

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Linda Dean Campbell

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act concerning the safety of school children embarking and disembarking school buses.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Linda Dean Campbell	15th Essex
Diana DiZoglio	14th Essex
Shawn Dooley	9th Norfolk
Sheila C. Harrington	1st Middlesex
Randy Hunt	5th Barnstable
Timothy R. Whelan	1st Barnstable

HOUSE No. 2722

By Mrs. Campbell of Methuen, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2722) of Linda Dean Campbell and others for legislation to authorize the installation and operation of digital video violation detection monitoring systems to detect drivers failing to stop for school buses. Transportation.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 2958 OF 2015-2016.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

An Act concerning the safety of school children embarking and disembarking school buses.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Section 14 of Chapter 90 of the General Laws is hereby amended by	
2	inserting after section 14B the following section:- Section 14C. (a) In addition to other	
3	monitoring devices lawfully authorized to be installed in school buses and notwithstanding any	
4	general or special law to the contrary, any city or town within the Commonwealth is hereby	
5	authorized to install and operate live digital video school bus violation detection monitoring	
6	systems for purpose of enforcing violations against the owner of a motor vehicle whose vehicle	
7	failed to stop for a school bus when required to do so by the provisions of Section 14. Such	
8	systems shall be limited to monitor and detect violations of motorists failing to stop for a school	
9	bus. (b) (1) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following meanings:	
10	"School bus violation detection monitoring system" a camera system that shall monitor and	

11 detect motor vehicles overtaking or passing school buses when said buses are stopped and 12 displaying front and rear alternating flashing red signal lamps as provided in section seven B, 13 and which has been stopped to allow pupils to alight from or board the same. It shall be a system 14 with two or more camera sensors and computers that produce live digital and recorded video and 15 2 or more film or digital photographic still images of each motor vehicle at the time it is used or 16 operated in a manner that is in violation of Section 14 of Chapter 90. "Stop arm traffic control 17 sign" a stop sign mounted on a mechanical arm installed on a school bus which is deployed when 18 a school bus is stopped to allow pupils to alight from or board the same and notify motorists 19 when it they are required to stop and when they can proceed. "Violation" the failure of an 20 operator of a motor vehicle to comply with the laws, codes, regulations, by-laws, ordinances, 21 rules or other forms of legislation governing the traffic control requirements for school buses 22 stopped to allow pupils to alight from or board same for which a school bus violation detection 23 monitoring system is installed and in operation. (2) All systems installed for use under this 24 section shall produce an evidence file that includes a live visual image viewable remotely, a 25 recorded image of the license plate and be able to record the date, time and location of the 26 vehicle committing the violation. An affidavit shall be signed by a person trained to observe 27 and detect such violations who witnesses the violation via live video provided by the school bus 28 violation detection monitoring system. (3) Recorded video images and still photographic 29 images must record the rear of the motor vehicle, with at least 1 photographic image and one 30 recorded video image clearly recording the motor vehicle immediately before the violation of the 31 stop arm traffic control sign and at least 1 photographic image and one recorded video image 32 recording the motor vehicle passing the stopped school bus with the stop arm traffic control sign 33 deployed in violation of the stop arm traffic control sign. Additionally, at least 1 photographic

34 image and 1 recorded video image must clearly identify the license plate of the motor vehicle. 35 (4) To the extent practicable, any school bus violation detection monitoring system shall use 36 necessary technologies to ensure that photographs or recorded video images produced by the 37 school bus violation detection monitoring system shall not include a frontal view photograph or 38 video image of the motor vehicle that is in violation of the stop arm traffic control sign or images 39 that identify the operator, the passengers, or the contents of the vehicle, but no notice of liability 40 issued under this section shall be dismissed solely because a photograph or recorded video image 41 allow for the identification of the operator, passengers, or contents of a vehicle as long as a 42 reasonable effort has been made to comply with this paragraph. (5) Any school bus installed 43 with a school bus violation detection monitoring system shall post warning signage indicating 44 the use of such system. The signage shall remain on each bus as long as a school bus violation 45 detection monitoring system is in operation. (6) A penalty imposed for a violation of this 46 section shall not be considered a criminal conviction and shall not be considered a moving 47 violation of the motor vehicle laws for the purpose of determining surcharges on motor vehicle 48 premiums pursuant to Section113B of Chapter 175 although as provided in this section the 49 violation shall be noted on the registered owner or owner's driving record. (7) The fines 50 contained in this section and section 14 for a failure to stop for a school bus shall be applied 51 whether the violation is detected through the use of a school bus mounted violation detection 52 monitoring system or by a police officer on scene who issues a written citation to the operator of 53 the motor vehicle. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 2 of Chapter 280, all fines imposed for a 54 violation of failing to stop for school bus in accordance with section 14 that is detected by a 55 school bus violation detection monitoring system or by a police officer who cites the operator in 56 hand shall be paid over to the treasury of the city or town where the offense was committed. (8)

4 of 14

57 Wherever an agreement under this section is to take effect upon its acceptance by a municipality 58 or district, or is to be effective in municipalities or districts accepting its provisions, this 59 acceptance shall be, except as otherwise provided, in a municipality, by vote of the legislative 60 body, subject to the charter of the municipality, or, in a district, by vote of the district at a district 61 meeting. A city or town may enter into an agreement with a private vendor or manufacturer to 62 provide a school bus violation detection monitoring system on each bus within its fleet whether 63 owned or leased, up to and including the installation, operation and maintenance of such 64 systems. Compensation paid to the manufacturer or vendor of the school bus violation detection 65 monitoring system as authorized by this section shall not be based upon the revenue generated by 66 the use of such systems. The compensation paid to the manufacturer or vendor of the equipment 67 shall be based upon the value of the equipment installed and the recurring services provided in 68 support of the school bus violation detection monitoring systems including processing of 69 evidence files, cost of the technology provided and maintenance of such technology. Said 70 agreement shall only become effective after consent by the affected local or regional school 71 department, by vote of a majority of its governing school committee. (9) A city or town shall 72 provide reimbursement of expenses to the private vendor or manufacturer for the installation, 73 operation and maintenance of the school bus violation detection monitoring systems in operation 74 and acknowledged by an agreement between the private vendor and the school department that 75 has adopted this section. Unless modified by an agreement with a city or town, reimbursement shall be made from ticket revenue proceeds incurred under this section only if received as 76 77 currently allocated under the laws of the Commonwealth for said citations so as to eliminate any 78 cost to the city or town for installation, operation and maintenance of the school bus violation 79 detection monitoring systems in its municipality. Such reimbursement shall be made to the

80 private vendor or manufacturer within 45 days following the submittal of request for cost 81 reimbursement. Such reimbursement shall not exceed 50% of the ticket revenue proceeds in any 82 preceding period. If such violations occur on highways or roads controlled by the 83 Commonwealth, then reimbursement for installing, operating, and maintaining school bus 84 violation detection systems shall be permitted from the Commonwealth to the private vendor 85 from ticket proceeds pursuant to this section only. (c) (1) An evidence file of the alleged 86 violation and the signed affidavit shall be forwarded to a trained law enforcement officer in the 87 jurisdiction who is trained to observe and detect a violation for failure to stop for a stopped 88 school bus allowing pupils to alight or board the same. The officer shall issue a citation if he or 89 she is satisfied that a violation was committed under section 14 and the vehicle committing such 90 violation can be indentified from its registration plate. A certificate, or a facsimile thereof sworn 91 to or affirmed by a police officer or other law enforcement officer authorized to issue motor 92 vehicle citations for violations of traffic laws, stating that based upon inspection of the evidence 93 file produced by a school bus violation detection monitoring system, the vehicle was in violation 94 of this section, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Any recorded video 95 images or still photographic images produced by a school bus violation detection monitoring 96 system evidencing the violation shall be available for inspection in any proceeding to adjudicate 97 the liability for the violation adopted under this section. (2) In all prosecutions of civil traffic 98 violations based on evidence obtained from a school bus violation detection monitoring system 99 the registered owner of the motor vehicle shall be primarily responsible pursuant to the 100 provisions of this chapter except as otherwise provided in this section. In the event the registered 101 owner of the vehicle operated in violation of this chapter was not the operator of the vehicle at 102 the time of the violation the registered owner of the vehicle shall either (a) assume liability for

103 the violation by paying the fine or; (b) upon written receipt of the citation provide the issuing 104 authority within 30 days of the date of issuance, the name, address and registration number 105 {license plate} of the operator of the vehicle who was responsible along with a signed affidavit 106 acknowledging such or; (c) defend the violation pursuant to the procedures established for traffic 107 violations under this section. A vehicle owned or leased to a corporation that is identified by a 108 school bus violation detection monitoring system under this section shall be primarily 109 responsible for a violation pursuant to section 14 even if a person who normally operates the 110 vehicle for the corporation denies that he or she was operating the vehicle at the time of the 111 violation although no entry shall be made on the person's driving record. (3) A penalty imposed 112 may, if so provided in writing, be increased by up to 33 1/3% if the penalty remains unpaid in 113 excess of 45 days after a citation has been issued consistent with the procedures established in 114 this section and there has been no request for a hearing under paragraph (3) of subsection (d). 115 (d) (1) Upon the determination of a violation through the use of a school bus violation detection 116 monitoring system, it shall be the duty of the chief of police of the city or town, or any designee 117 of the chief, to issue the owner or owners of the vehicle a citation pursuant to the provisions of 118 Chapter 90C. The citation shall require the owner or owners to pay the fine amount issued 119 pursuant to section 14 or appear before the parking clerk not later than 30 days after the date the 120 citation was sent under the procedures established pursuant to violations under this section. The 121 citation shall be mailed to the address of the registered owner or owners as contained in the 122 registry or in records of the Department of Motor Vehicles in the jurisdiction in which the 123 vehicle is registered if other than the Commonwealth for any motor vehicle identified by the 124 school bus violation detection monitoring system as evidence of a violation of this section. 125 Citations shall be mailed by first class mail, post marked no later than 14 days after the date of

126 the alleged violation, inclusive of Sundays and holidays. In the case of any motor vehicle 127 registered under the laws of another state or country, if the address is unavailable, it shall be 128 sufficient to mail the citation to the official in the state or country having charge of the 129 registration of the motor vehicle. The citation shall be considered sufficient notice, and a 130 certificate of the chief of police or the chief's designee mailing the citation stating that it has 131 been mailed in accordance with this section shall be deemed prima facie evidence thereof and 132 shall be admissible in any judicial or administrative proceeding as to the facts contained therein. 133 It shall be sufficient to commence a prosecution. The chief or the chief's designee shall retain 134 and safely preserve a copy of the Citation and shall at a time no later than the beginning of the 135 next business day of the city or town after mailing to the owner or owners, deliver another copy 136 to the parking clerk before whom the owner or owners have been notified to appear. The parking 137 clerk shall maintain a docket of all such notices to appear. For purposes of this section, the date 138 of issuance shall be the date of mailing. The police officer issuing the citation shall certify that 139 the evidence obtained from the school bus violation detection monitoring system was sufficient 140 to demonstrate a violation of section 14. Such certification shall be sufficient in all prosecutions 141 pursuant to this section to justify the entry of a default judgment in all cases where the citation is 142 not answered within the time period permitted under this section. The citation issued by the 143 trained law enforcement officer in the jurisdiction shall contain but not be limited to the 144 following information: (i) a citation for the violation, which shall include the name and address of the person or persons liable as an owner or owners of the motor vehicle for the violation of 145 146 this section, the registration number and state of issuance of the registration number of the 147 vehicle involved in the violation, the date, time and location of the violation, the specific 148 violation charged, the amount of the penalty for the violation, and the date by which the penalty

149 shall be paid; (ii) a copy of two or more still photographs, microphotographs, video or other 150 recorded images showing the vehicle in violation of the stop arm traffic sign; (iii) a copy of the 151 certificate or affidavit of the police officer under paragraph (1) of subsection (c); (iv) a 152 statement that recorded video images and photographic images are evidence of a violation of 153 section 14; (v) a schedule of fines for the violation as established by the Commonwealth; (vi) 154 instructions for the return of the citation notice including but not limited to the following text:-155 "This notice and the required payment may be returned in person, by mail, or by a duly 156 authorized agent. A hearing to contest liability may be obtained upon the written request of the 157 registered owner. Failure to pay the penalty or to contest liability within 30 days of issuance of 158 this notice is an admission of liability and may result in a default judgment being entered against 159 the owner to whom the violation has been issued and/or non-renewal or suspension of the license 160 to drive and the certificate of registration of the registered owner."; (vii) an affidavit form 161 approved by the parking clerk for the purpose of complying with paragraph (5); and (viii) a 162 statement explaining the procedure to adjudicate the violation by mail under paragraph (6). (2) 163 Any person notified to appear before the parking clerk, as provided in this section, may appear 164 before the parking clerk, or his designee, and confess the offense charged, either personally or 165 through a duly authorized agent or by mailing to the parking clerk the notice accompanied by the 166 fine provided therein, such payment to be made only by postal note, money order or check made 167 out to the parking clerk. Payment of the penalty established shall operate as a final disposition of 168 the case. (3) Except as expressly provided, all prosecutions based on evidence produced by a 169 school bus violation detection monitoring system shall follow the procedures of this section. 170 Notwithstanding the installation and use of a live digital video school bus violation detection 171 monitoring system on a school bus, a trained police officer in whose presence of motorist failing

172 to stop for a stopped school bus as required under section 14, may issue a citation at the scene to 173 the operator of such vehicle for such violation pursuant to section 14. An owner of a vehicle 174 shall not be liable for a citation as a result of a school bus violation detection monitoring system 175 if the operator of the vehicle was cited directly by a police officer at the scene of the violation. 176 (4) Should any person notified to appear hereunder fail to appear and, if a penalty is provided 177 hereunder, to pay the same, or if the person requests a hearing to contest liability, the parking 178 clerk shall forthwith schedule the matter before a person referred to in this section as a hearing 179 officer. The hearing officer shall be the parking clerk of the city or town in which the violation 180 occurred or any other person or persons that the parking clerk may designate. Written notice of 181 the date, time and place of the hearing shall be sent by first-class mail to the registered owner or 182 owners. The hearing shall be informal, the rules of evidence shall not apply and the decision of 183 the hearing officer shall be final subject to judicial review as provided by Section 14 of Chapter 184 30A. Within 21 days of the hearing, the hearing officer shall send by first class mail to the 185 registered owner or owners the decision of the hearing officer, including the reasons for the 186 outcome. (5) Any owner to whom a citation has been issued shall not be liable for a violation of 187 this section (a) if the violation was necessary to allow the passage of an emergency vehicle; (b) if 188 the violation was necessary in order to protect the property or person of another; (c) if the 189 violation was incurred while participating in a funeral procession; (d) if the violation was 190 incurred during a period of time in which the motor vehicle was reported to the police 191 department of any state, city or town as having been stolen and had not been recovered before 192 the time the violation occurred; (e) if the operator of the motor vehicle was operating the motor 193 vehicle under a rental or lease agreement and the owner of the motor vehicle is a rental or leasing 194 company; (f) if the operator of the motor vehicle was convicted of the underlying violation under

195 a citation issued in accordance with Section 2 of Chapter 90C; (g) if the violation was necessary 196 to comply with an order of a law enforcement officer or of a flagger directing traffic flow; or (h) 197 if the vehicle was subject to the exceptions granted to an authorized emergency vehicle under 198 Section 7B of Chapter 89. An owner disputing a violation under this subsection shall, within 30 199 days of issuance of the notice, provide the parking clerk with an affidavit signed under the pains 200 and penalties of perjury in a form approved by the parking clerk, as provided for in clause (vii) 201 of paragraph (1) of this subsection stating (1) the reason for disputing the violation; (2) the full 202 legal name and address of the owner of the motor vehicle; (3) the names and addresses of all 203 witnesses supporting the owner's defense and the specifics of their knowledge; and where 204 applicable (4) the signed statements from witnesses. The affidavit shall be filed with the request 205 for a hearing. (6) Any person notified to appear before the parking clerk, as provided in this 206 paragraph, may without waiving his right to a hearing before the parking clerk or hearing officer 207 as provided by this subsection, and also without waiving judicial review under Section 14 of 208 Chapter 30A, challenge the validity of the citation and receive a review and disposition of the 209 violation from the parking clerk or a hearing officer by mail. The owner may, upon receipt of 210 the citation, send a signed statement explaining his objections to the violation notice as well as 211 signed statements from witnesses, police officers, government officials and any other relevant 212 parties. Photographs, diagrams, maps and other documents may also be sent with the statements. 213 Any statements or materials sent to the parking clerk for review shall have attached the person's 214 name and address as well as the citation number and the date of the violation. The parking clerk 215 or hearing officer shall, within 21 days of receipt of this material, review the material and 216 dismiss or uphold the violation and notify, by mail, the owner or owners of the disposition of the 217 written review. If the outcome of the written review is adverse to the owner or owners, the

218 parking clerk or hearing officer shall explain the reasons for the outcome on the notice. The 219 review and disposition handled by mail shall be informal, the rules of evidence shall not apply, 220 and the decision of the parking clerk or hearing officer based upon the written materials shall be 221 final, unless the owner invokes the hearing provisions under this section or judicial review under 222 Section 14 of Chapter 30A. (7) If any person fails to appear before the hearing officer in 223 accordance with the notice, or fails to receive a favorable adjudication of the hearing from a 224 hearing officer and fails to pay the fine within 30 days of the date that the hearing officer has 225 mailed notice of the decision of the hearing officer, the parking clerk shall notify the registrar of 226 motor vehicles, who shall place the matter on record. Upon notification to the registrar of 2 or 227 more citations under this section or section 14 from the parking clerk of the city or town, or state 228 authorities or agencies, the registrar shall not issue or renew or may suspend the owner's license 229 to operate a motor vehicle or motor vehicle registration until after notification from the parking 230 clerk of each city, agency or authority, from whom the registrar received notification, that all 231 fines, taxes and penalties owed by the owner under this section have been disposed of in 232 accordance with law. Upon such notification to the registrar, an additional charge of \$20 payable 233 to the registrar but collected by the city or town, and an additional charge of \$20 payable to and 234 collected by the city or town, shall be assessed against the registered owner of the motor vehicle. 235 It shall be the duty of the parking clerk to notify the registrar forthwith that the case has been so 236 disposed, but certified receipt of full and final payment from the parking clerk of the city or 237 town, or state agency or authority issuing the violation shall also serve as legal notice to the registrar that the violation has been disposed of in accordance with law. The certified receipt 238 239 shall be printed in a form approved by the registrar of motor vehicles. (8) Upon the 240 accumulation by an owner of 2 or more outstanding citations under this section or section 14 on

241 account of violations of any statute, ordinance, order, rule or regulation relating to the operation, 242 control or parking of motor vehicles in a particular city or town, notwithstanding any notification 243 to the registrar, the parking clerk of the city or town may notify the chief of police or director of 244 traffic and parking of the city or town that the vehicle bearing the registration to which the 245 notices have been issued shall be removed and stored or otherwise immobilized by a mechanical 246 device at the expense of the registered owner of the vehicle until all fines, taxes and penalties 247 owed by the owner either under this section, or otherwise arising out of the parking or usage of 248 the owner's motor vehicle, have been disposed of in accordance with law. No vehicle shall be 249 removed, stored, or otherwise immobilized unless the owner of the motor vehicle shall have 250 received 10 days prior notification by mail that the motor vehicle may be removed, stored, or 251 immobilized without further notification. It shall be sufficient for the parking clerk to mail, 252 postage prepaid, the notification to the last known address of the registered owner. It shall be 253 sufficient for the parking clerk, in the case of a motor vehicle registered in another state or 254 country, to mail notification to the official in the state or country having charge of the 255 registration of the motor vehicle. (e)(1) Other than for purposes of enforcement of a violation of 256 this section and section 14 or for purposes of an owner defending a violation of this section, 257 recorded video images and photographs taken or created under this section may only be obtained 258 under an order by a court of competent jurisdiction. (2) All recorded video images and other 259 photographic information obtained through the use of school bus violation detection monitoring 260 systems authorized in this section that do not identify a violation shall be destroyed by any city, 261 town, school department or vendor by a length of time determined by the Colonel of the 262 Massachusetts State Police. All photographic and other recorded information that identifies a 263 violation shall be destroyed within 1 year of final disposition of proceedings related to the

264 enforcement or defense of a violation, unless otherwise ordered by a court of competent 265 jurisdiction. Each city, town, school department, and vendor under agreement utilizing 1 or more 266 school bus violation detection monitoring systems shall file notice attested under penalties of 267 perjury annually within 30 days of the close of the fiscal year with the secretary of state that 268 these records have been destroyed in accordance with this paragraph. All recorded video, audio 269 and other photographic information, however stored or retained, which is obtained through 270 systems authorized in this section are the property of the municipality under agreement with a 271 vendor and may not be used by a vendor for any other purposes; upon the expiration of any 272 agreement authorized under this section, all of said video, audio, and/or other photographic 273 information shall be delivered within 30 days to the particular municipality unless otherwise 274 ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. (3) The administrator of the school bus violation 275 detection monitoring system within any city or town accepting this section shall also submit an 276 annual report to the Massachusetts Department of Transportation regarding the use and operation 277 of the monitoring system. This annual report shall contain data on the number of citations issued 278 under this section at each particular intersection, and of those citations, shall detail the number 279 paid without a request for a hearing; the number found responsible after a hearing; and the 280 number dismissed after a hearing. In addition, the report shall also include the cost to maintain 281 each said monitoring system and the amount of revenue obtained from each said monitoring 282 system.