1 AN ACT relating to controll	led substances.
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## 2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 218A.010 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 As used in this chapter:
- 5 (1) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by
- 6 injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or
- 7 research subject by:
- 8 (a) A practitioner or by his or her authorized agent under his or her immediate
- 9 supervision and pursuant to his or her order; or
- 10 (b) The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the
- 11 practitioner;
- 12 (2) "Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance chemically and
- pharmacologically related to testosterone that promotes muscle growth and includes
- those substances listed in KRS 218A.090(5) but does not include estrogens,
- progestins, and anticosteroids;
- 16 (3) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;
- 17 (4) "Child" means any person under the age of majority as specified in KRS 2.015;
- 18 (5) "Cocaine" means a substance containing any quantity of cocaine, its salts, optical
- and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
- 20 (6) "Controlled substance" means methamphetamine, or a drug, substance, or
- 21 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V and includes a controlled substance
- analogue;
- 23 (7) (a) "Controlled substance analogue," except as provided in paragraph (b) of this
- subsection, means a substance:
- 25 1. The chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the structure
- of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II; and
- 27 2. Which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the

1			central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the
2			stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
3			system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II; or
4		3.	With respect to a particular person, which such person represents or
5			intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the
6			central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the
7			stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
8			system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II.
9		(b) Such	term does not include:
10		1.	Any substance for which there is an approved new drug application;
11		2.	With respect to a particular person, any substance if an exemption is in
12			effect for investigational use for that person pursuant to federal law to
13			the extent conduct with respect to such substance is pursuant to such
14			exemption; or
15		3.	Any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before
16			the exemption described in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph takes
17			effect with respect to that substance;
18	(8)	"Counterfo	eit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or
19		labeling of	f which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other
20		identifying	g mark, imprint, number, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a
21		manufactu	rer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact
22		manufactu	red, distributed, or dispensed the substance;
23	(9)	"Dispense	" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research
24		subject by	or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the packaging,
25		labeling, o	or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery;
26	(10)	"Dispense	r" means a person who lawfully dispenses a Schedule II, III, IV, or V

controlled substance to or for the use of an ultimate user;

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1	(11)	"Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled
2		substance;
3	(12)	"Dosage unit" means a single pill, capsule, ampule, liquid, or other form of
4		administration available as a single unit;
5	(13)	"Drug" means:
6		(a) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,
7		official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National
8		Formulary, or any supplement to any of them;
9		(b) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, care, mitigation, treatment, or
10		prevention of disease in man or animals;
11		(c) Substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of
12		the body of man or animals; and
13		(d) Substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in this
14		subsection.
15		It does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories;
16	(14)	"Fentanyl" means a substance containing any quantity of fentanyl, or any of its
17		analogues or derivatives;
18	<u>(15)</u>	"Fentanyl derivative" means any of the following fentanyl derivatives including
19		their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, salts of isomers, esters, and ethers:
20		(a) Immediate precursors of fentanyl;
21		(b) Acetyl-alpha-methyl fentanyl, N-1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl -N-
22		phenylacetamide;
23		(c) Alfentanil;
24		(d) Alpha-methylfentanyl, N-1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl) ethyl-4-piperidyl
25		propionanilide, 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine);
26		(e) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl, N-1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl) ethyl-4-piperidinyl-N-
27		phenylpropanamide;

1	(f) Benzylfentanyl, N-1-benzyl-4-piperidyl-N-phenylpro-panamide;
2	(g) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl, N-1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl-N-
3	phenypropanamide;
4	(h) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, N-1-(2-hydroxy-2phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-
5	piperidinyl-N-phenylpropanamide;
6	(i) Carfentanil;
7	(j) Fentanyl;
8	(k) 3-Methylfentanyl, N-3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl-N-
9	phenylpropanamide;
10	(l) 3-methylthiofentanyl N-3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl) ethyl-4-piperidinyl-N-
11	phenylpropanamide;
12	(m) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP);
13	(n) Para-fluorofentanyl, N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-
14	piperidinyl)propanamide;
15	(o) 1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine (PEPAP);
16	(p) Remifentanil;
17	(q) Sufentanil;
18	(r) Thenylfentanyl, N-1-(2-thienyl) methyl-4-piperidyl-N-phenyl-propanamide;
19	<u>and</u>
20	(s) Thiofentanyl, N-phenyl-N-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinylpropan-amide;
21	(16) "Good faith prior examination," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal
22	prosecution only, means an in-person medical examination of the patient conducted
23	by the prescribing practitioner or other health-care professional routinely relied
24	upon in the ordinary course of his or her practice, at which time the patient is
25	physically examined and a medical history of the patient is obtained. "In-person"
26	includes telehealth examinations. This subsection shall not be applicable to hospice
27	providers licensed pursuant to KRS Chapter 216B;

1	<u>(17)</u> [(15)]	"Hazardous chemical substance" includes any chemical substance used or
2	inten	ded for use in the illegal manufacture of a controlled substance as defined in
3	this	section or the illegal manufacture of methamphetamine as defined in KRS
4	218 <i>A</i>	A.1431, which:
5	(a)	Poses an explosion hazard;
6	(b)	Poses a fire hazard; or
7	(c)	Is poisonous or injurious if handled, swallowed, or inhaled;
8	<u>(18)</u> [(16)]	"Heroin" means a substance containing any quantity of heroin, or any of its
9	salts,	isomers, or salts of isomers;
10	<u>(19)</u> [(17)]	"Hydrocodone combination product" means a drug with:
11	(a)	Not more than three hundred (300) milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, or any of
12		its salts, per one hundred (100) milliliters or not more than fifteen (15)
13		milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an
14		isoquinoline alkaloid of opium; or
15	(b)	Not more than three hundred (300) milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, or any of
16		its salts, per one hundred (100) milliliters or not more than fifteen (15)
17		milligrams per dosage unit, with one (1) or more active, nonnarcotic
18		ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
19	<u>(20)</u> [(18)]	"Immediate precursor" means a substance which is the principal compound
20	com	monly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical
21	inter	mediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance
22	or m	ethamphetamine, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit
23	manı	ufacture;
24	<u>(21)</u> [(19)]	"Intent to manufacture" means any evidence which demonstrates a person's
25	conse	cious objective to manufacture a controlled substance or methamphetamine.
26	Such	evidence includes but is not limited to statements and a chemical substance's
27	usage	e, quantity, manner of storage, or proximity to other chemical substances or

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1	equi	oment used to manufacture a controlled substance or methamphetamine;
2	<u>(22)[(20)]</u>	"Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in KRS 218A.050(3) and
3	218	A.070(1)(d). As used in KRS 218A.050(3), the term "isomer" means the optical,
4	posit	ional, or geometric isomer. As used in KRS 218A.070(1)(d), the term "isomer"
5	mear	ns the optical or geometric isomer;
6	<u>(23)</u> [(21)]	"Manufacture," except as provided in KRS 218A.1431, means the production,
7	prepa	aration, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled
8	subs	tance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural
9	origi	n or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of
10	extra	action and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the
11	subs	tance or labeling or relabeling of its container except that this term does not
12	inclu	de activities:
13	(a)	By a practitioner as an incident to his or her administering or dispensing of a
14		controlled substance in the course of his or her professional practice;
15	(b)	By a practitioner, or by his or her authorized agent under his supervision, for
16		the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis
17		and not for sale; or
18	(c)	By a pharmacist as an incident to his or her dispensing of a controlled
19		substance in the course of his or her professional practice;
20	<u>(24)</u> [(22)]	"Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sp., whether growing or
21	not;	the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every
22	comp	bound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its
23	seeds	s or resin or any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any
24	quan	tity of these substances. The term "marijuana" does not include:
25	(a)	Industrial hemp as defined in KRS 260.850;
26	(b)	The substance cannabidiol, when transferred, dispensed, or administered

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pursuant to the written order of a physician practicing at a hospital or

1		associated clinic affiliated with a Kentucky public university having a college
2		or school of medicine; or
3	(c)	For persons participating in a clinical trial or in an expanded access program,
4		a drug or substance approved for the use of those participants by the United
5		States Food and Drug Administration;
6	<u>(25)</u> [(23)]	"Medical history," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal prosecution
7	only,	means an accounting of a patient's medical background, including but not
8	limit	ed to prior medical conditions, prescriptions, and family background;
9	<u>(26)</u> [(24)]	"Medical order," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal prosecution
10	only,	means a lawful order of a specifically identified practitioner for a specifically
11	ident	tified patient for the patient's health-care needs. "Medical order" may or may
12	not i	nclude a prescription drug order;
13	<u>(27)</u> [(25)]	"Medical record," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for criminal prosecution
14	only,	means a record, other than for financial or billing purposes, relating to a
15	patie	nt, kept by a practitioner as a result of the practitioner-patient relationship;
16	<u>(28)[(26)]</u>	"Methamphetamine" means any substance that contains any quantity of
17	meth	amphetamine, or any of its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers;
18	<u>(29)[(27)]</u>	"Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or
19	indir	ectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by
20	mear	ns of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
21	synth	nesis:
22	(a)	Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of
23		opium or opiate;
24	(b)	Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is
25		chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in
26		paragraph (a) of this subsection, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids
27		of opium;

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1	(c)	Opium poppy and poppy straw;
2	(d)	Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which
3		cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been
4		removed;
5	(e)	Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
6	(f)	Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; and
7	(g)	Any compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of any of
8		the substances referred to in paragraphs (a) to (f) of this subsection;
9	<u>(30)</u> [(28)]	"Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-
10	susta	nining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug
11	havii	ng addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include,
12	unle	ss specifically designated as controlled under KRS 218A.030, the
13	dext	rorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts
14	(dex	tromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms;
15	<u>(31)</u> [(29)]	"Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver somniferum L., except
16	its se	eeds;
17	<u>(32)</u> [(30)]	"Person" means individual, corporation, government or governmental
18	subd	ivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any
19	othe	r legal entity;
20	<u>(33)</u> [(31)]	"Physical injury" has the same meaning it has in KRS 500.080;
21	<u>(34)</u> [(32)]	"Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after
22	mow	ving;
23	<u>(35)</u> [(33)]	"Pharmacist" means a natural person licensed by this state to engage in the

25 (36)[(34)] "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, scientific 26 investigator, optometrist as authorized in KRS 320.240, advanced practice 27 registered nurse as authorized under KRS 314.011, or other person licensed,

practice of the profession of pharmacy;

	registered, or otherwise permitted by state or federal law to acquire, distribute,
	dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance
	in the course of professional practice or research in this state. "Practitioner" also
	includes a physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, or advanced practice registered
	nurse authorized under KRS 314.011 who is a resident of and actively practicing in
	a state other than Kentucky and who is licensed and has prescriptive authority for
	controlled substances under the professional licensing laws of another state, unless
	the person's Kentucky license has been revoked, suspended, restricted, or probated,
	in which case the terms of the Kentucky license shall prevail;
<u>(37)</u> [	(35)] "Practitioner-patient relationship," as used in KRS Chapter 218A and for
	criminal prosecution only, means a medical relationship that exists between a
	patient and a practitioner or the practitioner's designee, after the practitioner or his
	or her designee has conducted at least one (1) good faith prior examination;
<u>(38)</u> [	(36)] "Prescription" means a written, electronic, or oral order for a drug or
	medicine, or combination or mixture of drugs or medicines, or proprietary
	preparation, signed or given or authorized by a medical, dental, chiropody,
	veterinarian, optometric practitioner, or advanced practice registered nurse, and
	intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of
	disease in man or other animals;
<u>(39)</u> [	(37)] "Prescription blank," with reference to a controlled substance, means a
	document that meets the requirements of KRS 218A.204 and 217.216;
<u>(40)</u> [	(38)] "Presumptive probation" means a sentence of probation not to exceed the
	maximum term specified for the offense, subject to conditions otherwise authorized
	by law, that is presumed to be the appropriate sentence for certain offenses
	designated in this chapter, notwithstanding contrary provisions of KRS Chapter
	533. That presumption shall only be overcome by a finding on the record by the
	sentencing court of substantial and compelling reasons why the defendant cannot be

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1	safely and effectively supervised in the community, is not amenable to community-
2	based treatment, or poses a significant risk to public safety;
3	(41)[(39)] "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or
4	harvesting of a controlled substance;
5	(42)[(40)] "Recovery program" means an evidence-based, nonclinical service that assists
6	individuals and families working toward sustained recovery from substance use and
7	other criminal risk factors. This can be done through an array of support programs
8	and services that are delivered through residential and nonresidential means;
9	(43)[(41)] "Salvia" means Salvia divinorum or Salvinorin A and includes all parts of the
10	plant presently classified botanically as Salvia divinorum, whether growing or not,
11	the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of that plant, and every compound,
12	manufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of that plant, its seeds, or its
13	extracts, including salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of
14	such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
15	designation of that plant, its seeds, or extracts. The term shall not include any other
16	species in the genus salvia;
17	(44)[(42)] "Second or subsequent offense" means that for the purposes of this chapter an
18	offense is considered as a second or subsequent offense, if, prior to his or her
19	conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted under this
20	chapter, or under any statute of the United States, or of any state relating to
21	substances classified as controlled substances or counterfeit substances, except that
22	a prior conviction for a nontrafficking offense shall be treated as a prior offense
23	only when the subsequent offense is a nontrafficking offense. For the purposes of
24	this section, a conviction voided under KRS 218A.275 or 218A.276 shall not
25	constitute a conviction under this chapter;
26	(45)[(43)] "Sell" means to dispose of a controlled substance to another person for
27	consideration or in furtherance of commercial distribution;

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1	( <b>46</b> ) <del>[(44)]</del>	"Serious ph	vsical iniu	rv" has the same	meaning it has in	1 KRS 500.080:

compound in the following structural classes:

- (47)[(45)] "Synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines" means any chemical compound which
   is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved,
   which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law, that
   contains Benzylpiperazine (BZP); Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine (TFMPP); 1,1 Dimethylheptyl-11-hydroxytetrahydrocannabinol (HU-210); 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole; 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole; dexanabinol (HU-211); or any
  - (a) Naphthoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to JWH-015, JWH-018, JWH-019, JWH-073, JWH-081, JWH-122, JWH-200, and AM-2201;
  - (b) Phenylacetylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-phenylacetylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to JWH-167, JWH-250, JWH-251, and RCS-8;
  - (c) Benzoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the

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1	indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to
2	any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to
3	AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), and RCS-4;

- (d) Cyclohexylphenols: Any compound containing a 2-(3hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to CP 47,497 and its C8 homologue (cannabicyclohexanol);
- Naphthylmethylindoles: Any compound containing a 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-(e) naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(Nmethyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to JWH-175, JWH-184, and JWH-185;
- Naphthoylpyrroles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole (f) structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to JWH-030, JWH-145, JWH-146, JWH-307, and JWH-368;
- Naphthylmethylindenes: Any compound containing 1-(1-(g) a naphthylmethyl)indene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl,

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1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether
or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent and whether or not
substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class
include but are not limited to JWH-176;

- (h) Tetramethylcyclopropanoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-tetramethylcyclopropoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not further substituted in the tetramethylcyclopropyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to UR-144 and XLR-11;
- (i) Adamantoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-adamantoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring system to any extent. Examples of this structural class include but are not limited to AB-001 and AM-1248; or
- (j) Any other synthetic cannabinoid or piperazine which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law;
- (48)[(46)] "Synthetic cathinones" means any chemical compound which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law (not including bupropion or compounds listed under a different schedule) structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl,

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1	or th	iophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in one
2	(1) o	r more of the following ways:
3	(a)	By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy,
4		alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further
5		substituted in the ring system by one (1) or more other univalent substituents.
6		Examples of this class include but are not limited to 3,4-
7		Methylenedioxycathinone (bk-MDA);
8	(b)	By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent. Examples of
9		this class include but are not limited to 2-methylamino-1-phenylbutan-1-one
10		(buphedrone);
11	(c)	By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or
12		methoxybenzyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a
13		cyclic structure. Examples of this class include but are not limited to
14		Dimethylcathinone, Ethcathinone, and $\alpha$ -Pyrrolidinopropiophenone ( $\alpha$ -PPP);
15		or
16	(d)	Any other synthetic cathinone which is not approved by the United States
17		Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed
18		in accordance with state or federal law;
19	<u>(49)</u> [(47)]	"Synthetic drugs" means any synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines or any
20	synth	netic cathinones;
21	<u>(50)</u> [(48)]	"Telehealth" has the same meaning it has in KRS 311.550;
22	<u>(51)</u> [(49)]	"Tetrahydrocannabinols" means synthetic equivalents of the substances
23	conta	ained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of the plant Cannabis, sp. or
24	synth	netic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure
25	and p	pharmacological activity such as the following:
26	(a)	Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
27	(b)	Delta 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; and

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1	(0	Delta 3, 4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;
2	<u>(52)</u> [(5	Traffic," except as provided in KRS 218A.1431, means to manufacture,
3	d	tribute, dispense, sell, transfer, or possess with intent to manufacture, distribute,
4	d	pense, or sell a controlled substance;
5	<u>(53)</u> [(5	Transfer" means to dispose of a controlled substance to another person
6	W	hout consideration and not in furtherance of commercial distribution; and
7	<u>(54)</u> [(5	"Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance
8	fo	his or her own use or for the use of a member of his or her household or for
9	a	ninistering to an animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
10	h	usehold.
11	=	Section 2. KRS 218A.020 is amended to read as follows:
12	(1) T	e Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall administer this chapter and may
13	b	regulation add substances to or delete or reschedule all substances enumerated in
14	tł	schedules set forth in this chapter. In making a determination regarding a
15	Si	stance, the Cabinet for Health and Family Services may consider the following:
16	(8	The actual or relative potential for abuse;
17	(1	The scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if known;
18	(0	The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the substance;
19	(0	The history and current pattern of abuse;
20	(6	The scope, duration, and significance of abuse;
21	(1	The risk to the public health;
22	( ( )	The potential of the substance to produce psychic or physiological dependence
23		liability; and
24	(1	Whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a substance already
25		controlled under this chapter.
26	(2) A	er considering the factors enumerated in subsection (1) of this section, the

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Cabinet for Health and Family Services may adopt a regulation controlling the

- substance if it finds the substance has a potential for abuse.
- 2 (3) If any substance is designated, rescheduled, or deleted as a controlled substance
- 3 under federal law and notice thereof is given to the Cabinet for Health and Family
- 4 Services, the Cabinet for Health and Family Services may similarly control the
- 5 substance under this chapter by regulation.
- 6 (4) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall exclude any nonnarcotic
- substance from a schedule if the substance may be lawfully sold over the counter
- 8 without prescription under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic
- 9 Act, or the Federal Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of
- 10 1970, or the Kentucky Revised Statutes (for the purposes of this section the
- 11 Kentucky Revised Statutes shall not include any regulations issued thereunder).
- 12 (5) The Office of Drug Control Policy may request that the Cabinet for Health and
- Family Services schedule a substance substantially similar to a synthetic
- cannabinoid or piperazine<sub>2</sub>[or] a synthetic cathinone, or a fentanyl analogue not
- approved for human use by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- The cabinet shall consider the request utilizing the criteria established by this
- section and shall issue a written response within sixty (60) days of the scheduling
- 18 request delineating the cabinet's decision to schedule or not schedule the substance
- and the basis for the cabinet's decision. The cabinet's response shall be provided to
- the Legislative Research Commission and shall be a public record.
- → Section 3. KRS 218A.050 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 Unless otherwise rescheduled by administrative regulation of the Cabinet for Health and
- 23 Family Services, the controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule
- 24 I:
- 25 (1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the
- following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers,
- esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these

2		Acetylfentanyl; Acetylmethadol; Allylprodine; Alphacetylmethadol;
3		Alphameprodine; Alphamethadol; Benzethidine; Betacetylmethadol;
4		Betameprodine; Betamethadol; Betaprodine; Clonitazene; Dextromoramide;
5		Dextrorphan; Diampromide; Diethylthiambutene; Dimenoxadol; Dimepheptanol;
6		Dimethylthiambutene; Dioxaphetyl butyrate; Dipipanone; Ethylmethylthiambutene;
7		Etonitazene; Etoxeridine; Furethidine; Hydroxypethidine; Ketobemidone;
8		Levomoramide; Levophenacylmorphan; Morpheridine; Noracymethadol;
9		Norlevorphanol; Normethadone; Norpipanone; Phenadoxone; Phenampromide;
10		Phenomorphan; Phenoperidine; Piritramide; Proheptazine; Properidine; Propiram;
11		Racemoramide; Trimeperidine; 4-chloro-N-[1-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2-
12		piperidinylidene]-benzenesulfonamide (W-18); 4-chloro-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-2-
13		piperidinylidene]-benzenesulfonamide (W-15);
14	(2)	Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the
15		following opium derivatives, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers,
16		unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, or salts
17		of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation: Acetorphine;
18		Acetyldihydrocodeine; Benzylmorphine; Codeine methylbromide; Codeine-N-
19		Oxide; Cyprenorphine; Desomorphine; Dihydromorphine; Etorphine; Heroin;
20		Hydromorphinol; Methyldesorphine; Methyldihydromorphine; Morphine
21		methylbromide; Morphine methylsulfonate; Morphine-N-Oxide; Myrophine;
22		Nicocodeine; Nicomorphine; Normorphine; Pholcodine; Thebacon;
23	(3)	Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the
24		following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, unless
25		specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of
26		isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation: 3, 4-
27		methylenedioxyamphetamine; 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine; 3, 4,

isomers, esters, ethers, or salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

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1		5-trii	methoxyamphetamine; Bufotenine; Diethyltryptamine; Dimethyltryptamine; 4-
2		meth	yl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine; Ibogaine; Lysergic acid diethylamide;
3		Mari	juana; Mescaline; Peyote; N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate; N-methyl-3-piperidyl
4		benzi	ilate; Psilocybin; Psilocyn; Tetrahydrocannabinols; Hashish; Phencyclidine, 2
5		Meth	ylamino-1-phenylpropan-1-one (including but not limited to Methcathinone,
6		Cat,	and Ephedrone); synthetic drugs; or salvia;
7	(4)	Any	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the
8		follo	wing substance having a depressant effect on the central nervous system,
9		inclu	ding its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted,
10		when	ever the existence of these salts, isomers, or salts of isomers is possible within
11		the s <sub>1</sub>	pecific chemical designation: gamma hydroxybutyric acid;[ and]
12	(5)	Any	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the
13		follo	wing substances:
14		(a)	2-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine (2,5H-
15			NBOMe);
16		(b)	2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine
17			(2,5I-NBOMe);
18		(c)	2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine
19			(2,5B-NBOMe); or
20		(d)	2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine
21			(2,5C-NBOMe) <i>; and</i>
22		<u>(6)</u>	Any fentanyl analogue which is not approved for human use by the United
23			States Food and Drug Administration.
24		<b>→</b> Se	ection 4. KRS 218A.142 is amended to read as follows:
25	(1)	A pe	rson is guilty of aggravated trafficking in a controlled substance in the first
26		degre	ee when he or she knowingly and unlawfully traffics in
27		<u>(a)</u>	One hundred (100) grams or more of heroin; or

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1		<u>(b)</u>	Ten (10) grams or more of fentanyl, including fentanyl derivatives or				
2			analogues.				
3	(2)	Agg	ravated trafficking in a controlled substance in the first degree is a Class B				
4		felo	ny, and the defendant shall not be released on probation, shock probation,				
5		cond	conditional discharge, or parole until he or she has served at least fifty percent				
6		(50%	(50%) of the sentence imposed.				
7		<b>→</b> S	ection 5. KRS 218A.1412 is amended to read as follows:				
8	(1)	A pe	erson is guilty of trafficking in a controlled substance in the first degree when he				
9		or she knowingly and unlawfully traffics in:					
10		(a)	Four (4) grams or more of cocaine;				
11		(b)	Two (2) grams or more of heroin, [fentanyl,] or methamphetamine;				
12		(c)	Ten (10) or more dosage units of a controlled substance that is classified in				
13			Schedules I or II and is a narcotic drug, or a controlled substance analogue;				
14		(d)	Any quantity of lysergic acid diethylamide; phencyclidine; gamma				
15			hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), including its salts, isomers, salts of isomers, and				
16			analogues; or flunitrazepam, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;				
17			<del>[or]</del>				
18		(e)	Any quantity of a controlled substance specified in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of				
19			this subsection in an amount less than the amounts specified in those				
20			paragraphs <u>; or</u>				
21		<u>(f)</u>	Any quantity of fentanyl, including fentanyl derivatives or analogues.				
22	(2)	The	amounts specified in subsection (1) of this section may occur in a single				
23		trans	saction or may occur in a series of transactions over a period of time not to				
24		exceed ninety (90) days that cumulatively result in the quantities specified in this					
25		section.					
26	(3)	(a)	Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of				

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this section shall be guilty of a Class C felony for the first offense and a Class

B felony for a second or subsequent offense.

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2	(b)	Any	perso	n who violates the provisions of subsection (1)(e) of this section:
3		1.	Shal	l be guilty of a Class D felony for the first offense and a Class C
4			felor	ny for a second or subsequent offense; and
5		2.	a.	Except as provided in subdivision b. of this subparagraph, where
6				the trafficked substance was heroin and the defendant committed
7				the offense while possessing more than one (1) items of
8				paraphernalia, including but not limited to scales, ledgers,
9				instruments and material to cut, package, or mix the final product,
10				excess cash, multiple subscriber identity modules in excess of the
11				number of communication devices possessed by the person at the
12				time of arrest, or weapons, which given the totality of the
13				circumstances indicate the trafficking to have been a commercial
14				activity, shall not be released on parole until he or she has served
15				at least fifty percent (50%) of the sentence imposed.
16			b.	This subparagraph shall not apply to a person who has been
17				determined by a court to have had a substance use disorder relating
18				to a controlled substance at the time of the offense. "Substance use
19				disorder" shall have the same meaning as in the current edition of
20				the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical
21				Manual of Mental Disorders.
22	<u>(c)</u>	Any	perso	on who violates the provisions of subsection (1)(f) of this section
23		<u>shal</u>	l be g	uilty of a Class C felony for the first offense and a Class B felony
24		for a	a seco	and or subsequent offense, except that if at the time of an offense
25		in vi	<u>iolatio</u>	on of subsection (1)(f) of this section a defendant is determined by
26		<u>a co</u>	ourt t	o have had a substance use disorder relating to a controlled

substance, then he or she shall be guilty of a Class D felony for the first

1	offense and a Class C felony for the second offense. As used in this
2	paragraph "substance use disorder" has the same meaning as in the
3	current edition of the American Psychiatric Association Diagnostic and
4	Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
5	(d)[(c)] Any person convicted of a Class C felony offense or higher under this
6	section shall not be released on probation, shock probation, parole, conditional
7	discharge, or other form of early release until he or she has served at least fifty
8	percent (50%) of the sentence imposed in cases where the trafficked substance
9	was heroin.

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