

SENATE BILL No. 514

DIGEST OF SB 514 (Updated February 14, 2017 11:44 am - DI 120)

Citations Affected: IC 5-28; IC 6-1.1; IC 6-3.1; IC 35-44.2; IC 35-52; noncode.

Synopsis: Entrepreneur and enterprise districts. Establishes the entrepreneur and enterprise district pilot program. Authorizes the board of the Indiana economic development corporation to designate one entrepreneur and enterprise district (district) in the city of Lafayette and one district in the city of Fort Wayne. Specifies the conditions that must be satisfied before an area may be designated as a district. Provides that a district expires on the earlier of: (1) the date that is five years after it is designated as a district; or (2) December 31, 2022. Specifies that the mayor of a city that is designated as a district must designate the board of directors of the district by doing one of the following: (1) Designate the urban enterprise association in that city as the board of directors of the district. (2) Appoint a board of directors of the district consisting of seven members selected by the mayor and the fiscal body of the city. Provides for the following incentives for district businesses that meet certain conditions: (1) An exclusion from the 30% valuation floor for depreciable personal property. (2) A property tax deduction for certain investment in a district. (3) A property tax abatement deduction for vacant buildings in a district. (4) A state tax credit for collaborative innovation team expenses in a district. (5) A state tax credit for job creation in a district. (6) A state tax credit for capital investments in certain small businesses in a district. (7) A state tax credit for the sale or licensing of a patent or a proprietary product, process, or technology to a person in a district. Provides that a taxpayer is not entitled to receive any of the following: (1) An enterprise zone loan interest credit for interest received on a loan made after December 31, 2017. (2) An enterprise zone investment cost credit for a qualified investment made after December 31, 2017.

Effective: July 1, 2017; January 1, 2018.

Hershman

January 17, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy. February 16, 2017, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 514

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning economic development.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

its expiration).
IC 6-3-3-10, IC 6-3.1-7 (before its expiration), or IC 6-3.1-10 (before
exemption incentive available under this chapter, IC 6-1.1-45,
means an entity that accesses at least one (1) tax credit, deduction, or
JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "zone business"
SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
SECTION 1. IC 5-28-15-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,

SECTION 2. IC 5-28-15-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2016, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (b), an enterprise zone expires ten (10) years after the day on which it is designated by the board.

(b) In the period beginning December 1, 2008, and ending December 31, 2014, an enterprise zone does not expire under this section if the fiscal body of the municipality in which the enterprise zone is located adopts a resolution renewing the enterprise zone for an additional five (5) years. An enterprise zone may be renewed under this

subsection regardless of the number of times the enterprise zone has been renewed under subsections (d) and (e). A municipal fiscal body may adopt a renewal resolution and submit a copy of the resolution to the corporation:

- (1) before August 1, 2009, in the case of an enterprise zone that expired after November 30, 2008, or is scheduled to expire before September 1, 2009; or
- (2) at least thirty (30) days before the expiration date of the enterprise zone, in the case of an enterprise zone scheduled to expire after August 31, 2009.

If an enterprise zone is renewed under this subsection after having been renewed under subsection (e), the enterprise zone may not be renewed after the expiration of this final five (5) year period, except under subsection (c).

- (c) An enterprise zone does not expire under this section if the fiscal body of the municipality in which the enterprise zone is located:
 - (1) has adopted a resolution renewing the enterprise zone under subsection (b); and
 - (2) adopts a resolution renewing the enterprise zone for an additional one (1) year period beginning on the date on which the enterprise zone would otherwise expire under the resolution adopted under subdivision (1).

An enterprise zone may be renewed for an additional one (1) year period under this subsection regardless of the number of times the enterprise zone has been renewed under subsections (d) and (e). A municipal fiscal body may adopt a renewal resolution and submit a copy of the resolution to the corporation at least thirty (30) days before the expiration date of the enterprise zone. If an enterprise zone is renewed for an additional one (1) year period under this subsection after having been renewed under subsection (e), the enterprise zone may not be renewed after the expiration of this final one (1) year period.

- (d) The two (2) year period immediately before the day on which the enterprise zone expires is the phaseout period. During the phaseout period, the board may review the success of the enterprise zone based on the following criteria and may, with the consent of after review by the budget committee, renew the enterprise zone, including all provisions of this chapter, for five (5) years:
 - (1) Increases in capital investment in the zone.
 - (2) Retention of jobs and creation of jobs in the zone.
 - (3) Increases in employment opportunities for residents of the zone.



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1	(e) If an enterprise zone is renewed under subsection (d), the two (2)
2	year period immediately before the day on which the enterprise zone
3	expires is another phaseout period. During the phaseout period, the
4	board may review the success of the enterprise zone based on the
5	criteria set forth in subsection (d) and, with the consent of after review
6	by the budget committee, may again renew the enterprise zone,
7	including all provisions of this chapter, for a final period of five (5)
8	years. The zone may not be renewed after the expiration of this final
9	five (5) year period.
10	SECTION 3. IC 5-28-15.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
11	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2017]:
13	Chapter 15.5. Entrepreneur and Enterprise District Pilot
14	Program
15	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to an
16	entrepreneur and enterprise district designated by the board under
17	section 5 of this chapter.
18	Sec. 2. As used in this section, "district board" refers to the
19	board of directors of a district as specified in section 5(b) of the
20	chapter.
21	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "district business" means an
22	entity that accesses at least one (1) tax credit, tax deduction, or
23	incentive available under this chapter, IC 6-1.1-3-25, IC 6-1.1-45,
24	IC 6-1.1-46, IC 6-3.1-35, IC 6-3.1-36, IC 6-3.1-37, or IC 6-3.1-38.
25	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "qualified municipality" means
26	the following:
27	(1) The city of Lafayette.
28	(2) The city of Fort Wayne.
29	Sec. 5. (a) The board may do one (1) or both of the following as
30	provided in this chapter:
31	(1) Designate one (1) entrepreneur and enterprise district in

- (1) Designate one (1) entrepreneur and enterprise district in the city of Lafayette.
- (2) Designate one (1) entrepreneur and enterprise district in the city of Fort Wayne.
- (b) If the board designates a district in a city listed in subsection (a), the mayor of the city shall designate the board of directors of the district by doing one (1) of the following:
 - (1) Designate the urban enterprise association established under IC 5-28-15-13 for an enterprise zone in the city as the board of directors of the district.
- (2) Appoint a board of directors of the district consisting of seven (7) members as follows:



1	(A) Four (4) members selected by the mayor of the city.
2	(B) Three (3) members selected by the fiscal body of the
3	city.
4	Sec. 6. (a) After approval by resolution of the legislative body of
5	a qualified municipality, the executive of the qualified municipality
6	may submit an application to the corporation to have territory
7	within the qualified municipality designated as a district. If an
8	application is denied, the executive may submit a new application
9	(b) The corporation shall specify:
10	(1) the procedures that a qualified municipality must use in
11	submitting an application for the designation of a district; and
12	(2) the information that the qualified municipality must
13	include with the application.
14	Sec. 7. (a) The corporation shall evaluate an application
15	submitted under section 6 of this chapter if the corporation finds
16	that all of the following threshold criteria exist in the proposed
17	district:
18	(1) The proposed district has a poverty level in which twenty
19	percent (20%) of the households in the district are below the
20	poverty level as established by the most recent United States
21	census or an average rate of unemployment for the most
22	recent eighteen (18) month period for which data is available
23	that is at least one and one-half (1 1/2) times the average
24	statewide rate of unemployment for the same eighteen (18)
25	month period.
26	(2) The proposed district has a population that is:
27	(A) more than two thousand (2,000) but not more than
28	forty thousand (40,000); or
29	(B) at least equal to:
30	(i) the population of the qualified municipality:
31	multiplied by
32	(ii) ten percent (10%);
33	whichever is greater.
34	(3) The territory of the proposed district contains:
35	(A) not more than four (4) square miles; or
36	(B) not more than ten percent (10%) of the territory of the
37	qualified municipality;
38	whichever is greater.
39	(4) The proposed district contains a:
40	(A) coworking facility;
41	(B) business incubator; or
42	(C) business support facility;



1	that the corporation approves as able to provide sufficient
2	resources for district businesses.
3	(b) If an applicant has met all of the threshold criteria of
4	subsection (a), the board shall evaluate the application, arrive at a
5	decision based on all of the following factors, and either designate
6	a district or reject the application:
7	(1) The level of poverty, unemployment, and general distress
8	of the proposed district in comparison with other
9	municipalities and the expression of need for a district over
0	and above the threshold criteria of subsection (a).
l 1	(2) The evidence of support for designation of the district by
12	residents, businesses, and private organizations in the
13	proposed district, and the demonstration of a willingness
14	among those district constituents to participate in the
15	revitalization of the proposed district.
16	(3) The efforts by the qualified municipality to reduce the
17	impediments to development in the proposed district,
8	including but not limited to the following:
19	(A) A procedure for streamlining local government
20	regulations and permit procedures.
21	(B) Crime prevention activities involving district residents.
22	(C) A plan for infrastructure improvements capable of
23	supporting increased development activity.
23 24	(4) Significant efforts to encourage the reuse of existing
25	district structures in new development activities to preserve
26	the existing character of the neighborhood, where
27	appropriate.
28	(5) The proposed managerial structure of the district and the
29	capacity of the district board to carry out the goals and
30	purposes of this chapter.
31	Sec. 8. A district expires on the earlier of the following:
32	(1) Five (5) years after the date on which it is designated as a
33	district by the board.
34	(2) December 31, 2022.
35	Sec. 9. (a) The board has the following powers, in addition to
36	other powers that are contained in this chapter:
37	(1) To review and approve or reject applicants for designation
38	as a district, according to the criteria for designation that this
39	chapter provides.
10	(2) To waive or modify rules as provided in this chapter.
11	(3) To adopt rules for the disqualification of a district business
12	from eligibility for one (1) or more tax credits, tax deductions,



1	or other incentives available to district businesses, if that
2	district business does not do one (1) of the following:
3	(A) If all its tax credits, tax deductions, and other
4	incentives, as contained in the summary required under
5	section 11 of this chapter, exceed one thousand dollars
6	(\$1,000) in any year, pay a registration fee to the
7	corporation in an amount equal to one percent (1%) of all
8	its incentives.
9	(B) Use all its incentives, except for the amount of the
10	registration fee, for its property or employees in the
11	district.
12	(C) Remain open and operating as a district business for
13	twelve (12) months of the year for which the tax credit, tax
14	deduction, or other incentive is claimed.
15	(4) After a recommendation from the district board, to modify
16	the boundary of the district if the board determines that the
17	modification:
18	(A) is in the best interests of the district; and
19	(B) meets the threshold criteria and factors set forth in
20	section 7 of this chapter.
21	(5) To employ staff and contract for services to carry out this
22	chapter.
23	(b) The corporation has the following powers, in addition to the
24	other powers that are contained in this chapter:
25	(1) To provide a procedure by which districts may be
26	monitored and evaluated on an annual basis.
27	(2) To disqualify a district business from eligibility for any or
28	all of the incentives available to district businesses.
29	(3) To receive funds from any source and expend the funds for
30	the administration and promotion of the districts established
31	under this chapter.
32	(c) In addition to a registration fee paid under subsection
33	(a)(3)(A), each district business that receives a tax credit, tax
34	deduction, or other incentive described in section 3 of this chapter
35	shall assist the district board in an amount determined by the
36	legislative body of the qualified municipality in which the district
37	business is located. If a district business does not assist a district
38	board, the legislative body of the qualified municipality in which
39	the district is located may pass an ordinance disqualifying the
40	district business from eligibility for all credits or incentives
41	available to district businesses. If the legislative body disqualifies
42	a district business under this subsection, the legislative body shall



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notify the corporation, the department of local government finance, and the department of state revenue in writing not more than thirty (30) days after the passage of the ordinance disqualifying the district business. Disqualification of a district business under this section is effective beginning with the taxable year in which the ordinance disqualifying the district business is
adopted. (d) The legislative services agency shall before January 1, 2022, review the tax incentives available to district businesses as part of the legislative services agency's evaluation of tax incentives under
IC 2-5-3.2. Sec. 10. (a) The entrepreneur and enterprise district pilot program fund is established within the state treasury.

(b) The fund consists of:

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- (1) the revenue from the registration fee required under section 9 of this chapter; and
- (2) any appropriations from the general assembly.
- (c) The corporation shall administer the fund. The fund may be used to:
 - (1) pay the expenses of administering the fund;
 - (2) pay nonrecurring administrative expenses of the pilot program under this chapter;
 - (3) provide grants to a district board; and
 - (4) pay administrative expenses of district boards.
- However, money in the fund may not be expended unless it has been appropriated by the general assembly and allotted by the budget agency.
- (d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public funds may be invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the fund.
- (e) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund. The corporation shall develop appropriate applications and may develop grant allocation guidelines, without complying with IC 4-22-2, for awarding grants under this subsection.
- Sec. 11. (a) Subject to subsections (c) and (d), a district business that claims any of the tax credits, tax deductions, or other incentives available to district businesses shall, before June 1 of each year:
 - (1) submit to the corporation and to the district board, on a form prescribed by the corporation, a verified summary



- concerning the amount of tax credits, tax deductions, and other incentives claimed by the district business in the preceding year;
 - (2) pay the amount specified in section 9(a)(3) of this chapter to the corporation; and
 - (3) pay the amount determined under section 9(c) of this chapter to the district board.
 - (b) In order to determine the accuracy of the summary submitted under subsection (a), the corporation and the district board are entitled to obtain copies of a district business's tax records directly from the department of state revenue, the department of local government finance, or a county official, notwithstanding any other law. A summary submitted to the corporation or a district board and any records obtained by the corporation or district board under this section are confidential. A member of a district board, an agent of a district board or a district board member, or an employee of the corporation who knowingly or intentionally discloses information that is confidential under this section commits a Class A misdemeanor.
 - (c) The corporation may grant one (1) extension of the time allowed to comply with subsection (a) under the provisions of this subsection. To qualify for an extension, a district business must apply to the corporation before June 1. The application must be in the form specified by the corporation. The extension may not exceed forty-five (45) days under rules adopted by the board.
 - (d) If a district business that did not comply with subsection (a) before June 1 and did not file for an extension under subsection (c) before June 1 complies with subsection (a) before July 16, the amount of the tax credits, tax deductions, and other incentives for the preceding year that were otherwise available to the district business because the business was a district business are waived, unless the district business pays to the corporation a penalty of:
 - (1) an amount not to exceed seven percent (7%), for the first instance of noncompliance; or
 - (2) fifteen percent (15%), for the second instance of noncompliance and each subsequent instance;

of the amount of the tax credits, tax deductions, and other incentives for the preceding year that were otherwise available to the district business because the business was a district business. A district business that pays a penalty under this subsection for a year must pay the penalty to the corporation before July 16 of that year. The corporation shall deposit any penalty payments received



1	under this subsection in the entrepreneur and enterprise district
2	pilot program fund.
3	(e) This subsection is in addition to any other sanction imposed
4	by subsection (d) or any other law. If a district business fails to
5	comply with subsection (a) before July 16 and does not pay any
5	penalty required under subsection (d) before July 16 of that year,
7	the district business is:
8	(1) denied all the tax credits, tax deductions, and other
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- (1) denied all the tax credits, tax deductions, and other incentives available to a district business because the business was a district business for that year; and
- (2) disqualified from further participation in the pilot program under this chapter until the district business:
 - (A) petitions the board for readmission to the pilot program under this chapter; and
 - (B) pays a civil penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100).
- Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to records and other information, including records and information that are otherwise confidential, maintained by the following:
 - (1) The board.

- (2) A district board.
- (3) The department of state revenue.
- (4) The corporation.
- (5) The department of local government finance.
- (6) A county auditor.
- (7) A county or township assessor.
- (b) A person or an entity listed in subsection (a) may request a second person or entity described in subsection (a) to provide any records or other information maintained by the second person or entity that concern an individual or a business that is receiving a tax credit, tax deduction, or other incentive related to a district. Notwithstanding any other law, the person or entity to whom the request is made under this section must comply with the request. A person or entity receiving records or information under this section that are confidential must also keep the records or information confidential.
- (c) A person or an entity that receives confidential records or information under this section and knowingly or intentionally discloses the records or information to an unauthorized person commits a Class A misdemeanor.
- Sec. 13. The board may not approve the enlargement of a district's geographic boundaries unless the area to be enlarged meets the criteria of economic distress set forth in section 7(a)(1)



1	of this chapter
2	Sec. 14. (a)
3	(1) Coord

- ec. 14. (a) A district board shall do the following:
 (1) Coordinate development activities within the district.
- (2) Serve as a catalyst for development within the district.
- (3) Promote the district to outside groups and individuals.
- (4) Establish a formal line of communication with residents and businesses in the district.
- (5) Act as a liaison among residents, businesses, the municipality, and the board for any development activity that may affect the district or district residents.
- (b) A district board may do the following:
 - (1) Initiate and coordinate any community development activities that improve the physical environment or encourage the turnover or retention of capital in the district.
 - (2) Recommend that the board modify a district boundary or disqualify a district business from eligibility for one (1) or more tax credits, tax deductions, or other incentives available to district businesses.
- (c) The district board may request, by majority vote, that the legislative body of the municipality in which the district is located modify or waive any municipal ordinance or regulation that is in effect in the district. The legislative body may, by ordinance, waive or modify the operation of the ordinance or regulation, if the ordinance or regulation does not affect health (including environmental health), safety, civil rights, or employment rights.
- (d) The district board may request, by majority vote, that the board waive or modify any state rule that is in effect in the district. The board shall review the request and may approve, modify, or reject the request. Approval or modification by the board shall take place after review by the appropriate state agency. A modification may include but is not limited to establishing different compliance or reporting requirements, timetables, or exemptions in the district for a business or an individual, to the extent that the modification does not adversely affect health (including environmental health), safety, employment rights, or civil rights. An approval or a modification of a state rule by the board takes effect upon the approval of the governor. In no case are the provisions of IC 22-2-2 and IC 22-7-1-2 affected by this chapter.
- Sec. 15. (a) Any business that substantially reduces or ceases an operation located in Indiana and outside a district (referred to as a nondistrict operation) in order to relocate in a district is disqualified from benefits or incentives available to district



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1	businesses. Determinations under this section shall be made by a
2	hearing panel composed of the chairperson of the board or the
3	chairperson's designee, the commissioner of the department of
4	state revenue or the commissioner's designee, and the
5	commissioner of the department of local government finance or the
6	commissioner's designee. The panel, after an evidentiary hearing
7	held subsequent to the relocation of the business, shall submit a
8	recommended order to the board for its adoption. The
9	recommended order shall be based on the following criteria and
10	the requirements set forth in subsection (b):
11	(1) A site specific economic activity, including sales, leasing,
12	service, manufacturing, production, storage of inventory, or
13	any activity involving permanent full-time or part-time
14	employees, shall be considered a business operation.
15	(2) With respect to a nondistrict operation, any of the
16	following that occurs during the twelve (12) months before the
17	completion of the physical relocation of all or part of the

- completion of the physical relocation of all or part of the activity described in subdivision (1) from the nondistrict operation to the district as compared with the twelve (12) months before that twelve (12) months shall be considered a substantial reduction:
 - (A) A reduction in the average number of full-time or part-time employees of the lesser of:
 - (i) one hundred (100) employees; or
 - (ii) twenty-five percent (25%) of all employees.
 - (B) A twenty-five percent (25%) reduction in the average number of goods manufactured or produced.
 - (C) A twenty-five percent (25%) reduction in the average value of services provided.
 - (D) A ten percent (10%) reduction in the average value of stored inventory.
 - (E) A twenty-five percent (25%) reduction in the average amount of gross income.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a business that would otherwise be disqualified under subsection (a) is eligible for benefits and incentives available to district businesses if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The business relocates its nondistrict operation for any of the following reasons:
 - (A) The lease on property necessary for the nondistrict operation has been involuntarily lost through no fault of the business.



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- (B) The space available at the location of the nondistrict operation cannot accommodate planned expansion needed by the business. (C) The building for the nondistrict operation has been certified as uninhabitable by a state or local building authority. (D) The building for the nondistrict operation has been totally destroyed through no fault of the business.
 - (E) The renovation and construction costs at the location of the nondistrict operation are more than one and one-half (1 1/2) times the costs of purchase, renovation, and construction of a facility in the district, as certified by three (3) independent estimates.
 - A business is eligible for benefits and incentives under clause (C) or (D) only if renovation and construction costs at the location of the nondistrict operation are more than one and one-half (1 1/2) times the cost of purchase, renovation, and construction of a facility in the district. These costs must be certified by three (3) independent estimates.
 - (2) The business has not terminated or reduced the pension or health insurance obligations payable to employees or former employees of the nondistrict operation without the consent of the employees.
 - (c) The hearing panel shall deliver to the business and to any person who testified before the panel in favor of disqualification of the business a copy of the panel's recommended order. The business and these persons shall be considered parties for purposes of this section.
 - (d) A party who wishes to oppose the board's adoption of the recommended order of the hearing panel shall, not later than ten (10) days after the party's receipt of the recommended order, file written objections with the board. If the objections are filed, the board shall set the objections for oral argument and give notice to the parties. A party at its own expense may cause to be filed with the board a transcript of the oral testimony or any other part of the record of the proceedings. The oral argument shall be on the record filed with the board. The board may hear additional evidence or remand the action to the hearing panel with instructions appropriate to the expeditious and proper disposition of the action. The board may adopt the recommendations of the hearing panel, may amend or modify the recommendations, or may make an order or determination as is proper on the record.



1	(e) If no objections are filed, the board may adopt the
2	recommended order without oral argument. If the board does not
3	adopt the proposed findings of fact and recommended order, the
4	parties shall be notified and the action shall be set for ora
5	argument as provided in subsection (d).
6	(f) The final determination made by the board shall be made by
7	a majority of the quorum needed for board meetings.
8	Sec. 16. If a business is located within both a district and ar
9	enterprise zone established under IC 5-28-15, the business:
10	(1) may not receive any tax credits or incentives under
11	IC 5-28-15; and
12	(2) is not required to pay any registration fees or other fees
13	imposed under IC 5-28-15.
14	Sec. 17. The state pledges to and agrees with the direct recipient
15	of any incentive under this chapter that the state will not limit or
16	alter the rights vested in the district board to fulfill the terms of
17	any agreements the district board makes with those recipients or
18	in any way impair the rights and remedies of those recipients unti
19	the terms of the incentive are fulfilled. The district board may
20	include this pledge and agreement of the state in any agreement the
21	district board makes with the recipient.
22	Sec. 18. If a district is designated under this chapter, the
23	corporation shall before November 1, 2018, and before November
24	1 of each year thereafter submit a report to the budget committee
25	and (in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6) the legislative counci
26	concerning the economic development efforts within the distric
27	during the preceding year, including any tax credits, tax
28	deductions, and other incentives claimed by district businesses or
29	related to district businesses.
30	Sec. 19. This chapter expires December 31, 2022.
31	SECTION 4. IC 5-28-28-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2014
32	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "tax credit" means
34	a state tax liability credit under any of the following:
35	(1) IC 6-3.1-7 (before its expiration).
36	(2) IC 6-3.1-13.
37	(3) IC 6-3.1-26.
38	(4) IC 6-3.1-30.
39	(5) IC 6-3.1-31.9.

SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-3-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY

1, 2017]: Sec. 25. (a) As used in this section, "district" refers to an



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- entrepreneur and enterprise district designated under IC 5-28-15.5.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 22(b) of this chapter and IC 6-1.1-8-44(b), assessable depreciable personal property that:
 - (1) is located in a district;

- (2) is placed in service in the district by the owner of the property after the designation of the district under IC 5-28-15.5; and
- (3) is used within the district by one (1) or more employees who perform the majority of their service within the district; is not subject to the valuation limitations in 50 IAC 4.2-4-9 or 50 IAC 5.1-6-9.

SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-45-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.214-2005, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. "Base year assessed value" equals the total assessed value of the real and personal property assessed at an enterprise zone location or an entrepreneur and enterprise district location on the assessment date in the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year in which a taxpayer makes a qualified investment with respect to the enterprise zone location or the entrepreneur and enterprise district location.

SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-45-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: **Sec. 3.5. "District business" has the meaning set forth in IC 5-28-15.5-3.**

SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-45-6.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6.2. "Entrepreneur and enterprise district" refers to an entrepreneur and enterprise district designated under IC 5-28-15.5.

SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-45-6.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6.4. "Entrepreneur and enterprise district location" means a lot, parcel, or tract of land located in an entrepreneur and enterprise district.

SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-45-6.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 6.6. "Entrepreneur and enterprise district property" refers to real and tangible personal property that is located within an entrepreneur and enterprise district on an assessment date.

SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-45-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.214-2005,



1	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "qualified investment"
3	means any of the following expenditures relating to an enterprise zone
4	location or entrepreneur and enterprise district location on which
5	a taxpayer's zone business or district business is located:
6	(1) The purchase of a building.
7	(2) The purchase of new manufacturing or production equipment.
8	(3) Costs associated with the repair, rehabilitation, or
9	modernization of an existing building and related improvements.
10	(4) Onsite infrastructure improvements.
l 1	(5) The construction of a new building.
12	(6) Costs associated with retooling existing machinery.
13	(7) In the case of an entrepreneur and enterprise district, the
14	purchase of:
15	(A) new information technology equipment (as defined in
16	IC 6-1.1-12.1-1);
17	(B) new logistical distribution equipment (as defined in
18	IC 6-1.1-12.1-1); or
19	(C) new research and development equipment (as defined
20	in IC 6-1.1-12.1-1).
21	SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-45-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
22	SECTION 304, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 9. (a) Subject to subsection (c), (d),
24	a taxpayer that makes a qualified investment is entitled to a deduction
25	from the assessed value of the taxpayer's enterprise zone property
26	located at the enterprise zone location for which the taxpayer made the
27	qualified investment. The amount of the deduction is equal to the
28	remainder of:
29	(1) the total amount of the assessed value of the taxpayer's
30	enterprise zone property assessed at the enterprise zone location
31	on a particular assessment date; minus
32	(2) the total amount of the base year assessed value for the
33	enterprise zone location.
34	(b) Subject to subsection (c), a taxpayer that makes a qualified
35	investment is entitled to a deduction from the assessed value of the $$
36	taxpayer's entrepreneur and enterprise district property located
37	at the entrepreneur and enterprise district location for which the $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) $
38	taxpayer made the qualified investment. The amount of the
39	deduction is equal to the remainder of:
10	(1) the total amount of the assessed value of the taxpayer's
1 1	entrepreneur and enterprise district property assessed at the

entrepreneur and enterprise district location on a particular



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1	assessment date; minus
2	(2) the total amount of the base year assessed value for the
3	entrepreneur and enterprise district location.
4	(b) (c) To receive the deduction allowed under subsection (a) or (b)
5	for a particular year, a taxpayer must comply with the conditions set
6	forth in this chapter.
7	(e) (d) A taxpayer that makes a qualified investment in an enterprise
8	zone established under IC 5-28-15-11 that is under the jurisdiction of
9	a military base reuse authority board created under IC 36-7-14.5 or
10	IC 36-7-30-3 is entitled to a deduction under this section only if the
11	deduction is approved by the legislative body of the unit that
12	established the military base reuse authority board.
13	(d) (e) Except as provided in subsection (c), (d), a taxpayer that
14	makes a qualified investment at an enterprise zone location or an
15	entrepreneur and enterprise district location that is located within
16	an allocation area, as defined by IC 6-1.1-21.2-3, is entitled to a
17	deduction under this section only if the deduction is approved by the:
18	(1) fiscal body of the unit, in the case of an allocation area
19	established under IC 6-1.1-39;
20	(2) legislative body of the unit described in IC 8-22-3.5-1, in the
21	case of an allocation area located in an airport development zone;
22	(3) legislative body of the unit that established the department of
23	redevelopment, in the case of an allocation area established under
24	IC 36-7-14;
25	(4) legislative body of the unit that established the redevelopment
26	authority, in the case of an allocation area established under
27	IC 36-7-14.5;
28	(5) legislative body of the consolidated city or excluded city that
29	approved the establishment of the allocation area, in the case of
30	an allocation area established under IC 36-7-15.1; or
31	(6) legislative body of the unit that established the reuse authority,
32	in the case of an allocation area established under IC 36-7-30.
33	SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-45-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2007,
34	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) A taxpayer that desires to claim the
36	deduction provided by section 9 of this chapter for a particular year
37	shall file a certified application, on forms prescribed by the department
38	of local government finance, with the auditor of the county where the
39	property for which the deduction is claimed was located on the
40	assessment date. The application may be filed in person or by mail. If
41	mailed, the mailing must be postmarked on or before the last day for

filing. Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the application



1	must be filed before May 15 of the assessment year to obtain the
2	deduction.
3	(b) A taxpayer shall include on an application filed under this
4	section all information that the department of local government finance
5	and the corporation require to determine eligibility for the deduction
6	provided under this chapter.
7	(c) The county auditor may grant a taxpayer an extension of not
8	more than thirty (30) days to file the taxpayer's application if:
9	(1) the taxpayer submits a written application for an extension
10	before May 15 of the assessment year; and
11	(2) the taxpayer is prevented from filing a timely application
12	because of sickness, absence from the county, or any other good
13	and sufficient reason.
14	(d) An urban enterprise association created under IC 5-28-15-13 in
15	the case of a zone business or a district board in the case of a
16	district business may by resolution waive failure to file a:
17	(1) timely; or
18	(2) complete;
19	deduction application under this section. Before adopting a waiver
20	under this section, the urban enterprise association or the district
21	board shall conduct a public hearing on the waiver.
22	SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-45-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2007,
23	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a taxpayer may
25	claim a deduction under this chapter for property other than property
26	located in a consolidated city for an assessment date that occurs after:
27	(1) the expiration of the enterprise zone in which the enterprise
28	zone property for which the taxpayer made the qualified
29	investment is located; or
30	(2) the expiration of the entrepreneur and enterprise district
31	in which the entrepreneur and enterprise district property for
32	which the taxpayer made the qualified investment under
33	IC 5-28-15.5 is located.
34	(b) A taxpayer may not claim a deduction under this chapter for
35	more than ten (10) years.
36	SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-46 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
37	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2017]:
39	Chapter 46. Abatement Deduction for Vacant Buildings in an
40	Entrepreneur and Enterprise District
41	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to an

entrepreneur and enterprise district designated under



1	IC 5-28-15.5.
2	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "district board" refers to an
3	entrepreneur and enterprise district board designated under
4	IC 5-28-15.5-5(b).
5	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "eligible vacant building" means
6	a building that:
7	(1) is zoned for commercial or industrial purposes; and
8	(2) is unoccupied for at least one (1) year before the owner of
9	the building or a tenant of the owner occupies the building, as
10	evidenced by a valid certificate of occupancy, paid utility
11	receipts, executed lease agreements, or any other evidence of
12	occupation that the district board requires.
13	Sec. 4. The owner of an eligible vacant building may apply to a
14	district board for a deduction under this chapter for the occupation
15	of an eligible vacant building within a district. An application
16	under this section must:
17	(1) be submitted to the district board before the owner or
18	tenant of the eligible vacant building occupies the eligible
19	vacant building; and
20	(2) include a statement of benefits specifying the following
21	information:
22	(A) A description of the eligible vacant building that the
23	property owner or a tenant of the property owner will
24	occupy.
25	(B) An estimate of the number of individuals who will be
26	employed or whose employment will be retained by the
27	property owner or the tenant as a result of the occupation
28	of the eligible vacant building, and an estimate of the
29	annual salaries of those individuals.
30	(C) Information regarding efforts by the owner or a
31	previous owner to sell, lease, or rent the eligible vacant
32	building during the period the eligible vacant building was
33	unoccupied.
34	(D) Information regarding the amount for which the
35	eligible vacant building was offered for sale, lease, or rent
36	by the owner or a previous owner during the period the
37	eligible vacant building was unoccupied.
38	(E) Any other information required by the district board.
39	Sec. 5. The department of local government finance shall
40	prescribe a form for the application and statement of benefits
41	under section 4 of this chapter. The application and statement of

benefits are public records that may be inspected and copied under



1	IC 5-14-3.
2	Sec. 6. (a) The district board shall review the application and the
3	statement of benefits, and the district board shall determine
4	whether the property owner should be granted a deduction under
5	this chapter after the district board has made the following
6	findings:
7	(1) Whether the estimate of the number of individuals who
8	will be employed or whose employment will be retained can
9	be reasonably expected to result from the proposed
10	occupation of the eligible vacant building.
11	(2) Whether the estimate of the annual salaries of those
12	individuals who will be employed or whose employment will
13	be retained can be reasonably expected to result from the
14	proposed occupation of the eligible vacant building.
15	(3) Whether any other benefits about which information was
16	requested are benefits that can be reasonably expected to
17	result from the proposed occupation of the eligible vacant
18	building.
19	(4) Whether the occupation of the eligible vacant building will
20	increase the tax base and assist in the rehabilitation of the
21	district.
22	(5) Whether the totality of benefits is sufficient to justify the
23	deduction.
24	(b) A district board may adopt a resolution approving the
25	application and statement of benefits and granting a deduction
26	under this chapter if:
27	(1) the district board makes the findings required by
28	subsection (a); and
29	(2) the granting of the deduction is approved by the fiscal
30	body of the municipality in which the district is located.
31	Sec. 7. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, if an
32	application is approved by resolution of the district board and by
33	resolution of the fiscal body of the municipality under section 6 of
34	this chapter, the owner of the eligible vacant building is entitled to
35	a deduction from the assessed value of the building if the property
36	owner or a tenant of the property owner occupies the eligible
37	vacant building and uses it for commercial or industrial purposes.
38	The property owner is entitled to the deduction:
39	(1) for the first year in which the property owner or a tenant
40	of the property owner occupies the eligible vacant building
41	and uses it for commercial or industrial purposes; and
42	(2) for subsequent years determined in the abatement



schedule under section 8 of this chapter in which the property owner or a tenant of the property owner occupies the eligible vacant building and uses it for commercial or industrial purposes.

- Sec. 8. The district board, with the approval by the fiscal body of the municipality in which the district is located, shall determine the abatement schedule for a deduction granted under this chapter. An abatement schedule must specify the percentage amount of the deduction for each year of the deduction. An abatement schedule may not exceed ten (10) years.
- Sec. 9. Subject to the requirements of this chapter, the amount of the deduction the property owner is entitled to receive under this section for a particular year equals the product of:
 - (1) the assessed value of the building or part of the building that is occupied by the property owner or a tenant of the property owner; multiplied by
 - (2) the percentage determined for the assessment date by the district board under section 8 of this chapter.
- Sec. 10. (a) The district board shall send to the county auditor a certified copy of a resolution approving a deduction under this chapter. A property owner who desires to obtain a deduction granted under this chapter for an assessment date must file a certified deduction application, on forms prescribed by the department of local government finance, with the auditor of the county in which the property is located. The property owner must file the deduction application with the county auditor before May 15 of the year that includes the assessment date and must provide a copy of the deduction application to the district board.
- (b) A deduction application filed by the property owner with the county auditor must provide the county auditor and the district board with information showing the extent to which there has been compliance with the statement of benefits approved under section 6 of this chapter. This information must be included in the deduction application and must also be updated each year in which the deduction is applicable according to a schedule determined by the district board.
- Sec. 11. (a) Not later than forty-five (45) days after receipt of the information described in section 10(b) of this chapter concerning compliance with the statement of benefits, the district board may determine whether the property owner has substantially complied with the statement of benefits. If the district board determines that the property owner has not substantially complied with the



statement of benefits and that the failure to substantially comply was not caused by factors beyond the control of the property owner, the district board shall mail a written notice to the property owner. The written notice must include the following provisions:

- (1) An explanation of the reasons for the district board's determination.
- (2) The date, time, and place of a hearing to be conducted by the district board for the purpose of further considering the property owner's compliance with the statement of benefits. The date of the hearing may not be more than thirty (30) days after the date on which the notice is mailed.
- (b) On the date specified in the notice described in subsection (a)(2), the district board shall conduct a hearing for the purpose of further considering the property owner's compliance with the statement of benefits. Based on the information presented at the hearing by the property owner and other interested parties, the district board shall again determine whether the property owner has made reasonable efforts to substantially comply with the statement of benefits and whether any failure to substantially comply was caused by factors beyond the control of the property owner. If the district board determines that the property owner has not made reasonable efforts to comply with the statement of benefits, the district board shall adopt a resolution terminating the property owner's deduction under this chapter. If the district board adopts such a resolution, the deduction does not apply to the next installment of property taxes owed by the property owner or to any subsequent installment of property taxes.
- (c) If the district board adopts a resolution terminating a deduction under subsection (b), the district board shall immediately mail a certified copy of the resolution to:
 - (1) the property owner;
 - (2) the county auditor; and
 - (3) the county assessor.

The county auditor shall remove the deduction from the tax duplicate and shall notify the county treasurer of the termination of the deduction. If the district board's resolution is adopted after the county treasurer has mailed the statement required by IC 6-1.1-22-8.1, the county treasurer shall immediately mail the property owner a revised statement that reflects the termination of the deduction.

(d) A property owner whose deduction is terminated by the district board under this section may appeal the district board's



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decision by filing a complaint in the office of the clerk of the circuit
or superior court together with a bond conditioned to pay the costs
of the appeal if the appeal is determined against the property
owner. An appeal under this subsection shall be promptly heard by
the court without a jury and determined within thirty (30) days
after the time of the filing of the appeal. The court shall hear
evidence on the appeal and may confirm the action of the district
board or sustain the appeal. The judgment of the court is final and
conclusive unless an appeal is taken as in other civil actions.

- (e) If an appeal under subsection (d) is pending, the taxes resulting from the termination of the deduction are not due until after the appeal is finally adjudicated and the termination of the deduction is finally determined.
 - Sec. 12. A district board may, by resolution, do the following:
 - (1) Impose a fee for the filing of an application for a deduction under this section. The fee may be sufficient to defray actual processing and administrative costs associated with the application.
 - (2) Establish general written standards for the granting of a deduction under this section. The written standards must be reasonably related to accomplishing the purposes of this chapter.

SECTION 16. IC 6-3.1-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2013, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 3. A taxpayer (as defined in the following laws), pass through entity (as defined in the following laws), or shareholder, partner, or member of a pass through entity may not be granted more than one (1) tax credit under the following laws for the same project:

- (1) IC 6-3.1-10 (enterprise zone investment cost credit) **(before its expiration).**
- (2) IC 6-3.1-11 (industrial recovery tax credit).
- (3) IC 6-3.1-19 (community revitalization enhancement district tax credit).
- (4) IC 6-3.1-24 (venture capital investment tax credit).
- (5) IC 6-3.1-26 (Hoosier business investment tax credit).
 - (6) IC 6-3.1-31.9 (Hoosier alternative fuel vehicle manufacturer tax credit).
 - (7) IC 6-3.1-35 (collaborative innovation team tax credit).
 - (8) IC 6-3.1-36 (entrepreneur and enterprise district job creation tax credit).
- (9) IC 6-3.1-37 (tax credits for capital investments in certain small businesses within an entrepreneur and enterprise



district).

(10) IC 6-3.1-38 (technology transfer tax credit).

If a taxpayer, pass through entity, or shareholder, partner, or member of a pass through entity has been granted more than one (1) tax credit for the same project, the taxpayer, pass through entity, or shareholder, partner, or member of a pass through entity must elect to apply only one (1) of the tax credits in the manner and form prescribed by the department.

SECTION 17. IC 6-3.1-7-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a taxpayer is not entitled to receive a credit under this chapter for interest received on a qualified loan made after December 31, 2017. However, this section may not be construed to prevent a taxpayer from carrying an unused tax credit attributable to a qualified loan made before January 1, 2018, forward to a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2028, in the manner provided by section 3 of this chapter.

(b) This chapter expires January 1, 2028.

SECTION 18. IC 6-3.1-10-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 10. (a) Notwithstanding any other law and except as provided in subsection (b), a taxpayer is entitled to receive a credit under this chapter only for a qualified investment made before January 1, 2018.**

- (b) A taxpayer is entitled to receive a credit for a qualified investment made after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2028, if the qualified investment is approved by the corporation before January 1, 2018.
- (c) This section may not be construed to prevent a taxpayer from carrying an unused tax credit attributable to a qualified investment made before January 1, 2018, or made as provided in subsection (b) forward to a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2028, in the manner provided by section 7 of this chapter.
 - (d) This chapter expires January 1, 2028.

SECTION 19. IC 6-3.1-35 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]:

Chapter 35. Collaborative Innovation Team Tax Credit

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "base amount" means the amount of qualified expenses that are incurred by a taxpayer in the



1	territory of a district during the calendar year preceding the
2	designation of the district.
3	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "collaborative innovation team"
4	means two (2) or more individuals from one (1) or more businesses
5	working collaboratively toward innovation.
6	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to an
7	entrepreneur and enterprise district designated under
8	IC 5-28-15.5.
9	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "pass through entity" means:
10	(1) a corporation that is exempt from the adjusted gross
11	income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2);
12	(2) a partnership;
13	(3) a limited liability company; or
14	(4) a limited liability partnership.
15	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "qualified expenses" means the
16	sum of the following:
17	(1) The amount of Indiana qualified research expenses that
18	after the designation of a district are incurred:
19	(A) by a taxpayer in the district for or on behalf of a
20	collaborative innovation team; and
21	(2) for the purpose of developing a product for commercial
22	use.
23	(2) The amount of any other expenses that after the
24	designation of a district are incurred by a taxpayer in the
25	district for the support and operation of a collaborative
26	innovation team in developing a product for commercial use,
27	including expenses paid by the taxpayer for equipment,
28	machinery, personnel expenses, fees, facility rental costs, or
29	business incubator rental fees.
30	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "qualified research expense"
31	means qualified research expense (as defined in Section 41(b) of the
32	Internal Revenue Code).
33	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a
34	taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under:
35	(1) IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 (the adjusted gross income tax);
36	(2) IC 6-5.5 (the financial institutions tax); and
37	(3) IC 27-1-18-2 (the insurance premiums tax);
38	as computed after the application of the credits that under
39	IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be applied before the credit provided by this
40	chapter.
41	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual

or entity, including a pass through entity, that has any state tax



1	liability.
2	Sec. 9. Subject to the requirements of this chapter, a taxpayer
3	is entitled to a credit under this chapter against the taxpayer's state
4	tax liability for the taxable year if:
5	(1) the taxpayer incurs qualified expenses during the taxable
6	year; and
7	(2) the amount of qualified research expenses described in
8	subdivision (1) exceeds the taxpayer's base amount.
9	Sec. 10. (a) The amount of the credit to which a taxpayer is
10	entitled under this chapter for a taxable year is equal to:
11	(1) subject to subsection (b), the taxpayer's qualified expenses
12	for the taxable year; multiplied by
13	(2) the applicable percentage specified by subsection (c) for
14	the taxpayer's qualified expenses.
15	(b) The total amount of a taxpayer's qualified expenses for
16	which a taxpayer may claim a credit under this chapter may not
17	exceed the lesser of:
18	(1) one million dollars (\$1,000,000); or
19	(2) the difference between:
20	(A) the amount of qualified expenses that are incurred by
21	the taxpayer for the taxable year; minus
22	(B) the taxpayer's base amount.
23	(c) The following applicable percentages shall be used in
24	calculating the credit for a particular qualified expense:
25	(1) In the case of a qualified expense incurred by a taxpayer
26	for or on behalf of a collaborative innovation team that
27	includes only individuals who are employees or independent
28	contractors of the taxpayer, the applicable percentage is
29	fifteen percent (15%).
30	(2) In the case of a qualified expense incurred by a taxpayer
31	for or on behalf of a collaborative innovation team that
32	includes both:
33	(A) individuals who are employees or independent
34	contractors of the taxpayer; and
35	(B) individuals who are employees or independent
36	contractors of one (1) or more other taxpayers, institutions
37	of higher education, or nonprofit institutions;
38	the applicable percentage is twenty-five percent (25%).
39	Sec. 11. A taxpayer may not claim a credit under this chapter
40	for qualified expenses if the taxpayer has claimed the credit under
41	IC 6-3.1-4 for those same qualified expenses.
42	Sec. 12. A taxpayer is not entitled to any carryback or refund of



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1	any unused credit. However, a taxpayer may carry forward an
2	unused credit for not more than nine (9) consecutive taxable years,
3	beginning with the taxable year after the taxable year in which the
4	taxpayer incurs the qualified expenses.
5	Sec. 13. (a) If a pass through entity does not have state income
6	tax liability against which the credit may be applied, a shareholder,
7	partner, or member of the pass through entity is entitled to a credit
8	equal to:
9	(1) the credit determined for the pass through entity for the
10	taxable year; multiplied by
11	(2) the percentage of the pass through entity's distributive
12	income to which the shareholder, partner, or member is
13	entitled.
14	(b) The credit provided under subsection (a) is in addition to
15	any credit to which a shareholder, partner, or member of a pass
16	through entity is otherwise entitled under this chapter. However,
17	a pass through entity and a shareholder, partner, or member of the
18	pass through entity may not claim a credit under this chapter for
19	the same qualified expenses.
20	Sec. 14. (a) To receive the credit under this chapter, a taxpayer
21	must claim the credit on the taxpayer's annual state tax return or
22	returns in the manner prescribed by the department. The taxpayer
23	shall submit to the department all information that the department
24	determines is necessary for the calculation of the credit under this
25	chapter and for the determination of whether an expense paid by
26	a taxpayer is a qualified expense.
27	(b) The amount of tax credits that may be awarded under this
28	chapter in a particular district may not exceed three million dollars
29	(\$3,000,000) in a state fiscal year.
30	Sec. 15. The department shall report, not later than December
31	15 each year, to the corporation, the budget committee, and to each
32	district concerning the use of the tax credit under this chapter.
33	SECTION 20. IC 6-3.1-36 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
34	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2017]:

Chapter 36. Entrepreneur and Enterprise District Job Creation Tax Credit

- Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to an entrepreneur and enterprise district designated under IC 5-28-15.5.
 - Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "pass through entity" means:
 - (1) a corporation that is exempt from the adjusted gross



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1	income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2);
2	(2) a partnership;
3	(3) a limited liability company; or
2 3 4	(4) a limited liability partnership.
5	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "qualified taxpayer" means an
6	individual or entity, including a pass through entity, that:
7	(1) employs two (2) or more employees; and
8	(2) carries out the individual's or entity's primary business
9	operations within a district.
10	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a
11	taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under:
12	(1) IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 (the adjusted gross income tax);
13	(2) IC 6-5.5 (the financial institutions tax); and
14	(3) IC 27-1-18-2 (the insurance premiums tax);
15	as computed after the application of the credits that under
16	IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be applied before the credit provided by this
17	chapter.
18	Sec. 5. (a) Each taxable year, a qualified taxpayer is entitled to
19	a credit as determined in this chapter against the qualified
20	taxpayer's state tax liability for the additional employees that the
21	qualified taxpayer employs in the district above the taxpayer's base
22	period employment.
23	(b) For purposes of this chapter, a qualified taxpayer's base
24	period employment is equal to the following:
25	(1) For a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and
26	before January 1, 2019, the base period employment is equal
27	to the number of full-time employees employed in a district on
28	January 1, 2018, by the qualified taxpayer.
29	(2) For a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2018, the
30	base period employment is equal to the greater of:
31	(1) the number of full-time employees employed in a
32	district on January 1, 2018, by the qualified taxpayer; or
33	(2) the greatest number of full-time employees the
34	taxpayer employed on a single day in a district during any
35	taxable year that:
36	(A) precedes the taxable year for which the credit is
37	being determined; and
38	(B) begins after December 31, 2017.
39	(c) The amount of a qualified taxpayer's credit for a taxable
40	year is equal to the amount determined in STEP FOUR of the
41	following STEPS:
42	STEP ONE: Determine the greatest number of full-time



1	employees the taxpayer employed on a single day in a district
2	during the taxable year.
2 3	STEP TWO: Determine the result of:
4	(A) the STEP ONE result; minus
5	(B) the qualified taxpayer's base period employment for
6	the taxable year, as determined under subsection (b).
7	STEP THREE: If the STEP TWO result is zero (0) or less, the
8	qualified taxpayer is not entitled to a credit under this chapter
9	for the taxable year. If the STEP TWO result is greater than
10	zero (0), determine the sum of the following for the full-time
11	employees employed by the qualified taxpayer in the district
12	during the taxable year above the qualified taxpayer's base
13	period employment for the taxable year:
14	(A) Multiply the number of those full-time employees who
15	are employed by the qualified taxpayer in the district
16	during the taxable year above the qualified taxpayer's base
17	period employment for the taxable year and who:
18	(i) have a wage rate that is equal to or greater than one
19	hundred fifty percent (150%) of the average wage rate
20	paid to employees in the county; and
21	(ii) receive employee benefits, such as employer provided
22	health insurance or employer provided pension or
23	retirement benefits or contributions;
24	by one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
25	(B) Multiply the number of those full-time employees who
26	are employed by the qualified taxpayer in the district
27	during the taxable year above the qualified taxpayer's base
28	period employment for the taxable year and who:
29	(i) have a wage rate that is equal to or greater than one
30	hundred fifty percent (150%) of the average wage rate
31	paid to employees in the county; and
32	(ii) do not receive any employee benefits;
33	by one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250).
34	(C) Multiply the number of those full-time employees who
35	are employed by the qualified taxpayer in the district
36	during the taxable year above the qualified taxpayer's base
37	period employment for the taxable year and who:
38	(i) have a wage rate that is equal to or greater than one
39	hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the average wage
40	rate paid to employees in the county but is less than one
41	hundred fifty percent (150%) of the average wage rate
42	paid to employees in the county; and



1	(ii) receive employee benefits, such as employer provided
2	health insurance or employer provided pension or
3	retirement benefits or contributions;
4	by one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
5	(D) Multiply the number of those full-time employees who
6	are employed by the qualified taxpayer in the district
7	during the taxable year above the qualified taxpayer's base
8	period employment for the taxable year and who:
9	(i) have a wage rate that is equal to or greater than one
10	hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the average wage
11	rate paid to employees in the county but is less than one
12	hundred fifty percent (150%) of the average wage rate
13	paid to employees in the county; and
14	(ii) do not receive any employee benefits;
15	by seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750).
16	(E) Multiply the number of those full-time employees who
17	are employed by the qualified taxpayer in the district
18	during the taxable year above the qualified taxpayer's base
19	period employment for the taxable year and who have a
20	wage rate that is equal to or greater than one hundred
21	percent (100%) of the average wage rate paid to employees
22	in the county but is less than one hundred twenty-five
23	percent (125%) of the average wage rate paid to employees
24	in the county by five hundred dollars (\$500).
25	(F) Multiply the number of those full-time employees who
26	are employed by the qualified taxpayer in the district
27	during the taxable year above the qualified taxpayer's base
28	period employment for the taxable year and who have a
29	wage rate that is less than one hundred percent (100%) of
30	the average wage rate paid to employees in the county by
31	two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
32	Sec. 6. A qualified taxpayer may claim the credit against state
33	tax liability under this chapter for hiring an additional full-time
34	employee during the taxable year only to the extent the taxpayer
35	does not claim a credit against state tax liability for hiring the
36	additional full-time employee under another law.
37	Sec. 7. If a pass through entity does not have state tax liability
38	for a taxable year but is otherwise entitled to the credit provided
39	by this chapter, each shareholder, partner, or member of the pass
40	through entity is entitled to a share of the tax credit equal to:
41	(1) the amount of the credit determined for the pass through

entity for the taxable year; multiplied by



(2) the percentage of the pass through entity's distributive

2	income to which the shareholder, partner, or member is
3	entitled.
4	Sec. 8. (a) If the credit under this chapter exceeds a qualified
5	taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year for which the
6	credit is first claimed, the excess may be carried forward to
7	succeeding taxable years and used as a credit against the qualified
8	taxpayer's state tax liability during those taxable years. Each time
9	the credit is carried forward to a succeeding taxable year, the
10	credit is to be reduced by the amount that was used as a credit
11	during the immediately preceding taxable year. The credit
12	provided by this chapter may be carried forward and applied to
13	succeeding taxable years for not more than nine (9) taxable years
14	following the first year for which the credit is claimed.
15	(b) A qualified taxpayer is not entitled to a carryback or refund
16	of any unused credit under this chapter.
17	Sec. 9. To receive the credit under this chapter, a taxpayer must
18	claim the credit on the taxpayer's annual state tax return or
19	returns in the manner prescribed by the department. The qualified
20	taxpayer must submit to the department all information that the
21	department determines is necessary for the calculation of the credit
22	under this chapter and for the determination of whether the
23	qualified taxpayer is eligible to claim a credit under this chapter.
24	SECTION 21. IC 6-3.1-37 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
25	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2017]:
27	Chapter 37. Tax Credits for Capital Investments in Certain
28	Small Businesses within an Entrepreneur and Enterprise District
29	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "capital investment" means debt
30	or equity capital that is provided by a taxpayer to a business.
31	However, the term does not include a loan that:
32	(1) is provided by a financial institution (as defined in
33	IC 5-13-4-10); and
34	(2) is secured by a valid mortgage, security agreement, or
35	other agreement or document that establishes a collateral or
36	security position for the financial institution that is senior to
37	all collateral or security interests of other taxpayers that
38	provide debt or equity capital to the district business.
39	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to an
40	entrepreneur and enterprise district designated under

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "pass through entity" means:



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IC 5-28-15.5.

1	(1) a corporation that is exempt from the adjusted gross
2	income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2);
3	(2) a partnership;
4	(3) a limited liability company; or
5	(4) a limited liability partnership.
6	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "qualified business" means a
7	business certified under section 8 of this chapter by the Indiana
8	economic development corporation as a qualified business.
9	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a
0	taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under IC 6-3-1
1	through IC 6-3-7 (the adjusted gross income tax), as computed
12	after the application of the credits that under IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be
13	applied before the credit provided by this chapter.
14	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual
15	Sec. 7. (a) Subject to the requirements of this chapter, each
16	taxable year a taxpayer is entitled to a credit as determined in this
17	chapter against the taxpayer's state tax liability if the taxpayer
18	provides investment capital during the taxable year to a qualified
9	business that is developing within the district a new technology
20	related product or service in the areas of motor vehicle racing
21	health care, medical devices or medical device manufacturing
22	agriculture, agriculture or food technology, software, aerospace
23	music or other creative industries and related technologies, motor
24	vehicles, or any advanced manufacturing.
25	(b) The amount of the credit under this chapter to which a
26	taxpayer is entitled for a taxable year is equal to:
27	(1) the amount of the capital investment provided in the
28	taxable year to the qualified business; multiplied by
29	(2) one (1) of the following:
30	(A) Thirty-five percent (35%), if the taxpayer provides the
31	capital investment as part of a group of one (1) or more
32	other taxpayers who are at the same time providing a
33	capital investment to the business.
34	(B) Twenty-five percent (25%), if the taxpayer provide
35	the capital on an individual basis but does not provide the
36	capital investment as part of a group of one (1) or more
37	other taxpayers who are at the same time providing a
38	capital investment to the business.
39 10	Sec. 8. (a) The Indiana economic development corporation shal
10 11	certify that a business is a qualified business if the corporation
11	determines that the business:



(1) has its headquarters in Indiana;

1	(2) is primarily focused on developing a new technology
2	related product or service in the areas of motor vehicle
3	racing, health care, medical devices or medical device
4	manufacturing, agriculture, agriculture or food technology,
5	software, aerospace, music or other creative industries and
6	related technologies, motor vehicles, or any advanced
7	manufacturing;
8	(3) has had average annual revenues of less than ten million
9	dollars (\$10,000,000) in the two (2) years preceding the year
10	in which the business received a capital investment from a
11	taxpayer claiming a credit under this chapter;
12	(4) has:
13	(A) at least fifty percent (50%) of its employees residing in
14	Indiana; or
15	(B) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of its assets located
16	in Indiana; and
17	(5) is not engaged in a business involving:
18	(A) real estate;
19	(B) real estate development;
20	(C) insurance;
21	(D) professional services provided by an accountant, a
22	lawyer, or a physician;
23	(E) retail sales, except when the primary purpose of the
24	business is the development or support of electronic
25	commerce using the Internet; or
26	(F) oil and gas exploration.
27	(b) A business must apply to be certified as a qualified business
28	on a form prescribed by the Indiana economic development
29	corporation.
30	(c) If a business is certified as a qualified business under this
31	section, the Indiana economic development corporation shall
32	provide a copy of the certification to the investors in the qualified
33	business for inclusion in tax filings.
34	(d) The Indiana economic development corporation may impose
35	an application fee in the amount determined by the Indiana
36	economic development corporation.
37	Sec. 9. If a pass through entity does not have state tax liability
38	for a taxable year but is otherwise entitled to the tax credit
39	provided by this chapter, each shareholder, partner, or member of
40	the pass through entity is entitled to a share of the credit equal to:
41	(1) the amount of the credit determined for the pass through

entity for the taxable year; multiplied by



1	(2) the percentage of the pass through entity's distributive
2	income to which the shareholder, partner, or member is
3	entitled.
4	Sec. 10. (a) If the credit under this chapter exceeds a qualified
5	taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year for which the
6	credit is first claimed, the excess may be carried forward to
7	succeeding taxable years and used as a credit against the qualified
8	taxpayer's state tax liability during those taxable years. Each time
9	the credit is carried forward to a succeeding taxable year, the
10	credit is to be reduced by the amount that was used as a credit
11	during the immediately preceding taxable year. The credit
12	provided by this chapter may be carried forward and applied to
13	succeeding taxable years for not more than nine (9) taxable years
14	following the first year for which the credit is claimed.
15	(b) A qualified taxpayer is not entitled to a carryback or refund
16	of any unused credit under this chapter.
17	Sec. 11. To receive the credit under this chapter, a taxpayer
18	must claim the credit on the taxpayer's annual state tax return or
19	returns in the manner prescribed by the department. The qualified
20	taxpayer must submit to the department all information that the
21	department determines is necessary for the calculation of the credit
22	under this chapter and for the determination of whether the
23	qualified taxpayer is eligible to claim a credit under this chapter.
24	Sec. 12. The department shall report, not later than December
25	15 each year, to the corporation, the budget committee, and to each
26	district concerning the use of the tax credit under this chapter.
27	SECTION 22. IC 6-3.1-38 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
28	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2017]:
30	Chapter 38. Technology Transfer Tax Credit
31	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to an
32	entrepreneur and enterprise district designated under
33	IC 5-28-15.5.
34	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "pass through entity" means:
35	(1) a corporation that is exempt from the adjusted gross
36	income tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2);
37	(2) a partnership;
38	(3) a limited liability company; or
39	(4) a limited liability partnership.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "qualified sale" means the

(1) The sale or licensing of a patent or a proprietary product,



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following:

1	process, or technology.
2	(2) The sale of all or part of a business, including the patents
3	and the proprietary products, processes, and technologies of
4	the business.
5	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a
6	taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under:
7	(1) IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 (the adjusted gross income tax)
8	(2) IC 6-5.5 (the financial institutions tax); and
9	(3) IC 27-1-18-2 (the insurance premiums tax);
10	as computed after the application of the credits that under
11	IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be applied before the credit provided by this
12	chapter.
13	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individua
14	or entity, including a pass through entity, that has any state tax
15	liability.
16	Sec. 6. (a) Subject to the requirements of this chapter, a
17	taxpayer is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax
18	liability under this chapter for the taxable year if all of the
19	following conditions are satisfied:
20	(1) The taxpayer makes a qualified sale during the taxable
21	year.
22	(2) The person that purchases or licenses the patent or the
23	proprietary product, process, or technology or that purchases
24	all or part of the business:
25	(A) is located in a district when the qualified sale occurs
26	or
27	(B) during the taxable year in which the qualified sale
28	occurs, forms a new business that is located in a district
29	and signs an agreement with the district board committing
30	to remain in Indiana for at least five (5) years.
31	(3) The person purchases or licenses the patent or the
32	proprietary product, process, or technology or purchases al
33	or part of the business for the purpose of commercially
34	developing the patent or the proprietary product, process, or
35	technology that is purchased or licensed by the taxpayer or
36	that is included in the purchase of a business.
37	(4) When the qualified sale occurs, the patent or the
38	proprietary product, process, or technology that is purchased
39	or licensed or that is held by the business that is purchased:
40	(A) is being used outside of Indiana;
41	(B) is held by a business that is outside of Indiana; or
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(C) would, except for the qualified sale, be commercially



1	developed outside of Indiana.
2	(b) The amount of the credit to which a taxpayer is entitled
3	under this chapter for a taxable year is equal to:
4	(1) the proceeds of the qualified sale made by the taxpayer
5	during the taxable year; multiplied by
6	(2) a percentage equal to the following:
7	(A) Fifteen percent (15%), if:
8	(i) the patent or the proprietary product, process, or
9	technology that is purchased or licensed is owned by a
10	business that is located in Indiana; or
11	(ii) the business that is purchased is located in Indiana.
12	(B) Twenty-five percent (25%), if:
13	(i) the patent or the proprietary product, process, or
14	technology that is purchased or licensed is owned by a
15	business that is located outside Indiana; or
16	(ii) the business that is purchased is located outside
17	Indiana.
18	Sec. 7. A taxpayer is not entitled to any carryback or refund of
19	any unused credit. However, a taxpayer may carry forward an
20	unused credit for not more than nine (9) consecutive taxable years.
21	Sec. 8. (a) If a pass through entity does not have state income tax
22	liability against which the credit may be applied, a shareholder,
23	partner, or member of the pass through entity is entitled to a credit
24	equal to:
25	(1) the tax credit determined for the pass through entity for
26	the taxable year; multiplied by
27	(2) the percentage of the pass through entity's distributive
28	income to which the shareholder, partner, or member is
29	entitled.
30	(b) The credit provided under subsection (a) is in addition to
31	any credit to which a shareholder, partner, or member of a pass
32	through entity is otherwise entitled under this chapter. However,
33	a pass through entity and a shareholder, partner, or member of the
34	pass through entity may not claim a credit under this chapter for
35	the same qualified investment.
36	Sec. 9. (a) A taxpayer may assign any part of the credit to which
37	the taxpayer is entitled under this chapter to the person that:
38	(1) purchased or licensed the patent or the proprietary
39	product, process, or technology; or
40	(2) purchased all or part of the business;
41	as part of the qualified sale. A credit that is assigned under this



subsection remains subject to this chapter.

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1	(b) An assignment under subsection (a) must be in writing and
2	both the taxpayer and the person to which the credit is assigned
3	must report the assignment on their state tax returns for the year
4	in which the assignment is made, in the manner prescribed by the
5	department.
6	Sec. 10. To receive the tax credit under this chapter, a taxpayer
7	must claim the credit on the taxpayer's annual state tax return or
8	returns in the manner prescribed by the department. The taxpayer
9	shall submit to the department all information that the department
10	determines is necessary for the calculation of the tax credit under
11	this chapter and for the determination of whether the taxpayer is
12	eligible for the credit.
13	Sec. 11. The department shall report, not later than December
14	15 each year, to the corporation, the budget committee, and to each
15	district concerning the use of the credit under this chapter.
16	SECTION 23. IC 35-44.2-4-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.126-2012,
17	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) A person who unlawfully discloses
19	enterprise zone information is subject to criminal prosecution under
20	IC 5-28-15-8.
21	(b) A person who unlawfully discloses entrepreneur and
22	enterprise district information is subject to criminal prosecution
23	under IC 5-28-15.5-11 or IC 5-28-15.5-12.
24	SECTION 24. IC 35-52-5-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
25	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 12. IC 5-28-15.5-11 defines a
27	crime concerning entrepreneur and enterprise districts.
28	SECTION 25. IC 35-52-5-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
29	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13. IC 5-28-15.5-12 defines a
31	crime concerning entrepreneur and enterprise districts.
32	SECTION 26. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017] (a) IC 6-3.1-35,
33	IC 6-3.1-36, IC 6-3.1-37, and IC 6-3.1-38, all as added by this act,
34	apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017.

this act, apply to assessment dates after December 31, 2017. (b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2023.

(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2023.

SECTION 27. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017] (a) IC 6-1.1-3-25 and

IC 6-1.1-46, as added by this act, and IC 6-1.1-45, as amended by



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COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 514, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 5-28-15-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "zone business" means an entity that accesses at least one (1) tax credit, deduction, or exemption incentive available under this chapter, IC 6-1.1-45, IC 6-3-3-10, IC 6-3.1-7 (before its expiration), or IC 6-3.1-10 (before its expiration).

SECTION 2. IC 5-28-15-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2016, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (b), an enterprise zone expires ten (10) years after the day on which it is designated by the board.

- (b) In the period beginning December 1, 2008, and ending December 31, 2014, an enterprise zone does not expire under this section if the fiscal body of the municipality in which the enterprise zone is located adopts a resolution renewing the enterprise zone for an additional five (5) years. An enterprise zone may be renewed under this subsection regardless of the number of times the enterprise zone has been renewed under subsections (d) and (e). A municipal fiscal body may adopt a renewal resolution and submit a copy of the resolution to the corporation:
 - (1) before August 1, 2009, in the case of an enterprise zone that expired after November 30, 2008, or is scheduled to expire before September 1, 2009; or
 - (2) at least thirty (30) days before the expiration date of the enterprise zone, in the case of an enterprise zone scheduled to expire after August 31, 2009.

If an enterprise zone is renewed under this subsection after having been renewed under subsection (e), the enterprise zone may not be renewed after the expiration of this final five (5) year period, except under subsection (c).

- (c) An enterprise zone does not expire under this section if the fiscal body of the municipality in which the enterprise zone is located:
 - (1) has adopted a resolution renewing the enterprise zone under



subsection (b); and

(2) adopts a resolution renewing the enterprise zone for an additional one (1) year period beginning on the date on which the enterprise zone would otherwise expire under the resolution adopted under subdivision (1).

An enterprise zone may be renewed for an additional one (1) year period under this subsection regardless of the number of times the enterprise zone has been renewed under subsections (d) and (e). A municipal fiscal body may adopt a renewal resolution and submit a copy of the resolution to the corporation at least thirty (30) days before the expiration date of the enterprise zone. If an enterprise zone is renewed for an additional one (1) year period under this subsection after having been renewed under subsection (e), the enterprise zone may not be renewed after the expiration of this final one (1) year period.

- (d) The two (2) year period immediately before the day on which the enterprise zone expires is the phaseout period. During the phaseout period, the board may review the success of the enterprise zone based on the following criteria and may, with the consent of after review by the budget committee, renew the enterprise zone, including all provisions of this chapter, for five (5) years:
 - (1) Increases in capital investment in the zone.
 - (2) Retention of jobs and creation of jobs in the zone.
 - (3) Increases in employment opportunities for residents of the zone.
- (e) If an enterprise zone is renewed under subsection (d), the two (2) year period immediately before the day on which the enterprise zone expires is another phaseout period. During the phaseout period, the board may review the success of the enterprise zone based on the criteria set forth in subsection (d) and, with the consent of after review by the budget committee, may again renew the enterprise zone, including all provisions of this chapter, for a final period of five (5) years. The zone may not be renewed after the expiration of this final five (5) year period."

Page 2, delete lines 9 through 12, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(b) If the board designates a district in a city listed in subsection (a), the mayor of the city shall designate the board of directors of the district by doing one (1) of the following:
 - (1) Designate the urban enterprise association established under IC 5-28-15-13 for an enterprise zone in the city as the board of directors of the district.
 - (2) Appoint a board of directors of the district consisting of



seven (7) members as follows:

- (A) Four (4) members selected by the mayor of the city.
- (B) Three (3) members selected by the fiscal body of the city.".
- Page 2, line 28, delete "twenty-five percent (25%)" and insert "twenty percent (20%)".

Page 2, delete lines 35 through 36, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(2) The proposed district has a population that is:
 - (A) more than two thousand (2,000) but not more than forty thousand (40,000); or
 - (B) at least equal to:
 - (i) the population of the qualified municipality; multiplied by
 - (ii) ten percent (10%);

whichever is greater.".

Page 2, delete lines 37 through 39, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(3) The territory of the proposed district contains:
 - (A) not more than four (4) square miles; or
 - (B) not more than ten percent (10%) of the territory of the qualified municipality;

whichever is greater.".

Page 6, line 4, delete "and".

Page 6, line 6, delete "." and insert "; and".

Page 6, between lines 6 and 7, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(3) pay the amount determined under section 9(c) of this chapter to the district board.".

Page 6, line 8, delete "is" and insert "and the district board are".

Page 6, line 13, after "corporation" insert "or district board".

Page 8, line 12, delete "aid in the employment of district residents,". Page 8, line 13, delete ",".

Page 11, between lines 30 and 31, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 4. IC 5-28-28-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2014, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "tax credit" means a state tax liability credit under any of the following:

- (1) IC 6-3.1-7 (before its expiration).
- (2) IC 6-3.1-13.
- (3) IC 6-3.1-26.
- (4) IC 6-3.1-30.



(5) IC 6-3.1-31.9.".

Page 15, line 11, after "association" insert "**or the district board**". Page 18, line 18, delete "10" and insert "**15**".

Page 20, line 20, after "credit)" delete "." and insert "(before its expiration).".

Page 20, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 17. IC 6-3.1-7-8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, a taxpayer is not entitled to receive a credit under this chapter for interest received on a qualified loan made after December 31, 2017. However, this section may not be construed to prevent a taxpayer from carrying an unused tax credit attributable to a qualified loan made before January 1, 2018, forward to a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2028, in the manner provided by section 3 of this chapter.

(b) This chapter expires January 1, 2028.

SECTION 18. IC 6-3.1-10-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 10. (a) Notwithstanding any other law and except as provided in subsection (b), a taxpayer is entitled to receive a credit under this chapter only for a qualified investment made before January 1, 2018.**

- (b) A taxpayer is entitled to receive a credit for a qualified investment made after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2028, if the qualified investment is approved by the corporation before January 1, 2018.
- (c) This section may not be construed to prevent a taxpayer from carrying an unused tax credit attributable to a qualified investment made before January 1, 2018, or made as provided in subsection (b) forward to a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2028, in the manner provided by section 7 of this chapter.
 - (d) This chapter expires January 1, 2028.".

Page 21, line 21, after "that" insert "after the designation of a district".

Page 21, line 23, after "in" delete "a" and insert "the".

Page 21, line 27, after "that" insert "after the designation of a district".

Page 21, line 28, after "in" delete "a" and insert "the".

Page 23, line 23, after "14." insert "(a)".

Page 23, between lines 29 and 30, begin a new paragraph and insert:



"(b) The amount of tax credits that may be awarded under this chapter in a particular district may not exceed three million dollars (\$3,000,000) in a state fiscal year.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 514 as introduced.)

HERSHMAN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 12, Nays 0.

