## **SENATE BILL No. 281**

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 31-39; IC 35-38-9.

**Synopsis:** Expungement. Specifies that certain records relating to juvenile delinquency proceedings are accessible to a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of the officer's duties, and requires persons having custody of these records to take steps to ensure that these records are available to the law enforcement officer in a timely manner. Repeals a provision requiring a court to expunge certain records on the court's own motion. Prohibits the expungement of a crime of violence. Allows the expungement of official misconduct if: (1) the person seeking the expungement is not an elected official; and (2) the prosecuting attorney consents.

Effective: July 1, 2025.

# Baldwin

January 13, 2025, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections and Criminal Law.



### Introduced

#### First Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2025)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2024 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

### **SENATE BILL No. 281**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 31-39-2-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2025]: Sec. 5.5. The records of the juvenile court relating to a
4	delinquency proceeding are available without a court order to a
5	law enforcement officer acting within the scope of the officer's
6	duties. The juvenile court shall cooperate with a law enforcement
7	agency to ensure that these records are accessible from the mobile
8	terminal of a law enforcement officer, and are otherwise available
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-	terminal of a law enforcement officer, and are otherwise available
9	terminal of a law enforcement officer, and are otherwise available to a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of the officer's
9 10	terminal of a law enforcement officer, and are otherwise available to a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of the officer's duties in a timely manner.
9 10 11	terminal of a law enforcement officer, and are otherwise available to a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of the officer's duties in a timely manner. SECTION 2. IC 31-39-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

15 the scope of the officer's lawful duties.

(b) The law enforcement agency shall ensure that the records are accessible from the mobile terminal of a law enforcement



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1 officer, and are otherwise available to a law enforcement officer 2 acting within the scope of the officer's duties in a timely manner. 3 SECTION 3. IC 31-39-8-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.86-2017, 4 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 5 JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) Any person may petition a juvenile court at 6 any time to remove from: 7 (1) the court's files; 8 (2) the files of law enforcement agencies; and 9 (3) the files of any other person who has provided services to a 10 child under a court order; 11 those records pertaining to the person's involvement in juvenile court 12 proceedings that are not delinquency proceedings. (b) Any person may petition a juvenile court at any time to seal 13 14 records relating to a delinquency proceeding that are maintained 15 in: 16 (1) the court's files; and 17 (2) the files of law enforcement agencies. 18 Sealed records under this subsection shall be made available to a 19 law enforcement officer acting within the scope of the officer's 20 duties, but may not be made available to the public without a court 21 order. 22 (b) Under this section (c) Electronic records not relating to a 23 delinquency proceeding shall be removed to a secure data base to 24 which the public or another person not having legal or statutory 25 authority to access the records is not granted access to the data base. 26 SECTION 4. IC 31-39-8-3.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 27 1, 2025]. Sec. 3.5. (a) This section does not apply to the records of a 28 child adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that would 29 be: 30 (1) a felony if committed by an adult; 31 (2) a violation of IC 35-47-2; or 32 (3) a violation of IC 35-47-10. 33 (b) This section applies to the records of a child adjudicated a 34 delinquent child after June 30, 2021. 35 (c) When a child reaches nineteen (19) years of age, or one (1) year 36 after the date on which the juvenile court discharges the child under 37 IC 31-37-20-7, whichever is later, the court shall, on its own motion 38 and without holding a hearing, order expungement of the records 39 relating to the child's delinquency adjudication that are not excluded 40 under subsection (a) within sixty (60) days, unless the court finds, 41 based on the nature of the delinquent act and the needs of the child, 42 that automatic expungement under this section would not serve the



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1 interests of justice.

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(d) The expungement provisions in this section supplement and are in addition to expungement provisions located elsewhere in this chapter. A person entitled to expungement of delinquency records under this section may also seek expungement under any other applicable section of this chapter.

7 SECTION 5. IC 31-39-8-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 8 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection 9 applies to an expungement petition that does not relate to a 10 delinquency proceeding. If the court grants the expungement petition, the court shall order each law enforcement agency and each person 11 12 who provided treatment for the child under an order of the court to send 13 that person's records to the court.

(b) This subsection applies to an expungement petition that 14 15 relates to a delinquency proceeding. If the court grants the expungement petition, the court shall order each person who 16 provided treatment for the child under an order of the court to 18 send that person's records to the court.

19 SECTION 6. IC 31-39-8-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2021, 20 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 21 JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 6. (a) This section does not apply to records 22 relating to a delinquency proceeding. Subject to subsections (b) and 23 (c), the records shall be destroyed upon a grant of an expungement 24 petition by the court. including an expungement order issued under 25 section 3.5 of this chapter.

(b) Data from the records in subsection (a) shall be maintained by 26 27 the court on a secure data base that does not enable identification of the 28 offender to the public or another person not having legal or statutory 29 authority to access the records.

(c) The records maintained in the data base under subsection (b) may be used only for statistical analysis, research, and financial auditing purposes.

SECTION 7. IC 31-39-8-6.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 6.5. (a) This section applies to records relating to a delinquency proceeding. Records relating to a delinquency proceeding shall be sealed upon a grant of an expungement petition by the court. Sealed records under this section shall be made available to a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of the officer's duties, but, except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), may not be made available to the public without a court order.

(b) The court may maintain data from the records in subsection



1 (a) on a secure data base, separate from the data base to which a 2 law enforcement officer and persons with a court order have 3 access, that does not enable identification of the offender to the 4 public or another person not having legal or statutory authority to 5 access the records. 6 (c) The records maintained in the data base under subsection (b) 7 may be used only for statistical analysis, research, and financial 8 auditing purposes. 9 SECTION 8. IC 31-39-8-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 10 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 11 1, 2025]: Sec. 8. A person having custody of sealed records relating 12 to a delinquency proceeding shall cooperate with a law 13 enforcement agency to ensure that these records are accessible 14 from the mobile terminal of a law enforcement officer, and are 15 otherwise available to a law enforcement officer acting within the 16 scope of the officer's duties in a timely manner. 17 SECTION 9. IC 35-38-9-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.55-2020, 18 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 19 JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and 20 section 8.5 of this chapter, this section applies only to a person 21 convicted of a misdemeanor, including a Class D felony (for a crime 22 committed before July 1, 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime 23 committed after June 30, 2014) reduced to a misdemeanor. (b) This section does not apply to the following: 24 25 (1) A person convicted of two (2) or more felony offenses that: 26 (A) involved the unlawful use of a deadly weapon; and 27 (B) were not committed as part of the same episode of criminal 28 conduct. 29 (2) A sex or violent offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5). 30 (3) A person convicted of a crime of violence (IC 35-50-1-2). 31 (c) Not earlier than five (5) years after the date of conviction (unless 32 the prosecuting attorney consents in writing to an earlier period) for the 33 misdemeanor or the felony reduced to a misdemeanor pursuant to 34 IC 35-38-1-1.5 or IC 35-50-2-7, the person convicted of the 35 misdemeanor or the felony reduced to a misdemeanor may petition a 36 court to expunge all conviction records, including records contained in: 37 (1) a court's files; 38 (2) the files of the department of correction; 39 (3) the files of the bureau of motor vehicles; and 40 (4) the files of any other person who provided treatment or 41 services to the petitioning person under a court order;

42 that relate to the person's misdemeanor conviction, including records



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1 of a collateral action.

2 (d) A person who files a petition to expunge conviction records, 3 including any records relating to the conviction and any records 4 concerning a collateral action, shall file the petition in a circuit or 5 superior court in the county of conviction. 6 (e) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that: 7 (1) the period required by this section has elapsed; 8 (2) no charges are pending against the person; 9 (3) the person has paid all fines, fees, and court costs, and satisfied any restitution obligation placed on the person as part of 10 11 the sentence: and 12 (4) the person has not been convicted of a crime within the previous five (5) years (or within a shorter period agreed to by the 13 14 prosecuting attorney if the prosecuting attorney has consented to 15 a shorter period under subsection (c)); 16 the court shall order the conviction records described in subsection (c), including any records relating to the conviction and any records 17 18 concerning a collateral action, expunged in accordance with section 6 19 of this chapter. 20 SECTION 10. IC 35-38-9-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2021, 21 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 22 JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and 23 section 8.5 of this chapter, this section applies only to a person 24 convicted of a Class D felony (for a crime committed before July 1, 25 2014) or a Level 6 felony (for a crime committed after June 30, 2014). 26 This section does not apply to a person if the person's Class D felony 27 or Level 6 felony was reduced to a Class A misdemeanor. 28 (b) This section does not apply to the following: 29 (1) An elected official convicted of an offense while serving the 30 official's term or as a candidate for public office. 31 (2) A sex or violent offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5). 32 (3) A person convicted of a felony that resulted in bodily injury to 33 another person. 34 (4) A person convicted of perjury (IC 35-44.1-2-1) or official 35 misconduct (IC 35-44.1-1-1). 36 (5) A person convicted of an offense described in: 37 (A) IC 35-42-1; 38 (B) IC 35-42-3.5; or 39 (C) IC 35-42-4. 40 (6) A person convicted of two (2) or more felony offenses that: 41 (A) involved the unlawful use of a deadly weapon; and 42 (B) were not committed as part of the same episode of criminal



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1 conduct. 2 (7) A person convicted of a crime of violence (IC 35-50-1-2). 3 (c) Not earlier than eight (8) years after the date of conviction 4 (unless the prosecuting attorney consents in writing to an earlier 5 period), the person convicted of the Class D felony or Level 6 felony 6 may petition a court to expunge all conviction records, including records contained in: 7 8 (1) a court's files; 9 (2) the files of the department of correction; (3) the files of the bureau of motor vehicles; and 10 (4) the files of any other person who provided treatment or 11 services to the petitioning person under a court order; 12 13 that relate to the person's Class D or Level 6 felony conviction, 14 including records of a collateral action. 15 (d) A person who files a petition to expunge conviction records, including any records relating to the conviction and any records 16 17 concerning a collateral action, shall file the petition in a circuit or superior court in the county of conviction. 18 19 (e) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that: 20 (1) the period required by this section has elapsed; 21 (2) no charges are pending against the person; 22 (3) the person has paid all fines, fees, and court costs, and 23 satisfied any restitution obligation placed on the person as part of 24 the sentence; and 25 (4) the person has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor within the previous eight (8) years (or within a shorter period 26 agreed to by the prosecuting attorney if the prosecuting attorney 27 has consented to a shorter period under subsection (c)); 28 29 the court shall order the conviction records described in subsection (c), 30 including any records relating to the conviction and any records 31 concerning a collateral action, expunged in accordance with section 6 32 of this chapter. 33 SECTION 11. IC 35-38-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2021, 34 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 35 JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and section 8.5 of this chapter, this section applies only to a person 36 37 convicted of a felony who may not seek expungement of that felony 38 under section 3 of this chapter. 39 (b) This section does not apply to the following: 40 (1) An elected official convicted of an offense while serving the 41 official's term or as a candidate for public office. 42 (2) A sex or violent offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5).

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1	(3) A person convicted of a felony that resulted in serious bodily
2	injury to another person.
3	(4) A person convicted of a felony that resulted in death to
4	another person.
5	(5) A person convicted of official misconduct (IC 35-44.1-1-1).
6	(6) A person convicted of an offense described in:
7	(A) IC 35-42-1;
8	(B) IC 35-42-3.5; or
9	(C) IC 35-42-4. (7) $A = \frac{1}{2} \int $
10	(7) A person convicted of two (2) or more felony offenses that:
11	(A) involved the unlawful use of a deadly weapon; and
12	(B) were not committed as part of the same episode of criminal
13	conduct.
14	(8) A person convicted of a crime of violence (IC 35-50-1-2).
15	(c) Not earlier than the later of eight (8) years from the date of
16	conviction, or three (3) years from the completion of the person's
17	sentence, unless the prosecuting attorney consents in writing to an
18	earlier period, the person convicted of the felony may petition a court
19 20	to expunge all conviction records, including records contained in:
20 21	<ul><li>(1) a court's files;</li><li>(2) the files of the department of correction;</li></ul>
21 22	<ul><li>(2) the files of the department of correction;</li><li>(2) the files of the human of motor vahiology and</li></ul>
22	(3) the files of the bureau of motor vehicles; and
23 24	(4) the files of any other person who provided treatment or
24 25	services to the petitioning person under a court order;
23 26	that relate to the person's felony conviction, including records of a collateral action.
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28	(d) A person who files a petition to expunge conviction records, including any records relating to the conviction and any records
28 29	concerning a collateral action, shall file the petition in a circuit or
30	superior court in the county of conviction.
31	(e) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that:
32	(1) the period required by this section has elapsed;
33	(2) no charges are pending against the person;
34	(3) the person has paid all fines, fees, and court costs, and
35	satisfied any restitution obligation placed on the person as part of
36	the sentence; and
37	(4) the person has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor
38	within the previous eight (8) years (or within a shorter period
39	agreed to by the prosecuting attorney if the prosecuting attorney
40	has consented to a shorter period under subsection (c));
41	the court may order the conviction records described in subsection (c),
42	including any records relating to the conviction and any records
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1	concerning a collateral action, marked as expunged in accordance with
2	section 7 of this chapter. A person whose records have been ordered
3	marked as expunged under this section is considered to have had the
4	person's records expunged for all purposes other than the disposition
5	of the records.
6	SECTION 12. IC 35-38-9-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-2021,
7	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and
9	section 8.5 of this chapter, this section applies to a person convicted of
10	a felony, including:
11	(1) an elected official convicted of an offense, other than official
12	misconduct, while serving the official's term or as a candidate for
13	public office; <del>and</del>
14	(2) a person convicted of a felony that resulted in serious bodily
15	injury to another person, if the felony is not a crime of violence
16	(IC 35-50-1-2); and
17	(3) a person convicted of official misconduct, if the person is
18	not an elected official described in subsection (b)(2).
19	(b) This section does not apply to the following:
20	(1) A sex or violent offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5).
21	(2) A person An elected official convicted of official misconduct
22	(IC 35-44.1-1-1) while serving the official's term or as a
23	candidate for public office.
24	(3) A person convicted of an offense described in:
25	(A) IC 35-42-1;
26	(B) IC 35-42-3.5; or
27	(C) IC 35-42-4.
28	(4) A person convicted of two (2) or more felony offenses that:
29	(A) involved the unlawful use of a deadly weapon; and
30	(B) were not committed as part of the same episode of criminal
31	conduct.
32	(5) A person convicted of a felony that resulted in death to
33	another person.
34	(6) A person convicted of a crime of violence (IC 35-50-1-2).
35	(c) Not earlier than the later of ten (10) years from the date of
36	conviction, or five (5) years from the completion of the person's
37	sentence, unless the prosecuting attorney consents in writing to an
38	earlier period, the person convicted of the felony may petition a court
39	to expunge all conviction records, including records contained in:
40	(1) a court's files;
41	(2) the files of the department of correction;
42	(3) the files of the bureau of motor vehicles; and

42 (3) the files of the bureau of motor vehicles; and



1	(4) the files of any other person who provided treatment or
2	services to the petitioning person under a court order;
3	that relate to the person's felony conviction, including records of a
4	collateral action.
5	(d) A person who files a petition to expunge conviction records,
6	including any records relating to the conviction and any records
7	concerning a collateral action, shall file the petition in a circuit or
8	superior court in the county of conviction.
9	(e) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that:
10	(1) the period required by this section has elapsed;
11	(2) no charges are pending against the person;
12	(3) the person has paid all fines, fees, and court costs, and
13	satisfied any restitution obligation placed on the person as part of
14	the sentence;
15	(4) the person has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor
16	within the previous ten (10) years (or within a shorter period
17	agreed to by the prosecuting attorney if the prosecuting attorney
18	has consented to a shorter period under subsection (c)); and
19	(5) the prosecuting attorney has consented in writing to the
20	expungement of the person's criminal records;
21	the court may order the conviction records described in subsection (c),
22	including any records relating to the conviction and any records
23	concerning a collateral action, marked as expunged in accordance with
24	section 7 of this chapter. A person whose records have been ordered
25	marked as expunged under this section is considered to have had the
26	person's records expunged for all purposes other than the disposition
27	of the records.



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