1 AN ACT relati	ing to hate crimes.
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- WHEREAS, the purpose of this Act is to provide increased penalties for those
- 3 convicted of crimes in which the victim was selected because of his or her actual or
- 4 perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or physical disability,
- 5 gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation; and
- 6 WHEREAS, the commission of hate crimes remains a prevalent issue to be
- 7 addressed in the Commonwealth of Kentucky; and
- 8 WHEREAS, on October 24, 2018, the Commonwealth of Kentucky was devastated
- 9 by the tragic loss of life at the Jeffersontown Kroger as the result of a hate crime; and
- WHEREAS, according to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's 2017 Hate Crime
- 11 Statistics Report, law enforcement officials reported 378 hate crime incidents in the
- 12 Commonwealth of Kentucky; and
- WHEREAS, according to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's 2017 Hate Crime
- 14 Statistics Report, the number of hate crimes reported by law enforcement officers
- increased by 83.5 percent in the Commonwealth of Kentucky from the years of 2016 to
- 16 2017; and
- WHEREAS, the Commonwealth of Kentucky statutorily requires the reporting of
- 18 crimes which appear to be the result of, or reasonably related to, race, color, religion, sex,
- 19 or national origin; and
- WHEREAS, the Commonwealth of Kentucky statutorily requires law enforcement
- 21 and certified peace officers to undergo training relating to the investigation of, response
- 22 to, and reporting of hate crimes;
- NOW, THEREFORE,
- 24 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
- 25 → SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 532 IS CREATED TO
- 26 READ AS FOLLOWS:
- 27 (1) A defendant shall be subject to an enhanced term of imprisonment under

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1		subsection (3) of this section if he or she is convicted of a crime under KRS
2		Chapter 507, 507A, 508, 509, 510, or 525, or under KRS 512.020, 512.030,
3		512.040, 513.020, 513.030, or 513.040, or of the attempt to commit a crime under
4		those chapters or statutes; and it is proven beyond a reasonable doubt that:
5		(a) 1. The defendant intentionally selected the person against whom the
6		crime was committed; and
7		2. The primary motivation in selecting the person was that person's
8		actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion,
9		mental or physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual
10		orientation; or
11		(b) 1. The defendant intentionally committed a crime against property
12		associated with a person; and
13		2. The primary motivation in selecting the property was the person's
14		actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion,
15		mental or physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual
16		orientation.
17	<u>(2)</u>	Unless a jury trial has been waived, when a defendant is convicted of a crime
18		outlined in subsection (1) of this section and the defendant is charged with
19		intentionally committing the underlying offense because of a person's actual or
20		perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or physical
21		disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation:
22		(a) The court shall conduct a hearing, separate from the proceeding that
23		resulted in the defendant's conviction for the underlying offense, to
24		determine whether the person intentionally committed the underlying
25		offense primarily because of a person's actual or perceived race, color,
26		ethnicity, national origin, religion, mental or physical disability, gender
27		identity or expression, or sexual orientation;

I	<u>(</u>	b) The hearing shall be conducted by the same court and jury that convicted
2		the defendant of the underlying offense, unless the court for good cause
3		discharges that jury and impanels a new jury for that purpose; and
4	<u>(</u>	(c) The jury shall determine:
5		1. Whether, beyond a reasonable doubt, the person intentionally
6		committed the underlying offense primarily because of a person's
7		actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion,
8		mental or physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual
9		orientation; and
10		2. The enhanced term of imprisonment to be imposed pursuant to
11		subsection (3) of this section, if any.
12	<u>(3)</u>	When a defendant has been found to have intentionally committed an offense
13	<u>(</u>	outlined in subsection (1) of this section against person primarily because of that
14	1	person's actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, national origin, religion,
15	1	nental or physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation,
16	<u> 1</u>	his or her sentence for the underlying offense shall be enhanced as follows:
17	((a) If the underlying offense is a Class A or B misdemeanor, the term of
18		imprisonment shall be increased by at least half of the maximum
19		imprisonment sentence for that misdemeanor and the fine shall be at least
20		half of the maximum fine amount for that misdemeanor as provided in KRS
21		<u>534.040;</u>
22	<u>(</u>	(b) If the underlying offense is a Class D felony, the term of imprisonment shall
23		be increased by one (1) to five (5) years;
24	<u>(</u>	(c) If the underlying offense is a Class C felony, the term of imprisonment shall
25		be increased by five (5) to ten (10) years; and
26	<u>(</u>	(d) If the underlying offense is a Class A or B felony, the term of imprisonment
27		shall be increased by ten (10) to twenty (20) years.

<u>(4)</u>	Any	<u>v defendant</u>	who	receives	an	enhanced	term	of	<i>imprisonment</i>	under	this
<u></u>	•						•		•		<u> </u>
	sect	tion shall no	t be e	ligible for	pro	bation, sho	ck pro	bat	ion, conditiona	l dische	arge,
	<u></u>										
	nar	ole, or any o	ther f	orm of ea	rlv i	release.					

4 → Section 2. KRS 15.334 is amended to read as follows:

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- 5 (1) The Kentucky Law Enforcement Council shall approve mandatory training subjects 6 to be taught to all students attending a law enforcement basic training course that 7 include but are not limited to:
 - (a) Abuse, neglect, and exploitation of the elderly and other crimes against the elderly, including the use of multidisciplinary teams in the investigation and prosecution of crimes against the elderly;
 - (b) The dynamics of domestic violence, pediatric abusive head trauma, as defined in KRS 620.020, child physical and sexual abuse, and rape; child development; the effects of abuse and crime on adult and child victims, including the impact of abuse and violence on child development; legal remedies for protection; lethality and risk issues; profiles of offenders and offender treatment; model protocols for addressing domestic violence, rape, pediatric abusive head trauma, as defined in KRS 620.020, and child abuse; available community resources and victim services; and reporting requirements. This training shall be developed in consultation with legal, victim services, victim advocacy, and mental health professionals with expertise in domestic violence, child abuse, and rape. Training in recognizing pediatric abusive head trauma may be designed in collaboration with organizations and agencies that specialize in the prevention and recognition of pediatric abusive head trauma approved by the secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;
 - (c) Human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immunodeficiency virus syndrome;

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1		(d)	Identification and investigation of, responding to, and reporting bias-related
2			crime, victimization, or intimidation that is a result of or reasonably related to
3			race, color, ethnicity, [religion, sex, or] national origin, religion, mental or
4			physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation;
5		(e)	The characteristics and dynamics of human trafficking, state and federal laws
6			relating to human trafficking, the investigation of cases involving human
7			trafficking, including but not limited to screening for human trafficking, and
8			resources for assistance to the victims of human trafficking;
9		(f)	Beginning January 1, 2017, the council shall require that a law enforcement
10			basic training course include at least eight (8) hours of training relevant to
11			sexual assault; and
12		(g)	Education on female genital mutilation as defined in KRS 508.125, including
13			the risk factors associated with female genital mutilation, the criminal
14			penalties for committing female genital mutilation, and the psychological and
15			health effects on a victim of female genital mutilation.
16	(2)	(a)	The council shall develop and approve mandatory in-service training courses
17			to be presented to all certified peace officers. The council may promulgate
18			administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A setting forth
19			the deadlines by which all certified peace officers shall attend the mandatory
20			in-service training courses.
21		(b)	Beginning January 1, 2017, the council shall establish a forty (40) hour sexual
22			assault investigation training course. After January 1, 2019, agencies shall
23			maintain officers on staff who have completed the forty (40) hour sexual
24			assault investigation training course in accordance with the following:
25			1. Agencies with more than ten (10) but fewer than twenty-one (21) full-
26			time officers shall maintain one (1) officer who has completed the forty
27			(40) hour sexual assault investigation training course;

1			2. Agencies with twenty-one (21) or more but fewer than fifty-one (51)
2			full-time officers shall maintain at least two (2) officers who have
3			completed the forty (40) hour sexual assault investigation training
4			course; and
5			3. Agencies with fifty-one (51) or more full-time officers shall maintain at
6			least four (4) officers who have completed the sexual assault
7			investigation course.
8		(c)	An agency shall not make an officer directly responsible for the investigation
9			or processing of sexual assault offenses unless that officer has completed the
10			forty (40) hour sexual assault investigation training course.
11		(d)	The council may, upon application by any agency, grant an exemption from
12			the training requirements set forth in paragraph (b) of this subsection if that
13			agency, by limitations arising from its scope of authority, does not conduct
14			sexual assault investigations.
15		(e)	Any agency failing to comply with paragraph (b) or (c) of this subsection
16			shall, from the date the noncompliance commences, have one (1) year to
17			reestablish the minimum number of trained officers required.
18	(3)	The	Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall provide training on the subjects of
19		dom	estic violence and abuse and may do so utilizing currently available
20		tech	nology. All certified peace officers shall be required to complete this training at
21		least	once every two (2) years.
22	(4)	The	council shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS
23		Chap	oter 13A to establish mandatory basic training and in-service training courses.
24		→ Se	ection 3. KRS 17.1523 is amended to read as follows:

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The uniform offense report shall contain provisions for obtaining information as to

whether or not specific crimes appear from their facts and circumstances to be

caused as a result of or reasonably related to race, color, ethnicity, [religion, sex, or]

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1		national origin, religion, mental or physical disability, gender identity or
2		expression, or sexual orientation.
3	(2)	All law enforcement officers, when completing a uniform offense report, shall note
4		thereon whether or not the offense appears to be caused as a result of or reasonably
5		related to race, color, ethnicity, [religion, sex, or] national origin, religion, mental
6		or physical disability, gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation, or
7		attempts to victimize or intimidate another due to any of the foregoing causes.
8	(3)	The Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall, annually, as a part of the crime reports
9		report on crimes which appear to have been caused by the factors cited in
10		subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
11		→SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 508 IS CREATED TO
12	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
13	<u>(1)</u>	A person is guilty of using hate symbols to intimidate when he or she
14		intentionally uses, displays, or sends a symbol historically used as a symbol of
15		impending violence, and thereby places another person in reasonable
16		apprehension of physical injury.
17	(2)	Using hate symbols to intimidate is a Class A misdemeanor.

- → Section 5. The following KRS sections are repealed: 18
- 49.320 Victim of hate crime deemed victim of criminally injurious conduct. 19
- 20 532.031 Hate crimes -- Finding -- Effect -- Definitions.
- → Section 6. The restrictions of KRS 6.945(1) shall not apply to Sections 1 to 4 of 21 22 this Act.