SENATE BILL No. 285

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 1-1; IC 2-2.1; IC 2-5-1.1-5; IC 3-9-2-12; IC 4-12-18; IC 10-14-3; IC 16-19-4-10; IC 16-20-1-24; IC 16-41-1-5; IC 34-6-2-137.

Synopsis: Powers of the general assembly. Provides that a session of the general assembly shall adjourn sine die not later than November 1 of the year in which it convenes. Provides that the sessions of the general assembly are considered to adjourn sine die, by operation of law, on November 1 of each year, if the general assembly has not adjourned sine die on an earlier date of that year. Provides that the "prohibited period" during which campaign fundraising may not occur by candidates for election to the general assembly and for state offices ends on the earlier of: (1) May 1; or (2) the date the budget bill for the following budget period ends the day the general assembly adjourns sine die in an odd-numbered year.) Provides that, unless otherwise specifically provided by a statute to the contrary, an executive order issued by the governor expires 30 calendar days after the executive order is energency is specifically renewed by a statute enacted by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders issued by the general assembly. Provides that certain health orders

Effective: Upon passage.

Freeman

January 19, 2023, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure.



Introduced

First Regular Session of the 123rd General Assembly (2023)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2022 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 285

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning the general assembly.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 1-1-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2021,
 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), so
 As soon as certificates from all the counties have been received, the
 governor shall issue and publish the governor's proclamation in the
 Indiana Register under IC 2-6-1.5-5, announcing the date at which the
 latest filing took place.
 (b) All courts shall take notice of the facts contained in which the

(b) All courts shall take notice of the facts contained in which the proclamation all courts shall take notice. issued and published under subsection (a).

(b) This subsection applies only in calendar year 2021. So soon as
 certificates from all the counties have been received under
 IC 2-6-1.5-5(f), the governor shall:

14(1) for the distribution under IC 2-6-1.5-5(f)(1), issue and publish15a governor's proclamation in the Indiana Register under16IC 2-6-1.5-5, announcing the date at which the latest filing took17place; of the facts contained in which proclamation, all courts



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1 shall take notice; and 2 (2) for the distribution under IC 2-6-1.5-5(f)(2), issue and publish 3 a governor's proclamation in the Indiana Register under 4 IC 2-6-1.5-5, announcing the date at which the latest filing took 5 place; of the facts contained in which proclamation, all courts 6 shall take notice. 7 This subsection expires February 1, 2022. 8 SECTION 2. IC 1-1-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 9 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, 10 "regular "special session" includes a regular technical session. refers to a session called by the governor under Article 4, Section 9 of the 11 12 Constitution of the State of Indiana. 13 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), each provision 14 of each act passed at a regular session of the general assembly takes 15 effect on July 1 next following its enactment, unless a different time is 16 specified in the act. 17 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), each provision 18 of each act passed at a special session of the general assembly takes 19 effect on the first day of the third calendar month after the calendar 20 month of sine die adjournment of the special session, unless a different 21 time is specified in the act. 22 (d) If an act contains a SECTION that specifies an effective date or 23 dates for one (1) or more other provisions of the act or declares that an 24 emergency exists for the act, then the SECTION takes effect at the 25 same time as the earliest date that any other provision of the act takes 26 effect. 27 (e) This section does not apply to acts that are vetoed by the 28 governor. 29 SECTION 3. IC 1-1-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS 30 A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON 31 PASSAGE]: 32 **Chapter 3.7. Governor's Executive Orders** 33 Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to the following executive 34 orders of the governor: 35 (1) An executive order establishing an agency in the executive 36 branch of state government. 37 (2) An executive order relating to the operation or 38 organization of the executive branch of state government. 39 (3) An executive order issued under IC 1-1-3.5 relating to 40 census data. 41 (4) An executive order issued under IC 3-3-2-2 relating to the 42 establishment of Indiana congressional districts.



1	(5) An executive order issued under either of the following
2	statutes to extend the expiration date of an administrative
3	rule:
4	(A) IC 4-22-2.5-5.
5	(B) IC 13-14-9.5-5.
6	(6) An executive order relating to the issuance of bonds under
7	IC 5-1.2-16-4.
8	(7) An executive order relating to state employee benefits
9	issued under IC 5-10-6-1(a).
10	(8) An executive order relating to relocation assistance under
11	IC 8-23-17-20.
12	(9) An executive order relating to an interjurisdictional
13	arrangement for disaster agencies and services under
14	IC 10-14-3-16(c).
15	(10) An executive order relating to the establishment of
16	military awards and decorations under IC 10-16-12-1.
17	(11) An executive order relating to a health benefit exchange
18	under IC 27-19-1-3.
19	(12) An executive order relating to immunity from civil
20	liability issued under IC 34-30-27-2.
21	Sec. 2. Unless otherwise specifically provided by a statute to the
22	contrary, an executive order issued by the governor expires thirty
23	(30) calendar days after the executive order is issued.
24	SECTION 4. IC 2-2.1-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2021,
25	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. The following definitions apply throughout
27	this chapter:
28	(1) "Bill" includes a bill and a joint resolution.
29	(2) "Term of the general assembly" means that two (2) year period
30	of time extending from the first Wednesday after the first Monday
31	in November of any even-numbered year until, but not including,
32	the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the
33	next even-numbered year.
34	(3) "Session" refers to any of the following:
35	(A) A regular session of the general assembly.
36	(B) A regular technical session of the general assembly.
37	(C) An emergency session of the general assembly convened
38	$\frac{\text{under IC } 2\text{-}2\text{-}1\text{-}12\text{-}2}{\text{C}}$
39	(D) A special session of the general assembly. session of the
40	general assembly not described in subdivision (4).
41	(4) "Special session" means that period of time during which the
42	general assembly is convened in session upon the proclamation



1 and call of the governor under Article 4, Section 9 of the 2 Constitution of the State of Indiana. 3 SECTION 5. IC 2-2.1-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2021, 4 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 5 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The first regular session of each term of 6 the general assembly shall first convene after an election for 7 members of the general assembly on the third Tuesday after the first 8 Monday of November of each even-numbered year to do the following: 9 (1) Organize itself. (2) Elect its officers. 10 (3) Receive the oath of office. 11 12 (b) If a special session is called before the date set in subsection (a), 13 then the organization, election, and receiving the oath of office shall be 14 held on the first day of the special session. (c) The general assembly shall then adjourn until a day: 15 16 (1) certain fixed by a concurrent resolution; or 17 (2) when the gavel of each house falls in the presence of a quorum 18 whether or not a day certain to reconvene in session has been 19 fixed. 20 (d) The general assembly shall reconvene in session no not later than the second Monday in January of the following year. 21 22 (e) The first regular session of each term of the general assembly 23 that convenes under this section shall adjourn sine die as follows: 24 (1) Not later than November 15 in calendar year 2021. 25 (2) not later than April 29 in any odd-numbered year beginning 26 after December 31, 2022. November 1 of the year the general 27 assembly reconvenes under subsection (d). 28 (f) The session of the general assembly that convenes under this 29 section is considered to adjourn sine die, by operation of law, on 30 November 1 of the year the general assembly reconvenes under 31 subsection (d), if the general assembly has not adjourned sine die 32 on an earlier date of that year. 33 SECTION 6. IC 2-2.1-1-2.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 34 PASSAGE]. Sec. 2.5. (a) This section does not apply in calendar year 35 $\frac{2021}{2021}$ 36 (b) Before the first regular session adjourns sine die, the general 37 assembly may adopt a concurrent resolution to fix a day to convene the 38 first regular technical session of the general assembly. The day fixed 39 under this subsection may not be earlier than thirty (30) days after the 40 first regular session adjourns sine die. 41 (c) Only the following may be considered and acted upon during a 42 first regular technical session:



1	(1) Bills enacted during the first regular session vetoed by the
2	governor.
3	(2) Bills to correct conflicts among bills enacted during the first
4	regular session.
5	(3) Bills to correct technical errors in bills enacted during the first
6	regular session.
7	(d) The first regular technical session must adjourn sine die before
8	midnight after it convenes.
9	(e) The concurrent resolution adopted under subsection (b) may
10	provide that the first regular technical session is not required to
11	convene if the speaker of the house of representatives and the president
12	pro tempore of the senate jointly issue an order finding that the
13	purposes for which a regular technical session may meet under
14	subsection (c) do not justify the cost and inconvenience of meeting in
15	a regular technical session.
16	(f) If the general assembly does not meet in a regular technical
17	session under this section, the general assembly shall consider and act
18	upon vetoes of bills enacted during the first regular session at the next
19	second regular session.
20	(g) For purposes of Article 5, Section 14 of the Constitution of the
21	State of Indiana, the first regular technical session is not considered a
22	regular session if the general assembly does not consider or act upon
23	vetoes of bills enacted during the first regular session under this
24	section.
25	SECTION 7. IC 2-2.1-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The second
27	regular session of each term of the general assembly shall convene for
28	each even-numbered year on the third Tuesday after the first Monday
29	of November of each the immediately preceding odd-numbered year.
30	The general assembly shall then adjourn until a day:
31	(1) certain fixed by a concurrent resolution; or
32	(2) when the gavel of each house falls in the presence of a quorum
33	whether or not a day certain to reconvene in session has been
34	fixed.
35	(b) The general assembly shall reconvene in session no not later
36	than the second Monday in January of the following year. The second
37	regular session of each term of the general assembly that convenes
38	under this section shall adjourn sine die not later than March 14 in any
39	November 1 of that even-numbered year.
40	(c) The session of the general assembly held in an
41	even-numbered year is considered to adjourn sine die, by operation
42	of law, on November 1 of the even-numbered year, if the general



1 assembly has not adjourned sine die on an earlier date of that 2 even-numbered year. 3 SECTION 8. IC 2-2.1-1-3.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 4 PASSAGE]. Sec. 3.5. (a) Before the second regular session adjourns 5 sine die, the general assembly may adopt a concurrent resolution to fix 6 a day to convene the second regular technical session of the general 7 assembly. The day fixed under this subsection may not be earlier than 8 thirty (30) days after the second regular session adjourns sine die. 9 (b) Only the following may be considered and acted upon during a 10 second regular technical session: 11 (1) Bills enacted during the second regular session vetoed by the 12 governor. 13 (2) Bills to correct conflicts among bills enacted during the 14 second regular session. 15 (3) Bills to correct technical errors in bills enacted during the 16 second regular session. 17 (c) The second regular technical session must adjourn sine die 18 before midnight after it convenes. 19 (d) The concurrent resolution adopted under subsection (a) may 20provide that the second regular technical session is not required to 21 convene if the speaker of the house of representatives and the president 22 pro tempore of the senate jointly issue an order finding that the 23 purposes for which a regular technical session may meet under 24 subsection (b) do not justify the cost and inconvenience of meeting in 25 a regular technical session. 26 (e) If the general assembly does not meet in a regular technical 27 session under this section, the general assembly may consider and act 28 upon vetoes of bills enacted during the second regular session at the 29 next first regular session. 30 (f) For purposes of Article 5, Section 14 of the Constitution of the 31 State of Indiana, the second regular technical session is not considered 32 a regular session if the general assembly does not consider or act upon 33 vetoes of bills enacted during the second regular session under this 34 section. 35 SECTION 9. IC 2-2.1-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2021, 36 SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 37 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) This section applies only to those bills 38 or joint resolutions which pass 39 (1) after April 19, 2021, and before April 30, 2021; or 40 (2) during the two (2) days before the sine die adjournment of a 41 session of the general assembly. 42 This section does not apply to bills passed during a regular technical



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1 session. 2 (b) The presiding officers of the house of representatives and the 3 senate shall sign each bill or joint resolution passed under Article 4, 4 Section 25 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana as soon as 5 practicable, but not later than seven (7) calendar days after 6 (1) the date of passage with respect to a bill or joint resolution 7 passed during the period described in subsection (a)(1); or 8 (2) sine die adjournment of the session of the general assembly at 9 which the bill or joint resolution was passed with respect to a bill 10 or joint resolution passed during the two (2) days before the sine die adjournment of a regular or special session of the general 11 12 assembly. 13 (c) A bill that has been signed under subsection (b) must be 14 presented to the governor as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 seven (7) calendar days after 16 (1) the date of passage with respect to a bill described in 17 subsection (b)(1); or 18 (2) sine die adjournment of the session of the general assembly at 19 which the bill was passed. with respect to a bill described in 20 subsection (b)(2). 21 SECTION 10. IC 2-2.1-1-13 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 22 PASSAGE]. Sec. 13. (a) This section does not apply in calendar year 23 $\frac{2021}{2021}$ 24 (b) This section applies only to bills passed during a regular 25 technical session. 26 (c) The presiding officers of the house and senate shall sign each 27 bill passed under Article 4, Section 25 of the Constitution of the State 28 of Indiana as soon as practicable, but not later than the next business 29 day after sine die adjournment of the regular technical session at which 30 the bill was passed. 31 (d) A bill that has been signed under subsection (c) must be 32 presented to the governor as soon as practicable, but not later than the 33 second business day after sine die adjournment of the regular technical 34 session at which the bill was passed. 35 SECTION 11. IC 2-2.1-1.2 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON 36 PASSAGE]. (Emergency Sessions). 37 SECTION 12. IC 2-5-1.1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2021, 38 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 39 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The council may do any of the 40 following: 41 (1) On its own initiative or at the direction of the general 42 assembly or of the senate or house of representatives, study



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1	subjects of interest and concern, and based on such a study,
2	recommend such legislation as the welfare of the state may
3	require.
4	(2) Direct standing committees of the senate or house of
5	representatives, or appoint committees and subcommittees subject
6	to the authority of the council, to carry out studies on subjects of
7	interest and concern.
8	(3) Recommend such codification and general revision of the
9	constitution and the laws of the state as may from time to time be
10	necessary.
11	(4) Require any officer or agency, board, commission, committee
12	or other instrumentality of the state or of a political subdivision of
13	the state to provide information bearing on subjects under
14	consideration by the council or by standing committee or any of
15	its committees or subcommittees.
16	(5) By an affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) of its members
17	present and voting:
18	(A) administer oaths, issue subpoenas, compel the attendance
19	of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts,
20	documents and testimony and have the deposition of witnesses
21	taken in the manner prescribed by law for taking depositions
22	in civil actions bearing on subjects under consideration by the
23	council or by any of its committees or subcommittees; and
24	(B) petition, through the presiding officer of the council, any
25	circuit court, superior court, or probate court of the appropriate
26	county for an order for compliance with any order or
27	subpoenas issued under this section.
28	(6) Adopt such rules and procedures and organize such agencies
29	as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out its duties.
30	(7) Receive appropriations and make allocations for the
31	reasonable and necessary expenditures of the council and the
32	standing and interim committees of the house of representatives,
33	senate and general assembly.
34	(8) Enter into whatever contracts or other arrangements deemed
35	by it to be necessary or appropriate to exercising its rights,
36	privileges, and powers and performing its duties under this
37	chapter and IC 2-6-1.5 and to carrying out the intent, purposes,
38	and provisions of this chapter and IC 2-6-1.5.
38 39	(9) Initiate sessions of the general assembly under IC 2-2.1-1.2.
39 40	
	(10) (9) Do all other things necessary and proper to perform the
41	functions of the legislative department of government and to carry
42	out the intent, purposes and provisions of this chapter.



1	(b) The council may authorize its executive director to act on its
2	behalf and with its authority on any matter of administration under this
3	chapter and under IC 2-6-1.5, including executing and implementing
4	any contract or other arrangement under which it agrees to be bound.
5	SECTION 13. IC 3-9-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.133-2021,
6	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) This section does not apply to:
8	(1) a member of the general assembly; or
9	(2) a candidate's committee of a member of the general assembly;
10	with respect to an office other than a legislative office or a state office
11	to which the member seeks election.
12	(b) As used in this section, "affected person" refers to any of the
13	following:
14	(1) An individual who holds a legislative office.
15	(2) A candidate for a legislative office.
16	(3) An individual who holds a state office.
17	(4) A candidate for a state office.
18	(c) As used in this section, "prohibited period" means the period:
19	(1) beginning on the day in January in each odd-numbered year
20	the general assembly reconvenes under IC 2-2.1-1-2; and
21	(2) through either the earlier of the following:
22	(A) April 29 in calendar year 2021. May 1.
23	(B) The day the general assembly adjourns sine die under
24	IC 2-2.1-1-2 in an odd-numbered year beginning after
25	December 31, 2022. The date the budget bill (as defined in
26	IC 4-12-1-2(e)) for the following budget period (as defined
27	by IC 4-12-1-2(g)) enacted by the general assembly is
28	approved by the governor.
29	(d) During the prohibited period, an affected person, an affected
30	person's candidate's committee, and a legislative caucus committee may
31	not do any of the following:
32	(1) Solicit campaign contributions.
33	(2) Accept campaign contributions.
34	(3) Conduct other fundraising activities. This subdivision does not
35	prohibit an affected person from participating in party activities
36	conducted by a regular party committee.
37	SECTION 14. IC 4-12-18-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022,
38	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. Discretionary funds deposited into an
40	economic stimulus fund during a period in which the general assembly
41	is convened in a regular session an emergency session under
42	IC 2-2.1-1.2, or a special session may not be allotted or expended



unless appropriated by the general assembly or reviewed by the budget
 committee. Appropriations made by the general assembly do not revert
 until the end of the biennium in which they are appropriated.

4 SECTION 15. IC 4-12-18-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.174-2022, 5 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 6 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. Before discretionary funds deposited into 7 an economic stimulus fund during a period in which the general 8 assembly is not convened in a regular session an emergency session 9 under IC 2-2.1-1.2, or a special session may be allotted to or expended 10 by a state agency or instrumentality, the allotment or expenditure must be reviewed by the budget committee. Money is considered 11 continuously appropriated for the period of the federal award after 12 13 budget committee review.

SECTION 16. IC 10-14-3-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.99-2021,
SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) The governor shall declare a disaster
emergency by executive order or proclamation if the governor
determines that a disaster has occurred or that the occurrence or the
threat of a disaster is imminent. Subject to subsection (b), the state of
disaster emergency continues until the governor:

(1) determines that the threat or danger has passed or the disaster
has been dealt with to the extent that emergency conditions no
longer exist; and

(2) terminates the state of disaster emergency by executive order. or proclamation.

(b) A state of disaster emergency may not continue for longer than 26 thirty (30) days unless the state of disaster emergency is specifically 27 28 renewed by the governor. The general assembly, by concurrent 29 resolution, may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time. If 30 the general assembly terminates a state of disaster emergency under 31 this subsection, the governor shall issue an executive order or 32 proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency. All executive 33 orders or proclamations issued under this subsection must indicate the 34 nature of the disaster, the area or areas threatened, and the conditions 35 which have brought the disaster about or that make possible 36 termination of the state of disaster emergency. An executive order or proclamation under this subsection shall be disseminated promptly by 37 38 means calculated to bring the order's or proclamation's contents to the 39 attention of the general public. Unless the circumstances attendant 40 upon the disaster prevent or impede, an executive order or proclamation shall be promptly filed with the secretary of state and 41 42 with the clerk of the city or town affected or with the clerk of the circuit



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1 court. a statute enacted by the general assembly. 2 (c) An executive order issued under this section must indicate 3 the nature of the disaster, the area or areas threatened, and the 4 conditions which have brought the disaster about or that make 5 possible termination of the state of disaster emergency. An 6 executive order under this section shall be disseminated promptly 7 by means calculated to bring the order's contents to the attention 8 of the general public. Unless the circumstances attendant upon the 9 disaster prevent or impede, an executive order shall be promptly 10 filed with: 11 (1) the secretary of state; and (2) the clerk of the city or town affected or with the circuit 12 court clerk of the county affected. 13 14 (b) (d) An executive order or proclamation of a state of disaster 15 emergency: 16 (1) activates the disaster response and recovery aspects of the 17 state, local, and interjurisdictional disaster emergency plans 18 applicable to the affected political subdivision or area; and 19 (2) is authority for: 20 (A) deployment and use of any forces to which the plan or 21 plans apply; and 22 (B) use or distribution of any supplies, equipment, materials, 23 and facilities assembled, stockpiled, or arranged to be made 24 available under this chapter or under any other law relating to 25 disaster emergencies. 26 (c) (e) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency, 27 the governor is commander-in-chief of the organized and unorganized militia and of all other forces available for emergency duty. To the 28 29 greatest extent practicable, the governor shall delegate or assign command authority by prior arrangement embodied in appropriate 30 executive orders or regulations. This section does not restrict the 31 32 governor's authority to delegate or assign command authority by orders 33 issued at the time of the disaster emergency. 34 (d) (f) In addition to the governor's other powers, and subject to 35 sections 12.5 and 12.7 of this chapter, the governor may do the 36 following while the state of emergency exists: 37 (1) Suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing 38 the procedures for conduct of state business, or the orders, rules, 39 or regulations of any state agency if strict compliance with any of 40 these provisions would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay 41 necessary action in coping with the emergency. (2) Use all available resources of the state government and of 42

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1	each political subdivision of the state reasonably necessary to
	cope with the disaster emergency.
2 3	(3) Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of state
4	departments and agencies or units for performing or facilitating
5	emergency services.
6	(4) Subject to any applicable requirements for compensation
7	under section 31 of this chapter, commandeer or use any private
8	property if the governor finds this action necessary to cope with
9	the disaster emergency.
10	(5) Assist in the evacuation of all or part of the population from
11	any stricken or threatened area in Indiana if the governor
12	considers this action necessary for the preservation of life or other
12	disaster mitigation, response, or recovery.
13	(6) Prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and destinations in
15	connection with evacuation.
16	(7) Control ingress to and egress from a disaster area, the
10	movement of persons within the area, and the occupancy of
18	premises in the area.
19	(8) Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of
20	alcoholic beverages, explosives, and combustibles.
20	(9) Make provision for the availability and use of temporary
22	emergency housing.
23	(10) Allow persons who:
24	(A) are registered as volunteer health practitioners by an
25	approved registration system under IC 10-14-3.5; or
26	(B) hold a license to practice:
27	(i) medicine;
28	(ii) dentistry;
29	(iii) pharmacy;
30	(iv) nursing;
31	(v) engineering;
32	(vi) veterinary medicine;
33	(vii) mortuary service; and
34	(viii) similar other professions as may be specified by the
35	governor;
36	to practice their respective profession in Indiana during the period
37	of the state of emergency if the state in which a person's license
38	or registration was issued has a mutual aid compact for
39	emergency management with Indiana.
40	(11) Give specific authority to allocate drugs, foodstuffs, and
41	other essential materials and services.
42	SECTION 17. IC 10-14-3-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) In addition 2 to the governor's existing powers and duties, the governor has the 3 duties and special energy emergency powers set forth in this section, 4 subject to the limitations in this chapter. (b) The governor may, upon finding that an energy emergency 5 6 exists, proclaim, by executive order, a state of energy emergency at 7 which time all the general and specific emergency powers specified in 8 this section and section 14 of this chapter become effective. 9 (c) A proclamation An executive order issued under this section and any order or rule issued as a result of the proclamation executive 10 order continues in effect until sixty (60) thirty (30) days after the date 11 12 of the proclamation of the energy emergency executive order unless 13 the governor rescinds the proclamation executive order and declares 14 the energy emergency ended before the expiration of the sixty (60) thirty (30) day period. 15 (d) The governor may not renew or extend a proclamation more than 16 once an executive order under this section without approval of the 17 18 general assembly. 19 (e) The conditions of an energy emergency cease when the governor 20 declares the end of an energy emergency. 21 (f) In a declared state of energy emergency, the governor may do the 22 following: 23 (1) Implement programs, controls, standards, priorities, and 24 quotas for the conservation and consumption of energy, including 25 plans and commission regulations for the curtailment of energy if 26 the governor imposes controls, quotas, or curtailments according to the nature of the end use to be made of the energy consistent 27 28 with existing transmission and distribution systems serving the 29 geographic area affected by the energy emergency. (2) Suspend and modify state pollution control standards and 30 requirements affecting or affected by the use of energy, including 31 32 standards or requirements relating to air or water quality control. 33 (3) Establish and implement intrastate regional programs and 34 agreements for the purposes of coordinating the energy program and actions of the state with the federal government and other 35 36 states, localities, and other persons. 37 (4) Designate the execution and enforcement of emergency orders to a state agency that regulates the energy form, resource, or 38 39 suppliers that are the subject of the proclaimed emergency. 40 (5) Suspend the provisions of any state statute regulating transportation or the orders or rules of any state agency if strict 41 42 compliance with any of the provisions would prevent, hinder, or



1	delay necessary action in coping with the energy emergency.
2	(g) Restrictions, curtailments, or adjustments under subsection (f)
3	must:
4	(1) be ordered and continue only as long as demonstrably
5	necessary for the maintenance of essential services or
6	transportation or for the continued operation of the economy but
7	not longer than the proclamation's duration;
8	(2) be applied as uniformly as practicable within each class of
9	suppliers and consumers and without discrimination within a
10	class; and
11	(3) give due consideration to:
12	(A) the implementation of involuntary measures only after
13	voluntary measures have been determined to be ineffective;
14	(B) protection of public health and safety;
15	(C) maintenance of vital activities, including but not limited to
16	food, shelter, fuel, and medical care;
17	(D) minimization of economic impact on commercial, retail,
18	professional, agricultural, and service establishments;
19	(E) cooperation with other state, local, and federal
20	governments to avoid duplicating efforts; and
21	(F) maintenance of public information channels.
22	(h) This section does not mean that any program, control, standard,
23	priority quota, or other policy created under the authority of the
24	emergency powers authorized by this section has any continuing legal
25	effect after the cessation of a declared state of energy emergency.
26	(i) Except as provided in this section, this chapter does not exempt
27	a person from compliance with the provisions of any other law, rule, or
28	directive unless:
29	(1) specifically ordered by the governor; or
30	(2) impossibility of compliance is a direct result of the governor's
31	order.
32	(j) A proclamation An executive order issued under this section
33	shall be:
34	(1) disseminated promptly and in a manner calculated to inform
35	the general public of its contents; and
36	(2) filed promptly with the secretary of state and the clerk of each
37	circuit court of Indiana.
38	SECTION 18. IC 10-14-3-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2020,
39	SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. (a) The political subdivisions and
41	agencies designated or appointed by the governor may make, amend,
42	and rescind orders, rules, and regulations as necessary for emergency



1	management purposes and to supplement the carrying out of this
2	chapter that are not inconsistent with:
3	(1) orders, rules, or regulations adopted by the governor or by a
4	state agency exercising a power delegated to it by the governor;
5	and
6	(2) the:
7	(A) emergency management program; and
8	(B) emergency operations plan;
9	of the county in which the political subdivision is located.
10	(b) Orders, rules, and regulations have the full force and effect of
11	law when:
12	(1) adopted by the governor or any state agency and a copy is
13	filed:
14	(A) in the office of the secretary of state; or
15	(B) with the publisher (as defined in IC 4-22-2-3(f)) under
16	IC 4-22-2; and
17	mailed to all members of the county emergency management
18	advisory council at their last known addresses; or
19	(2) filed in the office of the clerk of the adopting or promulgating
20	political subdivision or agency of the state if adopted by a
21	political subdivision or agency authorized by this chapter to make
22	orders, rules, and regulations.
23	(c) An order, rule, or regulation adopted or promulgated under
24	this section expires thirty (30) days after the order, rule, or
25	regulation is first adopted or promulgated.
26	SECTION 19. IC 10-14-3-29, AS AMENDED BY P.L.99-2021,
27	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 29. (a) A local disaster emergency:
29	(1) may be declared only by the principal executive officer of a
30	political subdivision; and
31	(2) may not be continued or renewed for more than seven (7)
32	thirty (30) days except by or with the consent of the governing
33	board legislative body (as defined in IC 36-1-2-9) of the
34	political subdivision.
35	Any order or proclamation declaring, continuing, or terminating a local
36	disaster emergency shall be given prompt and general publicity and
37	shall be filed promptly in the office of the clerk of the political
38	subdivision.
<u>39</u>	(b) The effect of a declaration of a local disaster emergency is to:
40	(1) activate the response and recovery aspects of all applicable
41	local or interjurisdictional disaster emergency plans; and
42	(2) authorize the furnishing of aid and assistance under the plans.
12	(2) autorize the rannoning of the und assistance and of the plans.



(c) An interjurisdictional agency or official may not declare a local disaster emergency unless expressly authorized by the agreement under which the agency functions. However, an interjurisdictional disaster agency shall provide aid and services according to the agreement.

(d) If a local disaster emergency is declared under this section, the political subdivision may not prohibit individuals engaged in employment necessary to:

(1) maintain a safe rail system;

(2) restore utility service; or

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(3) provide any other emergency public service;

from traveling on the highways within the political subdivision during 11 12 the local disaster emergency.

13 (e) If a local disaster emergency is declared under this section, the political subdivision may not prohibit individuals trained and certified 14 15 as first response broadcasters, as set forth in section 22.5 of this chapter, from traveling on the highways within the political subdivision 16 during the local disaster emergency. 17

18 (f) If a local emergency is declared under this section, the political 19 subdivision may not prohibit individuals trained and certified as first 20 response communications service providers, as set forth in section 22.6 of this chapter, from traveling on the highways within the political 21 22 subdivision during the local disaster emergency.

(g) If a local emergency is declared under this section, the political subdivision must comply with sections 12.5 and 12.7 of this chapter.

25 SECTION 20. IC 10-14-3-30 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 26 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 30. (a) In addition 27 to disaster prevention measures as included in the state, local, and 28 interjurisdictional disaster plans, the governor shall consider on a 29 continuing basis steps that could be taken to prevent or reduce the 30 harmful consequences of disasters. At the governor's direction, and 31 under any other authority state agencies have, state agencies, including 32 those charged with responsibilities in connection with: 33

- (1) flood plain management;
- (2) stream encroachment and flow regulation;
- (3) fire prevention and control;
- (4) air quality; 36

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- (5) public works; and
 - (6) use and land use planning and construction standards;

shall make studies of disaster prevention related matters. The governor 39 40 shall make recommendations to the general assembly, local 41 governments, and other appropriate public and private entities to 42 facilitate measures for prevention or reduction of the harmful



1 consequences of disasters. 2 (b) In conjunction with the agency, an appropriate state agency shall 3 keep land uses and construction of structures and other facilities under 4 continuing study and identify areas that are particularly susceptible to: 5 (1) severe land shifting; 6 (2) subsidence; 7 (3) flood; or 8 (4) other catastrophic occurrence. 9 The studies under this subsection must concentrate on means of 10 reducing or avoiding the dangers caused by this occurrence or its consequences. 11 (c) If the agency believes on the basis of the studies or other 12 13 competent evidence: (1) that an area is susceptible to a disaster of catastrophic 14 15 proportions without adequate warning; (2) that existing building standards and land use controls in that 16 area are inadequate and could add substantially to the magnitude 17 of the disaster: and 18 19 (3) that changes in zoning regulations, other land use regulations, 20 or building requirements are essential in order to further the purposes of this section; 21 22 the agency shall specify the essential changes to the governor. The 23 governor shall recommend changes to the agencies or local 24 governments with jurisdiction over the area and subject matter that the 25 governor finds to be essential upon review of the specified changes and a public hearing. If no action or insufficient action under the governor's 26 27 recommendations is taken within the time specified by the governor, 28 the governor shall inform the general assembly and request legislative 29 action appropriate to mitigate the effect of disaster. 30 (d) The governor, at the same time that the governor makes 31 recommendations under subsection (c), may: 32 (1) suspend the standard or control that the governor finds to be 33 inadequate to protect the public safety; and (2) by rule place a new standard or control in effect. 34 35 The new standard or control remains in effect until rejected by 36 concurrent resolution of both houses of the expires thirty (30) days 37 after it becomes effective unless the general assembly or amended by 38 the governor. enacts the new standard or control by law. When it is 39 in effect, the standard or control contained in the governor's regulation 40 is administered and given full effect by all relevant regulatory agencies of the state and local governments to which it applies. Any action taken 41 42 by the governor under this section is subject to judicial review, but no



1	anut has invitediation to star an unstarin that action hafans a harving an
2	court has jurisdiction to stay or restrain that action before a hearing on the merits.
$\frac{2}{3}$	SECTION 21. IC 16-19-4-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.208-2015,
4	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) For purposes of IC 16-41-7.5, the
6	commissioner is authorized to declare a public health emergency.
7	(b) A public health emergency declared under this section
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0 9	expires thirty (30) days after it is declared.
10	SECTION 22. IC 16-20-1-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.99-2021,
10	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 24. (a) Local health officers may order
12	schools closed and forbid public gatherings when considered necessary
13	to prevent and stop epidemics.
14	(b) A local health officer may order a religious organization closed
15	only if the order complies with IC 10-14-3-12.5 through
16	IC 10-14-3-12.7.
17	(c) An individual who takes action under this section shall comply
18	with state laws and rules.
19	(d) An order made under this section expires thirty (30) days
20	after it is issued.
21	SECTION 23. IC 16-41-1-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
22	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. A quarantine or other order issued
24	under this article expires thirty (30) days after it is issued.
25	SECTION 24. IC 34-6-2-137 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE UPON
26	PASSAGE]. Sec. 137. "Session of the general assembly", for purposes
27	of IC 34-13-1-6, does not include a regular technical session.
28	SECTION 25. An emergency is declared for this act.

