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AN ACT relating to prior authorizations.

2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

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 \rightarrow Section 1. KRS 304.17A-611 is amended to read as follows:

- 4 (1) A utilization review decision shall not retrospectively deny coverage for health care
 5 services provided to a covered person when prior approval has been obtained from
 6 the insurer or its designee for those services, unless the approval was based upon
 7 fraudulent, materially inaccurate, or misrepresented information submitted by the
 8 covered person, authorized person, or the provider.
- 9 (2) An insurer shall not require or conduct a prospective or concurrent review for a
 10 prescription drug that:
- 11 (a) Is used in the treatment of opioid use disorder; and
- 12 (b) Contains Methadone, Buprenorphine, or Naltrexone.

13 → Section 2. KRS 205.536 (Effective January 1, 2019) is amended to read as
14 follows:

A Medicaid managed care organization shall have a utilization review plan, as
 defined in KRS 304.17A-600, that meets the requirements established in 42 C.F.R.
 pts. 431, 438, and 456. If the Medicaid managed care organization utilizes a private
 review agent, as defined in KRS 304.17A-600, the agent shall comply with all
 applicable requirements of KRS 304.17A-600 to 304.17A-633.

(2) In conducting utilization reviews for Medicaid benefits, each Medicaid managed
 care organization shall use the medical necessity criteria selected by the Department
 of Insurance pursuant to KRS 304.38-240, for making determinations of medical
 necessity and clinical appropriateness pursuant to the utilization review plan
 required by subsection (1) of this section.

25 (3) The Department for Medicaid Services or any managed care organization

- 26 contracted to provide Medicaid benefits pursuant to KRS Chapter 205 shall not
- 27 require or conduct a prospective or concurrent review, as defined in KRS

- 1 304.17A-600, for a prescription drug that:
- 2 (a) Is used in the treatment of opioid use disorder; and
- 3 (b) Contains Methadone, Buprenorphine, or Naltrexone.
- 4 \rightarrow Section 3. This Act takes effect January 1, 2020.