HOUSE No. 1343

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Ruth B. Balser

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to treatment, not imprisonment.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Ruth B. Balser	12th Middlesex
Dylan A. Fernandes	Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket
James J. O'Day	14th Worcester
Brian M. Ashe	2nd Hampden
Christine P. Barber	34th Middlesex
Kenneth I. Gordon	21st Middlesex
Tram T. Nguyen	18th Essex
Thomas M. Stanley	9th Middlesex
Adrian C. Madaro	1st Suffolk
Sarah K. Peake	4th Barnstable
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex
Lindsay N. Sabadosa	1st Hampshire
Michael J. Barrett	Third Middlesex
Jay D. Livingstone	8th Suffolk
Tommy Vitolo	15th Norfolk
Paul J. Donato	35th Middlesex
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex
Maria Duaime Robinson	6th Middlesex

Joseph A. Boncore	First Suffolk and Middlesex
Mike Connolly	26th Middlesex
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester
Edward F. Coppinger	10th Suffolk
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Bud L. Williams	11th Hampden
Carmine Lawrence Gentile	13th Middlesex
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk
Stephan Hay	3rd Worcester
Carlos Gonzalez	10th Hampden
Natalie M. Higgins	4th Worcester
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk
Jennifer E. Benson	37th Middlesex
Tami L. Gouveia	14th Middlesex
Bruce E. Tarr	First Essex and Middlesex
Mindy Domb	3rd Hampshire
Russell E. Holmes	6th Suffolk
Michelle L. Ciccolo	15th Middlesex
Daniel J. Ryan	2nd Suffolk
José F. Tosado	9th Hampden
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex
Sean Garballey	23rd Middlesex
David Paul Linsky	5th Middlesex
Liz Miranda	5th Suffolk
John F. Keenan	Norfolk and Plymouth
Marjorie C. Decker	25th Middlesex
Daniel R. Cullinane	12th Suffolk
David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf	17th Worcester
Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester
Susannah M. Whipps	2nd Franklin
Jon Santiago	9th Suffolk
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex
Frank A. Moran	17th Essex
Patricia A. Haddad	5th Bristol
James K. Hawkins	2nd Bristol
Julian Cyr	Cape and Islands
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HOUSE No. 1343

By Ms. Balser of Newton, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1343) of Ruth B. Balser and others relative to the testing for the use of alcohol or narcotic drugs or other controlled substances as a condition of release. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act relative to treatment, not imprisonment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 57 of chapter 276 of the General Laws, as amended by sections 166

through 169 of chapter 69 of the acts of 2018, is hereby amended by inserting after the first

paragraph the following paragraphs:-

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4 If a person is ordered to refrain from the use of alcohol or a narcotic drug or other

controlled substance as a condition of release or if drug or alcohol testing is ordered as a

condition of release, the justice of the supreme judicial or superior court, a clerk of courts or the

7 clerk of the superior court for criminal business in the county of Suffolk, a standing or special

commissioner appointed by either of said courts or, in the county of Suffolk, by the sheriff of

said county with the approval of the superior court, a justice or clerk of a district court, a master

in chancery, shall not order drug or alcohol testing to occur more than 4 times per month. Upon

motion of the person, the justice of the supreme judicial or superior court, a clerk of courts or the

clerk of the superior court for criminal business in the county of Suffolk, a standing or special

commissioner appointed by either of said courts or, in the county of Suffolk, by the sheriff of said county with the approval of the superior court, a justice or clerk of a district court, a master in chancery, shall consider whether the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment. If he or she determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to engage in such treatment with any health care provider licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111.

If a person is engaged in treatment, the person shall not be required to submit to any drug or alcohol testing that is not required by such treatment program, and any positive test result or any other indicator of relapse shall not be considered a violation of the person's conditions of release. For the purposes of this section, a person shall be considered engaged in treatment if the person: (i) is attending a treatment program or regimen; (ii) switches treatment programs voluntarily or at the direction of a health care provider; (iii) is discharged from a treatment program and transitions into a new treatment program or regimen within a reasonable period of time; or (iv) is on a waiting list for a treatment program or regimen. If a person is not engaged in treatment, absent extenuating circumstances and a showing that the person is earnestly attempting to comply with the court's condition of release, the court may find that the person is in violation of a condition of release.

If a person has completed treatment and remains subject to pretrial conditions of release, and tests positive for drugs or alcohol, upon motion of the person, the court shall again consider the person's treatment needs. If the court determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to resume treatment with any health care providers licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111, and the positive drug or alcohol test shall not be considered a violation of conditions of release.

SECTION 2. Section 58 of chapter 276 of the General Laws, as amended by sections 170 and 171 of chapter 69 of the acts of 2018, is hereby amended by inserting after the first paragraph the following paragraphs:-

If a person is ordered to refrain from the use of alcohol or a narcotic drug or other controlled substance as a condition of release or if drug or alcohol testing is ordered as a condition of release, the justice or clerk or assistant clerk of the district court, the bail commissioner or master in chancery, shall not order drug or alcohol testing to occur more than 4 times per month. Upon motion of the person, the justice or clerk or assistant clerk of the district court, the bail commissioner or master in chancery, shall consider whether the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment. If he or she determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to engage in such treatment with any health care provider licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111.

If a person is engaged in treatment, the person shall not be required to submit to any drug or alcohol testing that is not required by such treatment program, and any positive test result or any other indicator of relapse shall not be considered a violation of the person's conditions of release. For the purposes of this section, a person shall be considered engaged in treatment if the person: (i) is attending a treatment program or regimen; (ii) switches treatment programs voluntarily or at the direction of a health care provider; (iii) is discharged from a treatment program and transitions into a new treatment program or regimen within a reasonable period of time; or (iv) is on a waiting list for a treatment program or regimen. If a person is not engaged in treatment, absent extenuating circumstances and a showing that the person is earnestly

attempting to comply with the court's condition of release, the court may find that the person is in violation of a condition of release.

If a person has completed treatment and remains subject to pretrial conditions of release, and tests positive for drugs or alcohol, upon motion of the person, the court shall again consider the person's treatment needs. If the court determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to resume treatment with any health care providers licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111, and the positive drug or alcohol test shall not be considered a violation of conditions of release.

SECTION 3. Section 58A of said chapter 276, as amended by sections 174 through 176 of chapter 69 of the acts of 2018, is hereby further amended by adding after subsection (8) the following subsection:-

(9) If after a hearing under subsection (4) pretrial release subject to conditions under subsection (2) is ordered, and if the person is ordered to refrain from the excessive use of alcohol or use of a narcotic drug or other controlled substance as a condition of release or if drug or alcohol testing is ordered as a condition of release, the judicial officer shall not order drug or alcohol testing to occur more than 4 times per month. Upon motion of the person, the judicial officer shall consider whether the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment. If he or she determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to engage in such treatment in accordance with clause (x) of paragraph (B) of subsection (2) with any health care provider licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111.

If a person is engaged in treatment, the person shall not be required to submit to any drug or alcohol testing that is not required by such treatment program, and any positive test result or any other indicator of relapse shall not be considered a violation of the person's conditions of release. For the purposes of this section, a person shall be considered engaged in treatment if the person: (i) is attending a treatment program or regimen; (ii) switches treatment programs voluntarily or at the direction of a health care provider; (iii) is discharged from a treatment program and transitions into a new treatment program or regimen within a reasonable period of time or (iv) is on a waiting list for a treatment program or regimen. If a person is not engaged in treatment, absent extenuating circumstances and a showing that the person is earnestly attempting to comply with the court's condition of release, the court may find that the person is in violation of a condition of release.

If a person has completed treatment and remains subject to pretrial conditions of release, and tests positive for drugs or alcohol, upon motion of the person, the court shall again consider the person's treatment needs. If the court determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to resume treatment with any health care providers licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111, and the positive drug or alcohol test shall not be considered a violation of conditions of release.

SECTION 4. Section 87A of said chapter 276, as amended by sections 180 through 182 of chapter 69 of the acts of 2018, is hereby further amended by inserting after the first paragraph the following paragraphs:-

If a person is ordered to refrain from the use of alcohol or a narcotic drug or other controlled substance as a condition of probation or if drug or alcohol testing is ordered as a

condition of probation, the court shall not order drug or alcohol testing to occur more than 4 times per month. Upon motion of the person, the court shall consider whether the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment. If the court determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to engage in such treatment with any health care provider licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111.

If a person is engaged in treatment, the person shall not be required to submit to any drug or alcohol testing that is not required by such treatment program, and any positive test result or any other indicator of relapse shall not be considered a violation of the person's conditions of probation. For the purposes of this section, a person shall be considered engaged in treatment if the person: (i) is attending a treatment program or regimen; (ii) switches treatment programs voluntarily or at the direction of a health care provider; (iii) is discharged from a treatment program and transitions into a new treatment program or regimen within a reasonable period of time; or (iv) is on a waiting list for a treatment program or regimen. If a person is not engaged in treatment, absent extenuating circumstances and a showing that the person is earnestly attempting to comply with the court's condition of probation, the court may find that the person is in violation of a condition of probation.

If a person has completed treatment and remains subject to conditions of probation, and tests positive for drugs or alcohol, upon motion of the person, the court shall again consider the person's treatment needs. If the court determines that the person has a substance use disorder in need of treatment, the person shall be ordered to resume treatment with any health care providers licensed by the department of public health, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111, and the positive drug or alcohol test shall not be considered a violation of conditions of probation.