

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Eric P. Lesser

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act ensuring language readiness in deaf and hard-of-hearing children entering kindergarten.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Eric P. Lesser	First Hampden and Hampshire	
Michael J. Rodrigues	First Bristol and Plymouth	
William N. Brownsberger	Second Suffolk and Middlesex	1/23/2019
Patrick M. O'Connor	Plymouth and Norfolk	1/29/2019
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	1/29/2019
Anne M. Gobi	Worcester, Hampden, Hampshire and Middlesex	2/1/2019
Joanne M. Comerford	Hampshire, Franklin and Worcester	2/1/2019
Donald F. Humason, Jr.	Second Hampden and Hampshire	2/1/2019
Bruce E. Tarr	First Essex and Middlesex	1/30/2019
José F. Tosado	9th Hampden	1/30/2019
John Barrett, III	1st Berkshire	2/1/2019
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex	2/1/2019
Angelo M. Scaccia	14th Suffolk	2/7/2019
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk	2/27/2019

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1805 FILED ON: 1/18/2019 SENATE No. 305

By Mr. Lesser, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 305) of Eric P. Lesser, Michael J. Rodrigues, William N. Brownsberger, Patrick M. O'Connor and other members of the General Court for legislation to ensure language readiness in deaf and hard-of-hearing children entering kindergarten. Education.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act ensuring language readiness in deaf and hard-of-hearing children entering kindergarten.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 69 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 official edition, is
- 2 hereby amended by inserting after section 36 the following section:-
- 3 Section 37. (a)(1) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following
- 4 meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 5 "English", includes spoken English, written English, or English with or without the use of

6 visual supplements as specified in subsection (a)(4).

- 7 "Language", includes American Sign Language and English.
- 8 "Language developmental milestones", means milestones of development aligned with
- 9 the existing state instrument used to meet the requirements of federal law for the assessment of
- 10 children from birth to 5 years of age, inclusive.

(2) For the purposes of developing and using language as defined in subsection (b)(2), for
a child who is deaf or hard-of-hearing the following modes of communication may be used as a
means for acquiring language: ASL services; spoken language services; dual language services;
cued speech; and tactile; or a combination thereof.

15 (b) The department of elementary and secondary education, in conjunction with the 16 department of public health as appropriate, shall jointly select language developmental 17 milestones from existing standardized norms, pursuant to the process specified in subsection (f) 18 of this section, for purposes of developing a resource for use by parents to monitor and track deaf 19 and hard-of-hearing children's expressive and receptive language acquisition and developmental 20 stages toward English literacy. This parent resource shall: (1) include the language 21 developmental milestones selected pursuant to the process specified in subsection (f) of this 22 section; (2) be appropriate for use, in both content and administration, with deaf and hard-of-23 hearing children from birth to 5 years of age, inclusive, who use American Sign Language 24 (ASL), English, or both languages; (3) present the developmental milestones in terms of typical 25 development of all children, by age range; (4) be written for clarity and ease of use by parents; 26 (5) be aligned to the departments' existing infant, toddler, and preschool guidelines, the existing 27 instrument used to assess the development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law, 28 and state standards in English language arts; (6) make clear that parent(s) have the right to select 29 which language, (ASL, English or both) for their child's language(s) acquisition and 30 developmental milestones; (7) make clear that the parent resource is not a formal assessment of 31 language and literacy development, and that a parent's observations of their children may differ 32 from formal assessment data presented at an individualized family service plan (IFSP) or 33 individualized education program (IEP) meeting; (8) make clear that a parent may bring the

parent resource to an IFSP or IEP meeting for purposes of sharing their observations about their
 child's development; and (9) include fair, balanced and comprehensive information about
 language(s) and communication modes as well as available services and programs.

37 (c) The department of elementary and secondary education, in conjunction with the 38 department of public health as appropriate, shall also select existing tools or assessments for 39 educators that can be used to assess the language and literacy development of deaf and hard-of-40 hearing children. These educator tools or assessments: (1) Shall be in a format that shows stages 41 of language development in ASL and/or English; (2) Shall be selected for use by educators to 42 track the development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children's expressive and receptive language 43 acquisition in ASL and/or English and developmental stages toward English literacy; (3) Shall be 44 selected from existing instruments or assessments used to assess the development of all children 45 from birth to 5 years of age, inclusive; (4) Shall be appropriate, in both content and 46 administration, for use with deaf and hard-of-hearing children; (5) May be used, in addition to 47 the assessment required by federal law, by the child's IFSP or IEP team, as applicable, to track 48 deaf and hard-of-hearing children's progress, and to establish or modify IFSP or IEP plans; and 49 (6) Shall reflect the recommendations of the task force on kindergarten readiness established 50 pursuant to subsection (f).

(d) The department of elementary and secondary education, in conjunction with the department of public health as appropriate, shall disseminate the parent resource developed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section to parents and guardians of deaf and hard-of-hearing children, and, pursuant to federal law, shall disseminate the educator tools and assessments selected pursuant to subsection (c) of this section to local educational agencies for use in the development and modification of IFSP and IEP plans, and shall provide materials and training on

4 of 6

its use, to assist deaf and hard-of-hearing children in becoming linguistically ready forkindergarten using both or one of the languages of ASL and English.

59 (e) If a deaf or hard-of-hearing child does not demonstrate progress in expressive and receptive language skills, as measured by one of the educator tools or assessments selected 60 61 pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, or by the existing instrument used to assess the 62 development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law, the child's IFSP or IEP team, 63 as applicable, shall, as part of the process required by federal law, explain in detail the reasons 64 why the child is not meeting the language developmental milestones or progressing towards 65 them, and shall recommend specific strategies, services, and programs that shall be provided to 66 assist the child's success toward English literacy.

67 (f)(1) On or before March 1, 2020, the department of elementary and secondary 68 education, in conjunction with the department of public health as appropriate, shall provide the 69 task force on kindergarten readiness, established pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, with a 70 list of existing language developmental milestones from existing standardized norms, along with 71 any relevant information held by the departments regarding those language developmental 72 milestones for possible inclusion in the parent resource developed pursuant to subsection (b) of 73 this section. These language developmental milestones shall be aligned to the department's 74 existing infant, toddler, and preschool guidelines, the existing instrument used to assess the 75 development of children with disabilities pursuant to federal law, and the state standards in 76 English language arts.

(2) On or before June 1, 2020, the task force on kindergarten readiness shall recommend
 language developmental milestones for selection pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

5 of 6

- 79 (3) On or before June 30, 2020, the departments shall inform the task force on
- 80 kindergarten readiness of which language developmental milestones were selected.