

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Patrick Joseph Kearney

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to protection of a deceased family member against foreclosure and other civil action.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Patrick Joseph Kearney	4th Plymouth	2/16/2021
Christopher Hendricks	11th Bristol	2/25/2021
Vanna Howard	17th Middlesex	2/26/2021

By Mr. Kearney of Scituate, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1703) of Patrick Joseph Kearney, Christopher Hendricks and Vanna Howard relative to protection of deceased family members against foreclosure and other civil action. The Judiciary.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE [Refile Branch], NO. OF 2019-2020.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act relative to protection of a deceased family member against foreclosure and other civil action.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1: Findings and purposes

2	It is hereby found that 1) losing a loved one is one of the most difficult experiences a
3	person can endure, 2) the process of becoming the appointed personal administrator of an estate
4	through probate in Massachusetts often take months, 3) the recurring costs of home ownership
5	hover over estates while a personal administrator awaits appointment, 4) the individual awaiting
6	court approval to administer the estate has no access to a decedent's funds to pay the estate's
7	debts, and 5) four in ten Americans can't according to a new study from the Federal reserve
8	Board, cover a \$400 expense. No person should be forced to endure threats of foreclosures, liens,

9 or late fees on estates when they would have made payments but for the state's own prohibition10 on allowing that person to access the necessary funds.

11 Thus, it is found that a stay on foreclosure and enforcement of liens on estates in 12 probate is in the public interest of the commonwealth to promote the prosperity and general 13 welfare of its citizens.

SECTION 2: Chapter 188 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding thefollowing section:

16 Section 15: This section applies to a creditor's foreclosure action or enforcement of a 17 lien on an estate of homestead, which at the time of filing an application under this section is 18 within probate court to obtain the appointment of a personal representative.

At any stage before final judgment in a civil action or proceeding in which an estate described in this section is a party, the court may on its own motion and shall, upon application by the homestead, stay the action for the period of not less than 90 days, if the estate submits an application for stay including:

- 1. A letter or other communication setting forth facts stating the manner in which
 current probate proceedings materially affect the ability of the decedent's estate to make
 payments for the recurring costs of ownership.
- 26 2. A letter or other communication from the decedent's bank stating that the probate
 27 proceeding prohibits the estate's future administrator from accessing the decedent's accounts to
 28 make payments.

29	An application for a stay under this section does not constitute an appearance for
30	jurisdictional purposes and does not constitute a waiver of any substantive or procedural defense.
31	An estate of homestead which is granted a stay of a civil action or proceeding under
32	subsection (b) may apply for an additional + stay based on continuing material affect of an
33	ongoing probate proceeding on the decedent's ability to make payments. The same information
34	required for the first application shall be included in subsequent applications.
35	If the court refuses to grant an additional stay of proceedings, the court shall appoint
36	counsel to represent the homestead in the action or proceeding.
37	Once the probate court has appointed a personal administrator for the estate, a creditor
38	may bring claims for back payments with interest. However the creditor may not charge fees
39	based on the lateness of the payment unless the court finds, in its discretion and if the equities so
40	require, good cause exists to assess such payments. Good cause includes but is not limited to
41	purposeful or untimely delay by the subsequently authorized administrator to get court approval
42	to probate the estate.