

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Michelle L. Ciccolo and Cindy F. Friedman

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act authorizing the town of Lexington to establish transit improvement districts.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Michelle L. Ciccolo	15th Middlesex	5/5/2021
Cindy F. Friedman	Fourth Middlesex	5/5/2021

By Representative Ciccolo of Lexington and Senator Friedman, a joint petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3892) of Michelle L. Ciccolo and Cindy F. Friedman (by vote of the town) that the town of Lexington be authorized to establish transit improvement districts. Municipalities and Regional Government. [Local Approval Received.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act authorizing the town of Lexington to establish transit improvement districts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this act, the following words shall, unless
- 2 the context clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:
- 3 "Fee", a payment for services or improvements within a TID.
- 4 "Lead municipality", the municipality exercising managerial control over the TID, as
- 5 designated by the group of municipalities participating in the establishment of a TID, provided
- 6 that each participating municipality be independently authorized to establish a TID.
- 7 "Municipal executive body", the mayor or city manager in a city or the Select Board,

8 town manager, or town administrator in a town.

9 "Municipal legislative body", the city council or board of alderman in a city or the town
10 meeting in a town.

11	"Partners", the businesses, entities, municipalities, districts, regional entities, and state
12	agencies participating in a TID.
13	"Program plan", a statement of means and objectives for providing the capital,
14	operational facilities, and resources to improve transit, transportation, and quality of life within a
15	TID.
16	"TID", a transit improvement district formed pursuant to this chapter, which is a
17	specified area within Lexington that shall consist of 2 or more parcels or lots of land, whether or
18	not contiguous, or 2 or more buildings or structures, whether or not adjacent, on 2 or more
19	parcels of land; provided, that the total area of all TIDs within Lexington shall not exceed 25 per
20	cent of the total area of Lexington.
21	"Transit improvement program" a transit project that implements transit improvements
22	upon existing transportation services within a TID.
23	SECTION 2. Program Plan & TID Adoption Requirements
24	(a) Prior to establishing a TID, Lexington shall develop a program plan describing said
25	TID's means and objectives. At a minimum, the program plan shall include:
26	(1) a financial plan that describes the costs and sources of revenue required to establish
27	transit improvement programs within a TID, including cost estimates for the transit improvement
28	programs, the amount of indebtedness, if any, to be incurred, and any sources of anticipated
29	capital; provided, that the financial plan's cost estimates may include any of the following types
30	of costs: (i) administrative costs, including any reasonable charges for the time spent by town
31	employees in connection with the implementation of a transit improvement program and for

32 committing the assessment, collections of fees and payment enforcement; (ii) capital costs, 33 including the costs of the construction of public works or improvements, new buildings, 34 structures and fixtures, the demolition, alteration, remodeling, repair or reconstruction of existing 35 buildings, structures or fixtures, the acquisition of equipment, or the grading and clearing of 36 land; (iii) discretionary costs, including any payments made by a municipal entity that, in its 37 discretion, are necessary for the creation of TID or the implementation of a transit improvement 38 program; (iv) financing costs, including all interest paid to holders of evidences of indebtedness 39 issued to pay for transit improvement program costs and any premium paid over the principal 40 amount of that indebtedness because of the redemption of the obligations before maturity; (v) 41 information costs, including any costs associated with promoting and advertising the transit 42 improvement programs, providing public safety information, disseminating transit schedules, or 43 providing other forms of information necessary to the transit operations of a TID; (vi) 44 management costs, including costs incurred by establishing and maintaining TID administrative 45 and managerial support and other services, as necessary or appropriate, to provide transit 46 improvement programs; or (vii) professional service costs, including any costs incurred for 47 consultants, planning, engineering, architectural, or legal advice, or other services related to 48 providing transit improvement programs;

49 (2) a list of the necessary capital and operational resources to be procured and public
50 facilities, if any, to be constructed;

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(3) identification of the use, if any, of private property for transit improvement programs;

(4) identification of the municipal department responsible for administering the transit
 improvement programs; provided, that for a program involving a TID consisting of more than 1

municipality, the program plan shall designate a lead municipality responsible for managing theprogram;

56 (5) a proposed management and operational plan regarding transit service delivery within 57 the TID, which may include contracting for transit service management with an existing regional 58 transit authority, a transportation management association, or a private service entity;

(6) the duration of any transit improvement programs, which shall be a minimum of 3
years and shall not exceed 6 years after the transit service start date;

61 (7) a list of the entities participating as partners in a transit improvement program;

62 (8) the means for setting policy and making decisions related to the transit improvement63 program;

64 (9) the target start date for the collection of funds and initiation of transit service within65 the TID;

66 (10) a careful consideration of how the TID can fill public transportation gaps not
 67 currently provided by publicly accessible local, regional, or state transit services;

(11) a proposal for communication and collaboration between Lexington, any other
 municipality involved in establishing the TID, any regional transit authorities and transportation
 management associations with relevant jurisdiction, the surrounding business community and
 housing providers, and the Massachusetts department of transportation.

(b) The Select Board shall hold a public meeting to consider the merits of the programplan, prior to its submittal for adoption.

(c) A separate program plan shall be adopted for each proposed TID. The program plan shall be adopted at the same time as the TID, as part of the TID adoption proceedings pursuant to subsection (d) of this section or, if at a different time, in the same manner as the adoption of the TID, with the same requirements of subsection (d). Once adopted, a program plan shall only be substantially altered or amended after meeting the same requirements for adoption.

(d) Lexington may, after the development of a program plan and a public meeting on the
merits of said plan pursuant to subsections (a) and (b), establish a TID, as defined in section 1,
within the boundaries of Lexington by:

82 (1) a majority vote of Town Meeting; provided, that Town Meeting finds that the
83 establishment of the TID is in the public interest; and

(2) a vote of the property owners subject to the fee provided for in section 5 within said
TID, where a minimum of 51 per cent of property owners shall be required to vote in the
affirmative and said voters casting ballots in the affirmative shall constitute at least 51 per cent of
the total assessed value of land of fee-paying properties in said TID; provided, that ballots for
such vote shall be sent by certified mail to each property owner in accordance with the mailing
address officially on file with the municipal assessor.

Nothing in this section shall prevent a TID from including more than one municipality;
provided, however, that each participating municipality shall be duly authorized by special
legislation to establish a TID. If any of the municipalities considering establishment of a TID fail
to meet the requirements under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the TID shall not be
established. Further, nothing in this section shall preclude Lexington from entering into an
agreement pursuant to section 4A of chapter 40 with any other municipality to provide

96 transportation-related services, whether or not such municipality is authorized to establish or
97 participate in a TID.

(e) Any vote by Town Meeting under paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this section shallinclude:

(1) a declaration that management authority over a TID rests with the Select Board or,
where more than one municipality is establishing a TID, the municipal executive body of the
lead municipality;

(2) a designation of the municipal department under whose authority funds may be
 expended under section 5; provided, that said designation shall reference the applicable program
 plan and require that all funds be spent in a manner consistent with said plan;

106 (3) a statement describing the methodology used for the calculation of any proposed107 transit improvement fees pursuant to section 5;

(4) a designation of the source of the municipal matching funds and an authorization forthe appropriation of said funds.; and

(5) a designation, if the transit improvement program is in a TID involving more than 1
municipality, of which municipality shall be the lead municipality for the purposes of managing
said transit improvement program.

113 SECTION 3. At any time after the establishment of a TID pursuant to section 2, the 114 district boundaries may be amended by an affirmative vote of Town Meeting or, if the TID 115 involves more than one municipality, an affirmative vote of the municipal legislative body of 116 each participating municipality.

117	SECTION 4. The rights and powers of a TID shall include: developing, managing, and
118	maintaining transit improvement programs; establishing and collecting fees pursuant to section
119	5; leasing, owning, acquiring, or optioning real property; undertaking collections and
120	enforcement of fines associated with the collection of fees; providing planning and design
121	services; formulating a fee structure; accumulating interest; incurring costs or indebtedness;
122	entering into contracts; suing and being sued; employing legal and accounting services;
123	undertaking planning, feasibility and market analyses; developing common marketing and
124	promotional activities; or engaging in other supplemental services or programs that would further
125	the purposes of this chapter.
126	SECTION 5. (a) A transit improvement fee may be collected and used solely to fund
127	items to further the goals identified and approved in a TID program plan and spent in accordance
128	with the provisions of this act. The transit improvement fee shall be determined by a formula
129	consisting of any combination of the following:
130	(1) different fee levels for varying classifications of real property;
131	(2) a fee based on a percentage of the assessed value provided that the fee cannot exceed
132	5 per cent of the existing annual tax assessment;
133	(3) a fee per employee;
134	(4) a fee per parking space on the site;
135	(5) a fee per single occupancy vehicle (SOV) trip generated to the site under its current or
136	anticipated use;
137	(6) a fee per residential unit within a multifamily parcel;

138 (7) a fee for service as may be designed to accommodate a specific user or entity; or

139 (8) any other formula that meets the objectives of the TID.

140 (b) A TID may, in the establishment of a fee structure, elect to exempt any or all of the 141 following property types:

142 (1) residential dwellings, whether or not they are owner occupied, provided they do not 143 exceed 3 residential units in the same structure;

144 (2) small commercial properties of up to 5,000 gross square feet per building; or

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(3) agricultural properties.

146 (c) The collector-treasurer of the Town of Lexington, is hereby authorized to collect 147 transit improvement fees and disburse the funds to the duly authorized and designated municipal 148 department identified under subsection (c) of section 2. If the TID contains more than one 149 municipality, it shall be the responsibility of the collector-treasurer in each municipality to 150 collect the fee and remit to the lead community. The collector-treasurer of each participating 151 municipality is authorized to levy fines for non-payment of fees, and if necessary, to pursue 152 appropriate legal action for said enforcement. The collector-treasurer shall disburse revenues to 153 the designated municipal department within 60 days of the collection of transit improvement 154 fees, without the need for further appropriation by Town Meeting.

155 (d) Following establishment of a TID, all fees billed by or on behalf of a TID and unpaid 156 by the obligor after 60 days from the date of billing shall become a lien in favor of Lexington on 157 the real property of the obligor in an amount sufficient to satisfy all unpaid fees, which shall have 158 priority over all other liens except municipal liens and mortgages of record prior to the recording

of a notice of lien, if notice of the lien is duly recorded by Lexington in the appropriate registryof deeds or land court registry district.

(e) Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, transit improvement fees
collected by Lexington under this act shall not be deemed to be part of Lexington's regular levy
collections and shall not be subject to the requirements of section 21C of chapter 59.

SECTION 6. (a) A property owner subject to an exemption pursuant to clause Third or clause Eleventh of section 5 of chapter 59 shall not be subject to the fee provided for in section 5; provided however, that such property owner shall have all the rights and privileges as any other property owner pursuant to this chapter if such property owner participates in the voluntary payment program set forth in subsection (b).

(b) A property owner of property located within a TID and subject to an exemption in
clause Third or clause Eleventh of section 5 of chapter 59 may enter into an agreement with the
Select Board for voluntary payments to Lexington for the purposes of this chapter or, if the TID
involves more than one municipality, the municipal executive body for the lead municipality.

The TID shall establish the amount of and terms of such payment agreement based on factors that include but are not limited to: (i) the assessed value of the real property; (ii) community benefits provided by the property owner such as the property owner's contribution to transportation goals and programs of the TID; (iii) the total assets of the property owner,

177 including but not limited to: land, buildings and equipment; and (iv) total annual revenues.

178 SECTION 7. Lexington, or, if the TID involves more than one municipality, the group of 179 municipalities participating in the establishment of a TID shall provide a minimum of 20 per cent 180 of the TID's program costs from funds not generated by the fees authorized under section 5. The

181 Massachusetts department of transportation shall provide 25 per cent in matching funds, subject 182 to appropriation. Users of the new transit improvement program shall be required to pay a fee for 183 service, which shall, in the aggregate, be no more than 5 per cent of the total program costs. 184 Property owners located within a TID shall provide a minimum of 25 per cent of the transit 185 improvement program costs.

186 SECTION 8. The Select Board or, if the TID involves more than one municipality, the 187 municipal executive body of the lead municipality, shall conduct a review of the program plan 12 188 months prior to the completion of the duration of the transit improvement programs within a TID 189 to determine if the program is desired to be continued, and if so, complete a program assessment 190 that includes a review of the anticipated costs to continue said service. If continuance is sought, a 191 public hearing shall be conducted on the TID's desire to continue service and a renewal of the 192 authorization shall be approved by Town Meeting in a manner consistent with the authorization 193 set forth in section 2.

194 SECTION 9. A TID may be dissolved by petition to the Select Board and a subsequent 195 decision by Town Meeting to authorize dissolution, or a TID may be dissolved upon request by 196 the Town Manager for a dissolution vote by Town Meeting. If the TID involves more than one 197 municipality, said petition or request must be made in the lead municipality.

In order to be considered by Town Meeting, a petition to dissolve a TID shall contain the signatures of the fee-paying property owners whose properties represent at least 51 per cent of the total assessed value within the TID and at least 51 per cent of the fee-paying property owners within the TID. 202 The Select Board shall hold a public hearing within 30 days of receipt of a completed203 dissolution petition.

Following the public hearing, the Select Board shall then refer the matter to Town Meeting which by vote of a majority may then determine the TID dissolved; provided, however, that no TID shall be dissolved until it has satisfied or paid in full all of its outstanding indebtedness, obligations, and liabilities, or until funds are on deposit and available therefor, or until a repayment schedule has been formulated and municipally approved therefor. The TID shall be prohibited from incurring any new or increased financial obligations after its dissolution.

Upon the dissolution of a TID, any remaining revenues derived from the sale of assets acquired with fees collected shall be refunded to the property owners in the TID in which fees were charged by applying the same formula used to calculate the fee in the fiscal year in which the TID is dissolved.

In the event Lexington desires to withdraw from a TID involving more than one municipality, it may, by petition containing the signatures of the fee-paying owners whose properties represent at least 51 per cent of the assessed value within the TID and at least 51 per cent of the fee-paying property owners within the district, seek a dissolution vote from Town Meeting. If Lexington is not the lead municipality, upon such approval from Town Meeting, Lexington shall then also receive an affirmative vote of the lead municipality's legislative body, in order to effectuate the withdrawal.