

**SENATE . . . . . No. 00150**

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

*Stephen M. Brewer*

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to an independent analysis of expanded gaming in the Commonwealth.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
<i>Stephen M. Brewer</i>	<i>Worcester, Hampden, Hampshire, Franklin</i>
<i>Barry R. Finegold</i>	<i>Second Essex and Middlesex</i>
<i>Thomas P. Conroy</i>	<i>13th Middlesex</i>
<i>Patricia D. Jehlen</i>	<i>Second Middlesex</i>
<i>Ellen Story</i>	<i>3rd Hampshire</i>
<i>William N. Brownsberger</i>	<i>24th Middlesex</i>
<i>James Lyons, Jr.</i>	<i>18th Essex</i>
<i>Frank I. Smizik</i>	<i>15th Norfolk</i>
<i>Michael R. Knapik</i>	<i>Second Hampden and Hampshire</i>
<i>Carolyn C. Dykema</i>	<i>8th Middlesex</i>
<i>Ruth B. Balsler</i>	<i>12th Middlesex</i>
<i>Susan C. Fargo</i>	<i>Third Middlesex</i>
<i>Elizabeth A. Malia</i>	<i>11th Suffolk</i>
<i>Ryan Fattman</i>	<i>18th Worcester</i>
<i>Richard T. Moore</i>	<i>Worcester and Norfolk</i>
<i>Cynthia S. Creem</i>	<i>First Middlesex and Norfolk</i>
<i>George N. Peterson, Jr.</i>	<i>9th Worcester</i>

<i>Jonathan Hecht</i>	<i>29th Middlesex</i>
<i>Angelo M. Scaccia</i>	<i>14th Suffolk</i>
<i>James B. Eldridge</i>	<i>Middlesex and Worcester</i>
<i>Benjamin B. Downing</i>	<i>Berkshire, Hampshire, and Franklin</i>
<i>Todd M. Smola</i>	<i>1st Hampden</i>
<i>Brian Ashe</i>	<i>2nd Hampden</i>
<i>Denise Provost</i>	<i>27th Middlesex</i>
<i>Carl M. Sciortino, Jr.</i>	<i>34th Middlesex</i>
<i>Kathleen Norbut</i>	<i>95 Mayhill Road</i> <i>□ Monson, MA 01057</i>

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By Mr. Brewer, petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 150) of Stephen M. Brewer, Barry R. Finegold, Thomas P. Conroy, Patricia D. Jehlen and other members of the General Court for legislation relative to an independent analysis of expanding gaming in the Commonwealth [Joint Committee on Economic Development and Emerging Technologies].

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The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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**In the Year Two Thousand Eleven**  
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An Act relative to an independent analysis of expanded gaming in the Commonwealth.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1           SECTION 1. His Excellency the Governor is hereby directed to commission a  
2 comprehensive, independent analysis of the costs and benefits of (a) legalizing Class 3 gambling  
3 in the Commonwealth, generally, and (b) siting new Class 3 gambling facilities within the  
4 Commonwealth or on tribal land within the Commonwealth, should federal law allow; provided  
5 that:

- 6           (1) the organization conducting the analysis shall be drawn from a list of qualified
- 7 research institutions which are acceptable: (a) to the lead House and Senate sponsors of this Bill,
- 8 (b) to the proponents of expanded gambling, as represented by the sponsors of pending
- 9 legislation authorizing the legalization of Class 3 gambling; and (c) to the Governor;

10 (2) said analysis shall describe the costs and benefits: (a) to the Commonwealth as a  
11 whole, (b) to the host communities where any Class 3 gambling facility would be sited, and (c)  
12 to the communities within a 25 mile radius or direct impact of any such Class 3 gambling  
13 facility;

14 (3) said analysis shall explicitly and distinctly discuss the costs and benefits anticipated:  
15 (a) over the short term (0-2 years from the passage of legislation legalizing Class 3 gambling and  
16 licensing one or more facilities where Class 3 gambling would occur), (b) over the medium term  
17 (2 to 5 years from the passage of such legislation), and (c) over the long term (over 5 years from  
18 the passage of such legislation), taking into consideration the impacts of: (i) the likely  
19 subsequent siting of competing Class 3 gambling facilities near the Massachusetts border in  
20 surrounding states, (ii) the likely subsequent siting of competing Class 3 gambling facilities on  
21 tribal land within Massachusetts, and/or (iii) the federal legalization of Internet gambling;

22 (4) said analysis shall describe: (a) the anticipated increases in employment associated  
23 with the development and operation of Class 3 gambling facilities, and the development and  
24 operation/expansion of so-called "ripple-effect" businesses, in terms of the types and numbers of  
25 jobs that will be created, the salaries and benefits paid, and the anticipated duration of such jobs,  
26 as well as (b) the anticipated adverse impacts on jobs whose existence pre-dates the introduction  
27 of Class 3 gambling, including jobs associated with businesses that compete for the  
28 entertainment spending of Massachusetts residents and so-called "ripple effect" businesses, in  
29 terms of the types and numbers of jobs that will be lost or that will experience reduced hours,  
30 and the lost or diminished salaries and benefits;

31 (5) said analysis shall describe: (a) the anticipated increase in revenues to the  
32 Commonwealth, including the sources and anticipated magnitudes of such revenues, and the  
33 anticipated duration of such revenues at the stated magnitudes, using the fee and tax structures  
34 proposed in authorizing legislation enacted by the General Court in July 2010 and subsequently  
35 returned by the Governor with proposed changes, and (b) the anticipated loss or diminution of  
36 revenues to the Commonwealth, from businesses and employees that are adversely affected by  
37 the introduction of Class 3 gambling facilities, and from reduced Lottery sales;

38 (6) said analysis shall describe the anticipated increase in costs to the Commonwealth  
39 and/or host communities: (a) of creating and maintaining the necessary regulatory/enforcement  
40 infrastructure for overseeing the lawful operation of Class 3 gambling facilities; (b) of  
41 investigating, prosecuting, and adjudicating criminal activities associated with the operation or  
42 use of such Class 3 gambling; (c) of incarcerating and rehabilitating persons found guilty of  
43 criminal activities associated with the operation or use of such Class 3 gambling facilities; (d) the  
44 costs of creating and maintaining the physical infrastructure (e.g., roads, utilities, water, sewage,  
45 etc.) needed to accommodate such Class 3 gambling facilities; (e) of the impact on employers,  
46 families, and persons/organizations doing business with individuals who gamble away the money  
47 they would otherwise use to meet necessary expenses and satisfy ordinary financial obligations;  
48 (f) of any increased bankruptcies attributable to the siting of Class 3 gambling facilities; (g) of  
49 the public health, public safety, and corrections-related costs associated with increases in  
50 compulsive gambling and the increased use of alcohol or drugs, including prescription drugs, by  
51 customers of such Class 3 gambling facilities; (h) of the publicly and privately insured health  
52 care costs associated with increases in compulsive gambling, increased use of alcohol or drugs,  
53 including prescription drugs, and/or with increased incidence or severity of depression, anxiety,

54 suicidality, and/or other mental health problems experienced by customers of such Class 3  
55 gambling facilities; and (i) of the costs associated with any increases in domestic violence or  
56 family dysfunction, associated with use of such Class 3 gambling facilities.

57           SECTION 2. The General Court shall not enact, nor shall the Governor sign, any  
58 legislation authorizing Class 3 gambling and/or licensing the use of slot machines or other  
59 instruments associated with Class 3 gambling, at casinos or other such facilities, until the  
60 comprehensive, independent cost benefit analysis described herein shall have been completed  
61 and delivered to and accepted by the Governor, the Senate President, and the Speaker of the  
62 House, and made public on the websites of the Governor and the General Court; provided,  
63 however, that in the event that the Governor, the Senate President, and the Speaker of the House  
64 do not affirm in writing their belief that said analysis clearly demonstrates, in both the short-term  
65 and medium-term, that the benefits with respect to jobs and revenues outweigh the costs to the  
66 Commonwealth, to the host communities of any Class 3 gambling facility, and to the  
67 communities within a 25-mile radius or direct impact of any such facility, then enactment of any  
68 legislation legalizing Class 3 gambling or licensing facilities at which Class 3 gambling activities  
69 are authorized to occur shall require a 2/3 majority in both the House and Senate.