Second Regular Session 120th General Assembly (2018)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2017 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE ENROLLED ACT No. 347

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 5-1-11-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or in the statute authorizing their issuance, all bonds issued by or in the name of counties, townships, cities, towns, school corporations, and special taxing districts, agencies or instrumentalities thereof, or by entities required to sell bonds pursuant to IC 5-1-11, whether the same be bonds are general obligations or issued in anticipation of the collection of special taxes or be are payable out of revenues, shall may be sold:

- (1) at a public sale; or
- (2) alternatively, at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021, in the case of:
 - (A) a consolidated city;
 - (B) a second class city; or
 - (C) a school corporation located in a city described in clause (A) or (B).
- (b) The word "bonds" as used in this chapter means any obligations issued by or in the name of any of the political subdivisions or bodies referred to in subsection (a), except obligations payable in the year in which they are issued, obligations issued in anticipation of the collection of delinquent taxes, and obligations issued in anticipation of the collection of frozen bank deposits.



(c) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsection (a) or any of the provisions of section 2 of this chapter, any bonds may be sold to the federal government or any agency thereof, at private sale and without a public offering.

SECTION 2. IC 5-1-11-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) Notice of sale of bonds required to be sold at public sale under section 1 of this chapter shall be published in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and either IC 5-3-1 or subsection (b).

- (b) If a political subdivision or body referred to in section 1 of this chapter determines to sell bonds under this subsection, notice of intent to sell such bonds shall be published once each week for two (2) weeks in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4 and in a newspaper of general circulation published in the state capital. The notice must state that any person interested in submitting a bid for the bonds may furnish in writing to the official of the political subdivision or body responsible for their sale, at the address set forth in the notice, the person's name, address, and telephone number. The person may also furnish a telex number. The notice of intent to sell bonds must state:
 - (1) the amount of the bonds to be offered;
 - (2) the denominations;
 - (3) the dates of maturity;
 - (4) the maximum rate or rates of interest;
 - (5) the place of sale; and
 - (6) the time within which the name, address, and telephone number must be furnished, which must not be less than seven (7) days after the last publication of the notice of intent to sell.

The official of the political subdivision or body responsible for the bond sale shall notify each person so registered of the date and time bids will be received not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the date and time of sale. The notification shall be made by telephone at the number furnished by the person, and also by telex if the person furnishes a telex number. Bids may not be received more than ninety (90) days after the first publication of the notice of intent to sell.

(c) This chapter does not prevent the sale of bonds under the provisions of any statute inconsistent with this chapter so long as the procedures required for the sale in that statute are complied with, but if notice of that sale must be published, the notice shall be published in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

SECTION 3. IC 5-1-11-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) In cases where other statutes authorize the issuance and exchange of new bonds for the purpose of



refunding or redeeming outstanding bonds for the payment of which no funds are available, it shall be the duty of the officers charged with issuance and exchange of such the new bonds to cause the same bonds to be offered:

- (1) at a public sale as provided in this chapter; or
- (2) alternatively, at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021, in the case of:
 - (A) a consolidated city;
 - (B) a second class city; or
 - (C) a school corporation located in a city described in clause (A) or (B).
- (b) In cases where it is necessary to provide for the refunding of bonds or interest coupons maturing at various times over a period not exceeding six (6) months, the bodies and officials charged with the duty of issuing and selling such the refunding bonds may, for the purpose of reducing the cost of issuance thereof, of the bonds, issue and sell one (1) issue of bonds in an amount sufficient to provide for the refunding of all of the bonds and interest coupons required to be refunded during said the six (6) months month period.

SECTION 4. IC 14-27-6-40, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 425, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 40. The provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the following apply to proceedings under this chapter:

- (1) The filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of the petition.
- (2) The giving of notice of determination to issue bonds.
- (3) The giving of notice of hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds and the right of taxpayers to appeal and be heard on the proposed appropriation.
- (4) The approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance.
- (5) The right of:
 - (A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
 - (B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a).
- (6) The sale of bonds at:
 - (A) a public sale for not less than the par value; or
 - (B) alternatively, a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021, in the case of a city described in



section 1(1) of this chapter.

SECTION 5. IC 20-48-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 522, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) Bonds issued by a school corporation **shall be sold:**

- (1) at a public sale; or
- (2) alternatively, at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021, in the case of a school corporation located in:
 - (A) a consolidated city; or
 - (B) a second class city.
- **(b) If the bonds are sold at a public sale, the bonds** must be sold at:
 - (1) not less than par value;
 - (2) a public sale as provided by IC 5-1-11; and
 - (3) any rate or rates of interest determined by the bidding.
- (b) (c) This subsection does not apply to bonds for which a school corporation:
 - (1) after June 30, 2008, makes a preliminary determination as described in IC 6-1.1-20-3.1 or IC 6-1.1-20-3.5 or a decision as described in IC 6-1.1-20-5; or
 - (2) in the case of bonds not subject to IC 6-1.1-20-3.1, IC 6-1.1-20-3.5, or IC 6-1.1-20-5, adopts a resolution or ordinance authorizing the bonds after June 30, 2008.

If the net interest cost exceeds eight percent (8%) per year, the bonds must not be issued until the issuance is approved by the department of local government finance.

SECTION 6. IC 36-3-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 703, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) This section applies whenever a special taxing district of the consolidated city has the power to issue bonds, notes, or warrants.

- (b) Before any bonds, notes, or warrants of a special taxing district may be issued, the issue must be approved by resolution of the legislative body of the consolidated city.
- (c) Any bonds of a special taxing district must be issued in the manner prescribed by statute for that district, and the board of the department having jurisdiction over the district shall:
 - (1) hold all required hearings;
 - (2) adopt all necessary resolutions; and
 - (3) appropriate the proceeds of the bonds;

in that manner. However, the legislative body shall levy each year the



special tax required to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds and any bank paying charges.

- (d) Notwithstanding any other statute, bonds of a special taxing district may:
 - (1) be dated;
 - (2) be issued in any denomination;
 - (3) except as otherwise provided by IC 5-1-14-10, mature at any time or times not exceeding fifty (50) years after their date; and
- (4) be payable at any bank or banks; as determined by the board. **If the bonds are sold at a public sale**, the interest rate or rates that the bonds will bear must be determined by bidding, notwithstanding IC 5-1-11-3.
- (e) Bonds of a special taxing district are subject to the provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to the following:
 - (1) The filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice of the petition.
 - (2) The giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds.
 - (3) The right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation.
 - (4) The approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance.
 - (5) The right of:
 - (A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
 - (B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a).
 - (6) The sale of bonds at a public sale or at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021.
 - (7) The maximum term or repayment period provided by IC 5-1-14-10.

SECTION 7. IC 36-7-18-31 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 31. (a) Issues of bonds, notes, or warrants of a housing authority must be approved by the fiscal body of the unit after a public hearing, with notice of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing given by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The bonds, notes, or warrants must then be authorized by resolution of the authority.

- (b) After the bonds, notes, or warrants have been approved under subsection (a), they may be issued in one (1) or more series, with the:
 - (1) dates;



- (2) maturities;
- (3) denominations;
- (4) form, either coupon or registered;
- (5) conversion or registration privileges;
- (6) rank or priority;
- (7) manner of execution;
- (8) medium of payment;
- (9) places of payment; and
- (10) terms of redemption, with or without premium; provided by the resolution or its trust indenture or mortgage.
- (c) The bonds, notes, or warrants shall be sold at a public sale under IC 5-1-11, for not less than par value, after notice published in accordance with IC 5-3-1. However, they may be sold at not less than par value to the federal government:
 - (1) at private sale without any public advertisement; or
 - (2) alternatively, at a negotiated sale after July 1, 2018, and before June 30, 2021, in the case of a housing authority of:
 - (A) a consolidated city; or
 - (B) a second class city.
- (d) If any of the commissioners or officers of the housing authority whose signatures appear on any bonds, notes, or warrants or coupons cease to be commissioners or officers before the delivery, exchange, or substitution of the bonds, notes, or warrants, their signatures remain valid and sufficient for all purposes, as if they had remained in office until the delivery, exchange, or substitution.
- (e) Subject to provision for registration and notwithstanding any other law, any bonds, notes, or warrants issued under this chapter are fully negotiable.
- (f) In any proceedings involving the validity or enforceability of any bond, note, or warrant of a housing authority or of its security, if the instrument states that it has been issued by the authority to aid in financing a housing project to provide dwelling accommodations for persons of low income, it shall be conclusively presumed to have been issued for that purpose and the project shall be conclusively presumed to have been planned, located, and constructed in accordance with this chapter.

SECTION 8. IC 36-10-3-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 793, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 24. (a) In order to raise money to pay for land to be acquired for any of the purposes named in this chapter, to pay for an improvement authorized by this chapter, or both, and in anticipation of the special benefit tax to be levied as provided in



this chapter, the board shall cause to be issued, in the name of the unit, the bonds of the district. The bonds may not exceed in amount the total cost of all land to be acquired and all improvements described in the resolution, including all expenses necessarily incurred in connection with the proceedings, together with a sum sufficient to pay the costs of supervision and inspection during the period of construction of a work. The expenses to be covered in the bond issue include all expenses of every kind actually incurred preliminary to acquiring the land and the construction of the work, such as the cost of the necessary record, engineering expenses, publication of notices, preparation of bonds, and other necessary expenses. If more than one (1) resolution or proceeding of the board under section 23 of this chapter is confirmed whereby different parcels of land are to be acquired, or more than one (1) contract for work is let by the board at approximately the same time, the cost involved under all of the resolutions and proceedings may be included in one (1) issue of bonds.

- (b) The bonds may be issued in any denomination not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each, in not less than five (5) nor more than forty (40) annual series. The bonds are payable one (1) series each year, beginning at a date after the receipt of taxes from a levy made for that purpose. The bonds are negotiable. The bonds may bear interest at any rate, payable semiannually. After adopting a resolution ordering bonds, the board shall certify a copy of the resolution to the unit's fiscal officer. The fiscal officer shall prepare the bonds, and the unit's executive shall execute them, attested by the fiscal officer.
- (c) The bonds and the interest on them are exempt from taxation as prescribed by IC 6-8-5-1. Bonds issued under this section are subject to the provisions of IC 5-1 and IC 6-1.1-20 relating to:
 - (1) the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds;
 - (2) the right of:
 - (A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
 - (B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);
 - (3) the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds and approval by the department of local government finance; and
 - (4) the sale of bonds at:
 - (A) a public sale for not less than their par value; or
 - (B) a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021, in the case of a board of a district in:
 - (i) a consolidated city; or



(ii) a second class city.

(d) The board may not have bonds of the district issued under this section that are payable by special taxation when the total issue for that purpose, including the bonds already issued or to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the adjusted value of the taxable property in the district as determined under IC 36-1-15. All bonds or obligations issued in violation of this subsection are void. The bonds are not obligations or indebtedness of the unit, but constitute an indebtedness of the district as a special taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable only out of a special tax levied upon all the property of the district as prescribed by this chapter. The bonds must recite the terms upon their face, together with the purposes for which they are issued.

SECTION 9. IC 36-10-3-42 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 42. (a) The board shall hold a hearing as required by section 25 of this chapter. The board shall appropriate the proceeds of the bonds as required by law for special taxing district bonds.

- (b) IC 6-1.1-20-1, IC 6-1.1-20-2, and IC 6-1.1-20-5 apply to the issuance of the bonds.
- (c) The bonds may be sold at **a** public sale in accordance with IC 5-1-11 or may be sold at a negotiated sale.

SECTION 10. IC 36-10-8-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-2009, SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 16. (a) A capital improvement may be financed in whole or in part by the issuance of general obligation bonds of the county or, if the board was created under IC 18-7-18 (before its repeal on February 24, 1982), also of the city, if the board determines that the estimated annual net income of the capital improvement, plus the estimated annual tax revenues to be derived from any tax revenues made available for this purpose, will not be sufficient to satisfy and pay the principal of and interest on all bonds issued under this chapter, including the bonds then proposed to be issued.

(b) If the board desires to finance a capital improvement in whole or in part as provided in this section, it shall have prepared a resolution to be adopted by the county executive authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds, or, if the board was created under IC 18-7-18 (before its repeal on February 24, 1982), by the fiscal body of the city authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds. The resolution must set forth an itemization of the funds and assets received by the board, together with the board's valuation and certification of the cost. The resolution must state the date or dates on which the principal of the bonds is payable, the maximum interest rate to be paid, and the other



terms upon which the bonds shall be issued. The board shall submit the proposed resolution to the proper officers, together with a certificate to the effect that the issuance of bonds in accordance with the resolution will be in compliance with this section. The certificate must also state the estimated annual net income of the capital improvement to be financed by the bonds, the estimated annual tax revenues, and the maximum amount payable in any year as principal and interest on the bonds issued under this chapter, including the bonds proposed to be issued, at the maximum interest rate set forth in the resolution. The bonds issued may mature over a period not exceeding forty (40) years from the date of issue.

- (c) Upon receipt of the resolution and certificate, the proper officers may adopt them and take all action necessary to issue the bonds in accordance with the resolution. An action to contest the validity of bonds issued under this section **and sold at a public sale** may not be brought after the fifteenth day following the receipt of bids for the bonds.
 - (d) The provisions of all general statutes relating to:
 - (1) the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice;
 - (2) the right of:
 - (A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
 - (B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);
 - (3) the giving of notice of the determination to issue bonds;
 - (4) the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds;
 - (5) the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation;
 - (6) the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance; and
 - (7) the sale of bonds at a public sale or at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021;

apply to the issuance of bonds under this section.

SECTION 11. IC 36-10-9-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.182-2009(ss), SECTION 459, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 15. (a) A capital improvement may be financed in whole or in part by the issuance of general obligation bonds of the county.

(b) If the board desires to finance a capital improvement in whole



or in part as provided in this section, it shall have prepared a resolution to be adopted by the board of commissioners of the county authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds. The resolution must state the date or dates on which the principal of the bonds is payable, the maximum interest rate to be paid, and the other terms upon which the bonds shall be issued. The board shall submit the proposed resolution to the city-county legislative body for approval under IC 36-3-6-9, together with a certificate to the effect that the issuance of bonds in accordance with the resolution will be in compliance with this section. The certificate must also state the estimated annual net income of the capital improvement to be financed by the bonds, the estimated annual tax revenues, and the maximum amount payable in any year as principal and interest on the bonds issued under this chapter, including the bonds proposed to be issued, at the maximum interest rate set forth in the resolution. The bonds issued may mature over a period not exceeding forty (40) years from the date of issue.

- (c) If the city-county legislative body approves the issuance of bonds under IC 36-3-6-9, the board shall submit the resolution to the executive of the consolidated city, who shall review the resolution. If the executive approves the resolution, the board shall take all action necessary to issue the bonds in accordance with the resolution. An action to contest the validity of bonds issued under this section **and sold at a public sale** may not be brought after the fifteenth day following the receipt of bids for the bonds.
 - (d) The provisions of all general statutes relating to:
 - (1) the filing of a petition requesting the issuance of bonds and giving notice;
 - (2) the right of:
 - (A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
 - (B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a);
 - (3) the giving of notice of the determination to issue bonds;
 - (4) the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of bonds;
 - (5) the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation;
 - (6) the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance; and
 - (7) the sale of bonds at a public sale for not less than par value or at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1,



2021;

are applicable to the issuance of bonds under this section.

SECTION 12. IC 36-10-10-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 20. (a) The bonds shall be executed by the president of the board, and the corporate seal of the authority shall be affixed and attested by the secretary of the board. The interest coupons attached to the bonds shall be executed by placing the facsimile signature of the treasurer on them. The bonds shall be sold by the board:

- (1) at a public sale and for not less than the par value; or
- (2) alternatively, at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021.

Notice of sale shall be published in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

- (b) If the bonds are sold at a public sale, the board shall award the bonds to the highest bidder as determined by computing the total interest on the bonds from the date of issue to the dates of maturity and deducting the premium bid, if any, unless the board determines that no acceptable bid has been received. In that case the sale may be continued from day to day, not to exceed thirty (30) days. A bid may not be accepted that is lower than the highest bid received at the time fixed for sale in the bond sale notice.
- (c) Any premium received from the sale of the bonds shall be used solely for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds. The board may also issue refunding bonds under IC 5-1-5.

SECTION 13. IC 36-10-11-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 21. (a) The bonds shall be executed by the president of the board, and the corporate seal of the authority shall be affixed and attested by the secretary of the board. The interest coupons attached to the bonds shall be executed by placing the facsimile signature of the treasurer on them. The bonds shall be sold by the board:

- (1) at public sale and for not less than the par value; or
- (2) alternatively, at a negotiated sale after June 30, 2018, and before July 1, 2021.

Notice of sale shall be published in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

- (b) If the bonds are sold at a public sale, the board shall award the bonds to the highest bidder as determined by computing the total interest on the bonds from the date of issue to the dates of maturity and deducting the premium bid, if any. If the bonds are not sold on the date fixed for the sale, the sale may be continued from day to day until a satisfactory bid has been received.
 - (c) Any premium received from the sale of the bonds shall be used



solely for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds.

(d) Before the preparation of definitive bonds, temporary bonds may under like restrictions be issued with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds upon the issuance of the latter. The total amount of bonds issued by the authority under this section, when added to any loan or loans negotiated under section 22 of this chapter, may not exceed three million dollars (\$3,000,000).



President of the Senate	
President Pro Tempore	
Speaker of the House of Representatives	
Governor of the State of Indiana	
Date:	Time:

