1	AN ACT relating to gang violence prevention and declaring an emergency.
2	WHEREAS, it is the right of every person, regardless of race, color, creed, religion,
3	national origin, sex, age, sexual orientation, or handicap, to be secure and protected from
4	fear, intimidation, or harm, caused by the criminal activities of gangs and their members;
5	and
6	WHEREAS, in 2015, the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Gang Center
7	estimated that over 33,000 violent gangs with over 1.4 million members throughout the
8	United States have continued to "proliferate, evolve, and develop criminal tradecrafts";
9	and
10	WHEREAS, the General Assembly finds that the citizens of Kentucky face a
11	mounting crisis of gang-related violence perpetrated by gang members who threaten and
12	terrorize peaceful citizens and children; and
13	WHEREAS, the General Assembly both recognizes and defends the right of
14	Kentucky citizens to exercise the rights to freedom of speech and freedom of association
15	as protected by the First Amendment of the United States Constitution; and
16	WHEREAS, strengthening law enforcement's ability to prevent and end the
17	increasing gang-related violence in Kentucky will not infringe on the constitutional rights
18	of the citizens of Kentucky and instead will facilitate an end to the increasing gang-
19	related violence that present a clear and present danger to the Commonwealth;
20	NOW, THEREFORE,
21	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
22	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 506 IS CREATED TO
23	READ AS FOLLOWS:
24	As used in this chapter:
25	(1) "Criminal gang" means any alliance, network, conspiracy, or group that:
26	(a) Consists of three (3) or more persons who have any of the following in
27	<u>common:</u>

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1	<u>1. Name;</u>
2	2. Identifying hand signal or sign;
3	3. Colors;
4	4. Symbols;
5	5. Geographical location; or
6	6. Leader;
7	(b) Has been identified or prosecuted as a gang within the Commonwealth, or
8	another state or country; and
9	(c) Has two (2) or more members who, individually or collectively, through its
10	members or actions of its members engage in or have engaged in a pattern
11	of criminal activity.
12	"Criminal gang" does not include fraternal organizations, unions, corporations,
13	associations, or similar entities, unless organized for the primary purpose of
14	engaging in criminal activity; and
15	(2) "Pattern of criminal gang activity" means acts performed by any member or
16	members of a criminal gang for the commission, attempt, or solicitation of, or
17	conspiracy to commit:
18	(a) Two (2) or more felony offenses;
19	(b) Three (3) or more of the misdemeanor offenses enumerated in Section 5 of
20	this Act; or
21	(c) A combination of at least:
22	1. One (1) felony offense; and
23	2. One (1) of the misdemeanor offenses enumerated in Section 5 of this
24	Act;
25	on separate occasions within a five (5) year period.
26	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 506 IS CREATED TO
27	READ AS FOLLOWS:

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1	<u>(1)</u>	Any person who is age eighteen (18) or older is guilty of criminal gang
2		recruitment in the first degree if he or she:
3		(a) Solicits or entices any person under the age of fifteen (15) to join a criminal
4		gang; and
5		(b) Requires as a condition of membership the commission of a crime.
6		Criminal gang recruitment in the first degree is a Class C felony for the first
7		offense and a Class B felony for a second or subsequent offense.
8	<u>(2)</u>	Any person over the age of eighteen (18) is guilty of criminal gang recruitment in
9		the second degree if he or she entices or solicits another person to join a criminal
10		gang or intimidates or threatens another person because the other person:
11		(a) Refuses to join a criminal gang;
12		(b) Has withdrawn or is attempting to withdraw from a criminal gang; or
13		(c) Refuses to submit to a demand made by a criminal gang.
14		Criminal gang recruitment in the second degree is a Class D felony for the first
15		offense and a Class C felony for a second or subsequent offense.
16	<u>(3)</u>	A person is guilty of criminal gang recruitment in the third degree when he or
17		she intentionally encourages or solicits another person to join a criminal gang.
18		Criminal gang recruitment in the third degree is a Class A misdemeanor for the
19		first offense and a Class D felony for a second or subsequent offense.
20	<u>(4)</u>	It shall be no defense to prosecution under this section that the other person
21		never intended to or did not commit the crime.
22		→ Section 3. KRS 506.120 is amended to read as follows:
23	(1)	A person, with the purpose to establish or maintain a criminal syndicate or to
24		facilitate any of its activities, shall not do any of the following:
25		(a) Organize or participate in organizing a criminal syndicate or any of its
26		activities;
27		(b) Provide material aid to a criminal syndicate or any of its activities, whether

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1			such aid is in the form of money or other property, or credit;
2		(c)	Manage, supervise, or direct any of the activities of a criminal syndicate, at
3			any level of responsibility;
4		(d)	Knowingly furnish legal, accounting, or other managerial services to a
5			criminal syndicate;
6		(e)	Commit, or conspire or attempt to commit, or act as an accomplice in the
7			commission of, any offense of a type in which a criminal syndicate engages on
8			a continuing basis;
9		(f)	Commit, or conspire or attempt to commit or act as an accomplice in the
10			commission of, any offense of violence;
11		(g)	Commit, or conspire or attempt to commit, or act as an accomplice in the
12			commission of bribery in violation of KRS Chapters 518 or 521, or KRS
13			119.205, 121.025, 121.055, 524.070, 156.465, 45A.340, 63.090, 6.080,
14			18A.145, or 244.600;
15		(h)	Commit, or conspire or attempt to commit, or act as an accomplice in the
16			commission of more than one (1) theft of retail merchandise with the intent to
17			resell the stolen merchandise; or
18		(i)	Acquire stolen retail merchandise for the purpose of reselling it where the
19			person knew or should have known that the merchandise had been stolen.
20	(2)	Who	oever violates this section is guilty of engaging in organized crime, which shall
21		be a	Class B felony, unless the offense involves only the theft or acquisition of retail
22		merc	chandise for the purpose of reselling it, in which case it shall be a Class C
23		felo	ny.
24	(3)	As	used in this section "criminal syndicate" means three (3)[five (5)] or more
25		pers	ons, or, in cases of merchandise theft from a retail store for the purpose of
26		rese	lling the stolen merchandise, two (2) or more persons, collaborating to promote
27		or e	ngage in any of the criminal acts provided in subsection (4)(a) to (f) of this

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1		section on a continuing basis.		
2	<u>(4)</u>	As	used in this section, "criminal gang syndicate" means three (3) or more	
3	persons acting as a part of or members of a criminal gang and collaborating to			
4		proi	note or engage in any of the following on a continuing basis:	
5		(a)	Extortion or coercion in violation of KRS 514.080 or 521.020;	
6		(b)	Engaging in, promoting, or permitting prostitution or human trafficking in	
7			violation of KRS Chapter 529;	
8		(c)	Any theft offense as defined in KRS Chapter 514;	
9		(d)	Any gambling offense as defined in KRS 411.090, KRS Chapter 528, or	
10			Section 226 of the Constitution;	
11		(e)	Illegal trafficking in controlled substances as prohibited by KRS Chapter	
12			218A, in intoxicating or spirituous liquor as defined in KRS Chapters 242 or	
13			244, or in destructive devices or booby traps as defined in KRS Chapter 237;	
14			or	
15		(f)	Lending at usurious interest, and enforcing repayment by illegal means in	
16			violation of KRS Chapter 360.	
17	<u>(5)</u>	Any	person found to have been a member of a criminal gang syndicate while	
18		enge	aging in the criminal acts listed in subsection (4) of this section shall not be	
19		rele	ased on probation or parole until he or she has served at least eighty-five	
20		<u>perc</u>	ent (85%) of the sentence imposed.	
21		→S	ection 4. KRS 506.150 is amended to read as follows:	
22	(1)	То	establish the existence of a "criminal gang" [as defined in KRS 506.140], any	
23		com	petent evidence that is probative of the existence of or membership in a	
24		crim	ninal gang shall be admissible, including the following:	
25		(a)	Self-proclamation, either at the time of arrest or any time before or	
26			thereafter;	
27		(b)	A common name, insignia, flag, or means of recognition;	

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1		(c)	Common identifying hand or body signs, signals, <i>graffiti</i> , or code;
2		(d)	A common identifying mode, style, or color of dress;
3		(e)	An identifying tattoo or body marking;
4		(f)	Membership, age, or other qualifications;
5		(g)	Creed of belief;
6		(h)	An organizational or command structure, overt or covert;
7		(i)	A de facto claim of territory or jurisdiction;
8		(j)	Participation, whether present or under direction, in an initiation ritual;
9		(k)	Directing or ordering participation in an initiation ritual;
10		<u>(l)</u>	A concentration or specialty; [or]
11		<u>(m)</u> [(1)] A method of operation or criminal enterprise;
12		<u>(n)</u>	Identification as a gang member by an informant;
13		<u>(0)</u>	Identification as a criminal gang member by the alleged gang member's
14			parent or guardian;
15		<u>(p)</u>	Self-proclamation of association, whether for business or enjoyment, with
16			criminal gang members;
17		<u>(q)</u>	Identification through criminal gang publications, rosters, or bylaws;
18		<u>(r)</u>	Participation in some form of verbal or written communication indicating
19			the commission of a crime by the criminal gang;
20		<u>(s)</u>	Participation in photos or social media interaction with criminal gang
21			members; or
22		<u>(t)</u>	Having committed or planning to commit a criminal activity to target a rival
23			<u>criminal gang</u> .
24	(2)	It is	no defense to prosecution under <u>Section 2, 3, 5, or 6 of this Act</u> [KRS 506.140]
25		that:	
26		(a)	One (1) or more members of the gang are not criminally responsible for the
27			offense;

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1		(b)	One (1) or more members of the gang have been acquitted, have not been
2			prosecuted or convicted, have been convicted of a different offense, or are
3			under prosecution;
4		(c)	A person has been charged with, acquitted, or convicted of any offense under
5			<u>Section 2, 3, 5, or 6 of this Act[KRS 506.140];</u>
6		(d)	The participants may not know each other's identity;
7		(e)	The membership in the criminal gang may change from time to time; or
8		(f)	The participants may stand in a wholesaler-retailer or other arm's length
9			arrangement in the conduct of illicit distribution or other operations.
10	(3)	Onc	e the initial combination of \underline{three} (3)[five (5)] or more persons is formed, the
11		num	ber or identity of persons remaining in the gang is immaterial as long as \underline{two}
12		<u>(2)</u> [four (4)] or more persons in the gang, excluding the defendant, are involved in a
13		cont	inuing pattern of criminal <i>gang</i> activity[as defined in KRS 506.140]
14		cons	stituting a violation of <u>Section 2, 3, 5, or 6 of this Act</u> [KRS 506.140].
15		→ S	ECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 506 IS CREATED TO
16	REA	AD AS	S FOLLOWS:
17	<u>(1)</u>	Upo	n motion by the prosecuting attorney, the court shall hold a hearing without
18		<u>a ju</u>	ry to determine if a defendant convicted of any of the following offenses:
19		<u>(a)</u>	Assault in the fourth degree under KRS 508.030;
20		<u>(b)</u>	Menacing under KRS 508.050;
21		<u>(c)</u>	Wanton endangerment in the second degree under KRS 508.070;
22		<u>(d)</u>	Terroristic threatening in the third degree under KRS 508.080;
23		<u>(e)</u>	Stalking in the second degree under KRS 508.150;
24		<u>(f)</u>	Unlawful imprisonment in the second degree under KRS 509.030;
25		<u>(g)</u>	Criminal coercion under KRS 509.080;
26		<u>(h)</u>	Criminal mischief in the second degree under KRS 512.030;
27		(i)	Criminal mischief in the third degree under KRS 512.040;

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1		(j) Obstructing governmental operations under KRS 519.020;
2		(k) Resisting arrest under KRS 520.090;
3		(l) Riot in the second degree under KRS 525.030;
4		(m) Inciting to riot under KRS 525.040;
5		(n) Harassment under KRS 525.070;
6		(o) Harassing communications under KRS 525.080;
7		(p) The misdemeanor offense of carrying a concealed deadly weapon in
8		violation of KRS 527.020; or
9		(q) Possession of a handgun by a minor as a first offense under KRS 527.100;
10		is or was a member of a criminal gang, acting for the purpose of benefiting,
11		promoting, or furthering the interest of a criminal gang at the time he or she was
12		alleged to have committed the offense.
13	<u>(2)</u>	The defendant shall not be released for a minimum of seventy-six (76) to ninety
14		(90) days of the sentence imposed if the offense he or she is convicted of is
15		classified as a Class B misdemeanor, or for a minimum of three hundred eleven
16		(311) to three hundred sixty-five (365) days if the offense he or she is convicted of
17		is classified as a Class A misdemeanor if the court finds beyond a reasonable
18		doubt that the defendant was:
19		(a) A criminal gang member at the time of the commission of the offense; and
20		(b) Acting for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interest of
21		a criminal gang or any individual member of a criminal gang at the time he
22		or she committed the offense.
23		This subsection shall not apply to juveniles who have not been determined to be
24		youthful offenders pursuant to the provisions of KRS 635.020 and 640.010.
25		→SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 506 IS CREATED TO
26	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
2.7	(1)	Other provisions of law notwithstanding, any person who:

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1	(a) Is convicted of an offense classified as a felony under any provision of the
2	Kentucky Revised Statutes and for which the commission of the felony or
3	felonies could or did place a member of the public at risk of physical injury,
4	serious physical injury, or death; and
5	(b) At the time of the commission of the offense or offenses was a member of a
6	criminal gang and acting for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or
7	furthering the interests of a criminal gang or any individual member of a
8	criminal gang;
9	shall be penalized one (1) class more severely than provided in the penalty
10	provision pertaining to that felony offense, unless the reclassification would move
11	the offense to a capital offense, and shall not be released on parole until he or she
12	has served at least eighty-five percent (85%) of the sentence imposed.
13	(2) This section shall not apply to juveniles who have not been determined to be
14	youthful offenders pursuant to the provisions of KRS 635.020 and 640.010.
15	→SECTION 7. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 506 IS CREATED TO
16	READ AS FOLLOWS:
17	(1) If a person alleges that he or she was a victim of a criminal act by:
18	(a) An organization, which at the time the incident or incidents were alleged to
19	take place was a criminal gang; or
20	(b) A person, who at time the incident or incidents were alleged to take place
21	was a member of a criminal gang;
22	that person may bring a cause of action against the defendant or defendants for
23	<u>damages.</u>
24	(2) In an action brought under this section:
25	(a) If the plaintiff prevails, he or she shall be entitled to reasonable costs and
26	attorney's fees;
27	(b) Any award of nominal damages shall support an award of attorney's fees

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1		and costs to the prevailing party; and
2		(c) Punitive damages as well as compensatory damages shall be awardable.
3	<u>(3)</u>	The provisions of this section shall not be construed as repealing any provision of
4		KRS 431.080 or any other applicable statute or of any statutory or common law
5		right of action but shall be construed as ancillary and supplemental thereto.
6		→ SECTION 8. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 506 IS CREATED TO
7	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
8	<u>All p</u>	profits, proceeds, and instrumentalities forfeited by, seized from, or intended to be
9	used	by a criminal gang:
10	<u>(1)</u>	Alleged to be or suspected of having been used to facilitate the commission of a
11		crime by a criminal gang or gang member;
12	<u>(2)</u>	Used as instrumentalities of criminal gang recruitment; or
13	<u>(3)</u>	Alleged to be or suspected of being the proceeds of criminal gang activity;
14	<u>shal</u>	l be subject to forfeiture pursuant to Section 9 of this Act.
15		→ Section 9. KRS 218A.420 is amended to read as follows:
16	(1)	All property which is subject to forfeiture under this chapter or Section 8 of this Act
17		shall be disposed of in accordance with this section.
18	(2)	All controlled substances which are seized and forfeited under this chapter shall be
19		ordered destroyed by the order of the trial court unless there is a legal use for them,
20		in which case they may be sold to a proper buyer as determined by the Cabinet for
21		Health and Family Services by promulgated regulations. Property other than
22		controlled substances may be destroyed on order of the trial court.
23	(3)	When property other than controlled substances is forfeited under this chapter and
24		not retained for official use, it may be sold for its cash value. Any sale shall be a
25		public sale advertised pursuant to KRS Chapter 424.
26	(4)	Coin, currency, or the proceeds from the sale of property forfeited shall be

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distributed as follows:

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(a)	Eighty-five percent (85%) shall be paid to the law enforcement agency or
	agencies which seized the property, to be used for direct law enforcement
	purposes; and

- (b) Fifteen percent (15%) shall be paid to the Office of the Attorney General or, in the alternative, the fifteen percent (15%) shall be paid to the Prosecutors Advisory Council for deposit on behalf of the Commonwealth's attorney or county attorney who has participated in the forfeiture proceeding, as determined by the court pursuant to subsection (9) of this section. Notwithstanding KRS Chapter 48, these funds shall be exempt from any state budget reduction acts.
- The moneys identified in this subsection are intended to supplement any funds otherwise appropriated to the recipient and shall not supplant other funding of any recipient.
- (5) The Attorney General, after consultation with the Prosecutors Advisory Council, shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish the specific purposes for which these funds shall be expended.
- (6) Each state and local law enforcement agency that seizes property for the purpose of forfeiture under KRS 218A.410 shall, prior to receiving any forfeited property, adopt policies relating to the seizure, maintenance, storage, and care of property pending forfeiture which are in compliance with or substantially comply with the model policy for seizure of forfeitable assets by law enforcement agencies published by the Department of Criminal Justice Training. However, a state or local law enforcement agency may adopt policies that are more restrictive on the agency than those contained in the model policy and that fairly and uniformly implement the provisions of this chapter.
- (7) Each state or local law enforcement agency that seizes property for the purpose of forfeiture under KRS 218A.410 shall, prior to receiving forfeited property, have one

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(1) or more officers currently employed attend asset-forfeiture training approved by the Kentucky Law Enforcement Council, which shall approve a curriculum of study for asset-forfeiture training.

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- (a) Other provisions of this section notwithstanding and subject to the limitations of paragraph (b) of this subsection, any vehicle seized by a law enforcement agency which is forfeited pursuant to this chapter may be retained by the seizing agency for official use or sold within its discretion. Proceeds from the sale shall remain with the agency. The moneys shall be utilized for purposes consistent with KRS 218A.405 to 218A.460. The seizing agency shall be required to pay any bona fide perfected security interest on any vehicle so forfeited.
- (b) Any vehicle seized by a law enforcement agency which is forfeited pursuant to this chapter and which has been determined by a state or local law enforcement agency to be contaminated with methamphetamine as defined by KRS 218A.1431 shall not be used, resold, or salvaged for parts, but instead shall be destroyed or salvaged only for scrap metal. Any vehicle which is forfeited pursuant to this chapter and has only transported prepackaged materials or products, precursors, or any other materials which have not been subjected to extraction either directly or indirectly from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis extraction, shall not be deemed contaminated with methamphetamine under this section.
- (9) When money or property is seized in a joint operation involving more than one (1) law enforcement agency or prosecutorial office, the apportionment of funds to each pursuant to subsection (4) of this section shall be made among the agencies in a manner to reflect the degree of participation of each agency in the law enforcement effort resulting in the forfeiture, taking into account the total value of all property

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forfeited and the total law enforcement effort with respect to the violation of law on which the forfeiture is based. The trial court shall determine the proper division and include the determination in the final order of forfeiture.

4 → Section 10. KRS 532.080 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) When a defendant is found to be a persistent felony offender, the jury, in lieu of the sentence of imprisonment assessed under KRS 532.060 for the crime of which such person presently stands convicted, shall fix a sentence of imprisonment as authorized by subsection (5) or (6) of this section. When a defendant is charged with being a persistent felony offender, the determination of whether or not he is such an offender and the punishment to be imposed pursuant to subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall be determined in a separate proceeding from that proceeding which resulted in his last conviction. Such proceeding shall be conducted before the court sitting with the jury that found the defendant guilty of his most recent offense unless the court for good cause discharges that jury and impanels a new jury for that purpose.
- (2) A persistent felony offender in the second degree is a person who is more than twenty-one (21) years of age and who stands convicted of a felony after having been convicted of one (1) previous felony. As used in this provision, a previous felony conviction is a conviction of a felony in this state or conviction of a crime in any other jurisdiction provided:
 - (a) That a sentence to a term of imprisonment of one (1) year or more or a sentence to death was imposed therefor; and
 - (b) That the offender was over the age of eighteen (18) years at the time the offense was committed; and
- (c) That the offender:
 - 1. Completed service of the sentence imposed on the previous felony conviction within five (5) years prior to the date of commission of the

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1			felony for which he now stands convicted; or
2			2. Was on probation, parole, postincarceration supervision, conditional
3			discharge, conditional release, furlough, appeal bond, or any other form
4			of legal release from any of the previous felony convictions at the time
5			of commission of the felony for which he now stands convicted; or
6			3. Was discharged from probation, parole, postincarceration supervision,
7			conditional discharge, conditional release, or any other form of legal
8			release on any of the previous felony convictions within five (5) years
9			prior to the date of commission of the felony for which he now stands
10			convicted; or
11			4. Was in custody from the previous felony conviction at the time of
12			commission of the felony for which he now stands convicted; or
13			5. Had escaped from custody while serving any of the previous felony
14			convictions at the time of commission of the felony for which he now
15			stands convicted.
16	(3)	A pe	ersistent felony offender in the first degree is a person who is more than twenty-
17		one	(21) years of age and who stands convicted of a felony after having been
18		conv	ricted of two (2) or more felonies, or one (1) or more felony sex crimes against
19		a mi	nor as defined in KRS 17.500, and now stands convicted of any one (1) or more
20		felor	nies. As used in this provision, a previous felony conviction is a conviction of a
21		felor	ny in this state or conviction of a crime in any other jurisdiction provided:
22		(a)	That a sentence to a term of imprisonment of one (1) year or more or a
23			sentence to death was imposed therefor; and
24		(b)	That the offender was over the age of eighteen (18) years at the time the
25			offense was committed; and
26		(c)	That the offender:
27			1. Completed service of the sentence imposed on any of the previous

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1			felony convictions within five (5) years prior to the date of the
2			commission of the felony for which he now stands convicted; or
3		2.	Was on probation, parole, postincarceration supervision, conditional
4			discharge, conditional release, furlough, appeal bond, or any other form
5			of legal release from any of the previous felony convictions at the time
6			of commission of the felony for which he now stands convicted; or
7		3.	Was discharged from probation, parole, postincarceration supervision,
8			conditional discharge, conditional release, or any other form of legal
9			release on any of the previous felony convictions within five (5) years
10			prior to the date of commission of the felony for which he now stands
11			convicted; or
12		4.	Was in custody from the previous felony conviction at the time of
13			commission of the felony for which he now stands convicted; or
14		5.	Had escaped from custody while serving any of the previous felony
15			convictions at the time of commission of the felony for which he now
16			stands convicted.
17	(4)	For the pu	rpose of determining whether a person has two (2) or more previous
18		felony con	victions, two (2) or more convictions of crime for which that person
19		served con	current or uninterrupted consecutive terms of imprisonment shall be
20		deemed to	be only one (1) conviction, unless one (1) of the convictions was for an
21		offense con	nmitted while that person was imprisoned.
22	(5)	A person w	who is found to be a persistent felony offender in the second degree shall
23		be sentence	ed to an indeterminate term of imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing
24		provisions	of KRS 532.060(2) for the next highest degree than the offense for which
25		convicted.	A person who is found to be a persistent felony offender in the second
26		degree shal	l not be eligible for probation, shock probation, or conditional discharge,

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unless all offenses for which the person stands convicted are Class D felony

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offenses which do not involve a violent act against a person, in which case probation, shock probation, or conditional discharge may be granted. A violent offender who is found to be a persistent felony offender in the second degree shall not be eligible for parole except as provided in KRS 439.3401.

- (6) A person who is found to be a persistent felony offender in the first degree shall be 6 sentenced to imprisonment as follows:
 - If the offense for which he presently stands convicted is a Class A or Class B (a) felony, or if the person was previously convicted of one (1) or more sex crimes committed against a minor as defined in KRS 17.500 and presently stands convicted of a subsequent sex crime, a persistent felony offender in the first degree shall be sentenced to an indeterminate term of imprisonment, the maximum of which shall not be less than twenty (20) years nor more than fifty (50) years, or life imprisonment, or life imprisonment without parole for twenty-five (25) years for a sex crime committed against a minor;
 - If the offense for which he presently stands convicted is a Class C or Class D felony, a persistent felony offender in the first degree shall be sentenced to an indeterminate term of imprisonment, the maximum of which shall not be less than ten (10) years nor more than twenty (20) years.
 - (7)A person who is found to be a persistent felony offender in the first degree shall not be eligible for probation, shock probation, or conditional discharge, unless all offenses for which the person stands convicted are Class D felony offenses which do not involve a violent act against a person or a sex crime as that term is defined in KRS 17.500, in which case, probation, shock probation, or conditional discharge may be granted. If the offense the person presently stands convicted of is a Class A, B, or C felony, the person shall not be eligible for parole until the person has served a minimum term of incarceration of not less than ten (10) years, unless another sentencing scheme applies. A violent offender who is found to be a persistent felony

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1		offe	nder in the first degree shall not be eligible for parole except as provided in	
2		KRS	439.3401.	
3	(8)	A co	onviction, plea of guilty, or Alford plea under KRS 218A.1415 shall not trigger	
4		the	application of this section, regardless of the number or type of prior felony	
5		conv	rictions that may have been entered against the defendant. A conviction, plea of	
6		guilt	y, or Alford plea under KRS 218A.1415 may be used as a prior felony offense	
7		allov	ving this section to be applied if he or she is subsequently convicted of a	
8		different felony offense.		
9	(9)	The provisions of this section amended by 1994 Ky. Acts ch. 396, sec. 11, shall be		
10		retro	active.	
11	(10)	(a)	Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, this section shall not	
12			apply to a person convicted of a criminal offense if the penalty for that offense	
13			was increased from a misdemeanor to a felony, or from a lower felony	
14			classification to a higher felony classification, because the conviction	
15			constituted a second or subsequent violation of that offense.	
16		(b)	This subsection shall not prohibit the application of this section to a person	
17			convicted of:	
18			1. A felony offense arising out of KRS 189A.010, 189A.090, [506.140,]	
19			508.032, 508.140, or 510.015; or	
20			2. Any other felony offense if the penalty was not enhanced to a higher	
21			level because the Commonwealth elected to prosecute the person as a	
22			first-time violator of that offense.	
23		→ S	ection 11. The following KRS section is repealed:	
24	506.	140	Criminal gang recruitment Definitions for chapter.	
25		→ S	ection 12. State and local law enforcement agencies throughout Kentucky are	
26	enco	urage	d to develop a comprehensive statewide gang database to facilitate the	
27	exch	exchange of criminal gang-related information between law enforcement agencies within		

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and without the state, including information related to suspected criminal gang members,

- 2 gang-related incidents, and other facts pertinent to the lawful investigation and prevention
- 3 of gang-related violence within the state of Kentucky.
- ◆ Section 13. This Act shall be known as the Gang Violence Prevention Act.
- 5 → Section 14. Whereas criminal gangs are a pervasive and growing problem
- 6 nationwide and are an emerging crisis within the state of Kentucky, and a delay in the
- 7 implementation of this Act would severely hinder the safety of the citizens of Kentucky,
- 8 an emergency is declared to exist, and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval
- 9 by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming law.

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