HLS 12RS-906 ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2012

HOUSE BILL NO. 546

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BY REPRESENTATIVE GEYMANN

BUDGETARY PROCEDURES: (Constitutional Amendment) Provides relative to the budget process

1 A JOINT RESOLUTION 2 Proposing to amend Article III, Section 16(A) through (D) and Article VII, Sections 10(B) 3 and (E) and 11(A) and (B) and to add Article VII, Section 10(D)(4) of the Constitution of Louisiana, to provide relative to the budget process; to require certain 4 5 contents in the budget estimate; to provide for the powers, duties, and functions of the Revenue Estimating Conference; to provide for the contents of the general 6 7 appropriation bill and other appropriation bills; to provide relative to legislative 8 appropriation procedures; to provide for submission of the proposed amendment to 9 the electors; and to provide for related matters. 10 Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of Louisiana, two-thirds of the members 11 elected to each house concurring, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state of 12 Louisiana, for their approval or rejection in the manner provided by law, a proposal to 13 amend Article III, Section 16(A) through (D) of the Constitution of Louisiana, to read as 14 follows: 15 §16. Appropriations 16 Section 16.(A) Specific Appropriation for One Year. Except as otherwise 17 provided by this constitution, no money shall be withdrawn from the state treasury except through specific appropriation, and no appropriation shall be made under the 18 19 heading of contingencies or for longer than one year, and no contingent

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appropriation shall be made.

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(B) Origin in House of Representatives. (1) All bills for raising revenue or appropriating money shall originate in the House of Representatives, but the Senate may propose or concur in amendments, as in other bills.
(2) No bill for appropriating money may be received by the Senate, no

amendment to such a bill may be concurred in by the House of Representatives, and no conference committee report concerning such a bill adopted by either house of the legislature, except after separate certification by the Revenue Estimating Conference that the bill contains no appropriation of nonrecurring money for any purpose other than those specifically authorized in Article VII, Section 10(D)(2), contains no contingent appropriation, and would not cause appropriations by the legislature to exceed the expenditure limit or the official forecast in effect at the time the appropriations are made. The conference decision to certify shall be by unanimous vote of its members. The legislature by law shall establish a procedure to change the unanimous vote requirement for certification. The law establishing such a procedure, once enacted, shall not be changed except by specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of at least two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

(C) General Appropriation Bill; Limitations; Priorities. The general appropriation bill shall be itemized and shall contain only appropriations for the ordinary operating expenses of the executive branch of state government, public charities, pensions, and the public debt or interest thereon. Appropriations to political subdivisions and to public charities, except those authorized by this constitution or by statute, shall not be included in the general appropriation bill unless such bill includes appropriations from the state general fund for both higher education and for health care for the next fiscal year in amounts equal to or greater than the amounts appropriated for higher education and for health care in the most recently enacted general appropriation bill.

(D) Other Appropriation Bills; Specific Purpose and Amount.

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(1) In making appropriations for any fiscal year, the	112 1 (0,0 10

(2) All other bills for appropriating money shall be for a specific purpose and amount.

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finally pass the general appropriation bill.

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Section 2. Be it resolved by the Legislature of Louisiana, two-thirds of the members elected to each house concurring, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Louisiana, for their approval or rejection in the manner provided by law, a proposal to amend Article VII, Sections 10(B) and (E) and 11(A) and (B) and to add Article VII, Section 10(D)(4) of the Constitution of Louisiana, to read as follows:

§10. Expenditure of State Funds

Section 10.(A)

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(B)(1) Official Forecast. The conference shall prepare and publish initial and revised estimates of money to be received by the state general fund and each dedicated funds fund for the current and next fiscal years which are available for appropriation. In each estimate, the conference shall designate as either recurring or nonrecurring all of the money in the estimate, including money to be received by each fund. which is recurring and which is nonrecurring. All conference decisions to adopt these estimates shall be by unanimous vote of its members. Changes to the unanimous vote requirement shall be made by law enacted by a favorable vote of at <u>least two-thirds of</u> the elected members of each house. The most recently adopted estimate of money available for appropriation shall be the official forecast. The Revenue Estimating Conference may designate other money as nonrecurring, but shall designate the following as nonrecurring:

(a) Money available for appropriation from any special treasury fund when such money was received by the state general fund or a dedicated fund in a previous fiscal year.

(b) Money available for appropriation from the state general fund from onetime transactions, including but not limited to court settlements, the sale of state facilities, and the privatization of state operations.

(2) Budget Precertification. The conference shall review the governor's budget estimate for the next fiscal year prior to its submission to the legislature to ensure that the proposed budget is balanced, does not exceed the official forecast of the conference, does not exceed the expenditure limit, does not recommend the appropriation of any nonrecurring money for purposes other than those specifically authorized in Subparagraph (D)(2) of this Section, and recommends no contingent appropriations. The conference decision to precertify the budget estimate shall be by unanimous vote of its members. The legislature by law shall establish a procedure to change the unanimous vote requirement for precertification. Any law establishing such procedure, once enacted, shall not be changed except by specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of at least two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

(3) Determination of priorities. The conference shall review the governor's budget estimate for the next fiscal year prior to its submission to the legislature to determine if the budget estimate includes recommendations for appropriations from the state general fund for both higher education and for health care for the next fiscal year to be included in the general appropriation bill in amounts equal to or greater than the amounts appropriated for higher education and for health care in the most recently enacted general appropriation bill. This determination shall be by unanimous vote of its members. The legislature by law shall establish a procedure to change the unanimous vote requirement for this determination. Any law establishing such procedure, once enacted, shall not be changed except by specific legislative instrument which receives a favorable vote of at least two-thirds of the elected members of each house of the legislature.

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(D) Appropriations.

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(4) Except as otherwise provided in this constitution, including Paragraph
(F) of this Section, the amount appropriated out of any fund shall not exceed the
official forecast by the Revenue Estimating Conference of money available for
appropriation from that fund for that fiscal year.

* * *

(E) Balanced Budget. Appropriations by the legislature from the state general fund and dedicated funds for any fiscal year except funds allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E) shall not exceed the official forecast in effect <u>for each fund</u> at the time the appropriations are made.

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§11. Budgets

Section 11.(A) Budget Estimate. The governor shall submit to the legislature, at the time and in the form fixed by law, a budget estimate for the next fiscal year setting forth all proposed state expenditures. This budget shall include a recommendation for appropriations from the state general fund and from dedicated funds, except funds allocated by Article VII, Section 4, Paragraphs (D) and (E), which shall not exceed the official forecast of the Revenue Estimating Conference and the expenditure limit for the fiscal year. The recommendation shall not contain any recommendation for a contingent appropriation or any recommendation for appropriations of money designated as nonrecurring for purposes other than those specifically authorized by Article VII, Section 10(D)(2). The recommendation shall also comply with the provisions of Article VII, Section 10(D). This budget shall include a recommendation for funding of state salary supplements for full-time law enforcement and fire protection officers of the state, as provided in Article VII, Section 10(D)(3) of this constitution. This budget shall include a statement of precertification adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference as required by Article VII, Section 10(B)(2). This budget shall include a statement of the

l	determination adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference as required by Article
2	VII, Section 10(B)(3).
3	(B) Operating Budget. The governor shall cause to be submitted a general

appropriation bill for proposed ordinary operating expenditures which shall be balanced and in conformity with the recommendations for appropriations contained in the budget estimate. The governor may cause to be submitted a bill or bills for appropriations to political subdivisions and to public charities, which shall be in conformity with the recommendations for appropriations contained in the budget estimate, when such appropriations are prohibited by Article III, Section 16(C) from being contained in the general appropriation bill. The governor may cause to be submitted a bill or bills to raise additional revenues with proposals for the use of these revenues.

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Section 2. Be it further resolved that this proposed amendment shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Louisiana at the statewide election to be held on November 6, 2012.

Section 3. Be it further resolved that on the official ballot to be used at the election, there shall be printed a proposition, upon which the electors of the state shall be permitted to vote YES or NO, to amend the Constitution of Louisiana, which proposition shall read as follows:

Do you support an amendment to change the manner in which state revenue is budgeted and appropriated by requiring that the Revenue Estimating Conference certify that neither the governor's budget nor a legislative appropriation contains any nonrecurring money except as specifically provided by law, contain any contingent appropriation, exceed the expenditure limit, or exceed the official forecast for the next fiscal year; and, in those years when the budget proposes a decrease in appropriations to higher education and health care, to preclude the general appropriations bill from including any appropriation to a political subdivision or any public

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charity, except if authorized by law, but rather requiring that any such appropriation be included in a separate bill which, along with all other appropriation bills, cannot be passed by the legislature prior to passage of the general appropriation bill; and, to prohibit an appropriation out of any fund that would exceed the official forecast for that fund; and, to require that the Revenue Estimating Conference review each dedicated fund in addition to state general fund to determine if its available money is recurring or nonrecurring; and, to provide a definition of nonrecurring revenue that includes fund money remaining from previous years and money from one-time transactions such as court settlements, the sale of state facilities, or the privatization of state operations? (Amends Article III, Section 16(A) through (D) and Article VII, Sections 10(B) and (E) and 11(A) and (B); Adds Article VII, Section 10(D)(4))

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Geymann HB No. 546

Abstract: Changes the manner in which state revenue is budgeted and appropriated. Requires budget precertification and certification of appropriations by the Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) and with respect to the vote requirement for such determinations; requires a determination of funding levels and priorities, requires a separate appropriations bill under certain conditions, and requires the general appropriation bill be passed prior to other appropriations bills. Provides for the role of the REC in the expenditure of state funds, including determining what money is defined as nonrecurring.

BUDGET PRECERTIFICATION

Present constitution requires the governor to submit to the legislature a budget estimate for the next fiscal year setting forth all proposed state expenditures. The budget must include a recommendation for appropriations from the state general fund and from dedicated funds which do not exceed the official forecast of the Revenue Estimating Conference (REC). Proposed constitutional amendment retains this present constitutional provision and prohibits including in the budget estimate any recommendation for a contingent appropriation or an appropriation from nonrecurring money, except as authorized by the constitution. Proposed constitutional amendment also adds that the governor's budget estimate must first be submitted to the REC which shall review and precertify that the governor's budget estimate is balanced, does not exceed the official forecast of the conference, does not exceed the expenditure limit, does not contain any nonrecurring money for purposes other than those specifically authorized by present constitution, and does not recommend any contingent

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appropriation. The <u>proposed constitutional amendment</u> requires that the REC's precertification be included in the governor's subsequent submission of his budget estimate to the legislature. (Art. VII, §11(A) and Art. VII, §10(B)(2))

<u>Present constitution</u> requires, after submitting his budget estimate to the legislature, that the governor then submit to the legislature a general appropriations bill (GAB) for the ordinary operating expenditures in conformity with his budget estimate. <u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> retains this provision. (Art. VII, §11(B))

CERTIFICATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

<u>Present constitution</u> provides, generally, for the appropriation of money and specifically provides that all appropriation bills must originate in the House. <u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> retains this provision and adds that no appropriation bill can be received by the Senate, no amendment to such a bill can be concurred in by the House, and no conference committee report on such a bill can be adopted, unless at each such point in the process, the REC certifies that the bill contains no prohibited appropriation of nonrecurring money or contingent appropriation and would not cause the expenditure limit or the official forecast in effect at the time the appropriations are made to be exceeded. (Art. III, §16(B)(2))

DETERMINATION OF FUNDING LEVEL & PRIORITIES

Proposed constitutional amendment requires the REC to also review and determine if the governor's budget estimate contains a recommendation for appropriations to both higher education and health care that is equal to or greater than the amounts appropriated in the prior fiscal year. Also requires that the governor's budget estimate include a statement of the REC determination. If the general fund appropriations in the general appropriation bill for both higher education and health care are less than in the most recently enacted general appropriation bill, then proposed constitutional amendment limits the GAB to only appropriations for the ordinary operating expenses of the executive branch and requires that any appropriation to political subdivisions or public charities, except those authorized by present constitution, be made in a separate appropriation bill. (Art. III, §16(C) and Art. VII, §\$10(B)(3) and 11(B))

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> additionally requires that the legislature must first pass the GAB before passing any other bill appropriating money for any given fiscal year. (Art. III, §16(D))

VOTE REQUIREMENT OF REC

With respect to budget precertification, certification of an appropriation, and the determination of funding levels by the REC, <u>proposed constitutional amendments</u> require that the REC's actions be by unanimous vote. <u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> further provides that the legislature may establish a procedure to change the REC's vote requirement but once established, the procedure cannot be changed except by 2/3 vote of the legislature. (Art. III, §16(B)(2) and Art. III, §10(B)(2) and (3))

EXPENDITURE OF STATE FUNDS

Present constitution sets forth requirements relative to the expenditure of state funds and establishes the REC to prepare and publish initial and revised estimates of money to be received by the state general fund and dedicated funds for the current and next fiscal years which are available for appropriation, the most recent of which is called the official forecast. In each estimate, the REC must also designate money as either recurring or nonrecurring. Proposed constitutional amendment retains present constitutional provisions and specifies that the REC must designate as recurring or nonrecurring all of the money in the estimate including money to be received by each fund and specifically provides that the REC must designate as nonrecurring money available for appropriation from any special treasury fund

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that was received by the state general fund or a dedicated fund in the previous fiscal year and money from one-time transactions such as court settlements, the sale of state facilities, and the privatization of state operations. (Art. VII, §10(B)(1))

<u>Proposed constitutional amendment</u> also specifies that unless otherwise provided in the constitution, the amount appropriated out of any fund shall not exceed the official forecast of money available for appropriation from that fund. (Art. VII, §10(D)(4) and (E))

Provides for submission of the proposed amendment to the voters at the statewide election to be held Nov. 6, 2012.

(Amends Art. III, § 16(A)-(D) and Art. VII, §§10(B) and (E) and 11(A) and (B); Adds Art. VII, §10(D)(4))