SENATE BILL No. 540

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-8-1-23; IC 3-10; IC 3-11-2-12; IC 6-1.1; IC 36-2-15; IC 36-2-16-8.

Synopsis: Local fiscal matters. Raises the acquisition cost threshold for purposes of the personal property tax exemption from \$80,000 to \$250,000. Limits the ability to seek an excess levy appeal to those units that have experienced a year over year population increase of 5% or more. Caps the allowable increase in the amount of property taxes first due and payable on a homestead in 2026, 2027, and 2028. Provides, beginning in 2027, that the office of the county assessor is an appointive office rather than an elective office. Specifies that the county executive shall appoint an individual to the office of the county assessor. Includes provisions to manage the conversion of the office of the county assessor to an appointive office upon the abolition of the office as an elective office.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2025.

Buchanan, Rogers

January 16, 2025, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.



First Regular Session of the 124th General Assembly (2025)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2024 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 540

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-8-1-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2015,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 23. This section does not apply to elections in
4	2026 and thereafter. A candidate for the office of county assessor
5	must satisfy the following:
6	(1) The candidate must have resided in the county for at least one
7	(1) year before the election, as provided in Article 6, Section 4 of
8	the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
9	(2) The candidate must own real property located in the county
10	upon taking office.
11	SECTION 2. IC 3-10-1-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,
12	SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for a primary election shall be
14	printed in substantially the form described in this section for all the
15	offices for which candidates have qualified under IC 3-8.
16	(b) The following shall be printed as the heading for the ballot for



17

a political party:

1	"OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT
2	Party (insert the name of the political party)".
3	(c) The following shall be printed immediately below the heading
4	required by subsection (b) or be posted in each voting booth as
5	provided in IC 3-11-2-8(b):
6	(1) For paper ballots, print: To vote for a person, make a voting
7	mark $(X \text{ or } \checkmark)$ on or in the box before the person's name in the
8	proper column.
9	(2) For optical scan ballots, print: To vote for a person, darken or
10	shade in the circle, oval, or square (or draw a line to connect the
11	arrow) that precedes the person's name in the proper column.
12	(3) For optical scan ballots that do not contain a candidate's name,
13	print: To vote for a person, darken or shade in the oval that
14	precedes the number assigned to the person's name in the proper
15	column.
16	(4) For electronic voting systems, print: To vote for a person,
17	touch the screen (or press the button) in the location indicated.
18	(d) Local public questions shall be placed on the primary election
19	ballot after the heading and the voting instructions described in
20	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and before
21	the offices described in subsection (g).
22 23 24	(e) The local public questions described in subsection (d) shall be
23	placed as follows:
	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
25 26 27	(2) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
26	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
28	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
29	(3) As provided by either of the following if voting is by an
30	electronic voting system:
31	(A) On a separate screen for a public question.
32	(B) After the heading and the voting instructions described in
33	subsection (c) (if the instructions are printed on the ballot) and
34	before the offices described in subsection (g), in the form
35	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5.
36	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot
37	in the following form:
38	(The explanatory text for the public question,
39	if required by law.)
10	"Shall (insert public question)?"
1 1	[] YES
12	[] NO



1	(g) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on
2	the primary election ballot in the following order:
3	(1) Federal and state offices:
4	(A) President of the United States.
5	(B) United States Senator.
6	(C) Governor.
7	(D) United States Representative.
8	(2) Legislative offices:
9	(A) State senator.
10	(B) State representative.
11	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
12	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
13	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
14	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
15	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
16	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
17	one (1) judge of the superior court.
18	(C) Judge of the probate court.
19	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
20	(E) Circuit court clerk.
21	(4) County offices:
22	(A) County auditor.
23	(B) County recorder.
24	(C) County treasurer.
25	(D) County sheriff.
26	(E) County coroner.
27	(F) County surveyor.
28	(G) County assessor. This clause does not apply to elections
29	in 2026 and thereafter.
30	(H) County commissioner.
31	(I) County council member.
32	(5) Township offices:
33	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
34	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
35	(B) Township trustee.
36	(C) Township board member.
37	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
38	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
39	(6) City offices:
40	(A) Mayor.
41	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
12	(C) Judge of the city court



1	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
2	(7) Town offices:
3	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
4	(B) Judge of the town court.
5	(C) Town council member.
6	(h) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be
7	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the
8	offices described in subsection (g):
9	(1) Precinct committeeman.
10	(2) State convention delegate.
11	(i) The local offices to be elected at the primary election shall be
12	placed on the primary election ballot after the offices described in
13	subsection (h).
14	(j) The offices described in subsection (i) shall be placed as follows:
15	(1) In a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot.
16	(2) After the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
17	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card.
18	(3) Either:
19	(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question; or
20	(B) after the offices described in subsection (h) in the form
21	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
22	if voting is by an electronic voting system.
23	(k) If no candidate has filed to run for an office on the primary ballot
24	then the county election board may print "NO CANDIDATE FILED"
25	in the place on the ballot where a candidate's name would have been
26	printed.
27	SECTION 3. IC 3-10-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2019,
28	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 13. The following public officials shall be elected
30	at the general election before their terms of office expire and every four
31	(4) years thereafter:
32	(1) Clerk of the circuit court.
33	(2) County auditor.
34	(3) County recorder.
35	(4) County treasurer.
36	(5) County sheriff.
37	(6) County coroner.
38	(7) County surveyor.
39	(8) County assessor. This subdivision does not apply to
40	elections in 2026 and thereafter.
41	(9) County commissioner.
42	(10) County council member.



1	(11) Township trustee.
2	(12) Township board member.
3	(13) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
4	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
5	(14) Judge of a small claims court.
6	(15) Constable of a small claims court.
7	SECTION 4. IC 3-11-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.227-2023,
8	SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 12. (a) The following offices shall be placed on
10	the general election ballot in the following order after the public
11	questions described in section 10(a) of this chapter:
12	(1) Federal and state offices:
13	(A) President and Vice President of the United States.
14	(B) United States Senator.
15	(C) Governor and lieutenant governor.
16	(D) Secretary of state.
17	(E) Auditor of state.
18	(F) Treasurer of state.
19	(G) Attorney general.
20	(H) United States Representative. If an election to fill a
21	vacancy in an office of United States Representative under
22	IC 3-10-8 is held on the same day as the election for the next
23	term of the same office, the ballot shall list the election to fill
24 25	the vacancy in the office immediately after the election for the
	next term of the office.
26	(2) Legislative offices:
27	(A) State senator.
28	(B) State representative.
29	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
30	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
31	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
32	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
33	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
34	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
35	one (1) judge of the superior court.
36	(C) Judge of the probate court.
37	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
38	(E) Clerk of the circuit court.
39	(4) County offices:
40	(A) County auditor.
41	(B) County recorder.
12	(C) County transurar



1	(D) County sheriff.
2	(E) County coroner.
3	(F) County surveyor.
4	(G) County assessor. This clause does not apply to elections
5	in 2026 and thereafter.
6	(H) County commissioner.
7	(I) County council member.
8	(5) Township offices:
9	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
10	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
11	(B) Township trustee.
12	(C) Township board member.
13	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
14	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
15	(6) City offices:
16	(A) Mayor.
17	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
18	(C) Judge of the city court.
19	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
20	(7) Town offices:
21	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
22	(B) Judge of the town court.
23	(C) Town council member.
24	(b) If a major political party does not nominate a candidate for an
25	office on a general, municipal, or special election ballot then the county
26	election board may print "NO CANDIDATE FILED" in the place on
27	the ballot where the name of the major political party's nominee would
28	be printed.
29	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-3-7.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2022,
30	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7.2. (a) This section applies to assessment dates
32	occurring after December 31, 2015.
33	(b) As used in this section, "affiliate" means an entity that
34	effectively controls or is controlled by a taxpayer or is associated with
35	a taxpayer under common ownership or control, whether by
36	shareholdings or other means.
37	(c) As used in this section, "business personal property" means
38	personal property that:
39	(1) is otherwise subject to assessment and taxation under this
40	article;
41	(2) is used in a trade or business or otherwise held, used, or
42	consumed in connection with the production of income; and



(3) was:
(A) acquired by the taxpayer in an arms length transaction
from an entity that is not an affiliate of the taxpayer, if the
personal property has been previously used in Indiana before
being placed in service in the county; or
(B) acquired in any manner, if the personal property has never
been previously used in Indiana before being placed in service
in the county.
The term does not include mobile homes assessed under IC 6-1.1-7,
personal property held as an investment, or personal property that is
assessed under IC 6-1.1-8 and is owned by a public utility subject to
regulation by the Indiana utility regulatory commission. However, the
term does include the personal property of a telephone company or a
communications service provider if that personal property meets the
requirements of subdivisions (1) through (3), regardless of whether that
personal property is assessed under IC 6-1.1-8 and regardless of
whether the telephone company or communications service provider is
subject to regulation by the Indiana utility regulatory commission.
(d) Notwithstanding section 7 of this chapter, if the acquisition cost
of a taxpayer's total business personal property in a county is less than
eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000) two hundred fifty thousand dollars
(\$250,000) for that assessment date, the taxpayer's business personal property in the county for that assessment date is exempt from taxation.
(e) Subject to subsection (f), a taxpayer that is eligible for the
exemption under this section for an assessment date shall include the
following information on the taxpayer's personal property tax return:
(1) A declaration that the taxpayer's business personal property in
the county is exempt from property taxation.
(2) Whether the taxpayer's business personal property within the
county is in one (1) location or multiple locations.
(3) An address for the location of the property.
If the business personal property is in multiple locations within a
county, the taxpayer shall provide an address for the location where the
sum of acquisition costs for business personal property is greatest. If
two (2) or more addresses contain the greatest equivalent sum of
acquisition costs for business personal property within a given county,
the taxpayer shall choose only one (1) address to list on the return.
(f) Beginning after December 31, 2022, a taxpayer that has included
the information required under subsection (e) on the taxpayer's
personal property tax return to claim the exemption under this section
is not required to file a personal property return for the taxpayer's
business personal property for an assessment date that occurs after the



assessment date for which the information is first provided under subsection (e), unless or until the taxpayer no longer qualifies for the exemption under subsection (d) for a subsequent assessment date.

SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-18.5-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.156-2024, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) Any civil taxing unit that determines that it cannot carry out its governmental functions for an ensuing calendar year under the levy limitations imposed by section 3 or 25 of this chapter, as applicable, may, subject to subsections (h) and (i):

- (1) before October 20 of the calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year; or
- (2) in the case of a request described in section 16 of this chapter, before December 31 of the calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year;

appeal to the department of local government finance for relief from those levy limitations. In the appeal the civil taxing unit must state that it will be unable to carry out the governmental functions committed to it by law unless it is given the authority that it is petitioning for. The civil taxing unit must support these allegations by reasonably detailed statements of fact.

- (b) The department of local government finance shall immediately proceed to the examination and consideration of the merits of the civil taxing unit's appeal.
- (c) In considering an appeal, the department of local government finance has the power to conduct hearings, require any officer or member of the appealing civil taxing unit to appear before it, or require any officer or member of the appealing civil taxing unit to provide the department with any relevant records or books.
 - (d) If an officer or member:
 - (1) fails to appear at a hearing after having been given written notice requiring that person's attendance; or
 - (2) fails to produce the books and records that the department by written notice required the officer or member to produce;

then the department may file an affidavit in the circuit court, superior court, or probate court in the jurisdiction in which the officer or member may be found setting forth the facts of the failure.

(e) Upon the filing of an affidavit under subsection (d), the court shall promptly issue a summons, and the sheriff of the county within which the court is sitting shall serve the summons. The summons must command the officer or member to appear before the department to provide information to the department or to produce books and records for the department's use, as the case may be. Disobedience of the



summons constitutes, and is	punishable as,	, a contempt of the	court that
issued the summons.			

- (f) All expenses incident to the filing of an affidavit under subsection (d) and the issuance and service of a summons shall be charged to the officer or member against whom the summons is issued, unless the court finds that the officer or member was acting in good faith and with reasonable cause. If the court finds that the officer or member was acting in good faith and with reasonable cause or if an affidavit is filed and no summons is issued, the expenses shall be charged against the county in which the affidavit was filed and shall be allowed by the proper fiscal officers of that county.
- (g) The fiscal officer of a civil taxing unit that appeals under section 16 of this chapter for relief from levy limitations shall immediately file a copy of the appeal petition with the county auditor and the county treasurer of the county in which the unit is located.
- (h) This subsection applies to a civil taxing unit whose budget for the upcoming year is subject to review by a fiscal body under:
 - (1) IC 6-1.1-17-20;

- (2) IC 6-1.1-17-20.3; or
- (3) IC 6-1.1-17-20.4.

A civil taxing unit described in this subsection may not submit an appeal under this section unless the civil taxing unit receives approval from the appropriate fiscal body to submit the appeal.

- (i) A participating unit of a fire protection territory may not submit an appeal under this section unless each participating unit of the fire protection territory has adopted a resolution approving submission of the appeal.
- (j) Beginning in 2025, only those civil taxing units that meet the qualification under this subsection may appeal to the department of local government finance for relief from the levy limitations imposed by section 3 or 25 of this chapter. To qualify for levy relief from those levy limitations, a county or municipality, or other civil taxing unit, must have experienced a population increase of five percent (5%) or more as determined under STEP THREE of the following formula:

STEP ONE: Determine the population of the county or municipality, or other civil taxing unit, for the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year of the appeal.

STEP TWO: Determine the population of the county or municipality, or other civil taxing unit, for the calendar year preceding by two (2) years the calendar year of the appeal.

STEP THREE: Determine the quotient of:



1	(A) STEP ONE; divided by
2	(B) STEP TWO;
3	expressed as a percentage.
4	For purposes of determining the population of a county or
5	municipality, or other civil taxing unit, under the formula in a
6	given year, the most recent federal decennial census, any corrected
7	population count (as defined in IC 1-1-3.5-1.5), and the annual
8	estimates under the United States Census Bureau's population
9	estimates program shall apply.
10	SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-51.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
11	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	UPON PASSAGE]:
13	Chapter 51.2. Allowable Increase in Homestead Property Tax
14	Liability
15	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to property taxes first due and
16	payable in the following calendar years:
17	(1) 2026.
18	(2) 2027.
19	(3) 2028.
20	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "homestead" has the meaning set
21	forth in IC 6-1.1-12-37.
22	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "property tax liability" means
23	liability for the tax imposed on property under this article
24	determined after application of all credits and deductions under
25	this article, but does not include:
26	(1) any property tax liability imposed in a voter approved
27	referendum; or
28	(2) any interest or penalty imposed under this article.
29	Sec. 4. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, for property taxes
30	first due and payable in a calendar year listed in section 1 of this
31	chapter, an individual is entitled to a determination of property tax
32	liability (not including any property tax liability imposed in a voter
33	approved referendum) with respect to the individual's homestead
34	under this section. The amount of property tax liability determined
35	under this section is the maximum property tax liability to which
36	the homestead is subject for the applicable calendar year.
37	(b) Subject to subsections (c) and (d), the property tax liability
38	of an individual for property taxes first due and payable in a
39	calendar year listed in section 1 of this chapter that are
40	attributable to the individual's homestead may not exceed the
41	lesser of the following:

(1) The amount of property tax liability (not including any



42

	11
1	property tax liability imposed in a voter approved
2	referendum) of the individual that is attributable to the
3	homestead for property taxes first due and payable in the
4	particular calendar year as would otherwise be determined
5	under this article.
6	(2) The amount of property tax liability (not including any
7	property tax liability imposed in a voter approved
8	referendum) of the individual that is attributable to the
9	homestead for property taxes first due and payable in the
10	immediately preceding calendar year multiplied by one and
11	five hundredths (1.05).
12	(c) If a physical change to the homestead results in an increased
13	assessment of the homestead for an assessment date for which
14	property tax liability is imposed in a calendar year listed in section

- (c) If a physical change to the homestead results in an increased assessment of the homestead for an assessment date for which property tax liability is imposed in a calendar year listed in section 1 of this chapter, the property tax liability of an individual for property taxes first due and payable for that assessment date with respect to the homestead is the sum of the:
 - (1) amount of the individual's property tax liability attributable to the homestead otherwise determined under subsection (b) for the calendar year; plus
 - (2) amount of the individual's property tax liability that is directly attributable to the physical change in the homestead. (d) If:
 - (1) the entire ownership interest; or
 - (2) any part of the ownership interest;
- in the homestead changes, subsection (b) does not apply to the determination of property tax liability for homestead property taxes first due and payable in the first calendar year following the change in ownership. Instead, the amount of property tax liability that is attributable to the homestead for property taxes first due and payable in that particular calendar year is the amount of property tax liability as would otherwise be determined under this article.
- Sec. 5. The property tax liability for a homestead determined under this chapter for property taxes first due and payable in a calendar year is considered for all purposes to be property taxes imposed by the state or a political subdivision in which the homestead is located.
- Sec. 6. The auditor of the county shall apply the provisions of this chapter to a determination of property tax liability for an individual's homestead as set forth under this chapter.
 - SECTION 8. IC 36-2-15-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



1	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
2	1, 2025]: Sec. 0.5. The following apply on January 1, 2027, when the
3	office of the county assessor becomes an appointive office under
4	section 2(b) of this chapter upon the abolition of the office as an
5	elective office under section 2(a) of this chapter:
6	(1) The employment positions, as of December 31, 2026, of all
7	employees of the office of the county assessor when the office
8	was an elective office become employees of the office of the
9	county assessor when it becomes an appointive office.
10	(2) Real and personal property used solely to carry out
11	property assessment duties of the office of the county assessor
12	when the office was an elective office become the real and
13	personal property of the office of the county assessor when it
14	becomes an appointive office.
15	(3) Obligations outstanding on December 31, 2026, relating to
16	the assessment of tangible property of the office of the county
17	assessor when the office was an elective office become the
18	obligations of the office of the county assessor when it
19	becomes an appointive office.
20	(4) Funds on hand for the purpose of carrying out property
21	assessment duties of the office of the county assessor when the
22	office was an elective office, in the amount determined by the
23	county auditor, become the funds of the office of the county
24	assessor when it becomes an appointive office.
25	(5) Revenue received by the county for the purpose of
26	carrying out property assessment duties of the office of the
27	county assessor after the date the office becomes an
28	appointive office, in the amount determined by the county
29	auditor, becomes the revenue of the office of the county
30	assessor when it becomes an appointive office.
31	SECTION 9. IC 36-2-15-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2015,
32	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 2. (a) A county assessor shall be elected under
34	IC 3-10-2-13 by the voters of the county. However, an election for
35	county assessor shall not be held in 2026. On December 31, 2026,
36	the following occur:
37	(1) The term of office of an individual who holds the office of
38	the county assessor ends.
39	(2) The office of the county assessor as an elective office is
40	abolished.

(b) On January 1, 2027, the office of the county assessor

becomes an appointive office. The county executive shall appoint



41

42

1	an individual to the office of county assessor for the county. An
2	individual who was serving as the county assessor (without regard
3	to whether the individual was initially elected to the office or
4	appointed to fill a vacancy in the office under IC 3-13) before the
5	abolition of the office as an elective office under subsection (a) is
6	eligible for appointment to the office of county assessor. An
7	individual appointed to the office of county assessor must satisfy
8	the following:
9	(1) The individual must have resided in the county for at least
10	one (1) year before the appointment, as provided in Article 6,
11	Section 4 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
12	(2) The individual must own real property located in the
13	county upon taking office.
14	(b) (c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), to be
15	eligible to serve as an assessor, an individual must meet the following
16	qualifications before taking office:
17	(1) If the individual has never held the office of county assessor,
18	the individual must have attained a level two assessor-appraiser
19	certification under IC 6-1.1-35.5.
20	(2) If the individual has held the office of county assessor, the
21	individual must have attained a level three assessor-appraiser
22	certification under IC 6-1.1-35.5.
23	(c) (d) A county assessor must reside within the county as provided
24	in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The
25	assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the
26	county.
27	(d) (e) The term of office of a county assessor is four (4) years,
28	beginning January 1 as follows:
29	(1) This subdivision applies before the elective office of county
30	assessor is abolished under subsection (a). After election, and
31	continuing until a successor is elected and qualified.
32	(2) This subdivision applies when the office of county assessor
33	becomes an appointive office under subsection (b). After
34	appointment, and continuing until a successor is appointed
35	and qualified.
36	SECTION 10. IC 36-2-15-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2015,
37	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 5. (a) The county assessor shall perform the

functions assigned by statute to the county assessor, including the

(2) Selection and maintenance of a countywide computer system.



following:

(1) Countywide equalization.

1	(3) Certification of gross assessments to the county auditor.
2	(4) Discovery of omitted property.
3	(5) In:
4	(A) a township in which the transfer of duties of the elected
5	township assessor is required by subsection (c); or
6	(B) a township in which the duties relating to the assessment
7	of tangible property are not required to be performed by a
8	township assessor elected under IC 36-6-5;
9	performance of the assessment duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1.
10	(b) A transfer of duties between assessors or a conversion of the
11	office of the county assessor to an appointive office upon the
12	abolition of that office as an elective office does not affect:
13	(1) any assessment, assessment appeal, or other official action
14	made by an assessor before the transfer or conversion of the
15	office to an appointive office; or
16	(2) any pending action against, or the rights of any party that may
17	possess a legal claim against, an assessor that is not described in
18	subdivision (1).
19	Any assessment, assessment appeal, or other official action of an
20	assessor made by the assessor within the scope of the assessor's official
21	duties before the transfer of duties or the conversion of the office to
22	an appointive office upon the abolition of the office as an elective
23	office is considered as having been made by the assessor to whom the
24	duties are transferred or by the assessor who is appointed after the
25	conversion of the office to an appointive office upon the abolition
26	of the office as an elective office.
27	(c) If the individual elected to the office of township assessor has
28	not attained the assessor-appraiser certification level required by
29	IC 36-6-5-1 before the date the term of office begins, the assessment
30	duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 that would otherwise be performed in the
31	township by the township assessor are transferred to the county
32	assessor on that date. If assessment duties in a township are transferred
33	to the county assessor under this subsection, those assessment duties
34	are transferred back to the township assessor if at a later election an
35	individual who has attained the assessor-appraiser certification level
36	required by IC 36-6-5-1 is elected to the office of township assessor.
37	SECTION 11. IC 36-2-15-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.219-2007,
38	SECTION 109, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 7. (a) Each county assessor, elected
40	township assessor, or township trustee-assessor whose assessment
41	duties prescribed by IC 6-1.1 will be transferred under section 5 of this



chapter shall:

1	(1) organize the records of the assessor's office relating to the
2	assessment of tangible property in a manner prescribed by the
3	department of local government finance; and
4	(2) transfer the records as directed by the department of local
5	government finance.
6	(b) The department of local government finance shall determine a
7	procedure and schedule for the transfer of the records and operations.
8	The assessors shall assist each other and coordinate their efforts to:
9	(1) ensure an orderly transfer of all records; and
0	(2) provide for an uninterrupted and professional transition of the
1	property assessment functions consistent with this chapter and the
2	directions of the department of local government finance.
3	(c) Subsections (a) and (b) apply to the transfer of records that
4	occurs when the office of the county assessor becomes an
5	appointive office under section 2(b) of this chapter upon the
6	abolition of the office as an elective office under section 2(a) of this
7	chapter.
8	SECTION 12. IC 36-2-16-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.167-2015,
9	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2025]: Sec. 8. (a) The county assessor may appoint the
21	number of full-time or part-time deputies and employees authorized by
22	the county fiscal body.
23 24	(b) Before July 1, 2017, an employee of the county assessor who
24	performs real property assessing duties must have attained the level of
25 26	certification under IC 6-1.1-35.5 that the county assessor is required to
26	attain under IC 36-2-15-2(b).
27	(c) (b) After June 30, 2017, An employee of the county assessor
28	who is responsible for placing an assessed valuation on real property
.9	must have attained the certification of a level three assessor-appraiser
0	under IC 6-1.1-35.5.
1	(d) (c) This subsection applies after June 30, 2017. If the county
2	assessor has not attained the certification of a level three
3	assessor-appraiser under IC 6-1.1-35.5, the county fiscal body shall
4	authorize either of the following:
5	(1) The appointment of at least one (1) deputy or employee who
6	has attained the certification of a level three assessor-appraiser
7	under IC 6-1.1-35.5.
8	(2) Contracting with a person who has attained, or who employs
9	for purposes of the contract an individual who has attained, the
0	certification of a level three assessor-appraiser under
-1	IC 6-1.1-35.5. The individual under contract with the county
-2	assessor under this subdivision shall assist the county assessor



1	with assessment duties as determined by the county assessor.
2	Payment for the deputy, employee, or contractor shall be made from the
3	budget for the county assessor.
4	SECTION 13. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025] (a) The legislative
5	services agency shall prepare, as directed by the legislative council,
6	legislation for introduction in the 2026 regular session of the
7	general assembly to organize and correct statutes affected by this
8	act's conversion of the office of county assessor to an appointive
9	office, if necessary.
10	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2027.
11	SECTION 14. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2025] (a) IC 6-1.1-3-7.2, as
12	amended by this act, applies to assessment dates after December
13	31, 2025.
14	(b) This SECTION expires June 30, 2028.
15	SECTION 15. An emergency is declared for this act

