

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

James J. Dwyer

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to student achievement.

PETITION OF:

NAME:

James J. Dwyer

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

30th Middlesex

HOUSE No. 2027

By Mr. Dwyer of Woburn, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2027) of James J. Dwyer relative to underperforming schools. Education.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

An Act relative to student achievement.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Section 1J of chapter 69 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012
2	Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out subsection (a) and inserting in place thereof
3	the following 2 subsections:-
1	(a) Prior to October 1, the commissioner of elementary and secondary education may an

(a) Prior to October 1, the commissioner of elementary and secondary education may, on 4 5 the basis of student performance data collected pursuant to section 1I, a school or district review 6 performed under section 55A of chapter 15, or regulations adopted by the board of elementary 7 and secondary education, designate 1 or more schools in a school district other than a Horace 8 Mann charter school as a challenge, underperforming or chronically underperforming school. 9 The board shall adopt regulations establishing standards for the commissioner to make such 10 designations on the basis of data collected pursuant to section 1I or information from a school or 11 district review performed under section 55A of chapter 15. Upon the release of the proposed 12 regulations, the board shall file a copy thereof with the clerks of the house of representatives and 13 the senate who shall forward the regulations to the joint committee on education. Within 30 days

14 of the filing, the committee may hold a public hearing and issue a report on the regulations and 15 file the report with the board. The board, pursuant to applicable law, may adopt final regulations 16 making revisions to the proposed regulations as it deems appropriate after consideration of the 17 report and shall forthwith file a copy of the regulations with the chairpersons of the joint 18 committee on education and, not earlier than 30 days from the filing, the board shall file the final 19 regulations with the state secretary. Schools that score in the lowest 20 per cent statewide among 20 schools serving common grade levels on a single measure developed by the department that 21 takes into account student performance data and, beginning on July 1, 2011, improvement in 22 student academic performance, shall be deemed eligible for designation as a challenge, 23 underperforming or chronically underperforming school, provided that any school designated as 24 a challenge school shall be drawn from those schools most likely to be designated as 25 underperforming. Not more than 4 per cent of the total number of public schools may be 26 designated as a challenge, underperforming or chronically underperforming school at any given 27 time.

28 In adopting regulations allowing the commissioner to designate a school as a challenge, 29 underperforming or chronically underperforming school, the board shall ensure that such 30 regulations take into account multiple indicators of school quality in making such designations, 31 including, but not limited to: student attendance rates, dismissal rates and exclusion rates, 32 promotion rates, graduation rates or the lack of demonstrated significant improvement for 2 or 33 more consecutive years in core academic subjects, either in the aggregate or among subgroups of 34 students, including designations based on special education, low-income, English language 35 proficiency and racial or ethnic classifications.

Before a school is designated chronically underperforming by the commissioner, a school
must be designated underperforming and fail to improve.

A challenge, underperforming or chronically underperforming school described in the following subsections shall operate in accordance with laws regulating other public schools, except as such provisions may conflict with this section or any turnaround plans created thereunder. A student who is enrolled in a school at the time it is designated as a challenge, underperforming or chronically underperforming school shall be able to remain enrolled in the school while remaining a resident of the district if the student chooses to do so.

44 $(a^{1/2})(1)$ Within 15 days of the commissioner designating a school as a challenge school in 45 accordance with the regulations developed pursuant to this section, the school committee and the 46 local teachers union shall meet to negotiate a waiver agreement, if necessary, that identifies any 47 provisions of the collective bargaining agreement that would be subject to a waiver upon a two-48 thirds vote of the teachers working at least 50 per cent of the time in the designated challenge 49 school. Such waivers shall be designed to permit the implementation of a turnaround plan 50 developed pursuant to this subsection which may include provisions that are inconsistent with 51 the existing collective bargaining agreement. Such negotiations shall be completed within 30 52 days of the commissioner designating a school as a challenge school, and shall not be subject to 53 impasse provisions under section 9 of chapter 150E or unilateral implementation after impasse 54 pursuant to chapter 150E. If the school committee and the union fail to reach an agreement, the 55 process provided in this subsection shall be terminated and the commissioner may designate the 56 school as underperforming pursuant to subsection (a).

57 Within 15 days of the completion of the waiver negotiation process, the superintendent 58 shall convene a local stakeholder group for the purpose of developing a turnaround plan for the 59 school. The local stakeholder group shall include: (i) the superintendent, or a designee; (ii) the 60 chair of the school committee, or a designee; (iii) the president of the local teachers' union, or a 61 designee; (iv) an administrator from the school, who may be the principal, chosen by the 62 superintendent; (v) 2 educators chosen by the faculty of the school, 1 of whom shall be a 63 classroom teacher and 1 of whom shall be a certified non-teaching professional from the school; and (vi) a parent member of the school council established pursuant to section 59C of chapter 71 64 65 to be chosen by the school council. Meetings of the local stakeholder group shall be open to the 66 public.

67 (2) In creating the turnaround plan, the local stakeholder group shall, to the extent 68 practicable, base the plan on student outcome data, including, but not limited to: (i) data 69 collected pursuant to section 11 or information from a school or district review performed under 70 section 55A of chapter 15; (ii) student achievement on the statewide assessment system approved 71 by the board under section 11 of this chapter; (iii) other measures of student achievement, 72 approved by the commissioner; (iv) student promotion and graduation rates; (v) achievement 73 data for different subgroups of students, including low-income students as defined in chapter 70, 74 limited English-proficient students and students receiving special education; and (vi) student 75 attendance, dismissal rates and exclusion rates.

The local stakeholder group shall also consider, in the creation of the turnaround plan, whether to include the following: (i) steps to address social service and health needs of students at the school and their families, to help students arrive and remain at school ready to learn; provided, however, that this may include mental health and substance abuse screening; (ii) steps

80 to improve or expand child welfare services and, as appropriate, law enforcement services in the 81 school community, in order to promote a safe and secure learning environment; (iii) steps to 82 improve workforce development services provided to students and their families at the school, to 83 provide students and families with meaningful employment skills and opportunities; (iv) steps to 84 address achievement gaps for limited English-proficient, special education and low-income 85 students; and (v) notwithstanding chapter 71A, alternative English language learning programs 86 for limited English proficient students; provided that the school committee may retain said 87 programs after the school is no longer designated as a challenge school. The secretaries of health 88 and human services, labor and workforce development, public safety, health and child welfare 89 officials and other applicable state and local social services, shall coordinate with the 90 superintendent to implement the strategies established pursuant to clauses (i) to (iii), inclusive, of 91 this paragraph that are included in a final turnaround plan and shall, subject to appropriation, 92 reasonably support the implementation, which shall be consistent with the requirements of all 93 state and federal law applicable to the relevant programs to be administered. The secretary of 94 education shall assist the superintendent in facilitating the coordination.

95 To assess the school across multiple measures of school performance and student 96 success, the turnaround plan shall include measurable annual goals including, but not limited to: 97 (i) student attendance, dismissal rates and exclusion rates; (ii) student safety and discipline; (iii) 98 student promotion and graduation and dropout rates; (iv) student achievement on the statewide 99 assessment system approved by the board under section 1I; (v) progress in areas of academic 100 underperformance; (vi) progress among subgroups of students, including low-income students as 101 defined by chapter 70, limited English proficient students and students receiving special 102 education; (vii) reduction of achievement gaps among different groups of students; (viii) student

acquisition and mastery of twenty-first century skills; (ix) development of college and career
readiness, including at the elementary and middle school levels; (x) parent and family
engagement; (xi) building a culture of academic success among students; (xii) building a culture
of student support and success among school faculty and staff; and (xiii) developmentally
appropriate child assessments from pre-kindergarten through third grade, if applicable.

(3) The plan shall include provisions intended to maximize the rapid achievement of
students at the school by addressing the conditions for school effectiveness as determined by the
department. The plan shall identify the specific provisions of the collective bargaining agreement
that must be waived in order to implement the plan in accordance with the process set forth in
paragraph (1) of this subsection, and shall describe the process and schedule for seeking approval
of the plan by the teachers in the school pursuant to paragraph (5) of this subsection.

114 Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the turnaround plan may also 115 include provisions that allow the superintendent to: (i) expand, alter or replace the curriculum 116 and program offerings of the school, including the implementation of research-based early 117 literacy programs, early interventions for struggling readers and the teaching of advanced 118 placement courses or other rigorous nationally or internationally recognized courses, if the 119 school does not already have such programs or courses; (ii) reallocate the uses of the existing 120 budget of the school; (iii) provide additional funds to the school from the budget of the district, if 121 the school does not already receive funding from the district at least equal to the average per 122 pupil funding received for students of the same classification and grade level in the district; (iv) 123 provide funds, subject to appropriation, to expand the school day or school year or both of the 124 school; (v) limit, suspend or change 1 or more school district policies or practices that relate to 125 improved student performance and achievement at the school; (vi) for an elementary school, add

126 pre-kindergarten and full-day kindergarten classes, if the school does not already have such 127 classes; (vii) include a provision of job-embedded professional development for teachers at the 128 school, with an emphasis on strategies that involve teacher input and feedback; (viii) provide for 129 increased opportunities for teacher planning time and collaboration, including professional 130 learning communities, focused on improving student instruction; (ix) establish a plan for 131 professional development for administrators at the school, with an emphasis on strategies that 132 develop leadership skills and use the principles of distributive leadership; (x) redesign and 133 refocus the use of existing teacher preparation periods in the school to ensure that such 134 preparation period is utilized to improve student instruction with an emphasis on improved 135 student performance and achievement at the school; (xi) develop a strategy to search for and 136 study best practices in areas of demonstrated deficiency in the school; (xii) establish strategies to 137 address student attendance, mobility and transiency among the student population of the school; 138 and (xiii) use formative and summative assessments to track student progress and to inform the 139 instructional strategies employed in the classroom. The plan may also include a financial plan for 140 the school based on additional funds to be provided by the district, commonwealth, federal 141 government, private foundations, or other sources to provide additional resources, and may 142 include a process for modifying the plan.

For a school with limited English proficient students, the professional development and planning time for teachers and administrators shall include specific strategies and content designed to maximize the rapid academic achievement of limited English proficient students at the school.

(4) The local stakeholder group shall submit an initial turnaround plan to the schoolcommittee within 30 days of its initial meeting. The school committee may propose

149 modifications to the turnaround plan and shall submit any proposed modifications to the 150 superintendent within 10 days of receiving the initial plan. The superintendent shall consider and 151 may incorporate, alter or reject the proposed modifications submitted by the school committee, 152 and may propose additional modifications to the plan. Within 15 days of receiving any proposed 153 modifications from the school committee, the superintendent shall issue the final turnaround plan 154 for the school; provided, however, that if the plan requires any waiver of provisions of the 155 collective bargaining agreement beyond those authorized by the negotiated agreement pursuant 156 to paragraph (1) of this subsection, the school committee and the local teachers union shall meet 157 to negotiate additional waivers. Such negotiations shall be completed within 15 days and shall 158 not be subject to impasse provisions under section 9 of chapter 150E or unilateral 159 implementation after impasse pursuant to chapter 150E. If the school committee and the union 160 fail to reach an agreement, the process provided in this subsection shall be terminated and the 161 commissioner may designate the school as underperforming pursuant to subsection (a). 162 (5) The superintendent shall submit the final turnaround plan to the school committee and 163 the teachers in the school for approval, and shall forward a copy of said plan to the 164 commissioner. A two-thirds vote of the teachers shall be required to approve the plan and shall 165 be conducted by the local teachers union. A copy of the plan shall be provided to the faculty at 166 least 5 days in advance of an informational meeting which shall be held at least 5 days in 167 advance of the vote. The vote shall be by secret ballot. For the purposes of this vote, a teacher is 168 any person working at least 50 per cent of the time in the designated challenge school under a

169 license listed in 603 CMR 7.04 (3) (a), (b) or (d). A teacher on an approved leave at the time of

170 the election may vote in such election. A teacher who has prior to such vote given notice to leave

171 the school the following year because of: (i) retirement; (ii) resignation; (iii) voluntary transfer;

or (iv) any other reason or who has received notice to leave the school the following year because of involuntary transfer, dismissal or any other reason, shall not be eligible to vote to approve the plan. If a final turnaround plan is not approved within the time frame provided in this subsection, the process provided in this subsection shall be terminated and the commissioner may designate the school as underperforming pursuant to subsection (a). Each turnaround plan shall be authorized for a period of not more than 2 years. The superintendent, as applicable, shall be responsible for meeting the goals of the plan.

(6) Each school designated by the commissioner as a challenge school pursuant to this subsection shall be reviewed by the superintendent, in consultation with the principal of the school, at least annually. The purpose of the review shall be to determine whether the school has met the annual goals in its turnaround plan and to assess the overall implementation of the plan. The review shall be in writing and shall be submitted to the relevant school committee not later than July 1 for the preceding school year and shall be available to the public on the school district's website.

186 If the superintendent, in consultation with the principal of the school, determines that the 187 school has met the annual performance goals stated in the turnaround plan, the review shall be 188 considered sufficient and the implementation of the turnaround plan shall continue. If the 189 superintendent determines that the school has not met 1 or more goals in the turnaround plan and 190 that the failure to meet the goals may be corrected through reasonable modification of the plan, 191 the superintendent may reconvene the local stakeholder group which may amend the turnaround 192 plan in a manner consistent with the requirements of paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive; provided, 193 however, that if a turnaround plan includes a process for modifying the plan, such modifications 194 shall be implemented in accordance with the provisions of the plan.

195 (7) At a point not more than 2 years after the designation of a school as a challenge 196 school, the commissioner shall determine whether the school has improved sufficiently, requires 197 further improvement or has failed to improve. The commissioner may determine that: (i) the 198 school has improved sufficiently for the designation of the school as a challenge school to be 199 removed; (ii) the school has improved, but has not improved sufficiently for the designation of 200 the school as a challenge school to be removed, in which case the superintendent may, with the 201 approval of the commissioner, reconvene the local stakeholder group for the purposes of 202 renewing the plan or creating a new or modified plan for an additional period of not more than 2 203 years, consistent with the requirements of paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive; or (iii) consistent with 204 the requirements of subsection (a), the school is underperforming.

SECTION 2. Subsection (c) of section 89 of chapter 71 of the General Laws, as so
 appearing, is hereby amended by striking out the second paragraph and inserting in place thereof
 the following 4 paragraphs:-

A Horace Mann charter school shall be a public school or part of a public school operated under a charter approved by the school committee in the district in which the school is located and, in the case of a Horace Mann I charter school, also by the local collective bargaining unit in which the school is located; provided, however, that all charters shall be granted by the board of elementary and secondary education. A Horace Mann charter school shall be operated and managed by a board of trustees independent of the school committee which approved the school. The board of trustees may include a member of the school committee.

A Horace Mann I charter school shall be a new school operated under a charter approved
by the school committee and the local collective bargaining unit in the district in which the

school is located. A Horace Mann I charter school shall have a memorandum of understanding with the school committee of the district in which the charter school is located that defines the services and facilities to be provided by the district to the charter school and states the funding of the charter school by the district.

221 A Horace Mann II charter school shall be a conversion of an existing public school 222 operated under a charter approved by the school committee in the district in which the school is 223 located. A Horace Mann II charter school shall not require approval of the local collective 224 bargaining unit, but shall require a memorandum of understanding with the local collective 225 bargaining unit and the school committee of the district in which the charter school is located 226 regarding any waivers to applicable collective bargaining agreements; provided, that the 227 memorandum of understanding shall be approved by a majority of the school faculty; and 228 provided, further, that Horace Mann II charter schools shall not count towards the maximum 229 number of Horace Mann charter schools stated in paragraph (1) of subsection (i). A vote by the 230 school faculty shall be held and finalized within 30 days of submission of the charter school 231 application to the board of elementary and secondary education. School faculty who have prior 232 to such vote given notice to leave the school the following year because of: (i) retirement; (ii) 233 resignation; (iii) voluntary transfer; or (iv) any other reason or who has received notice to leave 234 the school the following year because of involuntary transfer, dismissal or any other reason, shall 235 not be eligible to vote to approve the memorandum of understanding.

A Horace Mann III charter school shall be a new school operated under a charter approved by the school committee in the district in which the school is located. A Horace Mann III charter school shall not require approval of the local collective bargaining unit; provided, however, that after the charter for a Horace Mann III charter school has been granted by the

board, the school shall develop a memorandum of understanding with the school committee of the district in which the charter school is located and the local collective bargaining unit regarding any waivers to applicable collective bargaining agreements; provided, further, that if an agreement is not reached on the memorandum of understanding at least 30 days before the scheduled opening of the school, the charter school shall operate under the terms of its charter until an agreement is reached.