HLS 12RS-856 ENGROSSED

Regular Session, 2012

HOUSE BILL NO. 974

BY REPRESENTATIVES CARTER, KLECKLEY, BROADWATER, CHAMPAGNE, CONNICK, HENRY, HENSGENS, LORUSSO, PONTI, ROBIDEAUX, SCHRODER, SEABAUGH, TALBOT, AND THOMPSON AND SENATORS ALARIO AND APPEL

TEACHERS: Provides relative to teacher tenure, pay-for-performance, and evaluations

1 AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact R.S. 17:54(B)(1)(b)(i) and (iii), 81(A) and (P)(1), 81.4, 229, and 3 414.1, 441, 442, 443, and 444(B)(1), to enact R.S. 17:418 and 532(C), and to repeal 4 R.S. 17:44, 45, 81(I), 154.2, 235.1(E), 346.1, 419, 419.1, 420, 421, 421.1, 421.2, 5 421.3, 421.5, 422, 422.1, 422.2, 422.3, 422.4, 422.5, 431, 444(A) and (B)(2) and (3), 6 446, 461 through 464, and 1207, relative to elementary and secondary education; to 7 provide with respect to teachers and other school employees; to provide with respect to local school superintendents, their employment, and their duties and 8 9 responsibilities; to provide relative to local school boards and their functions and 10 powers; to provide relative to school personnel decisions; to provide relative to 11 school board reduction in force policies; to provide with respect to the salaries and 12 compensation of teachers and other school employees; to provide relative to tenure 13 for school employees and the removal of tenured and nontenured teachers; to provide 14 for effectiveness; and to provide for related matters. 15 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

16 Section 1. R.S. 17:54(B)(1)(b)(i) and (iii), 81(A) and (P)(1), 81.4, 229, and 414.1

17 are hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:

2	removal.
3	* * *
4	B.(1)
5	* * *
6	(b)(i)(aa) The superintendent of schools shall be employed by a city, parish,
7	or other local public school board pursuant to a written contract. Such contract shall
8	contain but need not be limited to specific performance objectives. However, for the
9	board of a local public school system that received any variation of a school
10	performance letter grade of "C", "D", or "F", such contract shall establish
11	performance targets at the school and district level as follows: (1) student
12	achievement; (2) student achievement for schools that have received any variation
13	of a school performance letter grade designation of "C", "D", or "F"; (3) graduation
14	rates; (4) graduation rates for schools that have received any variation of a school
15	performance letter grade designation of "C", "D", or "F"; and (5) the percentage of
16	teachers with an "effective" or "highly effective" performance rating. Not less than
17	ninety thirty days prior to the termination of such a contract, the school board shall
18	notify the superintendent of termination of employment under such contract, or in
19	lieu thereof the board and the superintendent may negotiate and enter into a contract
20	for subsequent employment.
21	(bb) Each local public school board shall submit a copy of its current
22	employment contract with the superintendent of schools to the state superintendent
23	of education.
24	(cc) A local public school board shall notify the state superintendent of
25	education any time it terminates or fails to renew its employment contract with the
26	local school superintendent, along with the reasons therefor.
27	(dd) Any employment contract executed, negotiated, or renegotiated after
28	July 1, 2012, between a local school board and a superintendent that does not meet

§54. Officers of boards, election; superintendents, qualifications, appointment and

the requirements established in this Subsection is null and void.

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(iii) The superintendent shall be retained during the term of a contract; however, if the superintendent is found incompetent, unworthy, or inefficient or is found to have failed to fulfill the terms and performance objectives of his contract or to comply with school board policy, then the superintendent may shall be removed from office as provided by Subsection C of this Section. Before the superintendent can be removed during the contract period, he shall have the right to written charges and a fair hearing before the board after reasonable written notice.

* * *

§81. General powers of city, parish, and other local public school boards

A.(1) Each local public school board shall serve in a policymaking capacity that is in the best interests of all students enrolled in schools under the board's jurisdiction. When establishing board policies, each board shall prioritize student achievement, financial efficiency, and workforce development on a local, regional, and statewide basis. When choosing a local superintendent of schools, each board shall select a leader who shall prioritize student achievement and act in the best interests of all students enrolled in schools under the board's jurisdiction.

(2) Each city and parish local public school board shall determine the number of schools to be opened, the location of school houses, and the number of teachers and other school personnel to be employed, and select teachers and all other certified personnel from recommendations made by the city or parish superintendent as required by this Subsection. The boards local school superintendent shall have authority to employ teachers by the month or by the year, and to fix their salaries; provided that there shall be no discrimination as to sex in the fixing thereof and provided further, that it is not the purpose of this Section to require or direct the reduction of any salary, or salary schedule, presently in force. The boards local school superintendent shall see that the provisions of the state school law are complied with.

1	(2)(3) Each city and parish local public school board shall select teachers and
2	all other certified personnel from recommendations made by the city or parish
3	superintendent regarding delegate authority for the hiring and placement of all school
4	personnel, including those for which state certification is required to the local school
5	superintendent. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure that all
6	persons recommended have proper certification, as applicable, and are qualified for
7	the position. Nothing shall prevent a school board from rejecting the
8	recommendations made by the superintendent and requiring the superintendent to
9	submit additional recommendations.
10	(3) (4) Each city and parish local public school board shall adopt policies for
11	and establish procedures which require a city or parish local school superintendent
12	to:
13	(a) Consult with Delegate to the principal regarding any recommendations
14	made by the superintendent for all decisions regarding the hiring or placement of any
15	teacher or other certified personnel at the school in which the principal is employed,
16	subject to the approval of the local school superintendent. Any recommendations
17	made by the principal shall not be binding upon the superintendent but shall be
18	considered by the superintendent in making his recommendations to the board.
19	(b) Consult with teachers regarding any recommendations made by the
20	superintendent for prior to making any decisions regarding the hiring or placement
21	of a principal at the school in which such teachers are employed. Any
22	recommendations made by teachers shall not be binding upon the superintendent but
23	shall be considered by the superintendent in when making his recommendations to
24	the board employment decisions.
25	(4) (5) Any policies and procedures adopted by a city or parish local public
26	school board pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection shall be in accordance
27	with all laws, all state rules, regulations, and policies relative to certification of
28	teachers and other personnel, and any court order or restrictions relative to
29	desegregation.

(6) The superintendent and the school principal shall make all employment-related decisions based upon performance, effectiveness, and qualifications as applicable to each specific position. Effectiveness, as determined pursuant to R.S. 17:3881 through 3905, shall be used as the primary criterion for making personnel decisions; however, in no case shall seniority or tenure be used as the primary criterion when making decisions regarding the hiring, assignment, or dismissal of teachers and other school employees.

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P.(1) No board member shall act in an individual capacity to use the authority of his office or position as a member of the school board in a manner intended to interfere with, compel, or coerce any personnel decision <u>made by the superintendent or a school principal</u>, including the hiring, promotion, discipline, demotion, transfer, discharge, or assignment of work to any school employee. The superintendent, as the instructional leader of the district and its chief executive officer, shall have primary responsibility for personnel actions in the district. Each school board shall approve or disapprove employment of teachers and all other certified personnel from recommendations made by the superintendent regarding the hiring and placement of all personnel for which state certification is required. The superintendent shall make recommendations to the board in open public session at a meeting which has been properly noticed. Prior to the board voting in open session on the superintendent's recommendations, the board shall provide opportunity for public comment.

§81.4. Reductions in force; dismissal of teachers and other school employees

A. Not later than January 1st, 1984 September 1, 2012, each city and parish local public school board shall develop and adopt rules and policies that delegate reduction in force decisions to the superintendent which it he shall use in dismissing teachers and other employees at any time a reduction in force is instituted by such school board. Such rules and policies shall be made available for inspection by

2	adoption.
3	B. Not later than January 1st, 1986, each city and parish school board shall
4	develop and adopt rules and policies which it shall use in dismissing any full-time
5	secretary, teacher's aide, school clerk, or custodian at any time a reduction in force
6	is instituted by that school board. These rules and policies shall be made available
7	for inspection, by any full-time secretary, teacher's aide, school clerk, or custodian,
8	and the general public within ten days after their final adoption.
9	C. Not later than January 1, 1987, each city and parish school board shall
10	develop and adopt rules and policies which it shall use in dismissing school
11	employees other than those for which provision is made in Subsections (A) and (B),
12	at any time a reduction in force is instituted by the school board. Such rules and
13	policies shall be made available for inspection by any such school employee and the
14	general public within ten days after their final adoption.
15	B. All reduction in force policies adopted for use in dismissing teachers and
16	administrators shall be based solely upon demand, performance, and effectiveness,
17	as determined by the performance evaluation program as provided in R.S. 17:3881
18	through 3905. Any reduction in force by a superintendent shall be instituted by
19	dismissing the least effective teacher within each targeted subject area or area of
20	certification first, and then proceeding by effectiveness rating until the reduction in
21	force has been accomplished.
22	C. All reduction in force policies adopted by a local school board for use by
23	the superintendent in dismissing school employees who are not evaluated pursuant
24	to R.S. 17:3881 through 3905, shall be based upon the following criteria:
25	(1) Performance and effectiveness as determined by school board policy.
26	(2) Certification or academic preparation, if applicable.
27	D. Not later than January 1, 1996, all All reduction in force policies of the
28	city and parish local public school boards and special schools as provided in this
29	Section shall include but not be limited to the following minimum standards:

teachers, other school employees and the general public within ten days after final

1	(1) Certification, if applicable.
2	(2) Seniority in the system.
3	(3) Tenure of employees.
4	(4) Academic preparation, if applicable, within the employee's field.
5	(5) (a) (1) The right of an employee notified of an action which results from
6	implementation of a reduction in force policy to request in writing a review of such
7	action and to receive notice of the results of such review.
8	(b) (2) The right of an employee to pursue the matter through the school
9	board's adopted grievance procedure.
10	E. No reduction in force policy adopted by a local public school board shall
11	include seniority or tenure as the primary criterion to be considered when instituting
12	a reduction in force.
13	* * *
14	§229. Appointment of visiting teachers, or supervisors of child welfare and
15	attendance
16	The appointment of parish and city local school superintendent shall appoint
17	visiting teachers, or and supervisors of child welfare and attendance, shall be made
18	by the parish or city school board upon the recommendation of the parish or city
19	superintendent of education; but no person shall be so recommended or so appointed
20	unless certified by the state board of education. It shall be the duty of the parish or
21	city superintendent of education to nominate for the consideration of the school
22	board the person or persons whom he judges to be properly certified and the best
23	qualified and most competent.
24	Visiting teachers, or supervisors of child welfare and attendance, need not be
25	qualified electors or residents of the parish or city in which they are appointed to
26	serve.
27	* * *

§414.1. Public elementary and secondary school principals; duties

The principal appointed by the parish or city school board for each public elementary and secondary school shall serve; be appointed by and serve under the overall direction of the parish or city local superintendent of schools; as the administrative officer of the school to which he is assigned. Consistent with the requirements of law and the rules and regulations of the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and the parish or city local public school board by which he is employed, he shall have administrative responsibility for the direction and supervision of the personnel and activities and the administration of the affairs of that school.

* * *

Section 2. R.S. 17:418 is hereby enacted to read as follows:

§418. Salaries; teachers and other school employees

A.(1) The governing authority of each local public elementary and secondary school, the state special schools, and the schools and programs administered through the special school district shall establish salary schedules by which to determine the salaries to be paid to teachers and all other school employees. The salaries as provided therein shall be considered as full compensation for all work required and performed within each employee's prescribed scope of duties and responsibilities.

(2) Such salary schedules shall be established and published not later than January 1, 2013, and shall become effective for all employees not later than the beginning of the 2013-2014 school year.

B.(1) Salary schedules established for teachers, administrators, and other certified school personnel shall be based upon the following criteria, with no one criterion accounting for more than fifty percent of the formula used to compute such employees' salaries:

(a) Effectiveness, as determined by the performance evaluation program as provided in R.S. 17:3881 through 3905.

1	(b) Demand by subject area, area of certification, particular school need, or
2	geographic area.
3	(c) Experience.
4	(2) No teacher or administrator who is rated "ineffective" pursuant to the
5	performance evaluation program as provided in R.S. 17:3881 through 3905 shall
6	receive a higher salary in the year following the evaluation than he received in the
7	year of the evaluation.
8	C.(1) The amount of the annual salary paid to a teacher or other school
9	employee in any school year shall not be reduced below the amount of such salary
10	paid during the previous school year, nor shall the amount of the annual salary paid
11	to such school personnel be reduced at any time during an academic year.
12	(2) The limitations on the reduction in the amount of the annual salary paid
13	to teachers and other school employees shall not be applicable to:
14	(a) The correction of any accounting errors or to a reduction necessitated by
15	the elimination of a state program or state funding.
16	(b) The reduction of any local salary supplement funded, in whole or in part,
17	from a revenue source requiring voter approval when such voter approval has not
18	been obtained.
19	(c) When a teacher or other school employee who has been promoted to a
20	position of higher salary is demoted in accordance with applicable law and local
21	board or special school district policy to a lower position. In such case the teacher
22	or other school employee shall return to the salary previously received in the lower
23	position from which he was promoted.
24	D. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to any employee who is in
25	the classified service of the state.

1	Section 3. R.S. 17:441, 442, 443, and 444(B)(1) are hereby amended and reenacted
2	and R.S. 17:532(C) is hereby enacted to read as follows:
3	§441. Definitions
4	As used in this Subpart, the word "teacher" means:
5	(1) Any employee of any parish or city a local public school board, state
6	special school, or a school or program administered by the special school district
7	who holds a teacher's certificate and whose legal employment requires such teacher's
8	certificate;
9	(2) Any school lunch supervisor employed by a parish or city local public
10	school board who holds a special parish school lunch supervisor's certificate issued
11	by the department Department of education Education of the state of Louisiana and
12	whose employment requires such certificate. No employee as defined in this
13	Paragraph hired on or after July 1, 2012, shall be eligible to acquire tenure.
14	§442. Probation and tenure of parish or city school teachers Tenure
15	Each teacher shall serve a probationary term of three years to be reckoned
16	from the date of his first appointment in the parish or city in which the teacher is
17	serving his probation. During the probationary term the parish or city school board,
18	as the case may be, may dismiss or discharge any probationary teacher upon the
19	written recommendation of the parish or city superintendent of schools, as the case
20	may be, accompanied by valid reasons therefor.
21	Any teacher found unsatisfactory by the parish or city school board, as the
22	case may be, at the expiration of the said probationary term, shall be notified in
23	writing by the board that he has been discharged or dismissed; in the absence of such
24	notification, such probationary teacher shall automatically become a regular and
25	permanent teacher in the employ of the school board of the parish or city, as the case
26	may be, in which he has successfully served his three year probationary term; all
27	teachers in the employ of any parish or city school board as of July 31, 1946 who
28	hold proper certificates and who have served satisfactorily as teachers in that parish

2	permanent teachers in the employ of the school board of that parish or city.
3	A.(1) Effective July 1, 2012, in order to be deemed eligible to acquire tenure,
4	a teacher must be rated "highly effective" for five consecutive years pursuant to the
5	performance evaluation program as provided in R.S. 17:3881 through 3905.
6	(2) A teacher paid with federal funds shall be not eligible to acquire tenure,
7	nor shall time spent in employment paid with federal funds be counted toward the
8	time required for acquisition of tenure.
9	B. The school superintendent shall notify a teacher, in writing, when tenure
10	has been awarded and the teacher is deemed to have acquired tenure on the date
11	specified therein. A teacher who is not awarded tenure remains an at-will employee
12	of the public school board or the special school district but shall acquire tenure upon
13	meeting the criteria established in Subsection A of this Section.
14	C.(1) Any teacher who receives a performance rating of "ineffective"
15	pursuant to the performance evaluation program as provided in R.S. 17:3881 through
16	3905 shall immediately lose his tenure and all rights related thereto.
17	(2) Such teacher may reacquire tenure through one of the following:
18	(a) The teacher's "ineffective" performance rating is reversed pursuant to the
19	grievance procedure established pursuant to R.S. 17:3883(5). In such case, the
20	teacher's tenure shall be immediately reinstated.
21	(b) The teacher receives a performance rating of "highly effective" for five
22	consecutive years subsequent to receiving an "ineffective" rating as provided in
23	Subsection A of this Section.
24	§443. Removal of teachers; procedure; right to appeal
25	A. The school superintendent may terminate the employment of any
26	nontenured teacher after providing such teacher with the written reasons therefor and
27	providing the teacher the opportunity to respond. The teacher shall have seven days
28	to respond, and such response shall be included in the teacher's personnel file.

or city for more than three consecutive years, are declared to be regular and

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A.(B)(1) A permanent teacher with tenure shall not be removed from office except upon written and signed charges of poor performance, willful neglect of duty, or incompetency, dishonesty, or immorality, or of being a member of or contributing to any group, organization, movement, or corporation that is by law or injunction prohibited from operating in the state of Louisiana, and then only if found guilty after furnished with a copy of such written charges and given the opportunity to respond. The teacher shall have seven days to respond, and such response shall be included in the teacher's personnel file. At the end of this seven-day time period, the superintendent may terminate the teacher's employment. A teacher shall not be terminated for an "ineffective" performance rating until completion of the grievance procedure established pursuant to R.S. 17:3883(A)(5) if a grievance was timely filed. Upon dismissal, a teacher may request and upon request shall be granted a hearing by the school board of the parish or city, as the case may be a panel composed of a designee of the superintendent, a designee of the principal or the administrative head of the state special school in which the teacher was employed, and a designee of the teacher. In no case shall the superintendent, the principal or state special school administrative head, or teacher designate an immediate family member or any fulltime employee of the school system by which the teacher was employed who is under the supervision of the person making the designation. Such, which hearing may be private or public, at the option of the teacher, At least twenty days in advance of the date of the hearing, the superintendent with approval of the school board shall furnish the teacher with a copy of the written charges. Such statement of charges shall include a complete and detailed list of the specific reasons for such charges and shall include but not be limited to the following: date and place of alleged offense or offenses, names of individuals involved in or witnessing such offense or offenses, names of witnesses called or to be called to testify against the teacher at said hearing, and whether or not any such charges previously have been brought against the teacher and shall occur within ten business days after the teacher's dismissal. The teacher shall have the right to appear before the board tenure hearing panel with witnesses in his behalf and with counsel of his selection, all of whom shall be heard

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by the board panel at said hearing. For the purpose of conducting hearings hereunder, the board panel shall have the power to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of all witnesses on behalf of the teacher. Nothing herein contained shall impair the right of appeal to to seek supervisory review from a court of competent jurisdiction.

B. (2) If a permanent teacher is found guilty by a school board, after due and legal hearing as provided herein, on charges of willful neglect of duty, or of incompetency, dishonesty, or immorality, or of being a member of or contributing to any group, organization, movement, or corporation that is by law or injunction prohibited from operating in the state of Louisiana, and ordered removed from office, or disciplined by the board, the superintendent with approval of the board shall furnish to the teacher a written statement of recommendation of removal or discipline, which shall include but not be limited to the exact reason(s), offense(s), or instance(s) upon which the recommendation is based. The tenure hearing panel shall submit its recommendation to the superintendent, and the superintendent may choose to reinstate the teacher. If the superintendent does not reinstate the teacher, Such such teacher may, not more than one year sixty days from the date of the said finding, petition a court of competent jurisdiction for a full hearing to review whether the action of the school board superintendent, and the was arbitrary or capricious. The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm or reverse the action of the school board superintendent in the matter. The record on review shall be limited to evidence presented to the tenure hearing panel, and the court shall give preferential scheduling to review the matter. If the finding action of the school board superintendent is reversed by the court and the teacher is ordered reinstated and restored to duty, the teacher shall be entitled to full pay for any loss of time or salary he or she may have sustained by reason of the action of the said school board superintendent.

C. For the purposes of this Section, immorality shall mean any conviction of a felony offense affecting the public morals enumerated in Part V of Chapter 1 of Title 14 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

1	D. For purposes of this Section, the results of a teacher's evaluation
2	performed pursuant R.S. 17:3881 through 3905 and wherein he was rated
3	"ineffective" shall constitute sufficient proof of poor performance, incompetence, or
4	willful neglect of duty and no additional documentation shall be required to
5	substantiate such charges.
6	§444. Promotions to and employment into positions of higher salary and tenure
7	* * *
8	B.(1) Whenever a teacher who has acquired permanent status tenure, as set
9	forth in R.S. 17:442, in a parish or city local public school system or the special
10	school district is promoted by the employing school board superintendent by moving
11	such teacher from a position of lower salary to one of higher salary, such teacher
12	shall not gain permanent status be eligible to earn tenure in the position to which he
13	is promoted, but shall retain permanent any tenure status acquired as a teacher,
14	pursuant to R.S. 17:442.
15	* * *
16	§532. Probationary term and tenure
17	* * *
18	C. No employee, as defined in R.S. 17:531, hired on or after July 1, 2012,
19	shall be eligible to acquire permanent status.
20	Section 4. R.S. 17:44, 45, 81(I), 154.2, 235.1(E), 346.1, 419, 419.1, 420, 421, 421.1,
21	421.2, 421.3, 421.5, 422, 422.1, 422.2, 422.3, 422.4, 422.5, 431, 444(A) and (B)(2) and (3),
22	446, 461 through 464, and 1207 are hereby repealed in their entirety.
23	Section 5. This Act shall become effective on July 1, 2012; if vetoed by the governor
24	and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on July 1,
25	2012, or on the day following such approval by the legislature, whichever is later.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Carter HB No. 974

Abstract: Provides relative to teacher tenure, pay-for-performance, and evaluations.

Employment contracts and personnel matters

Relative to employment contracts and personnel matters:

- (1) <u>Proposed law</u> requires local school boards to include specified performance targets in employment contracts with the local superintendent and submit copies of such contracts to the state superintendent of education. Provides that any employment contract executed, negotiated, or renegotiated after July 1, 2012, between a board and superintendent that does not meet requirements of <u>present law</u> and <u>proposed law</u> is null and void.
- (2) <u>Present law</u> grants local school boards certain authority with respect to personnel decisions. <u>Proposed law</u> instead requires local school boards to delegate authority for personnel decisions to the local superintendent, including policies related to reductions in force.
- (3) <u>Present law</u> requires the local superintendent to consult with principals relative to hiring and placement decisions and provides that recommendations made by the principal shall not be binding upon the superintendent. <u>Proposed law</u> instead requires him to delegate such decisions to the principals, subject to his approval.
- (4) <u>Proposed law</u> requires that all school personnel employment decisions be based upon performance, effectiveness, and qualifications. Provides for effectiveness as the primary criterion when making personnel decisions and prohibits the use of seniority or tenure as such.
- (5) <u>Present law</u> requires a school board to approve or disapprove employment of teachers and certified personnel from recommendations made by the superintendent. Requires the superintendent to make recommendations to the board in open public session at a meeting which has been properly noticed. Requires the board to provide opportunity for public comment prior to the board voting in open session on the superintendent's recommendations. <u>Proposed law</u> deletes <u>present law</u>.
- (6) Present law requires school boards to have rules and policies for the dismissal of school employees when there is a reduction in force and that these shall be available for public inspection. Requires reduction in force policies to include the following minimum standards: certification, if applicable; seniority in the system; tenure of employees; and academic preparation, if applicable, within the employee's field.

 Proposed law deletes present law and instead provides the following relative to reduction in force policies:
 - (a) Policies for teachers and administrators shall be based solely on demand, performance, and effectiveness.
 - (b) Policies for noncertified school personnel shall be based on performance and effectiveness as determined by local board policy.

- (c) No reduction in force policy shall include seniority or tenure as the primary criterion.
- (7) <u>Present law</u> provides for appointment of a principal by the local school board. <u>Proposed law</u> instead provides for principal appointment by the local superintendent.

Salaries of teachers and other school employees

<u>Proposed law</u> provides the following relative to salaries:

- (1) Requires all public school governing authorities (public schools, state special schools, and schools and programs of the special school district) to establish salary schedules. Schedules for certified personnel shall be based upon the following: effectiveness; demand by subject area, area of certification, particular school need, or geographic area; and experience.
- (2) Provides that such salaries shall be considered as full compensation for all work required within each employee's prescribed scope of duties and responsibilities.
- (3) Prohibits any teacher or administrator rated as "ineffective" pursuant to <u>present law</u> performance evaluation program from receiving a higher salary in the year following the evaluation than he received in the year of the evaluation.
- (4) Prohibits salary reductions, with certain exceptions.

<u>Proposed law</u> also repeals <u>present law</u> provisions relative to minimum salary schedule requirements and extra compensation and salary requirements.

Tenure

<u>Proposed law</u> provides the following with respect to tenure:

- (1) Eliminates the probationary period for the acquisition of tenure.
- (2) Requires a teacher to receive a performance rating of "highly effective" for five consecutive years to be eligible for tenure; provides that a teacher who is not awarded tenure remains an at-will employee but shall acquire tenure upon meeting this rating requirement.
- (3) Requires the superintendent to notify a teacher in writing when tenure has been awarded and provides that such tenure is effective on the date specified in the notification.
- (4) Provides that a teacher who receives a performance rating of "ineffective" shall immediately lose tenure but may reacquire it.

<u>Proposed law</u> consolidates the tenure provisions for all certified school employees and repeals provisions in <u>present law</u> providing for separate provisions for teachers in Orleans Parish and the special school district.

<u>Proposed law</u> adds that an employee of the Iberville Parish School Board who (1) is a member of or is eligible for membership in the State Teachers' Retirement System of La. and who is not covered by the provisions of <u>present law</u> relative to tenure and (2) is hired on or after July 1, 2012, shall not be eligible to acquire permanent status.

<u>Termination of employment</u>

Relative to nontenured teachers, proposed law:

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

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- (1) Authorizes a superintendent to terminate employment upon providing the teacher with written charges therefor and the opportunity to respond.
- (2) Grants the teacher seven days to respond and provides that the response shall be included in the teacher's personnel file.

Relative to tenured teachers:

- (1) <u>Present law</u> authorizes removal from office upon written charges of willful neglect of duty, incompetency, dishonesty, immorality, or of being a member of an entity prohibited from operating in the state, and then only if found guilty after a hearing by the school board. Specifies what details must be included in such charges. <u>Proposed law</u> provides as follows:
 - (a) Adds poor performance to the list of potential charges.
 - (b) Deletes requirement that the teacher be found guilty by the board and the specified details that the statement of charges must include.
 - (c) Adds that an "ineffective" rating on a performance evaluation shall constitute sufficient proof of poor performance, incompetence, or willful neglect of duty and requires no additional documentation to substantiate such charges.
 - (d) Prohibits a teacher from being terminated for an ineffective evaluation until completion of the grievance procedure established pursuant to <u>present law</u> if a grievance was timely filed.
- (2) Present law requires the superintendent, at least 20 days before the hearing, to furnish the teacher with a copy of the written charges. Requires the superintendent, with board approval, if a permanent teacher is found guilty of the charges outlined in present law and ordered removed from office, or disciplined by the board, to furnish to the teacher a written statement of recommendation of removal or discipline, including the exact reason(s), offense(s), or instance(s) upon which the recommendation is based. Proposed law deletes present law and instead provides the following:
 - (a) The teacher must be furnished with a copy of charges and be given seven days to respond, at the end of which time period he may be terminated.
 - (b) The teacher may request, and upon request shall be granted, a hearing by a panel composed of a designee of the superintendent, a designee of the principal or the administrative head of the state special school in which the teacher was employed, and a designee of the teacher; prohibits the designation of an immediate family member or any full-time employee of the school system by which the teacher was employed who is under the supervision of the person making the designation.
 - (c) Such hearing shall occur within 10 business days following dismissal.
 - (d) The panel shall submit its recommendation to the superintendent, who may reinstate the teacher.
- (3) <u>Present law</u> provides that it does not impair the right of appeal to a court of competent jurisdiction. <u>Proposed law</u> instead provides that it does not impair the right to seek supervisory review from such court.
- (4) <u>Present law</u> grants the teacher one year to petition the court to review the action of the board. <u>Proposed law</u> instead grants the teacher, if not reinstated, 60 days to petition the court to review the superintendent's action and whether it was arbitrary

or capricious. Requires that the record on review be limited to evidence presented to the tenure hearing panel and that the court give preferential scheduling to review the matter.

(5) <u>Present law</u> provides that a local superintendent may be removed from office upon being found incompetent, unworthy, or inefficient or to have failed to fulfill the terms and performance objectives of his contract or to comply with school board policy. <u>Proposed law</u> provides instead that he shall be removed from office under these circumstances.

Effective July 1, 2012.

(Amends R.S. 17:54(B)(1)(b)(i) and (iii), 81(A) and (P)(1), 81.4, 229, 414.1, 441, 442, 443, and 444(B)(1); Adds R.S. 17:418 and 532(C); Repeals R.S. 17:44, 45, 81(I), 154.2, 235.1(E), 346.1, 419, 419.1, 420, 421, 421.1, 421.2, 421.3, 421.5, 422, 422.1, 422.2, 422.3, 422.4, 422.5, 431, 444(A) and (B)(2) and (3), 446, 461-464, and 1207)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Education</u> to the <u>original</u> bill.

Employment contracts and personnel matters

1. Prohibits, in addition to seniority, tenure from being used as a primary criterion relative to personnel decisions or reductions in force.

Salaries for teachers and other school employees

1. Provides for particular school need and geographic area as additional criteria upon which salary schedules shall be based.

Tenure

1. Requires, rather than authorizes, that a teacher who has not acquired tenure do so upon meeting criteria established in <u>proposed law</u> (receiving a performance rating of "highly effective" for five straight years).

Termination of employment

- 1. Relative to the opportunity provided in <u>proposed law</u> for teachers to respond to written termination reasons or charges, grants a seven-day response period.
- 2. Adds that a teacher shall not be terminated for an ineffective evaluation until completion of the grievance procedure established pursuant to <u>present law</u> if a grievance was timely filed.
- 3. Changes composition of the hearing panel <u>from</u> the superintendent, principal of the school where the teacher is employed, and a teacher selected by the teacher <u>to</u> a designee of the superintendent, a designee of the principal or the administrative head of the state special school in which the teacher was employed, and a designee of the teacher. Prohibits the designation of an immediate family member or any full-time employee of the school system by which the teacher was employed who is under the supervision of the person making the designation.
- 4. Instead of requiring the superintendent, at least 20 days before the hearing, to furnish the teacher with a copy of written charges, provides that the hearing shall occur within 10 business days following dismissal.

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

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5. Reinstates <u>present law</u> relative to the authority to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of all witnesses, but grants such authority to the panel instead of the school board and removes provision limiting the use of subpoenas to on behalf of the teacher.

- 6. Instead of authorizing a teacher to petition a court of competent jurisdiction if a tenure hearing panel affirms or disapproves the superintendent's action in terminating his employment, requires the panel to submit its recommendation to the superintendent, authorizes the superintendent to reinstate the teacher, and authorizes the teacher to make such petition if not reinstated.
- 7. Limits the petition to a request for review of whether the termination was arbitrary or capricious; limits the record on review to evidence presented at the tenure hearing; requires the court to give a scheduling preference to the matter.