# **HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 4265**

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### PRESENTED BY:

#### Michelle M. DuBois and Carmine L. Gentile

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to protect victims of rape and children conceived during the commission of said offense.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth
Carmine L. Gentile	13th Middlesex
Brian M. Ashe	2nd Hampden
Christine P. Barber	34th Middlesex
Donald R. Berthiaume, Jr.	5th Worcester
Nicholas A. Boldyga	3rd Hampden
Harriette L. Chandler	First Worcester
Edward F. Coppinger	10th Suffolk
Josh S. Cutler	6th Plymouth
David F. DeCoste	5th Plymouth
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk
Diana DiZoglio	14th Essex
James J. Dwyer	30th Middlesex
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester
Carole A. Fiola	6th Bristol
Colleen M. Garry	36th Middlesex
Randy Hunt	5th Barnstable
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex

Barbara L'Italien	Second Essex and Middlesex
Joan B. Lovely	Second Essex
Michael O. Moore	Second Worcester
Mathew Muratore	1st Plymouth
Keiko M. Orrall	12th Bristol
Elizabeth A. Poirier	14th Bristol
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Tom Sannicandro	7th Middlesex
Jose F. Tosado	9th Hampden
Steven Ultrino	33rd Middlesex
Chris Walsh	6th Middlesex

# **HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 4265**

By Representatives DuBois of Brockton and Gentile of Sudbury, a petition (subject to Joint Rule 12) of Michelle M. DuBois, Carmine L. Gentile and others for legislation to protect victims of rape and children conceived during the commission of said offense. The Judiciary.

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court (2015-2016)

An Act to protect victims of rape and children conceived during the commission of said offense.

Whereas, The deferred operation of this act would tend to defeat its purpose, which is to protect rape victims and their children and to ensure that convicted rapists cannot use the court system to further assault said rape victim, therefore, it is hereby declared to be an emergency law, necessary for the immediate preservation of the public safety.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Subsection (a) of section 3 of chapter 209C of the General Laws, as
- 2 appearing in the 2014 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the last sentence.
- 3 SECTION 2. The first paragraph of subsection (e) of section 10 of said chapter 209C, as
- 4 so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out the last sentence.
- 5 SECTION 3. Said chapter 209C is hereby amended by inserting after section 10 the
- 6 following section:-
- 7 Section 10A. (a) (1) Upon or after the adjudication of an assault or rape under section
- 8 13B to 13B 3/4, inclusive, 13F, 13H, or 22 to 23B, inclusive, of chapter 265, or section 2, 3, 4 or
- 9 17 of chapter 272, the court that maintained jurisdiction for the adjudication where a defendant

was convicted of, was granted a continuance without a finding for or otherwise pleaded guilty to said offense shall hold a hearing to determine if a child was conceived during the commission of said offense.

In these matters when the court finds upon a showing by a preponderance of evidence
that pregnancy was caused by unwanted sexual conduct, no parental rights can be presumed,
adjudicated or established, nor can the probate and family court assert jurisdiction to determine
the rights or interests of any person with regard to said pregnancy or child born from said
pregnancy.

18 (2) If the court finds upon a showing by a preponderance of evidence that a child was conceived during the commission of said offense and the defendant is the biological source of 19 20 the child's conception: (1) a rebuttable presumption shall be established that the defendant is unfit and it is not in the best interests of the child to be placed in sole custody, shared legal 21 custody, or shared physical custody with the defendant; provided that, this presumption may be overcome with regard to shared legal custody or shared physical custody but not sole custody by 24 clear and convincing evidence substantiated by the Judge's written finding of facts that the defendant is a fit parent and as such shared legal custody or shared physical custody is by the 25 Judge's written finding of facts in the best interests of the child and the other parent of the child conceived during the commission of that offense consents to such shared legal custody or shared 27 28 physical custody; (2) the court may make a new custody order as to the legal and physical custodial rights of the defendant; and (3) the court may modify any previous award granted to the 29 defendant for sole custody, shared legal custody or shared physical custody of the child. 30

- 31 (b) Notwithstanding section 10, no court shall make an order providing visitation rights to a person who is the biological source of a child's conception if that person was convicted of, 32 was granted a continuance without a finding for or otherwise pleaded guilty to an assault or rape 33 under section 13B to 13B 3/4, inclusive, 13F, 13H, or 22 to 23B, inclusive, of chapter 265, or 34 35 section 2, 3, 4 or 17 of chapter 272 and is seeking to obtain visitation with the child who was 36 conceived during the commission of that offense, unless the judge makes an independent determination substantiated by the Judge's written finding of facts that visitation is in the best 37 interests of the child and the other parent of the child conceived during the commission of that 38 39 offense consents to such visitation.
- 40 (c) Notwithstanding section 3 of chapter 215, the court that maintained jurisdiction for the proceeding in which the defendant was convicted of, was granted a continuance without a 41 42 finding for or otherwise pleaded guilty to section 13B to 13B 3/4, inclusive, 13F, 13H, or 22 to 23B, inclusive, of chapter 265, or section 2, 3, 4 or 17 of chapter 272 shall possess exclusive 43 jurisdiction over: (i) a proceeding pursuant to this section or any modification of an order made 44 hereunder; (ii) any action or order related to the defendant's physical and legal custodial of the 45 child conceived during the commission of the offense, regardless of when any such action or 46 order was filed or adjudicated; and (iii) an action to require the convicted defendant to pay 47 48 monetary restitution for the consequences of conception during unwanted sexual conduct (pursuant to MGL Ch 119A) and any modification of an order or judgment resulting from such 49 support action. 50