

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Katherine M. Clark, (BY REQUEST)

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to reforming the department of children and families.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Caroline Mallary	625 Main St Apt 9
	\Box Reading, MA 01867

By Ms. Clark (by request), a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 46) of Caroline Mallary for legislation to reform the department of children and families. Children, Families and Persons with Disabilities.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act relative to reforming the department of children and families.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 6A of the General Laws, as most recently amended by chapter 240
 of the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by inserting at the end the definition of "community based services" the following phrase:-

4 "Community-based services" shall not include inpatient treatment centers or residential
5 programs which meet the definition of a secure program as defined in section 21 of chapter 119
6 of the General Laws."

SECTION 2. Section 21 of chapter 119 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby
amended by striking out the word "18" in the definition of "child requiring assistance" and
inserting in place thereof the following word:- "17"

10 SECTION 3. Section 21 of chapter 119 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby 11 amended by inserting at the end of (iv) the following subclause:-

(v) who is not currently the victim of abuse, neglect, severe harassment, or unmetmedical or educational needs.

14 SECTION 4. Section 21 of said chapter 119, as most recently amended by chapter 240 of 15 the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by adding to the definition of "Habitually Truant" the 16 following text:-

17 "whose educational needs are being met at his school, who is not believed to be severely
18 harassed or bullied at his school, and who has been unable or unwilling to meet the requirements
19 for early graduation."

20 SECTION 5. Section 39E of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 21 striking the subclauses (ii) and (iii) of clause (1) of subsection (a) and inserting in place thereof 22 the following subclauses:-

(ii) that the child is under the age of 18; and (iii) that the child is not currently the victim
of abuse, neglect, severe harassment, or unmet medical or educational needs; and (iv) that the
child and such child's family require assistance

26 SECTION 6. Section 39E of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 27 inserting at the end of clause (3) of subsection (a) the following subclauses:-

(iii) if the child has complained of bullying or harassment at school any time within the
last year, the request for assistance shall include a statement of the specific steps taken by the
school to mitigate bullying or harassment; and

31 (iv) if the child has any special educational needs, including the need for education which 32 is significantly above or below the child's current grade level, or if the child is not fluent in English, the request for assistance shall include a statement of the specific steps the school has 33 34 taken to ensure the child is offered education which is appropriate to the child's abilities. The 35 statement must note whether the child or child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian has 36 requested special education within the last two years and been denied. If the school is unable to 37 provide education at a level appropriate to the child's abilities, the request for assistance must 38 note whether the school recommended any alternative schools which are able to provide 39 appropriate education. For the purpose of this section, extracurricular or after-school programs shall not be considered alternative schools, and shall not fulfill the obligation of the school to 40 41 provide appropriate education to every child.

42 (v) The request for assistance must state that the school has seen no evidence that the child is being abused, neglected, or severely harassed inside or outside of school. If possible, the 43 44 school must interview the child about any possible abuse, neglect, or harassment no more than three weeks prior to filing a request for assistance, and must include notes from such an 45 46 interview in the request for assistance. If it is not possible to interview the child, the request for assistance must include the reason an interview was not possible. Any such interview must 47 48 guestion the child about lack of adequate food, clothing, shelter, sleep or medical care, must ask 49 the child about his reasons for truancy or poor conduct, and must ask the child to propose a 50 solution to any truancy or conduct issues. No such interview shall assume that an overweight 51 child has adequate food, or that a child is willfully refusing to sleep or wear adequate clothing. 52 A child who gives inadequate reasons for his truancy or poor conduct shall not be assumed to 53 have no reason for truancy or poor conduct, if there is evidence that the child is being abused, 54 neglected, or severely harassed. The child must be informed of the purpose of the interview and of any recording devices present, and may request that any recording devices be turned off. The 55 56 school must make a good faith effort to conduct the interview in a manner unlikely to cause

57 unnecessary stress, evasion, or untruthful answers. If the interviewer believes a child's answer is

untruthful, misleading, or incomplete, the interviewer must make a detailed note of why theanswer appears untruthful, misleading, or incomplete.

60 SECTION 7. Section 39E of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 61 striking clause (3) of subsection (a) and inserting in place thereof the following:-

62 "refer the child to an appropriate public or private organization or person for psychiatric,
63 psychological, educational, occupational, medical, dental or social services, provided that such
64 an organization does not qualify as a secure program;"

65 SECTION 8. Section 39E of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 66 inserting at the end of clause (4) of subsection (a) the following subclause:-

67 (iv) Additionally, the request for assistance must include a signed statement that the 68 parent, legal guardian, or custodian believes that:

i) the child is consistently provided with adequate food, shelter, clothing, rest, andmedical care; and

ii) the child has no medical conditions which may be interfering with the function of thefamily unit; and

iii) the child's current school provides adequate and appropriate education and the childis able to travel to and from school safely; and

iv) the child is not being severely harassed or abused by anyone inside or outside thehome; and

v) the child has not been exposed to domestic violence, drug abuse, alcohol abuse, or
criminal activity inside the home within the last year, or that any member of the home who
exposed the child to these activities is receiving treatment or no longer lives in the child's home.

80 SECTION 9. Section 39E of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 81 inserting between the sentence beginning "the recommendation of such probation officer" and 82 the sentence beginning "the clerk or the judge" following sentences:-

83 "The child must be informed of the nature of the proceedings and must be informed of 84 any conditions the child can meet to avoid further proceedings. The clerk or judge must make a 85 good faith effort to be accommodating of conduct which is due to the child being confused, 86 misled or frightened."

87 SECTION 10. Section 39E of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby further 88 amended by striking out the fourth paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following 89 paragraph:- 90 "At the conclusion of the probable cause hearing, the clerk shall set a date for a fact 91 finding hearing not more than 90 days from the date the request for assistance was filed, and not 92 more than 15 days from the date the request for assistance was filed if the child is currently 93 residing in a secure program. The court may postpone the fact finding hearing upon the request 94 of the parent, legal guardian, custodian, child, petitioner or probation officer for an additional 90 95 days after the expiration of the initial 90 day period, provided that the child is not currently 96 residing in a secure program."

97 SECTION 11. Section 39F of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 98 inserting between the sentence beginning "the court shall appoint counsel for the child" and the 99 sentence beginning "the clerk shall cause" the following sentence:-

100 "The child shall be informed that the child's counsel is obligated to represent the child's101 wishes, independent of the wishes of the child's parent, legal guardian, or custodian."

102 SECTION 12. Section 39H of said chapter 119, as most recently amended by chapter 240 103 of the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by inserting between the sentence beginning "The court 104 shall not order the child" and the sentence beginning "Prior to the court granting" the following:-

105 "The court may not order the child to be placed in a secure program if there is evidence 106 that the child has been neglected, abused, or severely harassed, or if the child does not have a 107 history of running away from non-abusive placements, or if the request for assistance was filed 108 due to truancy only."

SECTION 13. Section 39G of said chapter 119, as most recently amended by chapter 240 of the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by inserting at the end of the third paragraph after the sentence beginning "Such child may, however, be placed in a facility which operates as a group home" the following:-

"A child who is the subject of a request for assistance may not be placed in a secure program if there is evidence that the child has been neglected, abused, or severely harassed, or if the child does not have a history of running away from non-abusive placements, or if the request for assistance was filed due to truancy only."

- 117 SECTION 14. Section 39G of said chapter 119, as most recently amended by chapter 240 118 of the acts of 2012, is hereby further amended by striking the first sentence of the first paragraph 119 and inserting the following:-
- "At any hearing held to determine whether a child and family require assistance, the child
 and his attorney shall be present and shall be given an opportunity to be heard, and the parent,
 legal guardian or custodian shall be given an opportunity to be heard. The court must make a
 good faith effort to be accommodating of conduct which is due to the child being confused,
- 124 misled, or frightened. The petitioner who files the request for assistance shall bear the burden of

125 presenting evidence, proving by clear and convincing evidence, that the child and family require

126 assistance, and that the child is not the victim of abuse, neglect, severe harassment, or unmet

127 medical or educational needs."

SECTION 15. Section 39G of said chapter 119, as most recently amended by chapter 240 of the acts of 2012, is hereby further amended by inserting into the first sentence of the third paragraph after the words "child and the child's attorney shall be present" the following:- "and shall be given an opportunity to be heard".

SECTION 16. Paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of section 39G of said chapter 119, is hereby amended by adding after the text "a private or charitable or childcare agency or other private organization, licensed or otherwise authorized by law to receive and provide care for such child" the following:- "provided that such an organization does not qualify as a secure program, unless the child has a history of running away from non-secure, non-abusive placements. Any such placement or placements may not be in a secure program or programs for more than 45 consecutive days, and no more than 120 days per year".

SECTION 17. Subsection (c) of section 39G of said chapter 119, is hereby amended by
appending to the following sentence "The department shall direct the type and length of such
out-of-home placement" the following:-

142 "provided that such placement shall not be in a secure program unless the child has a history of running away from non-secure, non-abusive placements. Any such placement or 143 144 placements may not be in a secure program or programs for more than 45 consecutive days, and 145 no more than 120 days per year, unless the department applies to the court for an extension of the 146 order of disposition as described in section 39X. The department must make provisions for the 147 child to be released from any secure program within the 45-day time limit. If a non-secure 148 program cannot be found within 45 days, the child's current placement must make non-secure 149 accommodations for him, including allowing the child to attend public school. Under penalty of 150 perjury, the department and staff of residential programs may not make false reports of the child attempting to run away in order to subvert this clause. Any department employee or program 151 152 staff who reports that the child attempted to run away must submit a signed document to the court giving evidence that the child attempted to run away, and must state a genuine belief that 153 the child was unlikely to return within 12 hours or return before serious harm came to him;" 154

155 SECTION 18. Section 39G of said chapter 119, as recently amended by chapter 240 of 156 the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by appending to the phrase "payment for such services shall 157 not be denied if the treatment or services otherwise meet the criteria for coverage" the 158 following:- "provided that the treatment does not take place in a secure program when equivalent 159 treatment is available in non-secure settings." 160 SECTION 19. Section 39G of said chapter 119, as recently amended by chapter 240 of 161 the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by inserting after the sentence ending "regardless of whether 162 juveniles adjudicated are also provided care in such facility" the following:-

"Such a child may not be placed in a secure program if there is evidence that the child has
been neglected, abused, or severely harassed, or if the child does not have a history of running
away from non-abusive placements, or if the request for assistance was filed due to truancy
only."

167 SECTION 20. Section 39G of said chapter 119, as recently amended by chapter 240 of 168 the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by striking out, in line 49, the phrase "90 days" and inserting 169 the phrase "45 days".

SECTION 21. Section 39G of said chapter 119, shall be hereby amended by adding, afterthe third paragraph, the following paragraph:-

172 "The court may only consider an extension if it finds that the child has not being abused,

173 neglected, or severely harassed in any placement since the original request for assistance.

174 Additionally, if the child is currently placed in a secure program, the court must consider

175 whether the child exhibits signs of emotional or social deprivation, constant fear, mania or

176 dissociation that may be the result of placement in a secure program. Any residential program in

177 which the child has been placed must submit a report of the number of restraints and escorts

178 performed on the child and other residents while the child was in the program. If any restraints

179 have occurred, the court must ask the child whether the restraints seemed justified, and whether

180 the child was forced to watch, listen to, or participate in any restraints of other residents.

Additionally, the court must attempt to determine whether any restraints used in the child's
presence caused severe injury or infection or interfered with normal breathing. If a child testifies

182 presence caused severe injury of infection of interfered with normal oreating. If a clific testing 183 that his current program is abusive or uses excessively violent restraints or restraints that

184 interfere with breathing, the court must ensure that the child is protected from retaliation by

185 program staff, and must note in writing any steps taken to prevent retaliation."

SECTION 22. Section 39G of said chapter 119, as recently amended by chapter 240 of
the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by striking the fourth paragraph and inserting the following
paragraph:-

189 "No order shall continue in effect after the eighteenth birthday of a young adult named in 190 a request for assistance, however, the court may recommend that such a young adult voluntarily 191 participate in a program designed and operated as a transition to independent living. The court 192 must make provisions for funding the young adult's participation in such a recommended 193 program." 194 SECTION 23. Clause (iii) of Section 39H of said chapter 119, as recently amended by 195 chapter 240 of the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by adding to the phrase ending "juveniles 196 adjudicated delinquent are also provided care in such facility" the following text:-

197 "Such a child may not be placed in a secure program if there is evidence that the child's
198 failure to respond to a summons or likely failure to respond to a summons is due to abuse,
199 illness, or willful obstruction of any adult."

200 SECTION 24. Section 34, as recently created by chapter 240 of the acts of 2012, are 201 hereby amended by adding the following subclause:-

(e) The department shall adopt regulations giving such students the opportunity to
graduate early with an equivalency diploma or regular diploma upon meeting competency
requirements, which shall include passing the Competency Determination, as defined in section
1D of chapter 69 of the MGL and 603 CMR 30. The competency requirements shall be
structured such that any student shall have the opportunity to meet them within 30 days of
enrollment in a truancy prevention program, regardless of age.

SECTION 25. Subclause (a) of section 34, as recently created by chapter 240 of the acts of 2012, are hereby amended by striking out the phrase "1 of whom shall be a private provider of services to families with children who have behavioral health needs" and inserting the following:-

"1 who is an adult who has been the subject of a CHINS or Child Requiring Assistance filing within the past 15 years, who is not an employee of the commonwealth or a contractor thereof, is not associated with any private provider of behavioral health services, and is currently either a college student or financially independent,"

SECTION 26. Section 10 of chapter 69 of General Laws, as most recently amended by chapter 240 of the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by adding the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph:-

219 "The department shall adopt regulations giving such students the opportunity to graduate 220 early with an equivalency diploma or regular diploma upon meeting competency requirements, 221 which shall include passing the Competency Determination, as defined in section 1D of chapter 222 69 of the MGL and 603 CMR 30. The competency requirements shall be structured such that 223 any student shall have the opportunity to meet them within 30 days of enrollment in a truancy 224 prevention program, regardless of age."

SECTION 27. Section 38, as recently created by chapter 240 of the acts of 2012, is hereby amended by striking existing text following the sentence ending "under section 19 of chapter 321 of the acts of 2008" and inserting the following:-

228 "The program shall attempt to resolve the conflict by offering the child the opportunity to 229 pass the Competency Determination, as defined in MGL §69:1D and 603 CMR 30, regardless of 230 age, and shall make this offer to the child in writing within 3 days of the child enrolling in the 231 program. The child shall not be obliged to accept or decline this offer immediately, however, the 232 program shall provide a testing opportunity within 15 days of the child accepting the offer. A 233 child who earns a Certificate of Mastery on the Competency Determination, as defined in 603 234 CMR 31, shall be awarded a regular high school diploma from his school district and shall be 235 exempt from school attendance requirements. However, the child's school district shall remain 236 responsible for providing the child with the opportunity to take any standardized test that may be 237 required for admission to college. A child who earns a Certificate of Mastery on the Competency Determination in this way shall be eligible for the same state merit scholarships as a 238

239 child who completed the twelfth grade.

240 A child who passes the Competency Determination without a Certificate of Mastery shall be offered the opportunity to pass a high school equivalency test within 15 days of passing the 241 242 Competency Determination. A child who passes the high school equivalency test shall be 243 granted a high school equivalency diploma and be exempt from school attendance requirements. The Department of Education may create its own high school equivalency test, which may be the 244 245 same as the Competency Determination, or the Department of Education may negotiate with the 246 GED Testing Service to allow such a child under the age of 16 to attempt to earn a GED. If the 247 GED Testing Service will not allow such a child to attempt to earn a GED, or if the GED Testing 248 Service cannot provide GED testing to the child within 15 days of the child passing the 249 Competency Determination, or if the Department of Education and the GED Testing Service 250 cannot reach an agreement for such children within 1 year of the effective date of this act, the 251 Competency Determination shall be considered the high school equivalency test until such time as the Department of Education creates its own high school equivalency test. Such a child who 252 253 passes the Competency Determination before a high school equivalency test is adopted shall be 254 exempt from school attendance requirements until a high school equivalency test is adopted, but 255 shall not be granted an equivalency diploma before passing a high school equivalency test.

A child who fails to pass the Competency Determination may choose to take the test again at a later date, however, the truancy prevention program may delay the retesting for up to 120 days.

259 The department shall evaluate the effectiveness of the program in preventing truancy and enhancing the child's academic performance. The department shall collect statistics on the 260 attempts to pass the Competency Determination under this program, the degree of success of 261 262 these attempts, and the number of regular diplomas and equivalency diplomas awarded under this program. The department shall report the results of that evaluation to the board of 263 elementary and secondary education, the house and senate committees on ways and means, joint 264 265 committee on education, the department of elementary and secondary education and the child advocate." 266

267 SECTION 28. Section 21, of chapter 119 of the General Laws, is hereby amended to 268 include the following definitions:-

269 "Non-secure program", a residential program or group home for minors that does 270 not qualify as a Secure program under the definition below, which may be used as temporary 271 shelter or longer placement, or as a substitute for private foster homes only in the absence of 272 available private foster homes, which

(1) has the obligation to provide residents with a life that is as normal as possible.

(2) grants age-appropriate freedoms to residents as a necessary part of helping them growinto functional, self-sufficient adults who are able to fully integrate into American society.

(3) to the maximum reasonable extent, allows residents to attend normal public schools,participate in extracurricular activities, and have friends outside the program.

278 "Secure program", any residential treatment center, therapeutic boarding school, group 279 home, or overnight camp for minors characterized by security hardware or isolated location, and 280 a staff-to-child ratio sufficient to prevent escape, or any such facility which self-identifies as a 281 secure program, or any such facility where minor residents' immediate needs are considered 282 more important than the potential harm caused by restrictive institutionalization and isolation 283 from normal society. Additionally, a residential facility for minors may be considered a secure 284 program if it places any of the following restrictions upon residents:

(1) residents without a severe intellectual disability are not permitted to attend a normal
public school, or attendance at a normal public school is considered privilege which is
indefinitely denied to new residents by default, or more than half the residents are prohibited
from attending a normal public school under normal circumstances. Non-therapeutic boarding
schools are exempt from this clause.

290 (2) residents are prohibited from having private conversations.

(3) residents without a severe intellectual disability are prohibited from closing any doorat any time, or from being alone in any room other than a bathroom.

(4) residents are not given opportunity and sufficient space to exercise for at least half an
hour a day or 5 hours a week. For the purpose of this definition, household chores shall not be
considered exercise, nor shall exercise time be allotted exclusively during time allotted for
sleeping, eating, or visitation, nor shall exercise time replace all free time, nor shall exercise be
used as a punishment or means of humiliation.

(5) takedown restraints are used to enforce program rules or staff commands even when
the resident is not posing a danger to himself or others, or staff has a history of escalating minor
infractions in order to justify restraints, or mechanical or chemical restraints are used at any time.

301 (6) residents are completely prohibited from speaking to any friends of similar age
302 outside the program, except by mail, or speaking to any friends of similar age outside the
303 program is a privilege denied to more than half the residents under normal circumstances. A
304 non-secure program may prohibit residents from speaking to specific friends; however, the
305 program should maintain a list of such friends and the reason that the resident is prohibited from
306 speaking to them.

307 (7) invasive personal searches are used on residents at any time.

Additionally, a program may be considered a secure program if at least 3 of the following restrictions are applied to residents who have lived at the facility for over a week, who are not being punished for specific infractions, threats to run away, or incomplete responsibilities, and who do not have a severe intellectual disability.

312 (1) residents are prohibited from having shoes, coats, or containers in their possession.

(2) residents without special obligations are given less than half an hour a day of freetime, or less than 5 hours a week of free time

(3) residents age 10 and up are not permitted to leave any room at any time without staffaccompaniment.

(4) residents age 12 and up are completely prohibited from going outside during free time
without staff or a relative present, or going outside without staff or a relative present is a
privilege denied to more than half the over-12 residents under normal circumstances.

(5) residents age 14 and up are completely prohibited from leaving the property during free time without staff or a relative present, or leaving the property during free time without staff or a relative present is a privilege denied to more than half the over-14 residents under normal circumstances. This shall not be interpreted to mean that a non-secure program cannot limit the amount of free time spent off the property. A non-secure program may prohibit all residents from leaving the property during free time under special temporary circumstances, and may place reasonable restrictions upon time, activities, and places and people visited while off the property, however, a non-secure program may not willfully isolate residents from normal society for long periods of time.

(6) residents age 16 and up who are not struggling in school are prohibited from having a
job outside the program, or the program is unwilling to make reasonable accommodations for
over-16 residents who want to work.

332 SECTION 29. Section 32, of chapter 119 of General Laws, is hereby amended by adding,
 333 after the third paragraph, the following:-

The department shall not place any child in a secure program for evaluation except under the following conditions:

(a) the child has run away from a non-secure, non-abusive placement immediately
preceding placement in the secure program, and did not return voluntarily within 12 hours, or
engaged in criminal behavior during his absence from the non-secure program. For the purpose
of this subsection, returning voluntarily shall include circumstances where the child returns
peaceably after being found within 12 hours, or does not resist returning after being told that
returning within 12 hours will prevent him from being placed in a secure program.

(b) the child has attacked or severely harassed other children in a non-secure placementimmediately preceding placement in the secure program

(c) the child has attacked staff in a non-secure placement within the past 180 days, under
 circumstances that do not indicate the child was defending himself from an abusive restraint or
 escort, or do not indicate the child was evading a restraint or escort without attacking.

347 (c) the child is known to have a current addiction to hard drugs.

(d) the child has a severe intellectual or developmental disability which prevents him
from having full understanding of his environment. Behavioral health issues are specifically
excluded unless such issue leads to condition (a), (b), (c), or (e).

351 (e) the secure program is a psychiatric hospital and the child requires immediate 352 hospitalization to prevent suicide, as determined by a social worker employed by the hospital for 353 suicide risk assessment. No evaluation in a secure program shall continue for more than 15 days. 354 Any placement in a secure program which is not court ordered must meet the same conditions as a placement for evaluation, but may continue for up to 45 days. The department shall not place 355 356 any child in a secure program or programs for more than 45 consecutive days or more than 120 357 days per year without a court order. If the department believes it necessary to continue detaining 358 the child in a secure program, it must file a petition for the commitment of a dangerous person 359 under the procedures set forth in chapter 123. Upon expiration of a child's placement in a secure 360 program, the department must immediately place the child in a non-secure placement. If it is not 361 possible to find a non-secure placement for the child, the program must make non-secure 362 accommodations for the child, including allowing the child to attend public school. Any child 363 who is placed in a secure program due to a shortage of more appropriate housing must be granted 364 a full range of non-secure accommodations by default, regardless of whether the placement is shorter than 1 week. Any failure by the program to make non-secure accommodations for a 365 366 child entitled to non-secure accommodations shall be justified in writing to the child's social worker and the office of the child advocate. Under penalty of perjury, staff of secure programs 367 368 may not make false reports of the child acting violently or attempting to run away in order to 369 subvert this clause. A child who is placed in a secure program for more than 15 days shall have the right to apply for a commitment hearing under the procedures set forth in chapter 123, 370

371 section 9(b). The secure program in which the child resides shall inform the child and any

372 interested adults of this right in a timely and appropriate manner. The institution may not use

373 unreasonable means to prevent the child from applying for a commitment hearing. For the

374 purpose of this section, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) "Interested adults" means legal relatives and such others as may visit the child. An
adult applying for a commitment hearing on behalf of a child is not guaranteed custody should
the child be released from the program.

378 (b) "Unreasonable means" includes but is not limited to: use of physical restraint, use of 379 prolonged solitary confinement, denial of visitation with relatives, denial of access to materials or communication channels needed for the application, and willful misrepresentation of the 380 381 process of applying for a commitment hearing. No residential program operated or contracted by 382 the department shall knowingly use restraints which interfere with normal breathing or circulation, regardless of whether breathing is inhibited to the point where the child is completely 383 384 unable to speak. No residential program operated or contracted by the department shall ask or 385 require any child to write or sign any document giving staff blanket permission to restrain the child at some point in the future. Any legally required report on a restraint generated by the 386 387 program shall not use any prewritten document as a substitute for a child's comments on a 388 restraint. Any such report must describe any indications that the child was having difficulty 389 breathing, including but not limited to claims by the child that he was having difficulty 390 breathing. The report shall also describe staff response to these indications. Any such report 391 shall indicate whether the child had a medical emergency in the week following the restraint, 392 regardless of whether the medical emergency was an obvious result of the restraint. The report 393 shall also note whether injuries resulting from the restraint were apparent for more than 1 week. 394 The office of health and human services shall have the right to make periodic, unscheduled 395 audits of residential programs operated or contracted by the department for the purpose of 396 uncovering abusive use of restraints. Auditors shall have the right to privately interview child residents without giving prior notice to the program. 397