

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Lori A. Ehrlich

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act to establish a Claimants' Trust Act.

PETITION OF:

NAME:DISTRICT/ADDRESS:Lori A. Ehrlich8th Essex

By Ms. Ehrlich of Marblehead, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1304) of Lori A. Ehrlich relative to claims for damages and establishing a claimants trust law. The Judiciary.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE

□ HOUSE □ , NO. 2162 OF 2011-2012.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act to establish a Claimants' Trust Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 203, as appearing in the official edition, is hereby amended by 2 inserting after chapter 203D the following chapter:-

3 Chapter 203E

SECTION 1. This section shall be known as and may be cited as the Massachusetts
Claimant's Trust Act. It is the express purpose of this chapter to allow for the use of the
"Claimant's Trust" to encourage the early aggregation of Claims arising out of the same
transaction, resolution of Claims on a pre-suit basis or through alternative dispute resolution, the
efficient litigation and administration of such aggregated Claims, and the sound financial and tax
planning and fiscal management of settlement funds for the Beneficiary's benefit.

10 SECTION 2. For the purposes of this chapter the following words shall have the 11 following meanings unless the context otherwise requires:

"Administrative Trustee", an institution identified in the Trust Instrument who has
executed the Trust Instrument and is approved by the Court to act as the "Administrative

14 Trustee" to manage, invest, and report on the Trust's assets and income.

15 "Benefits Plan", a plan for the long term management, investment, and distribution of the16 Trust Corpus approved by the Court.

17 "Beneficiary", a person identified as a "Beneficiary" in the Trust Instrument and who is a 18 Claimant, or in the case of multiple "Beneficiaries" are Claimants whose claims arise out of the 19 same transaction; and who has or have executed the Trust Instrument, complied with its terms, 20 and assigned to the Trust any claims they may have arising out of the allegedly wrongful 21 conduct. The Beneficiary is entitled to and has an interest in the Trust Corpus.

"Claim", a claim or potential claim for damages for personal injury or property damage
or the claim of an estate of a person or persons that has or may have a claim for wrongful death,
arising out of the allegedly wrongful conduct of another or others.

25 "Claimant", a person who has a claim or in the case of multiple Claimants, persons26 whose claims ari se out of the same transaction.

27 "Claimant's Trust", a Trust approved by the Court under this chapter as having met the28 statutory requirements for such a Trust.

29 "Organizer", a person or persons who is or are independent from any Transferor or
30 Potentially Liable Party and who has or have executed the Trust Instrument as an "Organizer"
31 and who is or are seeking Court appr oval of the "Claimant's Trust".

32 "Potentially Liable Party", a person or persons who is or are liable or potentially liable to 33 the Beneficiary for damages for personal injury or property damage resulting from the party's 34 allegedly wrongful conduct and who is or are identified in the Trust Instrument a s a "Potentially 35 Liable Party".

36 "Transferor", a Potentially Liable Party who has made a payment to the Trust in excha37 nge for a release of liability.

38 "Trust", the use of the word Trust in this Act refers to a "Claimant's Trust" unless the c39 ontext plainly means otherwise.

40 "Trustee", a person or persons who is or are independent from any Transferor or
41 Potentially Liable Party, any Organizer, or Beneficiary and who has or have executed the Trust
42 Instrument as a "Trustee" and who is or are approved by the Court to act as the "Trustee" to
43 perform the duties and undertake the responsibilities of a Trustee under the Trust Instrument and
44 th e requirements of this chapter.

45 "Trust Corpus", the assets including any real or personal property; account; money; claim 46 or interest assigned, granted, or belonging to the Trust; and any payments or thing of value made 47 to the Trust by the Transferor in settlement of any claims; and the income arising therefrom , to 48 which the Beneficiary i s entitled and has an interest. 49 "Trust Instrument", the written document containing the terms of the Trust submitted by50 the Organizer to be approved by the Court.

SECTION 3. The Probate Court in the County in which any Beneficiary resides or in the event that no Beneficiary is a Massachusetts resident then in the County in which a Potentially Liable Party resides or has a place of business and if not applicable then any County in which the intended Trustee or Administrative Trustee resides, shall have exclusive jurisdiction to receive an application for approval, approve, supervise, and hear and determine any issue under this chapter relating to the Claimant's Trust. In the event that more than one petition for approval of a Trust Instrument is filed by an Organizer on behalf of a Claimant or Claimants whose claims arise out of the same transaction, the Chief Judge of the Probate Court shall determine the County which shall have exclusive jurisdiction in the matter.

60 SECTION 4. The Organizer may petition the Probate Court for approval of a Trust 61 Instrument by the filing of a Complaint and motion. The Complaint shall be accompanied by the 62 Trust Instrument executed by the Organizer, intended Trustee, at least one intended Beneficiary, 63 and, if sought, the intended Administrative Trustee. The application shall be heard and ruled on 64 and the Trust approved and supervised on an expedited basis and in a manner intended to carry 65 out the purposes of this chapter.

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67 SECTION 5. The Trust Instrument shall be in writing and contain the following:

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69 (a) The name of the Trust;

70 (b) The name, address, and signature of the Organizer;

(c) A description of the transaction giving rise to the Claim which is the subject
 matter of the Trust;

(d) The name, address, and signature of the Beneficiary or Beneficiaries identified on
an attached "Beneficiary Schedule". In the event the Organizer intends to include as a
Beneficiary an additional Claimant or Claimants not named on the Schedule whose claims arise
out of the same transaction then the Instrument shall so indicate;

- 77 (e) The Assignment of the Beneficiary's Claim(s) to the Trust;
- 78 (f) The name, address, and signature of the Trustee;
- 79 (g) If sought, the name, address, and signature of the Administrative Trustee
- 80 SECTION 6. The Trust Instrument may provide the following:

(a) The Trust may be administered and the funds managed, invested, and distributed
in accordance with a Benefits Plan approved by the Court for the benefit of the Beneficiary
during their lifetime or any part thereof and, if provided in the Instrument, the lifetime or any
part thereof of their offspring;

85 (b) The Trust Instrument may allow, with the Court's approval, for a formal method 86 whereby theBeneficiary may indicate, on an advisory basis, their views to the Trustee regarding 87 certain specified major decisions affecting the Trust prior to the decision taking place while at 88 the same time reserving for the Trustee ultimate decision making authority under the supervision 89 of the Court.

90 SECTION 7. Unless the Trust Instrument, with the approval of the Court, provides for 91 more limited powers, the Trustee shall have all of the powers normally attendant to such a 92 position except the powers to manage, invest, and report on the Trust's assets and income that 93 are the responsibility of the Administrative Trustee, if an Administrative Trustee is sought to be 94 appointed or the Court determines is required. The Trustee shall, in addition, have the powers 95 described in Section 8 regarding the settlement of claims with Potentially Liable Parties and the 96 issuance of appropriate rel ease of claims to Transferors.

97 SECTION 8. The Trustee, with the approval of the Court, shall have the power to enter 98 into and execute, in the name of the Trust and on behalf of the Beneficiary or Beneficiaries, a 99 settlement agreement with any Potentially Liable Party and to execute and provide to any 100 Transferor any appropriate release of Claims. The Court in approving any proposed settlement 101 and issuance of release of Claims shall have the authority and shall exercise its power to:

(a) Determine the settlement and release is in the best interests of the Beneficiary or
Beneficiaries including any minor Beneficiary. In the case of a Beneficiary who is a minor, such
finding shall be accorded the same respect as a finding made by a court approving a settlement
respecting a minor under GL c. 231 §140C 1/2;

(b) Determine the settlement and release was entered into by the parties in good faith
as that terms used GL c. 231B §4 regarding a release or covenant not to sue one or more tort
feasors.

SECTION 9. The Administrative Trustee in accordance with the terms of the Trust Instrument as approved by the Court shall have all of the powers and duties necessary to manage, invest, and report on the Trust's assets and income that are attendant to such responsibility as set forth in the Massachusetts Prudent Investor Act G.L. c. 203C including making use, where appropriate, of insurance products and investment vehicles such as are referred to in GL c. 231C regarding Structured Settlement Contracts. In addition, the Administrative Trustee shall be empowered to take all such actions as are necessary to ensure that the Trust is treated as a Designated or Qualified Settlement Fund under the Internal Revenue Code 26 USC §468B and the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto and codified at 26 CFR Section 1.468B-1. It is

- 118 intended that the Administrative Trustee manage and invest the Trust Corpus to minimize tax
- 119 consequences to the Trust and Beneficiary. In this regard, the Court shall allow the Trust
- 120 Instrument to be amended from time to time as is necessary to take into account changes in
- 121 Federal or State tax laws and regulations that bear on such tax consequences.
- SECTION 10. The Trustee may maintain an action in the name of the Trust on behalf of the Beneficiary or Beneficiaries regarding the Claim in any of the Courts of the Commonwealth that the Beneficiary could have maintained such an action.
- SECTION 11. Any distribution of the Trust Corpus among multiple Beneficiaries whether in accordance with the terms of the Trust, a Benefits Plan, or otherwise shall be made in accordance with principles of fairness and equity. Unless the Trust Instrument, with the approval of the Court, otherwise provides pursuant to a Court approved Benefits Plan, the Trust shall, in accordance with a distribution plan approved by the Court, distribute the Trust Corpus upon the payment into the Trust by a Transferor.
- SECTION 12. In the event any dispute arises among or between any of the parties to the Trust Instrument, the Trustee shall have the discretion to engage the services of a recognized mediator or mediation service to aid in the resolution of such dispute. In the event such mediation services are not successful in resolving the dispute, the Trustee may request the Court appoint a Special Master to make findings and propose resolutions to the Trustee for submission to the Court. In any event, the Court shall have ultimate authority to resolve any outstanding dispute regarding the administration of the Trust.