SENATE No. 311

The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

PRESENTED BY: *Julian Cyr*

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act implementing an elementary and secondary interdisciplinary climate education curriculum in the Commonwealth.

PETITION OF:

NAME:DISTRICT/ADDRESS:Julian CyrCape and Islands

SENATE No. 311

By Mr. Cyr, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 311) of Julian Cyr for legislation to implement an elementary and secondary interdisciplinary climate education curriculum in the Commonwealth. Education.

The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act implementing an elementary and secondary interdisciplinary climate education curriculum in the Commonwealth.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 Chapter 69 of the General Laws is hereby further amended by inserting after section 1Q
- 2 the following new section:-
- 3 Section 1R.
- 4 (a) The board shall direct the commissioner to institute a process for setting curriculum
- 5 standards for the subjects of history and social sciences to include relevant and interdisciplinary
- 6 climate change standards that will provide students with a deeper understanding of climate
- 7 policy, climate justice, and climate activism.
- 8 In forming a curriculum the commissioner may reference relevant elementary and
- 9 secondary education history and social sciences standards for climate change in other states and
- 10 from relevant reputable entities.

The commissioner shall ensure that issues involving those disproportionately affected by climate change are addressed in the curriculum, including but not limited to:

- (1) How conditions and effects in the Northern Hemisphere differ from the conditions and effects in the Southern Hemisphere.
- (2) Environmental justice communities in the Commonwealth, defined as "regions that have the most significant exposure to air pollutants, including, but not limited to, communities with minority populations, communities with low-income populations, or both".
- (3) How historical movement building connects with current and local movements, and how both strived to create social change.
- (4) How environmental issues, including climate change, cause severe health issues: asthma, cancer, lead poisoning, inaccessibility of housing, food and water.
- (5) How to engage your community, civic leaders, and government officials in confronting climate change.
- (b) The board shall direct the commissioner to institute a process for setting curriculum standards for the subjects of science and technology to include relevant and interdisciplinary climate change standards that will provide students with a deeper understanding of anthropogenic climate change, equitable climate solutions, climate policy and climate activism.
- In forming a curriculum the commissioner may reference relevant elementary and secondary education science and technology standards for climate change in other states and from relevant reputable entities.

- The commissioner shall ensure that issues involving those disproportionately affected by climate change are addressed in the curriculum, including but not limited to:
 - (1) The human impact on the carbon cycle, emphasizing long residence time of carbon dioxide in atmosphere and ocean surface waters.
 - (2) Global warming's impact on the water cycle, including the loss of both sea and land based ice, specifically in regard to the Arctic region, Greenland, and Antarctica, increase in evaporation due to higher temperatures in lower latitudes, higher likelihood of severe storms/torrential rain and the release of greenhouse gasses from melting permafrost, lower albedo relating to less ice/snow coverage, increased water vapor in atmosphere with higher temperatures, and the release of carbon dioxide from soils and plant biomass from large scale fires.
 - (3) Loss of forests on global scale from fire and land alteration for agriculture, further limiting uptake and storage in soils and plant biomass.
 - (4) How environmental problems including, climate change, natural disasters, energy facilities and pollutants impact human health, economics, and agricultural systems.
 - (c). The commissioner shall:

(1) Ensure that bilingual and english as a second language students are given the same curricula and learning opportunities by providing them with multilingual resources regarding environmental activism, climate policy and climate justice in the formation of this curriculum.

(2) Consult environmental and climate justice organizations and professionals throughout the commonwealth while creating these standards. These organizations must include, but are not limited to: youth-led advocacy organizations and conservation focused non-profit organizations.

- (3) Engage a diverse council of youth leaders between the ages of 14 to 18, 18 to 22, and 22 to 25 who reside within the commonwealth from a range of geographic areas, including environmental justice communities from the commonwealth, to provide feedback on draft standards and supplements for the different subjects before the board may vote to approve them. These students will work in conjunction with a variety of professionals in the climate education field. This council, both student and professional, will remain standing, with membership reevaluated every year, to continue to assess the application of these standards and supplements.
- (4) Provide professional development opportunities for educators on the history and social science and science and technology frameworks and work to create tools aligned with the framework to support districts in the implementation process. Additional support and outreach from the department may include statewide and regional trainings, meetings or conferences, including opportunities for districts and stakeholders to assess and share evidence-based best practices in support of climate change education and provide feedback and recommendations to the department.
- (5) Make recommendations on the appropriate grade levels for the interdisciplinary climate standards to be offered in, subject to approval by the board. The commissioner shall make every effort to solicit feedback from superintendents, teachers and students in the formation of these recommendations.

- (6) A final curriculum approved by the board must include provisions to create
 assignments for students to directly contact their elected officials in support of an issue, such as
 environmental justice.
- 74 (d). This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2022. All requirements within the
 75 legislation shall be satisfied and implemented by school districts under the department's purview
 76 on or before August 1, 2024.