

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 309

DIGEST OF SB 309 (Updated March 30, 2017 1:16 pm - DI 101)

Citations Affected: IC 8-1; noncode.

Synopsis: Distributed generation. Requires: (1) the utility regulatory commission (IURC) to post a summary of the results of the IURC's most recent periodic review of the basic rates and charges of an electricity supplier on the IURC's Internet web site; and (2) the electricity supplier subject to the review to provide a link on the electricity supplier's Internet web site to the IURC's posted summary. Amends the statute concerning alternate energy production, cogeneration, and small hydro facilities to: (1) include in the definition of a "private generation project" certain cogeneration facilities that: (A) are located on the same site as the host operation; or (B) are located on or contiguous to the site of the host operation and are directly (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2017.

Hershman, Merritt

(HOUSE SPONSORS — OBER, SOLIDAY)

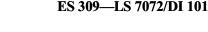
January 9, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Utilities. February 20, 2017, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass. February 23, 2017, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. February 24, 2017, engrossed. February 27, 2017, read third time, passed. Yeas 39, nays 9.

HOUSE ACTION

March 6, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications.
March 30, 2017, amended, reported — Do Pass.



integrated with the host operation; and (2) include organic waste biomass facilities within the definition of an "alternative energy production facility". Specifies that an electric utility or a steam utility is not required to distribute, transmit, deliver, or wheel electricity from a private generation project. Requires the IURC to: (1) review the rates charged by electric utilities for backup power to eligible facilities and for purchases of power from eligible facilities; (2) identify the extent to which the rates meet specified criteria; and (3) report the IURC's findings to the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and telecommunications; not later than November 1, 2018. Provides that before granting to an electricity supplier that is a public utility a certificate of public convenience and necessity for the construction of an electric facility with a generating capacity of more than 80 megawatts, the utility regulatory commission (IURC) must find that the electricity supplier allowed or will allow third parties to submit firm and binding bids for the construction of the proposed facility. Provides that a public utility that: (1) installs a wind, a solar, or an organic waste biomass project with a nameplate capacity of not more than 50,000 kilowatts; and (2) uses for the project a contractor that is: (A) subject to Indiana unemployment taxes; and (B) selected by the public utility through a competitive procurement process; is not required to obtain a certificate of public convenience and necessity for the project from the IURC. Provides that a net metering tariff of an electricity supplier (other than a municipally owned utility or a rural electric membership corporation) must remain available to the electricity supplier's customers until: (1) the aggregate amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the tariff equals at least 1.5% of the electricity supplier's most recent summer peak load; or (2) July 1, 2022; whichever occurs earlier. Requires the IURC to amend its net metering rule, and an electricity supplier to amend its net metering tariff, to: (1) increase the limit on the aggregate amount of net metering capacity under the tariff to 1.5% of the electricity supplier's most recent summer peak load; and (2) reserve 40% of the capacity under the tariff for residential customers and 15% of the capacity for customers that install an organic waste biomass facility. Provides that a customer that installs a net metering facility on the customer's premises after December 31, 2017, and before the date on which the net metering tariff of the customer's electricity supplier terminates under the bill, shall continue to be served under the net metering tariff until: (1) the customer removes from the customer's premises or replaces the net metering facility; or (2) July 1, 2032; whichever occurs earlier. Provides that a successor in interest to the premises on which a net metering facility was installed during the applicable period may, if the successor in interest chooses, be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff of the electricity supplier serving the premises until: (1) the net metering facility is removed from the premises or is replaced; or (2) July 1, 2032; whichever occurs earlier. Provides that a customer that installs a net metering facility on the customer's premises before January 1, 2018, and that is participating in an electricity supplier's net metering tariff on December 31, 2017, shall continue to be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff until: (1) the customer removes from the customer's premises or replaces the net metering facility; or (2) July 1, 2047; whichever occurs earlier. Provides that a successor in interest to the premises on which a net metering facility was installed before January 1, 2018, may, if the successor in interest chooses, be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff of the electricity supplier serving the premises until: (1) the net metering facility is removed from the premises or is replaced; or (2) July 1, 2047; whichever occurs earlier. Provides that an electricity supplier shall procure only the excess distributed generation produced by a customer. Provides that the rate for excess distributed generation procured by an electricity supplier must equal (Continued next page)





Digest Continued

the product of: (1) the average marginal price of electricity paid by the electricity supplier during the most recent calendar year; multiplied by (2) 1.25. Provides that an electricity supplier shall compensate a customer for excess distributed generation through a credit on the customer's monthly bill. Provides that the IURC may approve an electricity supplier's request to recover energy delivery costs from customers producing distributed generation if the IURC finds that the request: (1) is reasonable; and (2) does not result in a double recovery of energy delivery costs from customers producing distributed generation. Urges the legislative council to assign to the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and telecommunications the topic of self-generation of electricity by school corporations.



First Regular Session 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type. Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 309

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-42.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 42.5. (a) The
commission shall by rule or order, consistent with the resources of the
commission and the office of the utility consumer counselor, require
that the basic rates and charges of all public, municipally owned, and
cooperatively owned utilities (except those utilities described in
IC 8-1-2-61.5) section 61.5 of this chapter) are subject to a regularly
scheduled periodic review and revision by the commission. However,
the commission shall conduct the periodic review at least once every
four (4) years and may not authorize a filing for an increase in basic
rates and charges more frequently than is permitted by operation of
section 42(a) of this chapter.
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(b) The commission shall make the results of the commission's most recent periodic review of the basic rates and charges of an electricity supplier (as defined in IC 8-1-2.3-2(b)) available for



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1	public inspection by posting a summary of the results on the
2	commission's Internet web site. If an electricity supplier whose
3	basic rates and charges are reviewed under this section maintains
4 5	a publicly accessible Internet web site, the electricity supplier shall
6	provide a link on the electricity supplier's Internet web site to the
7	summary of the results posted on the commission's Internet web site.
8	SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2.4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.222-2014,
9	SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2.4-2, AS AMENDED BY F.L.222-2014, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. (a) The definitions in this section apply
11	throughout this chapter.
12	(b) "Alternate energy production facility" means:
13	(1) a any solar, wind turbine, waste management, resource
14	
15	recovery, refuse-derived fuel, organic waste biomass , or wood
16	burning facility;
17	(2) any land, system, building, or improvement that is located at
18	the project site and is necessary or convenient to the construction,
19	completion, or operation of the facility; and
	(3) the transmission or distribution facilities necessary to conduct
20	the energy produced by the facility to users located at or near the
21	project site.
22	(c) "Cogeneration facility" means:
23	(1) a facility that:
24	(A) simultaneously generates electricity and useful thermal
25	energy; and
26	(B) meets the energy efficiency standards established for
27	cogeneration facilities by the Federal Energy Regulatory
28	Commission under 16 U.S.C. 824a-3;
29	(2) any land, system, building, or improvement that is located at
30	the project site and is necessary or convenient to the construction,
31	completion, or operation of the facility; and
32	(3) the transmission or distribution facilities necessary to conduct
33	the energy produced by the facility to users located at or near the
34	project site.
35	(d) "Electric utility" means any public utility or municipally owned
36	utility that owns, operates, or manages any electric plant.
37	(e) "Small hydro facility" means:
38	(1) a hydroelectric facility at a dam;
39	(2) any land, system, building, or improvement that is located at
40	the project site and is necessary or convenient to the construction,

completion, or operation of the facility; and (3) the transmission or distribution facilities necessary to conduct



1	the energy produced by the facility to users located at or near the
2	project site.
3	(f) "Steam utility" means any public utility or municipally owned
4	utility that owns, operates, or manages a steam plant.
5	(g) "Private generation project" means a cogeneration facility that
6	has an electric generating capacity of eighty (80) megawatts or more
7	and is:
8	(1) primarily used by its owner for the owner's industrial,
9	commercial, heating, or cooling purposes; or
10	(2) a qualifying facility for purposes of the Public Utility
11	Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 that (A) is in existence on July 1,
12	2014; and (B) produces electricity and useful thermal energy that
13	is primarily used by a single host operation for industrial,
14	commercial, heating, or cooling purposes and is:
15	(A) located on the same site as the host operation; or
16	(B) determined by the commission to be a facility that:
17	(i) satisfies the requirements of this chapter;
18	(ii) is located on or contiguous to the property on which
19	the host operation is sited; and
20	(iii) is directly integrated with the host operation.
21	SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2.4-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,2017]: Sec. 4. (a) Subject to section
23	5 of this chapter, the commission shall require electric utilities and
24	steam utilities to enter into long term contracts to:
25	(1) purchase or wheel electricity or useful thermal energy from
26	alternate energy production facilities, cogeneration facilities, or
27	small hydro facilities located in the utility's service territory,
28	under the terms and conditions that the commission finds:
29	(A) are just and economically reasonable to the corporation's
30	ratepayers;
31	(B) are nondiscriminatory to alternate energy producers,
32	cogenerators, and small hydro producers; and
33	(C) will further the policy stated in section 1 of this chapter;
34	and
35	(2) provide for the availability of supplemental or backup power
36	to alternate energy production facilities, cogeneration facilities, or
37	small hydro facilities on a nondiscriminatory basis and at just and
38	reasonable rates.
39	(b) Upon application by the owner or operator of any alternate
40	energy production facility, cogeneration facility, or small hydro facility
41	or any interested party, the commission shall establish for the affected

utility just and economically reasonable rates for electricity purchased



under subsection (a)(1). The rates shall be established at levels

2	sufficient to stimulate the development of alternate energy production
3	cogeneration, and small hydro facilities in Indiana, and to encourage
4	the continuation of existing capacity from those facilities.
5	(c) The commission shall base the rates for new facilities or new
6	capacity from existing facilities on the following factors:
7	(1) The estimated capital cost of the next generating plant
8	including related transmission facilities, to be placed in service by
9	the utility.
10	(2) The term of the contract between the utility and the seller.
11	(3) A levelized annual carrying charge based upon the term of the
12	contract and determined in a manner consistent with both the
13	methods and the current interest or return requirements associated
14	with the utility's new construction program.
15	(4) The utility's annual energy costs, including current fuel costs
16	related operation and maintenance costs, and any othe
17	energy-related costs considered appropriate by the commission
18	Until July 1, 1986, the rate for a new facility may not exceed eigh
19	cents (\$.08) per kilowatt hour.
20	(d) The commission shall base the rates for existing facilities on the
21	factors listed in subsection (c). However, the commission shall also
22	consider the original cost less depreciation of existing facilities and
23	may establish a rate for existing facilities that is less than the rate
24	established for new facilities.
25	(e) In the case of a utility that purchases all or substantially all of it
26	electricity requirements, the rates established under this section mus
27	be equal to the current cost to the utility of similar types and quantitie
28	of electrical service.
29	(f) In lieu of the other procedures provided by this section, a utility
30	and an owner or operator of an alternate energy production facility
31	cogeneration facility, or small hydro facility may enter into a long term
32	contract in accordance with subsection (a) and may agree to rates fo
33	purchase and sale transactions. A contract entered into under this
34	subsection must be filed with the commission in the manner provided
35	by IC 8-1-2-42.
36	(g) This section does not require an electric utility or steam utility
37	to:
38	(1) construct any additional facilities unless those facilities are
39	paid for by the owner or operator of the affected alternate energy
40	production facility, cogeneration facility, or small hydro facility
41	or
42	(2) distribute, transmit, deliver, or wheel electricity from a



1	private generation project.
2	(h) The commission shall do the following not later than
3	November 1, 2018:
4	(1) Review the rates charged by electric utilities under
5	subsection (a)(2) and section 6(e) of this chapter.
6	(2) Identify the extent to which the rates offered by electric
7	utilities under subsection (a)(2) and section 6(e) of this
8	chapter:
9	(A) are cost based;
10	(B) are nondiscriminatory; and
11	(C) do not result in the subsidization of costs within or
12	among customer classes.
13	(3) Report the commission's findings under subdivisions (1)
14	and (2) to the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and
15	telecommunications established by IC 2-5-1.3-4(8).
16	This subsection expires November 2, 2018.
17	SECTION 4. IC 8-1-8.5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2015,
18	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) As a condition for receiving the certificate
20	required under section 2 of this chapter, the applicant shall file an
21	estimate of construction, purchase, or lease costs in such detail as the
22	commission may require.
23	(b) The commission shall hold a public hearing on each such
24	application. The commission may consider all relevant information
25	related to construction, purchase, or lease costs. A certificate shall be
26	granted only if the commission has:
27	(1) made a finding as to the best estimate of construction,
28	purchase, or lease costs based on the evidence of record;
29	(2) made a finding that either:
30	(A) the construction, purchase, or lease will be consistent with
31	the commission's analysis (or such part of the analysis as may
32	then be developed, if any) for expansion of electric generating
33	capacity; or
34	(B) the construction, purchase, or lease is consistent with a
35	utility specific proposal submitted under section 3(e)(1) of this
36	chapter and approved under subsection (d). However, if the
37	commission has developed, in whole or in part, an analysis for
38	the expansion of electric generating capacity and the applicant
39	has filed and the commission has approved under subsection
40	(d) a utility specific proposal submitted under section 3(e)(1)
41	of this chapter, the commission shall make a finding under this

clause that the construction, purchase, or lease is consistent



1	with the commission's analysis, to the extent developed, and
2	that the construction, purchase, or lease is consistent with the
3	applicant's plan under section 3(e)(1) of this chapter, to the
4	extent the plan was approved by the commission;
5	(3) made a finding that the public convenience and necessity
6	require or will require the construction, purchase, or lease of the
7	facility;
8	(4) made a finding that the facility, if it is a coal-consuming
9	facility, utilizes Indiana coal or is justified, because of economic
10	considerations or governmental requirements, in using
11	non-Indiana coal; and
12	(5) made the findings under subsection (e), if applicable.
13	(c) If:
14	(1) the commission grants a certificate under this chapter based
15	upon a finding under subsection (b)(2) that the construction,
16	purchase, or lease of a generating facility is consistent with the
17	commission's analysis for the expansion of electric generating
18	capacity; and
19	(2) a court finally determines that the commission analysis is
20	invalid;
21	the certificate shall remain in full force and effect if the certificate was
22	also based upon a finding under subsection (b)(2) that the construction,
23	purchase, or lease of the facility was consistent with a utility specific
24	plan submitted under section 3(e)(1) of this chapter and approved
25	under subsection (d).
26	(d) The commission shall consider and approve, in whole or in part,
27	or disapprove a utility specific proposal or an amendment thereto
28	jointly with an application for a certificate under this chapter. However,
29	such an approval or disapproval shall be solely for the purpose of
30	acting upon the pending certificate for the construction, purchase, or
31	lease of a facility for the generation of electricity.
32	(e) This subsection applies if an applicant proposes to construct a
33	facility with a generating capacity of more than eighty (80) megawatts.
34	Before granting a certificate to the applicant, the commission:
35	(1) must, in addition to the findings required under subsection (b),
36	find that:
37	(A) the estimated costs of the proposed facility are, to the
38	extent commercially practicable, the result of competitively
39	
39 40	bid engineering, procurement, or construction contracts, as
41	applicable; and (P) if the applicant is an electricity symplicy (as defined in
41	(B) if the applicant is an electricity supplier (as defined in

IC 8-1-37-6), the applicant allowed or will allow third



1	parties to submit firm and binding bids for the
2	construction of the proposed facility on behalf of the
3	applicant that met or meet all of the technical, commercial,
4	and other specifications required by the applicant for the
5	proposed facility so as to enable ownership of the proposed
6	facility to vest with the applicant not later than the date on
7	which the proposed facility becomes commercially
8	available; and
9	(2) shall also consider the following factors:
10	(A) Reliability.
11	(B) Solicitation by the applicant of competitive bids to obtain
12	purchased power capacity and energy from alternative
13	suppliers.
14	The applicant, including an affiliate of the applicant, may participate
15	in competitive bidding described in this subsection.
16	SECTION 5. IC 8-1-8.5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2013,
17	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7. The certification requirements of this chapter
19	do not apply to persons who: a person that:
20	(1) construct constructs an electric generating facility primarily
21	for that person's own use and not for the primary purpose of
22 23	producing electricity, heat, or steam for sale to or for the public
23	for compensation;
24	(2) construct constructs an alternate energy production facility.
25	cogeneration facility, or a small hydro facility that complies with
25 26	the limitations set forth in IC 8-1-2.4-5; or
27	(3) are is a municipal utility, including a joint agency created
28	under IC 8-1-2.2-8, and install installs an electric generating
29	facility that has a capacity of ten thousand (10,000) kilowatts or
30	less; or
31	(4) is a public utility and:
32	(A) installs a clean energy project described in
33	IC 8-1-8.8-2(2) that is approved by the commission and
34	that:
35	(i) uses a clean energy resource described in
36	IC 8-1-37-4(a)(1), IC 8-1-37-4(a)(2), or IC 8-1-37-4(a)(5);
37	and
38	(ii) has a nameplate capacity of not more than fifty
39	thousand (50,000) kilowatts; and
40	(B) uses a contractor that:
41	(i) is subject to Indiana unemployment taxes; and
12	(ii) is salacted by the public utility through hide salicited



1	in a competitive procurement process;
2	in the engineering, procurement, or construction of the
3	project.
4	However, those persons a person described in this section shall,
5	nevertheless, be required to report to the commission the proposed
6	construction of such a facility before beginning construction of the
7	facility.
8	SECTION 6. IC 8-1-40 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
9	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
10	1, 2017]:
11	Chapter 40. Distributed Generation
12	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the
13	Indiana utility regulatory commission created by IC 8-1-1-2.
14	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "customer" means a person that
15	receives retail electric service from an electricity supplier.
16	Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "distributed generation"
17	means electricity produced by a generator or other device that is:
18	(1) located on the customer's premises;
19	(2) owned by the customer;
20	(3) sized at a nameplate capacity of the lesser of:
21	(A) not more than one (1) megawatt; or
22	(B) the customer's average annual consumption of
23	electricity on the premises; and
24	(4) interconnected and operated in parallel with the electricity
25	supplier's facilities in accordance with the commission's
26	approved interconnection standards.
27	(b) The term does not include electricity produced by the
28	following:
29	(1) An electric generator used exclusively for emergency
30	purposes.
31	(2) A net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k))
32	operating under a net metering tariff.
33	Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "electricity supplier" means
34	a public utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1) that furnishes retail
35	electric service to customers in Indiana.
36	(b) The term does not include a utility that is:
37	(1) a municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(h));
38	(2) a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; or
39	(3) a corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric
40	cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a
41	corporation organized under IC 8-1-13.
42	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "excess distributed generation"



1	means the difference between:
2	(1) the electricity that is supplied by an electricity supplier to
3	a customer that produces distributed generation; and
4	(2) the electricity that is supplied back to the electricity
5	supplier by the customer.
6	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "marginal price of electricity"
7	means the hourly market price for electricity as determined by a
8	regional transmission organization of which the electricity supplier
9	serving a customer is a member.
10	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "net metering tariff" means a
11	tariff that:
12	(1) an electricity supplier offers for net metering under 170
13	IAC 4-4.2; and
14	(2) is in effect on January 1, 2017.
15	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "premises" means a single tract
16	of land on which a customer consumes electricity for residential,
17	business, or other purposes.
18	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "regional transmission
19	organization" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-37-9.
20	Sec. 10. Subject to sections 13 and 14 of this chapter, a net
21	metering tariff of an electricity supplier must remain available to
22	the electricity supplier's customers until the earlier of the
23	following:
24	(1) January 1 of the first calendar year after the calendar year
25	in which the aggregate amount of net metering facility
26	nameplate capacity under the electricity supplier's net
27	metering tariff equals at least one and one-half percent (1.5%)
28	of the most recent summer peak load of the electricity
29	supplier.
30	(2) July 1, 2022.
31	Before July 1, 2022, if an electricity supplier reasonably
32	anticipates, at any point in a calendar year, that the aggregate
33	amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the
34	electricity supplier's net metering tariff will equal at least one and
35	one-half percent (1.5%) of the most recent summer peak load of
36	the electricity supplier, the electricity supplier shall, in accordance
37	with section 16 of this chapter, petition the commission for
38	approval of a rate for the procurement of excess distributed
39	generation.
40	Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in sections 12 and 21(b) of this
41	chapter, before July 1, 2047:

(1) an electricity supplier may not seek to change the terms



and conditions of the electricity supplier's net metering tariff;
and
(2) the commission may not approve changes to an electricity
supplier's net metering tariff.
(b) Except as provided in sections 13 and 14 of this chapter,
after June 30, 2022:
(1) an electricity supplier may not make a net metering tariff
available to customers; and
(2) the terms and conditions of a net metering tariff offered by
an electricity supplier before July 1, 2022, expire and are
unenforceable.
Sec. 12. (a) Before January 1, 2018, the commission shall amend
170 IAC 4-4.2-4, and an electricity supplier shall amend the
electricity supplier's net metering tariff, to do the following:
(1) Increase the allowed limit on the aggregate amount of net
metering facility nameplate capacity under the net metering
tariff to one and one-half percent (1.5%) of the most recent
summer peak load of the electricity supplier.
(2) Modify the required reservation of capacity under the
limit described in subdivision (1) to require the reservation of:
(A) forty percent (40%) of the capacity for participation
by residential customers; and
(B) fifteen percent (15%) of the capacity for participation
by customers that install a net metering facility that uses
a renewable energy resource described in
IC 8-1-37-4(a)(5).
(b) In amending 170 IAC 4-4.2-4, as required by subsection (a),
the commission may adopt emergency rules in the manner
provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1. Notwithstanding IC 4-22-2-37.1(g), an
emergency rule adopted by the commission under this section and
in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1 expires on the date on
which a rule that supersedes the emergency rule is adopted by the
commission under IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36.
Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to a customer that installs a net
metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) on the
customer's premises:
(1) after December 31, 2017; and
(2) before the date on which the net metering tariff of the
customer's electricity supplier terminates under section 10(1)
or 10(2) of this chapter.

(b) A customer that is participating in an electricity supplier's

net metering tariff on the date on which the electricity supplier's



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1	net metering tariff terminates under section 10(1) or 10(2) of this
2	chapter shall continue to be served under the terms and conditions
3	of the net metering tariff until:
4	(1) the customer removes from the customer's premises or
5	replaces the net metering facility (as defined in 170
6	IAC 4-4.2-1(k)); or
7	(2) July 1, 2032;
8	whichever occurs earlier.
9	(c) A successor in interest to a customer's premises on which a
10	net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) that was
11	installed during the period described in subsection (a) is located
12	may, if the successor in interest chooses, be served under the terms
13	and conditions of the net metering tariff of the electricity supplier
14	that provides retail electric service at the premises until:
15	(1) the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k))
16	is removed from the premises or is replaced; or
17	(2) July 1, 2032;
18	whichever occurs earlier.
19	Sec. 14. (a) This section applies to a customer that installs a net
20	metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) on the
21	customer's premises before January 1, 2018.
22	(b) A customer that is participating in an electricity supplier's
23	net metering tariff on December 31, 2017, shall continue to be
24	served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff
25	until:
26	(1) the customer removes from the customer's premises or
27	replaces the net metering facility (as defined in 170
28	IAC 4-4.2-1(k)); or
29	(2) July 1, 2047;
30	whichever occurs earlier.
31	(c) A successor in interest to a customer's premises on which is
32	located a net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k))
33	that was installed before January 1, 2018, may, if the successor in
34	interest chooses, be served under the terms and conditions of the
35	net metering tariff of the electricity supplier that provides retail
36	electric service at the premises until:
37	(1) the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k))
38	is removed from the premises or is replaced; or
39	(2) July 1, 2047;
40	whichever occurs earlier.
41	Sec. 15. An electricity supplier shall procure the excess
42	distributed generation produced by a customer at a rate approved



by the commission under section 17 of this chapter. Amounts credited to a customer by an electricity supplier for excess distributed generation shall be recognized in the electricity supplier's fuel adjustment proceedings under IC 8-1-2-42.

Sec. 16. Not later than March 1, 2021, an electricity supplier shall file with the commission a petition requesting a rate for the procurement of excess distributed generation by the electricity supplier. After an electricity supplier's initial rate for excess distributed generation is approved by the commission under section 17 of this chapter, the electricity supplier shall submit on an annual basis, not later than March 1 of each year, an updated rate for excess distributed generation in accordance with the methodology set forth in section 17 of this chapter.

- Sec. 17. The commission shall review a petition filed under section 16 of this chapter by an electricity supplier and, after notice and a public hearing, shall approve a rate to be credited to participating customers by the electricity supplier for excess distributed generation if the commission finds that the rate requested by the electricity supplier was accurately calculated and equals the product of:
 - (1) the average marginal price of electricity paid by the electricity supplier during the most recent calendar year; multiplied by
 - (2) one and twenty-five hundredths (1.25).
- Sec. 18. An electricity supplier shall compensate a customer from whom the electricity supplier procures excess distributed generation (at the rate approved by the commission under section 17 of this chapter) through a credit on the customer's monthly bill. Any excess credit shall be carried forward and applied against future charges to the customer for as long as the customer receives retail electric service from the electricity supplier at the premises.
- Sec. 19. (a) To ensure that customers that produce distributed generation are properly charged for the costs of the electricity delivery system through which an electricity supplier:
 - (1) provides retail electric service to those customers; and
 - (2) procures excess distributed generation from those customers;
- the electricity supplier may request approval by the commission of the recovery of energy delivery costs attributable to serving customers that produce distributed generation.
- (b) The commission may approve a request for cost recovery submitted by an electricity supplier under subsection (a) if the



1	commission finds that the request:
2	(1) is reasonable; and
3	(2) does not result in a double recovery of energy delivery
4	costs from customers that produce distributed generation.
5	Sec. 20. (a) An electricity supplier shall provide and maintain
6	the metering equipment necessary to carry out the procurement of
7	excess distributed generation from customers in accordance with
8	this chapter.
9	(b) The commission shall recognize in the electricity supplier's
10	basic rates and charges an electricity supplier's reasonable costs
11	for the metering equipment required under subsection (a).
12	Sec. 21. (a) Subject to subsection (b) and sections 10 and 11 of
13	this chapter, after June 30, 2017, the commission's rules and
14	standards set forth in:
15	(1) 170 IAC 4-4.2 (concerning net metering); and
16	(2) 170 IAC 4-4.3 (concerning interconnection);
17	remain in effect and apply to net metering under an electricity
18	supplier's net metering tariff and to distributed generation under
19	this chapter.
20	(b) After June 30, 2017, the commission may adopt changes
21	under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules in the manner
22	provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1, to the rules and standards described
23	in subsection (a) only as necessary to:
24	(1) update fees or charges;
25	(2) adopt revisions necessitated by new technologies; or
26	(3) reflect changes in safety, performance, or reliability
27	standards.
28	Notwithstanding IC 4-22-2-37.1(g), an emergency rule adopted by
29	the commission under this subsection and in the manner provided
30	by IC 4-22-2-37.1 expires on the date on which a rule that
31	supersedes the emergency rule is adopted by the commission under
32	IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36.
33	Sec. 22. A customer that produces distributed generation shall
34	comply with applicable safety, performance, and reliability
35	standards established by the following:
36	(1) The commission.
37	(2) An electricity supplier, subject to approval by the
38	commission.
39	(3) The National Electric Code.
40	(4) The National Electrical Safety Code.
41	(5) The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.
42	(6) Underwriters Laboratories.



1	(7) The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
2	(8) Local regulatory authorities.
3	Sec. 23. (a) A customer that produces distributed generation has
4	the following rights regarding the installation and ownership of
5	distributed generation equipment:
6	(1) The right to know that the attorney general is authorized
7	to enforce this section, including by receiving complaints
8	concerning the installation and ownership of distributed
9	generation equipment.
10	(2) The right to know the expected amount of electricity that
11	will be produced by the distributed generation equipment that
12	the customer is purchasing.
13	(3) The right to know all costs associated with installing
14	distributed generation equipment, including any taxes for
15	which the customer is liable.
16	(4) The right to know the value of all federal, state, or local
17	tax credits or other incentives or rebates that the customer
18	may receive.
19	(5) The right to know the rate at which the customer will be
20	credited for electricity produced by the customer's distributed
21	generation equipment and delivered to a public utility (as
22	defined in IC 8-1-2-1).
23	(6) The right to know if a provider of distributed generation
24	equipment insures the distributed generation equipment
25	against damage or loss and, if applicable, any circumstances
26	under which the provider does not insure against or otherwise
27	cover damage to or loss of the distributed generation
28	equipment.
29	(7) The right to know the responsibilities of a provider of
30	distributed generation equipment with respect to installing or
31	removing distributed generation equipment.
32	(b) The attorney general, in consultation with the commission,
33	shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that the attorney general
34	considers necessary to implement and enforce this section,
35	including a rule requiring written disclosure of the rights set forth
36	in subsection (a) by a provider of distributed generation equipment
37	to a customer. In adopting the rules required by this subsection,
38	the attorney general may adopt emergency rules in the manner
39	provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1. Notwithstanding IC 4-22-2-37.1(g), an

emergency rule adopted by the attorney general under this

subsection and in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1 expires on the date on which a rule that supersedes the emergency rule is



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1	adopted by the attorney general under IC 4-22-2-24 through
2	IC 4-22-2-36.
3	SECTION 7. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017] (a) As used in this
4	SECTION, "legislative council" refers to the legislative council
5	established by IC 2-5-1.1-1.
6	(b) As used in this SECTION, "committee" refers to the interim
7	study committee on energy, utilities, and telecommunications
8	established by IC 2-5-1.3-4(8).
9	(c) The legislative council is urged to assign to the committee
10	during the 2017 legislative interim the topic of self-generation of
11	electricity by school corporations.
12	(d) If the topic described in subsection (c) is assigned to the
13	committee, the committee may:
14	(1) consider, as part of its study:
15	(A) use of self-generation of electricity by school
16	corporations;
17	(B) funding of self-generation of electricity by school
18	corporations; and
19	(C) any other matter concerning self-generation of
20	electricity by school corporations that the committee
21	considers appropriate; and
22	(2) request information from:
23	(A) the Indiana utility regulatory commission;
24	(B) school corporations; and
25	(C) any experts, stakeholders, or other interested parties;
26	concerning the issues set forth in subdivision (1).
27	(e) If the topic described in subsection (c) is assigned to the
28	committee, the committee shall issue a final report to the legislative
29	council containing the committee's findings and recommendations,
30	including any recommended legislation concerning the topic
31	described in subsection (c) or the specific issues described in
32	subsection (d)(1), in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 not later
33	than November 1, 2017.
34	(f) This SECTION expires December 31, 2017.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Utilities, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 309, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 2, line 2, delete "An" and insert "If an".

Page 2, line 3, after "section" insert "maintains a publicly accessible Internet web site, the electricity supplier".

Page 2, line 11, strike "a" and insert "any".

Page 2, line 12, after "fuel," insert "organic waste biomass,".

Page 5, line 17, delete "subsections (a)(2) and (e)." and insert "subsection (a)(2) and section 6(e) of this chapter.".

Page 5, line 19, delete "subsections (a)(2) and (e):" and insert "subsection (a)(2) and section 6(e) of this chapter:".

Page 5, between lines 27 and 28, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 4. IC 8-1-8.5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2015, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) As a condition for receiving the certificate required under section 2 of this chapter, the applicant shall file an estimate of construction, purchase, or lease costs in such detail as the commission may require.

- (b) The commission shall hold a public hearing on each such application. The commission may consider all relevant information related to construction, purchase, or lease costs. A certificate shall be granted only if the commission has:
 - (1) made a finding as to the best estimate of construction, purchase, or lease costs based on the evidence of record;
 - (2) made a finding that either:
 - (A) the construction, purchase, or lease will be consistent with the commission's analysis (or such part of the analysis as may then be developed, if any) for expansion of electric generating capacity; or
 - (B) the construction, purchase, or lease is consistent with a utility specific proposal submitted under section 3(e)(1) of this chapter and approved under subsection (d). However, if the commission has developed, in whole or in part, an analysis for the expansion of electric generating capacity and the applicant has filed and the commission has approved under subsection (d) a utility specific proposal submitted under section 3(e)(1) of this chapter, the commission shall make a finding under this clause that the construction, purchase, or lease is consistent



- with the commission's analysis, to the extent developed, and that the construction, purchase, or lease is consistent with the applicant's plan under section 3(e)(1) of this chapter, to the extent the plan was approved by the commission;
- (3) made a finding that the public convenience and necessity require or will require the construction, purchase, or lease of the facility;
- (4) made a finding that the facility, if it is a coal-consuming facility, utilizes Indiana coal or is justified, because of economic considerations or governmental requirements, in using non-Indiana coal; and
- (5) made the findings under subsection (e), if applicable.

(c) If:

- (1) the commission grants a certificate under this chapter based upon a finding under subsection (b)(2) that the construction, purchase, or lease of a generating facility is consistent with the commission's analysis for the expansion of electric generating capacity; and
- (2) a court finally determines that the commission analysis is invalid:

the certificate shall remain in full force and effect if the certificate was also based upon a finding under subsection (b)(2) that the construction, purchase, or lease of the facility was consistent with a utility specific plan submitted under section 3(e)(1) of this chapter and approved under subsection (d).

- (d) The commission shall consider and approve, in whole or in part, or disapprove a utility specific proposal or an amendment thereto jointly with an application for a certificate under this chapter. However, such an approval or disapproval shall be solely for the purpose of acting upon the pending certificate for the construction, purchase, or lease of a facility for the generation of electricity.
- (e) This subsection applies if an applicant proposes to construct a facility with a generating capacity of more than eighty (80) megawatts. Before granting a certificate to the applicant, the commission:
 - (1) must, in addition to the findings required under subsection (b), find that:
 - (A) the estimated costs of the proposed facility are, to the extent commercially practicable, the result of competitively bid engineering, procurement, or construction contracts, as applicable; and
 - (B) the applicant allowed third parties to submit firm and binding bids for the construction of the proposed facility



on behalf of the applicant that met all of the technical, commercial, and other specifications required by the applicant for the proposed facility so as to enable ownership of the proposed facility to vest with the applicant not later than the date on which the proposed facility becomes commercially available; and

- (2) shall also consider the following factors:
 - (A) Reliability.
 - (B) Solicitation by the applicant of competitive bids to obtain purchased power capacity and energy from alternative suppliers.

The applicant, including an affiliate of the applicant, may participate in competitive bidding described in this subsection.".

Page 6, line 6, delete "IC 8-1-37-4(a)(1) or IC 8-1-37-4(a)(2);" and insert "IC 8-1-37-4(a)(1), IC 8-1-37-4(a)(2), or IC 8-1-37-4(a)(5);".

Page 6, delete lines 19 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 8-1-40 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]:

Chapter 40. Distributed Generation

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the Indiana utility regulatory commission created by IC 8-1-1-2.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "customer" means a person that receives retail electric service from an electricity supplier.
- Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "distributed generation" means electricity produced by a generator or other device that is:
 - (1) located on the customer's premises;
 - (2) owned by the customer;
 - (3) sized at a nameplate capacity of the lesser of:
 - (A) not more than one (1) megawatt; or
 - (B) the customer's average annual consumption of electricity on the premises; and
 - (4) interconnected and operated in parallel with the electricity supplier's facilities in accordance with the commission's approved interconnection standards.
- (b) The term does not include electricity produced by the following:
 - (1) An electric generator used exclusively for emergency purposes.
 - (2) A net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) operating under a net metering tariff.



- Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "electricity supplier" means a public utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1) that furnishes retail electric service to customers in Indiana.
 - (b) The term does not include a utility that is:
 - (1) a municipally owned utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(h));
 - (2) a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13; or
 - (3) a corporation organized under IC 23-17 that is an electric cooperative and that has at least one (1) member that is a corporation organized under IC 8-1-13.
- Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "excess distributed generation" means the difference between:
 - (1) the electricity that is supplied by an electricity supplier to a customer that produces distributed generation; and
 - (2) the electricity that is supplied back to the electricity supplier by the customer.
- Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "marginal price of electricity" means the hourly market price for electricity as determined by a regional transmission organization of which the electricity supplier serving a customer is a member.
- Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "net metering tariff" means a tariff that:
 - (1) an electricity supplier offers for net metering under 170 IAC 4-4.2; and
 - (2) is in effect on January 1, 2017.
- Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "premises" means a single tract of land on which a customer consumes electricity for residential, business, or other purposes.
- Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "regional transmission organization" has the meaning set forth in IC 8-1-37-9.
- Sec. 10. Subject to sections 13 and 14 of this chapter, a net metering tariff of an electricity supplier must remain available to the electricity supplier's customers until the earlier of the following:
 - (1) January 1 of the first calendar year after the calendar year in which the aggregate amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the electricity supplier's net metering tariff equals at least one and one-half percent (1.5%) of the most recent summer peak load of the electricity supplier.
 - (2) July 1, 2022.

Before July 1, 2022, if an electricity supplier reasonably anticipates, at any point in a calendar year, that the aggregate



amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the electricity supplier's net metering tariff will equal at least one and one-half percent (1.5%) of the most recent summer peak load of the electricity supplier, the electricity supplier shall, in accordance with section 16 of this chapter, petition the commission for approval of a rate for the procurement of excess distributed generation.

- Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in sections 12 and 21(b) of this chapter, before July 1, 2047:
 - (1) an electricity supplier may not seek to change the terms and conditions of the electricity supplier's net metering tariff; and
 - (2) the commission may not approve changes to an electricity supplier's net metering tariff.
- (b) Except as provided in sections 13 and 14 of this chapter, after June 30, 2022:
 - (1) an electricity supplier may not make a net metering tariff available to customers; and
 - (2) the terms and conditions of a net metering tariff offered by an electricity supplier before July 1, 2022, expire and are unenforceable.
- Sec. 12. (a) Before January 1, 2018, the commission shall amend 170 IAC 4-4.2-4, and an electricity supplier shall amend the electricity supplier's net metering tariff, to do the following:
 - (1) Increase the allowed limit on the aggregate amount of net metering facility nameplate capacity under the net metering tariff to one and one-half percent (1.5%) of the most recent summer peak load of the electricity supplier.
 - (2) Modify the required reservation of capacity under the limit described in subdivision (1) to require the reservation of:
 - (A) forty percent (40%) of the capacity for participation by residential customers; and
 - (B) fifteen percent (15%) of the capacity for participation by customers that install a net metering facility that uses a renewable energy resource described in IC 8-1-37-4(a)(5).
- (b) In amending 170 IAC 4-4.2-4, as required by subsection (a), the commission may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1. Notwithstanding IC 4-22-2-37.1(g), an emergency rule adopted by the commission under this section and in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1 expires on the date on which a rule that supersedes the emergency rule is adopted by the



commission under IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36.

Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to a customer that installs a net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) on the customer's premises:

- (1) after June 30, 2017; and
- (2) before the date on which the net metering tariff of the customer's electricity supplier terminates under section 10(1) or 10(2) of this chapter.
- (b) A customer that is participating in an electricity supplier's net metering tariff on the date on which the electricity supplier's net metering tariff terminates under section 10(1) or 10(2) of this chapter shall continue to be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff until:
 - (1) the customer no longer owns, occupies, or resides at the premises on which the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) is located; or
 - (2) July 1, 2032;

whichever occurs earlier.

- Sec. 14. (a) This section applies to a customer that installs a net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) on the customer's premises before July 1, 2017.
- (b) A customer that is participating in an electricity supplier's net metering tariff on July 1, 2017, shall continue to be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff until:
 - (1) the customer no longer owns, occupies, or resides at the premises on which the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) is located; or
 - (2) July 1, 2047;

whichever occurs earlier.

- Sec. 15. An electricity supplier shall procure the excess distributed generation produced by a customer at a rate approved by the commission under section 17 of this chapter. Amounts credited to a customer by an electricity supplier for excess distributed generation shall be recognized in the electricity supplier's fuel adjustment proceedings under IC 8-1-2-42.
- Sec. 16. Not later than March 1, 2021, an electricity supplier shall file with the commission a petition requesting a rate for the procurement of excess distributed generation by the electricity supplier. After an electricity supplier's initial rate for excess distributed generation is approved by the commission under section 17 of this chapter, the electricity supplier shall submit on an annual basis, not later than March 1 of each year, an updated rate



for excess distributed generation in accordance with the methodology set forth in section 17 of this chapter.

- Sec. 17. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the commission shall review a petition filed under section 16 of this chapter by an electricity supplier and, after notice and a public hearing, shall approve a rate to be credited to participating customers by the electricity supplier for excess distributed generation if the commission finds that the rate requested by the electricity supplier was accurately calculated and equals the product of:
 - (1) the average marginal price of electricity paid by the electricity supplier during the most recent calendar year; multiplied by
 - (2) one and twenty-five hundredths (1.25).
- (b) In a petition filed under section 16 of this chapter, an electricity supplier may request that the rate to be credited to a customer for excess distributed generation be set by the commission at a rate equal to the average marginal price of electricity during the most recent calendar year. The commission shall approve a rate requested under this subsection if the commission determines that the break even cost of excess distributed generation effectively competes with the cost of generation produced by the electricity supplier.
- Sec. 18. An electricity supplier shall compensate a customer from whom the electricity supplier procures excess distributed generation (at the rate approved by the commission under section 17 of this chapter) through a credit on the customer's monthly bill. Any excess credit shall be carried forward and applied against future charges to the customer for as long as the customer receives retail electric service from the electricity supplier at the premises.
- Sec. 19. (a) To ensure that customers that produce distributed generation are properly charged for the costs of the electricity delivery system through which an electricity supplier:
 - (1) provides retail electric service to those customers; and
 - (2) procures excess distributed generation from those customers;

the electricity supplier may request approval by the commission of the recovery of energy delivery costs attributable to serving customers that produce distributed generation.

- (b) The commission may approve a request for cost recovery submitted by an electricity supplier under subsection (a) if the commission finds that the request:
 - (1) is reasonable; and



- (2) does not result in a double recovery of energy delivery costs from customers that produce distributed generation.
- Sec. 20. (a) An electricity supplier shall provide and maintain the metering equipment necessary to carry out the procurement of excess distributed generation from customers in accordance with this chapter.
- (b) The commission shall recognize in the electricity supplier's basic rates and charges an electricity supplier's reasonable costs for the metering equipment required under subsection (a).
- Sec. 21. (a) Subject to subsection (b) and sections 10 and 11 of this chapter, after June 30, 2017, the commission's rules and standards set forth in:
 - (1) 170 IAC 4-4.2 (concerning net metering); and
 - (2) 170 IAC 4-4.3 (concerning interconnection);
- remain in effect and apply to net metering under an electricity supplier's net metering tariff and to distributed generation under this chapter.
- (b) After June 30, 2017, the commission may adopt changes under IC 4-22-2, including emergency rules in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1, to the rules and standards described in subsection (a) only as necessary to:
 - (1) update fees or charges;
 - (2) adopt revisions necessitated by new technologies; or
 - (3) reflect changes in safety, performance, or reliability standards.

Notwithstanding IC 4-22-2-37.1(g), an emergency rule adopted by the commission under this subsection and in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1 expires on the date on which a rule that supersedes the emergency rule is adopted by the commission under IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36.

- Sec. 22. A customer that produces distributed generation shall comply with applicable safety, performance, and reliability standards established by the following:
 - (1) The commission.
 - (2) An electricity supplier, subject to approval by the commission.
 - (3) The National Electric Code.
 - (4) The National Electrical Safety Code.
 - (5) The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.
 - (6) Underwriters Laboratories.
 - (7) The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
 - (8) Local regulatory authorities.



- Sec. 23. (a) A customer that produces distributed generation has the following rights regarding the installation and ownership of distributed generation equipment:
 - (1) The right to know that the attorney general is authorized to enforce this section, including by receiving complaints concerning the installation and ownership of distributed generation equipment.
 - (2) The right to know the expected amount of electricity that will be produced by the distributed generation equipment that the customer is purchasing.
 - (3) The right to know all costs associated with installing distributed generation equipment, including any taxes for which the customer is liable.
 - (4) The right to know the value of all federal, state, or local tax credits or other incentives or rebates that the customer may receive.
 - (5) The right to know the rate at which the customer will be credited for electricity produced by the customer's distributed generation equipment and delivered to a public utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1).
 - (6) The right to know if a provider of distributed generation equipment insures the distributed generation equipment against damage or loss and, if applicable, any circumstances under which the provider does not insure against or otherwise cover damage to or loss of the distributed generation equipment.
 - (7) The right to know the responsibilities of a provider of distributed generation equipment with respect to installing or removing distributed generation equipment.
- (b) The attorney general, in consultation with the commission, shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that the attorney general considers necessary to implement and enforce this section, including a rule requiring written disclosure of the rights set forth in subsection (a) by a provider of distributed generation equipment to a customer. In adopting the rules required by this subsection, the attorney general may adopt emergency rules in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1. Notwithstanding IC 4-22-2-37.1(g), an emergency rule adopted by the attorney general under this subsection and in the manner provided by IC 4-22-2-37.1 expires on the date on which a rule that supersedes the emergency rule is adopted by the attorney general under IC 4-22-2-24 through IC 4-22-2-36."



Delete pages 7 through 11.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 309 as introduced.)

MERRITT, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 2.

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 309 be amended to read as follows:

Page 7, line 14, after "allowed" insert "or will allow".

Page 7, line 16, after "met" insert "or meet".

(Reference is to SB 309 as printed February 21, 2017.)

HERSHMAN

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Utilities, Energy and Telecommunications, to which was referred Senate Bill 309, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 21 through 33.

Page 3, reset in roman line 39.

Page 3, line 40, reset in roman "small hydro".

Page 3, line 40, delete "eligible".

Page 4, line 8, reset in roman "alternate energy production facilities, cogeneration facilities, or".

Page 4, line 9, reset in roman "small hydro".

Page 4, line 9, delete "eligible".

Page 4, line 11, reset in roman "alternate".

Page 4, line 12, reset in roman "energy production facility, cogeneration facility, or small hydro".

Page 4, line 12, delete "eligible".

Page 4, line 16, reset in roman "alternate energy".

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Page 4, line 17, reset in roman "production, cogeneration, and small hydro".

Page 4, line 17, delete "eligible".

Page 5, line 3, reset in roman "alternate energy production facility,".

Page 5, line 4, reset in roman "cogeneration facility, or small hydro".

Page 5, line 4, delete "eligible".

Page 5, line 12, reset in roman "alternate energy".

Page 5, line 13, reset in roman "production facility, cogeneration facility, or small hydro".

Page 5, line 13, delete "eligible".

Page 7, line 14, after "(B)" insert "if the applicant is an electricity supplier (as defined in IC 8-1-37-6),".

Page 7, line 37, reset in roman "alternate energy production facility,".

Page 7, line 38, reset in roman "cogeneration facility, or a small hydro".

Page 7, line 38, delete "eligible".

Page 11, delete lines 5 through 32, begin a new paragraph and insert the following:

"Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to a customer that installs a net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) on the customer's premises:

- (1) after December 31, 2017; and
- (2) before the date on which the net metering tariff of the customer's electricity supplier terminates under section 10(1) or 10(2) of this chapter.
- (b) A customer that is participating in an electricity supplier's net metering tariff on the date on which the electricity supplier's net metering tariff terminates under section 10(1) or 10(2) of this chapter shall continue to be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff until:
 - (1) the customer removes from the customer's premises or replaces the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)); or
 - (2) July 1, 2032;

whichever occurs earlier.

(c) A successor in interest to a customer's premises on which a net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) that was installed during the period described in subsection (a) is located may, if the successor in interest chooses, be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff of the electricity supplier that provides retail electric service at the premises until:



- (1) the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) is removed from the premises or is replaced; or
- (2) July 1, 2032;

whichever occurs earlier.

- Sec. 14. (a) This section applies to a customer that installs a net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) on the customer's premises before January 1, 2018.
- (b) A customer that is participating in an electricity supplier's net metering tariff on December 31, 2017, shall continue to be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff until:
 - (1) the customer removes from the customer's premises or replaces the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)); or
 - (2) July 1, 2047;

whichever occurs earlier.

- (c) A successor in interest to a customer's premises on which is located a net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) that was installed before January 1, 2018, may, if the successor in interest chooses, be served under the terms and conditions of the net metering tariff of the electricity supplier that provides retail electric service at the premises until:
 - (1) the net metering facility (as defined in 170 IAC 4-4.2-1(k)) is removed from the premises or is replaced; or
 - (2) July 1, 2047;

whichever occurs earlier.".

Page 12, line 6, delete "(a) Subject to subsection (b), the" and insert "**The**".

Page 12, delete lines 17 through 25.

Page 15, after line 3, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 7. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017] (a) As used in this SECTION, "legislative council" refers to the legislative council established by IC 2-5-1.1-1.

- (b) As used in this SECTION, "committee" refers to the interim study committee on energy, utilities, and telecommunications established by IC 2-5-1.3-4(8).
- (c) The legislative council is urged to assign to the committee during the 2017 legislative interim the topic of self-generation of electricity by school corporations.
- (d) If the topic described in subsection (c) is assigned to the committee, the committee may:
 - (1) consider, as part of its study:



- (A) use of self-generation of electricity by school corporations;
- (B) funding of self-generation of electricity by school corporations; and
- (C) any other matter concerning self-generation of electricity by school corporations that the committee considers appropriate; and
- (2) request information from:
 - (A) the Indiana utility regulatory commission;
 - (B) school corporations; and
- (C) any experts, stakeholders, or other interested parties; concerning the issues set forth in subdivision (1).
- (e) If the topic described in subsection (c) is assigned to the committee, the committee shall issue a final report to the legislative council containing the committee's findings and recommendations, including any recommended legislation concerning the topic described in subsection (c) or the specific issues described in subsection (d)(1), in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 not later than November 1, 2017.
 - (f) This SECTION expires December 31, 2017.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 309 as reprinted February 24, 2017.)

OBER

Committee Vote: yeas 8, nays 5.

