1 AN ACT relating to elections and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

3 → Section 1. KRS 116.112 is amended to read as follows:

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- The State Board of Elections shall establish a voter registration purge program using the change-of-address information supplied by the United States Postal Service through its licensees or other sources to identify voters whose addresses may have changed. *The State Board of Elections is authorized to enter into agreements with other governmental agencies to further voter list maintenance practices.*
- 10 (2) If it appears from information provided by the postal service or other sources (a) 11 that a voter has moved to a different address in the same county in which the 12 voter is currently registered, the State Board of Elections shall provide to the 13 county board of elections the information necessary to change the registration 14 records to show the new address and the State Board of Elections shall send to 15 the new address a notice of the change by forwardable mail on a form 16 prescribed by the State Board of Elections and a postage prepaid, pre-17 addressed return form by which the voter may verify or correct the address information. 18
 - (b) If the county board of elections requests authorization from the State Board of Elections to send address confirmation notices as provided in this subsection, the State Board of Elections shall grant the request.
- 22 (3) (a) If it appears from information provided by the postal service or other sources
 23 that a voter has moved to a different address not in the same county, the State
 24 Board of Elections shall send to the address from which the voter was last
 25 registered, by forwardable mail, a notice on a form prescribed by the State
 26 Board of Elections, with a postage prepaid and pre-addressed return card on
 27 which the voter may state his *or her* current address.

1		(b) If a county board of elections requests authorization from the state board to
2		send address confirmation notices as provided in this subsection, the state
3		board shall grant the request.
4	(4)	The state or county boards of elections shall not remove the name of a voter from
5		the registration records on the ground that the voter has changed his or her
6		residence unless the voter:
7		(a) Confirms in writing, on a form provided by the State Board of Elections on
8		its official website, that the voter has changed residence to a place outside the
9		county; or
10		(b) 1. Has failed to respond to the notice described in subsection (3) of this
11		section; and
12		2. Has not voted or appeared to vote and, if necessary, correct the
13		registration records of the voter's address in an election during the
14		period beginning on the date of the notice and ending on the day after
15		the date of the second general election for federal office that occurs after
16		the date of the notice.
17		If a county board of elections requests authorization from the state board to conduct
18		purges of voters in its county in accordance with the provisions of this subsection,
19		the state board shall grant the request.
20	(5)	The State Board of Elections shall establish an inactive list of all voters who fail to
21		respond to the notice described in subsection (3) of this section and do not vote or
22		appear to vote in an election during the period beginning on the date of the notice
23		and ending on the day after the date of the second general election for federal office
24		that occurs after the date of the notice. If a county board of elections requests
25		authorization from the state board to establish an inactive list of voters for its
26		county, the state board shall grant the request.

The State Board of Elections shall complete, not later than ninety (90) days prior to

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(6)

the date of a primary or regular election, any program the purpose of which is to systematically remove the names of ineligible voters from the registration records.

- Voters placed on an inactive list are to be counted only for purposes of voting and not for purposes of establishing or modifying precincts, calculating the amount of reimbursement of county clerks by the State Board of Elections for certain election-related expenses, or reporting official statistics, except as provided by the Election Assistance Commission's regulations promulgated pursuant to the National Voter Registration Act of 1993.
- 9 (8)(a) The State Board of Elections and county boards of elections shall maintain for 10 at least two (2) years and shall make available for public inspection and, 11 where available, photocopying at a reasonable cost, all records concerning the 12 implementation of programs and activities conducted for the purpose of 13 ensuring the accuracy and currency of the registration records, except to the 14 extent that the records relate to the declination to register to vote or the 15 identity of a voter registration agency through which any particular voter is 16 registered.
 - (b) The records maintained pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection shall include lists of the names and addresses of all persons to whom notices described in subsection (3) are sent, and information concerning whether each person has responded to the notice as of the date that inspection of the records is made.
 - → Section 2. KRS 117.035 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) There shall be a county board of elections, which shall, at the direction and under 24 the supervision of the State Board of Elections, administer the election laws and the 25 registration and purgation of voters within the county.
- 26 (2) (a) The board shall consist of the county clerk, the sheriff, and two (2) members 27 appointed by the State Board of Elections under paragraph (d) of this

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	subsection. Appointed board members shall serve[Appointments shall occur
	not later than July 2021, and every four (4) years thereafter] for a term of four
	(4) years that expires on June 30 of the year following a presidential
	<u>election</u> and until their successors are appointed.[All appointments under this
	paragraph shall be made no later than July 1 of the year in which the term
	expires.]
(b)	The sheriff shall not serve on the board during any year in which he or she is a
	candidate, but shall recommend to the board a temporary replacement to serve

- (b) The sheriff shall not serve on the board during any year in which he or she is a candidate, but shall recommend to the board a temporary replacement to serve in his or her place. If the sheriff cannot serve because he or she is sick, injured, or otherwise incapacitated, he or she may recommend a temporary replacement to serve in his or her place until the sheriff may resume his or her duties or a vacancy in office is declared.
- (c) The county clerk may, at his or her option, continue to serve on the board during a year in which he or she is a candidate. If the clerk elects not to serve, he or she shall recommend a temporary replacement to serve in his or her place. If the county clerk cannot serve because he or she is sick, injured, or otherwise incapacitated, he or she may recommend a temporary replacement to serve in his or her place until the county clerk may resume his or her duties or a vacancy in office is declared.
- (d) 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 61.080, service on the board of elections shall be compatible with the holding of any other county or city office.
 - 2. The members shall be at least twenty-one (21) years of age, qualified voters in the county from which they are appointed, and shall not have been convicted of any election law offense.
 - 3. One (1) member shall be appointed from a list of five (5) names submitted by the county executive committee of each political party as

defined in KRS 118.015. If there are two (2) or more contending executive committees of the same political party in any county, the one recognized by the written certificate of the chair of the state central committee of the political party shall be the one authorized to submit the lists.

- 4. If the State Board of Elections does not receive the list as required by subparagraph 3. of this paragraph for each political party for each county by the deadline established in paragraph (a) of this subsection or within one (1) month of a vacancy, then the chair of the state central committees for the political parties may submit lists of five (5) names of qualified residents from the remaining counties by August 1 of the year in which the term expires or within two (2) months of a vacancy.
- 5. If the State Board of Elections does not receive a list from either the county executive committee under subparagraph 3. of this paragraph or the chair of the state executive committee under subparagraph 4. of this paragraph, then the State Board of Elections shall appoint a qualified resident from the county at its next regularly scheduled meeting in September of the year in which the term expires or within three (3) months of a vacancy.
- 6. A member appointed by the State Board of Elections may be removed by the State Board of Elections for *just* cause.
- 7. A member appointed by the State Board of Elections may be removed by the State Board of Elections upon a request approved by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the full membership of the county executive committee that submitted the member's name. The county executive committee shall provide conclusive evidence of the committee's membership and evidence of the committee's two-thirds (2/3) vote before the State Board

1				of Elections removes any member appointed by the State Board of
2				Elections.
3			8.	If an appointee is temporarily unable to act, a temporary appointee shall
4				be named by the State Board of Elections. A temporary appointee shall
5				serve until the original appointee notifies the State Board of Elections
6				that he or she is able to resume his or her term.
7			9.	A member appointed by the State Board of Elections shall not serve on
8				the board if he or she is a candidate for public office, and the member
9				shall resign upon filing papers to become a candidate for public office or
10				shall be removed from office by the State Board of Elections. A member
11				who resigns or is removed because of his or her candidacy shall not
12				resume his or her term following the completion of the candidacy.
13			10.	Vacancies and temporary vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as
14				provided for original appointments, and the person appointed to fill the
15				vacancy or temporary vacancy shall be of the same political party as his
16				or her predecessor.
17		(e)	Com	pensation and payment of actual expenses of members shall be set by the
18			fisca	d court either as an amount payable on an annual basis, or as an amount
19			paya	able on a per diem basis of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) [fifteen dollars
20			(\$15) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100)] for each day the board
21			mee	ts.
22	(3)	A m	ajorit	y of the board shall constitute a quorum. The county clerk shall serve as
23		chai	r of th	e meetings and may vote. In case of a tie, the chair may cast an additional
24		vote	. Reco	ords shall be kept of all proceedings, and the records shall be public and
25		kept	at the	office of the county clerk.
26	(4)	The	board	shall meet as follows:
27		(a)	Duri	ng years in which a primary or regular election is scheduled, the board

shall meet at least once every other month and may meet more frequently if
necessary upon the call of the chair or upon written agreement of two (2) or
more members of the board. The call shall provide notice as prescribed by
KRS 61.823:[..]

- (b) During years in which no primary or regular election is scheduled, the board shall meet at the call of the chair or upon written agreement of two (2) or more members of the board. The call shall provide notice as prescribed by KRS 61.823; and[.]
- (c) The board shall meet and stay in session on primary, regular election, and special election days to correct clerical errors, to rule on questions regarding voter registration, proof of identification, and the curing of signatures relative to mail-in absentee ballots, and may make to the election officers such certifications as may be necessary. On primary, regular election, and special election days, appeals may be made to a Circuit Judge, but a ruling of the board shall be reversed only upon a finding that it was arbitrary and capricious.
- 17 (5) The board may employ, on a bipartisan basis, a staff sufficient to carry out the duties assigned to the board.
- → Section 3. KRS 117.065 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) The county board of elections shall, not later than *January 15*[September 20] of each year, establish the voting place for each precinct. If a change becomes necessary after that date, notice of change shall be published pursuant to KRS Chapter 424. If a change becomes necessary on election day, notice shall be posted at the former voting place. The expense of renting voting places, for which rent of not less than twenty dollars (\$20) shall be paid, shall be paid in the same manner as other election expenses.
- 27 (2) The county board of elections shall have the authority to designate as voting places,

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1		on election day and all days of excused and no-excuse in-person absentee voting,
2		without cost to the board, buildings constructed in whole or in part with tax
3		revenues.
4	(3)	The county board of elections shall designate as voting places only those places
5		which are accessible to all eligible voters, including those with physical limitations
6		and the elderly.
7	(4)	The county board of elections shall ensure that each precinct polling place in the
8		county has immediate access to a telephone within the polling place on the day of
9		any election.
10		→ Section 4. KRS 117.066 is amended to read as follows:
11	(1)	The county board of elections may, pursuant to KRS 117.055 and subsection (3) of
12		this section, designate a single voting location for more than one (1) precinct if the
13		voting location is equipped with voting equipment capable of providing or
14		accepting separate ballots without endangering the integrity of the ballots or
15		without violating any other election law.
16	(2)	If a single voting location for more than one (1) precinct is approved under
17		subsection (3) of this section, the primary or election shall be conducted as follows:
18		(a) One (1) voting equipment may be used for more than one (1) precinct if
19		ballots are tabulated for each separate precinct, and if separate ballots may be
20		placed upon any voting equipment to be used without endangering the
21		integrity of the ballots or without violating any other election law. Otherwise,
22		separate voting equipment shall be used for each precinct. In the instance of a
23		precinct which has a small number of voters such that the use of separate
24		voting equipment would be cost-prohibitive, the county clerk may make
25		application to the State Board of Elections to use supplemental paper ballots
26		under KRS 118.215 to conduct the voting for the small precinct on any

primary or election day. If the use of supplemental paper ballots is approved

1			by the State Board of Elections, at the close of voting on any primary or
2			election day, the locked supplemental paper ballot box shall be transported to
3			the county board of elections along with the federal provisional ballot
4			receptacle, and ballots shall be counted by the county board of elections as
5			provided by KRS 117.275(10) to (16);
6		(b)	Separate precinct voter rosters shall be maintained for each precinct, and steps
7			shall be taken to ensure that voters cast their ballot in their duly authorized
8			precinct; and
9		(c)	A separate set of election forms and reports required by this chapter and the
10			State Board of Elections shall be maintained for each precinct.
11	(3)	The	county board of elections may petition the State Board of Elections to allow the
12		cons	solidation of precincts and the consolidation of precinct election officers at any
13		voti	ng location where voters of more than one (1) precinct vote. The petition shall
14		be <u>s</u>	ubmitted at least one hundred twenty (120) days before a primary election on
15		a fo	rm prescribed by the State Board of Elections in administrative regulations
16		pron	nulgated under KRS Chapter 13A and shall include:
17		(a)	A list of all precincts designated to vote at the voting location;
18		(b)	The address and type of facility of the voting location;
19		(c)	The number and type of voting systems or voting equipment to be used at the
20			voting location;
21		(d)	The number of registered voters in each precinct designated to vote at the
22			voting location;
23		(e)	An explanation of the reasons why the consolidation is desirable;
24		(f)	The plan for additional precinct officers at the voting location, the manner in
25			which they will be assigned, and whether the voting location will be fully
26			staffed with election officials;
27		(g)	The plan for how the county clerk will publicize the location for where the

1 voting shall occur, in addition to how each location shall be noted 2 conspicuously to residents of the county as a "Vote Center"; 3 (h) The plan for how the voting location will serve as a focal point to meet the needs of a diverse community; and 4 The number of parking spaces available at the location and a determination as 5 (i) to whether the location has sufficient parking spaces. 6 7 (4) Beginning on January 1, 2025, if the petition submitted under subsection (3) of 8 this section is approved by the State Board of Elections, it shall apply for the entire 9 year and the precinct election officers designated to serve as election officers for 10 more than one (1) precinct shall meet the eligibility requirements of KRS 117.045. 11 At least one hundred twenty (120) days before an election, a county board of *(*5*)* 12 elections may petition the State Board of Elections to allow an amendment the county board deems necessary to the petition previously submitted and approved 13 14 under subsection (3) of this section. 15 (6)[(5)]The Secretary of State shall retain veto authority over any petition that is 16 approved by the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections, upon 17 reconsideration of the petition, shall have the power to override a veto of the 18 Secretary of State by a three-fourths (3/4) affirmative vote of the membership of the 19 board. 20 → Section 5. KRS 117.076 is amended to read as follows: 21 (1)Any voter who is qualified to vote on election day in the county of his or her 22 residence may choose to cast a no-excuse in-person absentee ballot on the 23 Thursday, Friday, or Saturday immediately preceding the day of an election. The 24 available hours from which a voter may cast his or her vote during these three (3) 25 days shall be no less than eight (8) hours between 6 a.m. and 8 p.m. prevailing time,

Any voter who is qualified to vote on election day in the county of his or her

as determined by the county board of elections of each county.

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1	resid	lence may make application to cast an excused in-person absentee ballot during
2	norr	nal business hours during the six (6) business days immediately preceding the
3	Thu	rsday of no-excuse in-person absentee voting under subsection (1) of this
4	secti	ion. The voter who makes application under this subsection shall meet one (1)
5	of th	ne following requirements in order to cast his or her excused in-person absentee
6	ballo	ot:
7	(a)	Is a resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010,
8		who will be absent from the county of his or her residence on the day of an
9		election and during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting;
10	(b)	Has surgery, or whose spouse has surgery, scheduled that will require
11		hospitalization on the day of an election and during the days of no-excuse in-
12		person absentee voting;
13	(c)	Temporarily resides outside the state, but is still eligible to vote in this state
14		and will be absent from the county of his or her residence on the day of an
15		election and during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting;
16	(d)	Is a resident of Kentucky who is a uniformed-service voter as defined in KRS
17		117A.010 confined to a military base on election day and during the days of
18		no-excuse in-person absentee voting;
19	(e)	Is in her last trimester of pregnancy[and the voter completes the form that is
20		prescribed by the State Board of Elections, which contains a sworn statement
21		that the voter is in her last trimester of pregnancy at the time she wishes to
22		vote];
23	(f)	Has not been declared mentally disabled by a court of competent jurisdiction
24		and, due to age, disability, or illness, is not able to appear at the polls on
25		election day and during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting;
26	(g)	Is a student who temporarily resides outside the county of his or her residence

and will be absent from the county of his or her residence on the day of an

I		election and during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting;
2		(h) Any person employed in an occupation that is scheduled to work during all
3		days and all hours, which shall include commute time, the polls are open on
4		election day and during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting;[or]
5		(i) Any election officer tasked with election administration for the current
6		election cycle <u>; or</u>
7		(j) Any person prevented from voting in person at the polls on election day and
8		from casting a no-excuse in-person absentee ballot on all days no-excuse
9		in-person absentee voting is conducted because he or she will be absent
10		from the county of his or her residence during all days and all hours no-
11		excuse in-person absentee voting is conducted.
12	(3)	Any voter who votes an in-person absentee or federal provisional in-person
13		absentee ballot shall provide proof of identification as defined in KRS 117.001 or
14		meet the requirements of KRS 117.228 or 117.229.
15	(4)	In-person absentee voting shall be conducted in a location within the county clerk's
16		office where ballots shall be cast secretly. In-person absentee voting may occur in
17		another location within the county if the location is designated by the county board
18		of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections. The county clerk may
19		provide for voting by the voting equipment in general use in the county or any other
20		voting equipment approved by the State Board of Elections for use in Kentucky.
21		Public notice of the locations shall be given pursuant to KRS Chapter 424, and
22		similar notice by mail shall be given to the county chairs of the two (2) political
23		parties whose candidates polled the largest number of votes in the county at the last
24		regular election.
25	(5)	Any voter qualifying to vote who receives assistance to vote in-person absentee
26		shall complete the voter assistance form required by KRS 117.255.
27	(6)	Any voter qualifying to vote whose qualifications are challenged on grounds other

than inability to provide proof of identification by any clerk or deputy shall complete an oath of voter affidavit.

- 3 (7) Each voter casting his or her vote in-person absentee shall sign an in-person absentee ballot signature roster.
- 5 The members of the county board of elections, or their designees who provide equal (8)6 representation of both political parties, may serve as precinct election officers, 7 without compensation, for all in-person absentee voting conducted. If the members 8 of the county board of elections or their designees serve as precinct election officers 9 for in-person absentee voting, they shall perform the same duties and exercise the 10 same authority as precinct election officers who serve on the day of an election. If 11 the members of the county board of elections or their designees do not serve as 12 precinct election officers for in-person absentee voting, the county clerk or deputy 13 county clerks shall supervise the in-person absentee voting.
 - (9) Any individual qualified to appoint challengers for the day of an election may also appoint challengers to observe all in-person absentee voting, and those challengers may exercise the same privileges as challengers appointed for observing voting on the day of an election at a regular polling place.
 - (10) During the days of in-person absentee voting, all voting equipment on which inperson absentee ballots are cast shall remain locked and the keys shall be retained
 by at least two (2) members of the central ballot counting board who are not of the
 same political affiliation or by two (2) members of the county board of elections
 who are not of the same political affiliation, and the voting equipment shall remain
 locked with a tamper-resistant seal until the ballots are counted.
 - (11) No person shall transmit or publicize any tallies or counts of in-person absentee ballots, or any partial results, to any person except <u>when provided to the county</u>

 <u>board of elections under KRS 117.087</u>[those persons, election officials, or entities authorized by law to receive it], until 6 p.m. prevailing time on the day of a primary

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Before and after each day of in-person absentee voting, on all voting 2 (12) (a) 3 equipment to be used, the tamper-resistant seal shall be checked to ensure it is unaltered and the number on the public counter shall be read and recorded. 4 The status of the tamper-resistant seal shall be indicated and the number on 5 the public counter of each voting equipment shall be recorded by the county 6 7 clerk or his or her designated election official, member of the county board of 8 elections, or member of the central ballot counting board. The status of the 9 tamper-resistant seal and the number recorded from the public counter shall 10 be witnessed by an election official who is of a different political affiliation 11 than the person recording.

- (b) The status of the tamper-resistant seal and the number on the public counter shall be recorded on a form prescribed and furnished by the State Board of Elections pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A.
- (c) The witness who is present shall verify, through validity of his or her signature on the form provided, the accuracy of the number recorded from the public counter, the number recorded on the prescribed form, and the status of the tamper-resistant seal.
- (d) Any irregularities observed by the election official who is recording and the election official who is a witness shall be immediately reported to the county attorney or the Office of Attorney General.
- 23 (13) The State Board of Elections shall promulgate administrative regulations under 24 KRS Chapter 13A to provide for the casting of ballots in accordance with this 25 section.
- Section 6. KRS 117.085 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) (a) All requests for a mail-in absentee ballot shall be requested through a secure

1		online portal established by the State Board of Elections, except for:
2		1. Voters identified in KRS 117.077;
3		2. Disabled voters; and
4		3. Covered voters in paragraph (i) of this subsection;
5		who have the additional option of requesting a mail-in absentee ballot
6		application through the county clerk.
7	(b)	Acquiring a mail-in absentee ballot by means of the online portal shall require
8		the voter to input personally identifiable information for verification.
9	(c)	1. For those voters who do not have the means of accessing the online
10		portal, the county clerk shall fulfill a request for a mail-in absentee
11		ballot by taking the voter's information over the telephone or in person
12		and directly inputting that information into the secure online portal.
13		2. If a voter under paragraph (h)3. of this subsection expresses the desire
14		to request a mail-in absentee ballot, the jail staff shall ensure that the
15		voter is allowed, during normal business hours, to use a telephone to
16		receive assistance by the county clerk, as described in subparagraph 1.
17		of this paragraph.
18	(d)	The online portal shall have the capacity to ensure the identity of the voter
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19		through proof of identification as required under KRS 117.227 or by means of
20		through proof of identification as required under KRS 117.227 or by means of KRS 117.228.
	(e)	
20	(e)	KRS 117.228.
20 21	(e)	KRS 117.228. If a voter qualifies to receive a mail-in absentee ballot, the online portal shall
20 21 22	(e) (f)	KRS 117.228. If a voter qualifies to receive a mail-in absentee ballot, the online portal shall transmit the mail-in absentee ballot request to the county clerk of the county
20 21 22 23		KRS 117.228. If a voter qualifies to receive a mail-in absentee ballot, the online portal shall transmit the mail-in absentee ballot request to the county clerk of the county in which the voter is registered to vote.
20 21 22 23 24		KRS 117.228. If a voter qualifies to receive a mail-in absentee ballot, the online portal shall transmit the mail-in absentee ballot request to the county clerk of the county in which the voter is registered to vote. The online portal shall not be open or permit any mail-in ballot requests to

1	(g)	Except as otherwise provided in KRS 117.077, the mail-in absentee ballot
2		may be requested by the voter or the spouse, parents, or children of the voter,
3		but shall be restricted to the use of the voter.
4	(h)	Except as otherwise provided in KRS 117.077 and covered voters in
5		paragraph (i) of this subsection, a qualified voter may apply to cast his or her
6		vote by mail-in absentee ballot if the completed application is received
7		fourteen (14) days before the election, and if the voter is:
8		1. A resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS
9		117A.010;
10		2. A student who temporarily resides outside the county of his or her
11		residence;
12		3. Incarcerated in jail and charged with a crime, but has not been convicted
13		of the crime;
14		4. Changing or has changed his or her place of residence to a different state
15		while the registration books are closed in the new state of residence
16		before an election of electors for President and Vice President of the
17		United States, in which case the voter shall be permitted to cast a mail-in
18		absentee ballot for electors for President and Vice President of the
19		United States only;
20		5. Temporarily residing outside the state but still eligible to vote in this
21		state;
22		6. Prevented from voting in person at the polls on election day and from
23		casting an excused or no-excuse in-person absentee ballot on all days in-
24		person absentee voting is conducted because he or she will be absent
25		from the county of his or her residence all hours and all days excused or
26		no-excuse in-person absentee voting is conducted;

7. A participant in the Secretary of State's crime victim address

1 confidentiality protection program as authorized by KRS 14.312; or 8. Not able to appear at the polls on election day or the days excused or no-2 3 excuse in-person absentee voting is conducted on the account of age, disability, or illness, and who has not been declared mentally disabled 4 5 by a court of competent jurisdiction. 6 (i) Residents of Kentucky who are covered voters as defined in KRS 117A.010 7 may apply for a mail-in absentee ballot by means of the federal post-card 8 application, which may be transmitted to the county clerk's office by mail, by 9 facsimile machine, or by means of the electronic transmission system 10 established under KRS 117A.030(4). The federal post-card application may 11 be used to register, reregister, and to apply for a mail-in absentee ballot. If the 12 federal post-card application is received at any time not less than seven (7) 13 days before the election, the county clerk shall affix his or her seal to the 14 application form upon receipt. 15 Any qualified voter who is disabled may use an accessible mail-in absentee (i) 16 ballot portal to request and receive a mail-in absentee ballot by means of an 17 electronic transmission system as established under KRS 117A.030(4). The 18 standards necessary to implement this paragraph shall be set by the State 19 Board of Elections pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated under 20 KRS Chapter 13A. 21 (2) 22

For those voters who are eligible to receive a mail-in absentee ballot by means other than the secure online portal pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the county clerk shall type the name of the voter permitted to vote by mail-in absentee ballot on the mail-in absentee ballot application for that person's use and no other. The mail-in absentee ballot application shall be in the form prescribed by the State Board of Elections, which shall include the voter affirmation form as prescribed in KRS 117.228(1)(c) and shall contain the following information: name, residential

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address, precinct, party affiliation, statement of the reason the person cannot vote in person on the day of an election or during the dates and time no-excuse in-person absentee voting is being conducted, statement of where the voter shall be on election day or during the dates and times no-excuse in-person absentee voting is being conducted, statement of compliance with residency requirements for voting in the precinct, an instructional statement prescribing the requirements for providing a copy of the voter's proof of identification or voter affirmation when applicable, and the voter's mailing address for a mail-in absentee ballot. The mail-in absentee ballot application form shall be verified and signed by the voter, and the voter shall provide a copy of his or her proof of identification, as defined in KRS 117.001, or the executed voter affirmation as described in KRS 117.228(1)(c). A notice of the actual penalty provisions in KRS 117.995(2) and (5) shall be printed on the mail-in absentee ballot application form.

For those voters eligible to receive a mail-in absentee ballot, if the county clerk

- (3) For those voters eligible to receive a mail-in absentee ballot, if the county clerk finds that the voter has completed and submitted an application for a mail-in absentee ballot as provided in this section, is properly registered as stated in his or her mail-in absentee ballot application, and qualifies to receive a mail-in absentee ballot by mail, the county clerk shall mail to the voter a mail-in absentee ballot, two (2) official envelopes for returning the mail-in absentee ballot, and instructions for voting.
- 21 (4) Mail-in absentee ballots shall be mailed to a voter's residential address located in 22 the county in which the voter is registered, except for:
- 23 (a) <u>A</u> qualified <u>voter[voters]</u> who <u>applies[apply]</u> pursuant to the requirements of subsection (1)(h)1., <u>4., and[to]</u> 5. of this section; [or]
- 25 (b) <u>A</u> qualified <u>voter</u>[voters] covered under KRS 117.077;
- 26 (c) A qualified voter who applies pursuant to the requirements of subsection 27 (1)(h)2. of this section, whose mail-in absentee ballot shall be mailed to the

1			voter's residential address located in the county in which the voter is
2			registered, or the voter's current residential address at the time the
3			application for the absentee ballot is submitted, if different, due to the
4			voter's attendance at an educational institution;
5		<u>(d)</u>	A qualified voter who applies pursuant to the requirements of subsection
6			(1)(h)3. of this section, whose mail-in absentee ballot shall be mailed to the
7			jail where he or she is in custody at the time the application for the absentee
8			ballot is submitted; or
9		<u>(e)</u>	A qualified voter who applies pursuant to the requirements of subsection
10			(1)(h)8. of this section, whose mail-in absentee ballot may be mailed to the
11			address of a facility where he or she is receiving inpatient or residential
12			medical treatment.
13		<u>If a</u>	qualified voter who applies pursuant to paragraph (c), (d), or (e) of this
14		subs	section leaves the address where he or she requested an absentee ballot be
15		<u>mail</u>	led, the voter may contact the county clerk who shall issue a second ballot
16		<u>purs</u>	suant to subsection (9) of this section after canceling the first absentee ballot
17		<u>mail</u>	<u>led to the voter</u> .
18	(5)	The	county clerk shall:
19		(a)	Transmit a mail-in absentee ballot to the voter who is eligible to receive a
20			mail-in absentee ballot within four (4) days of receipt or within four (4) days
21			of the ballots being available;
22		(b)	Cause mail-in absentee ballots to be printed fifty (50) days prior to each
23			primary or regular election, and forty-five (45) days prior to a special election;
24			and
25		(c)	Complete a postal form for a certificate of mailing for mail-in absentee ballots
26			mailed within the fifty (50) states, and it shall be stamped by the postal
27			service when the mail-in absentee ballots are mailed. Unless a postal form for

a certificate of mailing is required, the county clerk may use methods of tracking the mail-in absentee ballots by means of a printed barcode or other label that is unique to the individual voter issued by the State Board of Elections pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A.

- A mail-in absentee ballot may be transmitted by facsimile machine or by the electronic transmission system established under KRS 117A.030(4) to a covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010. The covered voter shall be notified of the options for transmittal of the mail-in absentee ballot, and the mail-in absentee ballot shall be transmitted by the method chosen for receipt by the resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter.
- The outer envelope of the mail-in absentee ballot shall bear the words "Absentee (7)Ballot", the address and official title of the county clerk, a printed barcode or other label that is unique to the individual voter issued by the State Board of Elections, and adequate space for the voter's signature, voting address, precinct number, and signatures of two (2) witnesses if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature. A detachable flap on the secrecy envelope shall provide space for the voter's signature, voting address, precinct number, signatures of two (2) witnesses if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature and notice of penalty provided in KRS 117.995(5). The county clerk shall type the voter's address and precinct number in the upper left hand corner of the outer envelope and of the detachable flap on the secrecy envelope immediately below the blank space for the voter's signature. The secrecy envelope shall be blank. If applicable, the county clerk shall retain the voter's mail-in ballot application, which shall include the photographed copy of the voter's proof of identification or the voter affirmation as prescribed by KRS 117.228(1)(c), and the postal form required by subsection (5) of this section for twenty-two (22) months

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after the primary or election.

(8) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (10) of this section, any person who has received a mail-in absentee ballot but who knows at least seven (7) days before the date of the election that he or she will be in his or her county of residence on election day or during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting and who has not voted by means of his or her mail-in absentee ballot shall cancel his or her mail-in absentee ballot and vote in person. The voter shall return the mail-in absentee ballot to the county clerk's office by mail or hand delivery no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of the election. Upon the return of the mail-in absentee ballot, the county clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the sealed ballot or the unmarked ballot the words "Canceled because voter appeared to vote in person." Sealed envelopes so marked shall not be opened. The county clerk shall remove the voter's name from the list of persons who were sent mail-in absentee ballots, and the voter may vote in the precinct in which he or she is properly registered.

- (9) Any voter qualified for a mail-in absentee ballot who does not receive a requested mail-in absentee ballot within a reasonable amount of time shall contact the county clerk, who shall reissue a second mail-in absentee ballot. The county clerk shall keep a record of the mail-in absentee ballots issued and returned by mail, hand-delivered, or placed in a secure drop-box or receptacle, and the in-person absentee voting and federal in-person provisional absentee voting that is conducted, to verify that only the first voted ballot is counted. Upon the return of any mail-in absentee ballot after the first mail-in absentee ballot is returned, the county clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the sealed ballot the words "Canceled because ballot reissued."
- (10) Any covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010 who has received a mail-in absentee ballot but who knows that he or she will be in the county on election day or during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting shall cancel his or her

mail-in absentee ballot and vote in person during the days of no-excuse in-person absentee voting or on the day of the election. The voter shall return the mail-in absentee ballot to the county clerk's office on or before election day. Upon the return of the mail-in absentee ballot, the county clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the sealed mail-in absentee ballot or the unmarked mail-in absentee ballot the words "Canceled because voter appeared to vote in person." Sealed envelopes so marked shall not be opened. The county clerk shall remove the voter's name from the list of persons who were sent mail-in absentee ballots, allow the voter to vote by means of no-excuse in-person absentee ballot, or provide the voter with written authorization to vote at the precinct on election day. If the voter is unable to return the mail-in absentee ballot to the county clerk's office on or before election day, at the time he or she votes in person, he or she shall sign a written oath as to his or her qualifications on a form prescribed by the State Board of Elections pursuant to KRS 117.245.

- (11) The State Board of Elections shall promulgate administrative regulations to:
 - (a) Ensure election officials have real-time knowledge of which voters have requested mail-in absentee ballots; and
 - (b) Provide procedures to be followed if a voter attempts to vote more than once at a primary or an election.
- [(12) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884, and except for when the identification of the voter is provided to the county board of elections under KRS 117.087, the information contained in an application for a mail in absentee ballot shall not be made public until after the close of business hours on the election day for which the application applies. Except for necessary election officials and for election related duties as prescribed by law, the name of the person who votes by means of a mail in absentee ballot shall not be disclosed. This subsection shall not prohibit at any time the disclosure, upon

request, of the total number of applications for mail-in absentee ballots that have been filed, or the disclosure to the Secretary of State or the State Board of Elections, if requested or if otherwise required by law, of any information in an application for a mail-in absentee ballot.]

→ Section 7. KRS 117.086 is amended to read as follows:

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- 6 (1) (a) The voter returning his or her absentee ballot to the county clerk by mail,
 7 hand delivery, or to a secure drop-box or receptacle, shall mark his or her
 8 ballot, seal it in the secrecy envelope, and then seal the outer envelope.
 - The voter shall sign the detachable flap and the outer envelope in order to (b) validate the ballot. A person having power of attorney for the voter and who signs the detachable flap and outer envelope for the voter shall complete the voter assistance form as required by KRS 117.255. The signatures of two (2) witnesses are required if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature. A resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010 who has received an absentee ballot transmitted by facsimile machine or by means of the electronic transmission system established under KRS 117A.030(4) shall transmit the voted ballot to the county clerk by mail only, conforming with ballot security requirements that may be promulgated by the State Board of Elections by administrative regulation under KRS Chapter 13A. In order to be counted, all mail-in absentee ballots shall be received by the county clerk no later than the time established by the election laws generally for the closing of the polls, which time shall not include the extra hour during which those voters may vote who were waiting in line to vote at the scheduled poll closing time.
 - (2) (a) The county clerk shall provide a minimum of one (1) secure ballot drop-box to receive voted mail-in absentee ballots for each primary, regular election, or special election. Public notice of all secure ballot drop-box locations shall be

1		given in the same manner as provided under KRS 117.076(4), and posted to
2		the website [Web site] of the county clerk.
3	(b)	The county board of elections may seek the State Board of Elections' approval
4		of a ballot receptacle to receive voted mail-in absentee ballots for each
5		primary, regular election, or special election. Public notice of all secure ballot
6		receptacle locations shall be given in the same manner as provided under KRS
7		117.076(4), and posted to the <u>website</u> [Web site] of the county clerk. Before
8		any mail-in absentee ballot shall be allowed to be deposited inside a
9		receptacle, the county board of elections shall inform the State Board of
10		Elections of:
11		1. The number of receptacles to be used;
12		2. The type of each receptacle to be used; and
13		3. The receptacle location.
14	(c)	Any drop-box or receptacle located outside of the county clerk's office shall
15		be:
16		1. Placed in a well-lit and easily accessible location;
17		2. Secured to ensure immobility while in use;
18		3. Under video surveillance at all times;
19		4. Tamper-resistant; and
20		5. Conspicuously noted as a mail-in absentee ballot drop-off location.
21	(d)	A drop-box or receptacle located inside the county clerk's office shall be
22		under direct supervision of the staff of the county clerk at all times and be
23		accessible to the public.
24	(e)	Each receptacle or drop-box shall be emptied by the county clerk and at least
25		one (1) member of the county board of elections or one (1) member of the
26		central ballot counting board if one is appointed, who is not of the same
27		political affiliation as the county clerk at least once each business day or more

frequently, as needed, to reasonably secure and accommodate the volume of the voter-delivered mail-in absentee ballots. The ballots deposited in the drop-box or receptacle shall be removed with a record of the date and time ballots were removed, and the names of the persons removing them. If the drop-box or receptacle is located outside the county clerk's office, the ballots shall be returned to the county clerk in locked transport containers, and the county clerk shall transfer the ballots upon receipt in accordance with subsection (3) of this section.

- (f) Except for those times ballots are being removed and transported from a secure ballot drop box to the county clerk as provided in this subsection, the county clerk and at least one (1) member of the county board of elections who is not of the same political affiliation or one (1) member of the central ballot counting board who is not of the same political affiliation as the county clerk, shall retain the keys to all secure ballot drop-boxes, receptacles, and transport containers in use in the county.
- (g) The State Board of Elections may establish additional security measures and procedures for the use of the ballot drop-box or receptacle through administrative regulations promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A.
- Upon receipt of a mail-in absentee ballot, the county clerk shall scan the barcode or label that is unique to the individual voter to note the receipt of the mail-in absentee ballot, and deposit all of the mail-in absentee ballots in a locked ballot box immediately upon receipt without opening the outer envelope. The ballot box shall be locked with two (2) locks. The keys to the ballot box shall be retained by at least two (2) members of the county board of elections who are not of the same political affiliation or two (2) members of the central ballot counting board if one (1) is appointed, who are not of the same political affiliation, and the box shall remain locked until the ballots are processed, reviewed, or counted under KRS 117.087.

(3)

1 (4) The county clerk shall keep separate lists for each election of all person
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- 2 (a) Return <u>a[their]</u> mail-in absentee <u>ballot accepted under KRS 117.087[ballots]</u>;
- 3 (b) <u>Vote by means of an</u>[Cast their] excused <u>or</u>[and] no-excuse in-person absentee *ballot*[ballots]; and
- 5 (c) Cast <u>a{their}</u> federal provisional<u>{in-person}</u> absentee <u>ballot counted under 31</u>
 6 <u>KAR 6:020{ballots}</u>.

The county clerk shall send a copy of each list to the State Board of Elections after any primary or election day. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884, each list of all persons who return their mail-in absentee ballots or who cast their ballots by means of an excused in-person absentee or no-excuse in-person absentee shall not be made public until after the close of business hours on the primary or election day for which the list applies, except when provided to the county board of elections under KRS 117.087. The county clerk and the Secretary of State shall keep a record of the number of votes cast by each method listed in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, which are cast in any primary or election as a part of the official *certification*[returns] of the primary or election.

- (5) The county board of elections shall report to the State Board of Elections within ten (10) days after any primary or regular election as to the number of rejected absentee ballots, including rejected mail-in absentee ballots and ballots cast under subsection (3) of this section, and the reasons for rejecting the ballots on a form prescribed and furnished by the State Board of Elections in administrative regulations promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A.
- **→** Section 8. KRS 117.0861 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) No person shall knowingly collect, gain possession of, deliver, or exercise control over a mail-in absentee ballot, except for:
- 27 (a) A voter personally casting his or her ballot by means of mail-in absentee

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1			ballot;
2		(b)	An election official engaged in official duties as prescribed in KRS Chapters
3			116 to 120;
4		(c)	A United States Postal Service worker or any other person who is allowed by
5			law to transmit United States mail if the worker or other person is engaged in
6			official duties;
7		(d)	A family member of the voter:
8			1. Who shall be related to the voter as set forth in KRS 6.611(16)(a), or as
9			established by marriage, adoption, or legal guardianship; and
10			2. Who is designated by the voter to assist in the mail-in absentee voting
11			process;
12		(e)	A person:
13			1. Who shares the same residence of the voter; and
14			2. Is designated by the voter to assist in the mail-in absentee voting
15			process;[and]
16		(f)	A caregiver <u>or employee</u> :
17			1. Who provides medical or healthcare assistance to the voter in a
18			residence, nursing care institution, hospice facility, assisted living
19			center, assisted living facility, assisted living home, residential care
20			institution, adult day healthcare facility, or adult foster home; and
21			2. Who is ordinarily engaged in duties related to the receiving and
22			delivering of mail matter; and [designated by the voter to assist in the
23			mail in absentee voting process]
24		<u>(g)</u>	An employee of a jail who is ordinarily engaged in official duties related to
25			the delivery of mail matter.
26	(2)	<u>For</u>	subsection (1)(f) and (g) of this section, the person collecting, possessing,
27		<u>deli</u> 1	vering, or exercising control over a mail-in absentee ballot shall at all times

handle the ballot so that all information contained on the ballot remains private
 to the voter as required by KRS 118.025(1).

- For subsection (1)(d) <u>and</u>[,] (e)[, and (f)] of this section, the person designated by the voter shall not have been:
- 5 (a) Declared mentally disabled by a court of competent jurisdiction, which adjudication has not been set aside; or
- 7 (b) Convicted of an election law offense whose civil rights have not been restored 8 by the Governor.
- 9 → Section 9. KRS 117.265 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 A voter may, at any regular or special election, cast a write-in vote for any person 11 qualified as provided in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, whose name does not 12 appear upon the ballot for any office, by writing the name of his or her choice upon 13 the appropriate ballot for the office being voted on as required by KRS 117.125. 14 Any candidate who is defeated or disqualified in a partisan or nonpartisan primary 15 shall be ineligible as a candidate for the same office in the regular election, unless 16 there is a vacancy pursuant to KRS 118.105(3). Any voter utilizing a federal 17 provisional ballot, a federal provisional in-person absentee ballot, or a mail-in 18 absentee ballot for a regular or special election may write in a vote for any eligible 19 person whose name does not appear upon the ballot, by writing the name of his or 20 her choice under the office.
- 21 (2) Write-in votes shall be counted only for candidates for election to office who have
 22 filed a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate with the Secretary of State or
 23 county clerk, depending on the office being sought, on or before the fourth Friday
 24 in October preceding the date of the regular election and not later than the second
 25 Friday before the date of a special election. In the case of a special election
 26 administered under KRS 118.730, a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate
 27 shall be filed at least twenty-eight (28) days before the day of the election. The

declaration of intent shall be filed no earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year the office will appear on the ballot, and no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing when filed on the last date on which papers may be filed. The declaration of intent shall be on a form prescribed and furnished by the Secretary of State.

- 6 (3) A person shall not be eligible as a write-in candidate:
 - (a) For more than one (1) office in a regular or special election; or
 - (b) If his or her name appears upon the ballot for any office, except that the candidate may file a notice of withdrawal prior to filing an intent to be a write-in candidate for office when a vacancy in a different office occurs because of:
- 12 1. Death;

- 2. Disqualification to hold the office sought;
 - 3. Severe disabling condition which arose after the nomination; or
- 15 4. The nomination of an unopposed candidate.
 - (4) Persons who wish to run for President and Vice-President shall file a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, along with a list of presidential electors pledged to those candidates, with the Secretary of State on or before the fourth Friday in October preceding the date of the regular election for those offices. The declaration of intent shall be filed no earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year the office will appear on the ballot, and no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing when filed on the last date on which papers may be filed. Write-in votes cast for the candidates whose names appear on the ballot shall apply to the slate of pledged presidential electors, whose names shall not appear on the ballot.
 - (5) The county clerk shall provide to the precinct election officers certified lists of those persons who have filed declarations of intent as provided in subsections (2)

1 and (3) of this section. Only write-in votes cast for qualified candidates shall be 2 counted. 3 Two (2) election officers of opposing parties shall upon the request of any voter 4 instruct the voter on how to cast a write-in vote. → Section 10. KRS 117.275 is amended to read as follows: 5 At the count of the votes in any precinct, any candidate or slate of candidates and 6 (1) 7 any representatives to witness and check the count of the votes therein, who are 8 authorized to be appointed as is provided in subsection (9) of this section, shall be 9 admitted and permitted to be present and witness the count. 10 As soon as the polls are closed, and the last voter has voted, the judges at that time (2)11 shall immediately lock and seal the voting equipment so that the voting and 12 counting mechanisms will be prevented from operating, and they shall sign a 13 certificate stating: 14 (a) That the voting equipment has been locked against voting and sealed; 15 (b) The number of voters, as shown on the public counters; 16 (c) The number registered on the protective or cumulative counter or device; and The number or other designation of the voting equipment. 17 (d) The certificate, with any additional certificate previously prepared under KRS 18 19 117.035, shall be returned by the judges of election to the officials authorized by 20 law to receive it. The judges shall compare the number of voters, as shown by the 21 counter of the voting equipment, with the number of those who have voted as 22 shown by the protective or cumulative counter or device. 23 Where voting equipment is used which does not print the candidates' names along (3)

the procedure to be followed shall be as follows:

with the total votes received on a general return sheet or record for that equipment,

The judges, in the presence of the representatives mentioned in subsection (1)

of this section, if any, and of all other persons who may be lawfully within the

(a)

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1 polling place, shall give full view of all the counter numbers;

(6)

2 (b) The judges shall enter, in ink, the total votes cast for each candidate, and slate of candidates, and for and against each question on the return sheets; and

- (c) Each precinct election officer shall sign the return sheets, and a copy of the return sheets shall be posted on the precinct door.
- Where voting equipment is used that prints the candidates' names along with the total votes received on a return sheet or record for that equipment, the precinct election officers shall sign the return sheets or record for the voting equipment, which shall be posted on the door of the precinct.
- 10 (5) If any officer shall decline to sign the return sheets, he or she shall state the reason in writing, and a copy thereof, signed by the officer, shall be enclosed with the return sheets.
 - Each of the return sheets, if applicable, and the record of the voting equipment shall be enclosed in an envelope. One (1) copy of the return sheets, if applicable, one (1) copy of the record of the voting equipment, and the write-in roll, if any write-in votes were cast in the precinct, shall be directed to the county board of elections of the county in which the election is being held. One (1) copy of the return sheets or record of the voting equipment shall be given to the county clerk of the county in which the election is being held and to each of the local governing bodies of the two (2) dominant political parties, but a local governing body of a dominant political party may decline a copy of the precinct election return by filing a written declination with the county board of elections prior to the election, and upon this declination, a printed copy shall not be issued to the political party so declining. The declination on file shall be effective for that election and any subsequent elections until revoked by the local governing body of a dominant political party by filing a written revocation with the county board of elections. The envelope shall have endorsed thereon a certificate of the election officers, stating the number or

unique designation of the voting equipment, the precinct where it has been used, the number on the seal, and the number on the protective or cumulative counter or device at the close of the polls.

- 4 (7) During the period established by KRS 117.355(3), and following the tabulation of all votes cast in the election, including absentee votes and write-in votes:
 - (a) The county board of elections shall mail, transmit via facsimile machine, hand-deliver, or submit by electronic means a copy of the precinct-by-precinct summary of the tabulation sheets showing the results from each precinct to the State Board of Elections. The copy of the precinct-by-precinct summary of the tabulation sheets showing the results from each precinct shall include the votes cast on the day of an election and during[in person] absentee voting; and
 - (b) The county clerk shall mail or deliver the precinct signature rosters from each precinct and the in-person absentee ballot signature roster to the State Board of Elections.
 - (8) For each voting location, as soon as possible after the completion of the count, the two (2) election officers who are not of the same political affiliation shall return to the county board of elections the keys to the voting equipment received and receipted for by them, and the county clerk, in each voting location, shall have the voting equipment properly boxed or securely covered and removed to a proper and secure place of storage.
 - (9) In primaries, each candidate or group of candidates may designate to the county board of elections a representative to witness and check the vote count. In regular elections, the governing authority of each political party, each candidate for member of board of education, nonpartisan candidate, political group candidate, political organization candidate, independent candidate, or independent ticket may designate a representative to the county board of elections to witness and check the

vote count. The county board of elections shall authorize representatives of the news media to witness the vote count.

- 3 (10) For all federal provisional ballots, if applicable, and supplemental paper ballots if 4 approved as provided in KRS 118.215, after the polls are closed, the two (2) judges shall return to the county clerk's office the locked federal provisional ballot 5 6 receptacle and the supplemental paper ballot box, all ballot stubs, spoiled ballots, 7 and unvoted ballots at the same time as the tabulation of votes from the voting 8 equipment is delivered. The county clerk shall issue a receipt for the number of 9 ballot stubs, unvoted ballots, spoiled ballots, and the ballot boxes or ballot 10 receptacle.
- 11 (11) The county board of elections, or its designee, shall count and tally the
 12 supplemental paper ballots that have not been tabulated by automatic tabulating
 13 equipment at the precinct, either manually or with the use of tabulating equipment
 14 that has been certified by the State Board of Elections for use for that purpose in the
 15 county clerk's office. The results of the vote tally shall be certified by the county
 16 board of elections to the county clerk and to the Secretary of State.
 - (12) The county board of elections shall tabulate the valid federal provisional ballots. The results of the vote tally shall be certified by the county board of elections to the county clerk and to the Secretary of State. The county board of elections shall mail a copy of the precinct-by-precinct summary of the valid federal provisional ballot tabulation sheets showing the results from each precinct to the State Board of Elections.
- 23 (13) The county board of elections shall authorize the candidates, slates of candidates, or 24 their representatives, and representatives of the news media to be present during the 25 counting of the supplemental and federal provisional paper ballots.
- 26 (14) No person shall transmit or publicize any tallies or counts of ballots, or any partial 27 results, to any person except those persons, election officials, or entities authorized

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by law to receive it, until 6 p.m. prevailing time on the day of a primary or an election.

- Unofficial election results transmitted online to the county board of elections or the State Board of Elections shall occur by means of a secure online connection after results are tallied on the tally computer that has been certified in accordance with KRS 117.379 as part of a voting system as defined in KRS 117.001.
 - (b) If an external device is used to upload election results for the subsequent transmission, the device shall be used for that primary or election only and be of a type approved by the State Board of Elections as part of a voting system under KRS 117.379. The upload of the election results shall occur in the presence of two (2) members of the county board of elections who are of a different political affiliation.
 - (16) Except as otherwise required in this chapter, all records and papers relating to specified elections shall be retained for twenty-two (22) months, and the county clerk shall retain the voted federal provisional ballots, voter affirmations, election official affirmations, and the supplemental paper ballots for twenty-two (22) months and the unvoted federal provisional ballots, the voter affirmations, election official affirmations, and the supplemental paper ballots for sixty (60) days after each election day, after which time they shall be destroyed in a manner to render them unreadable by the county board of elections if no contest or recount action has been filed.
 - → Section 11. KRS 117.295 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) For a period of thirty (30) days following any election, the voting equipment shall remain locked against voting, the ballot boxes containing all paper ballots shall remain locked, and the voting equipment and ballot boxes shall be under video surveillance. The system used to conduct the video surveillance shall have enough

1		storage capacity to retain sixty (60) consecutive days of continuous recording data.
2		A request under the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884, for this
3		video after an election shall be made during the sixty (60) consecutive days
4		following the election, and the video may be disposed of after those sixty (60)
5		days, or upon compliance with the Kentucky Open Records Act or the completion
6		of an investigation or pending litigation in a District, Circuit, or federal court,
7		whichever is later.
8	<u>(2)</u>	The voting equipment and the ballot boxes may be opened and all the data and
9		figures therein examined:
10		(a) Upon the order of any court of competent jurisdiction, or judge thereof;
11		(b) By direction of any legislative committee or board authorized and empowered
12		to investigate and report upon contested elections;
13		(c) By a county board of elections under the direction of the State Board of
14		Elections pursuant to a risk-limiting audit; or
15		(d) As required to conduct a recount under KRS 120.157.
16		All the data and figures shall be examined by the court, judge, county board of
17		elections, State Board of Elections, or committee in the presence of the officer
18		having the custody of the voting equipment, ballots, and ballot boxes. In the event
19		of a contest of election, the court in which the contest is pending or the committee
20		before which the contest is being heard may, upon motion of any party to the
21		contest, issue an order requiring that the voting equipment, ballots, and ballot boxes
22		shall remain continuously locked for further time as may be reasonable or
23		necessary, with due regard for the preparation of the voting equipment for a
24		succeeding primary, regular election, or special election, but in no event shall the
25		order compel that the voting equipment remain locked to a time within thirty (30)
26		days next preceding any approaching primary, regular election, or special election.
27	<u>(3)</u> [(During the period when the voting equipment and the ballot boxes are

1 required to be kept locked, the keys thereto shall remain in the possession of the 2 county board of elections. After that period, it shall be the duty of the county board 3 of elections to return the keys to the custody of the county clerk. 4 → Section 12. KRS 117.389 is amended to read as follows: On any day after ballots have been certified by the Secretary of State as provided in 5 KRS 118.215, and petitions to allow consolidation of precincts have been approved by 6 7 the State Board of Elections as provided in Section 4 of this Act, but not more than 8 thirty (30) nor less than five (5) days prior to the election day, the county clerk shall 9 have the automatic tabulating equipment tested in the manner prescribed by the State 10 Board of Elections. 11 → Section 13. KRS 117.900 is amended to read as follows: 12 The Secretary of State shall implement an annual statewide essay contest for (1) 13 students in grades nine (9) through twelve (12) and an annual statewide slogan 14 contest, each to be relative to an elections-related topic to be chosen by the 15 Secretary of State each year. The Secretary of State shall publicize the contests, 16 present awards or certificates to the essay winner in each grade level and to the 17 slogan contest winner in a public ceremony, and provide appropriate publicity for 18 the winning entries. 19 (2) The Secretary of State shall solicit sponsorship *from within the Commonwealth* for 20 the essay and slogan contests so that, in addition to awards or certificates, winners 21 shall receive a monetary award, as funds are available from sponsors. 22 County boards of election may implement annual prize contests for grade school *(*3) 23 students and their teachers concerning elections and voting. The county clerks 24 and county boards of election may solicit sponsorship from within their respective 25 counties for such contests to fund prizes and events for contest winners.

An application for a military-overseas ballot is timely if received by the close of business

→ Section 14. KRS 117A.070 is amended to read as follows:

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1 hours seven (7) days before the election. An application for a military-overseas ballot for

- 2 a primary, whether or not timely, is effective as an application for a military-overseas
- 3 ballot for the regular election. *If an application is received after seven (7) days before an*
- 4 election, the applicant shall be informed of his or her ability to utilize a federal write-in
- 5 absentee ballot pursuant to KRS 117A.100.

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- 6 → Section 15. KRS 118.125 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Except as provided in KRS 118.155, any person who is qualified under the provisions of KRS 116.055 to vote in any primary for the candidates for nomination by the party at whose hands he or she seeks the nomination, shall have his or her name printed on the official ballot of his or her party for an office to which he <u>or</u> <u>she</u> is eligible in that primary, upon filing, with the Secretary of State or county clerk, as appropriate, at the proper time, a notification and declaration.
 - The notification and declaration shall be in the form prescribed by the State Board of Elections. It shall be signed by the candidate and by not less than two (2) registered voters of the same party from the district or jurisdiction from which the candidate seeks nomination. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. The notification and declaration for a candidate shall include the following oath:

"For the purpose of having my name placed on the official primary election ballot as a candidate for nomination by the ----- Party, I, ----- (name in full as desired on the ballot as provided in KRS 118.129), do solemnly swear that my residence address is ----- (street, route, highway, city if applicable, county, state, and zip code), that my mailing address, if different, is ----- (post office address), and that I am a registered ------ (party) voter [in ______ precinct]; that I believe in the principles of the ------ Party, and intend to support its principles and policies; that I

meet all the statutory and constitutional qualifications for the office which I am seeking; that if nominated as a candidate of such party at the ensuing election I will accept the nomination and not withdraw for reasons other than those stated in KRS 118.105(3); that I will not knowingly violate any election law or any law relating to corrupt and fraudulent practice in campaigns or elections in this state, and if finally elected I will qualify for the office."

- The declaration shall be subscribed and sworn to before an officer authorized to administer an oath by the candidate and by the two (2) voters making the declaration and signing the candidate's petition for office.
- (3) When the notice and declaration has been filed with the Secretary of State or county clerk, as appropriate, and certified according to KRS 118.165, the Secretary of State or county clerk, as appropriate, shall have the candidate's name printed on the ballot according to the provisions of this chapter, except as provided in KRS 118.185.
- (4) Titles, ranks, or spurious phrases shall not be accepted on the filing papers and shall not be printed on the ballots as part of the candidate's name; however, nicknames, initials, and contractions of given names may be acceptable as the candidate's name.
- → Section 16. KRS 118.215 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) After the order of the names has been determined as provided in KRS 118.225, the Secretary of State shall certify, to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in the nomination or election of the respective candidates, the name, place of residence, and party of each candidate or slate of candidates for each office, as specified in the nomination papers or certificates and petitions of nomination filed with him or her, and shall designate the device with which the candidate groups, slates of candidates, or lists of candidates of each party shall be printed, in the order in which they are to appear on the ballot, with precedence to be given to the party that polled the highest number of votes at the preceding election for presidential electors, followed by the political party which received the second

highest number of votes, with the order of any other political parties and independents to be determined by lot. Candidates for county offices and local state offices shall be listed in the following order: Commonwealth's attorney, circuit clerk, property valuation administrator, county judge/executive, county attorney, county clerk, sheriff, jailer, county commissioner, coroner, justice of the peace, and constable. The names of candidates for President and Vice President shall be certified in lieu of certifying the names of the candidates for presidential electors. The names shall be certified as follows:

The names shall be certified as follows:

(2)

- (a) Not later than the <u>third</u>[second] Monday after the filing deadline for the primary as established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060;
 - (b) Not later than the fourth Monday in August, except as provided in paragraph(c) of this subsection; and
 - (c) Not later than the Monday after the Friday following the first Tuesday in September preceding a regular election, for those years in which there is an election for President and Vice President of the United States.
 - Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, all independent candidates or slates of candidates whose nominating petitions are filed with the county clerk or the Secretary of State shall be listed under the title and device designated by them as provided in KRS 118.315, or if none is designated, under the word "independent," and shall be placed on the ballot in a separate column or columns or in a separate line or lines according to the office which they seek. The order in which independent candidates or slates of candidates shall appear on the ballot shall be determined by lot by the county clerk. If the same device is selected by two (2) groups of petitioners, it shall be given to the first selecting it and the county clerk shall permit the other group to select a suitable device. This section shall not apply to candidates for municipal offices which come under subsection (3) of this section.

(3) The ballots used at any election in which city officers are to be elected as provided in subsection (2) of this section shall contain the names of candidates for the city offices grouped according to the offices they seek, and the candidates shall be immediately arranged with and designated by the title of office they seek. The order in which the names of the candidates for each office are to be printed on the ballot shall be determined by lot. Each group of candidates for each separate office for which the candidates are to be elected shall be clearly separated from other groups on the ballot and spaced to avoid confusion on the part of the voter.

- (4) The Secretary of State shall not knowingly certify to the county clerk of any county the name of any candidate or slate of candidates who has not filed the required nomination papers, nor knowingly fail to certify the name of any candidate or slate of candidates who has filed the required nomination papers.
 - If the county clerk determines that the number of certified candidates or slates of candidates cannot be placed on a ballot which can be accommodated by the voting equipment currently in use by the county, he or she shall so notify the State Board of Elections not later than the last Tuesday in February preceding the primary or the last Tuesday in August preceding the regular election. The State Board of Elections shall meet within five (5) days of the notice, review the ballot conditions, and determine whether supplemental paper ballots are necessary for the election. Upon approval of the State Board of Elections, supplemental paper ballots may be used for nonpartisan candidates or slates of candidates for an office or offices and public questions submitted for a yes or no vote. All candidates or slates of candidates for any particular office shall be placed either on the ballot or on the supplemental paper ballot. Supplemental paper ballots may also be used to conduct the voting, in the instance of a small precinct as provided in KRS 117.066.
- (6) The ballot position of a candidate or slate of candidates shall not be changed after the ballot position has been designated by the county clerk.

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→ Section 17. KRS 118.225 is amended to read as follows:

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[For the purpose of determining] The order of [in which] the names of candidates or slates of candidates to be voted for by the electors of the entire state shall be determined by lot and certified and printed on the ballots with the designation of the respective offices. [,] The Secretary of State shall prepare lists of the counties of each congressional district of the state and, for each congressional district, [.] the Secretary of State shall *draw from*[arrange] the *names*[surnames] of all candidates or slates of candidates for each office to determine the order in which they shall appear on the ballot in alphabetical order for the First Congressional District, and the names shall be certified in this order to the county clerks of all the counties comprising that district. For each succeeding congressional district, taken in numerical order, the name appearing first for each office in the last preceding district shall be placed last, and the name appearing second in the last preceding district shall be placed first, and each other name shall be moved up one (1) place. The order of names of the candidates or slates of candidates for each congressional district [lists] shall be certified to the county clerks of all the counties that comprise the district[accordingly]. For all other offices for which nomination papers and petitions are filed with the (2) Secretary of State, the order of names of candidates for each office shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the filing deadline for the primary as established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060 or the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the regular election. For all offices for which nomination papers and petitions are filed in the office of (3)the county clerk, the order in which the names of candidates for each office are to

be printed on the ballot shall be determined by lot at a public drawing in the office

of the county clerk at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the filing deadline for the primary as established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060 or the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the regular election.

- For all offices for which the deadline for filing nomination papers and petitions is governed by KRS 83A.165(4)(c) or 118.375(2), the order in which the names of candidates for each office are to be printed shall be determined by lot at a public drawing in the office at the place of filing at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the second Tuesday in August preceding the regular election.
- 10 (5) If the number of certified candidates or slates of candidates cannot be placed on a
 11 ballot which can be accommodated on voting equipment currently in use in the
 12 county, the county clerk shall notify the State Board of Elections, as provided in
 13 KRS 118.215.
- → Section 18. KRS 118.345 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 No candidate who has been defeated or disqualified for the nomination for any (1)16 office in a primary shall have his or her name placed on ballots in the succeeding regular election as a candidate for the same office for the nomination to which he or 17 18 she was a candidate in the primary, except that if a vacancy occurs in the party 19 nomination for which he or she was a candidate in the primary his or her name may 20 be placed on the ballots for the regular election as a candidate of that party if he or 21 she has been duly made such party nominee after the vacancy occurs as provided in 22 KRS 118.105.
 - (2) No person who was a candidate for nomination for any office in a primary and who, before the succeeding regular election, is declared by the judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction to have violated, in the primary, any provision of KRS Chapter 121, or to be responsible for such violation by others, shall have his or her name placed on ballots for any office to be voted for in the succeeding regular

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- 2 (3) This section does not apply to presidential preference primary candidates.
- 3 → Section 19. KRS 118.415 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) The General Assembly may state the substance of the amendment proposed to the 5 Constitution of Kentucky in the form of a question in a manner calculated to inform the electorate of the substance of the amendment. When an amendment to the 6 7 Constitution has been proposed by the General Assembly, the Secretary of State 8 shall cause the question calculated to inform the electorate of the substance of the 9 amendment which is prepared by the General Assembly or the Attorney General 10 to be published at least one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation published 11 in this state, and shall also cause to be published at the same time and in the same 12 manner the fact that the amendment will be submitted to the voters for their 13 acceptance or rejection at the next regular election at which members of the General 14 Assembly are to be voted for. The publication shall be made not later than the first 15 Tuesday in August preceding the election at which the amendment is to be voted 16 on.
 - (2) The Attorney General shall, if the General Assembly shall has not already done so, state the entirety [substance] of an amendment to the Constitution of Kentucky which has been proposed by the General Assembly in the form of a question in a manner calculated to inform the electorate of the substance of the amendment, and, not later than April 15 [fourteen (14) days preceding the first Tuesday in August] preceding the next regular election at which members of the General Assembly are to be chosen, shall certify the question to the Secretary of State to be placed on the ballots.
 - (3) The Secretary of State, not later than the second Monday after the second Tuesday in August preceding the next regular election at which members of the General Assembly are to be chosen in a year in which there is not an election for President

and Vice President of the United States, or not later than the Thursday after the first Tuesday in September preceding a regular election in a year in which there is an election for President and Vice President of the United States, shall certify the substance of the amendment, as stated and certified by the General Assembly [or by the Attorney General], to the county clerk of each county, and the county clerk shall have the substance of the amendment, as so certified, indicated on the ballots.

- (4) The votes cast for and against the amendment shall be counted, canvassed, and certified to the Secretary of State in the same manner as the votes cast for any officer elective by the votes of the whole state. If a majority of the votes cast on the question are for the amendment, it shall become a part of the Constitution.
- 11 (5) The expenses of the publications provided for in this section shall be paid as are the 12 expenses of other publications that the Secretary of State is required to make in 13 connection with elections.
- → Section 20. KRS 118.445 is amended to read as follows:
 - The electors of President and Vice President of the United States shall convene at the State Capitol, or other location publicly designated by the Secretary of State on his or her official website, at 11:45 a.m. on the first <u>Tuesday[Monday]</u> after the second Wednesday in December next after their election, give their votes at or after 12 noon, and make return thereof according to law. If any elector fails to attend by 12 noon, on the day of the meeting, those in attendance shall fill his <u>or her</u> place by the election of another person, who shall have the same powers as if originally elected by the people.
- **→** Section 21. KRS 118.740 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) A copy of a proclamation issued under KRS 118.710 or 118.720, or a writ of election issued under KRS 63.200, 67C.103, 118.730, 120.205, or 120.215 shall be forwarded by mail to the sheriff of each county in the district in which the election is to be held, at least *sixty-three* (63)[fifty six (56)] days before the election. The sheriff of each county in which an election is to be held shall give notice at least

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fifty-six (56)[forty-nine (49)] days before the day of election. If, from any cause, the sheriff cannot properly act, he or she shall immediately hand the writ or proclamation to the person authorized to act in his or her place.

- 4 (2) If a special election is administered under KRS 118.730(2), the notice required by subsection (1) of this section shall include the location of the election.
- 6 → Section 22. KRS 118.770 is amended to read as follows:
- When a writ of election or proclamation is issued to fill a vacancy as prescribed in KRS 63.200, 118.710, 118.720, or 118.730, independent, or political organization, or political group petitions and certificates of nomination shall be filed at least *fifty-six* (56)[forty-nine (49)] days before the day of election, and if filed with the Secretary of State shall be immediately certified by him or her to the proper county clerks, except as may be provided under KRS 63.200.
- → Section 23. KRS 118A.060 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) Except as provided in KRS 118A.100, no person's name shall appear on a ballot, 15 including an absentee ballot, for an office of the Court of Justice without first 16 having been nominated as provided in this section.
 - (2) Each candidate for nomination shall file a petition for nomination with the Secretary of State not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot and not later than the first Friday following the first Monday in January preceding the day fixed by law for holding the primary for the office. The petition shall be sworn to before an officer authorized to administer an oath by the candidate and by not less than two (2) registered voters from the district or circuit from which he or she seeks nomination. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. The petition shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing

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when filed on the last date on which the papers are permitted to be filed.

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2 (3) The petition for nomination shall be in the form prescribed by the State Board (a) 3 of Elections. The petition shall include a declaration sworn to by the candidate, that he or she possesses all the constitutional and statutory 4 requirements of the office for which the candidate has filed. Titles, ranks, or 5 6 spurious phrases shall not be accepted on the petition and shall not be printed 7 on the ballots as part of the candidate's name; however, nicknames, initials, 8 and contractions of given names may be acceptable as the candidate's name.

(b) The Secretary of State shall certify the exact spelling and form of the name of the candidate to be printed on all ballots in accordance with the requirements listed in KRS 118.129.

- The Secretary of State shall examine the petition of each candidate to determine whether it is regular on its face. If there is an error, the Secretary of State shall notify the candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing. The order of names on the ballot for each district or circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the filing deadline for the primary as established in this section and in KRS 83A.045 and 118.165.
- (5) Not later than the date set forth in KRS 118.215(1)(a) preceding the primary, and after the order of names on the ballot has been determined as required in subsection (4) of this section, the Secretary of State shall:
 - (a) Certify to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in the election of the various candidates, the name and place of residence of each candidate for each office, by district or circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, as specified in the petitions for nomination filed with him or her; and

1 (b) Designate for the county clerks the office of the Court of Justice with which 2 the names of candidates shall be printed and the order in which they are to 3 appear on the ballot. 4 (6)The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position has 5 been designated by the Secretary of State. 6 (7)The county clerks of each county shall cause to be printed on the ballots for the 7 primary the names of the candidates for offices in the Court of Justice. 8 (8) The names of the candidates shall be placed on the ballots in a separate column or 9 columns or in a separate line or lines and identified by the words "Judicial Ballot." 10 The words "Vote for one," or "Vote for one in each division," shall be printed on 11 the ballot in an appropriate location. The office, numbered division if divisions 12 exist, and the candidates shall be clearly labeled. No party designation or emblem 13 of any kind, nor any sign indicating any candidate's political belief or party 14 affiliation, shall be used on the ballots. 15 (9)The two (2) candidates receiving the highest number of votes for nomination for 16 justice or judge of a district or circuit, or numbered division if divisions exist, shall 17 be nominated. Certificates of nomination shall be issued as provided in KRS 18 118A.190. 19 (10) If it appears after expiration of the time for filing petitions for nomination that there 20 are not more than two (2) candidates who have filed the necessary petitions for a 21 place on the ballot in the regular election, no drawing for ballot position shall be 22 held and the Secretary of State shall immediately issue and file in the Secretary's 23 office certificates of nomination, and send copies to the candidates. 24 → Section 24. KRS 118A.090 is amended to read as follows:

For the regular election, the order of names on the ballot for each district or circuit,

and numbered division if divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public

drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on

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the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the regular election, except as provided in KRS 118A.100(5)[(6)].

- Not later than the date set forth in KRS 118.215(1)(b) after the filing deadline for the regular election in a year in which there is no election for President and Vice President of the United States, or not later than the date set forth in KRS 118.215(1)(c) preceding a regular election in a year in which there is an election for President and Vice President of the United States, and after the order of names on the ballot has been determined as required in subsection (1) of this section, the Secretary of State shall:
 - (a) Certify to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in the election of the various candidates, the name and place of residence of each candidate for each office, by district or circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, as certified under KRS 118A.060; and
 - (b) Designate for the county clerks the office of the Court of Justice with which the names of candidates shall be printed and the order in which they are to appear on the ballot.
 - (3) The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position has been designated by the Secretary of State. The county clerks of each county shall cause to be printed on the ballots for the regular elections the names of the candidates for offices of the Court of Justice.
 - (4) The names of the candidates shall be placed on the ballots in a separate column or columns or in a separate line or lines and identified by the words "Judicial Ballot," and in such a manner that the casting of a vote for all of the candidates of a political party will not operate to cast a vote for judicial candidates. The words "Vote for one" or "Vote for one in each division," shall be printed on the ballot in an appropriate location. The office, numbered division thereof if divisions exist, and the candidates therefor shall be clearly labeled. No party designation or emblem of

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any kind, nor any sign indicating any candidate's political belief or party affiliation, shall be used on any ballot.

- The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast at the regular election for a district or circuit, or for a numbered division thereof if divisions exist, shall be elected.
- Section 25. KRS 118A.100 is amended to read as follows:
- Candidates for an unexpired term of a judicial office to be filled at a regular election shall be nominated at the primary next preceding the regular election in the manner prescribed in KRS 118A.060 if the vacancy occurs not later than the second Friday in December preceding the primary. If the vacancy occurs on or after that date, the election to fill the unexpired term shall be held in accordance with the procedures described in this section and Section 152 of the Constitution of Kentucky.
 - (2) [If in a regular election for judicial office no candidates nominated as provided in KRS 118A.060 are available due to death, incapacity, or withdrawal, and the candidates have not been replaced as provided in KRS 118A.060, the election to fill the regular term shall be conducted in the manner prescribed in subsections (3) through (11) of this section.
 - (3)—¡Each candidate shall file a petition for nomination with the Secretary of State not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the election for the unexpired term will be held and not later than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the day fixed by law for holding the regular election for the unexpired term, if the vacancy occurs prior to the first Tuesday following the first Monday in June. If the vacancy occurs after the first Tuesday following the first Monday in June, each candidate shall file a petition for nomination with the Secretary of State not later than the second Tuesday in August preceding the day fixed by law for holding the regular election

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for the unexpired term. The petition shall be sworn to by the candidate and by not less than two (2) registered voters from the district or circuit from which he or she seeks nomination, before an officer authorized to administer an oath. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. The petition shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing when filed on the last date on which the papers are permitted to be filed.

(3)[(4)] The petition for nomination shall be in the form prescribed by the State Board of Elections. The petition shall include a declaration sworn to by the candidate, that he or she possesses all the constitutional and statutory requirements of the office for which the candidate has filed. Titles, ranks, or spurious phrases shall not be accepted on the petition and shall not be printed on the ballots as part of the candidate's name; however, nicknames, initials, and contractions of given names may be acceptable as the candidate's name.

(4)[(5)] The Secretary of State shall examine the petition of each candidate to determine whether it is regular on its face. If there is an error, the Secretary of State shall notify the candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing.

(5)[(6)] The order of names on the ballot for each district or circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the regular election for those petitions for nomination required to be filed no later than the first Tuesday following the first Monday in June. For those petitions for nomination required to be filed no later than the second Tuesday in August, the order of names on the ballot for each district and circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the

1	Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the second		
2	Tues	sday in August preceding the regular election.	
3	<u>(6)</u> [(7)]	Not later than the date set forth in KRS 118.215 and after the order of names	
4	on t	he ballot has been determined as required in subsection $(5)[(6)]$ of this section,	
5	the S	Secretary of State shall:	
6	(a)	Certify to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in	
7		the election of the various candidates, the name and place of residence of each	
8		candidate for each office, by district or circuit, and numbered division if	
9		divisions exist, as specified in the petitions for nomination filed with the	
10		Secretary of State; and	
11	(b)	Designate for the county clerks the office of the Court of Justice with which	
12		the names of candidates shall be printed and the order in which they are to	
13		appear on the ballot.	
14	<u>(7)</u> [(8)]	The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position	
15	has	been designated by the county clerk.	
16	<u>(8)</u> [(9)]	The county clerks of each county shall cause to be printed on the ballots,	
17	inch	uding absentee ballots, for the regular election the names of the candidates for	
18	offic	ces of the Court of Justice.	
19	<u>(9)</u> [(10)]	The names of the candidates shall be placed on the ballots in a separate	
20	colu	mn or columns or in a separate line or lines and identified by the words	
21	"Jud	licial Ballot," and in a manner so that the casting of a vote for all of the	
22	cand	lidates of a political party will not operate to cast a vote for judicial candidates.	
23	The	words "Vote for one" or "Vote for one in each division," shall be printed on the	
24	appı	ropriate location. The office, numbered division if divisions exist, and the	
25	cand	lidates therefor shall be clearly labeled. No party designation or emblem of any	
26	kind	, nor any sign indicating any candidate's political belief or party affiliation,	
27	shal	l be used on any ballot.	

1	(10) [(11)] The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast at the regular
2	election for a district or circuit, or for a numbered division if divisions exist, shall
3	be elected.
4	(11) [(12)] A judge who elected to retire as a Senior Status Special Judge in accordance
5	with KRS 21.580 shall not become a candidate or a nominee for any elected office
6	during the five (5) year term prescribed in KRS 21.580(1)(a)1., regardless of the
7	number of days served by the judge acting as a Senior Status Special Judge.
8	→ Section 26. KRS 119.005 is amended to read as follows:
9	As used in this chapter:
10	(1) A "ballot" or "official ballot" means the official presentation of offices and
11	candidates to be voted for, including write-in candidates, and all public questions
12	submitted for determination, and shall include a voting machine ballot, a paper
13	ballot, an absentee ballot, a special ballot, a federal provisional ballot, a federal
14	provisional absentee ballot, or a supplemental paper ballot which has been
15	authorized for the use of the voters in any primary or regular or special election by
16	the Secretary of State or the county clerk;
17	(2) "Ballot box" means any box, bag, or other container that can be locked, sealed, or
18	otherwise rendered tamper-resistant, for receiving ballots;
19	(3) <u>"Election administration information system" means any computer-based</u>
20	information technology application used by the Commonwealth in the
21	administration of elections;
22	(4) "Election officer" has the same meaning as in KRS 118.015;
23	(5)[(4)] "Voting equipment" means any physical component of a voting system and
24	includes voting machines where voting machines are in operation;
25	(6)[(5)] "Voting machine" or "machine" means a part of a voting system that consists
26	of [:

(a) A direct recording electronic voting machine that:

1		1. Records votes by means of a barrot display provided with mechanical or
2		electro-operated components that may be actuated by the voter;
3		2. Processes the data by means of a computer program;
4		3. Records voting data and ballot images in internal and external memory
5		components; and
6		4. Produces a tabulation of the voting data stored in a removable memory
7		component and on a printed copy; or
8	(b)) one (1) or more electronic devices that operate independently or as a
9		combination of a ballot-marking device and an electronic or automatic vote-
10		tabulating device; and
11	<u>(7)</u> [(6)]	"Voting system" means:
12	(a)	The total combination of physical, mechanical, electromechanical, or
13		electronic equipment, including the software, hardware, firmware, and
14		documentation required to program, control, and support that equipment, that
15		is used to:
16		1. Define ballots;
17		2. Cast and count votes;
18		3. Report or display election results; and
19		4. Maintain and produce any audit trail information; and
20	(b)	The practices and associated documentation used to:
21		1. Identify system components and versions of those components;
22		2. Test the system during its development and maintenance;
23		3. Maintain records of system errors and defects;
24		4. Determine specific system changes to be made to a system after the
25		initial qualification of the system; and
26		5. Make available any materials to the voter, such as notices, instructions,
27		forms, or paper ballots.

1	1 -	Section 27	KRS	119 115 is	amended to	read as follows:
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2 (1) Any unauthorized person found in possession of any key to a voting machine,

- 3 voting equipment, or voting system to be used or being used in any primary, regular
- 4 election, or special election shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 5 (2) Any person who, during or before any primary, regular election, or special election,
- 6 willfully tampers with or attempts to tamper with, disarrange, deface, [or] impair in
- 7 any manner whatsoever, injures, or destroys any ballot, *e-poll book*, *election*
- 8 administration information system, [or destroys any] voting machine, voting
- 9 equipment, or voting system while in use at an election or at any other time, or who
- shall, after such voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system is locked and
- sealed in order to preserve the record of the vote, tamper with or attempt to tamper
- with the record of the vote, or who aids or abets with intent to destroy or change the
- record of the vote shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- 14 (3) Any election official, or other person entrusted with the custody or control of any
- voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system shall be guilty of a Class D
- 16 felony if he or she knowingly and intentionally:
- 17 (a) Causes or permits any voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system to
- fail to correctly register or count votes cast, tampers with or disarranges such
- voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system in any way;
- 20 (b) Unlawfully opens a voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system;
- 21 (c) Prevents or attempts to prevent the correct operation of a voting machine,
- voting equipment, or voting system;
- 23 (d) Causes a voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system to be used or
- consents to its being used for any election with knowledge of the fact that the
- voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system is not in order, or not
- 26 perfectly set and adjusted to correctly register all votes cast;
- (e) Removes, changes, or mutilates any ballot; or

(f) Directly connects or attempts to directly connect a voting machine, voting equipment, or voting system that tabulates or aggregates votes to a public network, including the Internet, at any time.

→ Section 28. KRS 160.190 is amended to read as follows:

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- (1) Any vacancy in any board of education shall be filled by a majority vote of the remaining members of the local board within sixty (60) days after the vacancy occurs. Within thirty (30) days of the vacancy, the local board shall, for two (2) weeks, have solicited applications by posting a notice announcing the vacancy on the district's website [Web site] and by placing an advertisement in the newspaper of the largest general circulation in the county. An applicant shall file a letter of intent with the local board affirming that the applicant meets the eligibility requirements as established by KRS 160.180 and shall submit with the application a transcript evidencing completion of the twelfth grade or results of a twelfth grade equivalency examination. After the two (2) weeks of advertisement on the district's website [Website] and in the newspaper, the local board shall select from the applicants under this subsection to fill the vacancy.
- 17 (2) If the local board fails to make an appointment under subsection (1) of this section, 18 then the chief state school officer shall fill the vacancy within sixty (60) days of the 19 failure.
- 20 (3) The member chosen under this section shall meet the eligibility requirements as 21 established by KRS 160.180 and shall hold office until his or her successor is 22 elected or appointed, and has qualified.
 - (4) Any vacancy having an unexpired term of one (1) year or more on August 1 after the vacancy occurs shall be filled for the unexpired term by an election to be held at the next regular election after the vacancy occurs. The elected member shall succeed the member chosen under subsection (1) or (2) of this section to fill the vacancy. Nominating petitions shall be filed with the county clerk not later than

	the s	second Tuesday in August preceding the day for holding the regular election
	for t	the unexpired term. Declarations of intent to be a write-in candidate shall be
	filed	with the county clerk in accordance with Section 9 of this Act.
(5)	(a)	If no candidate files a petition of nomination or declaration of intent to be a
		write-in candidate to fill an unexpired term on a local board of education
		under subsection (4) of this section, then a new vacancy shall exist on
		November 1 and the vacancy shall be filled according to subsection (1) of this
		section.
	(b)	If no candidate files a petition of nomination or declaration of intent to be a
		write-in candidate for a new term on a local board of education opening
		pursuant to KRS 118.315 and 118.365, then a vacancy shall exist on January 1
		and the vacancy shall be filled according to subsection (1) of this section.
	→ S	ection 29. Notwithstanding subsection (2)(a) of Section 2 of this Act,
men	nbers	appointed by the State Board of Elections to the county board of elections
who	se tei	rms expire on June 30, 2024, shall be reappointed by the State Board of
Elec	ctions	for a term of one year to expire on June 30, 2025. Thereafter, appointments
shal	l be n	nade every four years in accordance with subsection (2)(a) of Section 2 of this
Act.		
	→ S	ection 30. Whereas it is critically important to protect the integrity and
relia	bility	of the electoral process in order to safeguard the fundamental right to vote, and
it is	a rea	asonable legislative task to seek improvement and modernization of election
procedures without undue delay in notice to the people of the Commonwealth and its		
election officials tasked with administering the election laws within this state, ar		
emergency is declared to exist, and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by		
the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming a law.		
	men who Elected shall Act. relia it is proceed to the elected emeans and the elected emeans are also as a second content of the elected emeans are also as a s	(5) (a) (b) (b) Sometimes whose tender the second secon