HLS 12RS-324 ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2012

HOUSE BILL NO. 58

BY REPRESENTATIVE PEARSON

RETIREMENT/DISTRICT ATTY: Relative to the District Attorneys' Retirement System

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 11:62(12), 1581(5), 1614, 1631(F)(1), 1635, and
3	$1651 (B) (introductory paragraph) \ and \ (2) (a), to \ enact \ R.S.\ 11:1588, 1632 (C), (D), and \ (C) (D), $
4	(E), 1633(C), 1636(B)(7), and (C), 1638(C), 1645, and 1676, and to repeal R.S.
5	11:231(A)(3), relative to the District Attorneys' Retirement System of Louisiana; to
6	provide relative to employee contribution rates; to provide for the system's federal
7	tax qualification status; to provide relative to calculation of average final
8	compensation; to provide relative to the composition of the board of trustees; and to
9	provide for related matters.
10	Notice of intention to introduce this Act has been published
11	as provided by Article X, Section 29(C) of the Constitution
12	of Louisiana.
13	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
14	Section 1. R.S. 11:62(12), 1581(5), 1614, 1631(F)(1), 1635, and
15	1651(B)(introductory paragraph) and (2)(a) are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S.
16	11:1588, 1632(C), (D), and (E), 1633(C), 1636(B)(7), and (C), 1638(C), 1645, and 1676 are
17	hereby enacted to read as follows:
18	§62. Employee contribution rates established
19	Employee contributions to state and statewide public retirement systems shall
20	be paid at the following rates, except as otherwise provided by law:
21	* * *
22	(12) District Attorneys' Retirement System - 7% 8%.
23	* * *

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

§1581. Definitions

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The following words and phrases, as used in this Chapter, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, shall have the following meanings:

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(5)(a) "Average final compensation" shall mean the average monthly compensation earned by an employee during any period of thirty-six sixty successive months of service as an employee during which the said earned compensation was the highest. The average monthly compensation shall include compensation not paid by the state, but only to the extent that non-state compensation for the thirteenth through the twenty-fourth month does not exceed one hundred ten percent of the total of non-state compensation for the first through twelfth month, and that non-state compensation for the final twelve months does not exceed one hundred ten percent of the total of non-state compensation for the thirteenth through the twenty-fourth month twenty-fifth through the thirty-sixth month does not exceed one hundred ten percent of the total of non-state compensation for the thirteenth through the twenty-fourth month, and that non-state compensation for the thirty-seventh through the forty-eighth month does not exceed one hundred ten percent of the total of non-state compensation for the twenty-fifth through thirty-sixth month, and that non-state compensation for the forty-ninth through the sixtieth month does not exceed one hundred ten percent of the total of non-state compensation for the thirty-seventh through forty-eighth month. Fees earned in connection with official duties shall not be included in average final compensation. In the event of interruption of employment, the thirty-six-month sixty-month period shall be computed by joining employment periods immediately preceding and succeeding the interruption.

(b) Compensation of a member in excess of two hundred thousand dollars, as adjusted for increases in the cost-of-living under 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(17)(B) for years beginning after January 1, 2002, shall not be taken into account. This limitation may be adjusted by rules promulgated by the board of trustees in

accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et. seq. For purposes of compliance with the requirements for qualification under 26 U.S.C. 401(a), the board of trustees may promulgate rules further defining "compensation" and "section 415 compensation" in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

* * *

§1588 Amendment of provisions of retirement system

A. The provisions of this retirement system established by this Chapter may be amended by action of the legislature in the same manner as any other statute may be amended by the legislature. In addition, action by the board of trustees with respect to the payment of cost-of living adjustments, with respect to the payment of employee contributions, with respect to actuarial assumptions, and with respect to other actions authorized in this Section shall be considered amendments to the provisions of the retirement system.

B. No amendment to this retirement system shall operate to deprive any member of a benefit to which he is already entitled. In the case of any merger or consolidation with, or transfer of assets or liabilities to, any other retirement system, each member in the retirement system would, if the retirement system is then terminated, receive a benefit immediately after the merger, consolidation, or transfer which is equal to or greater than the benefit he would have been entitled to receive immediately before the merger, consolidation, or transfer if the retirement system had then terminated.

C. Upon the termination or partial termination of the retirement system, the board of trustees shall reevaluate and redetermine the benefit of each member, and the entire benefit of each member may be paid or commence to be paid and distributed to such member, or in the case of his death before such distribution, to the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by such member. However, if the member is still employed and the system is partially terminated, payment shall not be made until retirement or termination and shall be held until payment is otherwise due under

1	the provisions of the retirement system. A member's right to his benefit is not
2	conditioned upon a sufficiency of assets in the event of termination.
3	D. Upon termination or partial termination of the retirement system, a
4	member's interest in the system shall be nonforfeitable to the extent funded.
5	* * *
6	§1614. Service on which retirement allowances are based
7	A. Creditable service at retirement on which the retirement allowance of a
8	member shall be based shall consist of the membership service rendered by him
9	since he last became a member, and, also, if he has a prior service certificate which
10	is in full force and effect, the amount of service certified on his prior service
11	certificate.
12	B. If a member takes a leave of absence governed by the Uniformed Services
13	Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) and returns to employment
14	covered by the retirement system, the member shall share in employer contributions
15	in the same manner as other members and shall not be considered to have terminated
16	employment or to have incurred a break in service during such leave of absence. The
17	employer shall be permitted to make an employer contribution in satisfaction of the
18	affected member's rights under USERRA. This Subsection does not apply to a
19	member who does not return to employment covered by the retirement system.
20	C. The system shall accept as the member's payment of amounts payable by
21	the member under this Section the direct transfer of any assets held for the benefit
22	of the member in an individual retirement account or annuity, including a Roth
23	account, or in a plan qualified under Section 401(a) or Section 403(a) of the Internal
24	Revenue Code or in a governmental deferred compensation arrangement subject to
25	Section 457(g) of the Internal Revenue Code or in a tax sheltered annuity or other
26	arrangement under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
27	* * *
28	§1631. Retirement benefits; application; eligibility requirements
29	* * *

F.(1) Except as provided in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection, if any member
who has retired from this system is reemployed as an employee by any district
attorney in the state, his retirement benefit shall be suspended during said
employment, and he shall not be paid any benefits for the period covered by such
employment. He shall, upon such reemployment, again become an active
contributing member of the system, with the option of establishing service credit for
any period of full-time employment as district attorney or assistant district attorney
since returning to such employment following retirement by payment into the system
the employer and employee amount plus interest that would have been withheld and
paid into the system for that period based upon his total salary for such period. He
shall accrue a supplemental retirement benefit based on his service rendered after
reemployment. If the member continues employment after retirement for a period
of less than thirty-six sixty months, his supplemental monthly retirement benefit
shall equal the benefit accrued under R.S. 11:1632 or 1633, whichever is applicable,
based on the lesser of his average final compensation at his original retirement date
or his average compensation during the period of his subsequent reemployment. If
the member continues in employment after retirement for a period of thirty-six sixty
months or more, his supplemental monthly retirement benefit shall equal the benefit
accrued under R.S. 11:1632 or 1633, whichever is applicable, based on his average
final compensation during his period of reemployment. Upon retirement subsequent
to reemployment, his benefit shall be equal to the benefits he was receiving
immediately prior to reemployment plus the supplemental benefit earned during his
reemployment.
* * *
§1632. Retirement eligibility; benefits at three percent
* * *

C.(1) The retirement benefit of any member that is not attributable to employee contributions, when expressed as an annual benefit, may not exceed two hundred thousand dollars per year, as adjusted for increases in the cost of living

pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 415(d). For purposes of determining whether a memb	<u>er's</u>
benefit exceeds this limitation, if the normal form of benefit is other than a single	<u>life</u>
annuity, such form shall be adjusted actuarially to the equivalent of a single	<u>life</u>
annuity. This single life annuity shall not exceed the maximum dollar limitat	tion
outlined in this Paragraph. No adjustment is required for qualified joint and survi	vor
annuity benefits, pre-retirement disability benefits, or pre-retirement death benefits	<u>fits.</u>
(2)(a) If benefit distribution begins before age sixty-two, the act	<u>tual</u>
retirement benefit shall not exceed the adjusted dollar limitation. The adjusted do	llar
limitation shall be the equivalent, determined in a manner consistent with reduct	<u>tion</u>
of benefits for early retirement under the federal Social Security Act, of two hund	<u>lred</u>
thousand dollars beginning at age sixty-two.	
(b) If benefit distribution begins after age sixty-five, the dollar limitat	tion_
shall be increased to the equivalent of two hundred thousand dollars beginning	<u>age</u>
sixty-five, as adjusted for increases in the cost of living pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 4	1 15.
(c) The interest rate used for adjusting the maximum limitations above sl	<u>hall</u>
be:	
(i) For benefits commencing before age sixty-two and for forms of benefits	<u>efit</u>
other than straight life annuity, the greater of five percent or the rate used	<u>1 to</u>
determine actuarial equivalence for other purposes of this retirement system.	
(ii) For benefits commencing after age sixty-five, the lesser of five percentage of the percentage of	<u>ent</u>
or the rate used to determine actuarial equivalence for other purposes under the	<u>this</u>
retirement system.	
(3) If retirement benefits are payable under this system to a member who	<u>has</u>
less than ten years of participation in the system, the dollar limitation referred to	o in
Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be multiplied by a fraction, not in excess	s of
one, the numerator of which is the member's number of years of participation in	the
system and the denominator of which is ten.	

1	(4) The two hundred thousand dollar limitation provided in this Subsection
2	shall be adjusted annually to the maximum dollar limits allowable as determined by
3	the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service under 26 U.S.C. 415(d).
4	(5) If a member is a also a member in another defined benefit pension plan
5	maintained by the state or its political subdivisions, his benefit, considered in the
6	aggregate after taking into account the benefits provided by all such retirement plans,
7	shall not exceed the limits provided in this Subsection.
8	(6) That portion of the benefit that is attributable to member contributions
9	shall be determined in accordance with Treasury Regulations § 1.415-3(d)(1).
10	(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Subsection, the benefits payable
11	with respect to a participant under any defined benefit plan shall be deemed not to
12	exceed the limitations of Subsection E of this Section.
13	(a) The retirement benefits payable with respect to such participant under
14	such plan and under all other defined benefit plans of the employer do not exceed ten
15	thousand dollars for the plan year, or for any prior plan year, and
16	(b) The employer has not at any time maintained a defined contribution plan
17	in which the participant participated.
18	D.(1) For purposes of R.S. 11:1623, 1633, and 1634, average compensation
19	shall include any amounts properly considered as regular rate of pay of the member,
20	as defined in R.S. 11:231, and unreduced by amounts excluded from income for
21	federal income tax purposes by reason of 26 U.S.C. 125, 132(f), 402(e)(3),
22	402(h)(1)(B), 403(b), 414(h), or 457 or any other provision of federal law of similar
23	effect.
24	(2) For years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, the annual compensation
25	limitation shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars, as adjusted for
26	cost-of-living increases under 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(17)(B). If compensation for an
27	earlier period is taken into account in determining an employee's benefits accruing
28	in the current plan year, the compensation for the earlier period shall be subject to
29	the compensation limit for the current year

2	has ever been covered by another plan maintained by the employer, including a
3	qualified plan, a welfare benefit fund as defined in 26 U.S.C. 419(e), an individual
4	medical account as defined in 26 U.S.C. 415(1)(2) that provides an annual addition
5	as described in Paragraph (4) of this Subsection.
6	(2) If a member is or has ever been covered under more than one defined
7	benefit plan maintained by the employer, the sum of the member's annual benefits
8	from all such plans shall not exceed the maximum permissible amount set forth in
9	Subsection C of this Section.
10	(3) If the employer maintains or at any time maintained one or more
11	qualified defined contribution plans covering any member in this system, a welfare
12	benefit fund as defined in 26 U.S.C. 419(e) or an individual medical account as
13	defined in 26 U.S.C. 415(l)(2), the member's annual additions for any year shall not
14	exceed the maximum permissible amount, which is forty thousand dollars adjusted
15	for increases in the cost-of-living pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 415(d).
16	(4) "Annual additions" of a member for the year shall mean the sum of the
17	following amounts credited to a member's account for the year:
18	(a) Employer contributions.
19	(b) Employee contributions.
20	(c) Forfeitures.
21	(d) Amounts allocated to an individual medical account as defined in 26
22	U.S.C. 415(l)(2) that is a part of a pension or annuity plan maintained by the
23	employer are treated as annual additions to a defined contribution plan.
24	Additionally, amounts derived from contributions paid or accrued in taxable years
25	ending after December 31, 1985, which are attributable to post-retirement medical
26	benefits allocated to the separated account of a key employee as defined in 26 U.S.C.
27	419A(d)(d) or under a welfare benefit fund as defined in 26 U.S.C. 419(e)
28	maintained by the employer are treated as annual additions to a defined contribution
29	plan.

E.(1) The provisions of this Section shall apply if any member is covered or

1 (e) The employee contribution shall be deemed to be a defined contribution 2 plan. If a member has made employee contributions pursuant to the provisions of 3 this retirement system, the amount of such contributions shall be treated as an annual 4 addition to a qualified defined contribution plan for purposes of this Section. 5 (5) The amount of annual additions that may be credited to the member's account for any limitation year shall not exceed the maximum permissible amount. 6 7 Contributions and benefits under any other plan of the employer, to the extent that 8 an adjustment is required to satisfy the requirements of this Section in the aggregate, 9 shall be limited or reduced to the extent necessary to satisfy such requirements 10 without reducing accrued benefits; however, only after such other plans have been 11 modified shall the benefits and contributions under this plan be reduced. As soon as 12 it is administratively feasible after the end of the limitation year, the maximum 13 permissible amount for the limitation year shall be determined on the basis of the 14 member's actual compensation for the limitation year. If there is an excess amount, 15 the excess shall be disposed of as follows: 16 (a) Any non-deductible voluntary employee contribution to the extent it 17 would reduce the excess amount shall be returned to the member. 18 (b) If after the application of Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph, an excess 19 amount still exists, then any non-deductible mandatory contribution to the extent it 20 would reduce the excess amount shall be returned to the member. 21 (c) If after the application of Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, an excess 22 amount still exists and the member is covered by the plan at the end of the limitation 23 year, the excess amount in the member's account shall be used to reduce employer 24 contributions, including any allocation of forfeitures, for such member in the next limitation year if necessary. 25 26 (d) If after the application of Subparagraph (c) of this Paragraph, an excess

amount still exists and the member is not covered by the plan at the end of the

limitation year, the excess amount shall be held unallocated in a suspense account.

The suspense account shall be applied to reduce the future employer contributions

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for all remaining members in the next limitation year and each succeeding limitation

2	year if necessary.
3	(e) If a suspense account is in existence at any time during a limitation year
4	pursuant to the provisions of this Section, it shall not participate in the allocation of
5	the trust's investment gains and losses. If a suspense account is in existence at any
6	time during a particular limitation year, all amounts in the suspense account shall be
7	allocated and reallocated to members' accounts before any employer or any
8	employee contributions may be made to the plan for that limitation year. Excess
9	amounts shall not be distributed to members or former members.
10	(6) "Excess Amounts" of a member for a limitation year shall mean the
11	excess of the member's annual additions for the limitation year over the maximum
12	permissible amount.
13	(7) The "limitation year" shall be the calendar year, or the twelve
14	consecutive month period elected by the employer hereunder.
15	(8)(a) The "maximum permissible amount" for a member for a limitation
16	year shall be the maximum annual addition that may be contributed or allocated to
17	a member's account under the plan for any limitation year and shall not exceed the
18	<u>lesser of:</u>
19	(i) Forty thousand dollars, as adjusted after 2001 for changes in the cost of
20	living in accordance with 26 U.S.C. 415(d).
21	(ii) One hundred percent of the member's compensation for the limitation
22	<u>year.</u>
23	(b) The compensation limitation provided for in Item (a)(ii) of this Paragraph
24	shall not apply to any contribution for medical benefits within the meaning of 26
25	U.S.C. 401(h) or 419A(f)(2) that is otherwise treated as an annual addition pursuant
26	to 26 U.S.C. 415(l) or Section 419A(d)(2).
27	§1633. Retirement eligibility; benefits at three and one-half percent
28	* * *

C. The limitations of R.S. 11:1632(C) and (E) shall apply to this Section.

2	* * *
3	§1635. Return of accumulated contributions
4	A. Should a member cease to be an employee except by death or retirement
5	under the provisions of this Chapter, he shall be paid such part of the amount of the
6	accumulated contributions standing to the credit of his individual account in the
7	annuity savings fund as he shall demand. Should a member die before retirement the
8	amount of his accumulated contributions standing to the credit of his individual
9	account shall be paid to his estate or to such person as he shall have nominated by
10	written designation, duly executed and filed with the board of trustees, unless
11	benefits are payable under R.S. 11:1636.
12	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law of the contrary that would
13	otherwise limit a member's election under this Section, a distributee may elect, at the
14	time and in the manner prescribed by the plan administrator, to have any portion of
15	an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified
16	by the distribute in a direct rollover.
17	C. If a distribution is one to which 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(11) and 417 do not
18	apply, the distribution may commence fewer than thirty days after the notice required
19	under Section 1.411(a)-11(c) of the Income Tax Regulations is given, if both of the
20	following apply:
21	(1) The plan administrator clearly informs the participant that the participant
22	has a right to a period of at least thirty days after receiving the notice to consider the
23	decision of whether or not to elect a distribution and, if applicable, a particular
24	distribution option.
25	(2) The participant, after receiving the notice, affirmatively elects a
26	distribution.
27	D. As used in this Section, the following terms shall mean the following:
28	(1) "Direct rollover" means a payment by the plan to the eligible retirement
29	plan specified by the distributee.

(2) "Distributee" means a member or former member. In addition, the member's or former member's surviving spouse, or the member's spouse or former member's spouse with whom a benefit or return of employee contributions is to be divided pursuant to R.S. 11:291(B) are distributees with reference to an interest of the member or former spouse.

(3) "Eligible retirement plan" means an individual retirement account described in 26 U.S.C. 408(a), an individual retirement annuity described in 26 U.S.C. 408(b), an annuity plan described in 26 U.S.C. 403(a), or a qualified trust described in 26 U.S.C. 401(a), that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. However, in the case of an eligible rollover distribution to the surviving spouse, an eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account or individual retirement annuity. "Eligible retirement plan" shall also mean an annuity contract described in 26 U.S.C. 403(b) and an eligible plan under 26 U.S.C. 457(b) that is maintained by the state or any political subdivision or instrumentality thereof agreeing to account separately for amounts transferred into such plan from this fund. A distribution to a surviving spouse or to a spouse or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order shall not make the retirement plan ineligible.

(4) "Eligible rollover distribution" means any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distribution, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include any distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments, not less frequently than annually, made for the life or life expectancy of the distributee or the joint lives or joint life expectancies of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9); and the portion of any distribution that is not includable in gross income, determined without regard to the exclusion for net unrealized appreciation with respect to employer securities. A portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax

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employee contributions which are not includable in gross income; however, such portion may be paid only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in 26 U.S.C. 408(a) or (b), or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in 26 U.S.C. 401(a) or 403(a) that agrees to account separately for amounts so transferred, including accounting separately for the portion of such distribution which is includable in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not includable. The fund shall accept participant rollover contributions, direct rollovers of distributions made after December 31, 2011, or both, from the following types of plans: individual retirement accounts or annuities or plans qualified under 26 U.S.C. 401(a) or 403(a), or governmental deferred compensation arrangements subject to 26 U.S.C. 457(b) or tax sheltered annuities or other arrangements under 26 U.S.C. 403(b), beginning on the effective date specified; but only for the purposes of repaying prior distributions or purchasing service credits permitted under 26 U.S.C. 415(k)(3) and 415(n). §1636. Survivors' benefits B. Upon the death of any active contributing member with five or more years of creditable service, or any member with twenty-three years of service who has not retired, the following benefits shall be paid:

(7) Upon the death of an active contributing member who is eligible to retire, the spouse eligible for benefits payable under Paragraph (1) of this subsection may elect to receive such benefits in the same manner as described in R.S. 11:1644 as if the member had retired and elected Option Two Back-DROP benefits on the day following the member's death.

C.(1) If a survivor benefit is payable to a specified person or persons or if a benefit is payable at death under an option elected pursuant to R.S. 11:1637, the member shall be considered to have designated such person as a designated beneficiary hereunder. If there is more than one such person, then the oldest such

1	person shall be considered to have been so designated, or, if none, the oldest person
2	entitled to receive a survivor benefit shall be considered to have been so designated.
3	The designation of a designated beneficiary hereunder shall not prevent payment to
4	multiple beneficiaries but shall only establish the permitted period of payments.
5	(2) Distributions from the retirement system shall be made in accordance
6	with the requirements set forth in 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9), including the minimum
7	distribution incidental benefit rules applicable thereunder.
8	(3) A member's benefits shall be made or shall commence to be paid on or
9	before the required beginning date.
10	(4) The required beginning date shall be April first of the calendar year
11	following the later of the calendar year in which the member attains seventy and
12	one-half years of age, or the calendar year in which the employee retires.
13	* * *
14	§1638. Cost-of-living increase of benefits
15	* * *
16	C. No increase in benefits pursuant to Subsection A shall apply if the result
17	would be to exceed the limitations of R.S. 11:1632(C).
18	* * *
19	§1645. Excess benefit arrangement
20	A. A separate, nonqualified, unfunded excess benefit arrangement is hereby
21	created outside the trust fund of the retirement system. This excess benefit
22	arrangement shall be administered as a governmental excess benefit arrangement
23	under 26 U.S.C. 415(m). The purpose of the excess benefit arrangement is to pay
24	to retirees of the retirement system benefits otherwise payable by the retirement
25	system that exceed the limitations on benefits imposed by 26 U.S.C. 415(b)(1)(A).
26	B. The board of trustees shall be responsible for the administration of the
27	arrangement provided for in this Section. Except as otherwise provided by this
28	Section, the hoard has the same rights, duties, and responsibilities concerning the

excess benefit arrangement as it has to the trust fund and may adopt rules and

regulations necessary to administer this arrangement in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act and in compliance with 26 U.S.C. 415(m).

C. Benefits under this Section are exempt from execution to the same extent as provided by R.S. 11:1583, subject to the exceptions in R.S. 11:291 and 292, and the benefits are completely unassignable. Contributions to this arrangement are not held in trust and may not be commingled with other funds of the retirement system.

D. A retiree is entitled to a monthly benefit under this Section in an amount equal to the amount by which the benefit otherwise payable by the retirement system has been reduced by the limitation on benefits imposed by 26 U.S.C. 415(b)(1)(A). The benefit payable by this arrangement is payable at the time and in the form that the benefit payable under the trust fund is paid.

E. The benefit payable under this Section shall be paid from contributions that otherwise would be made to the trust fund under this Title. In lieu of deposit in the trust account, an amount determined by the retirement system to be necessary to pay benefits under this Section shall be paid monthly to the credit of a separately dedicated account maintained only for the excess benefit arrangement. The account may included amounts needed to pay reasonable and necessary expenses of administering this arrangement. The monthly amounts to be paid to the credit of the account shall be transferred to the account prior to the date of a monthly disbursement under this Section.

F. The board reserves the right to amend, terminate or reestablish the arrangement at any time. Such amendment or termination may be retroactive to the extent that the board deems such action necessary to maintain the tax qualified status of the pension plan or the status of this arrangement as an excess benefit arrangement or to avoid jeopardizing the funded status of the pension plan. In addition, the arrangement may be amended or terminated to eliminate all benefits with respect to any member or other person who has not become eligible to participate in an excess benefit plan arrangement as of the date of such amendment or termination.

1	§1651. Board of trustees; membership; vacancies; compensation
2	* * *
3	B. The board shall consist of eight nine trustees as follows:
4	* * *
5	(2)(a) Five Six active and contributing members of the system, who shall
6	have at least ten years of creditable service, one of whom shall be an assistant district
7	attorney, and who shall be elected by the members of the District Attorneys'
8	Retirement System according to such rules and regulations as the board of trustees
9	shall adopt to govern such elections, shall serve as members for terms of five years
10	each.
11	* * *
12	§1676. Reversion of funds prohibited
13	A. At no time shall it be possible for the plan assets to be used for, or
14	diverted to, any person or purpose other than for the exclusive benefit of the
15	members and their beneficiaries, except that contributions made by the employer
16	may be returned to the employer if the contribution was made due to a mistake of
17	fact and the contribution is returned within one year of the mistaken payment of the
18	contribution.
19	B. The amount of any contribution returned shall not exceed the difference
20	between the amount actually contributed and the amount which would have been
21	contributed had there been no mistake of fact and shall not include the earnings
22	attributable to such contribution. The amount of the contribution returned shall be
23	reduced by any losses attributable to the contribution, and no member shall have his
24	benefit hereunder reduced by the return of the contribution to less than such benefit
25	would have been had the returned contribution never been made.
26	C. Notwithstanding the above, if the retirement system is terminated and all
27	obligations under the retirement system are fully funded and provided for, then any
28	excess funds held by the system shall be returned to the employer.

Section 2. R.S. 11:231(A)(3) is hereby repealed in its entirety.

2 Section 3. The amendments to R.S. 11:1581(5) contained in this Act shall be 3 implemented as follows: For those members retiring before January 1, 2013, the provisions 4 of R.S.11:1581(5) shall apply as they existed before the effective date of this Act. For those members retiring on or after January 1, 2013, and on or before December 31, 2014, the 5 period used to calculate the average final compensation shall be thirty-six months plus the 6 number of whole months since January 1, 2013, until the date of retirement. 7 8 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, the monthly average 9 final compensation expressed in dollars used to compute a member's benefit after the 10 effective date of this Act shall not be less than the dollar amount of the average monthly 11 earnings during the member's highest thirty-six consecutive months or joined months of 12 service earned for employment before the effective date of this Act as determined under R.S. 13 11:1581(5) as it provided prior to amendment by this Act. 14 Section 4. This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2012; if vetoed by the governor 15 and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on July 1, 16 2012, or on the day following such approval by the legislature, whichever is later.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Pearson HB No. 58

Abstract: Relative to the District Attorneys' Retirement System (DARS): provides relative federal tax qualification status of the system; increases employee contributions; adds a member to the board of trustees; changes basis of FAC calculation from 36 to 60 months.

<u>Present law</u> provides for an employee contribution rate of 7%. <u>Proposed law</u> increases the rate to 8%

<u>Present law</u> provides that average final compensation is calculated using the highest paid 36 successive months of service. <u>Proposed law</u> increases the period to sixty months.

<u>Present law</u> provides for an eight member board of trustees to govern the system. <u>Proposed law</u> adds a member, who shall be an assistant district attorney, to the board.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for compliance by the system with applicable federal tax qualification requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and federal regulations.

Effective July 1, 2012.

(Amends R.S. 11:62(12), 1581(5), 1614, 1631(F)(1), 1635, and 1651(B)(intro. para.) and (2)(a); Adds R.S. 11:1588, 1632(C), (D), and (E), 1633(C), 1636(B)(7), and (C), 1638(C), 1645, and 1676; Repeals R.S. 11:231(A)(3))