

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Elizabeth A. Poirier

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to unborn victims of violence.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Elizabeth A. Poirier	14th Bristol
Joseph D. McKenna	18th Worcester

By Mrs. Poirier of North Attleborough, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3432) of Elizabeth A. Poirier and Joseph D. McKenna relative to the injury or termination of human embryos and fetuses prior to birth. The Judiciary.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 935 OF 2017-2018.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act relative to unborn victims of violence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 265 the following
- 2 chapter 265A;-

3 Section 1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Unborn Victims of

- 4 Violence Act."
- 5 Section 2. For purposes of this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following

6 words shall have the following meanings:

- 7 "Another," the unborn child or any human being other than the actor.
- 8 "Bodily injury," substantial impairment of the physical condition, including any burn,
- 9 fracture of any bone, subdural hematoma, injury to any internal organ, any injury which occurs

10	as the result of repeated harm to any bodily function or organ including human skin or any
11	physical condition which substantially imperils an unborn child's health or welfare.
12	"Serious bodily injury," bodily injury which results in a permanent disfigurement; loss or
13	impairment of a bodily function, limb or organ; or a substantial risk of death.
14	"Substantial bodily injury," bodily injury which creates a permanent disfigurement;
15	protracted loss or impairment of function of a body member, limb or organ; or substantial risk of
16	death and includes, but is not limited to, the birth of the unborn child prior to 37 weeks
17	gestational age if the child weighs 2,500 grams or less at the time of birth. "Substantial bodily
18	injury," as used in this section, does not include the inducement of the unborn child's birth when
19	done for bona fide medical purposes.
20	"Unborn child," the individual human life in existence and developing from implantation
21	of the embryo in the uterus until birth.
22	"Whoever" does not include the pregnant mother whose unborn child is killed or injured.
23	"Without lawful justification," acting under circumstances in which the use of lethal
24	force is not legally justified.
25	Section 3. Murder of an unborn child; punishment.
26	(a) Whoever, without lawful justification, causes the death of an unborn child commits
27	murder of an unborn child in the first degree if that person acts with deliberately premeditated
28	malice aforethought, or with extreme atrocity or cruelty, or in the commission or attempted
29	commission of a crime punishable with death or imprisonment for life.

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30 (b) Whoever, without lawful justification, commits murder of an unborn child that does
31 not appear to be murder in the first degree commits murder of an unborn child in the second
32 degree.

33 (c) The degr

(c) The degree of murder shall be found by the jury.

34 (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), any person who is found guilty of murder of an
35 unborn child in the first degree shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for life and
36 shall not be eligible for parole pursuant to section 133A of chapter 127.

(e) Any person who is found guilty of murder of an unborn child in the first degree, who
committed the offense on or after the person's fourteenth birthday and before the person's
eighteenth birthday, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for life and shall be
eligible for parole after the term of years fixed by the court pursuant to section 24 of chapter 279.

41 (f) Any person who is found guilty of murder of an unborn child in the second degree
42 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for life and shall be eligible for parole
43 after the term of years fixed by the court pursuant section 24 of chapter 279.

(g) Any person whose sentence for murder of an unborn child is commuted by the
governor and council pursuant to section 152 of chapter 127 shall thereafter be subject to the
laws governing parole.

47 Section 4. Voluntary manslaughter of an unborn child punishment.

Voluntary manslaughter of an unborn child is punishable by imprisonment in the state
prison for not more than 20 years or by a fine or not more than \$1000 and imprisonment in jail or
a house of correction for not more than 2¹/₂ years.

51	Section 5. Involuntary manslaughter of an unborn child punishment.
52	Involuntary manslaughter of an unborn child is punishable by imprisonment in the state
53	prison for not more than 20 years or by a fine or not more than \$1000 and imprisonment in jail or
54	a house of correction for not more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ years.
55	Section 6. Assault upon an unborn child; punishment.
56	(a) Whoever, without legal justification, does any of the following commits assault upon
57	an unborn child:
58	(1) does any act with the intent to cause fear in a pregnant woman of immediate bodily
59	harm to herself or with the intent to cause fear in a pregnant woman of the death of her unborn
60	child; or
61	(2) intentionally inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily injury on an unborn child who is
62	subsequently born alive.
63	(b) Assault upon an unborn child shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than
64	$2\frac{1}{2}$ years in a house of correction or by a fine of not more than \$1000.
65	Section 7. Battery upon an unborn child; punishment.
66	(a) Whoever, without legal justification, inflicts serious or substantial bodily injury upon
67	an unborn child, who is subsequently born alive, by intentionally or knowingly touching a
68	pregnant woman without her consent commits battery of an unborn child.

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69	(b) Battery of an unborn child resulting in bodily injury shall be punished by
70	imprisonment in the state prison for not more than 5 years or imprisonment in the house of
71	correction for not more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ years.
72	Section 8. Assault and battery upon an unborn child punishment.
73	(a) Whoever commits an assault and battery upon an unborn child and by such assault
74	and battery causes bodily injury shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not
75	more than 5 years or imprisonment in the house of correction for not more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ years or by a
76	fine of not more than \$5000, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
77	(b) Whoever commits an assault and battery upon an unborn child and by such assault
78	and battery causes substantial bodily injury shall be punished by imprisonment in the
79	state prison for not more than 15 years or imprisonment in the house of correction for not more
80	than $2\frac{1}{2}$ years or by a fine of not more than \$15,000 or by both such fine and imprisonment.
81	Section 9. Exceptions. This Act does not apply to:
82	(a) Acts which cause the death of an unborn child if those acts were committed during a
83	legal abortion to which the pregnant woman consented.
84	(b) Acts which are committed pursuant to usual and customary standards of medical
85	practice during diagnostic testing or therapeutic treatment.
86	Section 9. Other convictions not barred.
87	A prosecution for or conviction under this Act is not a bar to conviction of or punishment
88	for any other crime committed by the defendant as part of the same conduct.

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