19 RS BR 1096

1	AN ACT relating to homeless youth prevention and protection and making a
2	appropriation therefor.
3	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
4	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED T
5	READ AS FOLLOWS:
6	The General Assembly finds that:
7	(1) Every night thousands of homeless youth in the Commonwealth go to slee
8	without the safety, stability, and support of a family or a home. This population
9	exposed to an increased level of violence, human trafficking, and exploitation
10	resulting in a higher incidence of substance abuse, illness, and death. Th
11	prevention and reduction of youth and young adult homelessness and protectio
12	of homeless youth is of key concern to the Commonwealth. Nothing in Sections
13	to 23 of this Act shall be construed to diminish the work accomplished by the
14	implementation of KRS 194A.735, but rather, to enhance the Commonwealth
15	efforts in working with unaccompanied homeless youth and runaways, t
16	encourage family reconciliation or permanent housing, and support throug
17	dependency when family reconciliation is not a viable alternative;
18	(2) Successfully addressing youth and young adult homelessness ensures the
19	homeless youth and young adults in the Commonwealth have the support the
20	need to thrive and to avoid involvement in the criminal justice system, huma
21	trafficking, long-term and avoidable use of public benefits, and extended adu
22	homelessness;
23	(3) Providing appropriate, relevant, and readily accessible services is critical for
24	addressing one-time, episodic, or longer-term homelessness among youth an
25	young adults, and keeping homeless youth and young adults safe, housed, an
26	<u>connected to family;</u>
27	(4) The coordination of statewide programs to combat youth and young adu

1		homelessness should include programs addressing both youth and young adults.
2		However, the General Assembly acknowledges that current laws and best
3		practices mandate that youth programs and young adult programs be segregated
4		in their implementation. The legislature further finds that the differing needs of
5		these populations should be considered when assessing which programs are
6		relevant and appropriate;
7	<u>(5)</u>	To successfully reduce and prevent youth and young adult homelessness, it is the
8		goal of the General Assembly to have the following key components available and
9		accessible:
10		(a) Safe and healthy places for homeless youth to sleep each night until
11		permanency can be reached. Every homeless young adult in the
12		Commonwealth deserves access to housing that provides a safe, healthy,
13		and supported launching pad to adulthood. Every family in crisis should
14		have appropriate support as they work to keep their children housed and
15		safe. It is the goal of the General Assembly to ensure that every homeless
16		youth discharged from a public system of care in the Commonwealth will
17		not be discharged into homelessness;
18		(b) Access to services that support reunification with immediate family. When
19		reunification is not possible for homeless youth, youth should be placed in
20		the custody of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;
21		(c) Opportunities to establish positive, healthy relationships with adults,
22		including family members, employers, landlords, teachers, and community
23		members, with whom they can maintain connections and from whom they
24		can receive ongoing, long-term support to help them develop the skills and
25		experiences necessary to achieve a successful transition to adulthood;
26		(d) Opportunity and support they need to complete their high school education
27		and pursue additional education and training. It is the goal of the

1	legislature that every homeless young adult in the Commonwealth has the
2	opportunity to engage in employment training and to access employment.
3	With both education and employment support opportunities, young adults
4	will have the skills they need to become self-sufficient, self-reliant, and
5	independent; and
6	(e) Access to both behavioral health care and physical health care. Every state-
7	funded program for homeless youth and young adults shall endeavor to
8	identify, encourage, and nurture each youth's and young adult's strengths
9	and abilities and demonstrate a commitment to youth and young adult-
10	centered programming.
11	→ SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO
12	READ AS FOLLOWS:
13	Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply to Sections 1 to
14	23 of this Act:
15	(1) "Administrator" means the individual who has the daily administrative
16	responsibility of a crisis residential center;
17	(2) "Child in need of services petition" means a petition filed in juvenile court by a
18	parent, child, or the department seeking adjudication of placement of the child;
19	(3) "Child," "juvenile," "youth," and "minor" mean any unemancipated individual
20	who is twenty-six (26) years of age or younger;
21	(4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department for Community
22	Based Services;
23	(5) "Crisis residential center" means a secure or semi-secure facility;
24	(6) ''Department'' means the Department for Community Based Services;
25	(7) ''Fund'' means the ending youth homelessness grant fund;
26	(8) "Homeless" means without a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence as
27	set forth in the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. secs.

1	<u>11301 et seq.;</u>
2	(9) "Homeless housing plan" means the ten (10) year plan developed by the county
3	or other local entities to address housing for homeless persons;
4	(10) "Homeless housing program" means the program authorized under Sections 1 to
5	23 of this Act as administered by the department at the state level and by the local
6	government or its designated subcontractor at the local level;
7	(11) "Homeless housing strategic plan" means the ten (10) year plan developed by the
8	department, in consultation with the Interagency Council on Homelessness:
9	(12) "Homeless person" means an individual living outside or in a building not meant
10	for human habitation or which the person has no legal right to occupy, in an
11	emergency shelter, or on a temporary housing program which may include a
12	transitional and supportive housing program if habitation time limits exist,
13	including but not limited to substance abusers, people with mental illness, and
14	<u>sex offenders who are homeless;</u>
15	(13) "Housing continuum" means the progression of individuals along a housing-
16	focused continuum with homelessness at one end and home ownership at the
17	<u>other;</u>
18	(14) "Housing placement payments" means one (1) time payments, such as first and
19	last month's rent and move-in costs, funded by document recording surcharges
20	collected that are made to secure a unit on behalf of a tenant;
21	(15) "Housing vouchers" means payments, including private rental housing
22	payments, funded by document recording surcharges that are made by a local
23	government or contractor to secure either a rental unit on behalf of an individual
24	tenant or a block of units on behalf of multiple tenants;
25	(16) "Interested landlord list" means a list of landlords who have indicated to a local
26	government or contractor interest in renting to individuals or households
27	receiving a housing voucher funded by document recording surcharges;

1	(17)	"Kentucky youth and young adult homeless census" means an annual statewide
2		census conducted as a collaborative effort by towns, cities, counties, community-
3		based organizations, and state agencies, with the technical support and
4		coordination of the department, to count and collect data on all youth and young
5		adult homeless individuals in Kentucky;
6	<u>(18)</u>	"Kentucky homeless client management information system" means a database
7		of information about homeless individuals in the state used to coordinate
8		resources to assist homeless clients to obtain and retain housing and reach
9		greater levels of self-sufficiency or economic independence when appropriate,
10		depending upon their individual situations;
11	<u>(19)</u>	"Local government" means a county government in the Commonwealth or a city
12		government, if the legislative authority of the city affirmatively elects to accept the
13		responsibility for housing youth and young adult homeless persons within its
14		borders;
15	<u>(20)</u>	"Performance measures" means the process of comparing specific measures of
16		success against ultimate and interim goals;
17	<u>(21)</u>	"Private rental housing" means housing owned by a private landlord and does
18		not include housing owned by a nonprofit housing entity or government entity;
19	<u>(22)</u>	"Program" means the ending youth homelessness grant program;
20	<u>(23)</u>	"Runaway" means an unmarried child under the age of eighteen (18) years who
21		is absent from the home of a parent or guardian or other lawful placement
22		without the consent of the parent, guardian, or lawful custodian;
23	<u>(24)</u>	"Secure facility" means a crisis residential center, or portion thereof, that has
24		locking doors, locking windows, or a secured perimeter, designed and operated to
25		prevent a child from leaving without permission of the facility staff;
26	(25)	"Semi-secure facility" means any facility, including but not limited to crisis
27		residential centers or specialized foster family homes, operated in a manner to

1		reasonably assure that youth placed there will not run away;
2	<u>(26)</u>	"Street youth" means a person twenty-six (26) years of age or younger who lives
3		outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy by the person
4		and who is not residing with his or her parent or at his or her legally authorized
5		residence;
6	<u>(27)</u>	"Supportive services" means those interventions, services, and resources
7		necessary to assist program participants in accessing and maintaining housing
8		and economic self-sufficiency and includes but is not limited to:
9		(a) Services for families to prevent separation and support reunification where
10		safe and appropriate;
11		(b) Housing search, counseling, rental assistance, financial assistance with
12		eviction prevention, utilities, security deposit, and relocation, and other
13		housing support services;
14		(c) Employment assistance, job training, and job placement;
15		(d) Entrepreneurial assistance for starting small businesses;
16		(e) Assistance and advocacy to ensure access to federal, state, and local
17		<u>benefits;</u>
18		(f) Assistance and advocacy to ensure access to education under the
19		McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. secs. 11301 et seq.,
20		financial support for higher education under the applicable provisions of
21		the College Cost Reduction and Access Act, 20 U.S.C. sec. 10877vv(d)(1)(H)
22		and the Kentucky waiver program, KRS 164.2847, for adopted and foster
23		<u>children;</u>
24		(g) Services to prevent and treat violence and crime victimization;
25		(h) Parental educational services;
26		(i) Case management;
27		(j) Child care operations and vouchers;

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1	(k) Legal services;
2	(1) Outpatient health, behavioral health, and substance abuse treatment
3	services;
4	(m) Transportation;
5	(n) Outreach services;
6	(o) Homelessness prevention services;
7	(p) Aftercare services; and
8	(q) Other services as deemed necessary by the secretary;
9	(28) "Unaccompanied homeless youth" means an individual who is twenty-six (26)
10	years of age or younger who is not in the physical custody of a parent or
11	guardian, lacks a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence, and who:
12	(a) Lives in a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designated to
13	provide temporary living arrangements;
14	(b) Lives in a motel, hotel, or campground due to lack of alternative adequate
15	accommodations;
16	(c) Shares the housing of other individuals due to loss of housing, economic
17	<u>hardship, or similar reason;</u>
18	(d) Lives in a transitional housing program or other time-limited housing; or
19	(e) Has a primary nighttime residence which is a public or private place not
20	designed or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for
21	individuals, such as a car, a park, an abandoned building, a bus stop bench,
22	on the street, or other places not intended for human habitation;
23	(29) "Young adult" means a person between eighteen (18) and twenty-six (26) years
24	of age; and
25	(30) "Youth at risk of homelessness" means a person twenty-six (26) years of age or
26	younger whose status or circumstances indicate a significant danger of
27	experiencing homelessness in the near future such as:

1	(a) Youth exiting out-of-home placements;
2	(b) Youth who previously were homeless;
3	(c) Youth whose parents or primary caregivers are or were previously
4	homeless;
5	(d) Youth who are exposed to abuse and neglect in their homes;
6	(e) Youth who experience conflict with parents due to chemical or alcohol
7	dependency, mental health disabilities, or other disabilities; and
8	(f) Runaways.
9	→SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO
10	READ AS FOLLOWS:
11	(1) An Office of Homeless Youth Prevention and Protection is hereby created within
12	the Department for Community Based Services.
13	(2) The office shall be administered by a director appointed by the commissioner or
14	<u>his or her designee.</u>
15	(3) The office shall lead efforts under Sections 1 to 23 of this Act to coordinate a
16	spectrum of ongoing and future funding, policy, and practice efforts related to
17	homeless youth and improving the safety, health, and welfare of homeless youth
18	in the Commonwealth.
19	(4) The measurable goals of the office are to:
20	(a) Decrease the number of homeless youth and young adults in the
21	Commonwealth by identifying programs that address the initial causes of
22	homelessness; and
23	(b) Increase permanency rates among homeless youth by decreasing the length
24	and occurrences of youth homelessness caused by a youth's separation from
25	family or a legal guardian.
26	(5) The office shall:
27	(a) Gather data and outcome measures;

1	(b) Initiate data-sharing agreements;
2	(c) Develop specific recommendations and timelines to address funding, policy,
3	and practice gaps within the state system for addressing the five (5) priority
4	service areas identified in Section 1 of this Act;
5	(d) Make reports;
6	(e) Increase system integration and coordinate efforts to prevent state systems
7	from discharging youth and young adults into homelessness;
8	(f) Develop measures to include, by county and statewide, the number of
9	homeless youth, dependency status, family reunification status, housing
10	status, program participation, and runaway status; and
11	(g) Develop a comprehensive plan to encourage identification of youth
12	experiencing homelessness, promote family stability, and eliminate youth
13	and young adult homelessness.
14	(6) The Office of Homeless Youth Prevention and Protection shall be operational no
15	later than January 1, 2020.
16	→ SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO
17	READ AS FOLLOWS:
18	(1) There is hereby established a Homeless Youth Prevention and Protection
19	Advisory Council to consist of twelve (12) members appointed as follows:
20	(a) Advocates;
21	(b) Two (2) legislators appointed under subsection (4) of this section;
22	(c) At least two (2) parent advocates;
23	(d) At least one (1) representative from law enforcement;
24	(e) Service providers; and
25	(f) Other stakeholders knowledgeable in the provision of services to homeless
26	youth and young adults, including the prevention of youth and young adult
27	homelessness, the dependency system, and family reunification.

1	<u>(2)</u>	The advisory council shall meet at least four (4) times annually and shall provide
2		guidance and recommendations to the Office of Homeless Youth Prevention and
3		Protection regarding funding, policy, and practice gaps within and among state
4		programs.
5	<u>(3)</u>	The advisory council shall be staffed by the department.
6	<u>(4)</u>	The members of the advisory council shall be appointed by the Governor, except
7		that under subsection (1)(b) of this section, the Speaker of the House of
8		Representatives shall appoint one (1) member and the President of the Senate
9		shall appoint one (1) member.
10	<u>(5)</u>	The advisory council shall have its initial meeting no later than July 1, 2019.
11		→SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO
12	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
13	<u>(1)</u>	The Office of Homeless Youth Prevention and Protection shall identify data and
14		outcome measures from which to evaluate future public investment in homeless
15		youth services.
16	<u>(2)</u>	By December 1, 2020, the office shall submit a report to the Governor and the
17		General Assembly to inform recommendations for funding, policy, and best
18		practices in the five (5) priority service areas identified in Section 1 of this Act
19		and present recommendations to address funding, policy, and practice gaps in the
20		<u>state system.</u>
21	<u>(3)</u>	Recommendations shall include but are not limited to:
22		(a) Strategies to enhance coordination between providers of youth
23		homelessness programs and the child welfare system; and
24		(b) Strategies for communities to identify homeless youth and ensure their
25		protection and referral to appropriate services, including family
26		reconciliation and transition to dependent status for minors.
27		→SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO

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1 READ AS FOLLOWS:

2	<u>(1)</u>	(a) The Office of Homeless Youth Prevention and Protection shall report to the
3		commissioner of the Department for Community Based Services or the
4		commissioner's designee.
5		(b) 1. The office may distribute grants to providers who serve homeless
6		youth and young adults throughout the Commonwealth.
7		2. The grants shall fund services in the priority service areas identified in
8		Section 1 of this Act.
9		3. The grants shall be expended on a statewide basis and may be used to
10		support direct services, housing, education, and training, as well as
11		technical assistance, evaluation, and capacity building.
12	<u>(2)</u>	The office shall develop and provide management and oversight of the following
13		services programs:
14		(a) Youth shelters;
15		(b) Crisis residential centers;
16		(c) Street youth services and outreach;
17		(d) Independent youth housing programs;
18		(e) Drop-in centers;
19		(f) Residential treatment;
20		(g) Juvenile rehabilitation;
21		(h) Health care access for unaccompanied youth and young adults;
22		(i) Youth in need of supervision;
23		(j) Status offenses;
24		(k) Emancipation;
25		(1) Rights of youth to enter into contracts;
26		(m) Consent and confidentiality statutes;
27		(n) Discharge from the juvenile justice system;

1	(o) Interstate Compact for Juveniles;
2	(p) Federal benefits;
3	(q) Rights of unaccompanied youth and young adults to public education; and
4	(r) Harboring unaccompanied youth.
5	→ SECTION 7. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO
6	READ AS FOLLOWS:
7	(1) The Office of Homeless Youth Prevention and Protection shall establish a
8	statewide training program for homeless youth for criminal justice personnel.
9	The training shall include identifying homeless youth, existing laws governing
10	the intersection of law enforcement and homeless youth, and best practices for
11	approaching and engaging homeless youth in appropriate services, including
12	trauma informed care, implicit bias, youth choice, positive youth development
13	and other nationally recognized best practices.
14	(2) The training shall be provided where possible by an entity that has experience in
15	developing coalitions, training, programs, and policy on homeless youth in the
16	Commonwealth.
17	→SECTION 8. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO
18	READ AS FOLLOWS:
19	(1) (a) The administrator of a crisis residential center may convene a
20	multidisciplinary team, which is to be locally based and administered, at the
21	request of a child placed at a center or the child's parent.
22	(b) If the administrator has reasonable cause to believe that a child is a child in
23	need of services and the parent is unavailable or unwilling to continue
24	efforts to maintain the family structure, the administrator shall immediately
25	<u>convene a multidisciplinary team.</u>
26	(c) A parent may disband a team twenty-four (24) hours, excluding weekends
27	and holidays, after receiving notice of formation of the team under

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1		paragraph (b) of this subsection unless a petition has been filed. If a
2		petition has been filed, the parent may not disband the team until a hearing
3		is held. The court may allow the team to continue if an out-of-home
4		placement is ordered. Upon the filing of an at-risk youth or dependency
5		petition the team shall cease to exist, unless the parent requests
6		continuation of the team or unless the out-of-home placement was ordered.
7	<u>(2)</u>	The administrator shall request participation of appropriate state agencies to
8		assist in the coordination and delivery of services through the multidisciplinary
9		teams. Those agencies that agree to participate shall provide the secretary all
10		information necessary to facilitate forming a multidisciplinary team and the
11		administrator shall provide this information to the administrator of each crisis
12		residential center. The administrator shall also seek participation from
13		representatives of mental health and drug and alcohol treatment providers as
14		appropriate.
15	<u>(3)</u>	A parent shall be advised of the request to form a multidisciplinary team and may
16		select additional members of the multidisciplinary team. The parent or child may
17		request any person or persons to participate, including but not limited to
18		educators, law enforcement personnel, court personnel, family therapists,
19		licensed health care practitioners, social services providers, youth residential
20		placement providers, other family members, church representatives, and
21		members of their own community . The administrator shall assist in obtaining the
22		prompt participation of persons requested by the parent or child.
23	<u>(4)</u>	When an administrator of a crisis residential center requests the formation of a
24		team, the state agencies shall respond as soon as possible.
25		→SECTION 9. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED TO
26	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
27	<u>(1)</u>	The purpose of the multidisciplinary team is to assist in a coordinated referral of

1		the family to available social and health-related services.
2	<u>(2)</u>	The team shall have the authority to evaluate the juvenile and family members, if
3		appropriate and agreed to by the parent, and shall:
4		(a) With parental input, develop a plan of appropriate available services and
5		assist the family in obtaining those services;
6		(b) Make a referral to the designated chemical dependency specialist or the
7		county designated mental health professional, if appropriate;
8		(c) Recommend no further intervention because the juvenile and his or her
9		family have resolved the problem causing the family conflict; or
10		(d) With the parent's consent, work with them to achieve reconciliation of the
11		juvenile and family.
12	<u>(3)</u>	At the first meeting of the multidisciplinary team, a member shall be chosen to
13		coordinate the team's efforts. The parent member of the multidisciplinary team
14		shall agree with the choice of coordinator. The team shall meet or communicate
15		as often as necessary to assist the family.
16	<u>(4)</u>	The coordinator of the multidisciplinary team may assist in filing a child in need
17		of services petition when requested by the parent or child or an at-risk youth
18		petition when requested by the parent. The multidisciplinary team shall have no
19		standing as a party in any action under Section 1 to 23 of this Act.
20	<u>(5)</u>	If the administrator is unable to contact the child's parent, the multidisciplinary
21		team may be used for assistance. If the parent has not been contacted within five
22		(5) days, the administrator shall contact the department and request that the case
23		<u>be reviewed for a dependency filing.</u>
24		→SECTION 10. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
25	TO	READ AS FOLLOWS:
26	<u>(1)</u>	A law enforcement officer shall take a child into custody:
27		(a) If a law enforcement agency has been notified by the parent of the child

1	that the child is absent from parental custody without consent;
2	(b) If a law enforcement officer reasonably believes, considering the child's
3	age, the location, and the time of day, that a child is in circumstances which
4	constitute a danger to the child's safety or that a child is violating a local
5	<u>curfew ordinance;</u>
6	(c) If an agency legally charged with the supervision of a child has notified a
7	law enforcement agency that the child has run away from placement; or
8	(d) If a law enforcement agency has been notified by the juvenile court that the
9	court finds probable cause exists to believe that the child has violated a
10	court placement order or that the court has issued an order for law
11	enforcement to pick up the child.
12	(2) Law enforcement custody shall not extend beyond the amount of time reasonably
13	necessary to transport the child to a destination authorized by law and to place
14	the child at the destination. Law enforcement custody continues until the law
15	enforcement officer transfers custody to a person, agency, or other authorized
16	entity under this section, or releases the child because no placement is available.
17	Transfer of custody is not complete unless the person, agency, or entity to whom
18	the child is released agrees to accept custody.
19	(3) If a law enforcement officer takes a child into custody pursuant to either
20	subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this section and transports the child to a crisis
21	residential center, the officer shall, within twenty-four (24) hours of delivering
22	the child to the center, provide to the center a written report detailing the reasons
23	the officer took the child into custody. The center shall provide the department
24	with a copy of the officer's report.
25	(4) If the law enforcement officer who initially takes the juvenile into custody or the
26	staff of the crisis residential center has reasonable cause to believe that the child
27	is absent from home because he or she is abused or neglected, a report shall be

1		made immediately to the department.
2	<u>(5)</u>	Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of any political subdivision to
3		make regulations concerning the conduct of minors in public places by ordinance
4		or other local law.
5	<u>(6)</u>	If a law enforcement officer has a reasonable suspicion that a child is being
6		unlawfully harbored, the officer shall remove the child from the custody of the
7		person suspected of harboring the child and shall transport the child to a
8		designated crisis residential center.
9	<u>(7)</u>	An officer taking a child into custody shall inform the child of the reason for
10		custody. An officer taking a child into custody shall release the child to the
11		supervising agency, or shall take the child to a designated crisis residential
12		center's secure facility. If the secure facility is not available, not located within a
13		reasonable distance, or full, the officer shall take the child to a semi-secure crisis
14		residential center. An officer taking a child into custody may place the child in a
15		juvenile detention facility as provided or a secure facility, except that the child
16		shall be taken to detention whenever the officer has been notified that a juvenile
17		court has entered a detention order under this section. No child may be placed in
18		a secure facility except as provided in this section.
19	<u>(8)</u>	An officer may also have the following options in taking a child into custody:
20		(a) Transport the child to his or her home or to a parent at his or her place of
21		employment, if no parent is at home. The parent may request that the
22		officer take the child to the home of an adult extended family member,
23		responsible adult, crisis residential center, the Department for Community
24		Based Services, or a licensed youth shelter. In responding to the request of
25		the parent, the officer shall take the child to a requested place which, in the
26		officer's belief, is within a reasonable distance of the parent's home. The
27		officer releasing a child into the custody of a parent, an adult extended

1		family member, responsible adult, or a licensed youth shelter shall inform
2		the person receiving the child of the reason for taking the child into custody
3		and inform all parties of the nature and location of appropriate services
4		available in the community;
5	<u>(b)</u>	After attempting to notify the parent, take the child to a designated crisis
6		residential center's secure facility or a center's semi-secure facility if a
7		secure facility is full, not available, or not located within a reasonable
8		<u>distance if:</u>
9		<u>1. The child expresses fear or distress at the prospect of being returned to</u>
10		his or her home which leads the officer to believe there is a possibility
11		that the child is experiencing some type of abuse or neglect;
12		2. It is not practical to transport the child to his or her home or place of
13		the parent's employment; or
14		3. There is no parent available to accept custody of the child; or
15	<u>(c)</u>	After attempting to notify the parent, if a crisis residential center is full, not
16		available, or not located within a reasonable distance, request the
17		Department for Community Based Services to accept custody of the child. If
18		the department determines that an appropriate placement is currently
19		available, the department shall accept custody and place the child in an out-
20		of-home placement. Upon accepting custody of a child from the officer, the
21		department may place the child in an out-of-home placement for up to
22		seventy-two (72) hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays,
23		without filing a child in need of services petition, obtaining parental
24		consent, or obtaining an order for placement. Upon transferring a child to
25		the department's custody, the officer shall provide written documentation of
26		the reasons and the statutory basis for taking the child into custody. If the
27		department declines to accept custody of the child, the officer may release

1		the child after attempting to take the child to the following, in the order
2		<u>listed:</u>
3		1. The home of an adult extended family member;
4		2. A responsible adult; and
5		3. A licensed youth shelter.
6	<u>(9)</u>	The officer shall immediately notify the department if no placement option is
7		available and the child is released.
8		→SECTION 11. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
9	TO	READ AS FOLLOWS:
10	<u>(1)</u>	An officer taking a child into custody shall inform the child of the reason for
11		custody. An officer taking a child into custody may release the child to the
12		supervising agency, or shall take the child to a designated crisis residential
13		center's secure facility. If the secure facility is not available, not located within a
14		reasonable distance, or full, the officer shall take the child to a semi-secure crisis
15		residential center. An officer taking a child into custody may place the child in a
16		juvenile detention facility or a secure facility, except that the child shall be taken
17		to detention whenever the officer has been notified that a juvenile court has
18		entered a detention order under Section 10 of this Act.
19	(2)	Every officer taking a child into custody shall provide the child and his or her
20		parent or parents or responsible adult with a copy of the statement specifying the
21		<u>order.</u>
22	<u>(3)</u>	Whenever an officer transfers custody of a child to a crisis residential center or
23		the Department for Community Based Services, the child may reside in the crisis
24		residential center or may be placed by the department in an out-of-home
25		placement for an aggregate total period of time not to exceed seventy-two (72)
26		hours excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. Thereafter, the child may
27		continue in out-of-home placement only if the parents have consented, a child in

1		need of services petition has been filed, or an order for placement has been
2		entered.
3	<u>(4)</u>	The department shall ensure that all law enforcement authorities are informed
4		on a regular basis as to the location of all designated secure and semi-secure
5		facilities within centers in their jurisdiction, where children taken into custody
6		may be taken.
7	<u>(5)</u>	The court shall hold a detention review hearing within twenty-four (24) hours,
8		excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The court shall release the child
9		after twenty-four (24) hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, unless:
10		(a) A motion and order to show why the child should not be held in contempt
11		has been filed and served on the child at or before the detention hearing;
12		and
13		(b) The court believes that the child would not appear at a hearing on
14		<u>contempt.</u>
15	<u>(6)</u>	If the court orders the child to remain in detention, the court shall set the matter
16		for a hearing on contempt within seventy-two (72) hours excluding Saturdays,
17		Sundays, and holidays.
18		→SECTION 12. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
19	TO R	EAD AS FOLLOWS:
20	<u>(1)</u>	The administrator of a designated crisis residential center shall perform the
21		duties under this section:
22		(a) Upon admitting a child who has been brought to the center by a law
23		<u>enforcement officer;</u>
24		(b) Upon admitting a child who has run away from home or has requested
25		admittance to the center;
26		(c) Upon learning from a person that the person is providing shelter to a child
27		absent from home; or

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1		(d) Upon learning that a child has been placed with a responsible adult.
2	(2)	Transportation expenses of the child shall be at the parent's expense to the extent
3		of his or her ability to pay, with any unmet transportation expenses assumed by
4		the crisis residential center.
5	<u>(3)</u>	When any of the circumstances under this section are present, the administrator
6		of a center shall perform the following duties:
7		(a) Immediately notify the child's parent of the child's whereabouts, physical
8		and emotional condition, and the circumstances surrounding his or her
9		<u>placement;</u>
10		(b) Initially notify the parent that it is the paramount concern of the family
11		reconciliation service personnel to achieve a reconciliation between the
12		parent and child to reunify the family and inform the parent as to the
13		procedures to be followed under Sections 1 to 23 of this Act; and
14		(c) Inform the parent whether a referral to child protective services has been
15		made and, if so, inform the parent of the standards governing child abuse
16		and neglect in the Commonwealth and either:
17		<u>1.</u> Arrange transportation for the child to the residence of the parent, as
18		soon as practicable, when the child and his or her parent agrees to the
19		child's return home or when the parent produces a copy of a court
20		order entered under Sections 1 to 23 of this Act requiring the child to
21		reside in the parent's home; or
22		2. Arrange transportation for the child to:
23		a. An out-of-home placement which may include a licensed group
24		care facility or foster family when agreed to by the child and
25		parent; or
26		b. A certified or licensed mental health or chemical dependency
27		program of the parent's choice.

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1	(4) If the administrator of the crisis residential center performs the duties listed in
2	this section, he or she shall also notify the department that a child has been
3	admitted to the crisis residential center.
4	(5) The administrator of a crisis residential center shall notify parents, the
5	appropriate law enforcement agency, and the Department for Community Based
6	Services immediately as to any unauthorized leave from the center by a child
7	placed at the center.
8	→SECTION 13. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
9	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
10	(1) A child admitted to a secure facility located in a juvenile detention center shall
11	remain in the facility for at least twenty-four (24) hours after admission but for
12	not more than five (5) consecutive days. A child admitted to a secure facility not
13	located in a juvenile detention center or a semi-secure facility may remain in the
14	facility for not more than fifteen (15) consecutive days. If a child is transferred
15	between a secure and semi-secure facility, the aggregate length of time a child
16	may remain in both facilities shall not exceed fifteen (15) consecutive days per
17	admission, and in no event may a child's stay in a secure facility located in a
18	juvenile detention center exceed five (5) days per admission.
19	(2) (a) 1. The facility administrator shall determine within twenty-four (24)
20	hours after a child's admission to a secure facility whether the child is
21	likely to remain in a semi-secure facility and may transfer the child to
22	a semi-secure facility or release the child to the department. The
23	determination shall be based on:
24	a. The need for continued assessment, protection, and treatment of
25	the child in a secure facility; and
26	b. The likelihood the child would remain at a semi-secure facility
27	until his or her parents can take the child home or a petition can

1	be filed under Section 9 of this Act.
2	2. In making the determination the administrator shall consider the
3	following information if known:
4	a. The child's age and maturity level;
5	b. The child's condition upon arrival at the center;
6	c. The circumstances that led to the child's being taken to the
7	<u>center;</u>
8	d. Whether the child's behavior endangers the health, safety, or
9	welfare of the child or any other person;
10	e. The child's history of running away; and
11	<u>f.</u> The child's willingness to cooperate in the assessment.
12	(b) If the administrator of a secure facility determines the child is unlikely to
13	remain in a semi-secure facility, the administrator shall keep the child in
14	the secure facility and in order to provide for space for the child may
15	transfer another child who has been in the facility for at least seventy-two
16	(72) hours to a semi-secure facility. The administrator shall only make a
17	transfer of a child after determining that the child who may be transferred
18	is likely to remain at the semi-secure facility.
19	(c) A crisis residential center administrator is authorized to transfer a child to a
20	crisis residential center in the area where the child's parents reside or where
21	the child's lawfully prescribed residence is located.
22	(d) An administrator may transfer a child from a semi-secure facility to a
23	secure facility whenever he or she reasonably believes that the child is likely
24	to leave the semi-secure facility and not return and after full consideration
25	of all factors.
26	(3) If no parent is available or willing to remove the child during the first seventy-two
27	(72) hours following admission, the department for shall consider the filing of a

1		petition under Section 9 of this Act.
2	<u>(4)</u>	The parents may remove the child at any time unless the staff of the crisis
3		residential center has reasonable cause to believe that the child is absent from the
4		home because he or she is abused or neglected or if allegations of abuse or
5		neglect have been made against the parents. The department or any agency
6		legally charged with the supervision of a child may remove a child from a crisis
7		residential center at any time after the first twenty-four (24) hour period after
8		admission has lapsed and only after full consideration by all parties of the factors
9		<u>involved.</u>
10	<u>(5)</u>	Crisis residential center staff shall make reasonable efforts to protect the child
11		and facilitate a reconciliation of the family. If a reconciliation and voluntary
12		return of the child has not occurred within forty-eight (48) hours from the time of
13		admission, and if the administrator of the center does not consider it likely that
14		reconciliation will occur within five (5) days of the child's admission to the
15		center, then the administrator shall inform the parent and child of:
16		(a) The availability of counseling services;
17		(b) The right to file a child in need of services petition for an out-of-home
18		placement, the right of a parent to file an at-risk youth petition, and the
19		right of the parent and child to obtain assistance in filing the petition;
20		(c) The right to request the facility administrator or his or her designee to form
21		<u>a multidisciplinary team;</u>
22		(d) The right to request a review of any out-of-home placement;
23		(e) The right to request a mental health or chemical dependency evaluation by
24		a county-designated professional or a private treatment facility; and
25		(f) The right to request treatment in a program to address the child's at-risk
26		behaviors.
27	<u>(6)</u>	At no time shall information regarding a parent's or child's rights be withheld.

1		The department shall develop and distribute to all law enforcement agencies and
2		to each crisis residential center administrator a written statement delineating the
3		services and rights. The administrator of the facility or his or her designee shall
4		provide every resident and parent with a copy of the statement.
5	<u>(7)</u>	A crisis residential center and any person employed at the center acting in good
6		faith in carrying out the provisions of this section are immune from criminal or
7		civil liability for such actions.
8		→SECTION 14. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
9	TO	READ AS FOLLOWS:
10	<u>(1)</u>	The department shall establish, through performance-based contracts with
11		private or public vendors, regional crisis residential centers with semi-secure
12		facilities. These facilities shall be structured group care facilities licensed under
13		administrative regulations adopted by the department and shall have an average
14		of at least four (4) adult staff members and in no event less than three (3) adult
15		staff members to every eight (8) children.
16	<u>(2)</u>	Crisis residential centers shall record client information into a homeless
17		management information system specified by the department.
18	<u>(3)</u>	Within available funds appropriated for this purpose, the department shall
19		establish, through performance-based contracts with private or public vendors,
20		regional crisis residential centers with secure facilities. These facilities shall be
21		facilities licensed under rules adopted by the department. These centers may also
22		include semi-secure facilities and to that extent shall be subject to subsection (1)
23		of this section.
24	<u>(4)</u>	The department shall, in addition to the facilities established under subsections
25		(1) and (2) of this section, establish additional crisis residential centers pursuant
26		to performance-based contracts with licensed private group care facilities.
27	<u>(5)</u>	The department is authorized to allow contracting entities to include a

1		combination of secure or semi-secure crisis residential centers in the same
2		building or structure. The department shall permit the colocation of these
3		concerns only if the entity operating the facility agrees to designate a particular
4		number of beds to each type of center that is located within the building or
5		structure.
6	<u>(6)</u>	The staff at the facilities established under this section shall be trained so that
7		they may effectively counsel juveniles admitted to the centers and provide
8		treatment, supervision, and structure to the juveniles that recognize the need for
9		support and the varying circumstances that cause children to leave their families.
10	<u>(7)</u>	The secure facilities located within crisis residential centers shall be operated to
11		conform to all applicable state and federal laws. The facilities shall have an
12		average of no less than one (1) adult staff member to every ten (10) children. The
13		staffing ratio shall ensure the safety of the children.
14	<u>(8)</u>	If a secure crisis residential center is located in or adjacent to a secure juvenile
15		detention facility, the center shall be operated in a manner that prevents in-
16		person contact between the residents of the center and the persons held in the
17		facility.
18		→SECTION 15. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
19	TO	READ AS FOLLOWS:
20	<u>(1)</u>	If a resident of a crisis residential center becomes disruptive to the facility's
21		program the resident may be immediately removed to a separate area within the
22		facility and counseled on an individual basis until the resident regains his or her
23		composure. The department may promulgate administrative regulations
24		establishing additional procedures for dealing with severely disruptive children
25		on the premises.
26	(2)	When the juvenile resides in this facility, all services deemed necessary to the
27		juvenile's reentry to normal family life shall be made available to the juvenile as

1		required by law. In assessing the child and providing these services, the facility
2		staff shall:
3		(a) Interview the juvenile as soon as possible;
4		(b) Contact the juvenile's parents and arrange for a counseling interview with
5		the juvenile and his or her parents as soon as possible;
6		(c) Conduct counseling interviews with the juvenile and his or her parents, to
7		the end that resolution of the child and parent conflict is attained and the
8		child is returned home as soon as possible;
9		(d) Provide additional crisis counseling as needed, to the end that placement of
10		the child in the crisis residential center will be required for the shortest time
11		possible, but not to exceed fifteen (15) consecutive days; and
12		(e) Convene, when appropriate, a multidisciplinary team.
13	<u>(3)</u>	Based on the assessments conducted under subsection (2) of this section the
14		center staff may refer any child who, as the result of a mental or emotional
15		disorder, or intoxication by alcohol or other drugs, is suicidal, seriously
16		assaultive, or seriously destructive toward others, or otherwise similarly evidences
17		an immediate need for emergency medical evaluation and possible care, for
18		evaluation to a mental health professional, or to a chemical dependency specialist
19		whenever this action is deemed appropriate and consistent with state law.
20	<u>(4)</u>	A juvenile taking unauthorized leave from a facility shall be apprehended and
21		returned to the facility by law enforcement officers or other persons designated as
22		having such authority. If returned to the facility after having taken unauthorized
23		leave for a period of more than twenty-four (24) hours, a juvenile shall be
24		supervised by the facility for a period, pursuant to Section 13 of this Act, which,
25		unless otherwise provided, may not exceed fifteen (15) consecutive days. Costs of
26		housing juveniles admitted to crisis residential centers shall be assumed by the
27		department for a period not to exceed fifteen (15) consecutive days.

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1	→SECTION 16. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
2	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
3	(1) A child taken into custody and taken to a crisis residential center may, if the
4	center is unable to provide appropriate treatment, supervision, and structure to
5	the child, be taken at department expense to another crisis residential center, the
6	nearest regional secure crisis residential center, or a secure facility with which it
7	is colocated. Placement in both locations shall not exceed fifteen (15) consecutive
8	days from the point of intake.
9	(2) A child taken into custody and taken to a crisis residential center established by
10	Section 6 of this Act may be placed physically by the department's designee and,
11	at the department's expense and approval, in a secure juvenile detention facility
12	operated by the county in which the center is located for a maximum of forty-
13	eight (48) hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, if the child has
14	taken unauthorized leave from the center and the person in charge of the center
15	determines that the center cannot provide supervision and structure adequate to
16	ensure that the child will not again take unauthorized leave. Juveniles placed in
17	such a facility pursuant to this section may not, to the extent possible, come in
18	contact with alleged or convicted juvenile or adult offenders.
19	(3) Any child placed in secure detention pursuant to this section shall, during the
20	period of confinement, be provided with appropriate treatment by the Department
21	for Community Based Services which shall include the services defined in this
22	section. If the child placed in secure detention is not returned home or if an
23	alternative living arrangement agreeable to the parent and the child is not made
24	within twenty-four (24) hours after the child's admission, the child shall be taken
25	at the department's expense to a crisis residential center. Placement in the crisis
26	residential center or centers plus placement in juvenile detention shall not exceed
27	five (5) consecutive days from the point of intake.

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1	(4) Juvenile detention facilities shall be certified by the department to ensure that
2	juveniles placed in the facility are provided with living conditions suitable to the
3	well-being of the child. Where space is available, and when certified by the
4	department to do so, juvenile courts shall provide secure placement for juveniles
5	pursuant to this section at department expense.
6	→SECTION 17. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
7	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
8	(1) (a) There is hereby created an ending youth homelessness grant program.
9	(b) The purpose of the program shall be to:
10	1. Prevent and end youth homelessness in the Commonwealth; and
11	2. Address related disparities based on race, ethnicity, sexual orientation,
12	and gender identity.
13	(2) The department shall:
14	(a) Administer the program;
15	(b) Establish application procedures; and
16	(c) Establish any other procedures or criteria necessary to carry out the
17	provisions of this section.
18	(3) (a) The program shall be a competitive, performance-based grant program to
19	provide funds for housing and supportive services for unaccompanied
20	homeless youth and youth at risk of homelessness.
21	(b) The program may provide grants only to programs that provide services that
22	are voluntary and individualized.
23	(c) Recipients of grants from the program may provide supportive services
24	directly, or may provide services through sub-recipients or partners.
25	(d) Recipients of grants from the program shall conduct an annual assessment
26	of program participants and update and adjust the services offered
27	accordingly.

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1	(e) Grants appropriated from the program shall be allocated based on an
2	assessment of the gaps in existing resources, with a primary focus on
3	ensuring access to permanent affordable housing.
4	→SECTION 18. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
5	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
6	(1) There is hereby created in the custody of the State Treasurer a separate trust fund
7	to be known as the ending youth homelessness grant fund. Revenues to the grant
8	shall consist of appropriations by the General Assembly, private contributions,
9	and other moneys made available for purposes of the fund.
10	(2) The purpose of the fund is to provide funds to the program.
11	(3) The Department for Community Based Services shall administer the fund.
12	(4) Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, fund amounts not expended at the close of a fiscal
13	year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year.
14	(5) The fund may be used only for grants made by the Department for Community
15	Based Services for the program.
16	(6) Moneys in the fund are appropriated for the purposes set forth in this section and
17	shall not be appropriated or transferred by the General Assembly for any other
18	purpose.
19	(7) (a) The State Treasurer shall invest the money of the fund in the same manner
20	as other state money may be invested.
21	(b) Any interest earnings of the fund shall be credited to the fund and shall not
22	<u>lapse.</u>
23	→SECTION 19. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
24	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
25	(1) The department shall establish a process for awarding grants from the ending
26	youth homelessness grant fund that is inclusive of currently and formerly
27	homeless youth and young adults from diverse geographic regions within the

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1	<u>Commonwealth.</u>
2	(2) The grant-making process shall:
3	(a) Ensure that youth and young adults are involved in the planning and
4	evaluation activities, including by providing opportunities for youth to
5	participate in decision making;
6	(b) Adequately support youth and young adult participation in the grant-
7	making process; and
8	(c) To the extent practical, support youth and young adult participation in the
9	grant-making process through stipends and reasonable reimbursement for
10	<u>expenses.</u>
11	(3) The department shall engage current or former homeless youth and young adults
12	and representatives of service provider or advocacy organizations that address
13	youth and young adult homelessness in the development of requests or proposals
14	or other grant application materials as may be required.
15	→SECTION 20. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
16	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
17	(1) Youth drop-in centers shall provide walk-in access to crisis intervention and
18	ongoing supportive services including one-to-one case management services on a
19	self-referral basis. Street and community outreach programs shall locate, contact,
20	and provide information, referrals, and services to homeless youth, youth at risk
21	of homelessness, and runaways. Information, referrals, and services provided
22	may include, but are not limited to:
23	(a) Family reunification services;
24	(b) Conflict resolution or mediation counseling:
25	(c) Assistance in obtaining temporary emergency shelter;
26	(d) Counseling regarding violence, sexual exploitation, substance abuse,
27	sexually transmitted diseases, and pregnancy;

1	(e) Referrals to other agencies that provide support services to homeless youth,
2	youth at risk of homelessness, and runaways;
3	(f) Assistance with education, employment, and independent living skills;
4	(g) Aftercare services;
5	(h) Specialized services for highly vulnerable runaways and homeless youth,
6	including teen parents, emotionally disturbed and mentally ill youth, and
7	sexually exploited youth; and
8	(i) Homelessness prevention.
9	→SECTION 21. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
10	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
11	(1) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall develop emergency shelter
12	programs which shall provide homeless youth and runaways with referral and
13	walk-in access to emergency, short-term residential care. The program shall
14	provide homeless youth and runaways with safe, dignified shelter, including
15	private shower facilities, beds, and at least one (1) meal each day; and shall assist
16	runaway and homeless youth with reunification with the family or legal guardian
17	when required or appropriate.
18	(2) The services provided at emergency shelters may include but are not limited to:
19	(a) Family reunification services;
20	(b) Individual, family, and group counseling;
21	(c) Assistance obtaining clothing;
22	(d) Access to medical and dental care and mental health counseling;
23	(e) Education and employment services;
24	(f) Recreational activities;
25	(g) Advocacy and referral services;
26	(h) Independent living skills training;
27	(i) Aftercare and follow-up services;

1		(j) Transportation; and
2		(k) Homelessness prevention.
3	<u>(3)</u>	The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall develop transitional living
4		programs that help homeless youth and young adults at risk of homelessness to
5		find and maintain safe and dignified housing. The program may also provide
6		rental assistance and related supportive services, or refer youth to other
7		organizations or agencies that provide such services. Services provided may
8		include, but are not limited to:
9		(a) Educational assessment and referrals to educational programs;
10		(b) Career planning, employment, work skill training, and independent living
11		skills training;
12		(c) Childcare;
13		(d) Transportation assistance and services;
14		(e) Job placement;
15		(f) Budgeting and money management;
16		(g) Assistance in securing housing appropriate to needs and income;
17		(h) Counseling regarding violence, sexual exploitation, substance abuse,
18		sexually transmitted diseases, and pregnancy;
19		(i) Referral for medical services or chemical dependency treatment;
20		(j) Parenting skills;
21		(k) Self-sufficiency support services or life skill training;
22		(1) Aftercare and follow-up services;
23		(m) Homelessness prevention;
24		(n) Meal plans;
25		(o) Clothes closet;
26		(p) Entrepreneurial training and supports;
27		(q) Referrals to employment and apprenticeship services and direct employment

1	<u>support;</u>
2	(r) Health clinic; and
3	(s) Other supportive services identified by the youth and young adults and the
4	department to be important links for housing stability.
5	(4) Organizations that may receive funds from the ending youth homelessness grant
6	fund include nonprofit community or neighborhood-based organizations. The
7	department shall provide outreach, technical assistance, and program
8	development support to increase capacity to new and existing service providers to
9	better meet needs statewide, particularly in areas where services for homeless
10	youth have not been established.
11	→SECTION 22. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
12	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
13	(1) Six (6) months after the first Kentucky youth and young adult homeless census,
14	the department shall, in consultation with the Interagency Council on Youth and
15	Young Adult Homelessness, prepare and publish a ten (10) year youth and young
16	adult homeless housing strategic plan which shall outline statewide goals and
17	performance measures and shall be coordinated with the plan for youth and
18	young adult homeless families with children. To guide local governments in
19	preparation of their first local youth and young adult homeless housing plans,
20	the department shall issue, by October 15, 2019, temporary guidelines consistent
21	with Sections 1 to 23 of this Act and including the best available data on each
22	community's youth and young adult homeless population.
23	(2) Program outcomes and performance measures and goals shall be created by the
24	department and reflected in the department's youth and young adult homeless
25	housing strategic plan as well as interim goals against which state and local
26	governments' performance may be measured, including:
27	(a) By the end of year one (1), completion of the first census;

1		(b) By the end of each subsequent year, goals common to all local programs
2		which are measurable and the achievement of which would move that
3		community toward housing its youth and young adult homeless population;
4		and
5		(c) By July 1, 2021, reduction of the homeless population statewide and in each
6		<u>county by fifty percent (50%).</u>
7	<u>(3)</u>	The department shall develop a consistent statewide data gathering instrument to
8		monitor the performance of cities and counties receiving grants in order to
9		determine compliance with the terms and conditions set forth in the grant
10		application or required by the department.
11	<u>(4)</u>	The department shall, in consultation with the Interagency Council on Youth and
12		Young Adult Homelessness, report biennially to the Governor and the
13		appropriate committees of the General Assembly an assessment of the state's
14		performance in furthering the goals of the state ten (10) year youth and young
15		adult homeless housing strategic plan and the performance of each participating
16		local government in creating and executing a local youth and young adult
17		homeless housing plan which meets the requirements of Sections 1 to 23 of this
18		Act. The annual report may include performance measures such as:
19		(a) The reduction in the number of youth and young adult homeless individuals
20		and families from the initial count of youth and young adult homeless
21		<u>persons;</u>
22		(b) The reduction in the number of unaccompanied homeless youth;
23		(c) The number of new units available and affordable for youth and young
24		adult homeless families by housing type;
25		(d) The number of youth and young adult homeless individuals identified who
26		are not offered suitable housing within thirty (30) days of their request or
27		identification as homeless;

1	(e) The number of youth and young adult households at risk of losing housing
2	who maintain it due to a preventive intervention;
3	(f) The transition time from homelessness to permanent housing;
4	(g) The cost per person housed at each level of the housing continuum;
5	(h) The ability to successfully collect data and report performance;
6	(i) The extent of collaboration and coordination among public bodies, as well
7	as community stakeholders, and the level of community support and
8	participation;
9	(j) The quality and safety of housing provided; and
10	(k) The effectiveness of outreach to youth and young adult homeless persons,
11	and their satisfaction with the program.
12	(5) Based on the performance of local youth and young adults homeless housing
13	programs in meeting the interim goals, on general population changes, and on
14	changes in the youth and young adult homeless population recorded in the
15	annual census, the department may revise the performance measures and goals
16	of the state youth and young adult homeless housing strategic plan, set goals for
17	years following the initial ten (10) year period, and recommend changes in local
18	governments' plans.
19	→SECTION 23. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
20	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
21	The department shall work with local governments, landlord and tenant associations to
22	develop a housing voucher program for homeless youth.
23	→SECTION 24. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 156 IS CREATED TO
24	READ AS FOLLOWS:
25	(1) By December 31, 2020, the commissioner of the Kentucky Department of
26	Education shall establish a uniform process designed to track the additional
27	expenditures for transporting homeless students under Sections 1 to 23 of this

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1	Act, including expenditures required under the McKinney Vento Homeless
2	Assistance Act, reauthorized as Title X, Part C, of the No Child Left Behind Act,
3	Pub. L. No. 107-110, in January 2002. Once established, the commissioner of the
4	Kentucky Department of Education shall promulgate administrative regulations
5	to direct each school district to adopt and use the uniform process and track these
6	expenditures. The commissioner shall post on the department's Web site total
7	expenditures related to the transportation of homeless students.
8	(2) By January 10, 2021, and every odd-numbered year thereafter, the commissioner
9	of the Kentucky Department of Education shall report to the Governor and the
10	General Assembly the following data for homeless students:
11	(a) The number of identified homeless students enrolled in public schools;
12	(b) The number of identified unaccompanied homeless students enrolled in
13	public schools;
14	(c) The number of students participating in the learning assistance programs;
15	and
16	(d) The academic performance and educational outcomes of homeless students
17	and unaccompanied homeless students, including but not limited to the
18	following performance and educational outcomes:
19	1. Student scores on the statewide administered academic assessments;
20	2. English language proficiency;
21	<u>3. Dropout rates;</u>
22	4. Four (4) year adjusted cohort graduation rate;
23	5. Five (5) year adjusted cohort graduation rate;
24	6. Absenteeism rates;
25	7. Truancy rates, if available; and
26	8. Suspension and expulsion data.
27	(3) The data reported under this section shall include state and district-level

1	information and shall be disaggregated by at least the following subgroups of
2	students: white, black, Hispanic, American Indian/Alaskan native, Asian, Pacific
3	islander/Hawaiian native, low income, transitional bilingual, migrant, special
4	education, and gender.
5	(4) By July 1, 2020, the commissioner of the Kentucky Department of Education, in
6	collaboration with experts from community organizations on youth and young
7	adult homelessness and homeless education policy, shall develop or acquire a
8	short video that provides information on how to identify signs that indicate a
9	student may be homeless, how to provide services and support to homeless
10	students, and why this identification and support is critical to student success.
11	The video shall be posted on the department's Web site.
12	(5) By July 1, 2020, the commissioner of the Kentucky Department of Education
13	shall adopt and distribute to each school district best practices for choosing and
14	training school district-designated homeless student liaisons.
15	→SECTION 25. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
16	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
17	If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is
18	held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Act that
19	can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the
20	provisions of this Act are severable.
21	→SECTION 26. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 194A IS CREATED
22	TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
23	This Act may be cited as the Homeless Youth Prevention and Protection Act of 2019.