

HOUSE No. 4585

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, March 14, 2022.

The committee on Consumer Protection and Professional Licensure to whom was referred the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 444) of James M. Murphy relative to wildlife rehabilitators, reports recommending that the accompanying bill (House, No. 4585) ought to pass.

For the committee,

TACKEY CHAN.

HOUSE No. 4585

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**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court
(2021-2022)**

An Act relative to wildlife rehabilitators and veterinarian collaboration.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 26 of chapter 13 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018
2 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out, in line 3, the word “four” and inserting in
3 place thereof the following word:- five

4 SECTION 2. Said section 26 of said chapter 13, as so appearing, is hereby further
5 amended by inserting after the word “appointment.” in line 11, the following sentence:- One
6 veterinarian of said board shall have expertise in wildlife rehabilitation.

7 SECTION 3. Section 55 of chapter 112 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby
8 amended by striking out the second paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following
9 paragraph:-

10 Every registered veterinarian shall biannually, before January first, pay to the board a
11 license fee to be determined annually by the commissioner of administration under the provision
12 of section three B of chapter seven, in default of which the board may revoke the veterinarian’s
13 license and authority to practice veterinary medicine thereunder, after a hearing as provided by

14 section eleven; but the payment of said fee at or before the time of hearing, with an additional
15 sum to be determined under the aforementioned chapter seven provision, shall remove the
16 default. A veterinarian seeking license renewal shall present evidence satisfactory to the board of
17 the successful completion of such continuing education as the board shall require by regulation.
18 A veterinarian duly registered and licensed to practice in this commonwealth, whose license has
19 not been revoked, but who shall have temporarily retired from practice or removed from the
20 commonwealth for a period not exceeding five years, and shall have notified the board of such
21 retirement or removal, may register upon paying the lapsed annual license fee and filing with the
22 board an affidavit as to the facts aforesaid. Applications for renewals of licenses hereunder shall
23 be upon forms prescribed by the board, and shall, no less than thirty days prior to January first
24 every other year, be transmitted to each veterinarian registered with the board.

25 SECTION 4. Said Chapter 112 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby amended
26 by inserting after section 58B the following new section:-

27 Section 58C. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following words shall have the
28 following meaning unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

29 “Collaborative Management Agreement,” a signed written agreement between a
30 veterinarian and not more than 4 wildlife rehabilitators outlining the specific procedures,
31 services, responsibilities, and limitations of the wildlife rehabilitator, and governing situations in
32 which the wildlife rehabilitator encounters an animals who requires treatment that exceeds the
33 authorized scope of practice of the wildlife rehabilitator.

34 “Supervising Veterinarian,” a licensed veterinarian or group of licensed veterinarians
35 acting collectively, who enter into a collaborative management agreement with a wildlife
36 rehabilitator.

37 “Wildlife rehabilitator,” an individual or organization licensed by department of fisheries
38 and wildlife who volunteers to care for sick or injured wildlife, and who passed the
39 Massachusetts Wildlife Rehabilitation Permit exam with a score of at least 80 per cent under 321
40 CMR 2.13.

41 (b) A wildlife rehabilitator, unless they are a licensed veterinarian, who administers
42 medication shall enter into a collaborative management agreement with a supervising
43 veterinarian. Collaborative management agreements must be signed and maintained by the
44 supervising veterinarian and the wildlife rehabilitator and shall be then submitted to be approved,
45 modified, or rejected by the board. The board shall establish appropriate guidelines for the
46 collaborative management agreement. Said agreement may be updated from time to time, and
47 resubmitted to the board for approval.

48 The collaborative management agreement shall include, but not limited to the following
49 areas: (i) specific practice settings of the wildlife rehabilitator and supervising veterinarian; (ii)
50 limitation of services the wildlife rehabilitator can provide which shall be established by the
51 supervising veterinarian; (iii) the level of supervision required for various services or treatment
52 settings; (iv) wildlife populations that may be served; (v) wildlife rehabilitator practice protocols;
53 (vi) record keeping of wildlife populations served and treatments performed thereon; (vii)
54 managing medical emergencies; (viii) list of medications that will be administered and
55 dispensed; (ix) level of supervision for wildlife rehabilitators; and (x) alternate arrangements

56 available to the wildlife rehabilitator with another veterinarian for timely consultation during
57 treatment if needed or to provide any necessary advanced services needed on the animal.

58 A wildlife rehabilitator may provide the services authorized in practice settings where the
59 supervising veterinarian is not on-site and has not previously examined the patient, to the extent
60 authorized by the supervising veterinarian in the collaborative management agreement and
61 provided that the supervising veterinarian is available for consultation and supervision by
62 telephone or other means of electronic communication.

63 SECTION 5. Chapter 131 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
64 inserting after section 1H the following new section:-

65 Section 1H ½. (a) In this section, the following words shall, unless the context clearly
66 requires otherwise, have the following meanings:

67 “Adopting agencies”, agencies, boards or commissions in the Commonwealth authorized
68 by the general court to promulgate regulations that apply to wildlife management or the practice
69 of wildlife rehabilitation.

70 “Wildlife”, undomesticated birds, mammals, reptiles and amphibians that are wild by
71 nature.

72 (b) There shall be within the department of fisheries and wildlife a Wildlife Coordinating
73 Council, hereinafter referred to as the WCC. The WCC shall meet as needed, however not less
74 than biannually.

75 The WCC shall consist of the following members: Director of the Natural Heritage and
76 Endangered Species Program or their designee, Commissioner of Massachusetts Division of

77 Fisheries and Wildlife or their designee, Commissioner of Division of Professional Licensure or
78 their designee, and Chair of Massachusetts Board of Registration in Veterinarian Medicine or
79 their designee.

80 The WCC shall elect one of its members to serve as chair and one to serve as vice-chair,
81 provided, however, that no member may serve as chair for more than two consecutive terms, the
82 length of which shall be established at the first meeting of the WCC. The vice chair shall assist
83 the chair and serve as chair in the chair's absence. The chair shall be responsible for directing the
84 tasks to be undertaken by the WCC. The WCC may identify and address such additional tasks
85 and advisory subcommittees that may be necessary for the WCC to meet its objectives.

86 (c) The WCC shall review, compare and coordinate all existing regulations applying to
87 wildlife management or the practice of wildlife rehabilitation and proposed regulations in order
88 to identify any concerns and develop a strategy to address any issues concerning wildlife and
89 wildlife rehabilitation.

90 The WCC shall have the authority to reject, by majority vote, proposed regulations that
91 are inconsistent, redundant, conflicting or overlapping with any other existing or proposed
92 regulation concerning wildlife management and practice of wildlife rehabilitation. When a
93 proposed regulation is rejected, the WCC shall inform the adopting agency that proposed the
94 regulation of the specific reasons for the rejection and allow the adopting agency to revise and
95 resubmit the proposed regulation. An adopting agency may not submit a proposed regulation to
96 the secretary of state under chapter 30A without a written statement of approval from the WCC.

97 Consistent with the duties set forth in this section, the WCC shall establish procedures for
98 the following:

99 (1) the submission and consideration of public comment in the review process of
100 proposed regulations; and

101 (2) the process for submission and approval of proposed regulations.

102 SECTION 6. Section 3 of this Act shall become effective December 1, 2023.