

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 1337**

---

**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

PRESENTED BY:

*Bruce J. Ayers*

*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to air traffic safety.

PETITION OF:

NAME:

*Bruce J. Ayers*

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

*1st Norfolk*

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 1337**

By Mr. Ayers of Quincy, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1337) of Bruce J. Ayers for legislation to establish penalties for interfering with aircraft in flight by use of a laser pointer. The Judiciary.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION  
SEE HOUSE, NO. 3577 OF 2017-2018.]

**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

\_\_\_\_\_  
In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court  
(2019-2020)  
\_\_\_\_\_

An Act relative to air traffic safety.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 Chapter 269 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following section:-

2 Section 20. (a) As used in this section, the following terms shall have the following  
3 meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:-

4 “Laser pointer”, any device designed or used to amplify electromagnetic radiation by  
5 stimulated emission that emits a beam designed to be used by the operator as a pointer or  
6 highlighter to indicate, mark, or identify a specific position, place, item, or object.

7 “Unmanned aerial vehicle”, an aircraft that is operated without the possibility of direct  
8 human intervention from within or on the aircraft.

9 (b) Whoever knowingly aims the beam of a laser pointer at an aircraft in the special  
10 jurisdiction of the United States, or at the flight path of such an aircraft, or operates an unmanned  
11 aerial vehicle in said flight path, or otherwise interferes with an aircraft in flight, on or over the  
12 territory of the commonwealth shall be guilty of interfering with an aircraft pursuant to this  
13 section, and shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,500.

14 (c) Whoever knowingly directs a laser pointer at an aircraft or operates an unmanned  
15 aerial vehicle within the flight path of an aircraft, or otherwise interferes with an aircraft in flight,  
16 and causes a significant change of course or other serious disruption to the safe travel of an  
17 aircraft that threatens the physical safety of the aircraft's passengers or crew shall be guilty of  
18 interfering with an aircraft and causing harm pursuant to this section, and shall be punished by a  
19 fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprisonment in the state prison for not more than 5 years, or  
20 both such fine and imprisonment.

21 (d) This section does not prohibit directing a laser beam at an aircraft, or in the immediate  
22 vicinity of an aircraft, by:

23 (i) an authorized individual in the conduct of research and development or flight test  
24 operations conducted by an aircraft manufacturer, the Federal Aviation Administration,  
25 hereinafter the FAA, or any other person authorized by the FAA to conduct such research and  
26 development or flight test operations;

27 (ii) members or elements of the United States Department of Defense or the United States  
28 Department of Homeland Security acting in an official capacity for the purpose of research,  
29 development, operations, testing or training;

30 (iii) an individual using a laser emergency signaling device to send an emergency distress  
31 signal; or

32 (iv) an individual whose laser operations have been submitted to and reviewed by the  
33 FAA, when:

34 (A) the FAA has issued a letter not objecting to the laser use; and

35 (B) the laser is operated in conformity with the FAA submission.

36 (e) The use of an unmanned aerial vehicle shall comply with all FAA requirements and  
37 guidelines. This section does not prohibit the use of unmanned aerial vehicles by authorized  
38 persons consistent with said FAA requirements and guidelines.