

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 2438**

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The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

*Theodore C. Speliotis*

*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act defining the responsibilities of the labor relations commission in work stoppages.

PETITION OF:

NAME:

*Theodore C. Speliotis*

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

*13th Essex*

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 2438**

By Mr. Speliotis of Danvers, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2438) of Theodore C. Speliotis for legislation to further define the responsibilities of the Labor Relations Commission relative to work stoppages. Public Service.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION

SEE

HOUSE  
 , NO. 729 OF 2011-2012.]

**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

**In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen**

An Act defining the responsibilities of the labor relations commission in work stoppages.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 Section 1. Chapter 150E, Section 9A of the Massachusetts General Laws, as appearing in  
2 the 2010 Official Edition, is amended by deleting paragraph (b) and substituting a new paragraph  
3 (b) as follows:-

4 (b) whenever a strike occurs or is about to occur, the employer shall petition the  
5 commission to make an investigation to determine whether any provision of Section (a) has been  
6 or is about to be violated. If the Commission so determines, it shall instruct the employer to  
7 institute appropriate proceedings in the Superior Court in the county wherein such violation has  
8 occurred or is about to occur. Furthermore, the Court may in its discretion appoint a master to  
9 meet with the parties and to recommend possible solutions for the resolution of the controversy.  
10 Further the Commission shall conduct an expedited hearing and subpoena witnesses to  
11 investigate the cause of the alleged violation of Section (a)1. If the Commission finds that the  
12 violation has been caused by an unfair labor practice of the employer then the employees shall be  
13 absolved of any civil fines or penalties levied by the Court and the Commission may order round  
14 the clock bargaining and penalize by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars for parties who  
15 refuse to obey the order of the Commission.