# HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 1416

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### PRESENTED BY:

#### Denise C. Garlick and Kimberly N. Ferguson

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act requiring health care employers to develop and implement programs to prevent workplace violence.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Denise C. Garlick	13th Norfolk
Kimberly N. Ferguson	1st Worcester
Brian M. Ashe	2nd Hampden
Bruce J. Ayers	1st Norfolk
Ruth B. Balser	12th Middlesex
Christine P. Barber	34th Middlesex
F. Jay Barrows	1st Bristol
David Biele	4th Suffolk
Paul Brodeur	32nd Middlesex
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol
Peter Capano	11th Essex
Gerard J. Cassidy	9th Plymouth
Tackey Chan	2nd Norfolk
Mike Connolly	26th Middlesex
Edward F. Coppinger	10th Suffolk
William L. Crocker, Jr.	2nd Barnstable
Daniel R. Cullinane	12th Suffolk

Mark J. Cusack	5th Norfolk
Josh S. Cutler	6th Plymouth
Angelo L. D'Emilia	8th Plymouth
Michael S. Day	31st Middlesex
Marjorie C. Decker	25th Middlesex
Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester
Shawn Dooley	9th Norfolk
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth
Carolyn C. Dykema	8th Middlesex
Nika C. Elugardo	15th Suffolk
Tricia Farley-Bouvier	3rd Berkshire
Dylan A. Fernandes	Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket
Sean Garballey	23rd Middlesex
Colleen M. Garry	36th Middlesex
Carmine Lawrence Gentile	13th Middlesex
Susan Williams Gifford	2nd Plymouth
Thomas A. Golden, Jr.	16th Middlesex
Carlos Gonzalez	10th Hampden
Kenneth I. Gordon	21st Middlesex
Tami L. Gouveia	14th Middlesex
Danielle W. Gregoire	4th Middlesex
Patricia A. Haddad	5th Bristol
James K. Hawkins	2nd Bristol
Stephan Hay	3rd Worcester
Jonathan Hecht	29th Middlesex
Natalie M. Higgins	4th Worcester
Kate Hogan	3rd Middlesex
Kevin G. Honan	17th Suffolk
Louis L. Kafka	8th Norfolk
Hannah Kane	11th Worcester
Patrick Joseph Kearney	4th Plymouth
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex
Kathleen R. LaNatra	12th Plymouth
John J. Lawn, Jr.	10th Middlesex
David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf	17th Worcester
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex
David Paul Linsky	5th Middlesex
Jay D. Livingstone	8th Suffolk

Adrian C. Madaro	Ist Suffolk
John J. Mahoney	13th Worcester
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk
Paul W. Mark	2nd Berkshire
Joseph W. McGonagle, Jr.	28th Middlesex
Paul McMurtry	11th Norfolk
Joan Meschino	3rd Plymouth
Christina A. Minicucci	14th Essex
Rady Mom	18th Middlesex
Mathew J. Muratore	1st Plymouth
James M. Murphy	4th Norfolk
Brian W. Murray	10th Worcester
David M. Nangle	17th Middlesex
Harold P. Naughton, Jr.	12th Worcester
Tram T. Nguyen	18th Essex
Sarah K. Peake	4th Barnstable
Elizabeth A. Poirier	14th Bristol
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Angelo J. Puppolo, Jr.	12th Hampden
David Allen Robertson	19th Middlesex
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex
John H. Rogers	12th Norfolk
Daniel J. Ryan	2nd Suffolk
Lindsay N. Sabadosa	1st Hampshire
Jon Santiago	9th Suffolk
Alan Silvia	7th Bristol
Thomas M. Stanley	9th Middlesex
José F. Tosado	9th Hampden
Steven Ultrino	33rd Middlesex
Aaron Vega	5th Hampden
John C. Velis	4th Hampden
RoseLee Vincent	16th Suffolk
Thomas P. Walsh	12th Essex
Timothy R. Whelan	1st Barnstable
Susannah M. Whipps	2nd Franklin
Jonathan D. Zlotnik	2nd Worcester
Walter F. Timilty	Norfolk, Bristol and Plymouth
Patrick M. O'Connor	Plymouth and Norfolk
Diana DiZoglio	First Essex

Michael D. Brady	Second Plymouth and Bristol
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Marc R. Pacheco	First Plymouth and Bristol
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex
Julian Cyr	Cape and Islands
Paul R. Feeney	Bristol and Norfolk
Jason M. Lewis	Fifth Middlesex

FILED ON: 1/14/2019

## **HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 1416**

By Representatives Garlick of Needham and Ferguson of Holden, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1416) of Denise C. Garlick and others relative to providing protections for health care employees who are victims of violence or assault and battery. The Judiciary.

### The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act requiring health care employers to develop and implement programs to prevent workplace violence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1. Chapter 111 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition,
- 2 is hereby amended by inserting after section 236, the following new section:-
- 3 Section 237. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following
- 4 meanings:-
- 5 "Employee", an individual employed by a health care employer as defined in this section.
- 6 "Health care employer", any individual, partnership, association, corporation or, trust or
- 7 any person or group of persons operating a health care facility as defined in this section.
- 8 "Health care facility", a hospital, licensed under section fifty-one of chapter one hundred
- 9 and eleven, the teaching hospital of the University of Massachusetts medical school, or any state
- facility operated, funded, or subject to oversight by the Department of Public Health, the
- Department of Mental Health or the Department of Developmental Services.

"Workplace Violence", any act or threat of physical violence, harassment, intimidation, or other threatening disruptive behavior that occurs at the work site ranging from threats and verbal abuse to physical assaults and homicide.

- (b) Each health care employer shall annually perform a risk assessment, in cooperation with the employees of the health care employer and any labor organization or organizations representing the employees, examining all factors, which may put any of the employees at risk of workplace violence. The factors shall include, but not be limited to: working in public settings; guarding or maintaining property or possessions; working in high-crime areas; working late night or early morning hours; working alone or in small numbers; uncontrolled public access to the workplace; working in public areas where people are in crisis; working in areas where a patient or resident may exhibit violent behavior; working in areas with known security problems and working with a staffing pattern insufficient to address foreseeable risk factors.
- (c) Based on the findings of the risk assessment, the health care employer shall develop and implement a program to minimize the danger of workplace violence to employees, which shall include appropriate employee training, and a system for the ongoing reporting and monitoring of incidents and situations involving violence or the risk of violence. Employee training shall include, in addition to all employer training program policies, methods of reporting to appropriate public safety officials, bodies or agencies and processes necessary for the filing of criminal charges. Each health care employer shall develop a written violence prevention plan setting forth the employer's workplace violence prevention plan. The health care employer shall make the plan available to each employee and provide the plan to any of its employees upon request. The health care employer shall provide the plan to any labor organization or organizations representing any of its employees. The plan shall include: (i) a list of those factors

and circumstances that may pose a danger to employees; (ii) a description of the methods that the health care employer will use to alleviate hazards associated with each factor; including, but not limited to, employee training and any appropriate changes in job design, staffing, security, equipment or facilities; (iii) a post-incident debriefing process with affected staff; and (iv) a description of the reporting and monitoring system.

- (d) Each health care employer shall designate a senior manager responsible for the development and support of an in-house crisis response team for employee-victims of workplace violence. Said team shall implement an assaulted staff action program that includes, but is not limited to, group crisis interventions, individual crisis counseling, staff victims' support groups, employee victims' family crisis intervention, peer-help and professional referrals.
- (e) The commissioner of public health shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement the purposes of this act. The rules and regulations shall include such guidelines as the commissioner deems appropriate regarding workplace violence prevention programs required pursuant to this act, and related reporting and monitoring systems and employee training.
- (f) Any health care employer who violates any rule, regulation or requirement made by the department under authority hereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than two thousand dollars for each offense. The department or its representative or any person aggrieved, any interested party or any officer of any labor union or association, whether incorporated or otherwise, may file a written complaint with the district court in the jurisdiction of which the violation occurs and shall promptly notify the attorney general in writing of such complaint. The attorney general, upon determination that there is a violation of any workplace standard relative to the protection of the occupational health and safety of employees or of any standard of

requirement of licensure, may order any work site to be closed by way of the issuance of a cease and desist order enforceable in the appropriate courts of the commonwealth.

(g) No employee shall be penalized by a health care employer in any way as a result of such employee's filing of a complaint or otherwise providing notice to the department in regard to the occupational health and safety of such employee or their fellow employees exposed to workplace violence risk factors.

SECTION 2. Section 13I of Chapter 265 of the General Laws as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting at the end the following section:-

Section XX: Any emergency medical technician, ambulance operator, ambulance attendant or a health care provider as defined in section 1 of chapter 111, who is the victim of assault or assault and battery in the line of duty shall be given the option of providing the address of the health care facility where the assault or assault and battery occurred. In instances where the address of the health care facility is used, the health care facility shall ensure that the individual receives any documents pertaining to the assault or assault and battery within 24 hours of receipt by the health care facility. The health care facility shall demonstrate that it has provided any and all documentation by obtaining a signature from the individual acknowledging receipt.

SECTION 3. Each health care employer shall report every six months all incidents of assault and assault and battery under Section 13I of Chapter 265 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition, to the department and the office of the district attorney. These reports shall be made publicly available within 90 days of receipt by these departments and the office of the district attorney.

- 79 SECTION 4. Chapter 265 of the General Laws as so appearing, is hereby amended after Section 13I by inserting at the end the following sections:-
  - Section XX. (a) For purposes of this section, the following words shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

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- "Employee", an individual employed by a health care employer as defined in this section.
- 84 "Health care employer", any individual, partnership, association, corporation or, trust or 85 any person or group of persons operating a health care facility as defined in this section.
  - "Health care facility", a hospital, licensed under section fifty-one of chapter one hundred and eleven, the teaching hospital of the University of Massachusetts medical school, or any state facility operated, funded, or subject to oversight by the Department of Public Health, the Department of Mental Health or the Department of Developmental Services.
  - (b) A health care employer shall permit an employee to take up to 7 days of leave from work in any 12 month period if: (i) the employee is a victim of assault or assault and battery which occurred in the line of duty; (ii) the employee is using the leave from work to: seek or obtain victim services or legal assistance; obtain a protective order from a court; appear in court or before a grand jury; meet with a district attorney or other law enforcement official or to address other issues directly related to the assault and battery.
    - (c) The leave taken under this section shall be paid.
  - (d) An employee seeking leave from work under this section shall provide appropriate advance notice of the leave to the employer as required by the employer's leave policy.

(e) A health care employer may require an employee to provide documentation evidencing that the employee has been a victim of assault or assault and battery sustained in the line of duty and that the leave taken is consistent with the conditions of clauses (i) and (ii).

- (f) If an unscheduled absence occurs, the health care employer shall not take any negative action against the employee if the employee, within 30 days from the unauthorized absence or within 30 days from the last unauthorized absence in the instance of consecutive days of unauthorized absences, provides documentation that the unscheduled absence meets the criteria of clauses (i) and (ii).
- (g) An employee shall provide such documentation to the health care employer within a reasonable period after the health care employer requests documentation relative to the employee's absence.
- (h) All information related to the employee's leave under this section shall be kept confidential by the health care employer and shall not be disclosed, except to the extent that disclosure is: (i) requested or consented to, in writing, by the employee; (ii) ordered to be released by a court of competent jurisdiction; (iii) otherwise required by applicable federal or state law; (iv) required in the course of an investigation authorized by law enforcement, including, but not limited to, an investigation by the attorney general; or (v) necessary to protect the safety of the employee or others employed at the workplace.
- (i) An employee seeking leave under this section shall not have to exhaust all annual leave, vacation leave, personal leave or sick leave available to the employee, prior to requesting or taking leave under this section.

(j) No health care employer shall coerce, interfere with, restrain or deny the exercise of, or any attempt to exercise, any rights provided under this section or to make leave requested or taken hereunder contingent upon whether or not the victim maintains contact with the alleged abuser.

- (k) No health care employer shall discharge or in any other manner discriminate against an employee for exercising the employee's rights under this section. The taking of leave under this section shall not result in the loss of any employment benefit accrued prior to the date on which the leave taken under this section commenced. Upon the employee's return from such leave, the employee shall be entitled to restoration to the employee's original job or to an equivalent position.
- (l) The attorney general shall enforce this section and may seek injunctive relief or other equitable relief to enforce this section.
- (m) Health care employers shall notify each employee of the rights and responsibilities provided by this section including those related to notification requirements and confidentiality.
- (n) This section shall not be construed to exempt an employer from complying with chapter 258B, section 14B of chapter 268 or any other general or special law or to limit the rights of any employee under said chapter 258B, said section 14B of chapter 268 or any other general or special law.