SENATE BILL No. 330

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 22-9-2.5.

Synopsis: Vaccine status discrimination. Provides that certain acts by a person, an employer, or a governmental entity concerning an individual's vaccination status or whether an individual has an immunization passport are against public policy. Provides that the Indiana department of labor may investigate and issue administrative orders for violations or threatened violations.

Effective: July 1, 2022.

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January 11, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider Services.



Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 330

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 22-9-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2022]:
4	Chapter 2.5. Vaccination Discrimination
5	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to vaccination requirements
6	set forth in:
7	(1) IC 12-17.2-6-11;
8	(2) IC 20-34-4-2; and
9	(3) IC 21-40-5-2.
10	Sec. 2. This chapter does not apply to a comprehensive care
11	health facility, as defined in IC 16-28-2.5-3, a long term care
12	facility, or an assisted living facility during any period of time that
13	would result in a violation of regulations or guidelines issued by the
14	United States Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or the
15	United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
16	Sec. 3. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:
17	(1) "Health care facility" means an institution, building, or



1	agency that is:
2	(A) private or public; and
3	(B) operated or designed to provide health services,
4	medical treatment, or nursing, rehabilitative, or preventive
5	care.
6	This term does not apply to a federal facility.
7	(2) "Immunization passport" means written, electronic, or
8	printed information regarding an individual's immunization
9	status.
10	(3) "Long term care facility" means any of the following:
11	(A) A facility licensed under or subject to IC 16-28-2.
12	(B) An adult care home as a residential care facility.
13	(C) A facility certified as a Medicaid waiver facility for the
14	aged and disabled population.
15	(4) "Vaccination status" means an indication of whether an
16	individual has received one (1) or more doses of a vaccine.
17	Sec. 4. A person recommending that an employee receive a
18	vaccine does not constitute a violation of this chapter.
19	Sec. 5. A health care facility does not violate this chapter if the
20	health care facility:
21	(1) asks an employee to volunteer the employee's vaccination
22	status or immunization status for the purpose of determining
23	whether the health care facility should implement reasonable
24	accommodation measures to protect the health and safety of
25	employees, patients, visitors, and other individuals from
26	communicable diseases; and
27	(2) implements reasonable accommodation measures to
28	employees, visitors, and other individuals who are not
29	vaccinated or not immune to protect the health and safety of
30	employees, patients, visitors, and other individuals from
31	communicable diseases.
32	Sec. 6. It is declared to be an unfair employment practice and to
33	be against public policy for a person to:
34	(1) dismiss an individual from employment;
35	(2) refuse to employ an individual;
36	(3) refuse to rehire an individual; or
37	(4) discriminate against an individual in compensation or in
38	a term, condition, or privilege of employment;
39	based on the individual's vaccination status or whether the
40	individual has an immunization passport.
41	Sec. 7. It is declared to be against public policy for a person or

a governmental entity to refuse, withhold from, or deny to any



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1	individual:
2	(1) any local or state services;
3	(2) goods;
4	(3) facilities;
5	(4) advantages;
6	(5) privileges;
7	(6) educational opportunities;
8	(7) health care access; or
9	(8) employment opportunities;
10	based on the individual's vaccination status or whether the
11	individual has an immunization passport.
12	Sec. 8. It is declared to be against public policy if a person:
13	(1) excludes an individual from;
14	(2) limits an individual's access to;
15	(3) segregates individuals in; or
16	(4) refuses to serve an individual in;
17	a public accommodation because of the individual's vaccination
18	status or whether the individual has an immunization passport.
19	Sec. 9. (a) An individual may file a complaint regarding an act
20	or a threatened act described in sections 6 through 8 of this chapter
21	with the department of labor.
22	(b) The department of labor shall investigate all complaints filed
23	under subsection (a).
24	(c) If the department of labor determines that a violation or a
25	threatened violation of this chapter has occurred, the department
26	of labor may issue an administrative order providing for any of the
27	following civil remedies:
28	(1) The greater of:
29	(A) actual and consequential damages resulting from the
30	violation or threatened violation; or
31	(B) liquidated damages of not more than one thousand
32	dollars (\$1,000).
33	(2) Reasonable attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs.

