2024 Third Extraordinary Session HOUSE BILL NO. 11

BY REPRESENTATIVE DESHOTEL

ENROLLED ACT NO. 12

1 AN ACT 2 To amend and reenact R.S. 47:1703, 1703.1(A), 1705(B)(1)(a) and (b)(i), (2)(a), (b), 3 (c)(i)(introductory paragraph) and (ii), (d), and (D), 1707 through 1708, 1710, 1712, 4 1713(B), 1714(introductory paragraph), (1), and (6), 1715(introductory paragraph), 5 (1), and (6), and 1716 and to enact R.S. 47:1702(12) through (15) and 1717 through 6 1720, relative to ad valorem taxation; to provide for definitions; to provide for 7 classification of property; to provide for valuation of property; to provide for 8 reappraisal of property; to provide for a special assessment level; to provide for ad 9 valorem taxation; to provide for the administration of ad valorem taxation; to provide 10 for ad valorem tax exemptions; to provide for requirements and limitations; to 11 provide for the adjustment of millages; to provide for the reduction of the fair market 12 value percentage of certain property under certain circumstances; to provide for 13 requirements and limitations; to provide for ad valorem tax assessors; to authorize 14 and direct the Louisiana State Law Institute to re-designate certain provisions; to 15 provide for effectiveness; and to provide for related matters. Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 16 17 Section 1. R.S. 47:1703, 1703.1(A), 1705(B)(1)(a) and (b)(i), (2)(a), (b), 18 (c)(i)(introductory paragraph) and (ii), (d), and (D), 1707 through 1708, 1710, 1712, 19 1713(B), 1714(introductory paragraph), (1), and (6), 1715(introductory paragraph), (1), and 20 (6), and 1716 are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 47:1702(12) through (15) and

21 1717 through 1720 are hereby enacted to read as follows:

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1	§1702. Definitions
2	As used in this Subtitle, the following terms have the meaning ascribed to
3	them in this Section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
4	* * *
5	(12) "Distributor" means a person engaged in the sale of products for resale
6	or further processing for resale.
7	(13)(a) "Business inventory" means the aggregate of those items of tangible
8	personal property that are held for sale in the ordinary course of business, are
9	currently in the process of production for subsequent sale, or are to physically
10	become a part of the production of goods.
11	(b) "Business inventory" shall include the following:
12	(i) Goods or commodities awaiting sale including but not limited to the
13	merchandise of a retail or wholesale concern, the finished goods of a manufacturer,
14	the commodities from farms, mines, and quarries, and goods that are used or trade-in
15	merchandise and by-products of a manufacturer.
16	(ii) Goods or commodities that are in the course of production.
16 17	(ii) Goods or commodities that are in the course of production. (iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana
17	(iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana
17 18	(iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process.
17 18 19	(iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is
17 18 19 20	(iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately
17 18 19 20 21	(iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately be sold by the retailer. For purposes of this Item, the term "short-term rental" means
17 18 19 20 21 22	 (iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately be sold by the retailer. For purposes of this Item, the term "short-term rental" means a rental of an item of tangible personal property for a period of less than three
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 (iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately be sold by the retailer. For purposes of this Item, the term "short-term rental" means a rental of an item of tangible personal property for a period of less than three hundred sixty-five days, for an undefined period, or under an open-ended agreement.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately be sold by the retailer. For purposes of this Item, the term "short-term rental" means a rental of an item of tangible personal property for a period of less than three hundred sixty-five days, for an undefined period, or under an open-ended agreement. (c) "Business inventory" shall not include the following:
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 (iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately be sold by the retailer. For purposes of this Item, the term "short-term rental" means a rental of an item of tangible personal property for a period of less than three hundred sixty-five days, for an undefined period, or under an open-ended agreement. (c) "Business inventory" shall not include the following: (i) Oil stored in tanks held by a producer prior to the first sale of the oil, and
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	(iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately be sold by the retailer. For purposes of this Item, the term "short-term rental" means a rental of an item of tangible personal property for a period of less than three hundred sixty-five days, for an undefined period, or under an open-ended agreement. (c) "Business inventory" shall not include the following: (i) Oil stored in tanks held by a producer prior to the first sale of the oil, and oil otherwise exempt from ad valorem taxation pursuant to law.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 (iii) Raw materials and supplies that will be consumed in the Louisiana manufacturing process. (iv) Any item of tangible personal property owned by a retailer that is available for or subject to a short-term rental and that will subsequently or ultimately be sold by the retailer. For purposes of this Item, the term "short-term rental" means a rental of an item of tangible personal property for a period of less than three hundred sixty-five days, for an undefined period, or under an open-ended agreement. (c) "Business inventory" shall not include the following: (i) Oil stored in tanks held by a producer prior to the first sale of the oil, and oil otherwise exempt from ad valorem taxation pursuant to law. (ii) Items that would otherwise be considered inventory at any time following

1	(iii) Items that would otherwise be considered inventory any time after the
2	taxpayer has commenced depreciating the item on the taxpayer's federal tax return.
3	The provisions of this Item shall not include the rental of tangible personal property
4	as provided for in Item (b)(iv) of this Paragraph.
5	(iv) Items that have been subject to use by the taxpayer when owned for more
6	than eighteen months. The provisions of this Item shall not include the rental of
7	tangible personal property as provided for in Item (b)(iv) of this Paragraph.
8	(v) Items that are otherwise exempt from ad valorem taxation pursuant to
9	law, including goods, commodities, or personal property stored in the state for use
10	in interstate commerce.
11	(14) "Manufacturer" means one of the following:
12	(a) A person engaged in the business of working raw materials into wares
13	suitable for use or which gives new shapes, qualities, or combinations to matter
14	which already has gone through some artificial process.
15	(b) A person who meets the definition of "manufacturer" as provided in
16	Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph and who has claimed an ad valorem exemption
17	pursuant to a contract with the State Board of Commerce and Industry as permitted
18	by law for manufacturing establishments, during the taxable year in which the local
19	inventory taxes were levied.
20	(15) "Retailer" means a person engaged in the sale of products to the ultimate
21	consumer. The term "retailer" shall also include a person engaged in the short-term
22	rental of tangible personal property classified under code numbers 532412 and
23	532310 of the North American Industry Classification System published by the
24	United States Bureau of the Census as the code numbers existed in 2022 and who is
25	registered with the Department of Revenue, or its successor, as a retailer as defined
26	in this Paragraph.
27	§1703. Exemptions
28	A. Generally. (1) Effective January 1, 1978, and thereafter, there The
29	following property shall be exempt from state, parish, and special ad valorem taxes:
30	all property which is declared to be exempt from taxation by Sections 20 and 21 of

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1	Article VII of the Constitution and pursuant to the authority contained in Section 17
2	of Article VI of the Constitution, and no other. However, the exemption for a bona
3	fide homestead, as defined in Subparagraph (1) of Paragraph A of Section 20 of
4	Article VII of the Constitution, for the years 1978 through 1981 only, and in the
5	parish of Orleans through 1982 only, shall be five thousand dollars of assessed
6	valuation. Effective on the first day in January in each parish, in the year in which
7	the appraisal and valuation provisions of Paragraph (F) of Section 18 of Article VII
8	of the Constitution of Louisiana are implemented and thereafter, the exemption, for
9	a bona fide homestead exemption as defined in Section 20 of Article VII of the
10	Constitution, shall be seven thousand, five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation.
11	(2) Any taxpayer entitled to the homestead exemption set forth in Article
12	VII, Section 20 of the Constitution of Louisiana must own and occupy the homestead
13	on or before December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the exemption is
14	claimed regardless of its homestead exemption status as of January first of the
15	calendar year in which the homestead exemption is claimed.
16	B. Orleans Parish. In the parish of Orleans, the status of real and personal
17	property on the first day of August of each year, except as provided in Paragraph
18	(A)(2) of this Section, shall determine its liability for exemption from taxation for
19	the following calendar year.
20	C. Penalties for false statements. Any person who, either in his individual
21	or representative capacity, knowingly makes any false statement or knowingly
22	furnishes any false information in any affidavit or other document that he may
23	present for the purpose of procuring or attempting to procure this tax exemption or
24	benefit under the provisions of this Section, or who knowingly, for the purpose of
25	securing such tax exemption, presents any affidavit or other document containing
26	any false statement, or any person aiding, assisting or abetting any such person in
27	unlawfully and knowingly securing or attempting to secure any such tax exemption,
28	with knowledge of such false or illegal application or such false statement, shall be
29	guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as hereinafter provided.

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1	Any assessor, deputy assessor, or other official, clerk or employee of the state
2	or any of its political subdivisions, who knowingly reports, lists, or claims any
3	property on which exemption from taxes under Sections 20 and 21 of Article VII of
4	the constitution has been applied for, to be subject to a higher millage for taxation
5	purposes than is the true millage applicable thereto, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor,
6	punishable as hereinafter provided.
7	Upon conviction for a violation of any of the provisions of this Subsection
8	the offender shall be punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor
9	more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment of not less than one month, nor
10	more than six months, or both.
11	D. Undivided ownership. The exemption for a bona fide homestead, as
12	provided for in Subsection A of this Section, when occupied by an heir in the direct
13	line in undivided ownership shall be granted to the full extent provided no other
14	homestead exemption is claimed by that person.
15	E. For property damaged during a disaster or emergency, the following shall
16	apply:
17	(1)(a) Any homestead receiving the homestead exemption that is damaged
18	or destroyed during a disaster or emergency declared by the governor whose owner
19	is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a calendar
20	year due to such damage or destruction shall be entitled to claim the exemption by
21	filing with the assessor of the parish in which the homestead was located, an annual
22	affidavit of intent to return and reoccupy the homestead within a period of five years
23	from December thirty-first of the tax year in which the disaster occurred. In no event
24	shall more than one homestead exemption extend or apply to any person in this state.
25	(b) For homesteads qualifying for the homestead exemption under the
26	provisions of this Paragraph, after expiration of the five-year period, the owner of a
27	homestead shall be entitled to claim and keep the exemption for a period not to
28	exceed two additional years by filing an annual affidavit of intent to return and
•	
29	reoccupy the homestead with the assessor within the parish where the homestead is
29 30	reoccupy the homestead with the assessor within the parish where the homestead is situated. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension only if the homeowner's

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1 damage claim to repair or rebuild the damaged or destroyed homestead is filed and 2 pending in a formal appeal process with any federal, state, or local government 3 agency or program offering grants or assistance for repairing or rebuilding damaged 4 or destroyed homes as a result of the disaster, or if a homeowner has a damage claim 5 filed and pending against the insurer of the property. The assessor shall require the 6 homeowner to provide official documentation from the government agency or 7 program evidencing the homeowner's participation in the formal appeal process or 8 official documentation evidencing the homeowner has a damage claim filed and 9 pending against the insurer of the property.

10 (c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subparagraph (b) of this 11 Paragraph, an assessor shall have the authority to grant up to three additional one-12 year extensions of the homestead exemption on a case-by-case basis. A homeowner 13 shall only be eligible for an additional extension if the owner has made a good faith 14 attempt to secure a contractor or builder to complete the needed repairs or reconstruction of the home but is unable to complete the project due to 15 16 uncontrollable contractor or builder delays. In order to qualify for this extension, the 17 homeowner shall provide to the assessor documentation evidencing good faith in 18 attempting to secure a contractor or builder to complete the project.

19 (2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in Article 20 VII, Section 18(G) of the Constitution of Louisiana who is unable to occupy the 21 homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to 22 damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared 23 by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the 24 homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead 25 provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the owner within five-26 years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster. The assessed 27 value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located prior to its 28 damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior to the 29 damage or destruction described in this Paragraph. If the property owner receives a 30 homestead exemption on another homestead during the same five-year period, the

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1damaged or destroyed property shall not be entitled to keep the special assessment2level, and the land and buildings shall be assessed in that year at the percentage of3fair market value set forth in the constitution. In addition, the owner must also4maintain the homestead exemption set forth in Article VII, Section 20(A)(10) of the5Constitution of Louisiana to qualify for the special assessment level set forth in6Article VII, Section 18(G)(5) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

7 (b) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level as provided for in this 8 Paragraph who is unable to reoccupy his homestead within five years from 9 December thirty-first of the year following the disaster shall be eligible for an 10 extension of the special assessment level on the homestead for a period not to exceed 11 two years. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension only if the homeowner's 12 damage claim is filed and pending in a formal appeal process with any federal, state, 13 or local government agency or program offering grants or assistance for repairing or 14 rebuilding damaged or destroyed homes as a result of the disaster, or if a homeowner 15 has a damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the property. The 16 homeowner shall apply for this extension of the special assessment level with the 17 assessor of the parish in which the homestead is located. The assessor shall require 18 the homeowner to provide official documentation from the government agency or 19 program evidencing the homeowner's participation in the formal appeal process or 20 official documentation evidencing the homeowner has a damage claim filed and 21 pending against the insurer of the property.

22 (c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subparagraph (b) of this 23 Paragraph, an assessor shall have the authority to grant up to three additional one-24 year extensions of the special assessment level on a case-by-case basis. A 25 homeowner shall only be eligible for an additional extension if the owner has made 26 a good faith attempt to secure a contractor or builder to complete the needed repairs 27 or reconstruction of the home but is unable to complete the project due to 28 uncontrollable contractor or builder delays. In order to qualify for this extension, the 29 homeowner shall provide to the assessor documentation evidencing good faith in 30 attempting to secure a contractor or builder to complete the project.

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1	(1) Public lands and other public property used for public purposes. Land or
2	property owned by another state or owned by a political subdivision of another state
3	shall not be exempt under this Section.
4	(2)(a)(i) Property owned by a nonprofit corporation or association organized
5	and operated exclusively for religious, dedicated places of burial, charitable, health,
6	welfare, fraternal, or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inure
7	to the benefit of any private shareholder or member thereof and that is declared to
8	be exempt from federal or state income tax.
9	(ii) Medical equipment leased for a term exceeding five years to a nonprofit
10	corporation or association that owns or operates a small, rural hospital and that uses
11	the equipment solely for healthcare purposes at the hospital, provided that the
12	property shall be exempt only during the term of the lease to such corporation or
13	association, and further provided that "small, rural hospital" shall mean a hospital
14	that meets all of the following criteria:
15	(aa) It has less than fifty Medicare-licensed acute care beds.
16	(bb) It is located in a municipality with a population of less than ten
17	thousand that has been classified as an area with a shortage of health workforce by
18	the United States Department of Health and Human Services, or its successor.
19	(b) Property leased to a nonprofit corporation or association for use solely as
20	housing for homeless persons, as defined by regulation adopted by the Louisiana Tax
21	Commission or its successor provided that the term of the lease shall be for at least
22	five years, that as a condition of entering into the lease the property be in compliance
23	with all applicable health and sanitation codes for use as housing for homeless
24	persons, that the lease shall provide that compensation to be paid to the lessor shall
25	not exceed one dollar per year, and that such contract of lease shall recite that the
26	property shall be used exclusively for the purpose of housing the homeless, and
27	further provided that at such time as the property is no longer used solely as housing
28	for homeless persons, the property shall no longer be exempt from taxation.
29	(c) Property of a bona fide labor organization representing its members or
30	affiliates in collective bargaining efforts.

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1	(d) Property of an organization such as a lodge or club organized for
2	charitable and fraternal purposes and practicing the same, and property of a nonprofit
3	corporation devoted to promoting trade, travel, and commerce, and also property of
4	a trade, business, industry or professional society or association, if that property is
5	owned by a nonprofit corporation or association organized under the laws of this
6	state for such purposes.
7	(e)(i) None of the property listed in this Paragraph shall be exempt if owned,
8	operated, leased, or used for commercial purposes unrelated to the exempt purposes
9	of the corporation or association.
10	(ii) None of the property listed in this Paragraph shall be exempt if the
11	property is owned by a nonprofit corporation or association and the governing
12	authority of the municipality or parish in which the property is located determines
13	all of the following:
14	(aa) The property is leased as housing, is in a state of disrepair, and
15	manifests conditions which endanger the health or safety of the public.
16	(bb) The owner of the property habitually neglects maintenance of the
17	property as evidenced by three or more sustained code enforcement violations issued
18	for the property in the prior twelve months for matters that endanger the health or
19	safety of residents of the property or of persons in the area surrounding the property.
20	For purposes of this Subitem, matters deemed to endanger health or safety include
21	structural instability due to deterioration; injurious or toxic ventilation; contaminated
22	or inoperable water supply; holes, breaks, rotting materials, or mold in walls; roof
23	defects that admit rain; unsecured overhang extensions in danger of collapse; a
24	hazardous electrical system; improper connection of fuel-burning appliances or
25	equipment; an inactive or inoperable fire detection system; an unsecured or
26	contaminated swimming pool; or any combination of these.
27	(iii) An ad valorem tax exemption denied or revoked pursuant to the
28	provisions of Item (ii) of this Subparagraph may be issued or reinstated if the
29	governing authority of the municipality or parish in which the property is located
30	determines that the conditions enumerated in his Subparagraph no longer exist.

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1	(3) Cash on hand or deposit.
2	(4) Stocks and bonds, except bank stocks, the tax on which shall be paid by
3	the banking institution.
4	(5) Obligations secured by mortgage on property located in Louisiana and
5	the notes or other evidence thereof.
6	(6) Loans by life insurance companies to policyholders, if secured solely by
7	their policies.
8	(7) The legal reserve of domestic life insurance companies.
9	(8) Loans by a homestead or building and loan association to its members,
10	if secured solely by stock of the association.
11	(9) Debts due for merchandise or other articles of commerce or for services
12	rendered.
13	(10) Obligations of the state or its political subdivisions.
14	(11) Personal property used in the home or on loan in a public place.
15	(12) Irrevocably dedicated places of burial held by individuals for purposes
16	of burial of themselves or members of their families.
17	(13) Agricultural products while owned by the producer, agricultural
18	machinery, and other implements used exclusively for agricultural purposes, animals
19	on the farm, and property belonging to an agricultural fair association.
20	(14) Property used for cultural, Mardi Gras carnival, or civic activities and
21	not operated for profit to the owners.
22	(15) Rights-of-way granted to the Department of Transportation and
23	Development.
24	(16) Boats using gasoline as motor fuel.
25	(17) Commercial vessels used for gathering seafood for human consumption.
26	(18) Ships and oceangoing tugs, towboats, and barges engaged in
27	international trade and domiciled in Louisiana ports. However, this exemption shall
28	not apply to harbor, wharf, shed, and other port dues or to any vessel operated in the
29	coastal trade of the states of the United States.

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1	(19) Materials, boiler fuels, and energy sources used by public utilities to
2	fuel the generation of electricity.
3	(20) All incorporeal movables of any kind or nature whatsoever, except
4	public service properties, bank stocks, and credit assessments on premiums written
5	in Louisiana by insurance companies and loan and finance companies. For purposes
6	of this Section, incorporeal movables shall have the meaning set forth in the
7	Louisiana Civil Code of 1870, as amended.
8	(21) All artwork including sculptures, glass works, paintings, drawings,
9	signed and numbered posters, photographs, mixed media, collages, or any other item
10	which would be considered as the material result of a creative endeavor which is
11	listed as a consignment article by an art dealer.
12	(22)(a) Raw materials, goods, commodities, and articles imported into this
13	state from outside the states of the United States provided that one of the following
14	conditions is met:
15	(i) The imports remain on the public property of the port authority or docks
16	of the common carrier where they first entered this state.
17	(ii) The imports, other than minerals and ores of the same kind as any mined
18	or produced in this state and manufactured articles, are held in this state in the
19	original form in bales, sacks, barrels, boxes, cartons, containers, or other original
20	packages, and raw materials held in bulk as all or a part of the new material
21	inventory of manufacturers or processors, solely for manufacturing or processing.
22	(iii) The imports are held by an importer in any public or private storage in
23	the original form in bales, sacks, barrels, boxes, cartons, containers, or other original
24	packages and agricultural products in bulk. This exemption shall not apply to these
25	imports when held by a retail merchant as part of his stock-in-trade for sale at retail.
26	(b) Raw materials, goods, commodities, and other articles being held on the
27	public property of a port authority, on docks of any common carrier, or in a
28	warehouse, grain elevator, dock, wharf, or public storage facility in this state for
29	export to a point outside the states of the United States.

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1	(c) Goods, commodities, and personal property in public or private storage
2	while in transit through this state which are moving in interstate commerce through
3	or over the territory of the state or which are in public or private storage within
4	Louisiana, having been shipped from outside Louisiana for storage in transit to a
5	final destination outside Louisiana, whether such destination was specified when
6	transportation began or afterward.
7	(d) Property described in this Paragraph, whether or not entitled to
8	exemption, shall be reported to the proper taxing authority on the forms required by
9	law.
10	(23) Motor vehicles used on the public highways of this state, from state,
11	parish, municipal, and special ad valorem taxes.
12	(24)(a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, the State
13	Board of Commerce and Industry or its successor, with the approval of the governor,
14	may enter into contracts for the exemption from ad valorem taxes of a new
15	manufacturing establishment or an addition to an existing manufacturing
16	establishment, on terms and conditions the board, with the approval of the governor,
17	deems in the best interest of the state.
18	(b) The exemption shall be for an initial term of no more than five calendar
19	years and may be renewed for an additional five years. All property exempted shall
20	be listed on the assessment rolls and submitted to the Louisiana Tax Commission or
21	its successor, but no taxes shall be collected on the exempted property during the
22	period of exemption.
23	(c) The terms "manufacturing establishment" and "addition" as used in this
24	Paragraph means a new plant or establishment or an addition or additions to any
25	existing plant or establishment which engages in the business of working raw
26	materials into wares suitable for use or which gives new shapes, qualities, or
27	combinations to matter which already has gone through some artificial process.
28	(25) Coal or lignite stockpiled in Louisiana for use in Louisiana for industrial
29	or manufacturing purposes or for boiler fuel, gasification, feedstock, or process
30	purposes.

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1	(26) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, the State Board
2	of Commerce and Industry or its successor, with the approval of the governor and
3	the local governing authority, may enter into contracts granting to a property owner,
4	who proposes the expansion, restoration, improvement, or development of an
5	existing structure or structures in a downtown, historic, or economic development
6	district established by a local governing authority or in accordance with law, the right
7	for an initial term of five years after completion of the work to pay ad valorem taxes
8	based upon the assessed valuation of the property for the year prior to the
9	commencement of the expansion, restoration, improvement, or development.
10	Contracts may be renewed, subject to the same conditions, for an additional five
11	years extending such right for a total of ten years from completion of the work.
12	(27)(a) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section, the authority
13	or district charged with economic development of each parish may enter into
14	contracts for the exemption from parish, municipal, and special ad valorem taxes of
15	goods held in inventory by distribution centers. In the absence of the existence of an
16	economic development authority or district, the parish governing authority may grant
17	contracts of exemption as are provided for in this Paragraph.
18	(b) The contract for exemption shall be on the terms and to the extent, up to
19	and including the full assessed valuation of the goods held in inventory, as the
20	economic development authority or district deems in the best interest of the parish.
21	However, prior to entering into each individual contract, the economic development
22	authority or district must request and receive written approval of the contract,
23	including its terms and an estimated fiscal impact, from each affected tax recipient
24	body in the parish, as evidenced by a favorable vote of a majority of the members of
25	the governing authority of the tax recipient body. Failure to receive all required
26	approvals from the tax recipient bodies before entering into a contract shall render
27	the contract absolutely null and void.
28	(c) The term "distribution center" as used in this Paragraph means an
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29	establishment engaged in the sale of products for resale or further processing for

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1	products which have been given new shapes, qualities, or combinations through
2	some artificial process and does not include raw materials such as natural gas, crude
3	oil, sulphur, or timber or goods or products held for sale to consumers.
4	(28)(a) Drilling rigs used exclusively for the exploration and development
5	of minerals outside the territorial limits of the state in Outer Continental Shelf waters
6	which are within the state for the purpose of being stored or stacked for use outside
7	the territorial limits of the state, or for the purpose of being converted, renovated, or
8	repaired, and any property in the state for the purpose of being incorporated in, or to
9	be used in the operation of the drilling rigs.
10	(b) The exemption provided in this Paragraph shall be applicable in any
11	parish in which the exemption has been approved by a majority of the electors of the
12	parish voting thereon at an election called for that purpose.
13	(29)(a)(i) In addition to the homestead exemption, provided pursuant to
14	Article VII, Section 34 of the Constitution of Louisiana, which applies to the first
15	seven thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of property, the next
16	two thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of property receiving the
17	homestead exemption that is owned and occupied by a veteran with a
18	service-connected disability rating of fifty percent or more but less than seventy
19	percent by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs shall be exempt from
20	ad valorem taxation. The surviving spouse of a deceased veteran with a
21	service-connected disability rating of fifty percent or more but less than seventy
22	percent by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs shall be eligible for this
23	exemption if the surviving spouse occupies and remains the owner of the property,
24	whether or not the exemption was in effect on the property prior to the death of the
25	veteran. If property eligible for the exemption provided for in this Item has an
26	assessed value in excess of ten thousand dollars, ad valorem property taxes shall
27	apply to the assessment in excess of ten thousand dollars.
28	(ii) In addition to the homestead exemption, provided pursuant to Article
29	VII, Section 34 of the Constitution of Louisiana, which applies to the first seven
30	thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of property, the next four

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30

1	thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of property owned and
2	occupied by a veteran with a service-connected disability rating of seventy percent
3	or more but less than one hundred percent by the United States Department of
4	Veterans Affairs shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation. The surviving spouse of
5	a deceased veteran with a service-connected disability rating of seventy percent or
6	more but less than one hundred percent by the United States Department of Veterans
7	Affairs shall be eligible for this exemption if the surviving spouse occupies and
8	remains the owner of the property, whether or not the exemption was in effect on the
9	property prior to the death of the veteran. If property eligible for the exemption
10	provided for in this Item has an assessed value in excess of twelve thousand dollars,
11	ad valorem property taxes shall apply to the assessment in excess of twelve thousand
12	dollars.
13	(iii) In addition to the homestead exemption, provided pursuant to Article
14	VII, Section 34 of the Constitution of Louisiana, which applies to the first seven
15	thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of property, the remaining
16	assessed valuation of property receiving the homestead exemption that is owned and
17	occupied by a veteran with a service-connected disability rating of one hundred
18	percent unemployability or totally disabled by the United States Department of
19	Veterans Affairs shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation. The surviving spouse of
20	a deceased veteran with a service-connected disability rating of one hundred percent
21	unemployability or totally disabled by the United States Department of Veterans
22	Affairs shall be eligible for this exemption if the surviving spouse occupies and
23	remains the owner of the property, whether or not the exemption was in effect on the
24	property prior to the death of the veteran.
25	(b) Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, the property
26	assessment of a property for which an exemption established pursuant to this
27	Paragraph has been claimed, to the extent of the applicable exemption, shall not be
28	treated as taxable property for purposes of any subsequent reappraisals and valuation
29	for millage adjustment purposes. The decrease in the total amount of ad valorem tax
•	

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collected by a taxing authority as a result of the exemption shall be absorbed by the

1	taxing authority and shall not create any additional tax liability for other taxpayers
2	in the taxing district as a result of any subsequent reappraisal and valuation or
3	millage adjustment. Implementation of the exemption authorized in this Paragraph
4	shall neither trigger nor be cause for a reappraisal of property or an adjustment of
5	millages.
6	(c) A trust shall be eligible for the exemption provided for in this Paragraph.
7	(30)(a) Except as otherwise provided herein, property owned or leased by,
8	and used by, a targeted nonmanufacturing business in the operation of its facility,
9	including buildings, improvements, equipment, and other property necessary or
10	beneficial to such operation, according to a program and pursuant to contracts of
11	exemption which contain such terms and conditions. Land underlying the facility and
12	other property pertaining to the facility on which ad valorem taxes have previously
13	been paid, inventories, consumables, and property eligible for the manufacturing
14	exemption provided by Paragraph (24) of this Subsection, shall not be exempt
15	pursuant to this Paragraph.
16	(b) Ad valorem taxes shall apply to the assessed valuation of the first ten
17	million dollars or ten percent of fair market value, whichever is greater, and this
18	amount of property shall not be exempt pursuant to this Paragraph.
19	(c) A targeted nonmanufacturing business means at least fifty percent of such
20	business's total annual sales from a site or sites in the state is to out-of-state
21	customers or buyers, or to in-state customers or buyers but the product or service is
22	resold by the purchaser to an out-of-state customer or buyer for ultimate use, or to
23	the federal government, or any combination thereof.
24	(d) A contract for the exemption shall be available only in parishes which
25	have agreed to participate.
26	(31)(a) There is hereby established an exemption from ad valorem tax for the
27	total assessed value of the homestead of the unmarried surviving spouse of a person
28	who died under the conditions enumerated in Item (b)(i) of this Paragraph, and if the
29	conditions established in Item (b)(ii) of this Paragraph are met.

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1	(b)(i) The exemption shall apply beginning in the tax year in which any of
2	the following persons died:
3	(aa) A member of the armed forces of the United States or Louisiana
4	National Guard who died while on active duty.
5	(bb) A state police officer who died while on duty.
6	(cc) A law enforcement or fire protection officer who qualified for the salary
7	supplement authorized in Article VII, Section 14(D)(3) of the Constitution of
8	Louisiana who died while on duty or who would have qualified if he had completed
9	the first year of his employment before his death.
10	(dd) An emergency medical responder, technician, or paramedic, as such
11	terms may be defined by law, who died while performing the duties of their
12	employment.
13	(ee) A volunteer firefighter, verified by the office of the state fire marshal
14	to have died while performing firefighting duties.
15	(ii)(aa) The property is eligible for the homestead exemption and the
16	property was the residence of a person listed within Item (i) of this Subparagraph at
17	the time of that person's death.
18	(bb) The surviving spouse has not remarried.
19	(cc) The surviving spouse annually provides evidence of their eligibility for
20	the exemption in accordance with the requirements of Subparagraph (c) of this
21	Paragraph.
22	(c) Each assessor shall establish a procedure whereby a person may annually
23	apply for the exemption. Eligibility for the exemption shall be established by the
24	production of documents and certification of information by the surviving spouse to
25	the assessor as follows:
26	(i) In an initial application for the exemption, the surviving spouse shall
27	produce documentation issued by their deceased spouse's employer evidencing the
28	death.

1	(ii) For purposes of the continuation of an existing exemption, the surviving
2	spouse shall annually provide a sworn statement to the assessor attesting to the fact
3	that the surviving spouse has not remarried.
4	(d) Once an unmarried surviving spouse has qualified for and taken the
5	exemption, if the surviving spouse then acquires a different property which qualifies
6	for the homestead exemption, the surviving spouse shall be entitled to an exemption
7	on that subsequent homestead, the exemption being limited in value to the amount
8	of the exemption claimed on the prior homestead in the last year for which the
9	exemption was claimed. The assessor may require the submission of certain
10	information concerning the amount of the exemption on the prior homestead for
11	purposes of determining the extent of the exemption available for the subsequent
12	homestead.
13	(e) A trust shall be eligible for the exemption provided for in this Paragraph.
14	(32)(a) All property delivered to a construction project site for the purpose
15	of incorporating the property into any tract of land, building, or other construction
16	as a component part, including the type of property that may be deemed to be a
17	component part once placed on an immovable for its service and improvement
18	pursuant to the provisions of the Louisiana Civil Code of 1870. The exemption
19	provided for in this Paragraph shall be applicable until the construction project for
20	which the property has been delivered is complete. A construction project shall be
21	deemed complete when construction is finished to the extent that the project can be
22	used or occupied for its intended purpose. A construction project shall not be deemed
23	complete during its inspection, testing, or commissioning stages, as defined by
24	reasonable industry standards.
25	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph,
26	this exemption shall not apply to any of the following:
27	(i) Any portion of a construction project that is complete, available for its
28	intended use, or operational on the date that property is assessed.

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1	(ii) For projects constructed in two or more distinct phases, any phase of the
2	construction project that is complete, available for its intended use, or operational on
3	the date the property is assessed.
4	(iii) Any public service property, unless the public service property is
5	otherwise eligible for an exemption provided by any other provision of law.
6	(33)(a) In addition to the homestead exemption provided pursuant to Article
7	VII, Section 34 of the Constitution of Louisiana, which applies to the first seven
8	thousand five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of property, a parish
9	governing authority may approve an ad valorem tax exemption of up to two thousand
10	five hundred dollars of the assessed valuation of property receiving the homestead
11	exemption that is owned and occupied by a qualified first responder.
12	(b) For the purposes of this Paragraph, "first responder" means a volunteer
13	firefighter who has completed within the tax year no fewer than twenty-four hours
14	of firefighter continuing education and is an active member of the Louisiana State
15	Firemen's Association or is on the departmental personnel roster of the Volunteer
16	Firefighter Insurance Program of the office of state fire marshal. For the purposes of
17	this Paragraph, "first responder" means a full-time public employee whose duties
18	include responding rapidly to an emergency and who resides in the same parish in
19	which their employer is located. The term includes the following:
20	(i) Peace officer, which means any sheriff, police officer, or other person
21	deputized by proper authority to serve as a peace officer.
22	(ii) Fire protection personnel.
23	(iii) An individual certified as emergency medical services personnel.
24	(iv) An emergency response operator or emergency services dispatcher who
25	provides communication support services for an agency by responding to requests
26	for assistance in emergencies.
27	(c) The exemption provided for in this Paragraph shall only apply in a parish
28	if it is approved by the parish governing authority.
29	(d) Each tax assessor shall establish a procedure whereby a person may
30	annually apply for the exemption which shall include the production of documents

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1	by the first responder. In the application for the exemption, the first responder shall
2	produce documentation issued by his employer evidencing employment for the
3	taxable period for which the exemption is being requested.
4	(e) Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, any decrease
5	in the total amount of ad valorem tax collected by the taxing authority as a result of
6	an ad valorem tax exemption granted pursuant to this Paragraph shall be absorbed
7	by the taxing authority and shall not create any additional tax liability for other
8	taxpayers in the taxing district as a result of any subsequent reappraisal and valuation
9	or millage adjustment. Implementation of the exemption authorized in this Paragraph
10	shall neither trigger nor be cause for a reappraisal of property or an adjustment of
11	millages.
12	B.(1) There shall be an optional ad valorem tax exemption on items
13	constituting business inventory, including goods which are held for sale and goods
14	in production or for ultimate consumption in the production of goods or services for
15	sale.
16	(2) The exemption provided for in this Subsection shall only apply in
17	parishes in which the sheriff, school board, and the parish governing authority elect
18	to exempt business inventory from ad valorem taxation.
19	(3) The exemption election shall be evidenced in writing and shall indicate
20	if the parish will implement the full exemption immediately or over a period not to
21	exceed five years. The election shall be made no later than July 1, 2026, and shall be
22	applicable to taxable periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. Any election
23	made pursuant to this Subsection shall be irrevocable.
24	(4)(a) A parish electing to exempt items constituting business inventory shall
25	receive a payment in accordance with Article VII, Section 37 of the Constitution of
26	Louisiana and R.S. 39:100.112. The tax collector of each parish electing to exempt
27	items constituting business inventory shall distribute the monies received from the
28	treasurer on a pro rata basis to each taxing authority that levies an ad valorem tax
29	within the parish. The treasurer shall disburse monies to the collector within thirty
30	days of receipt of a certification from the secretary of the Department of Revenue

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1	that the parish has irrevocably elected to exempt business inventory from ad valored		
2	tax.		
3	(b) Any paris	h that elects to exempt one	hundred percent of business
4	inventory from ad val	orem tax and implements the	exemption immediately shall
5	receive a payment equ	al to the greater of thrice the	amount of ad valorem taxes
6	collected on business in	nventory within the parish for	the 2023 tax year as calculated
7	in the chart provided fo	r in Subparagraph (d) of this Pa	ragraph or one million dollars.
8			e pursuant to the provisions of
9		l not exceed fifteen million do	
10			emption of business inventory
11	<u> </u>	•	
			years shall receive a payment
12	equal to the greater of	of the amount of ad valorem	taxes collected on business
13	inventory within the pa	arish for the 2023 tax year as ca	alculated in the chart provided
14	for in Subparagraph (d)	of this Paragraph or five hundr	red thousand dollars. However,
15	the maximum amoun	t a parish may receive pursu	ant to the provisions of this
16	Subparagraph shall no	t exceed ten million dollars.	
17	(d) Payments	to parishes electing to exemp	ot items constituting business
18	inventory shall be as for	bllows:	
19	Parish	Payment amount if	Payment amount if
		property is immediately	property is exempt from ad
		exempt from ad valorem	valorem tax through a
		tax	phase-in
20	ACADIA	<u>\$8,064,687</u>	<u>\$2,688,229</u>
21	ALLEN	\$4,649,178	<u>\$1,549,726</u>
22	ASCENSION	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
23	ASSUMPTION	<u>\$12,643,215</u>	<u>\$4,214,405</u>
24	AVOYELLES	\$3,311,623	<u>\$1,103,874</u>
25	BEAUREGARD	<u>\$10,698,616</u>	<u>\$3,566,205</u>
26	BIENVILLE	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$9,803,655</u>
27	BOSSIER	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
28	CADDO	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>

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1	CALCASIEU	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
2	CALDWELL	<u>\$1,000,000</u>	\$500,000
3	CAMERON	<u>\$11,841,732</u>	<u>\$3,947,244</u>
4	CATAHOULA	<u>\$1,000,000</u>	\$500,000
5	CLAIBORNE	<u>\$1,000,000</u>	\$500,000
6	CONCORDIA	<u>\$2,591,401</u>	\$863,800
7	DESOTO	<u>\$4,506,854</u>	\$1,502,285
8	EAST BATON ROUGE	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
9	EAST CARROLL	<u>\$2,942,280</u>	<u>\$980,760</u>
10	EAST FELICIANA	\$2,361,471	\$787,157
11	EVANGELINE	\$9,014,235	\$3,004,745
12	FRANKLIN	\$4,100,553	\$1,366,851
13	GRANT	\$2,996,249	\$998,750
14	IBERIA	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$5,485,411</u>
15	IBERVILLE	\$15,000,000	\$10,000,000
16	JACKSON	<u>\$2,334,131</u>	\$778,044
17	JEFFERSON	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
18	JEFFERSON DAVIS	\$5,318,676	\$1,772,892
19	LAFAYETTE	\$15,000,000	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
20	LAFOURCHE	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	\$6,119,490
21	LASALLE	\$3,686,862	\$1,228,954
22	LINCOLN	<u>\$8,279,452</u>	\$2,759,817
23	LIVINGSTON	<u>\$13,489,157</u>	\$4,496,386
24	MADISON	\$3,868,362	\$1,289,454
25	MOREHOUSE	\$4,726,058	<u>\$1,575,353</u>
26	NATCHITOCHES	\$6,077,027	\$2,025,676
27	ORLEANS	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	\$10,000,000
28	<u>OUACHITA</u>	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
29	PLAQUEMINES	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	\$8,442,726
30	POINTE COUPEE	\$3,399,273	\$1,133,091
31	RAPIDES	\$15,000,000	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
32	RED RIVER	<u>\$1,421,703</u>	\$500,000
33	RICHLAND	\$5,095,444	<u>\$1,698,481</u>
34	SABINE	\$2,046,475	\$682,158
35	ST BERNARD	\$15,000,000	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
36	ST CHARLES	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>

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1	ST HELENA	<u>\$1,000,000</u>	<u>\$500,000</u>
2	ST JAMES	\$15,000,000	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
3	ST JOHN THE BAPTIST	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
4	ST LANDRY	\$15,000,000	<u>\$8,013,535</u>
5	ST MARTIN	\$15,000,000	<u>\$6,128,714</u>
6	ST MARY	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$7,325,494</u>
7	ST TAMMANY	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
8	TANGIPAHOA	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$7,294,402</u>
9	TENSAS	\$1,000,000	<u>\$500,000</u>
10	TERREBONNE	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$8,835,679</u>
11	UNION	\$1,428,985	<u>\$500,000</u>
12	VERMILION	\$4,236,873	<u>\$1,412,291</u>
13	VERNON	\$3,585,481	<u>\$1,195,160</u>
14	WASHINGTON	\$4,904,267	<u>\$1,634,756</u>
15	WEBSTER	\$9,632,542	\$3,210,847
16	WEST BATON ROUGE	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$10,000,000</u>
17	WEST CARROLL	\$1,277,144	<u>\$500,000</u>
18	WEST FELICIANA	\$1,800,699	<u>\$600,233</u>
19	WINN	\$1,964,567	<u>\$654,856</u>

20 (5) A parish may elect to exempt ad valorem tax on items constituting
 21 business inventory at any time, in accordance with the provisions of this Subsection.
 22 However, any parish electing to exempt business inventory from ad valorem tax on
 23 or after July 2, 2026, shall not receive a payment in accordance with Article VII
 24 Section 37 of the Constitution of Louisiana and R.S. 39:100.112.

25 (6) Property for which the exemption authorized in this Subsection has been 26 claimed shall not be treated as taxable property for purposes of any subsequent 27 reappraisals and valuation for millage adjustment purposes pursuant to R.S. 47:1719. 28 Any decrease in the total amount of ad valorem tax collected by a taxing authority 29 as a result of the ad valorem exemption authorized in this Subsection shall be 30 absorbed by the taxing authority and shall not create any additional tax liability for 31 taxpayers in the taxing district as a result of any subsequent reappraisal and valuation 32 or millage adjustment. Implementation of the exemption authorized in this

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1	Subsection shall neither trigger nor be cause for a reappraisal of property or an
2	adjustment of millages pursuant to R.S. 47:1719.
3	§1703.1. Permanent registration of homestead exemption; designated parishes
4	A. The tax assessor for the parishes of Acadia, Allen, Ascension,
5	Assumption, Avoyelles, Beauregard, Bienville, Caddo, Calcasieu, Caldwell,
6	Cameron, Catahoula, Claiborne, Concordia, DeSoto, East Baton Rouge, East Carroll,
7	East Feliciana, Evangeline, Franklin, Grant, Iberia, Iberville, Jackson, Jefferson,
8	Jefferson Davis, Lafayette, Lafourche, LaSalle, Lincoln, Livingston, Morehouse,
9	Natchitoches, Orleans, Ouachita, Pointe Coupee, Rapides, Red River, Richland,
10	Sabine, St. Bernard, St. Helena, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Landry, St.
11	Martin, St. Mary, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, Tensas, Terrebonne, Union, Vermilion,
12	Vernon, Washington, Webster, West Baton Rouge, West Carroll, West Feliciana,
13	and Winn shall provide a form to property owners within the parish for permanent
14	registration for the benefits of the homestead exemption provided for in R.S. 47:1703
15	provided pursuant to Article VII, Section 34 of the Constitution of Louisiana.
16	* * *
17	§1705. Information supplied to assessor and legislative auditor by tax recipient
18	agencies; additional notices
19	* * *
20	B.(1)(a) For any taxing authority with a governing authority membership
21	which is elected by the voters, increases in the millage rate in excess of the rates
22	established as provided by Article VII, Section 23(B) of the Constitution of
23	Louisiana R.S. 47:1719, but not in excess of the prior year's maximum authorized
24	millage rate may be levied by two-thirds vote of the total membership of a taxing
25	authority without further voter approval but only after a public hearing held in
26	accordance with the open meetings law.
27	(b)(i) Any taxing authority with a governing authority membership which
28	is not elected by the voters may increase a millage rate in excess of the rates
29	established as provided in Article VII, Section 23(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana
30	<u>R.S. 47:1719</u> , but not in excess of the prior year's maximum authorized millage rate.

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1	Such The increased millage shall also be limited to an amount which would increase
2	the ad valorem taxes collected by the taxing authority by no more than two and
3	one-half percent of the collections for the calendar year immediately preceding the
4	year for which the increased millage rate is effective.
5	* * *
6	(2) In order to accomplish this result, the following shall be mandatory:
7	(a) Each tax recipient body shall adopt an ordinance or resolution which
8	shall set forth and designate the adjusted millage rate as required by Article VII,
9	Section 23(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1719.
10	(b) Each tax recipient body shall adopt another separate ordinance or
11	resolution which shall provide for such the millage rate increases by two-thirds vote
12	and shall set forth and designate not only the increased millage rate but also the
13	adjusted millage rate as required in Subparagraph (a) above of this Paragraph and by
14	Article VII, Section 23(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1719.
15	(c)(i) In addition to any notice requirements provided for in Article VII,
16	Section 23(C) of the Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1719 and this Section, any tax
17	recipient body which proposes to hold a public hearing in any tax year for the
18	purpose of levying additional or increased millages on property without further voter
19	approval shall publish, by the date provided for in Item (ii) of this Subparagraph,
20	public notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing. The notice shall contain a
21	statement that the tax recipient body intends to consider at the hearing levying
22	additional or increased millage rates without further voter approval. It shall also
23	contain the following information relating to the proposal for the increased millage
24	sought under pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.
25	* * *
26	(ii) (aa) The notice shall be published on two separate days, occurring no less
27	than thirty days before the hearing date, in the official journal of the taxing authority,
28	and in another newspaper with a larger circulation within the taxing authority than
29	the official journal of the taxing authority, if there is one. On the first day of
30	publication, the notice shall also be posted on the Internet website of the taxing

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1	authority, if such taxing authority maintains an Internet website. The Internet
2	posting shall remain active until such time as the taxing authority has taken action
3	to approve or disapprove, or has abandoned action on, the proposed millage increase.
4	* * *
5	(d) In addition to the requirements for publication provided for in this
6	Subparagraph (c) of this Paragraph, the tax recipient body shall issue a press release
7	to newspapers with substantial distribution within the parish of the tax recipient's
8	jurisdiction and to area broadcast media.
9	* * *
10	D. In order to carry out the mandate of Article VII, Section 23(B) of the
11	Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1719, the legislative auditor is hereby authorized
12	and required to review the millages levied by each tax recipient body in each year
13	that reassessment occurs to determine whether the millages levied are in compliance
14	with the provisions of this Section and the constitution Constitution of Louisiana.
15	The legislative auditor is also authorized and required to review the millages levied
16	by each tax recipient body in each year in which an increase in millage is made by
17	a two-thirds vote of the total membership of the taxing authority under the provisions
18	of Article VII, Section 23(C) of the Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1719, to
19	determine whether the millage levied is in compliance with the provisions of this
20	Section and the Constitution. The auditor shall order changes in the amount of
21	millage levied if the auditor determines thereafter that a mathematical error or
22	mathematical errors have been made in the calculation of the adjustment of millages
23	as required by this Section and the Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1719.
24	* * *
25	§1707. Exemptions, agricultural machinery and implements, farm structures, and
26	timber logging equipment; definition
27	For the purpose of applying the exemption from ad valorem taxation
28	provided in Section 21 of Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana R.S.
29	47:1703(A)(13), the term "agricultural machinery and other implements used
30	exclusively for agricultural purposes" shall mean agricultural and horticultural

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1 implements immediately and directly employed in cultivation, production, and 2 harvest of crops or in the raising and management of livestock in use upon 3 agricultural lands. The term also shall include machinery for soil preparation and 4 cultivation, agricultural drills and planters, fertilizer spreaders, crop-dusting 5 airplanes, harvesting and threshing machinery, hay or grass mowers except lawn 6 mowers, farm wagons and carts, milking machines, farm structures, except a 7 building used for a principal residence, on-farm equipment for the handling or drying 8 of agricultural or horticultural products, and parts of any of the foregoing, all 9 equipment utilized in the logging of timber whether used by the owner or lessor of 10 the agricultural land or on a contractual service basis by someone other than the 11 owner or lessor but shall exclude, except as otherwise provided herein, bulldozers, 12 earth moving, and land-clearing equipment utilized in such agricultural activities on 13 a contractual service basis by someone other than the owner or lessor of the 14 agricultural lands involved.

15 §1707.1. Agricultural byproducts

28

For the purpose purposes of Section 21(C)(11) of Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana the exemptions provided for in R.S. 47:1703(A)(13), the phrase "agricultural products while owned by the producer" shall include standing timber and the right to cut and use standing timber, whether held by the owner of the land or any other person.

\$1708. Exemption for property leased to nonprofit organizations for the purpose of
housing the homeless

For the purpose of applying the exemption from ad valorem taxation provided in Article VII, Section (21)(B)(1)(b) of the Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1703(A)(2)(b), "term of the lease" shall mean the total length of the lease, including renewals at the option of lessees, that the lessor obligates property to a nonprofit corporation or association for use solely as housing for the homeless.

* * *

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1	§1710. Homestead exemption; residential lessees; tax credits
2	A. The purpose of this Section is to partially implement the provisions of
3	Article VII, Section 20(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana relative to the providing
4	of tax relief to residential lessees in order to provide equitable tax relief similar to
5	that granted to homeowners through homestead exemptions.
6	B. For purposes herein of the homestead exemption provided for in the
7	constitution, a residential lessee is defined as a person who owns and occupies a
8	residence, including mobile homes, but does not own the land upon which the
9	residence is situated.
10	C. <u>B.</u> A residential lessee shall be entitled to a credit against any ad valorem
11	tax imposed relative to the residence property, in an amount equal to the amount of
12	tax applicable on property with an assessed valuation of seven thousand five hundred
13	dollars or the actual amount of tax, whichever is less, provided the residential lessee
14	is not otherwise entitled to the homestead exemption.
15	* * *
16	§1712. Application procedure; special assessment level
17	Any person who qualifies for the special assessment level set forth in Article
18	VII, Section 18(G) of the Constitution of Louisiana R.S. 47:1717 shall apply for the
19	special assessment by completing an application form certifying his qualifications
20	for the special assessment. Such The application may be submitted in person or by
21	first class mail. The application form shall be designed by the tax commission
22	Louisiana Tax Commission and shall be provided to every assessor in this state. The
23	assessor shall not keep a copy of the applicant's federal or state income tax return or
24	picture identification of the applicant for his records.
25	§1713. Special assessment level for certain trusts
26	* * *
27	B.(1) If a trust would have been eligible for the special assessment level
28	pursuant to this Section prior to the most recent reappraisal, the total assessment of
29	the property held in trust shall be the assessed value on the last appraisal before the
30	reappraisal.

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1	(2) If a trust has remitted a payment at the higher assessment level and is
2	later determined to be eligible for the special assessment level pursuant to this
3	Subsection Paragraph, then upon a showing by the trust of eligibility, any payment
4	in excess of the special assessment level shall abate subsequent years' ad valorem
5	taxes on the property until the payment has been exhausted.
6	§1714. Exemption for property of a disabled veteran or a surviving spouse;
7	eligibility for certain trusts
8	A trust shall be eligible for the ad valorem tax exemption established under
9	Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution pursuant to R.S.
10	47:1703(A)(29) which provides an exemption for a disabled veteran or a surviving
11	spouse if all of the following apply:
12	(1) The settlor or settlors of the trust meet the conditions for eligibility
13	established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution pursuant
14	to R.S. 47:1703(A)(29).
15	* * *
15 16	* * *(6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption
16	(6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption
16 17	(6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section $21(K)$ of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u>
16 17 18	(6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u> $47:1703(A)(29)$ had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead.
16 17 18 19	 (6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u> <u>47:1703(A)(29)</u> had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead. §1715. Exemption for property of the surviving spouse of certain military personnel,
16 17 18 19 20	 (6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u> <u>47:1703(A)(29)</u> had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead. §1715. Exemption for property of the surviving spouse of certain military personnel, law enforcement and fire protection officers, and other first responders;
16 17 18 19 20 21	 (6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u> <u>47:1703(A)(29)</u> had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead. §1715. Exemption for property of the surviving spouse of certain military personnel, law enforcement and fire protection officers, and other first responders; eligibility for certain trusts
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u> <u>47:1703(A)(29)</u> had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead. §1715. Exemption for property of the surviving spouse of certain military personnel, law enforcement and fire protection officers, and other first responders; eligibility for certain trusts A trust shall be eligible for the ad valorem tax exemption established under
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 (6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u> <u>47:1703(A)(29)</u> had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead. §1715. Exemption for property of the surviving spouse of certain military personnel, law enforcement and fire protection officers, and other first responders; eligibility for certain trusts A trust shall be eligible for the ad valorem tax exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(M) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>pursuant to R.S.</u>
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 (6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution <u>R.S.</u> <u>47:1703(A)(29)</u> had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead. §1715. Exemption for property of the surviving spouse of certain military personnel, law enforcement and fire protection officers, and other first responders; eligibility for certain trusts A trust shall be eligible for the ad valorem tax exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(M) of the Louisiana Constitution pursuant to <u>R.S.</u> <u>47:1703(A)(31)</u> which provides an exemption for the surviving spouse of certain
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 (6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Louisiana Constitution R.S. 47:1703(A)(29) had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead. §1715. Exemption for property of the surviving spouse of certain military personnel, law enforcement and fire protection officers, and other first responders; eligibility for certain trusts A trust shall be eligible for the ad valorem tax exemption established under Article VII, Section 21(M) of the Louisiana Constitution pursuant to R.S. 47:1703(A)(31) which provides an exemption for the surviving spouse of certain persons who died while performing their duties as a member of the military, law

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1	(1) The settlor or settlors of the trust meet the conditions for eligibility
2	established under Article VII, Section 21(M) of the Louisiana Constitution pursuant
3	to R.S. 47:1703(A)(31).
4	* * *
5	(6) The settlor or settlors would have been eligible for the exemption
6	established under Article VII, Section 21(M) of the Louisiana Constitution pursuant
7	to R.S. $47:1703(A)(31)$ had they retained the naked ownership of the homestead.
8	§1716. Exemption for property of certain veterans with disabilities; applicability
9	The exemption provided for in Article VII, Section 21(K) of the Constitution
10	of Louisiana R.S. 47:1703(A)(29) shall apply to ad valorem property taxes due
11	beginning in tax year 2023, regardless of when property tax assessment rolls are
12	completed for tax year 2023.
13	<u>§1717.</u> Special assessment level
14	A.(1)(a) The assessment of residential property receiving the homestead
15	exemption which is owned and occupied by any of the following and who meet all
16	of the other requirements of this exemption shall not be increased above the total
17	assessment of that property for the first year that the owner qualifies for and receives
18	the special assessment level, provided the person or persons remain qualified for and
19	receive the special assessment level:
20	(i) People who are sixty-five years of age or older.
21	(ii) People who have a service-connected disability rating of fifty percent or
22	more by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
23	(iii) Members of the armed forces of the United States or the Louisiana
24	National Guard who owned and last occupied the property who are killed in action,
25	or who are missing in action or are a prisoner of war for a period exceeding ninety
26	days.
27	(iv) Any person or persons permanently totally disabled as determined by a
28	final nonappealable judgment of a court or as certified by a state or federal
29	administrative agency charged with the responsibility for making determinations
30	regarding disability.

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1	(b) Any person or persons shall be prohibited from receiving the special
2	assessment as provided in this Section if the person's or persons' adjusted gross
3	income, as reported in the federal tax return for the year prior to the application for
4	the special assessment, exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. For persons applying
5	for the special assessment whose filing status is married filing separately, the
6	adjusted gross income for purposes of this Section shall be determined by combining
7	the adjusted gross income on both federal tax returns. The one hundred thousand
8	dollar limit shall be adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index produced by the
9	United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
10	(c) An eligible owner or the owner's spouse or other legally qualified
11	representative shall apply for the special assessment level by filing a signed
12	application establishing that the owner qualifies for the special assessment level with
13	the assessor of the parish or, in the parish of Orleans, the assessor of the district
14	where the property is located.
15	(d) An owner who is below the age of sixty-five and who has applied for
16	and received the special assessment level may qualify for and receive the special
17	assessment level in the subsequent year by certifying to the assessor of the parish
18	that the person's adjusted gross income in the prior tax year satisfied the income
19	requirement of this Section. The provisions of this Subparagraph shall not apply to
20	an owner who has qualified for and received the special assessment level for a person
21	sixty-five years of age or older or to the owner's surviving spouse as described in
22	Subparagraph (B)(1)(a) of this Section or for an owner who is permanently totally
23	disabled as provided for in Item (a)(iv) of this Paragraph.
24	(2) Any millage rate applied to the special assessment level shall not be
25	subject to a limitation.
26	B. Provided the owner is qualified for and receives the special assessment
27	level, the special assessment level shall remain on the property as long as:
28	(1)(a) The owner who is sixty-five years of age or older, or that owner's
29	surviving spouse who is fifty-five years of age or older or who has minor children,
30	remains the owner of the property.

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1	(b) The owner who has a service-connected disability of fifty percent or
2	more, or that owner's surviving spouse who is forty-five years of age or older or who
3	has minor children, remains the owner of the property.
4	(c) The spouse of the owner who is killed in action remains the owner of the
5	property.
6	(d) The first day of the tax year following the tax year in which an owner
7	who was missing in action or was a prisoner of war for a period exceeding ninety
8	days is no longer missing in action or a prisoner of war.
9	(e) Even if the ownership interest of any surviving spouse or spouse of an
10	owner who is missing in action as provided for in this Subsection is an interest in
11	usufruct.
12	(2) The value of the property does not increase more than twenty-five
13	percent because of construction or reconstruction.
14	C. A new or subsequent owner of the property may claim a special
15	assessment level when eligible pursuant to this Section. The new owner is not
16	necessarily entitled to the same special assessment level on the property as when that
17	property was owned by the previous owner.
18	D.(1) The special assessment level on property that is sold shall
19	automatically expire on the last day of December in the year prior to the year that the
20	property is sold. The property shall be immediately revalued at fair market value by
21	the assessor and shall be assessed by the assessor on the assessment rolls in the year
22	it was sold at the assessment level provided for in Article VII, Section 32 of the
23	Constitution of Louisiana.
24	(2) This new assessment level shall remain in effect until changed.
25	E.(1) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in this
26	Section who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first
27	of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by
28	a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special
29	assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired
30	or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is reoccupied by the

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1	owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster.
2	The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located
3	prior to its damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior
4	to the damage or destruction described in this Paragraph. If the property owner
5	receives a homestead exemption on another homestead during the same five-year
6	period, the damaged or destroyed property shall not be entitled to keep the special
7	assessment level, and the land and buildings shall be assessed in that year at the
8	percentage of fair market value. In addition, the owner shall also maintain the
9	homestead exemption set forth in the constitution to qualify for the special
10	assessment level in this Paragraph.
11	(2) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in Paragraph
12	(1) of this Subsection who is unable to reoccupy his homestead within five years
13	from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster shall be eligible for an
14	extension of the special assessment level on the homestead for a period not to exceed
15	two years. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension only if the homeowner's
16	damage claim is filed and pending in a formal appeal process with any federal, state,
17	or local government agency or program offering grants or assistance for repairing or
18	rebuilding damaged or destroyed homes as a result of the disaster, or if a homeowner
19	has a damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the property. The
20	homeowner shall apply for this extension of the special assessment level with the
21	assessor of the parish in which the homestead is located. The assessor shall require
22	the homeowner to provide official documentation from the government agency or
23	program evidencing the homeowner's participation in the formal appeal process or
24	official documentation evidencing the homeowner has a damage claim filed and
25	pending against the insurer of the damaged property.
26	(3) After expiration of the extension authorized in Paragraph (2) of this
27	Subsection, an assessor shall have the authority to grant on a case-by-case basis up
28	to three additional one-year extensions of the special assessment level.

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1	F.(1) A trust shall be eligible for the special assessment.
2	(2) If a trust would have been eligible for the special assessment level
3	pursuant to this Subsection prior to the most recent reappraisal, the total assessment
4	of the property held in trust shall be the assessed value on the last appraisal before
5	the reappraisal.
6	<u>§1718. Homestead Exemption</u>
7	A.(1) The exemption for a bona fide homestead as defined in the
8	Constitution of Louisiana, shall be seven thousand five hundred dollars of the
9	assessed valuation.
10	(2) Any taxpayer entitled to the homestead exemption set forth in the
11	Constitution of Louisiana must own and occupy the homestead on or before
12	December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the exemption is claimed
13	regardless of its homestead exemption status as of January first of the calendar year
14	in which the homestead exemption is claimed.
15	B. Orleans Parish. In the parish of Orleans, the status of real and personal
16	property on the first day of August of each year, except as provided in Paragraph
17	(A)(2) of this Section, shall determine its liability for exemption from taxation for
18	the following calendar year.
19	C.(1) Penalties for false statements. Any person who, either in his individual
20	or representative capacity, knowingly makes any false statement or knowingly
21	furnishes any false information in any affidavit or other document that he may
22	present for the purpose of procuring or attempting to procure this tax exemption or
23	benefit pursuant to the provisions of this Section, or who knowingly, for the purpose
24	of securing the tax exemption, presents any affidavit or other document containing
25	any false statement, or any person aiding, assisting or abetting any person in
26	unlawfully and knowingly securing or attempting to secure any tax exemption, with
27	knowledge of the false or illegal application or the false statement, shall be guilty of
28	a misdemeanor punishable as provided in this Section.
29	(2) Any assessor, deputy assessor, or other official, clerk or employee of the
30	state or any of its political subdivisions, who knowingly reports, lists, or claims any

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1	property on which exemption from taxes pursuant to Article VII, Section 34 of the
2	Constitution of Louisiana and R.S. 47:1703 has been applied for, to be subject to a
3	higher millage for taxation purposes than is the true millage applicable thereto, shall
4	be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable as provided in this Section.
5	(3) Upon conviction for a violation of any of the provisions of this
6	Subsection, the offender shall be punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred
7	dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment of not less than one
8	month, nor more than six months, or both.
9	D. Undivided ownership. The exemption for a bona fide homestead, as
10	provided for in Subsection A of this Section, when occupied by an heir in the direct
11	line in undivided ownership shall be granted to the full extent provided no other
12	homestead exemption is claimed by that person.
13	E. For property damaged during a disaster or emergency, the following
14	shall apply:
15	(1)(a) Any homestead receiving the homestead exemption that is damaged
16	or destroyed during a disaster or emergency declared by the governor whose owner
17	is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a calendar
18	year due to damage or destruction shall be entitled to claim the exemption by filing
19	with the assessor of the parish in which the homestead was located, an annual
20	affidavit of intent to return and reoccupy the homestead within a period of five years
21	from December thirty-first of the tax year in which the disaster occurred. In no event
22	shall more than one homestead exemption extend or apply to any person in this state.
23	(b) For a homestead qualifying for the homestead exemption pursuant to the
24	provisions of this Paragraph, after expiration of the five-year period, the owner of a
25	homestead shall be entitled to claim and keep the exemption for a period not to
26	exceed two additional years by filing an annual affidavit of intent to return and
27	reoccupy the homestead with the assessor within the parish where the homestead is
28	situated. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension only if the homeowner's
29	damage claim to repair or rebuild the damaged or destroyed homestead is filed and
30	pending in a formal appeal process with any federal, state, or local government

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1	agency or program offering grants or assistance for repairing or rebuilding damaged
2	or destroyed homes as a result of the disaster, or if a homeowner has a damage claim
3	filed and pending against the insurer of the property. The assessor shall require the
4	homeowner to provide official documentation from the government agency or
5	program evidencing the homeowner's participation in the formal appeal process or
6	official documentation evidencing the homeowner has a damage claim filed and
7	pending against the insurer of the property.
8	(c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subparagraph (b) of this
9	Paragraph, an assessor shall have the authority to grant up to three additional one-
10	year extensions of the homestead exemption on a case-by-case basis. A homeowner
11	shall only be eligible for an additional extension if the owner has made a good faith
12	attempt to secure a contractor or builder to complete the needed repairs or
13	reconstruction of the home but is unable to complete the project due to
14	uncontrollable contractor or builder delays. In order to qualify for this extension, the
15	homeowner shall provide to the assessor documentation evidencing good faith in
16	attempting to secure a contractor or builder to complete the project.
16 17	attempting to secure a contractor or builder to complete the project. (2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S.
17	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S.
17 18	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first
17 18 19	 (2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by
17 18 19 20	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special
17 18 19 20 21	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster. The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster. The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located prior to its damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster. The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located prior to its damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior to the damage or destruction described in this Paragraph. If the property owner
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster. The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located prior to its damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior to the damage or destruction described in this Paragraph. If the property owner receives a homestead exemption on another homestead during the same five-year
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	(2)(a) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level set forth in R.S. 47:1717 who is unable to occupy the homestead on or before December thirty-first of a future calendar year due to damage or destruction of the homestead caused by a disaster or emergency declared by the governor shall be entitled to keep the special assessment level of the homestead prior to its damage or destruction on the repaired or rebuilt homestead provided the repaired or rebuilt homestead is occupied by the owner within five years from December thirty-first of the year following the disaster. The assessed value of the land and buildings on which the homestead was located prior to its damage shall not be increased above its assessed value immediately prior to the damage or destruction described in this Paragraph. If the property owner receives a homestead exemption on another homestead during the same five-year period, the damaged or destroyed property shall not be entitled to keep the special

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 1
 must also maintain the homestead exemption set forth in Article VII, Section 34 of

 2
 the Constitution of Louisiana and this Section to qualify for the special assessment

 3
 level set forth in R.S. 47:1717.

4 (b) Any owner entitled to the special assessment level as provided for in this Paragraph who is unable to reoccupy his homestead within five years from 5 6 December thirty-first of the year following the disaster shall be eligible for an 7 extension of the special assessment level on the homestead for a period not to exceed 8 two years. A homeowner shall be eligible for this extension only if the homeowner's 9 damage claim is filed and pending in a formal appeal process with any federal, state, 10 or local government agency or program offering grants or assistance for repairing or 11 rebuilding damaged or destroyed homes as a result of the disaster, or if a homeowner has a damage claim filed and pending against the insurer of the property. The 12 13 homeowner shall apply for this extension of the special assessment level with the 14 assessor of the parish in which the homestead is located. The assessor shall require 15 the homeowner to provide official documentation from the government agency or 16 program evidencing the homeowner's participation in the formal appeal process or 17 official documentation evidencing the homeowner has a damage claim filed and 18 pending against the insurer of the property.

19 (c) After expiration of the extension authorized in Subparagraph (b) of this 20 Paragraph, an assessor shall have the authority to grant up to three additional one-21 year extensions of the special assessment level on a case-by-case basis. A 22 homeowner shall only be eligible for an additional extension if the owner has made 23 a good faith attempt to secure a contractor or builder to complete the needed repairs 24 or reconstruction of the home but is unable to complete the project due to 25 uncontrollable contractor or builder delays. In order to qualify for this extension, the 26 homeowner shall provide to the assessor documentation evidencing good faith in 27 attempting to secure a contractor or builder to complete the project.

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1	§1719. Adjustment of Ad Valorem Tax Millages
2	A. Adjustments. Except as otherwise permitted in this Section, the total
3	amount of ad valorem taxes collected by any taxing authority in the year in which
4	the reappraisal and valuation provisions of Article VII, Section 32(F) of the
5	Constitution of Louisiana are implemented shall not be increased or decreased
6	because of a reappraisal or valuation or increases or decreases in the homestead
7	exemption above or below the total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by that
8	taxing authority in the year preceding implementation of the reappraisal and
9	valuation. To accomplish this result, the provisions of millage adjustments pursuant
10	to Article VII, Sections 32 and 34 of the Constitution of Louisiana and R.S. 47:1718
11	shall be mandatory. Thereafter, following implementation of each subsequent
12	reappraisal and valuation required by Article VII, Section 32 of the Constitution of
13	Louisiana, the millages as fixed in each such implementation shall remain in effect
14	unless changed as permitted by Subsection B of this Section.
15	B. Increases Permitted. Nothing herein shall prohibit a taxing authority from
16	collecting, in any subsequent year, a larger dollar amount of ad valorem taxes by
17	levying additional or increased millages as provided by law or placing additional
18	property on the tax rolls. Increases in the millage rate in excess of the rates
19	established as provided by Subsection A of this Section but not in excess of the prior
20	year's maximum authorized millage rate may be levied by two-thirds vote of the total
21	membership of a taxing authority without further voter approval but only after a
22	public hearing held in accordance with the open meetings law; however, in addition
23	to any other requirements of the open meetings law, public notice of the time, place,
24	and subject matter of such hearing shall be published on two separate days no less
25	than thirty days before the public hearing. The public notice shall be published in the
26	official journal of the taxing authority, and another newspaper with a larger
27	circulation within the taxing authority than the official journal of the taxing
28	authority, if there is one.

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1	C. Implementation of the provisions of this Section shall neither trigger nor
2	be cause for a reappraisal of property or an adjustment of millages pursuant to
3	Subsection B of this Section.
4	D. Application. This Section shall not apply to millages required to be levied
5	for the payment of general obligation bonds.
6	<u>§1720. Business inventory; fair market value adjustment</u>
7	A.(1) For purposes of ad valorem taxation, a parish governing authority may
8	elect to reduce the percentage of fair market value applicable to property considered
9	business inventory. For purposes of this Section, the term "business inventory" shall
10	have the same meaning as the term is defined in R.S.47:1702.
11	(2) The reduction in the percentage of fair market value for business
12	inventory shall only apply in parishes in which the sheriff, school board, and the
13	parish governing authority elect to reduce the percentage of fair market value
14	applicable to business inventory. However, the percentage of fair market value
15	applicable to business inventory shall never be higher than the percentage applicable
16	to business inventory pursuant to Article VII, Section 32(B) of the State Constitution.
17	(3) The parish election to reduce the percentage of fair market value
18	applicable to business inventory shall be evidenced in writing and shall be submitted
19	to the Louisiana Tax Commission and the appropriate tax assessor within ten
20	calendar days of the execution of the agreement between the sheriff, school board,
21	and the parish governing authority to reduce the percentage of fair market value
22	applicable to business inventory. The written documentation shall contain the new
23	percentage of fair market value applicable to business inventory in the parish and
24	shall indicate the taxable periods to which the reduced percentage shall apply. The
25	Louisiana Tax Commission shall include all written notifications received from
26	parishes indicating a reduction of the percentage of the fair market value applicable
27	to business inventory in the commission's annual reports.

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1	B. Any decrease in the total amount of ad valorem tax collected by a taxing
2	authority as a result of the reduction of the percentage of fair market value applicable
3	to business inventory authorized in this Section shall be absorbed by the taxing
4	authority and no additional tax liability for taxpayers in the taxing district shall be
5	created as a result of any subsequent reappraisal and valuation or millage adjustment.
6	Implementation of the reduction of the percentage of fair market value applicable to
7	business inventory authorized in this Section shall neither trigger nor be cause for a
8	reappraisal of property or an adjustment of millages pursuant to R.S. 47:1719.
9	Section 2. (A) The Louisiana State Law Institute is hereby authorized and directed
10	to renumber the Sections of Chapter 1 of Subtitle III of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised
11	Statutes of 1950 as provided for in this Act as follows:
12	(1) Sections 1702, 1703, 1703.1, and 1704 shall be renumbered as 1701, 1703, 1705,
13	and 1706 respectively.
14	(2) Sections 1705, 1705.1, 1706, and 1707 shall be renumbered as 1707, 1709, 1710,
15	and 1711 respectively.
16	(3) Sections 1707.1, 1708, 1709, and 1710 shall be renumbered as 1712, 1713, 1714,
17	and 1715 respectively.
18	(4) Sections 1711, 1712, 1713, and 1714 shall be renumbered as 1716, 1717, 1718,
19	and 1719 respectively.
20	(5) Sections 1715, 1716, 1717, 1718, and 1719 shall be renumbered as 1720, 1721,
21	1702, 1704, and 1708 respectively.
22	(B) The Louisiana State Law Institute is hereby authorized and directed to correct
23	statutory references within Chapter 1 of Subtitle III of Title 47 of the Louisiana Revised
24	Statutes of 1950 including such references in statutory provisions reenacted by this Act.

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HB NO. 11

ENROLLED

1	Section 3. This Act shall take effect and become operative if and when the proposed
2	amendment of Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana contained in the Act that
3	originated as House Bill No. 7 of this Third Extraordinary Session of the Legislature is
4	adopted at a statewide election and becomes effective.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____

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