

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 2341**

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

PRESENTED BY:

***Kay Khan***

*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to out-of-hospital birth access and safety.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
<i>Kay Khan</i>	<i>11th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/18/2021</i>
<i>David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf</i>	<i>17th Worcester</i>	<i>2/22/2021</i>
<i>Rebecca L. Rausch</i>	<i>Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex</i>	<i>2/23/2021</i>
<i>Lindsay N. Sabadosa</i>	<i>1st Hampshire</i>	<i>2/23/2021</i>
<i>Jason M. Lewis</i>	<i>Fifth Middlesex</i>	<i>2/23/2021</i>
<i>Hannah Kane</i>	<i>11th Worcester</i>	<i>2/23/2021</i>
<i>Paul A. Schmid, III</i>	<i>8th Bristol</i>	<i>2/24/2021</i>
<i>Harriette L. Chandler</i>	<i>First Worcester</i>	<i>2/24/2021</i>
<i>Christina A. Minicucci</i>	<i>14th Essex</i>	<i>2/24/2021</i>
<i>Paul F. Tucker</i>	<i>7th Essex</i>	<i>2/24/2021</i>
<i>Sheila C. Harrington</i>	<i>1st Middlesex</i>	<i>2/24/2021</i>
<i>David Paul Linsky</i>	<i>5th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/24/2021</i>
<i>Dylan A. Fernandes</i>	<i>Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket</i>	<i>2/24/2021</i>
<i>Tram T. Nguyen</i>	<i>18th Essex</i>	<i>2/25/2021</i>
<i>Paul J. Donato</i>	<i>35th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/25/2021</i>
<i>Paul W. Mark</i>	<i>2nd Berkshire</i>	<i>2/25/2021</i>
<i>Tommy Vitolo</i>	<i>15th Norfolk</i>	<i>2/25/2021</i>
<i>Susan L. Moran</i>	<i>Plymouth and Barnstable</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>

<i>James J. O'Day</i>	<i>14th Worcester</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Natalie M. Higgins</i>	<i>4th Worcester</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Christine P. Barber</i>	<i>34th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>James K. Hawkins</i>	<i>2nd Bristol</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Ruth B. Balsler</i>	<i>12th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Tami L. Gouveia</i>	<i>14th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Maria Duaine Robinson</i>	<i>6th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Michelle L. Ciccolo</i>	<i>15th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Michael J. Moran</i>	<i>18th Suffolk</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Andres X. Vargas</i>	<i>3rd Essex</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Jon Santiago</i>	<i>9th Suffolk</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Richard M. Haggerty</i>	<i>30th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Daniel R. Carey</i>	<i>2nd Hampshire</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Carol A. Doherty</i>	<i>3rd Bristol</i>	<i>2/26/2021</i>
<i>Daniel Cahill</i>	<i>10th Essex</i>	<i>3/5/2021</i>
<i>Tackey Chan</i>	<i>2nd Norfolk</i>	<i>3/4/2021</i>
<i>Joanne M. Comerford</i>	<i>Hampshire, Franklin and Worcester</i>	<i>3/3/2021</i>
<i>Bradley H. Jones, Jr.</i>	<i>20th Middlesex</i>	<i>3/9/2021</i>
<i>Jack Patrick Lewis</i>	<i>7th Middlesex</i>	<i>3/4/2021</i>
<i>Patrick M. O'Connor</i>	<i>Plymouth and Norfolk</i>	<i>3/5/2021</i>
<i>Walter F. Timilty</i>	<i>Norfolk, Bristol and Plymouth</i>	<i>3/12/2021</i>
<i>Elizabeth A. Malia</i>	<i>11th Suffolk</i>	<i>3/15/2021</i>
<i>Adrian C. Madaro</i>	<i>1st Suffolk</i>	<i>3/16/2021</i>
<i>Sean Garballey</i>	<i>23rd Middlesex</i>	<i>3/17/2021</i>
<i>Susan Williams Gifford</i>	<i>2nd Plymouth</i>	<i>3/18/2021</i>
<i>Thomas M. Stanley</i>	<i>9th Middlesex</i>	<i>3/22/2021</i>
<i>Carlos González</i>	<i>10th Hampden</i>	<i>3/25/2021</i>
<i>Mary S. Keefe</i>	<i>15th Worcester</i>	<i>4/1/2021</i>
<i>Natalie M. Blais</i>	<i>1st Franklin</i>	<i>4/9/2021</i>
<i>Joan B. Lovely</i>	<i>Second Essex</i>	<i>4/9/2021</i>
<i>Steven C. Owens</i>	<i>29th Middlesex</i>	<i>4/14/2021</i>

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 2341**

By Ms. Khan of Newton, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2341) of Kay Khan and others for legislation to establish a board of registration in midwifery and further regulating out-of-hospital birth access and safety. Public Health.

**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court  
(2021-2022)**

An Act relative to out-of-hospital birth access and safety.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Section 9 of chapter 13 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018  
2 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word “counselors”, in line 7, the  
3 following words:- , the board of registration in midwifery.

4 SECTION 2. Said chapter 13, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by adding the  
5 following section:-

6 Section 110. (a) There shall be within the department of public health a board of  
7 registration in midwifery. The board shall consist of 8 members to be appointed by the governor,  
8 5 of whom shall be midwives with not less than 5 years of experience in the practice of  
9 midwifery and who shall be licensed under sections 276 to 289, inclusive, of chapter 112, 1 of  
10 whom shall be a physician licensed to practice medicine under section 2 of said chapter 112 with  
11 experience working with midwives, 1 of whom shall be a certified nurse-midwife licensed to  
12 practice midwifery under section 80B of said chapter 112 and 1 of whom shall be a member of

13 the public. Four of the members of the board of registration in midwifery shall have experience  
14 working on the issue of racial disparities in maternal health or be a member of a population that  
15 is underrepresented in the midwifery profession. When making the appointments, the governor  
16 shall consider the recommendations of organizations representing certified professional  
17 midwives in the commonwealth. The appointed members shall serve for terms of 3 years. Upon  
18 the expiration of a term of office, a member shall continue to serve until a successor has been  
19 appointed and qualified. A member shall not serve for more than 2 consecutive terms; provided,  
20 however, that a person who is chosen to fill a vacancy in an unexpired term of a prior board  
21 member may serve for 2 consecutive terms in addition to the remainder of that unexpired term. A  
22 member may be removed by the governor for neglect of duty, misconduct, malfeasance or  
23 misfeasance in the office after a written notice of the charges against the member and sufficient  
24 opportunity to be heard thereon. Upon the death or removal for cause of a member of the board,  
25 the governor shall fill the vacancy for the remainder of that member's term after considering  
26 suggestions from a list of nominees provided by organizations representing certified professional  
27 midwives in the commonwealth. For the initial appointment of the board, the 5 members  
28 required to be licensed midwives shall be persons with at least 5 years of experience in the  
29 practice of midwifery who meet the eligibility requirements set forth in subsection (a) of section  
30 281 of chapter 112. Members of the board shall be residents of the commonwealth.

31 (b) Annually, the board shall elect from its membership a chair and a secretary who shall  
32 serve until their successors have been elected and qualified. The board shall meet not less than 4  
33 times annually and may hold additional meetings at the call of the chair or upon the request of  
34 not less than 4 members. A quorum for the conduct of official business shall be a majority of  
35 those appointed. Board members shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for

36 actual and reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The members shall be  
37 public employees for the purposes of chapter 258 for all acts or omissions within the scope of  
38 their duties as board members.

39 SECTION 3. Section 1E of chapter 46 of the general laws , as appearing in the 2018  
40 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of “Physician” the following  
41 definition:-

42 “Licensed midwife,” a midwife licensed to practice by the board of registration in  
43 midwifery as provided in sections 276 to 289 of chapter 112.

44 SECTION 4. Section 3B of chapter 46 , as so appearing, is hereby amended by inserting  
45 after the word “physician”, in line 1, the following words:- or licensed midwife.

46 SECTION 5. Section 1 of chapter 94C of the general laws, as appearing in the 2018  
47 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of “Isomer” the following  
48 definition:-

49 “Licensed midwife,” a midwife licensed to practice by the board of registration in  
50 midwifery as provided in sections 276 to 289 of chapter 112.

51 SECTION 6. Section 7 of said chapter 94C, as so appearing, is hereby amended by  
52 adding the following new subsection:-

53 (j) The commissioner shall promulgate regulations which provide for the automatic  
54 registration of licensed midwives, upon the receipt of the fee as herein provided, to issue written  
55 prescriptions in accordance with the provisions of sections 279 of chapter 112 and the  
56 regulations issued by the board of registration in midwifery under said section 279 of chapter

57 112, unless the registration of such licensed midwife has been suspended or revoked pursuant to  
58 the provisions of section 13 or section 14 or unless such registration is denied for cause by the  
59 commissioner pursuant to the provisions of chapter 30A. Prior to promulgating such regulations,  
60 the commissioner shall consult with the board of registration in midwifery.

61 SECTION 7. Section 9 of said chapter 94C, as so appearing, is hereby amended by  
62 inserting in paragraph (a), after the words “certified nurse midwife as provided in section 80C of  
63 said chapter 112” the following words:- , licensed midwife as limited by subsection (j) of said  
64 section 7 and section 279 of said chapter 112.

65 SECTION 8. Section 9 of said chapter 94C, as so appearing, is hereby further amended in  
66 paragraph (b), by inserting after the words “midwife” in each place that they appear, the  
67 following words:- , licensed midwife.

68 SECTION 9. Said section 9 of said chapter 94C, as so appearing, is hereby further  
69 amended in paragraph (b), by inserting after the words “nurse-midwifery” in each place that they  
70 appear, the following words:- , midwifery.

71 SECTION 10. Section 9 of said chapter 94C is further amended in paragraph (c), by  
72 inserting after the words “certified nurse midwife” in each place that they appear, the following  
73 words:- , licensed midwife.

74 SECTION 11. The definition of “Medical peer review committee” in section 1 of chapter  
75 111 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 official edition, is hereby amended by adding  
76 the following sentence:- “Medical peer review committee” shall include a committee or  
77 association that is authorized by a midwifery society or association to evaluate the quality of

78 midwifery services or the competence of midwives and suggest improvements in midwifery  
79 practices to improve patient care.

80 SECTION 12. Section 204 of said chapter 111, as so appearing, is hereby amended by  
81 inserting after the word “medicine” in lines 7, 12 and 28 the following word:- , midwifery.

82 SECTION 13. Section 202 of said chapter 111, as so appearing, is hereby amended by  
83 inserting after the word “attendance” in the second and third paragraphs, the following words:-  
84 or midwife in attendance.

85 SECTION 14. Said section 202, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting  
86 after the word “attendance” in the fourth paragraph, the following words:- or without the  
87 attendance of a midwife,.

88 SECTION 15. Chapter 112 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the  
89 following 13 sections:-

90 Section 276. As used in sections 276 to 289, inclusive, the following words shall, have  
91 the following meanings unless the context requires otherwise:

92 “Board”, the board of registration in midwifery, established under section 110 of chapter  
93 13.

94 “Certified nurse-midwife”, a nurse with advanced training and who has obtained  
95 certification by the American Midwifery Certification Board.

96 “Certified professional midwife”, a professional independent midwifery practitioner who  
97 has obtained certification by the NARM."

98           “Client”, a person under the care of a licensed midwife, as codified by a written statement  
99 pursuant to section 285.

100           “Licensed midwife”, a person registered by the board to practice midwifery in the  
101 commonwealth under sections 276 to 289, inclusive.

102           “MBC”, the Midwifery Bridge Certificate issued by the NARM or its successor  
103 credential.

104           “MEAC”, the Midwifery Education Accreditation Council or its successor organization.

105           “Midwifery”, the practice of providing primary care to a client and newborn during the  
106 preconception, antepartum, intrapartum and postpartum periods.

107           “NARM”, the North American Registry of Midwives or its successor organization.

108           Section 277. Nothing in sections 276 to 289 inclusive, shall limit or regulate the practice  
109 of a licensed physician, certified nurse-midwife, or licensed basic or advanced emergency  
110 medical technician. The practice of midwifery shall not constitute the practice of medicine,  
111 certified nurse-midwifery or emergency medical care.

112           Section 278. (a) The board shall:

113           (i) adopt rules and promulgate regulations governing licensed midwives and the practice  
114 of midwifery to promote public health, welfare and safety, consistent with the essential  
115 competencies identified by the NARM;

116           (ii) administer the licensing process, including, but not limited to:

117           (A) receiving, reviewing, approving, rejecting and issuing applications for licensure;



- 118 (B) renewing, suspending, revoking and reinstating licenses;
- 119 (C) investigating complaints against persons licensed under sections 276 to 289 inclusive;
- 120 (D) holding hearings and ordering the disciplinary sanction of a person who violates  
121 sections 276 to 289, inclusive, or a regulation of the board;
- 122 (iii) establish administrative procedures for processing applications and renewals;
- 123 (iv) have the authority to adopt and provide a uniform, proctored examination for  
124 applicants to measure the qualifications necessary for licensure;
- 125 (v) develop practice standards for licensed midwives that shall include, but not be limited  
126 to:
- 127 (A) adoption of ethical standards for licensed midwives and apprentice midwives;
- 128 (B) maintenance of records of care, including client charts;
- 129 (C) participation in peer review; and
- 130 (D) development of standardized informed consent, reporting and written emergency  
131 transport plan forms;
- 132 (vi) establish and maintain records of its actions and proceedings in accordance with  
133 public records laws; and
- 134 (vii) adopt professional continuing education requirements for licensed midwives seeking  
135 renewal consistent with those maintained by the NARM.

136 (b) Nothing in this section shall limit the board's authority to impose sanctions that are  
137 considered reasonable and appropriate by the board. A person subject to any disciplinary action  
138 taken by the board under this section or taken due to a violation of any other law, rule or  
139 regulation may file a petition for judicial review pursuant to section 64.

140 (c) A licensed midwife shall accept and provide care to clients only in accordance with  
141 the scope and standards of practice identified in the rules adopted pursuant to this section.

142 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, the board shall not issue any  
143 regulations that require a licensed midwife to practice under the supervision of or in  
144 collaboration with another healthcare provider or to enter into an agreement, written or  
145 otherwise, with another healthcare provider.

146 Section 279. A licensed midwife duly registered to issue written prescriptions in  
147 accordance with the provisions of subsection (j) of section 7 of chapter 94C may order, possess,  
148 purchase, and administer pharmaceutical agents consistent with the scope of midwifery practice,  
149 including without limitation antihemorrhagic agents including but not limited to oxytocin,  
150 misoprostol and methergine; intravenous fluids for stabilization; vitamin K; eye prophylaxes;  
151 oxygen; antibiotics for Group B Streptococcal antibiotic prophylaxes; Rho (D) immune globulin;  
152 local anesthetic; epinephrine; and other pharmaceutical agents identified by the board, however,  
153 that nothing in this section shall be construed to permit a licensed midwife's use of  
154 pharmaceutical agents which are (a) controlled substances as described by Title 21 U.S.C.  
155 Section 812 or in chapter 94C, except for those listed in schedule VI; or (b) not identified by  
156 rules and regulations promulgated by the board of registration in midwifery as consistent with  
157 the scope of midwifery practice.

158           Section 280. A person who desires to be licensed and registered as a licensed midwife  
159 shall apply to the board in writing on an application form prescribed and furnished by the board.  
160 The applicant shall include in the application statements under oath satisfactory to the board  
161 showing that the applicant possesses the qualifications described under section 281 prior to any  
162 examination which may be required under section 278. The secretary of administration and  
163 finance, pursuant to section 3B of chapter 7, shall establish a license application fee, a license  
164 renewal fee and any other fee applicable under sections 276 to 289, inclusive; provided,  
165 however, that such license applicant and license renewal fees shall not exceed \$200 biennially.  
166 The board, in consultation with the secretary of administration and finance, shall institute a  
167 process for applicants to apply for a financial hardship waiver, which may reduce or fully exempt  
168 an applicant from paying the fee pursuant to this section. Fees collected by the board shall be  
169 deposited into the Quality in Health Professions Trust Fund pursuant to section 35X of chapter  
170 10 to support board operations and administration and to reimburse board members for actual  
171 and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

172           Section 281. (a) To be eligible for registration and licensure by the board as a licensed  
173 midwife, an applicant shall: (i) be of good moral character; (ii) be a graduate of a high school or  
174 its equivalent; and (iii) possess a valid certified professional midwife credential from the NARM.

175           (b) Beginning five years after the effective date of this section, an applicant must obtain  
176 certification by completing a program or pathway accredited by the MEAC; provided, however,  
177 that if certification was obtained prior to five years after the effective date of this section from an  
178 education program or pathway not accredited by the MEAC, an applicant must obtain the MBC;  
179 provided further, that if the applicant holds a license in a state that does not require an education

180 or pathway accredited by the MEAC, the applicant must obtain the MBC regardless of the date  
181 of certification.

182           Section 282. Notwithstanding section 172 of chapter 6, the board shall obtain all  
183 available criminal offender record information from the criminal history systems board on an  
184 applicant by means of fingerprint checks, and from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a  
185 national criminal history records check. The information obtained thereby may be used by the  
186 board to determine the applicant's eligibility for licensure under this chapter. If the board  
187 determines that such information has a direct bearing on the applicant's ability to serve as a  
188 licensed midwife, such information may serve as a basis for the denial of the application;  
189 provided, however, that the board shall not share criminal history records or information with a  
190 private entity.

191           Section 283. The board may license in a like manner, without examination, any midwife  
192 who has been licensed in another state under laws which, in the opinion of the board, require  
193 qualifications and maintain standards substantially the same as those of this commonwealth for  
194 licensed midwives, provided, however, that such midwife applies and remits fees as provided for  
195 in section 279.

196           Section 284. (a) The board may, after a hearing pursuant to chapter 30A, revoke, suspend  
197 or cancel the license of a licensed midwife, or reprimand or censure a licensed midwife, for any  
198 of the reasons set forth in section 61.

199           (b) No person filing a complaint or reporting information pursuant to this section or  
200 assisting the board at its request in any manner in discharging its duties and functions shall be  
201 liable in any cause of action arising out of providing such information or assistance; provided,

202 however, that the person making the complaint or reporting or providing such information or  
203 assistance does so in good faith and without malice.

204 Section 285. When accepting a client for care, a licensed midwife shall obtain the client's  
205 informed consent, which shall be evidenced by a written statement in a form prescribed by the  
206 board and signed by both the licensed midwife and the client.

207 Section 286. A licensed midwife shall prepare, in a form prescribed by the board, a  
208 written plan for the appropriate delivery of emergency care. The plan shall include, but not be  
209 limited to: (i) consultation with other health care providers; (ii) emergency transfer; and (iii)  
210 access to neonatal intensive care units and obstetrical units or other patient care areas.

211 Section 287. A health care provider that consults with or accepts a transport, transfer or  
212 referral from a licensed midwife, or that provides care to a client of a licensed midwife or such  
213 client's newborn, shall not be liable in a civil action for personal injury or death resulting from  
214 an act or omission by the licensed midwife, unless the professional negligence or malpractice of  
215 the health care provider was a proximate cause of the injury or death.

216 Section 288. (a) A person who practices as a licensed midwife in the commonwealth  
217 without a license granted pursuant to sections 276 to 289, inclusive, shall be punished by a fine  
218 of not less than \$100 and not more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 3 months  
219 or both. The board may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for an injunction against any  
220 person practicing midwifery or any branch thereof without a license. Proof of damage or harm  
221 sustained by any person shall not be required for issuance of such injunction. Nothing in this  
222 section shall relieve a person from criminal prosecution for practicing without a license.

223 (b) Nothing in this section shall prevent or restrict the practice, service or activities of:

224 (i) a person licensed in the commonwealth from engaging in activities within the scope of  
225 practice of the profession or occupation for which such person is licensed; provided, however,  
226 that such person does not represent to the public, directly or indirectly, that such person is  
227 licensed under sections 276 to 289, inclusive, and that such person does not use any name, title  
228 or designation indicating that such person is licensed under said sections 276 to 289, inclusive; or

229 (ii) a person employed as a midwife by the federal government or an agency thereof if  
230 that person provides midwifery services solely under the direction and control of the  
231 organization by which such person is employed;

232 (iii) a traditional birth attendant who provides midwifery services if no fee is  
233 contemplated, charged or received, and such person has cultural or religious traditions that have  
234 historically included the attendance of traditional birth attendants at birth, and the birth attendant  
235 serves only individuals and families in that distinct cultural or religious group;

236 (iv) persons who are members of Native American communities and provide traditional  
237 midwife services to their communities; or

238 (v) to any person rendering aid in an emergency.

239 Section 289. A licensed midwife, registered by the board of registration in midwifery  
240 pursuant to sections 276 to 289, inclusive, who provides services to any person or beneficiary  
241 covered by Title XIX of the Social Security Act or MassHealth pursuant to section 9A of chapter  
242 118E, may accept the Medicaid or MassHealth approved rate as payment in full for such  
243 services; provided, that a licensed midwife who accepts the Medicaid or MassHealth approved  
244 rate pursuant to this section shall be reimbursed at said rate for such services

245 SECTION 16. Chapter 118E of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 Official  
246 Edition, is hereby amended in section 10A by adding the words “ licensed midwife,” after the  
247 word “physician,” in line 15 and after the word “pediatrician,” in line 20, and by inserting at the  
248 end of the section the following sentence: - The division shall provide coverage for midwifery  
249 services including prenatal care, childbirth and postpartum care provided by a licensed midwife  
250 regardless of the site of services.

251 SECTION 17. The board established pursuant to section 110 of chapter 13 of the General  
252 Laws shall adopt rules and promulgate regulations pursuant to this act within 1 year from the  
253 effective date of this act.

254 SECTION 18. The board established pursuant to section 110 of chapter 13 of the General  
255 Laws shall promulgate regulations for the licensure of individuals practicing midwifery prior to  
256 the date on which the board commences issuing licenses; provided, however, that individuals  
257 practicing midwifery in the commonwealth as of the date on which the board commences issuing  
258 licenses shall have 2 years from that date to complete the requirements necessary for licensure.

259 SECTION 19. Nothing in this act shall preclude a person who was practicing midwifery  
260 before the effective date of this act from practicing midwifery in the commonwealth until the  
261 board establishes procedures for the licensure of midwives pursuant to this act.