the ballot in the same order.
38	(d) If a political party or an independent ticket did not have a
39	candidate for secretary of state in the last most recent election for
40	secretary of state, the party or ticket shall be placed on the ballot after
41	the parties described in subsection (c). If more than one (1) political

party or independent ticket that has qualified to be on the ballot did not



42

have a candidate for secretary of state in the last most recent election
for secretary of state, each party or independent ticket shall be listed
on the ballot in the order in which the party or independent ticket filed
a petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
SECTION 12. IC 3-10-4-2.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.58-2005
SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2.1. (a) This section applies when an optical
scan hallot card is used

- (b) The names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the United States for each political party or group of petitioners grouped as described in section 1(b)(4) 1(b)(3) of this chapter must be:
  - (1) listed together so that a voter is aware that the voter votes for ranks both offices as the same rank with a single vote; ranking; and
  - (2) printed behind or beside a single connectable arrow, oval, circle, or square.
- (c) The nominees for President and Vice President of the United States must be grouped under the names of the offices in the order established by IC 3-11-13-11.

SECTION 13. IC 3-10-4-2.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.58-2005, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2.2. (a) This section applies when an electronic voting system is used.

- (b) The names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the United States for each political party or group of petitioners grouped as described in section 1(b)(3) of this chapter must be:
  - (1) listed together so that a voter is aware that the voter votes for ranks both offices as the same rank with a single vote; ranking; and
  - (2) behind or beside a single touch sensitive point or button place.
- (c) The nominees for President and Vice President of the United States must be grouped under the names of the offices in the order established by IC 3-11-14-3.5.

SECTION 14. IC 3-10-4-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. The device, title, and names of nominees appearing on a ballot or ballot label shall be accompanied by a statement that a ballot cast ranking given for the named candidates for President and Vice President of the United States is considered a ballot cast ranking given for the slate of presidential electors nominated by that political party or independent candidate.

SECTION 15. IC 3-10-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2010, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



1	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 4. Each vote cast or registered: ranking
2	given:
3	(1) for the nominees for President and Vice President of the
4	United States of:
5	(A) a political party; or
6	(B) a group of petitioners; or
7	(2) for a write-in candidate for President or Vice President of the
8	United States;
9	is a vote cast or registered ranking given for all of the candidates for
10	presidential electors of the party, group, or write-in candidate and shall
1	be so counted. These votes rankings shall be counted, canvassed, and
12	certified in the same manner as the votes rankings for candidates for
13	other offices.
14	SECTION 16. IC 3-10-7-32, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011,
15	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 32. (a) A town election board shall
17	determine what voting method will be used in a municipal election.
18	(b) The town election board and its precinct election officers shall
19	perform the duties of the county election board and its precinct election
20	officers under IC 3-11 for each voting method used.
21	(c) The town election board shall prepare the ballots in the form
22	prescribed by IC 3-11 and distribute them to the precincts in the town.
23 24	(d) This subsection applies only to paper ballots. Notwithstanding
24	subsection (c), the town election board, by unanimous consent of the
25	board's entire membership, may authorize the printing or reproduction
26	of ballots on equipment under the control of the town clerk-treasurer.
27	If the town election board acts under this subsection, the ballots are not
28	required to conform to the precise dimensions concerning the size of
29	political party devices under IC 3-11-2-9 or the placement of a
30	candidate's name under $\frac{1C}{3}$ -11-2-10( $\frac{1}{2}$ ). IC 3-11-2-10( $\frac{1}{2}$ ). However, the
31	ballots must otherwise substantially conform with IC 3-11-2.
32	SECTION 17. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
33	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) Public questions shall be placed on
35	the general election ballot in the following order after the statement
36	described in section 7 of this chapter, and the instructions described in
37	subsections (d), and (e), and (f), and section 8 of this chapter:
38	(1) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.
39	(2) Local public questions.
10	Each public question shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.
11 12	(b) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket
12	described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed on the general



1	election ballot after the public questions described in subsection (a).
2	The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed
3	immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket.
4	The instructions for voting a straight party ticket shall be placed to the
5	right of the device.
6	(c) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform
7	as nearly as possible to the following:
8	"To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all
9	(insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, make a
10	voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any other marks
11	on this ballot."
12	"If you vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket,
13	each candidate of that party will be given a #1 ranking, unless
14	you split your ticket to give a candidate not of that political
15	party a #1 ranking. You will not be able to give the candidates
16	of any other party, independent candidates, or write-in
17	candidates a ranking other than a #1 ranking."
18	"If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office
19	or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on
20	the appropriate place on this ballot.".
21	(d) If the ballot contains an independent ticket described in section
22	6 of this chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the
23	ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows:
24	"A vote cast ranking given for an independent ticket will only be
25	counted only for the candidates for President and Vice President
26	or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent
27	ticket. This vote ranking will NOT be counted for any OTHER
28	independent candidate appearing on the ballot.".
29	(e) The ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially
30	as follows:
31	"A write-in vote ranking will NOT be counted unless the vote
32	ranking is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for
33	rank a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in
34	the square that corresponds to the ranking you want to give
35	that candidate to the left of the name you have written in or your
36	vote ranking will not be counted. Giving a DECLARED
37	write-in candidate a #1 ranking is an automatic vote for that
38	candidate.".
39	(f) After the instructions described in subsection (e), the ballot
10	must contain substantially the statement described in
<b>1</b> 1	IC 3-10-1-19(c)(1).
12	(f) (g) The list of candidates of the political party shall be placed



immediately under the instructions for voting a straight party ticket.
The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an
inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each
candidate must have, immediately on its left, a squares:

- (1) equal in number to the number of candidates on the ballot for each office (including write-in candidates); and
- (2) each square being three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side. The squares may be arranged either vertically or horizontally in front of the names of the nominees. The top or square farthest to the left shall be labeled "#1", the next square vertically or horizontally shall be labeled "#2", with this arrangement continuing until the bottom or square farthest to the right, which shall be labeled with the number of candidates (including write-in candidates).
- (g) (h) The circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.

SECTION 18. IC 3-11-2-12.9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 44, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12.9. (a) School board offices to be elected at the general election shall be placed on the general election ballot after the offices described in section 12 of this chapter with each candidate for the office designated as "nonpartisan".

(b) If the ballot contains a candidate for a school board office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name." described in IC 3-10-1-19(c)(1).

SECTION 19. IC 3-11-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2011, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14. (a) The following offices shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the offices described in section 13 of this chapter:

- (1) Retention of a local judge.
- (2) Local nonpartisan judicial offices.
- (b) These offices shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot.
- (c) If the ballot contains a candidate for a local nonpartisan judicial office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name.". described in IC 3-10-1-19(c)(1).
  - (d) If more than one (1) question concerning the retention of a local



1	judge is to be placed on a ballot, the questions shall be placed on the
2	ballot:
3	(1) in alphabetical order according to the surname of the local
4	judge; and
5	(2) identifying the court (including division or room) in which the
6	judge serves.
7	SECTION 20. IC 3-11-2-14.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14.5. (a) This
9	section applies to candidates for election to at-large seats on the
10	governing body of a school corporation.
11	(b) Candidates shall be listed in alphabetical order according to
12	surname.
13	(c) The ballot shall contain a statement reading substantially as
14	follows above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for no more than
15	(insert number of candidates to be elected) candidates for this office."
16	(c) The following statement shall be placed on the ballot above
17	the name of the first candidate:
18	"You may rank one (1) candidate as your #1 choice, one (1)
19	candidate as your #2 choice, and one (1) candidate as your #3
20	choice, and so on. You may, but are not required to, rank al
21	the candidates that appear. However, you may not give any
22	candidate more than one (1) ranking. Giving a candidate a #1
23	ranking is an automatic vote for that candidate.".
24	(d) If more than one (1) candidate will be elected, substantially
25	the following statement shall be printed after the statement
26	required by subsection (c):
27	"You may rank one (1) or more candidates, but not more than
28	(insert the number of candidates to be elected) as your #1
29	choices, one (1) or more candidates, but not more than (inser-
30	the number of candidates to be elected) as your #2 choices
31	and one (1) or more candidates, but not more than (insert the
32	number of candidates to be elected) as your #3 choices, and so
33	on. However, you may not give any candidate more than one
34	(1) ranking. Giving a candidate a #1 ranking is an automation
35	vote for that candidate.".
36	SECTION 21. IC 3-11-7-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013
37	SECTION 38, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 4. (a) A ballot card voting system mus
39	permit a voter to vote: do one (1) of the following:
40	(1) Except at a primary election, vote a straight party ticket for al
41	of the candidates of one (1) political party by a single mark or
42	each ballot card.



1	(2) for Rank one (1) or more candidates of each political party or
2	independent candidates, or for rank one (1) or more school board
3	candidates nominated by petition.
4	(3) a split ticket for Rank the candidates of different political
5	parties and for rank independent candidates. or
6	(4) Vote a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by easting
7	individual votes for giving a #1 ranking to candidates of another
8	political party or independent candidate. If a voter acts under
9	this subdivision, any rankings of candidates other than a #1
10	ranking must be disregarded.
11	(b) A ballot card voting system must permit a voter to vote: do both
12	of the following:
13	(1) for Rank all candidates for presidential electors of a political
14	party or an independent ticket by making a single voting mark.
15	<del>and</del>
16	(2) Vote for or against a public question on which the voter may
17	vote.
18	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-7-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
19	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5.5. A ballot card voting system must be
21	able to tabulate candidate rankings in accordance with IC 3-12-0.5.
22	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-7.5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
23	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) An electronic voting system must
25	permit a voter to vote: do one (1) of the following:
26	(1) Except at a primary election, vote a straight party ticket for all
27	the candidates of one (1) political party by touching the device of
28	that party.
29	(2) for Rank one (1) or more candidates of each political party or
30	independent candidates, or for rank one (1) or more school board
31	candidates nominated by petition.
32	(3) a split ticket for Rank the candidates of different political
33	parties and for rank independent candidates. or
34	(4) Vote a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
35	individual votes for giving a #1 ranking to candidates of another
36	political party or independent candidates. If a voter acts under
37	this subdivision, any rankings of candidates other than a #1
38	ranking must be disregarded.
39	(b) An electronic voting system must permit a voter to vote: do the
40	following:
41	(1) for Rank as many candidates for an office as the voter may
42	vote for, rank, but no more.



1	(2) Vote for or against a public question on which the voter may
2	vote, but no other. <del>and</del>
3	(3) for Rank all the candidates for presidential electors of a
4	political party or an independent ticket by making a single voting
5	mark.
6	SECTION 24. IC 3-11-7.5-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13. An electronic
8	voting system must correctly register and accurately count tabulate:
9	(1) all votes cast rankings for each candidate in accordance with
0	IC 3-12-0.5; and
1	(2) all votes for or against each public question.
2	SECTION 25. IC 3-11-7.5-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 16. An electronic
4	voting system must have a counting device that records and tabulates
5	the <del>number of votes east rankings</del> for each candidate and <b>the votes</b> for
6	or against each public question on the ballot that cannot be tampered
7	with or altered at any time while votes are being cast on the system.
8	When the computer memory pack that permits votes to be recorded on
9	the counting device is removed, the system must be designed so that it
20	can no longer be placed into operation.
21	SECTION 26. IC 3-11-11-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015,
22	SECTION 186, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23 24	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7. (a) This section is enacted
24	to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and
25 26	nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on a
	paper ballot.
27	(b) After receiving ballots under section 6 of this chapter, a voter
28	shall, without leaving the room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or
.9	compartments that is unoccupied and indicate: do the following:
0	(1) <b>Rank</b> the candidates for whom as the voter desires to vote by
1	making a voting mark on or in the appropriate squares
2	immediately before the candidates' names. and
3	(2) <b>Indicate</b> the voter's preference on each public question by
4	making a voting mark in front of the word "yes" or "no" under the
5	question.
6	(c) Write-in votes shall be cast by:
7	(1) making a voting mark on or in the square <b>indicating the rank</b>
8	the voter wants to give the write-in candidate immediately
9	before the space provided for write-in voting; and
0	(2) printing the name of the candidate in the space provided for
·1 ·2	write-in voting. SECTION 27 IC 3-11-13-11 AS AMENDED BY P.I. 194-2013
. /	SECTION // IC 3-11-13-11 AS AMENDED BY PT 194-7013



1	SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether
3	placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, must be in the order
4	of arrangement provided for ballots under this section.
5	(b) Each county election board shall have the names of all
6	candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public
7	questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The
8	county may:
9	(1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
10	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
11	version of a ballot is used within a precinct.
12	(c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size and of the same
13	quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
14	(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate
15	or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by
16	petitioners shall be listed on the ballot with the name and device set
17	forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device
18	may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device.
19	IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a
20	name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more
21	parties or petitioners.
22	(e) The offices and public questions on the general election ballot
23	must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12,
24	IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a),
25	IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and
26	$\frac{1C}{3-11-2-14(d)}$ . required by IC 3-11-2. The offices and public
27	questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or
28	horizontally and on a number of separate pages.
29	(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold
30	type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
31	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
32	first candidate:
33	(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", If only one (1) candidate is to be
34	elected to the office:
35	"You may rank one (1) candidate as your #1 choice, one (1)
36	candidate as your #2 choice, and one (1) candidate as your #3
37	choice, and so on. You may, but are not required to, rank all
38	the candidates that appear. However, you may not give any
39	candidate more than one (1) ranking. Giving a candidate a #1
40	ranking is an automatic vote for that candidate.".

(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be

elected) candidate(s) for this office.", If more than one (1)



41

42

1	candidate is to be elected to the office:
2	"You may rank one (1) or more candidates, but not more than
3	(insert the number of candidates to be elected) as your #1
4	choices, one (1) or more candidates, but not more than (insert
5	the number of candidates to be elected) as your #2 choices,
6	and one (1) or more candidates, but not more than (insert the
7	number of candidates to be elected) as your #3 choices, and so
8	on. You may, but are not required to, rank all the candidates
9	that appear. However, you may not give any candidate more
10	than one (1) ranking. Giving a candidate a #1 ranking is an
11	automatic vote for that candidate.".
12	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
13	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be
14	grouped together in the following order:
15	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest
16	number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last
17	most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.
18	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
19	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the
20	most recent election for secretary of state is listed second.
21	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'
22	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent
23	election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in
24	subdivision (2).
25	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
26	state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a
27	nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket
28	(described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after
29	the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
30	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate
31	or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,
32	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
33	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
34	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
35	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law.
36	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
37	ballot.
38	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
39	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
10	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
<b>1</b> 1	political party, or the word "Independent" if the:
12	(1) candidate; or



1	(2) ticket of candidates for:
2	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
3	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
4	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
5	of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and type.
6	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
7	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
8	must be grouped together:
9	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
10	(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
11	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
12	surname.
13	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection
14	(f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and
15	above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert
16	the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for
17	this office.".
18	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
19	of a school corporation must be grouped:
20	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
21	and
22	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
	<ul><li>(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.</li><li>A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection</li></ul>
22	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
22 23	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection
22 23 24	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and
22 23 24 25	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert
22 23 24 25 26	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
22 23 24 25 26 27	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d),
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval,
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:  (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection (f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office."  (k) The following information must be placed at the top of the ballot before the first public question is listed:  (1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.  (2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e).  (l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this chapter, and the single connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square, or the voting position for casting a straight party or an independent ticket ballot must be identified by:  (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6); and



The name and device of each political party or independent ticket must be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be placed on the ballot beside or above the names and devices within the voting booth in a location that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.

- (m) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single connectable arrow, a circle, or an oval may be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot card that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
  - (n) The requirements in this section:
    - (1) do not replace; and
  - (2) are in addition to;

- any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan ballots.
- (o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.
- (p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not list:
  - (1) the names of political parties or candidates; or
  - (2) the text of public questions;

on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered circle or oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.

SECTION 28. IC 3-11-13-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12. If ballot labels consist of a number of separate pages, the office title with a statement of the number of candidates to be voted for ranked may be printed above or at the side of the name of each candidate for that office. Except in a primary election, the political party designation or independent status of each candidate, which may be abbreviated, shall be printed following the candidate's name.

SECTION 29. IC 3-11-13-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13. If there are more candidates for an office than can be printed on one (1) ballot page, the ballot label shall be clearly marked that the list of candidates is continued on the following page. Arrows and numbers may be used



to indicate the place to vote for rank each candidate and vote on each public question.

SECTION 30. IC 3-11-13-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 77, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14. In partisan elections, the ballot labels must include a voting square or position where a voter may by one (1) mark on each card record a straight party or an independent ticket vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or the independent ticket, except for offices for which the voter has voted individually given a #1 ranking for a candidate. If the voter records a vote for the two (2) candidates comprising an independent ticket, the vote must not count for any other independent candidate on the ballot.

SECTION 31. IC 3-11-13-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015, SECTION 189, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), the county election board in a county using a ballot card voting system shall provide ballot cards to the precinct election board that permit voters to east rank write-in votes candidates for each officer to be voted for at that election.

- (b) The ballot cards provided under subsection (a) must be:
  - (1) designed to be folded; or
- (2) accompanied by a secrecy envelope;
- to ensure the secrecy of each of the votes cast rankings given by a voter.
- (c) This subsection is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting system. Except as provided in subsection (d), a **ranking may be given to a** write-in vote shall be cast **candidate** by printing the name of the candidate and the title of the office in the space provided for write-in votes **rankings** on a ballot card or secrecy envelope.
- (d) Space for write-in voting ranking for an office is not required if:
  - (1) there are no declared write-in candidates for that office; or
  - (2) the marking device allows for entry of a write-in candidate that can be read by a tabulator.

However, procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting ranking for candidates for federal offices.

SECTION 32. IC 3-11-13-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies to:

(1) a ballot card voting system; and



1	(2) a voting system that includes features of a ballot card voting
2	system and a direct record electronic voting system.
3	(b) At least fourteen (14) days before election day, the county
4	election board of each county planning to use automatic tabulating
5	machines at the next election shall have the automatic tabulating
6	machines tested to ascertain that the machines will correctly count
7	tabulate the votes cast rankings given for all candidates and count the
8	votes on all public questions. Not later than seven (7) days after
9	conducting the test under this subsection, the county election board
0	shall certify to the election division that the test has been conducted in
1	conformity with this subsection.
2	(c) Public notice of the time and place shall be given at least
3	forty-eight (48) hours before the test. The notice shall be published
4	once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4.
5	(d) If a county election board determines that:
6	(1) a ballot:
7	(A) must be reprinted or corrected as provided by
8	IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political
9	party, or public question from the ballot; or
20	(B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under
21	IC 3-11-10-1.5 because the absentee ballot includes a
22 23 24	candidate for election to office who:
23	(i) ceased to be a candidate; and
.4	(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under
25 26	IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and
	(2) ballots used in the test conducted under this section were not
27	reprinted or corrected to remove the omission of a candidate,
28	political party, or public question, or indicate the name of the
29	successor candidate;
0	the county election board shall conduct an additional public test
1	described in subsection (b) using the reprinted or corrected ballots.
52	Notice of the time and place of the additional test shall be given in
3	accordance with IC 5-14-1.5, but publication of the notice in
4	accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 is not required.
5	SECTION 33. IC 3-11-13-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015,
6	SECTION 128, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 24. (a) This subsection applies
8	to a ballot card voting system. The test required by section 22 of this
9	chapter must:
0	(1) be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballot cards
-1	marked so as to record a predetermined number of valid votes
-2	rankings for each candidate and for votes on each public



1	question; and
2	(2) include for each office one (1) or more ballot cards that have
3	votes in excess of the number allowed by law rankings not
4	permitted under this title in order to test the ability of the
5	automatic tabulating machines to reject the votes. rankings.
6	(b) This subsection applies to a voting system that includes features
7	of a ballot card voting system and a direct record electronic voting
8	system. The test required by section 22 of this chapter must:
9	(1) be conducted by the entry of:
10	(A) a preaudited group of ballots; and
11	(B) at least ten (10) ballots cast by using the headphone or a
12	sip/puff device;
13	so as to record a predetermined number of valid votes rankings
14	for each candidate and votes on each public question; and
15	(2) include at least one (1) ballot for each office and public
16	question that has votes in excess of the number allowed by law in
17	order to test the ability of the voting system to reject the
18	overvotes.
19	SECTION 34. IC 3-11-13-28.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015,
20	SECTION 191, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 28.7. (a) The two (2) poll
22	clerks of each precinct shall place their initials in ink on the secrecy
23	envelope of a ballot card (or on the fold-over part of a ballot card
24	described in section 18(b)(1) of this chapter) at the time the card is
25	issued to a voter. The initials must be in the poll clerk's ordinary
26	handwriting or printing and without a distinguishing mark of any kind.
27	(b) This subsection is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by
28	establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what
29	constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting system. A write-in vote cast
30	ranking given on a secrecy envelope or fold-over envelope:
31	(1) is not valid unless:
32	(A) the secrecy envelope is initialed by both poll clerks; and
33	(B) the vote ranking includes both the name of the write-in
34	candidate and the office for which the write-in vote ranking
35	is <del>cast</del> ; <b>given</b> ; and
36	(2) makes the secrecy envelope or fold-over envelope a ballot for
37	purposes of this title.
38	SECTION 35. IC 3-11-13-31.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015,
39	SECTION 193, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section is
41	enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and

nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an



42

1	optical scan voting system.
2	(b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the
3	room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is
4	unoccupied and indicate:
5	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote rank by
6	marking the connectable arrows, circles, ovals, or squares
7	immediately beside:
8	(A) the candidates' names; or
9	(B) the numbers referring to the candidates; and
10	(2) the voter's preference on each public question by marking the
11	connectable arrow, oval, or square beside:
12	(A) the word "yes" or "no" under the question; or
13	(B) the number referring to the word "yes" or "no" on the
14	ballot.
15	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
16	desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or
17	independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the voter may mark:
18	(1) the circle enclosing the device; or
19	(2) the connectable arrow, circle, oval, or square described in
20	section 11 of this chapter;
21	that designates the candidates of that political party or independent
22	ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6). The voter's vote shall then be counted
23	for all the candidates of that political party or included in the
24	independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6). However, if the voter
25	marks the circle, arrow, oval, or square of an independent ticket
26	(described in IC 3-11-2-6), the vote shall not be counted for any other
27	independent candidate on the ballot.
28	(d) This subsection applies to a voter casting a ballot on a voting
29	system that includes features of both an optical scan ballot card voting
30	system and a direct record electronic voting system. After entering into
31	a booth used with the voting system, the voter shall indicate the
32	candidates for whom the voter desires to voter shall indicate the
33	preference on each public question by:
34	(1) inserting a paper ballot or an optical scan ballot into the voting
35	
36	system; or (2) using headphones to listen to a recorded list of political
37	parties, candidates, and public questions.
38	(e) A voter using a voting system described in subsection (d) may
39	indicate the voter's selections by:
40	(1) touching a device on or in the squares immediately adjacent
41	to the name of a political party, candidate, or response to a public
42	question; or



(2) indicating the voter's choices by using a sip puff device that enables the voter to indicate a choice by inhaling or exhaling.

SECTION 36. IC 3-11-13-32.8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 32.8. If a voter shows the voter's ballot card or a part of the card to another person after the card has been marked so as to disclose any of the candidates voted for ranked or how the voter voted on a public question, the ballot card may not be deposited in a ballot box. A record of the occurrence shall be made on the poll list, and the voter may not vote again at the election.

SECTION 37. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.76-2014, SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.

(b) The county may:

- (1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label; and
- (2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.
- (c) Each type of ballot label must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
- (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.
- (e) The ballot labels must list the offices and public questions on the general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(e), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). required by IC 3-11-2. Each office and public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally.
- (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the



1	first candidate:
2	(1) "Vote for one (1) only.", If only one (1) candidate is to be
3	elected to the office:
4	"You may rank one (1) candidate as your #1 choice, one (1)
5	candidate as your #2 choice, and one (1) candidate as your #3
6	choice. You may, but are not required to, rank all the
7	candidates that appear. However, you may not give any
8	candidate more than one (1) ranking. Giving a candidate a #1
9	ranking is an automatic vote for that candidate.".
10	(2) "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be
11	elected) candidate(s) for this office.", If more than one (1)
12	candidate is to be elected to the office:
13	"You may rank one (1) or more candidates, but not more than
14	(insert the number of candidates to be elected) as your #1
15	choices, one (1) or more candidates, but not more than (insert
16	the number of candidates to be elected) as your #2 choices,
17	and one (1) or more candidates, but not more than (insert the
18	number of candidates to be elected) as your #3 choices, and so
19	on. You may, but are not required to, rank all the candidates
20	that appear. However, you may not give any candidate more
21	than one (1) ranking. Giving a candidate a #1 ranking is an
22	automatic vote for that candidate.".
23	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
24	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be
25	grouped together in the following order:
26	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest
27	number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last
28	most recent election for secretary of state is listed first.
29	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the second
30	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the
31	most recent election for secretary of state is listed second.
32	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties'
33	candidates for secretary of state finished in the last most recent
34	election for secretary of state are listed after the party listed in
35	subdivision (2).
36	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of
37	state in the last most recent election for secretary of state or a
38	nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket
39	(described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after
40	the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
41	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate

or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot,



42

1	the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which
2	the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
3	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
4	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for
5	write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no
6	declared write-in candidates for that office. However, procedures
7	must be implemented to permit write-in voting for candidates for
8	federal offices.
9	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
10	ballot.
11	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
12	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
13	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
14	political party, or the word "Independent", if the:
15	(1) candidate; or
16	(2) ticket of candidates for:
17	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
18	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
19	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
20	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
21	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
22	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
23	must be grouped together:
24	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking
25	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
25 26	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
27	surname.
28	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection
29	(f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and
30	above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (inser
31	the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for
32	this office.".
33	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
34	of a school corporation must be grouped:
35	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking
36	and
37	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
38	A statement reading substantially as follows provided in subsection
39	(f)(2) must be placed immediately below the name of the office and
10	above the name of the first candidate. "Vote for not more than (inser
<b>1</b> 1	the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
12	(k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be



- placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first public question is listed.
- (1) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(d), and IC 3-11-2-10(e) may be:
  - (1) placed on the ballot label; or

- (2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.
- (m) The ballot label must include a touch sensitive point or button for voting a straight political party or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be identified by:
  - (1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and
  - (2) immediately below or beside the political party's or independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-5).

The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(c) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting booth that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.

- (n) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
  - (o) The requirements in this section:
    - (1) do not replace; and
  - (2) are in addition to;
- any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic voting systems.
- (p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.

SECTION 38. IC 3-11-14-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015, SECTION 194, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 23. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an



	29
1	electronic voting system.
2	(b) If a voter is not challenged by a member of the precinct election
3	board, the voter may pass the railing to the side where an electronic
4	voting system is and into the voting booth. There the voter shall
5	register the voter's vote in secret by indicating: do the following:
6	(1) <b>Rank</b> the candidates for whom as the voter desires to vote by
7	touching a device on or in the squares immediately above the
8	candidates' names.
9	(2) If the voter intends to cast rank a write-in vote, a write-in vote
10	candidate, rank the candidate by touching a device on or in the
11	appropriate square immediately below the eandidates' names
12	candidate's name and printing the name of the candidate in the
13	window provided for write-in voting. and
14	(3) <b>Indicate</b> the voter's preference on each public question by
15	touching a device above the word "yes" or "no" under the
16	question.
17	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
18	desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group
19	of petitioners, the voter may cast a straight party ticket by touching that
20	party's device. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the
21	candidates under that name. However, if the voter casts a vote by
22	touching the circle of an independent ticket comprised of two (2)
23	candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any other independent
24	candidate on the ballot.
25	(d) As provided by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voter casting a ballot on an
26	electronic voting system must be:
27	(1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the
28	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
29	(2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any
30	error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast
31	and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement
32	ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the
33	ballot; and
34	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting
35	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
36	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
37	SECTION 39. IC 3-11-14-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 29. If a voter
39	shows or discloses to another person the candidates voted for ranked
40	or how the voter voted on a public question before the <b>ranking or</b> vote
41	is registered, the ranking or vote may not be registered on the
42	electronic voting system. A record of the occurrence shall be made on



the poll list, and the voter may not vote again at the election.

SECTION 40. IC 3-11-14-30 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 30. Subject to IC 3-12-2-5, as soon as the polls are closed, the inspector, in the presence of the judges and poll clerks, immediately shall secure each electronic voting system against **ranking and** voting and obtain at least one (1) paper printout of the total votes east **rankings** for each candidate and **the votes** on each public question in that precinct.

SECTION 41. IC 3-11-14-31 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 31. As soon as the paper printouts of the vote count counts are obtained under section 30 of this chapter, the inspector shall close the system and remove the computer memory pack from the system. The inspector and the judge of the opposite political party shall then transport the computer memory packs and each electronic voting system to the county election board.

SECTION 42. IC 3-11-14-32 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 32. The certificates of the **total** number of votes cast **rankings given** for each person candidate shall be made and signed as required by IC 3-12, and the precinct election officers shall make and sign all statements of the number of **rankings and** votes required by law in duplicate, triplicate, or otherwise. The certificates and other papers shall be returned to the circuit court clerk in the same manner and with the same penalties that are prescribed in IC 3-12 for election returns from precincts in which electronic voting systems are not used.

SECTION 43. IC 3-11-14.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 130, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. (a) The county election board of each county planning to use an electronic voting system at the next election shall randomly select at least three (3) precincts within the county and test the voting system units to be used at those precincts on election day. Each voting system shall be tested to ascertain that the system will correctly count the votes cast rankings given for all candidates and votes cast on all public questions in that precinct.

- (b) The testing under subsection (a) must begin before absentee voting starts in the office of the circuit court clerk under IC 3-11-10-26.
  - (c) If a county election board determines that:
    - (1) a ballot provided by an electronic voting system:
      - (A) must be corrected as provided by IC 3-11-2-16 because of the omission of a candidate, political party, or public question from the ballot; or
      - (B) is an absentee ballot that a voter is entitled to recast under



1	IC 3-11-10-1.5 because the absentee ballot includes a
2	candidate for election to office who:
3	(i) ceased to be a candidate; and
4	(ii) has been succeeded by a candidate selected under
5	IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2; and
6	(2) voting system units used in the test conducted under this
7	section did not contain a ballot that was reprinted or corrected to
8	remove the omission of a candidate, political party, or public
9	question, or indicate the name of the successor candidate;
10	the county election board shall conduct an additional public test
1	described in subsection (a) using the voting system units previously
12	tested and containing the reprinted or corrected ballots.
13	SECTION 44. IC 3-11-14.5-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005,
14	SECTION 91, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. The test required by this chapter must
16	include the following:
17	(1) The visual inspection of the voting system and ballot labels.
18	(2) The manual entry of a preaudited group of ballots marked so
19	as to record a predetermined number of valid votes rankings for
20	each candidate and <b>votes</b> on each public question.
21	(3) At least one (1) ballot for each office that has votes rankings
22	in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability
23	of the electronic voting system to reject the overvotes.
24	SECTION 45. IC 3-11-14.5-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005,
25	SECTION 91, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. Immediately following the completion of
27	the voting system test under section 5 of this chapter, the county
28	election board shall enter the vote totals from the voting systems tested
29	under this chapter into the component of the voting system used by the
30	county election board to tabulate election results under IC 3-12-3.5.
31	The board shall determine whether this component of the voting system
32	properly tabulates the rankings given and the votes cast in each of the
33	precincts tested under this chapter.
34	SECTION 46. IC 3-11-15-13.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13.7. (a) If a
36	voting system has any of the following functions, the functions must be
37	operable in the voting system's equipment actually in use in a precinct:
38	(1) The voting system can demonstrate to the voter that the voter
39	has cast votes given rankings for too many candidates for an
10	office.
<b>1</b> 1	(2) The voting system can demonstrate to the voter that the voter

has cast votes both in favor of and in opposition to a public



42

1
2
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 31 32 32 33 33 34 34 34 35 36 36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37
16
17
12
10
20
21
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
TI

question.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a voting system described in subsection (a) must be able to inform the voter how the voter may correct errors on the voter's ballot.
- (c) A voting system is not required to provide the information required by subsection (b) if the information is provided in writing conspicuously on or near the components of the voting system where the voter casts the voter's votes.

SECTION 47. IC 3-11-15-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015, SECTION 197, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 20. (a) A voting system must be able to record accurately each vote candidate ranking given and be able to produce an accurate report of all rankings given and votes cast.

- (b) As used in this subsection, "error rate" refers to the error rate of the voting system in counting ballots (determined by taking into account only those errors that are attributable to the voting system and not attributable to an act of the voter). As required by 52 U.S.C. 21081, a voting system must comply with the error rate standards established under section 3.2.1. of the Voting System Standards approved by the Federal Election Commission on April 30, 2002, as those standards were in effect on October 29, 2002.
- (c) The inclusion of control logic and data processing methods incorporating parity and check-sums (or equivalent error detection and correction methods) must demonstrate that the system has been designed for accuracy.

SECTION 48. IC 3-11-18.1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 134, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14. (a) The precinct election board administering an election at a vote center shall keep the ballots cast in each precinct separate from the ballots cast in any other precinct whose election is administered at the vote center, so that the votes cast rankings given for each candidate and the votes on each public question in each of the precincts administered by the board may be determined and included on the statement required by IC 3-12-4-9.

- (b) This subsection applies to a county described under section 12 of this chapter on and after the date absentee ballots are first transmitted to voters. A person that receives a certification for an electronic poll book shall file not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the discovery of an anomaly or problem with the poll book a written report describing the anomaly or problem with the secretary of state.
- SECTION 49. IC 3-11.5-6-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14. If a test of



1	automatic tabulating machines required by IC 3-11-13-22 or
2	IC 3-11-13-26 is not conducted for a particular office or public
3	question, the absentee ballot votes for that office shall be counted
4	manually.
5	SECTION 50. IC 3-12-0.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JANUARY 1, 2017]:
8	Chapter 0.1. Authority to Determine Vote Totals for Candidates
9	Sec. 1. (a) This chapter designates the entity for determining the
10	vote total for each candidate at an election, notwithstanding any
11	other provision of this title.
12	(b) Vote totals for a public question shall be determined as
13	otherwise provided in this title.
14	Sec. 2. The total vote for each candidate at an election shall be
15	determined by the following:
16	(1) The county election board for candidates for a local or a
17	school board office.
18	(2) The election division for candidates for federal, state, and
19	legislative offices.
20	Sec. 3. (a) This section applies only to an election for a local
21	office or a school board office.
22	(b) A precinct election board shall determine and report to its
23	county election board only the total of each ranking for each
23 24	candidate at the election.
25	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the county election
26	board shall determine the vote totals for each candidate for a local
27	office or a school board office as provided in IC 3-12-0.5.
28	(d) If the election district for a local office or a school board
29	office is located in more than one (1) county, the vote totals for
30	candidates for nomination or election to that office shall be
31	determined as provided in IC 3-12-5-2.
32	Sec. 4. (a) This section applies only to an election for a federal
33	state, or legislative office.
34	(b) A county election board shall determine and report to the
35	election division only the total of each ranking for each candidate
36	at the election.
37	(c) The election division shall determine the vote totals for each
38	candidate for a federal, state, or legislative office as provided in
39	IC 3-12-0.5.
40	SECTION 51 IC 3-12-0 5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



41

42

JANUARY 1, 2017]:

1	Chapter 0.5. Ranked Choice Voting
2	Sec. 1. The rules for counting ballots set forth in this article also
3	apply to counting ballots under this chapter.
4	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "exhausted ballot" means a
5	ballot on which all available rankings have been used as provided
6	in this chapter.
7	Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "last place candidate" means
8	a candidate who has received the fewest votes among the
9	candidates who remain at any stage.
10	(b) Two (2) or more candidates both become "last place
11	candidates" if the sum of the number of each of their votes is less
12	than the number of votes for the candidate who has the next
13	greatest number of votes.
14	Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "rank" or "ranking" refers
15	to the order of preference a voter gives to a candidate for a
16	particular office.
17	(b) A voter's choices are referred to as the following rankings:
18	(1) A voter's first choice is referred to as the voter's "#1
19	ranking".
20	(2) A voter's second choice is referred to as the voter's "#2
21	ranking".
22	(3) A voter's third choice is referred to as the voter's "#3
23	ranking".
24	(4) A voter's choice lower than the voter's third choice may be
25	referred to as the voter's "#n ranking," with "n" being the
26	number of the ranking the voter has given to a candidate.
27	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "remaining candidate" refers to
28	a candidate who has not been eliminated.
29	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "stage" means a step in
30	determining and counting votes for a particular office during
31	which votes for all remaining candidates are counted to determine
32	whether a candidate has achieved a majority of the votes, and if
33	not, which candidates are eliminated.
34	Sec. 7. (a) As used in this chapter, "vote" means a ballot ranking
35	that is counted toward nomination or election of a candidate. All
36	#1 rankings are votes. Lower rankings are potential votes that, as
37	provided in this chapter, may be credited to a candidate as a vote
38	for that candidate at a subsequent stage.
39	(b) For purposes of this title, the term "vote", when used with
40	respect to a candidate, is the same as a #1 ranking for that
41	candidate. Depending on context, the term "vote" may refer to a
42	#1 ranking only or may refer generally to all possible rankings a



1	voter may give to candidates.
2	Sec. 8. (a) Ranked choice voting applies to voting in a primary
3	general, or special election for an office for which candidates are
4	seeking the nomination or election to that office.
5	(b) In an election for an office with fewer than three (3)
6	candidates (including write-in candidates), the candidate who
7	receives the most #1 rankings at the first stage is elected.
8	(c) Ranked choice voting does not apply to the following unless
9	the rules of the convention or caucus require ranked choice voting
10	(1) Nomination of candidates by a convention.
l 1	(2) Selection of an individual to fill a candidate vacancy.
12	(3) Selection of an individual to fill a vacancy in an office.
13	Sec. 9. (a) The following generally apply to counting ballots
14	under this chapter:
15	(1) All votes (#1 rankings) must be counted, subject to the
16	other provisions of this title.
17	(2) A candidate who receives a majority of the votes as
18	determined in this chapter is nominated or elected.
19	(3) If a candidate does not receive a majority of the votes a
20	any stage, the candidate having the fewest votes as determined
21	at that stage is eliminated from subsequent stages.
22	(4) The next rankings on ballots for an eliminated candidate
23	become votes for the candidates as indicated on those ballots
24 25	(5) This process continues until the earlier of the following:
25	(A) All ballots have been exhausted.
26	(B) All but the number of candidates to be nominated or
27	elected are eliminated.
28	(b) Counting ballots in an election when ranked choice voting is
29	required by this chapter shall be done in the following manner:
30	(1) All #1 rankings are counted first. If a candidate has a
31	majority of the #1 rankings, that candidate is nominated or
32	elected and the counting ends.
33	(2) If a candidate does not have a majority of the votes under
34	subdivision (1) (first stage), second stage counting begins by
35	eliminating the last place candidate from among the
36	remaining candidates. The following then apply:
37	(A) The #2 rankings made on ballots for the eliminated
38	candidate become #1 rankings for the #2 choice candidate
39	indicated on the eliminated candidate's ballots.
10	(B) The #3 rankings made on ballots for the eliminated
11	candidate become #2 rankings for the #3 choice candidate
12	indicated on the eliminated candidate's ballots



1	(C) The #n rankings made on ballots for the eliminated
2	candidate become the #(n-1) rankings for the #n choice
3	candidate indicated on the eliminated candidate's ballot.
4	After clauses (A) through (C) are applied, if any candidate
5	then has a majority of the votes, that candidate is nominated
6	or elected and the counting ends.
7	(3) If a candidate does not receive a majority of the votes
8	under subdivision (2) (second stage), the third stage counting
9	begins by eliminating the last place candidate from among the
10	remaining candidates. The third stage counting proceeds as
11	described in subdivision (2).
12	(4) The counting continues through each stage as described in
13	this subsection until a candidate receives a majority of the
14	votes. That candidate is nominated or elected and the
15	counting ends.
16	(c) If at any stage in the counting there are two (2) or more last
17	place candidates, those candidates are eliminated simultaneously,
18	and the next rankings made on ballots that had rankings for one (1)
19	or more eliminated candidates become rankings for the indicated
20	candidates who remain.
21	Sec. 10. Once a ballot is exhausted, it must be disregarded and
22	no longer counted. A ballot assigning the same ranking to more
23	than one (1) candidate for an office is exhausted for that office
24	when the duplicate ranking is reached, in which case a vote may
25	not be recorded for any of the candidates who have the same
26	ranking.
27	Sec. 11. If a ballot skips a ranking, the next ranking below the
28	skipped ranking is moved up and counted as though it were the
29	rank of the skipped ranking.
30	Sec. 12. (a) This section applies only to a candidate who is a
31	declared write-in candidate.
32	(b) A voter may rank a write-in candidate for an office and
33	assign a ranking to that candidate and to the candidates whose
34	names already appear on the ballot.
35	Sec. 13. If ballots do not contain sufficient effective choices for
36	a particular office, so that at the end of the counting a candidate
37	has not received a majority of the votes, the candidate who receives
38	the most votes is nominated or elected.
39	Sec. 14. Votes for an eliminated candidate may not be counted,
40	regardless of how many lower rankings might otherwise have
41	become votes for the candidate at a later stage.
42	SECTION 52. IC 3-12-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2014,



SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. Subject to sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9.5, and 13 of this chapter, the primary factor to be considered in determining a voter's choice on a ballot is the intent of the voter. If the voter's intent can be determined on the ballot or on part of the ballot, the **ranking or** vote shall be counted for the affected candidate or candidates or on the public question. However, if it is impossible to determine a voter's **choice ranking** of candidates on a part of a ballot or vote on a public question, then the voter's **ranking or** vote concerning those candidates or public questions may not be counted.

SECTION 53. IC 3-12-1-1.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1.7. (a) The following provisions govern the counting of **rankings for** write-in **votes: candidates:** 

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (b), only votes east rankings given for declared write-in candidates shall be counted and certified.
- (2) The name of a candidate, written on the space reserved for write-in voting, is not considered a distinguishing mark that would invalidate a ballot under section 3 of this chapter. However, the name or office of a candidate written in a place on the ballot other than the place reserved for write-in voting may not be counted for that office.
- (3) A **ranking for a** write-in **vote candidate** for an office is void if the voter attempts to **cast indicate** the **vote ranking** by a means other than printing the name of the candidate in ink or lead pencil. The use of stickers, labels, rubber stamps, or other similar device is not permitted.
- (4) An abbreviation, a misspelling, or other minor variation in the form of the name of a candidate or an office shall be disregarded in determining the validity of the ballot if the intention of the voter can be ascertained.
- (5) Write-in votes **Rankings** for each write-in candidate shall be counted separately using the tally sheets provided by the county election board.
- (b) This subsection does not apply to an office for which more than one (1) individual may be nominated or elected within the same election district. A **ranking as a** write-in vote cast **given** for an individual whose name appears on the ballot as a candidate for that office shall be counted as a vote **ranking given** for the candidate.
- SECTION 54. IC 3-12-1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013, SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



- JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to a ballot card voting system or an electronic voting system. A voting mark made by a voter on or in a voting square at the left of a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote ranking for the candidate or votes for each of the candidates of the political party. (b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting
- (b) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system. A voting mark made by a voter:
  - (1) on or in a circle, oval, or square; or
- (2) to connect a connectable arrow; immediately below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote ranking for the candidate or votes for each of the candidates of the political party.
- (c) This subsection applies to a direct record electronic voting system. A voting mark made by a voter touching a touch sensitive point or button below or beside a candidate's name or political party's name shall be counted as a vote ranking for the candidate or votes for each of the candidates of the political party.
- SECTION 55. IC 3-12-1-7.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7.5. (a) If a voter votes a straight party ticket for at least one (1) office for which only one (1) person may be elected and writes in the name of a candidate and gives that candidate a #1 ranking, the straight party ticket vote shall be counted for all offices except the offices for which a write-in vote was cast. The #1 ranking for the write-in vote candidate shall be counted as a vote for that candidate if the voter's intent can be determined.
- (b) If a voter votes a straight party ticket for an office for which at least two (2) people may be elected and writes in the name of a candidate and gives that candidate a #1 ranking, the straight party vote for that office may not be counted unless:
  - (1) fewer candidates appear on the party's ticket than may be elected; and
  - (2) the voter has not written in a number of names **and gives each of those candidates a #1 ranking** that, when added to the straight party candidate's name, would be greater than the number of seats available for that office.
- (c) If a voter votes for one (1) individual candidate for an office for which only one (1) person may be elected and also writes in the name of another candidate for the same office **and gives that candidate a #1 ranking**, neither vote may be counted.
- (d) If a voter votes for at least one (1) individual candidate for an office for which at least two (2) people may be elected and also writes



3)
in the name of at least one (1) candidate and gives that candidate a #1
ranking, the vote for that office may not be counted unless the number
of individual votes cast for the office, when added to the number of
write-in votes cast for that office, is less than or equal to the number of
seats available for that office.
(e) If a voter votes an individual or a straight party vote for a
candidate for an office and also writes in the name of the same
candidate for the same office, only one (1) vote for that candidate may
be counted.

SECTION 56. IC 3-12-1-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013, SECTION 64, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 16. (a) This section applies when:

- (1) a ballot is reprinted under IC 3-11-3-29.5(d) to omit the name of an individual who is no longer a candidate; and
- (2) the candidate vacancy is filled following the reprinting of the ballots.
- (b) A vote cast ranking on the ballot where the statement "NO CANDIDATE" or "CANDIDATE DECEASED" appears is considered a vote cast the same ranking given for the successor candidate.

SECTION 57. IC 3-12-1-18, AS ADDED BY P.L.66-2010, SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 18. (a) This section applies to a federal write-in absentee ballot cast in a primary election as provided in IC 3-11-4-12.5(b)(1) by an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter.

- (b) If a voter does any of the following, the voter's vote is rankings for candidates for that office are void:
  - (1) The voter votes for gives more than one (1) candidate a #1 ranking, and the candidates are not on the official primary ballot of the same political party.
  - (2) The voter votes for gives a #1 ranking to a candidate who is not on the official primary ballot of any political party.
  - (3) The voter votes for gives a #1 ranking to a candidate who is on the official primary ballot of a political party, but the voter does not indicate the office for which the candidate seeks to be nominated.
- (c) If the voter votes for a political party, but the voter does not vote for any individual candidates who are on that political party's official primary ballot, the voter's vote is void.

SECTION 58. IC 3-12-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015, SECTION 208, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter:



- (1) is enacted to comply with 52 U.S.C. 21081 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what will be counted as a vote on a paper ballot; and
  - (2) applies to each precinct where voting is by paper ballot.
- (b) After the polls have closed, each precinct election board shall count tabulate the paper ballot votes rankings for each candidate for each office and the votes on each public question. The ballots shall be counted tabulated by laying each ballot upon a table in the order in which it is taken from the ballot box.
- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the precinct election board may count tabulate absentee ballots before the polls have closed. If the precinct election board counts tabulates absentee ballots under this subsection, a member of the precinct election board may not, before the polls have closed, provide any person other than a member of the precinct election board with information concerning the: number of votes:
  - (1) rankings a candidate received for an office; or
- (2) **number of votes** cast to approve or reject a public question; on absentee ballots counted under this subsection.
- (d) If a precinct election board administers more than one (1) precinct, the board shall keep the ballots cast in each precinct separate from ballots cast in any other precinct, so that the votes cast rankings given for each candidate and the votes on each public question in each of the precincts administered by the board may be determined.

SECTION 59. IC 3-12-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. During the counting tabulation of the votes, ballots, the inspector and the judge of the opposite political party from the inspector shall view the ballots as the names of the candidates voted for and their respective rankings are read from the ballots.

SECTION 60. IC 3-12-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. During the counting tabulation of the votes, ballots, any member of the precinct election board may protest the counting tabulation of any ballot or any part of a ballot.

SECTION 61. IC 3-12-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. Except as provided in section 1(c) of this chapter, if the polls for more than one (1) precinct are located in the same room, the inspector of a precinct using the room may not begin the vote count ballot tabulation procedure until all the polls in the room are officially closed and no more persons are waiting in line to vote.



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

1	SECTION 62. IC 3-12-2-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,
2	SECTION 101, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6. When all votes ballots have
4	been counted, tabulated, the precinct election board shall prepare a
5	certificate stating the following:
6	(1) The total number of votes each ranking that each candidate
7	received for each office. and
8	(2) The total number of votes cast on each public question.
9	The number of each ranking that each candidate received and the
10	votes that each candidate and public question received shall be written
11	in words and numbers. The board shall also prepare a memorandum of
12	the total vote east for each candidate and ensure that each member of
13	the board receives a copy of the memorandum.
14	SECTION 63. IC 3-12-2-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.128-2015,
15	SECTION 209, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
16	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies
17	to the counting of federal write-in absentee ballots described in
18	IC 3-11-4-12.5.
19	(b) If a voter writes an abbreviation, misspelling, or other minor
20	variation instead of the correct name of a candidate or political party,
21	that vote shall be counted if the intent of the voter can be determined.
22	(c) If a voter casts gives a ballot ranking under this section for
23	President or Vice President of the United States and writes in and
24	ranks the name of a candidate or political party that has not:
25	(1) certified a list of electors under IC 3-10-4-5; or
26	(2) included a list of electors on the declaration for candidacy
27	filed by a write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5;
28	the vote ranking for President or Vice President is void. The remaining
29	rankings and votes on the ballot may be counted.
30	(d) As required by 52 U.S.C. 20303(b), and except as provided in
31	this section, an absentee ballot subject to this section shall be submitted
32	and processed in the same manner provided by this title for a regular
33	absentee ballot.
34	(e) IC 3-12-1-7 applies to a ballot subject to this section.
35	(f) As required by 52 U.S.C. 20303(b), a ballot subject to this
36	section may not be <del>counted</del> tabulated if:
37	(1) the ballot was submitted:
38	(A) by an overseas voter who is not an absent uniformed
39	services voter; and
40	(B) from within the United States;
41	(2) the overseas voter's application for a regular absentee ballot
42	was received by the county election board after the applicable



1	absentee ballot application deadline set forth in IC 3-11-4-3;
2	(3) the voter's completed regular state absentee ballot was
3	received by the county election board by the deadline for
4	receiving absentee ballots under IC 3-11-10-11; or
5	(4) the ballot subject to this section was not received by the
6	county election board by the deadline for receiving absentee
7	ballots under IC 3-11-10-11.
8	(g) If a federal write-in absentee ballot is received by the county
9	election board in an envelope that does not indicate that the envelope
10	contains the ballot, and the envelope is opened by the county election
11	board, the absentee ballot shall nevertheless be counted tabulated if
12	otherwise valid. The county election board shall:
13	(1) immediately seal the absentee ballot and the envelope in
14	which the ballot was received in a carrier envelope indicating that
15	a voted absentee ballot is enclosed; and
16	(2) document the date the absentee ballot was sealed within the
17	carrier envelope, attested to by the signature of each member of
18	the county election board.
19	SECTION 64. IC 3-12-2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. As soon as the
21	ballots have been counted, tabulated, the inspector shall, in the
22	presence of the judges and poll clerks:
23	(1) place in a strong and stout paper envelope or bag:
24	(A) all ballots, voted and not voted, together with all protested,
25	disputed, and uncounted untabulated ballots;
26	(B) the seals of the ballot packages; and
27	(C) one (1) copy of each of the certificates, list of voters, and
28	tally papers;
29	(2) securely seal the envelope or bag;
30	(3) have both clerks initial the envelope or bag; and
31	(4) plainly mark on the outside of the envelope or bag, in ink, the
32	precinct where the ballots were cast.
33	SECTION 65. IC 3-12-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 9. The inspector
35	and the judge of the opposite political party shall deliver the envelope
36	or bag prepared under section 8 of this chapter to the circuit court clerk
37	immediately upon tabulation of the votes. ballots. The inspector shall
38	notify the clerk of the number of ballots placed in the envelope or bag
39	and the condition of the seals of the ballot packages.
40	SECTION 66. IC 3-12-2-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 15. Immediately

upon completion of the vote count, ballot tabulation, each precinct



42

election board shall make and sign a certificate for the news media showing the total number of votes each ranking received by each candidate and the number of votes on each public question in the precinct. The inspector and judge of the opposite political party shall deliver the certificate to the circuit court clerk at the same time that the certificates, lists of voters, and tally papers are delivered under section 7 of this chapter. The circuit court clerk immediately shall deliver the certificate made for the news media to any person designated to receive the certificate by the editors of the newspapers published in the county or by the managers of the radio and television stations operating in the county. The county election board shall furnish each precinct election board with the forms on which the certificates are to be prepared.

SECTION 67. IC 3-12-3-1.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1.2. This section applies to a precinct where votes have been cast on a ballot card system that is designed to allow the counting and tabulation of votes ballots by the precinct election board. Except as provided in section 14 of this chapter, if the polls for more than one (1) precinct are located in the same room, the inspector of a precinct using the room may not begin the vote counting ballot tabulation procedure until all the polls in the room are officially closed and no more persons are waiting in line to vote.

SECTION 68. IC 3-12-3-1.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1.5. (a) During the tabulation of the votes, **ballots**, any member of the precinct election board in a precinct where votes have been cast on a ballot card system that is designed to allow the counting and tabulation of votes **ballots** by the precinct election board may protest the counting **tabulation** of any ballot or any part of a ballot cast in that precinct.

- (b) During the tabulation of votes ballots at a central counting location under section 3 of this chapter:
  - (1) a member of the precinct election board in a precinct where votes were cast on a ballot card system; or
  - (2) a member of the county election board, if a member of the precinct election board is not present during the tabulation of the votes ballots of the precinct;

may protest the counting tabulation of any ballot or part of a ballot cast in that precinct.

(c) If a ballot or any part of a ballot is protested, the poll clerks in the precinct where votes have been cast or the member of the county election board, if the poll clerks are not present during the tabulation of votes ballots at a central counting location, immediately shall write



on the back of the protested ballot card the word "counted" "tabulated" or "not counted" tabulated" as appropriate. The clerks or county election board member then shall officially sign each protested ballot card.

SECTION 69. IC 3-12-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. (a) After the ballot cards have been counted tabulated under section 1 of this chapter, the precinct election board shall comply with this section.

- (b) This subsection applies if the votes have been cast on a ballot card voting system that is not designed to allow the counting and tabulation of votes ballots by the precinct election board. The inspector shall place all cards that have been cast in the container provided for that purpose and the container shall be sealed by the inspector in the presence of the precinct election board. The inspector and the judge of the opposite political party shall immediately deliver the container, together with the unused, uncounted, and defective cards and returns, to the central counting location or other designated place.
- (c) This subsection applies if the votes have been cast on a ballot card voting system that is designed to allow the counting and tabulation of votes ballots by the precinct election board. The precinct election board shall:
  - (1) process the ballot cards with the automatic tabulating machine provided to the precinct, if the vote ballot is not automatically registered by the ballot card voting system;
  - (2) take the vote as tabulated under subdivision (1) or as automatically registered by the ballot card voting system; and
  - (3) certify the totals and the ballot count as required under section 1 of this chapter on forms supplied to the precinct for that purpose.

Copies of the totals shall be delivered to each member of the precinct election board. One (1) copy of the vote totals shall be prepared and signed for the news media on the form furnished by the county election board.

SECTION 70. IC 3-12-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 75, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) If a ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating machines, then a remake team composed of one (1) person from each of the major political parties of the county shall have the card prepared for processing so as to record accurately the intention of the voter insofar as it can be ascertained.

(b) If the ballot card voting system is designed to allow the counting



and tabulation of votes **ballots** by the precinct election board, the members of the remake team must be members of the precinct election board in which the ballot was cast. If a county provides for the counting and tabulation of ballot card voting systems in a central location, the members of the remake team shall be appointed by the county election board.

- (c) If necessary, a true, duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot card in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged card. Similarly, a duplicate ballot card shall be made of a defective card, not including the uncounted votes.
- (d) This subsection applies to an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter permitted to transmit an absentee ballot by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6. To facilitate the transmittal and return of the voter's absentee ballot by fax or electronic mail, the county election board may provide the voter with a paper ballot rather than a ballot card. The paper ballot must conform with the requirements for paper ballots set forth in IC 3-10 and IC 3-11. After the voter returns the ballot by fax or electronic mail, a remake team appointed by the county election board under this section shall prepare a ballot card for processing that accurately records the intention of the voter as indicated on the paper ballot. The ballot card created under this subsection must be marked and counted as a duplicate ballot under sections 6 through 7 of this chapter.
- (e) If an automatic tabulating machine fails during the counting and tabulation of votes following the close of the polls, the county election board shall immediately arrange for the repair and proper functioning of the system. The county election board may, by unanimous vote of its entire membership, authorize the counting and tabulation of votes for this election on an automatic tabulating machine approved for use in Indiana by the commission:
  - (1) until the repair and retesting of the malfunctioning machine; and
- (2) whether or not the machine was tested under IC 3-11-13-22. SECTION 71. IC 3-12-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7. Each duplicate ballot card shall be counted tabulated instead of the damaged or defective card.

SECTION 72. IC 3-12-3-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. If either a test of automatic tabulating machines required by IC 3-11-13-22 and IC 3-11-13-26 is not conducted for a particular office or public question, the votes rankings for that office or the votes for that



1	question shall be counted tabulated manually. If for any reason it
2	becomes impracticable to count tabulate all or some of the ballot cards
3	with automatic tabulating machines:
4	(1) the precinct election board in which the machine is located, if
5	the ballot card voting system is designed to allow the counting
6	and tabulation of votes by the precinct election board; or
7	(2) the county election board, if the ballot card voting system is
8	not designed to allow the <del>counting and</del> tabulation of votes by the
9	precinct election board;
10	may direct that they be counted manually.
11	SECTION 73. IC 3-12-3-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 9. If ballot cards
13	are counted tabulated manually, the tabulation of votes ballots must
14	comply with the standards prescribed by IC 3-11-7.
15	SECTION 74. IC 3-12-3-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) After the
17	voting totals ballots have been taken tabulated and certified by a
18	precinct election board under section 2(c) of this chapter, the inspector
19	shall:
20	(1) seal each automatic tabulating machine used in the precinct;
21	(2) place all ballot cards that have been <del>counted</del> <b>tabulated</b> in the
22	container provided for that purpose; and
23	(3) seal the container into which the ballot cards have been
24	placed;
25	in the presence of the precinct election board. The automatic tabulating
26	machine may not be moved from the polls after the polls are closed
27	until collected.
28	(b) The inspector and judge of the opposite political party shall
29	deliver:
30	(1) the certification of the vote totals tabulation and one (1) copy
31	of the certificate prepared under section 2(c) of this chapter for
32	the circuit court clerk;
33	(2) the certificate of the vote totals prepared under section 2(c) of
34	this chapter for the news media;
35	(3) the container in which ballot cards have been placed under
36	subsection (a); and
37	(4) the unused, uncounted, and defective ballot cards and returns:
38	to the circuit court clerk.
39	
40	(c) The inspector and judge of the opposite political party shall
40	deliver the certificates and the list of voters to the county election board by midnight on election day. However, if:
42	(1) a ballot card voting system failed;



1	(2) the failure of the system was reported as required by this title;
2	(3) paper ballots were used in place of the system; and
3	(4) the use of the paper ballots caused a substantial delay in the
4	vote counting process;
5	then the certificates, the list of voters, and the tally papers shall be
6	delivered as soon as possible.
7	(d) Upon delivery of the container to the circuit court clerk under
8	subsection (c), (b), the inspector shall take and subscribe an oath
9	before the clerk stating that the inspector:
10	(1) closed and sealed the container in the presence of the judges
11	and poll clerks;
12	(2) securely kept the ballot cards in the container;
13	(3) did not permit any person to open the container or to otherwise
14	touch or tamper with the ballot cards; and
15	(4) has no knowledge of any other person opening the container.
16	(e) Each oath taken under subsection (d) shall be filed in the circuit
17	court clerk's office with other election papers.
18	(f) Upon completion of the counting tabulation of the votes ballots
19	by a precinct election board under section 2(c) of this chapter or at a
20	central location, all ballot cards shall be arranged by precincts and kept
21	by the circuit court clerk for the period required by IC 3-10-1-31 or
22	IC 3-10-1-31.1. The clerk shall determine the final disposition of all
23 24	voted ballot cards.
24	SECTION 75. IC 3-12-3-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005,
25	SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 11. (a) The return printed by the automatic
27	tabulating machines along with and the return of votes by absentee and
28	provisional voters constitutes constitute the official return of each
29	precinct. Upon completion of the <del>count,</del> <b>tabulation,</b> the return is open
30	to the public.
31	(b) This subsection applies if the votes have been cast on a ballot
32	card voting system that is not designed to allow the counting and
33	tabulation of votes ballots by the precinct election board. The circuit
34	court clerk shall, upon request, furnish to the media in the area the
35	results of the tabulation.
36	(c) This subsection applies if the votes have been cast on a ballot
37	card voting system that is designed to allow the <del>counting</del> and tabulation
38	of votes ballots by the precinct election board. Upon receiving the
39	certificate for the media prepared under section 2(c) of this chapter, the
40	circuit court clerk shall deliver the certificate to any person designated
41	to receive the certificate by the editors of the newspapers published in
42	the county or by the managers of the radio and television stations



operating in the county.

(d) If a precinct election board administers more than one (1) precinct, the precinct election board or circuit court clerk shall keep the ballots cast in each precinct separate from ballots cast in any other precinct, so that the votes cast rankings given for each candidate and the votes cast on each public question in each of the precincts administered by the board may be determined.

SECTION 76. IC 3-12-3-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12. Votes by absentee voters may be cast on paper ballots or ballot cards, or both methods may be used. The ballots may be counted tabulated by an automatic tabulating machine or by special canvassing boards appointed by and under the direction of the county election board. A true copy of each paper absentee ballot may be made on a ballot card, which, after being verified in the presence of witnesses, shall be counted tabulated in the same manner as other ballot cards.

SECTION 77. IC 3-12-3-12.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12.5. To minimize the delay in the counting tabulation of the vote, ballots, the count tabulation must begin immediately upon delivery of the cards to the central counting location under section 2(b) of this chapter or upon the closing of the polls under section 2(c) of this chapter. The tabulation must continue without interruption until all votes are canvassed and all certificates of the vote totals required under section 10(b) of this chapter or totals required under section 11(b) of this chapter are completed and delivered to the persons entitled to receive the certificates or totals.

SECTION 78. IC 3-12-3-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13. In case of a recount, all ballot cards shall be recounted retabulated in the manner prescribed by this chapter unless:

- (1) the court ordering the recount retabulation or the state recount commission directs that they be counted tabulated manually; or
- (2) a request for a manual recount retabulation is made under IC 3-12-6 or IC 3-12-11.

SECTION 79. IC 3-12-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 14. (a) The precinct election board may count tabulate absentee ballots before the polls have closed.

(b) If the precinct election board <del>counts</del> **tabulates** absentee ballots under this section, a member of the precinct election board may not,



before the polls have closed, provide any person other than a member of the precinct election board with information concerning the: number of votes:

- (1) **rankings** a candidate received for an office; or
- (2) **votes** cast to approve or reject a public question; on absentee ballots <del>counted</del> **tabulated** under this section.

SECTION 80. IC 3-12-3.5-1.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1.5. Except as provided in section 7 of this chapter, if the polls for more than one (1) precinct are located in the same room, the inspector of a precinct using the room may not begin the vote counting ballot tabulation procedure until all the polls in the room are officially closed and no more persons are waiting in line to vote.

SECTION 81. IC 3-12-3.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 102, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. After each electronic voting system has been secured and the paper vote total printouts obtained, the inspector shall announce in a distinct tone of voice that the printouts are available for inspection by the members of the precinct election board and any watchers present within the polls. The members and watchers are entitled to inspect and copy the printouts to document the: votes east for:

- (1) rankings given each candidate on each system; and
- (2) **votes cast for** each public question on each system.

SECTION 82. IC 3-12-3.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005, SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. (a) When paper vote total printouts have been obtained, the precinct election board shall prepare certificates stating the **total** number of: votes

- (1) each ranking that each candidate received for each office; and
- (2) the votes on each public question; by attaching the paper vote total printouts to certificate forms supplied by the county election board.
- (b) Each member of the board shall be given a copy of the certificate.
- (c) If a precinct election board administers more than one (1) precinct, the board shall keep the ballots cast in each precinct separate from ballots cast in any other precinct, so that the: votes east for
  - (1) rankings given each candidate; and
- (2) votes cast on each public question; in each of the precincts administered by the board may be determined.



SECTION 83. IC 3-12-3.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 4. The inspector and judge of the opposite political party shall deliver the certificates prepared under section 3 of this chapter and the list of voters to the county election board by not later than midnight on after the election. day. However, if:

(1) an electronic voting system failed;

1 2

- (2) the failure of the system was reported as required by this title;
- (3) paper ballots were used in place of the system; and
- (4) the use of the paper ballots caused a substantial delay in the vote counting tabulation process;

then the certificates, the list of voters, and the tally papers shall be delivered as soon as possible.

SECTION 84. IC 3-12-3.5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. Immediately upon completion of the vote count, tabulation, each precinct election board shall make and sign a certificate for the news media showing the total number of votes received by rankings given each candidate in the precinct. The inspector and judge of the opposite political party shall deliver the certificate to the circuit court clerk at the same time that the certificates, the list of voters, and the tally papers are delivered under section 4 of this chapter. The circuit court clerk immediately shall deliver the certificate made for the news media to any person designated to receive the certificate by the editors of the newspapers published in the county or by the managers of the radio and television stations operating in the county. The county election board shall furnish each precinct election board with the forms on which the certificates are to be prepared.

SECTION 85. IC 3-12-3.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6. To minimize the delay in the counting tabulation of the vote, ballots, canvassing must begin immediately upon the closing of the polls and continue without interruption until all the votes ballots are canvassed and all certificates of the vote required under section 3 of this chapter are completed and delivered to the persons entitled to receive the certificates.

SECTION 86. IC 3-12-3.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7. (a) The precinct election board may count tabulate absentee ballots before the polls have closed.

(b) If the precinct election board <del>counts</del> tabulates absentee ballots under this section, a member of the precinct election board may not,



before the polls have closed, provide any person other than a member of the precinct election board with information concerning the: number of votes:

- (1) rankings a candidate received for an office; or
- (2) **number of votes** cast to approve or reject a public question; on absentee ballots counted under this section.

SECTION 87. IC 3-12-3.5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.169-2015, SECTION 148, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. (a) After each electronic voting system has been secured and the paper vote total printouts obtained, the inspector shall announce the total number of votes ballots cast on all electronic voting systems located within the precinct, including any absentee ballots cast, to determine if the total number of votes ballots cast on the electronic voting systems differs from the number of voters shown to have received a ballot at the polls or returned an absentee ballot, according to the poll lists.

- (b) If the number of ballots received at the polls and returned as absentee ballots differs from the total number of voters shown on the poll lists, the inspector and judge of the opposite party shall report this fact in writing to the county election board together with the reasons for the discrepancy, if known, at the time that the inspector and judge return the precinct poll list to the board.
  - (c) If:

1 2

- (1) the total number of votes **ballots** cast, as determined under subsection (a); and
- (2) the number of voters who received a ballot at the polls or returned an absentee ballot according to the poll lists;

differs differ by five (5) or more, then the county election board shall order an audit of the votes ballots cast in that precinct under this section. Before ordering an audit, the county election board shall recheck the computations reported by the inspector and judge under subsection (b).

- (d) The county election board shall confirm that the votes ballots cast in an election:
  - (1) for each candidate and each public question; and
- (2) on a direct record electronic voting system in the precinct; were correctly counted. tabulated.
- (e) The county election board shall conduct an audit by means of tests and procedures that are approved by the commission and independent of the provider of the direct record electronic voting system being audited.
  - (f) The county election board shall certify the results of the audit not



later than noon thirteen (13) days after the election. The certification must be on the form prescribed by the election division. One (1) copy shall be filed with the election returns, and one (1) copy must be delivered to the election division.

(g) Public notice of the time and place of an audit shall be given at least forty-eight (48) hours before the audit. The notice shall be published once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4. However, if publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 will not allow the county election board to certify the results of the audit within thirteen (13) days after the election, notice shall be given by posting at or near the office of the county election board.

SECTION 88. IC 3-12-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 1. The members of each county election board shall canvass the votes ballots cast in the county.

SECTION 89. IC 3-12-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 4. (a) Each county election board may employ clerical assistants if necessary for the proper canvassing and tabulating of the vote. However, except as provided in subsection (d), not more than one-half (1/2) of the assistants employed by the board may be members of the same political party.

- (b) The county election board shall appoint the number of two (2) member write-in teams that are necessary to examine and count tabulate write-in votes cast on ballot card voting systems on election night. The county chairmen of the two (2) major political parties of a county shall each designate one (1) member of each write-in team. The write-in teams are considered employees of the county canvassing board and must meet the qualifications of canvassing board employees.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), a county election board may not employ a person to assist with canvassing unless the person would be eligible to serve as a precinct election officer under IC 3-6-6-7.
- (d) The county election board may, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, employ a student to assist the board under this section if the student is:
  - (1) enrolled at a postsecondary educational institution (including a community college); and
  - (2) a registered voter of the county.

A student appointed under this subsection must serve the board in a nonpartisan manner.

SECTION 90. IC 3-12-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) The
2	statement prepared under section 9 of this chapter must contain the
3	following:
4	(1) The name of each candidate.
5	(2) The elected offices.
6	(3) The total number of votes received by following for each
7	candidate:
8	(A) The total of each ranking.
9	(B) The total number of votes received by each candidate
0	as determined under IC 3-12-0.5.
1	(4) The following for each precinct:
2	(A) The following for each candidate:
3	(i) The total of each ranking.
4	(ii) The total number of votes received by each candidate
5	and as determined under IC 3-12-0.5.
6	(B) The total number of votes cast for and against each
7	public question. in each precinct; and
8	(5) The total number of votes ballots cast at the election.
9	(b) Notwithstanding IC 33-37-5-1, upon request by a candidate, the
20	circuit court clerk shall prepare a copy of the statement for the
21	candidate at a fee not to exceed twenty-five cents (\$0.25) per page.
.2	SECTION 91. IC 3-12-4-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22 23 24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13. After the
	county election board has tabulated the vote: ballots:
2.5	(1) the canvass sheets used by the board; and
26	(2) the certificates, poll lists, and tally papers returned by each
27	inspector in the county;
28	shall be delivered to the circuit court clerk. The clerk shall file and
.9	preserve all the material in the clerk's office as provided in
0	IC 3-10-1-31 or IC 3-10-1-31.1.
1	SECTION 92. IC 3-12-4-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 16. If there is a
3	disagreement between the members of a county election board as to
4	how the vote ballots of a precinct should be counted, tabulated, the
5	board shall:
6	(1) immediately report the matter in dispute to the judge of the
7	circuit court; and
8	(2) provide the judge with a written brief stating the grounds of
9	the disagreement and all papers concerning the matter.
-0	SECTION 93. IC 3-12-4-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
-1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 17. The judge of
-2	the circuit court shall summarily determine a dispute presented under



section 16 of this chapter and direct the county election board how to count tabulate the vote. ballots. The judge's determination is final with respect to the action of the board.

SECTION 94. IC 3-12-4-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013, SECTION 76, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 18. If electronic voting systems are used in a precinct, the county election board may, upon the adoption of an order by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, inspect the registering counter or other recording device on any electronic voting system showing the number of votes cast rankings given for any candidate or the number of votes cast for a public question. The board may conduct an inspection, after filing notice of the order authorizing the inspection with the secretary of state, either before the board proceeds to count and tabulate the vote ballots or within one (1) day after the count and tabulation are is finished.

SECTION 95. IC 3-12-4-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 107, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 20. When making an inspection under section 18 of this chapter, a county election board shall compare the number of votes registered on the counter or other recording device on the electronic voting systems with the returns made by the precinct election board of the precinct in which the electronic voting system was used.

SECTION 96. IC 3-12-4-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 108, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 21. If there is a discrepancy between the number of votes registered on an electronic voting system and the returns made by the precinct election board, the county election board shall correct the returns made by the precinct election board so that the returns conform to the vote number registered on the electronic voting system. The corrected returns shall be considered the true and correct returns of the number of votes cast rankings given for each candidate or the number of votes cast on each public question in the precinct.

SECTION 97. IC 3-12-4-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 109, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 22. If a nomination or election is contested or a recount is conducted, the returns of each precinct election board, as corrected by the county election board under section 21 of this chapter, constitute prima facie evidence of the vote east rankings given for each candidate and the votes cast on each public question to the same extent as the tabulation and return of the vote in



1	a precinct where electronic voting systems are not used.
2	SECTION 98. IC 3-12-4-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 23. The county
4	election board shall have tally papers printed for use in tabulating the
5	vote ballots at each election held under its jurisdiction. The tally
6	papers must:
7	(1) contain the name of each office and candidate to be voted for
8	at an election;
9	(2) provide for tallying the votes on each public question
10	submitted to the voters; and
11 12	(3) list political parties and candidates in the same order on the
13	tally sheet as listed on the ballot printed by the county election board under IC 3-11-2-6.
13	
15	SECTION 99. IC 3-12-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. (a) Whenever
16	a candidate is elected:
17	(1) to a local or school board office other than:
18	(A) one for which a town clerk-treasurer issues a certificate of
19	election under IC 3-10-7-34; or
20	(B) one commissioned by the governor under IC 4-3-1-5; or
21	(2) a precinct committeeman or state convention delegate;
22	the circuit court clerk shall, when permitted under section 16 of this
23	chapter, prepare and deliver to the candidate on demand a certificate
24	of the candidate's election.
25	(b) This subsection applies to a local or school board office
26	described in subsection (a) with an election district located in more
27	than one (1) county and a local public question placed on the ballot in
28	more than one (1) county. The circuit court clerk of the county tha
29	contains the greatest percentage of the population of the election
30	district shall, upon demand of the candidate or a person entitled to
31	request a recount of the votes cast on a public question under
32	IC 3-12-12, do the following:
33	(1) Obtain the certified statement of:
34	(A) the <del>votes</del> cast rankings given to each candidate for that
35	office; or
36	(B) the votes cast on that question;
37	that was prepared under IC 3-12-4-9 from the circuit court clerk
38	in each other county in which the election district is located.
39	(2) Tabulate:
40	(A) the total votes east of each ranking given to each
41	candidate for that office and determine which candidate has
42	been elected to that office under IC 3-12-0.5; or



1	(B) the total votes cast on that question;
2	as shown on the certified statement of each county in the election
3	district. <del>and</del>
4	(3) Issue a certificate:
5	(A) of election to the candidate when permitted under section
6	16 of this chapter; or a certificate
7	(B) declaring the local public question approved or rejected
8	SECTION 100. IC 3-12-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005
9	SECTION 111, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
0	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) Not later than noon or
1	the second Monday following an election for governor and lieutenan
2	governor, each circuit court clerk shall prepare a certified statemen
3	under the clerk's seal showing the number total of votes each ranking
4	that each candidate received in the county. The clerk shall transmi
5	the statement to the election division.
6	(b) From the statements delivered under subsection (a), the
7	election division shall do the following:
8	(1) Determine the number of votes each candidate received in
9	the state, as provided under IC 3-12-0.5.
0.	(2) Prepare a certified statement of the determination made
1	under subdivision (1).
22	(c) The election division shall deliver:
22 23 24	(1) the statement prepared under subsection (b) and the
.4	statements prepared under subsection (a) to the speaker of the
25	house of representatives before the date described in subsection
26	<del>(b);</del> <b>(d);</b> and
27	(2) a copy of each statement to the office.
28	(b) (d) The house of representatives and the senate shall meet in
.9	joint convention not later than the date specified in Article 5, Section
0	9 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana for the commencement of
1	the term of the governor and the lieutenant governor to hear the
2	canvass of votes cast for governor and lieutenant governor.
3	(e) The joint convention shall act to resolve any:
4	(1) tie vote, as required under Article 5, Section 5 of the
5	Constitution of the State of Indiana; or
6	(2) contest under Article 5, Section 6 of the Constitution of the
7	State of Indiana.
8	(d) (f) The joint rules that governed the house of representatives and
9	senate before the general election govern the joint convention unti
-0	those rules are amended as provided in those rules.
-1	(e) (g) After resolving any tie or contest, the presiding officer of the
.2	ioint convention shall certify to the convention that the individual



receiving the most votes according to the canvass **and as provided in IC 3-12-0.5** have been elected governor and lieutenant governor.

SECTION 101. IC 3-12-5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 112, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6. (a) Not later than noon on the second Monday following an election, each circuit court clerk shall prepare a certified statement under the clerk's seal of the number total of votes each ranking received by each candidate for:

- (1) federal office;
- (2) state office;

- (3) legislative office; and
- (4) a local office for which a declaration of candidacy must be filed with the election division under IC 3-8-2.
- (b) The clerk shall send the statements by certified mail, return receipt requested, or hand deliver the statements to the election division.
- (c) The election division shall provide a copy of each statement to the office.

SECTION 102. IC 3-12-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7. Upon receipt of the certified statements from the circuit court clerks under section 6 of this chapter and not later than noon of the last Tuesday in November, the election division shall tabulate the number of votes **as provided in IC 3-12-0.5** cast for each candidate for:

- (1) presidential electors;
- (2) a state office other than governor and lieutenant governor; and
- (3) a local office for which a declaration of candidacy must be filed with the election division under IC 3-8-2.

Immediately following the election division's tabulation, the secretary of state shall certify to the governor the candidate receiving the highest number of votes for each office.

SECTION 103. IC 3-12-5-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 8. (a) If, not later than the final date and hour for filing a recount or contest petition under IC 3-12, this article, a circuit court clerk files a correction with the election division that amends a certified statement under section 6 of this chapter and the amendment results in a different candidate receiving the highest number of votes for an office, the election division shall immediately notify the governor and the office of the amendment.

(b) If no errors are found by the final date and hour for filing a recount or contest under  $\frac{1}{1}$  this article and not later than noon on



	36
1	the first Tuesday in December following the election, the governor
2	shall prepare the candidate's commission for each candidate certified
3	under section 7 of this chapter.
4	(c) Immediately upon preparing the commissions under subsection
5	(b), the governor shall deliver the commissions to the election division.
6	Not later than the second Tuesday in December, the election division
7	shall transmit the commission to each candidate at the address set forth
8	in the declaration of candidacy filed with the division, or to any more
9	recent address furnished to the division by the candidate.
10	SECTION 104. IC 3-12-5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 9. (a) Upon
12	receipt of the certified statements from the circuit court clerks under

receipt of the certified statements from the circuit court clerks under section 6 of this chapter, the election division shall do the following:

- (1) Tabulate the number of votes cast for each candidate for United States Senator and United States Representative and as provided in IC 3-12-0.5.
- (2) Prepare a certificate of election for the secretary of state to transmit to:
  - (A) the governor for signature and certification to the secretary of the United States Senate, setting forth the name of the candidate receiving the highest number of votes for the office of United States Senator, in the manner required by 2 U.S.C. 1: and
  - (B) the clerk of the United States House of Representatives, setting forth the name of each candidate receiving the highest number of votes for United States Representative, in the manner required by 2 U.S.C. 26.
- (b) The secretary of state shall promptly execute the certificate prepared under subsection (a)(2)(A) and transmit the certificate to the governor. The governor shall promptly execute the certificate and transmit the certificate to the election division for attestation by the secretary of state and transmission to the secretary of the United States Senate.
- (c) The secretary of state shall promptly execute the certificate prepared under subsection (a)(2)(B) and transmit the certificate to the clerk of the United States House of Representatives.

SECTION 105. IC 3-12-5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 113, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 11. (a) As soon as practical, but no later than noon on the second Monday following an election for a legislative office, each circuit court clerk shall do the following:

(1) Prepare a certified statement under the clerk's seal specifying



13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

1	the number total of votes each ranking received in the county by
2	each candidate for legislative office. and
3	(2) Send the statement by certified mail, return receipt requested,
4	or hand deliver the statement to the election division.
5	(b) The election division shall provide a copy of each statement to
6	the office.
7	SECTION 106. IC 3-12-5-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12. (a) Upon
9	receipt of the certified statements under section 11 of this chapter, the
10	election division shall do the following:
11	(1) immediately total all certified statements Tabulate the
12	number of votes cast for each candidate for a legislative office
13	as provided in IC 3-12-0.5 from each senate and house district.
14	<del>and</del>
15	(2) Promptly prepare and transmit to the candidate receiving the
16	highest number of votes for each legislative office a certificate of
17	the candidate's election.
18	(b) The secretary of state shall sign the certificates prepared by the
19	election division under subsection (a). However, if two (2) or more
20	candidates receive the highest and an equal number of votes according
21	to the tabulation prepared by the election division, the secretary of state
22	shall immediately certify the tie vote to the governor.
23	SECTION 107. IC 3-12-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. Each petition
25	filed under section 2 of this chapter must state the following:
26	(1) The office for which the petitioner desires a recount.
27	(2) The precincts within the county in which the petitioner desires
28	a recount.
29	(3) That the petitioner is entitled to a recount under section 1 of
30	this chapter.
31	(4) That the nomination or office was voted upon in the precincts
32	specified.
33	(5) The name of each candidate for the nomination or office as set
34	forth on the ballot for the election and the address of each
35	candidate for nomination or election to the office as set forth in
36	the records of the county election board or election division.
37	(6) That the petitioner in good faith believes that the votes cast for
38	nomination or election to the office at the election in the precincts
39	were not correctly tabulated, counted, and returned.
40	(7) That the petitioner desires a recount of all of the votes cast for
41	nomination or election to the office in the precincts specified.
42	SECTION 108. IC 3-12-6-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6. Each
2	cross-petition filed under section 4 of this chapter must state the
3	following:
4	(1) The office for which the cross-petitioner desires a recount.
5	(2) The precincts within the county in which the cross-petitioner
6	desires a recount.
7	(3) That the cross-petitioner was a candidate at the election for
8	nomination or election to the office and that the nomination of
9	office was voted upon in the precincts specified.
10	(4) The name and address of the cross-petitioner's opposing
11	candidate or candidates.
12	(5) That the cross-petitioner in good faith believes that the votes
13	cast for nomination or election to the office at the election in the
14	precincts were not correctly tabulated, counted, and returned.
15	(6) That the cross-petitioner desires a recount of all of the votes
16	cast for nomination or election to the office in the precincts
17	specified.
18	SECTION 109. IC 3-12-6-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 22. (a) When a
20	recount is completed by a commission appointed under this chapter, the
21	commission shall do the following:
22	(1) Make and sign a certificate showing the total number of votes
23	each ranking received in the precincts by each candidate for
24	nomination or election to the office.
25	(2) State in its certificate the candidate who received the highes
26	number of votes in the precincts for nomination or election to the
27	office as determined under IC 3-12-0.5 and by what plurality
28	<del>and</del>
29	(3) File its certificate with the circuit court clerk.
30	(b) The circuit court clerk shall:
31	(1) enter the certificate in the order book of the court;
32	(2) file a copy of the certificate in the minutes of the county
33	election board; and
34	(3) if the recount concerned an office for which a declaration of
35	candidacy must be filed with the election division under IC 3-8-2
36	file a copy of the certificate with the election division not later
37	than seven (7) days after the date the recount commission filed
38	the certificate with the clerk of the circuit court.
39	(c) If a certificate is filed with the election division under subsection
40	(b), the election division shall provide a copy of the certificate to the
41	office.
42	SECTION 110 IC 3-12-6-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 27. If a recount is made under this chapter for nomination or election to an office for which votes were cast in more than one (1) county, each circuit court clerk where the recount was made shall determine whether the votes rankings in the precincts shown by the recount certificate differ from the votes rankings that were tabulated by the county election board. If a circuit court clerk finds that there is a difference between the votes rankings shown by the recount certificate and the votes rankings tabulated by the county election board, the clerk shall prepare a certificate showing the total vote of each ranking in the county for each candidate for nomination or election to the office as corrected in accordance with the recount certificate.

SECTION 111. IC 3-12-6-28 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 28. (a) A circuit court clerk shall immediately transmit a certificate prepared under section 27 of this chapter showing the votes cast rankings given for nomination or election to an office to the election division if the recount concerned an office for which a declaration of candidacy must be filed with the election division under IC 3-8-2.

(b) The election division shall provide a copy of a certificate transmitted to the election division under this section to the office.

SECTION 112. IC 3-12-6-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 29. Upon receipt of a circuit court clerk's certificate under section 28 of this chapter, the election division shall tabulate the vote rankings from the county for the office in accordance with the certificate. If the election division previously included in a tabulation the votes cast for the office as returned by the county election board, the election division shall correct the tabulation in accordance with the certificate.

SECTION 113. IC 3-12-11-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 123, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. (a) Each petition for a recount filed under section 2 of this chapter must state the following:

- (1) The office for which the petitioner desires a recount.
- (2) The precincts in which the petitioner desires a recount.
- (3) That the individual is entitled to a recount under this chapter and that the nomination or election to office at issue was voted upon in the precincts specified.
- (4) The name of the candidates as set forth on the ballot for the election and address of the candidates as set forth in the records of the election division.
- (5) That the petitioner in good faith believes that the votes cast for



1	nomination or election to the office at the election in the precincts
2	were not correctly tabulated, counted, and returned.
3	(6) That the petitioner desires a recount of all of the votes cast for
4	nomination or election to the office in the precincts specified.
5	(b) Each petition for a contest filed under section 2 of this chapter
6	must state the following:
7	(1) The nomination or election to office that the petitioner
8	contests.
9	(2) That the individual is entitled to contest an election or a
10	nomination to office under this chapter.
11	(3) The name of the candidates as set forth on the ballot for the
12	election and address of each of the candidates as set forth in the
13	records of the election division.
14	(4) That the petitioner in good faith believes that one (1) or more
15	of the following occurred:
16	(A) The person declared nominated or elected does not comply
17	with a specific constitutional or statutory requirement set forth
18	in the petition that is applicable to a candidate for the office.
19	(B) A mistake was made in the printing or distribution of
20	ballots used in the election that makes it impossible to
21	determine which candidate received the highest number of
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	votes cast in the election.
23	(C) A mistake occurred in the programming of an electronic
24	voting system, making it impossible to determine the
25	candidate who received the highest number of votes.
26	(D) An electronic voting system malfunctioned, making it
	impossible to determine the candidate who received the
28	highest number of votes.
29	(E) A deliberate act or series of actions occurred making it
30	impossible to determine the candidate who received the
31	highest number of votes cast in the election.
32	(c) A petition stating that the petitioner believes that a mistake
33	described in subsection $(b)(4)(B)$ , $(b)(4)(C)$ , or $(b)(4)(D)$ has occurred
34	must identify each precinct in which:
35	(1) ballots:
36	(A) containing the printing mistake; or
37	(B) distributed by mistake;
38	were cast;
39	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of an electronic voting
40	system; or
41	(3) an electronic voting system malfunctioned.
42	(d) A petition stating that the petitioner believes that an act or series



1	of actions described in subsection (b)(4)(E) occurred must identify
2	each precinct or other location in which the act or series of actions
3	occurred to the extent known to the petitioner.
4	SECTION 114. IC 3-12-11-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6. Each
6	cross-petition filed under section 4 of this chapter must state the
7	following:
8	(1) The office for which the cross-petitioner desires a recount.
9	(2) The precincts in which the cross-petitioner desires a recount.
10	(3) That the cross-petitioner was a candidate at the election for
11	nomination or election to the office and that the nomination or
12	election to office was voted upon in the precincts specified.
13	(4) The name and address of the cross-petitioner's opposing
14	candidate or candidates.
15	(5) That the cross-petitioner in good faith believes that the votes
16	cast for nomination or election to the office at the election in the
17	precincts were not correctly tabulated, counted, and returned.
18	(6) That the cross-petitioner desires a recount of all of the votes
19	cast for nomination or election to the office in the precincts
20	specified.
21	SECTION 115. IC 3-12-11-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,
22	SECTION 130, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 18. (a) When a recount is
24	completed by the state recount commission or its designee, the
25	commission shall do the following:
26	(1) Make and sign a certificate showing the total number of votes
27	each ranking received in the precincts by each candidate for
28	nomination or election to the office.
29	(2) State in its certificate the candidate who received the highest
30	number of votes in the precincts for nomination or election to the
31	office as determined under IC 3-12-0.5, and by what plurality.
32	<del>and</del>
33	(3) File its certificate with the election division.
34	(b) When a contest proceeding in which a candidate is alleged to be
35	ineligible is completed by the state recount commission or its designee,
36	the commission shall make a final determination concerning the
37	eligibility of the candidate for nomination or election to the office.
38	(c) If the state recount commission or its designee determines that:
39	(1) a mistake was made in the printing or distribution of ballots
40	used in the election;

(2) a mistake was made in the programming of an electronic



41 42

voting system;

1	(3) an electronic voting system malfunctioned; or
2	(4) a deliberate act or series of actions occurred;
3	that makes it impossible to determine which candidate received the
4	highest number of votes cast, the commission shall order that a special
5	election be conducted under IC 3-10-8.
6	(d) The special election ordered under subsection (c) shall be held
7	in the precincts identified in the petition in which the commission
8	determines that:
9	(1) ballots containing the printing mistake or distributed by
10	mistake were cast;
11	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of an electronic voting
12	system;
13	(3) an electronic voting system malfunctioned; or
14	(4) a deliberate act or series of actions occurred.
15	SECTION 116. IC 3-12-11-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 19. Except in
17	recount proceedings for an election to the offices of governor and
18	lieutenant governor and legislative offices, a recount certificate made
19	under section 18 of this chapter supersedes all previous returns made
20	in any form of the recounted votes. A certified copy of a recount
21	certificate constitutes prima facie evidence of the votes cast rankings
22	given for nomination or election to the office in the precincts in any
23	proceeding in which there is an issue as to the votes cast at the election
24	for the nomination or election to office.
25	SECTION 117. IC 3-12-11-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 23. (a) If a
27	recount is made:
28	(1) in a presidential primary election;
29	(2) for nomination to a federal, state, or legislative office in a
30	primary election;
31	(3) in an election to a federal office; or
32	(4) in an election to a state office other than governor and
33	lieutenant governor;
34	the election division shall determine whether the votes rankings in the
35	precincts shown by the recount certificate differ from the votes
36	rankings that were tabulated by any county election board. If the
37	election division previously included in a tabulation the votes rankings
38	cast for the office as returned by the county election board, the election
39	division shall correct the tabulation in accordance with the certificate.
40	(b) The election division shall provide a copy of the corrected
41	tabulation for each precinct to the office.
42	SECTION 118. IC 3-14-4-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,



1	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. A person who knowingly violates: (a) As
3	used in this section, "applicable statute" refers to any of the
4	following:
5	(1) IC 3-11.5-5.
6	(2) IC 3-11.5-6.
7	(3) IC 3-12-2-1.
8	(4) IC 3-12-3-14. <del>or</del>
9	(5) IC 3-12-3.5-7.
10	(b) A person who knowingly violates an applicable statute by
11	providing any other person with information concerning:
12	(1) the:
13	(A) rankings; or
14	<b>(B)</b> number of votes;
15	a candidate received for an office; or
16	(2) the number of votes cast to approve or reject a public
17	question;
18	on absentee ballots counted under IC 3-11.5-5, IC 3-11.5-6, or IC 3-12
19	before the closing of the polls commits a Level 6 felony.

