UNOFFICIAL COPY 17 RS BR 472

1	AN ACT relating to abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug products.
2	WHEREAS, some individuals have abused and misused opioid analgesics, creating
3	urgent and growing public health concerns; and
4	WHEREAS, drug overdoses are the leading cause of accidental deaths in the United
5	States, with special significance in Kentucky, with many people dying annually from
6	overdosing on prescription opioids and illicit drugs; and
7	WHEREAS, the General Assembly recognizes the need to eliminate barriers to
8	abuse-deterrent formulations as an important step in reducing abuse of opiates while
9	ensuring that these medicines remain available to those who need them for legitimate
10	medical purposes; and
11	WHEREAS, advances in pharmaceutical research and manufacturing processes
12	have created a potentially better alternative form of potentially addictive medications,
13	namely abuse-deterrent opioids containing physical or chemical barriers that prevent
14	crushing or injection or reduce tampering;
15	NOW, THEREFORE,
16	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
17	→ SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 217 IS CREATED TO
18	READ AS FOLLOWS:
19	(1) As used in this section:
20	(a) ''Abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug product'' means a brand or generic
21	opioid analgesic drug product, approved by the United States Food and
22	Drug Administration in accordance with 21 U.S.C. secs. 355 et seq., with
23	abuse-deterrence labeling claims that indicate the drug product is expected
24	to deter or reduce its abuse; and
25	(b) "Opioid analgesic drug product" means a drug product in the opioid
26	analgesic drug class prescribed to treat moderate to severe pain or other
27	conditions, whether in immediate release or extended release long-acting

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1	form, and whether or not combined with other drug substances to form a
2	single drug product or dosage form.
3	(2) Notwithstanding KRS 217.822, when a prescribing healthcare practitioner
4	determines it is in the best interest of the patient to prescribe an abuse-deterrent
5	opioid analgesic drug product, no pharmacist shall substitute or dispense an
6	equivalent opioid analgesic drug product, whether brand or generic, that does not
7	have a United States Food and Drug Administration abuse-deterrence labeling
8	claim for the prescribed abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug product without
9	documenting verbal or written signed consent from the prescribing healthcare
10	practitioner.
11	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF SUBTITLE 17A OF KRS CHAPTER 304
12	IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
13	(1) As used in this section:
14	(a) ''Abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug product'' means a brand or generic
15	opioid analgesic drug product, approved by the United States Food and
16	Drug Administration in accordance with 21 U.S.C. secs. 355 et seq., with
17	abuse-deterrence labeling claims that indicate the drug product is expected
18	to deter or reduce its abuse;
19	(b) "Cost sharing" means any coverage limit, copayment, coinsurance,
20	deductible, or other out-of-pocket expense requirements; and
21	(c) "Opioid analgesic drug product" means a drug product in the opioid
22	analgesic drug class prescribed to treat moderate to severe pain or other
23	conditions, whether in immediate release or extended release long-acting
24	form, and whether or not combined with other drug substances to form a
25	single drug product or dosage form.
26	(2) Cost sharing for brand name abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug products
27	shall not exceed the lowest cost-sharing level applied to brand name prescription

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1		drugs covered under the same health benefit plan.
2	<u>(3)</u>	Cost sharing for generic abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug products shall not
3		exceed the lowest cost-sharing level applied to generic prescription drugs covered
4		under the same health benefit plan.
5	<u>(4)</u>	A health benefit plan is encouraged to provide coverage for at least two (2) and
6		shall provide coverage for at least one (1) abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug
7		products per opioid analgesic active ingredient on its formulary.
8	<u>(5)</u>	A health benefit plan shall not require an insured or enrollee to first use a
9		nonabuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug product before providing coverage for
10		an abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug product.
11	<u>(6)</u>	A health benefit plan shall not create disincentives for prescribers or dispensers
12		to prescribe or dispense abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug products to achieve
13		compliance with this section.
14	<u>(7)</u>	Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent an insurer or health benefit
15		plan from applying utilization review requirements, including prior
16		authorization, to abuse-deterrent opioid analgesic drug products, so long as the
17		requirements are applied to all opioid analgesic drug products with the same type
18		of drug release, whether immediate or extended.
19		→ SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 205 IS CREATED TO
20	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
21	<u>The</u>	Department for Medicaid Services or a managed care organization contracted to
22	prov	ide services pursuant to this chapter may comply with Sections 1 and 2 of this Act.