HOUSE BILL No. 2523

By Representative Highland

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AN ACT concerning the state board of veterinary examiners; relating to licensed veterinarians and registered veterinary technicians; penalties; fees; investigative and disciplinary proceedings; amending K.S.A. 47-816, 47-817, 47-820, 47-821, 47-829, 47-830, 47-834, 47-835, 47-840, 47-842, 47-847 and 47-852 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 47-837, 47-843, 47-844, 47-846, 47-848, 47-849, 47-850, 47-851, 47-853 and 47-854.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 47-816 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-816. As used in the Kansas veterinary practice act:

- (a) "Animal" means any mammalian animal other than human and any fowl, bird, amphibian, fish or reptile, wild or domestic, living or dead.
 - (b) "Board" means the state board of veterinary examiners.
- (c) "Clock hour of continuing education" means 60 minutes of participation in a continuing education program or activity that meets the minimum standards for continuing education according to rules and regulations adopted by the board.
- (d) "Companion animal" means any dog, cat or other domesticated animal possessed by a person for purposes of companionship, security, hunting, herding or providing assistance in relation to a physical disability but-shall exclude does not include any animal raised on a farm or ranch and used or intended for use as food.
- (d) "Clock hour of continuing education" means 60 minutes of participation in a continuing education program or activity which meets the minimum standards for continuing education according to rules and regulations adopted by the board.
 - (e) "Direct supervision" means the supervising licensed veterinarian:
- (1) Is-on the veterinary premises in the immediate area and within audible or visual range of the animal patient and the person treating the patient or in the same general area in a field setting;
 - (2) is quickly and easily available;
- (3) examines the animal prior to delegating any veterinary practice activity to the supervisee and performs any additional examination of the animal required by good as acceptable veterinary practice; and
 - (4) delegates only those veterinary practice activities—which that are

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 consistent with rules and regulations of the board regarding employee supervision.

- (f) "Licensed veterinarian" means a veterinarian who is validly and eurrently licensed to practice veterinary medicine in this state" Graduate veterinary technician" means a person who has graduated from an American veterinary medical association accredited school approved by the board.
- (g) "Impaired" or "impairment" means the quality, state or condition of being damaged, weakened or diminished. "Impaired" or "impairment" includes, but is not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor skills or abuse of alcohol, drugs or controlled substances.
- (h) "Indirect supervision" means—that the supervising licensed veterinarian:
- (1) Is not on the veterinary premises or in the same general area in a field setting, but has examined the animal and provided either written or documented oral instructions or a written protocol for treatment of the animal patient, except that in an emergency, the supervising licensed veterinarian may provide oral instructions prior to examining the animal and subsequently examine the animal and document the instruction in writing;
- (2) delegates only those veterinary practice tasks—which that are consistent with the rules and regulations of the board regarding employee supervision; and
- (3) the animal being treated is not anesthetized as defined in rules and regulations.
- (h)(i) "Licensed veterinarian" means a veterinarian who is validly and currently licensed to practice veterinary medicine in this state.
- (j) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association or other entity.
 - (k) "Practice of veterinary medicine" means any of the following:
- (1) To diagnose, treat, correct, change, relieve; or prevent animal disease, deformity, defect, injury or other physical or mental condition; including. "Practice of veterinary medicine" includes the prescription or administration of any drug, medicine, biologic, apparatus, application, anesthesia or other therapeutic or diagnostic substance or technique on any animal, including, but not limited to, acupuncture, surgical or dental operations, animal psychology, animal chiropractic, theriogenology, surgery, including cosmetic surgery, any manual, mechanical, biological or chemical procedure for testing for pregnancy or for correcting sterility or infertility or to render service or recommendations with regard to any of the above and all other branches of veterinary medicine.
- (2) To represent, directly or indirectly, publicly or privately, an ability and willingness to do any act described in paragraph (1).

(3) To use any title, words, abbreviation or letters in a manner or under circumstances—which that induce the belief that the person using them is qualified to do any act described in paragraph (1). Such use shall be prima facie evidence of the intention to represent oneself as engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine.

- (4) To collect blood or other samples for the purpose of diagnosing disease or conditions. This shall not apply to unlicensed personnel employed by the United States department of agriculture or the Kansas department of agriculture who are engaged in such personnel's official duties.
- (5) To apply principles of environmental sanitation, food inspection, environmental pollution control, animal nutrition, zoonotic disease control and disaster medicine in the promotion and protection of public health in the performance of any veterinary service or procedure.
- (i)(l) "Probable cause committee" means a committee consisting of up to three board members that:
- (1) Reviews information of any type, including, but not limited to, potential impairment;
- (2) determines whether a licensed veterinarian, registered veterinary technician or person may have violated the Kansas veterinary practice act or the board regulations; and
- (3) attempts to resolve the matter through the adjudicative hearing process.
- (m) "Registered veterinary technician" means an individual who is a graduate veterinary technician, has passed the examinations required by the board for registration and is registered by the board.
- (n) "School of veterinary medicine" means any veterinary college or division of a university or college that offers the degree of doctor of veterinary medicine or its equivalent, which that conforms to the standards required for accreditation by the American veterinary medical association and which that is recognized and approved by the board.
- (j)(o) "Veterinarian" means a person who has received a doctor of veterinary medicine degree or the equivalent from a school of veterinary medicine.
- (k) "Veterinary premises" means any premises or facility where the practice of veterinary medicine occurs, including, but not limited to, a mobile clinic, outpatient clinic, satellite clinic or veterinary hospital or clinic, but shall not include the premises of a veterinary client, research facility, a federal military base, Kansas state university college of veterinary medicine or any premises wherein the practice of veterinary medicine occurs no more than three times per year as a public service outreach of a registered veterinary premises.
 - (1) "Graduate veterinary technician" means a person who has

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graduated from an American veterinary medical association accredited school approved by the board.

- (m) "Registered veterinary technician" means a person who is a graduate veterinary technician, has passed the examinations required by the board for registration and is registered by the board.
 - (n)(p) "Veterinary-client-patient relationship" means:
- (1) (A) The veterinarian has assumed the responsibility for making medical judgments regarding the health of the animal or animals and the need for medical treatment₅; and
- (B) the client, owner or other caretaker has agreed to follow the instruction of the veterinarian;
- (2) there is sufficient knowledge of the animal or animals by the veterinarian to initiate at least a general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal or animals. This means that the veterinarian has recently seen or is personally acquainted with the keeping and care of the animal or animals by virtue of an examination of the animal or animals, or by medically appropriate and timely visits to the premises where the animal or animals are kept, or both; and
- (3) the practicing veterinarian is readily available for followup in case of adverse reactions or failure of the regimen of therapy.
- (Θ) (q) "Veterinary corporation" means a professional corporation of licensed veterinarians incorporated under the professional corporation act of Kansas, K.S.A. 17-2706 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (r) "Veterinary partnership" means a partnership pursuant to the Kansas uniform partnership act, K.S.A. 56a-101 et seq., and amendments thereto, formed by licensed veterinarians engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine.
- (s) "Veterinary premises" means any premises or facility where the practice of veterinary medicine occurs, including, but not limited to, a mobile clinic, outpatient clinic, satellite clinic or veterinary hospital or clinic, but does not include the premises of a veterinary client, research facility, a federal military base, Kansas state university college of veterinary medicine or any premises wherein the practice of veterinary medicine occurs no more than three times per year as a public service outreach of a registered veterinary premises.
- (t) "Veterinary prescription drugs" means such prescription items as defined by 21 U.S.C. § 353, as in effect on July 1, 2001 2021.
- (p) "Veterinary corporation" means a professional corporation of licensed veterinarians incorporated under the professional corporation act of Kansas, cited at K.S.A. 17-2706 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (q) "Veterinary partnership" means a partnership pursuant to the Kansas uniform partnership aet, eited at K.S.A. 56a-101 et seq., and amendments thereto, formed by licensed veterinarians engaged in the

practice of veterinary medicine.

- (r) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association or other entity.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 47-817 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-817. No person shall practice veterinary medicine in this state who is not currently and validly a licensed veterinarian. This act shall not be construed to prohibit:
- (a) An employee of the federal, state or local government performing such employee's official duties.
- (b) A person from gratuitously giving aid, assistance or relief in veterinary emergency cases if such person does not represent themselves to be veterinarians or use any title or degree appertaining to the practice thereof.
- (c) A veterinarian regularly licensed in another state consulting with a licensed veterinarian in this state.
- (d) Fisheries biologists actively employed by the state of Kansas, the United States government, or any person in the production or management of commercial food or game fish while in the performance of such persons' official duties.
- (e) Any feeder utilizing and mixing antibiotics or other disease or parasite preventing drugs as a part of such feeder's feeding operations.
- (f) The owner of an animal and the owner's regular employee caring for and treating the animal belonging to such owner, except where the ownership of the animal was transferred to avoid this act.
- (g) Before July 1, 2016, a member of the faculty of a school of veterinary medicine performing such member's regular functions or a person lecturing, or giving instructions or demonstrations at a school of veterinary medicine or in connection with a continuing education course for veterinarians. On or after July 1, 2016:
- (1) The practice of veterinary medicine at a school of veterinary medicine in this state by a person possessing an institutional license;
- (2) any person, including without limitation, a member of the faculty of a school of veterinary medicine, lecturing or giving instructions or demonstrations at a school of veterinary medicine or in connection with a continuing education course for veterinarians or veterinary technicians, except when such activities involve the practice of veterinary medicine on client-owned animals; or
- (3) the temporary practice of veterinary medicine at a school of veterinary medicine in this state, for a period not exceeding 30 days per ealendar year, by a person eligible to obtain a veterinary or institutional license upon examination and application for the same.
- (h)—Any person engaging in bona fide scientific research—which that reasonably requires experimentation involving animals or commercial

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(i)(h) A nonstudent employee, independent contractor or any other associate of the veterinarian or a student in a school of veterinary medicine who has not completed at least three years of study and who performs prescribed veterinary procedures under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian or under the indirect supervision of a licensed veterinarian pursuant to rules and regulations of the board.

- (j)(i) A student who has completed at least three years of study in a school of veterinary medicine and who performs prescribed veterinary procedures assigned by such student's instructors or who works under direct or indirect supervision of a licensed veterinarian.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 47-820 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-820. (a) Except as provided further, The board shall remit all moneys received by or for it from fees, charges or penalties to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury. Ten percent of each such deposit shall be credited to the state general fund and the balance shall be credited to the veterinary examiners fee fund. Costs relating to assessment and enforcement of civil fines shall be credited to the veterinary examiners fee fund from all moneys received that are civil fines and the balance shall be credited to the state general fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the executive director or by a person or persons designated by the executive director.(b) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, and June 30, 2016, the board shall remit all moneys received by or for it from fees, charges or penalties to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the veterinary examiners fee fund. Costs related to assessment and enforcement of civil fines shall be credited to the veterinary examiners fee fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary of agriculture or by a person or persons designated by the secretary of agriculture.
 - Sec. 4. K.S.A. 47-821 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-821. (a) In general, but not by way of limitation, the board shall have power to:
 - (1) Examine and determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for a license to practice veterinary medicine in this state in accordance with K.S.A. 47-824 and 47-826, and amendments thereto.
 - (2) Inspect and register any veterinary premises pursuant to K.S.A.

 47-840, and amendments thereto, and take any disciplinary action against the holder of a registration of a premises issued pursuant to K.S.A. 47-840, and amendments thereto.

- (3) Inspect and audit the records and compliance with the standards of practice of any veterinarian and take any disciplinary action against the licensed veterinarian consistent with the provisions of this act and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder.
- (4) Issue, renew, deny, limit, condition, fine, reprimand, restrict, suspend or revoke licenses to practice veterinary medicine, *institutional licenses or veterinary technician registrations* in this state or otherwise discipline licensed veterinarians *or registered veterinary technicians* consistent with the provisions of this act and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder.
- (5) Conduct an investigation upon an allegation by any person that any licensee or other veterinarian has violated any provision of the Kansas veterinary practice act or any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to such act. The board may appoint individuals and committees to assist in any investigation.
- (6) Establish and publish annually a schedule of fees authorized pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 47-822, and amendments thereto.
- (7) Employ full-time or part-time an executive director and such professional, clerical and special personnel as shall be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. The board shall fix the compensation of such personnel who shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act. Under the supervision of the board, the executive director shall perform such duties as may be required by law or authorized by the board.
 - (8) Purchase or rent necessary office space, equipment and supplies.
- (9) Appoint from its own membership one or more members to act as representatives of the board at any meeting within or without the state where such representation is deemed desirable.
- (10) Initiate the bringing of proceedings in the courts for the enforcement of this act.
- (11) Adopt, amend or repeal rules and regulations for licensed veterinarians regarding the limits of activity for assistants and registered veterinary technicians who perform prescribed veterinary procedures under the direct or indirect supervision and responsibility of a licensed veterinarian
- (12) Adopt, amend or repeal such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this act and enforce the provisions thereof.
 - (13) Have a common seal.
 - (14) Adopt, amend or repeal rules and regulations to fix minimum

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 standards for continuing veterinary medical education, which standards that shall be a condition precedent to the renewal of a license under this act

- (15) Examine and determine the qualifications and fitness of applicants for registration and register veterinary technicians.
- (16) Issue, renew, deny, limit, condition, fine, reprimand, restrict, suspend or revoke veterinary technician registrations in this state consistent with the provisions of this act and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder.
- (17) Establish any committee necessary to implement any provision of this act including, but not limited to, a continuing education committee and a peer review committee. Such committees may be formed in conjunction with professional veterinary associations in the state. Members of such committees appointed by the board shall receive the same privileges and immunities and be charged with the same responsibilities of activity and confidentiality as board members.
- (18) Refer complaints to a duly formed peer review committee of a duly appointed professional association.
- $\overline{(19)}$ Establish, by rules and regulations, minimum standards for the practice of veterinary medicine.
- (20)(19) Contract with a person or entity to perform the inspections or reinspections as required by K.S.A. 47-840, and amendments thereto.
- (21)(20) (A) For the purpose of investigations and proceedings conducted by the board, the board may issue subpoenas compelling:
- (i) The attendance and testimony of veterinarians or veterinary technicians; or
- (ii) the production for examination or copying of documents or any other physical evidence if such evidence relates to veterinary competence, unprofessional conduct, the mental or physical ability of a licensee or registrant to safely practice veterinary medicine or the condition of a veterinary premises. Within five days after the service of the subpoena on any veterinarian requiring the production of any evidence in the veterinarian's possession or under the veterinarian's control, such veterinarian may petition the board to revoke, limit or modify the subpoena. The board shall revoke, limit or modify such subpoena if in its opinion the evidence required does not relate to practices—which that may be grounds for disciplinary action, is not relevant to the charge—which that is the subject matter of the proceeding or investigation, or does not describe with sufficient particularity the physical evidence—which that is required to be produced.
- (B) The district court, upon application by the board or by the veterinarian or veterinary technician subpoenaed, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order:

 (i) Requiring such veterinarian or veterinary technician to appear before the board or the board's duly authorized agent to produce evidence relating to the matter under investigation; or

- (ii) revoking, limiting or modifying the subpoena if in the court's opinion the evidence demanded does not relate to practices which that may be grounds for disciplinary action, is not relevant to the charge which that is the subject matter of the hearing or investigation or does not describe with sufficient particularity the evidence which that is required to be produced.
- (b) The powers of the board are granted to enable the board to effectively supervise the practice of veterinary medicine and are to be construed liberally in order to accomplish such objective.
- (e) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, on and after July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2016, the executive director of the board shall be jointly appointed by the board and the animal healthcommissioner of the Kansas department of agriculture. Any conflictbetween the board and the animal health commissioner in appointing an executive director shall be resolved by the secretary of agriculture. The executive director, in conjunction with the animal health commissioner, shall make all other hires of professional and administrative staff pursuant to hiring procedures of the Kansas department of agriculture. Allemployees of the board immediately prior to the effective date of this section shall become employees of the Kansas department of agriculture and are hereby transferred to the Kansas department of agriculture on the effective date of this section. Employees transferred pursuant to this subsection shall retain all retirement benefits and leave balances and rights that had accrued or vested prior to the date of transfer. The service of each such employee so transferred shall be deemed to have been continuous. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on June 30, 2016.
- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this act to the contrary, on and after July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2016, the board shall submit all-proposed rules and regulations to the secretary of agriculture. The secretary of agriculture may recommend any changes to proposed rules and regulations for approval by the board. The secretary shall formally propose and adopt all rules and regulations of the board pursuant to the rules and regulations filing act, K.S.A. 77-415 et seq., and amendments thereto. The secretary shall not adopt any rule and regulation unless such rule and regulation has been approved by the board. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on June 30, 2016.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 47-829 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-829. (a) (1) All licenses, including institutional licenses, and veterinary technician registrations, shall expire annually on June 30, except as provided in K.S.A. 47-855, and amendments thereto, of each year but may

be renewed by registration with the board and payment of the license *or registration* renewal fee established and published by the board, pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 47-822, and amendments thereto. On June 1 of each year, the executive director shall mail a notice to each licensed veterinarian *or registered veterinary technician* that the veterinarian or veterinary technician with a form for license renewal. For institutional licenses as provided in K.S.A. 47-855, and amendments thereto, a notice of the expiration of such license shall be mailed to the applicant and the school of veterinary medicine at which the institutional licensee is employed not later than 30 days prior to the expiration of such license. The application for renewal of institutional licenses may be made in compiled format by the school of veterinary medicine for all of its employees desiring renewal, along with a single payment for all corresponding renewal fees.

- (1)(2) The application shall contain a statement to the effect that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony, has not been the subject of professional disciplinary action taken by any public agency in Kansas or any other state, territory or the District of Columbia, and has not violated any of the provisions of the Kansas veterinary practice act. If the applicant is unable to make that statement, the application shall contain a statement of the conviction, professional discipline or violation.
- $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ The board, as part of the renewal process, may make necessary inquiries of the applicant and conduct an investigation in order to determine if cause for disciplinary action exists.
- (b) A license may be renewed upon payment of the renewal fee as required by this section and the provision of satisfactory evidence that the licensee has participated in a minimum of 20 clock hours of continuing education. A veterinary technician registration may be renewed upon payment of the renewal fee as required by this section and the provision of satisfactory evidence that the individual has participated in a minimum of eight clock hours of continuing education. The burden of proof for showing such participation in continuing education hours shall be the responsibility of the licensee or registrant. The continuing education requirement may be waived for impaired veterinarians, as defined by K.S.A. 47-846(e), and amendments thereto, and may be waived forlicensed veterinarians and registered veterinary technicians while they are on active military duty with any branch of the armed services of the United States during a time of national emergency-which that shall not exceed the longer of three years or the duration of a national emergency, and shall be waived for persons possessing an institutional license.
- (c) Any person who practices veterinary medicine under this act after the expiration of such person's license or registration and willfully or by

neglect fails to renew such license *or registration* shall be practicing in violation of this act. Any license *or registration* renewal application which that is submitted beyond the annual renewal date shall be assessed a penalty fee not to exceed \$100 as established by the board by rules and regulations. In the event that the application for renewal of any veterinarian license—or, institutional license *or veterinary technician registration* has not been submitted within 60 days of the expiration date of such license *or registration*, the board shall notify the—veterinarian person by—eertified mail, return receipt requested, that the license *or registration* has expired and shall not be reinstated unless such—veterinarian person submits an application for and requalifies for a new license *or registration* and pays the license *or registration* application fee not to exceed \$250 as established by the board by rules and regulations.

- (d) The board, by rules and regulations, may waive the payment of the license *or registration* renewal fee of any person holding a Kansas veterinary license—or, institutional license *or veterinary technician registration* during the period when such person is on active military duty with any branch of the armed services of the United States during a time of national emergency—which. *Any such waiver* shall not-to exceed-the longer of three years or the duration of a national emergency, *whichever is longer*.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 47-830 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-830. The board, in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, may refuse to issue a license, revoke, suspend, limit, condition, reprimand or restrict a license to practice veterinary medicine of, an institutional license or a veterinary technician registration for any of the following reasons:
- (a) The employment of fraud, misrepresentation or deception in obtaining a license *or registration*;
- (b) an adjudication of incapacity by a court of competent jurisdictionthe licensee or registrant has been found to be mentally ill, not guilty by reason of insanity, not guilty because the licensee or registrant suffers from a mental disease or defect or incompetent to stand trial by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (c) for having professional connection with or lending one's name to any illegal practitioner of veterinary medicine and the various branches thereof;
 - (d) false or misleading advertising;
- (e) conviction of a felony or entering into a plea agreement or a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of a felony;
- (f) failure to furnish the board, its investigators or its representatives any information legally requested by the board or to provide a written response within the time prescribed by the board to a written request made

 by the board pursuant to an investigation by or on behalf of the board;

- (g) employing, contracting with or utilizing in any manner any person in the unlawful practice of veterinary medicine;
- (h) fraud or dishonest conduct in applying, treating or reporting diagnostic biological tests of public health significance or in issuing health certificates;
- (i) failure of the veterinarian who is responsible for the operation and management of a veterinary premises to keep the veterinary premises in compliance with minimum standards established by rules and regulations as to sanitary conditions and physical plant;
- (j) failure to report as required by law, or making false report of any contagious or infectious disease;
 - (k) dishonesty or negligence in the inspection of foodstuffs;
 - (1) cruelty or inhumane treatment to animals;
- (m) disciplinary or administrative action or neglecting to inform the board of any such action taken by any federal, state or local regulatory agency or any foreign country on grounds other than nonpayment of registration fees, including the suspension, revocation or surrender of any controlled substance license or registration issued by such agency or country;
- (n) disclosure of any information in violation of K.S.A. 47-839, and amendments thereto;
- (o) unprofessional conduct as defined in rules and regulations adopted by the board includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- (1) Conviction of a charge of violating any federal statute or any statute of this state, regarding controlled substances as defined in K.S.A. 65-4101, and amendments thereto;
- (2) using unless lawfully prescribed, prescribing or administering to oneself or another person any of the controlled substances as defined in K.S.A. 65-4101, and amendments thereto or using, prescribing or administering any of the controlled substances as defined in K.S.A. 65-4101, and amendments thereto or alcoholic beverages or any other drugs, chemicals or substances to the extent, or in such a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to a person licensed under the Kansas veterinary-practice act, to oneself or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that such use impairs the ability of such person so licensed to conduct with safety the practice authorized by the license;
- (3) the conviction of more than one misdemeanor or any felony involving the use, consumption or self-administration of any of the substances referred to in this section or any combination thereof;
- (4) violation of or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, any provision of the Kansas veterinary practice act or any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to such act; and

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(5) violation of an order of the board;

- (p) conviction of a crime substantially related to qualifications, functions or duties of veterinary medicine, surgery or dentistry;
- (q) fraud, deception, negligence or incompetence in the practice of veterinary medicine;
- (r) the use, prescription, administration, dispensation or sale of any veterinary prescription drug or the prescription of an extra-label use of any over-the-counter drug in the absence of a valid veterinary-client-patient relationship;
- (s) failing to furnish details or copies of a patient's medical records or failing to provide reasonable access to or a copy of a patient's radiographs to another treating veterinarian, hospital or clinic, upon the written request of and authorization from an owner or owner's agent, or failing to provide the owner or owner's agent with a summary of the medical record within a reasonable period of time and upon proper request by the owner or owner's agent, or failing to comply with any other law relating to medical records; or
- (t) determination that the veterinarian *or veterinary technician* is impaired, as defined in K.S.A.-47-846 47-847, and amendments thereto, by a representative of the impaired veterinarian committee, or as determined by the board after a hearing board's designee; or
- (u) cheating on or attempting to subvert the validity of an examination for licensure as a veterinarian or for registration as a veterinary technician.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 47-834 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-834. (a) Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine is the practice of veterinary medicine by a person without a license unless that person is exempt from such requirement pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 47-817, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Unlawful operation or management of veterinary premises is the operation or management by a person of a veterinary premises that is not registered pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 47-840, and amendments thereto
- (c) (1) Unlawful practice of veterinary medicine is a class— \mathbf{B} A nonperson misdemeanor.
- (2) Unlawful operation or management of veterinary premises is a class-B *A* nonperson misdemeanor.
- (3) Each act that violates the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) constitutes a distinct and separate offense.
- (d) The board may order the remedying of any violations of any provision of this act or any rules and regulations of the board. The board may issue a cease and desist order upon board determination that a licensee, registrant or any veterinarian has violated any provision of this

act, an order of the board or any rules and regulations of the board.

- (e) If the board determines that a person is practicing veterinary medicine without a license on a companion animal or is operating or managing a veterinary premises that is not registered pursuant to K.S.A. 47-480, and amendments thereto, in addition to any other penalties imposed by law, the board may take any or all of the following actions:
 - (1) Issue a cease and desist order;
- (2) issue a citation and fine in accordance with the procedures in K.S.A. 47-843 and 47-844, and amendments thereto; and
- $\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ bring an injunction action in its own name in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (f) For purposes of investigations and proceedings conducted by the board, the board may issue subpoenas compelling the attendance and testimony of any person or the production for examination or copying of documents or any other physical evidence according to the procedures in subsection (a)(19) of K.S.A. 47-821(a), and amendments thereto, if such evidence relates to practicing veterinary medicine without a license on a companion animal or operating or managing a veterinary premises that is not registered pursuant to K.S.A. 47-840, and amendments thereto.
- (g) The successful maintenance of an action based on any one of the remedies set forth in this section shall in no way prejudice the prosecution of an action based on any other of the remedies.
- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 47-835 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-835. (a) Any animal placed in the custody of a licensed veterinarian for treatment, boarding or other care, which shall be that remains unclaimed by its owner or its owner's agent for a period of more than ten (10) days after written notice is given to the owner or the owner's agent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, is given the owner or the owner's agent at such person's last known address; shall be deemed to be abandoned and may be turned over to the nearest humane society, or dog pound or disposed of as the custodian may deem proper.
- (b) The giving of notice to the owner, or the agent of the owner, of such animal by the licensed veterinarian, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall relieve the licensed veterinarian and any custodian to whom such animal may be given of any further liability for disposal. Such procedure by a licensed veterinarian shall not constitute grounds for disciplining procedure under this act.
- (c) For the purpose of this act, the term "abandoned" shall mean to forsake entirely, or to neglect or refuse to provide or perform the legal obligations for care and support of an animal by its owner, or its owner's agent. Such abandonment shall constitute the relinquishment of all rights and claims by the owner to such animal.
 - Sec. 9. K.S.A. 47-840 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-840.

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(a) Each veterinary premises as defined by K.S.A. 47-816, and amendments thereto, shall be registered by the board.

- (b) Each premises shall be inspected and registered by the board prior to the opening of such premises. Any existing premises shall be inspected and registered by the board within 60 days of any change-of the licensed veterinarian who is responsible for the operation and management of the veterinary premises of the operating and managing veterinarian. Upon receipt of the application for registration and payment of the application fee and inspection fee, as established in K.S.A. 47-822, and amendments thereto, the board shall cause such premises to be inspected by an authorized agent of the board. In lieu of an inspection, the board may register a premises which that is accredited by a recognized organization whose standards are found by the board to meet or to exceed the minimum standards as established by board rules and regulations.
- (c) The-licensed operating and managing veterinarian—who will be responsible for the operation and management of the premises shall apply for registration and submit the fee established pursuant to K.S.A. 47-822, and amendments thereto. The registrant shall notify the board within 30 days of any change in the licensed veterinarian who is responsible for the operation and management of the veterinary premises.
- (d) The board shall deny any application for a registration of the premises when the inspection reveals that the premises does not meet the minimum standards established by board rules and regulations or other provisions of this act; in which event. *Upon such denial*, the applicant shall pay the inspection fee for each additional reinspection required to determine whether or not the premises has been brought into compliance with the minimum standards and other provisions of this act.
- (e) The board, in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act, may refuse to register a veterinary premises, or revoke, suspend, limit or condition a registration, if an inspection reveals that the premises does not meet the minimum standards established by board rules and regulations or that the premises is being operated or managed by any person other than a licensed veterinarian whose license is in good standing with the board.
- (f) The board may inspect or reinspect a premises upon receipt of a written, signed complaint that a licensee has violated the provisions of this act or rules and regulations of the board or that such premises is not in compliance with the provisions of this act or rules and regulations of the board. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as preventing the board from conducting unannounced inspections of any premises without a finding of reasonable cause for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not such premises is in compliance with the provisions of this act.

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(g) Application for and acceptance of a registration of the premises by an applicant shall be deemed as express consent for allowing the board or the board's authorized agent to conduct inspections to ensure compliance with this act or to investigate alleged complaints. All such inspections may be conducted with or without notice to the registrant. Inspections shall occur during normal business hours for the premises. Such consent and authority is to be clearly set forth in the application for registration and subscribed thereto by the applicant.

- (h) All registrations shall expire annually and must be renewed by making application to the board and payment of the registration fee. Any renewal application—which that is submitted after the annual renewal date shall be assessed a penalty fee as established by board rules and regulations. In the event that application for renewal of registration has not been submitted within 60 days of its expiration date, and after notice by eertified mail, return receipt requested, has been given to the registrant that the renewal application, the registration fee and the late renewal penalty fee are due, such registration of the premises shall automatically expire without a hearing and shall not be renewed unless a new registration application is submitted and the applicant pays the registration fee, the late renewal penalty fee and inspection fees. Any such premises—which that has its registration automatically expired under this subsection must be reinspected prior to the issuance of a new registration.
- (i) Each registrant shall have a policy—which that addresses emergency and after-hour veterinary services and shall inform each client of the policy. If the policy changes, the registrant shall notify clients of the new policy.
- (j) Each registrant shall keep such registration conspicuously displayed in the premises for which it is issued.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 47-842 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-842. (a) In addition to the board's authority to refuse licensure or registration or impose discipline pursuant to K.S.A. 47-830, and amendments thereto, the board shall have the authority to assess a fine not in excess of \$5,000 against a licensee or registrant for each of the causes specified in K.S.A. 47-830, and amendments thereto. Such fine may be assessed in lieu of or in addition to such discipline. The proceedings under this act shall be conducted in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act, and the board shall have all the powers granted therein. All fines collected pursuant to this-section subsection shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund. Actual costs related to investigation, adjudication and enforcement shall be deducted and credited to the veterinary examiners fee

fund.

 (b) In addition to any fine assessed pursuant to subsection (a), the board may assess a fee for actual costs related to the investigation or adjudication of, or enforcement against, any person for a violation of the statutes, rules and regulations or orders enforceable by the board. All fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the veterinary examiners fee fund.

- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 47-847 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-847. (a) Any person may report to the board or to an appropriate state-professional society or organization of veterinarians any information such person may have relating to an alleged impaired veterinarian. If the report is made to the appropriate state professional society or organization, such society or organization shall refer the matter to an impaired veterinarian committee duly constituted pursuant to the society's or organization's bylaws. The committee shall investigate all such reports and take appropriate action.
- (b) If information concerning an alleged impaired veterinarian is reported to the board, the board may investigate the report or may refer the report to an impaired veterinarian committee.
- (e) The impaired veterinarian committee referred to in subsection (a) shall submit to the board, on a form promulgated by such board, at least once every three months, a report summarizing the reports received pursuant[to] this section. The report shall include the number of reports concerning impaired veterinarians, whether an investigation was conducted and any action taken.
- (d) If the board determines that the impaired veterinarian committee referred to in subsection (a) is not fulfilling its duties under this section, the board, upon notice and an opportunity to be heard, may require such state professional society or organization to transfer to the board all reports made pursuant to this section to such state professional society or-organization.
- (a) (1) If a person alleges, on a form prescribed by the board, that a licensed veterinarian's or registered veterinary technician's ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety towards patients is impaired, or that such licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician has otherwise violated the Kansas veterinary practice act, an investigator employed by the board shall be assigned to the case.
- (2) The investigator shall refer the allegation to one or more members of the probable cause committee.
 - (3) The investigator shall gather, submit and present investigative

information to the probable cause committee in closed sessions held pursuant to K.S.A. 75-4319, and amendments thereto.

- (4) Such probable cause committee shall have the authority to compel such licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician to submit to:
 - (A) An investigative or disciplinary proceeding; and
- (B) a mental or physical examination, substance abuse evaluation or drug screen, or any combination thereof, by such persons as the probable cause committee may designate either in the course of an investigation or disciplinary proceeding.
- (b) (1) Upon a determination by the probable cause committee that the licensee's or registrant's ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety towards patients is impaired, or that such licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician has otherwise violated the Kansas veterinary practice act, the executive director shall notify such licensee or registrant of such determination and any resulting disciplinary action taken pursuant to K.S.A. 47-830, and amendments thereto, or any citation issued in lieu thereof.
- (2) (A) If a licensee or registrant desires to contest such determination, such licensee or registrant shall notify the executive director in writing of such licensee's or registrant's request.
- (B) If such licensee or registrant has so notified the executive director, a second probable cause committee consisting of different members shall hold a hearing and issue a determination, based on findings of fact, affirming, modifying or vacating the determination of the first probable cause committee. The executive director shall then notify such licensee or registrant of such determination.
- (c) The proceedings under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act and the board shall have all the powers granted therein.
- (d) Any licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician affected by this section shall be offered, at reasonable intervals, an opportunity to demonstrate that such licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician can competently resume practice with reasonable skill and safety towards patients.
- (e) For the purposes of this section, any person who accepts the privilege to practice as a licensed veterinarian or registered veterinary technician in this state by practicing or by the making and filing of a renewal application in this state shall be deemed to have consented to submit to a mental or physical examination, substance abuse evaluation or drug screen, or any combination thereof, when directed in writing by the board.
 - (f) (1) Investigative information that is gathered pursuant to this

section may include, but not be limited to, reports, findings and records, including the results of any examination, evaluation or screen performed pursuant to this section.

- (2) Any investigative information collected pursuant to this section, except as otherwise provided, shall be confidential and shall not be:
- (A) Subject to discovery, subpoena or other means of legal compulsion for release to any person or entity;
 - (B) voluntarily released to any person or entity; or
 - (C) used in any civil, criminal or administrative action.
- (3) The provisions of paragraph (2) shall not apply to any subsequent investigative or disciplinary hearing held by a probable cause committee that is a continuation of the same case.
- (4) Upon the dismissal or conclusion of a proceeding that is conducted by a probable cause committee pursuant to this section, any investigative information gathered in the course of such case shall be considered an open record and otherwise subject to the Kansas open records act.
- (5) (A) The provisions of this subsection providing for the confidentiality of records shall expire on July 1, 2027, unless the legislature acts to reenact such provisions.
- (B) The legislature shall review the provisions of this subsection pursuant to K.S.A. 45-229, and amendments thereto, prior to July 1, 2027.
- (g) (1) No person in attendance at a closed portion of an investigative proceeding held by a probable cause committee shall be required to testify at a subsequent civil, criminal or administrative hearing regarding the existence or content of any investigative report, finding or record privileged under this section that was disclosed in such closed session, nor shall such testimony be admitted into evidence in any subsequent civil, criminal or administrative hearing.
- (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any subsequent investigative or disciplinary hearing held by a probable cause committee that is a continuation of the same case.
- (h) No person or entity that, in good faith, reports or provides information or investigates any licensee or registrant as authorized by this section shall be liable in a civil action for damages or other relief arising from providing information or conducting an investigation except upon clear and convincing evidence that:
 - (1) The information was completely false; or
- (2) the investigation was based on false information and the falsity was known to the person making the report, providing the information or conducting the investigation at the time thereof.
- (i) The board shall adopt rules and regulations as necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 47-852 is hereby amended to read as follows: 47-852. (a) No employer shall discharge or otherwise discriminate against any employee for making any report pursuant to K.S.A. 47-847-or 47-848, and amendments thereto.

- (b) Any employer who violates the provisions of subsection (a) shall be liable to the aggrieved employee for damages for any wages or other benefits lost due to the discharge or discrimination plus a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding the amount of such damages. Such damages and civil penalty shall be recoverable in an individual action brought by the aggrieved employee. If the aggrieved employee substantially prevails on any of the allegations contained in the pleadings in an action allowed by this section, the court, in its discretion, may allow the employee reasonable attorney fees as part of the costs.
- 14 Sec. 13. K.S.A. 47-816, 47-817, 47-820, 47-821, 47-829, 47-830, 47-15 834, 47-835, 47-837, 47-840, 47-842, 47-843, 47-844, 47-846, 47-847, 47-16 848, 47-849, 47-850, 47-851, 47-852, 47-853 and 47-854 are hereby repealed.
 - Sec. 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.