# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

#### MASSACHUSETTES SENATE BOSTON, MA 02133

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THE PRESIDENT.

1. The President shall take the chair at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned,
shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business.
[1831; 1888.]

7 1A. Every formal session of the Senate shall open with a prayer and a recitation of the
8 "Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag". [1989.]

9 2. The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in
10 preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the
11 Senate. The President shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting.
12 [1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]

13 3. The President may vote on all questions. [1826.]

4. The President may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding 3 days at any one time. Unless the Senate shall otherwise direct, the President, at the beginning of each legislative year, may appoint a Chaplain and in case of vacancy in said office, the President may promptly fill said vacancy. [1831; 1862; 1865; 1888; 1971.]

4A. The Senate President shall be elected by roll call on the Senate floor. This rule shall
not be suspended except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon. Rule
63 shall not apply to this case and no other rule shall supersede the requirement of four-fifths
vote to suspend this rule. [1993; 2002.]

4B. The Senate President and the Minority Leader shall, upon declaration of candidacy
for any other state or federal elective office, relinquish said position. [2003.]

5. In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member appointed by the President to perform the duties of the chair, is absent at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, the eldest senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President, or Acting President, is elected by ballot or by roll call vote as the

28 Senate shall by majority vote determine, and such election shall be the first business in order.

29 [1831; 1885; 1888; 1971; 1985; 2003.]

5A. In case of extreme emergency, the President of the Senate, may for a period not exceeding 2 days, in conformity with Article 6, Section II, Chapter 1 of the Constitution, cause a session of the Senate to be cancelled. Each member of the Senate insofar as is practicable shall be notified of such action. The President may also declare a session informal in nature, with prior notice given. Notice of such action shall be printed in the Journal of the Senate by the Clerk of the Senate and the printing of a calendar shall be suspended with reference to an informal session under this rule.

In the case of an informal session, only reports of committees and matters not giving rise to formal motion or debate shall be considered. No motion or order of business shall lose its precedence but shall be carried over until the next formal session. [1971; 1973.]

40 5B. [Omitted in 2011.]

5C. Upon a vacancy in the Senate, with the exception of any vacancy that occurs after April 1 in an even-numbered year, a date for a special election shall be rescheduled by the President of the Senate within 20 days after the vacancy occurs and the proposed date of the special election shall then be put before the members of the Senate for a vote. [2011]

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46 CLERK.

6. The Clerk shall keep a journal of the proceedings of the Senate, and shall cause the
same to be presented daily. The Clerk shall, in the journal, make note of all questions of order,
and enter at length the decisions thereon. The Clerk shall insert in an appendix to the journal the
rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the 2 branches. [1882; 1888.]

7. The Clerk, with the approval and direction of the President and the Committee on Ethics and Rules, shall prepare and cause to be presented each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration. The calendar for a session shall be available to the members and the public at least 24 hours prior to the start of that session, except when formal sessions are held on consecutive days. The calendar for any formal session on a day following a formal session shall be available to the members and to the public at least 2 hours prior to the start of that session. The presentation of a calendar may only be suspended by a 2/3 vote of all members present and voting as determined by a call of the yeas and nays. The calendar shall consist of at least 4 59 separate sections. One section shall contain those matters for third reading and engrossment. No 60 matters shall be considered for third reading that do not appear on this section of the calendar 61 without unanimous consent. One section shall contain those matters held by the Senate 62 committee on Bills in the Third Reading. One section shall contain those matters appearing on 63 the Senate Calendar for the first time. No matters shall be considered for second reading that do 64 not appear on this section of the calendar without unanimous consent. One section shall contain 65 those matters which shall be on the Senate Calendar for the first time at the following formal 66 session. No matters shall be considered for a second reading at a formal session that were not on 67 the Calendar for the previous formal session. It shall be mandatory, however, that a bill or 68 resolve ordered to third reading on one calendar day shall appear on the calendar at the following formal session. The Clerk, with the approval and direction of the President and the Committee on 69 70 Ethics and Rules, may prepare the calendar, with such memoranda as the Clerk may deem necessary, in a form designed to provide complete information and to properly facilitate the 71 72 business of the Senate. When the presentation of the calendar required under this rule is 73 suspended under Rule 5A, a session shall be considered informal and no matter shall be considered if a member at said session objects to its consideration. [1882; 1888; 1945; 1971; 74

75 1974; 1985; 1991, 1993.]

76 7A. To better facilitate the business of the Senate, whenever possible, and 77 notwithstanding any rules to the contrary, during consideration of the new matters on the 78 calendar each day, the chair shall first declare a recess so that members may examine the items. 79 The chair shall then ask for passes on the second reading matters. Second reading matters with amendments pending will automatically be considered separately. The chair shall direct the 80 Clerk to dispense with the reading of each title, but the journal for that day shall show that the 81 82 bills have been read a second time. The question shall then come on ordering those second 83 reading matters which have not been passed for debate to a third reading. Matters passed for debate shall be considered on the second call 84

The same procedure shall be followed with relation to adverse reports appearing in groups on the calendar. Adverse reports passed for debate shall be considered on the second call. The question shall be put by the chair on the acceptance of all remaining adverse reports not passed for debate. [1975.]

89 7B. The Clerk of the Senate shall be the official parliamentarian of the Senate. [1973.]

90 8. [Omitted in 1969.]

8A. The Clerk shall make a reasonable effort to make available on the official website of
the General Court the results of all roll call votes not later than 48 hours after such vote is taken,
not including quorum calls, in a manner easily identifiable, searchable and conspicuously
located. The Clerk shall include the number of the roll call and the title of the matter voted upon.

95 This rule shall take effect not later than July 1, 2011 and shall apply to all roll call votes96 conducted during the 2011-2012 legislative session. [2007; 2011.]

97 9. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in the form in 98 which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall indicate the amendments on the Orders of the 99 Day. [1882.]

100

101 COUNSEL TO THE SENATE.

9A. The Counsel to the Senate and members of the staff of said Counsel shall not engage
in the private practice of law during ordinary business hours while the Senate is in session. The
Counsel to the Senate and the staff of said Counsel shall be available at all times for consultation
with the President and members of the Senate in relation to matters pending before the Senate.
[1976.]

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108 MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

109 10. No member, officer, or employee shall use or attempt to use improper means to 110 influence an agency, board, authority, or commission of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth. No member, officer, or employee of the Senate shall receive 111 112 compensation or permit compensation to accrue to the member, officer or employee's beneficial 113 interest by virtue of influence improperly exerted from the member, officer or employee's 114 position in the Senate. Every reasonable effort shall be made to avoid situations where it might appear that the member, officer or employee is making such use of the member, officer or 115 116 employee's official position. Members, officers, and employees should avoid accepting or retaining an economic interest or opportunity which represents a threat to their independence of 117 118 judgment. 119 No member, officer, or employee shall use confidential information gained in the course

119 No member, officer, or employee shall use confidential information gained in the course 120 of or by reason of the member, officer or employee's official position or activities to further the 121 member, officer or employee's financial interest or those of any other person. [1977.]

122 10A. No member, officer, or employee shall employ anyone from state funds who does 123 not perform tasks which contribute to the work of the Senate and which are commensurate with 124 the compensation received; and no officer or full time employee of the Senate shall engage in 125 any outside business activity during regular business hours, whether the Senate is in session or 126 not. No member of the Senate shall act on a matter before a committee or vote on any question in 127 which the member's private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. All 128 employees of the Senate are assumed to be full time unless their personnel record indicates 129 otherwise. [1977.] 130 10B. Interns and other temporary employees of the Senate, who are students at an 131 accredited educational institution and who are employed by the Senate for not more than 6 132 months, may receive compensation from an educational institution or other non-profit 133 organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, according to that 134 organization's regular program of providing such compensation for temporary governmental or 135 public service employment. A temporary employee's Senate supervisor shall establish the 136 employee's total compensation, shall verify that the sum of the employee's state compensation, 137 if any, and any outside compensation that the employee is to receive under this rule would not 138 exceed this total compensation, and shall file the written terms of the employee's compensation 139 with the Senate Office of Human Resources, where it shall be available for public inspection. 140 [2003.]

141 11. No member shall be absent from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum142 without the member's presence. [1817.]

143 11A. Each member of the Senate shall be assigned an office in the State House. Each
144 member shall have full authority to employ and dismiss personal and committee staff within
145 written guidelines developed by the Senate Committee on Ethics and Rules. [1983; 1985; 1993;
146 2003.]

147 11B. No member of the Senate shall hold, for more than 8 consecutive years, the office of148 President of the Senate. [1993; 2001.]

149 11C. The Committee on Ethics and Rules shall ensure that each member of the Senate is 150 able to receive Internet electronic mail from members of the public. [2001; 2003.]

151 11D. The Committee on Ethics and Rules shall sponsor ethics training for members and152 staff within 90 days of the opening of the biennial session. [2009.]

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154 COMMITTEES.

155 12. The following standing committees shall be appointed by the President, to wit:

156 A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

157 To consist of 5 members, 1 of whom shall be appointed by the Minority Leader.

158 A Committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets;

159 To consist of 6 members, 1 of whom shall be appointed by the Minority Leader.

160 A Committee on Post Audit and Oversight;

161 To consist of 7 members, 1 of whom shall be appointed by the Minority Leader.

162	A Committee on Ethics and Rules;
163	To consist of 6 members, including 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader.
164	A Committee on Global Warming and Climate Change;
165	To consist of 6 members, 1 of whom shall be appointed by the Minority Leader.
166	A Committee on Steering and Policy;
167	To consist of 5 members, 1 of whom shall be appointed by the Minority Leader.
168	A Committee on Ways and Means;
169	To consist of 17 members, including 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader.
170 171	Committee hearings and executive sessions shall not be scheduled in conflict with formal sessions of the Senate unless the chair submits to the Clerk a written explanation for scheduling

the hearing or session in conflict with the formal session. [1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863;
1864; 1870; 1876; 1882; 1885; 1886; 1888; 1891; 1896; 1897; 1920; 1937; 1939; 1941; 1945;

174 1946; 1957; 1960; 1963; 1965; 1969; 1971; 1972; 1982; 1989; 1991; 1993; 1995, 1997; 2003, 175 2005; 2007; 2009; 2011.]

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177 12A. All violations of Rules and all questions of conduct of members, officers and 178 employees of the Senate shall be referred by order of the Senate to the committee on Ethics and 179 Rules. Such orders shall be as specific as circumstances allow. The committee shall also be 180 empowered to receive sworn written complaints or evidence regarding violations of Rules 10 and 181 10A. Until a hearing, if any, is held, the contents of such complaints or evidence shall be 182 considered confidential information, unless the contents are already a matter of public record. If 183 no hearing is held, such contents may be made public by the committee in a final report. Breach 184 of confidentiality may itself be grounds for disciplinary action.

Upon receipt of an order, a sworn written complaint filed under penalties of perjury, or upon receipt of evidence, the committee may investigate and take written or oral testimony on any matters specified in the order or covered by Rules 10 and 10A. A majority of committee members shall be present to receive sworn testimony unless a majority designates a lesser number to do so. In any case, at least 1 member of the committee shall be present to receive such testimony. Upon majority vote of the full Senate, the committee may require by summons the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books and papers and such other records as said committee may deem relevant.

Said committee shall consider and may report to the Senate any recommendationsregarding any infringement of the rules and all questions of conduct of members, officers and

195 employees referred to it. If after investigation the committee determines that there has been a

- 196 violation of the rules, or other misconduct, the committee shall file a report with the Clerk of the
- 197 Senate, including a recommendation for disciplinary action, including but not limited to: in the
- 198 case of a member, reprimand, censure, temporary or permanent removal from committee
- 199 chairmanship or other position of authority, suspension with or without pay, or expulsion; in the
- 200 case of an officer or employee, reprimand, suspension or removal. Said report shall not prevent
- 201 the Senate from taking any other action as it shall deem advisable and appropriate.

Nothing in this rule shall be construed to require the disclosure of any allegation that the committee deems frivolous or without merit.

If the committee receives a sworn written complaint, evidence, order of the Senate, or request for an opinion involving a member of the committee, such member shall not participate in the committee's deliberations on that matter.

The committee may, upon written request from a member, officer, or employee of the Senate, issue written advisory opinions on matters concerning Rules 10 and 10A. Such advisory opinions may be published, provided that the name of the person requesting the opinion, and any other identifying information shall not be included in the publication. The Senate may not penalize a member, officer or employee of the Senate for conduct satisfying the guidelines of an advisory opinion based on factually indistinguishable conduct.

213 At least 3 members shall sign all recommendations and reports of the committee.

The committee shall on or before December 31 of the second year of the biennial session, file a report with the Clerk summarizing its activities for the session. In addition, the committee may at any time recommend changes in the rules of conduct for the Senate or legislation relating to the conduct of the Senate, and a majority vote of the Senate shall be required to approve any

218 such recommended changes. [1977; 1978; 1983; 1991; 2003.]

12B. The committee on Steering and Policy shall meet from time to time at the call of the chair for the purpose of assisting the President and the Senate in identifying the major matters which require consideration by the General Court during the pending session and to advise the President and the Senate on the relative priority of such matters, the relative urgency for consideration by the General Court of such matters, and alternative methods of responding to such matters by the General Court, and to assist on scheduling legislative matters for their even distribution throughout the legislative year. [2009].

12B ½. The Committee on Ethics and Rules may initiate legislation consistent with Senate Rule 19, but no bill shall be initiated over the objection of the Senate Chair of the appropriate committee. The Committee shall report on what date prior to adjournment of the last formal session the matter shall be considered by the Senate. In the case of bills removed from study and referred to the Committee on Ethics and Rules, the bills may be subject to amendments by the committee as well as reports by the committee that the bills ought to pass or ought not to
pass. This rule shall apply only to bills that have no state fiscal impact. [1983; 1985; 1986; 1991;
1993; 1999; 2003; 2005.]

234 12C. [Omitted in 1995.]

12D. The President of the Senate, the Majority leader and the Minority leader shall
review applications for each member's staff and committee operating requirements and allocate
office space. [1993; 2003.]

238 13. (a) Unless the Senate shall otherwise specially order, the President shall nominate a 239 candidate for chair of each standing committee, joint standing committee or special committee and the vice-chair and the assistant vice-chair of the Senate Committee on Ways and Means. The 240 241 President may also nominate the majority floor leader, assistant majority floor leader, majority 242 whip, the assistant majority whip and a President pro tempore. The President pro tempore shall 243 assist the President in the coordination of policy development and the ceremonial functions of 244 the Senate and shall perform such duties as assigned by the President. The minority party floor 245 leader may nominate not more than 3 persons to minority party floor leadership positions. Such 246 nominations shall require ratification by a majority vote by the respective party caucus. The vote 247 shall be by voice vote, roll call or secret ballot, as the majority vote of the caucus shall 248 determine. In the event a nomination is rejected by such caucus another nomination may be made 249 by the person designated in this rule to make the initial nomination which shall be subject to ratification in the same manner. In the case of the election by the Senate of a committee by 250 251 ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman. The second named 252 member shall be vice-chairman.

253 (b) Except as provided above or unless the Senate shall otherwise specially order, 254 committees shall be appointed by the President, with exception of the chair whose nomination 255 and ratification shall be governed by paragraph (a). The President shall in making such 256 appointments give consideration to representation of both the majority and minority parties relative to their respective representation in the Senate and in any event shall reserve at least 2 257 258 positions on the Senate Committee on Ways and Means and at least 1 position upon each standing or special committee for a Senate member of the minority party and appointments to 259 260 such positions shall be made by the Senate minority party leader. For the purposes of this rule and rule 56, the term "minority party" shall mean the political party of those members of the 261 Senate who, in the aggregate, constitute the second largest group of members of the Senate 262 263 affiliated with a political party.

(c) A vacancy in any position which is regulated by this rule shall be filled in the same
manner as provided in this rule for the original appointment. Any person in a position which is
regulated by this rule shall be subject to removal only by a majority vote of the respective party

267 caucus by voice vote, roll call or secret ballot as the majority vote of the caucus shall determine.
268 [1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888; 1973; 1983; 1985; 1991; 2003.]

13A. All motions or orders authorizing committees of the Senate to travel or to employ stenographers, all propositions involving special investigations by committees of the Senate and all motions or orders providing that information be transmitted to the Senate shall be referred without debate to the Committee on Ethics and Rules, who shall report thereon, recommending what action should be taken. All other motions that create main questions, except those that relate to privilege, to procedure and kindred matters, or to the subjects referred to in Joint Rules 29 and 30, shall also be referred without debate to the Committee on Ethics and Rules and be treated in like manner.

The Committee on Ethics and Rules may originate and report special orders for the scheduling and consideration of matters on the floor of the Senate. When reported such orders may be amended by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting, and shall be subject to approval by a majority of the members of the Senate present and voting. Debate on the question on adoption of such orders shall be limited to 30 minutes. Such orders shall not be subject to reconsideration. [1904; 1913; 1921; 1953; 2003.]

13B. The President of the Senate may call a caucus at any time at which either the President or a designated member of the majority leadership shall preside unless otherwise voted by a majority of the caucus. The President shall honor the request of the Minority Leader at any time while the Senate is in session, to call a minority caucus at which the Minority Leader shall preside or a designated member of the minority leadership, unless otherwise voted by a majority of the caucus.

A caucus shall also be called if 25 per cent or more of a party's membership requests the calling of a caucus. Such request shall be made to the Senate President or Minority Leader. In the instance of such a caucus being called, said caucus may consider any subject matter, including but not limited to resolutions, motions or other means of ascertaining the sense of party members on any subject. When the Senate recesses to allow a caucus, the Senate President or presiding officer shall inform the members from the rostrum of a time certain for reconvention. [1985; 1993.]

13C. The Senate Committee on Ethics and Rules shall provide for periodic audits of
Senate financial accounts to be conducted by a certified public accountant experienced in
auditing governmental entities. A copy of any such audit shall be filed with the Senate Clerk and
copies shall be made available upon request by any member of the Senate or the general public.
[1985; 2003.]

14. No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without a vote of theSenate. [1836; 1863; 1888.]

303 15. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal 304 corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except 305 by a petition, nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a 306 307 committee, except upon a petition duly referred, nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the 308 309 parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given by public advertisement or otherwise to all parties interested, 310 without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is 311 312 produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting adversely for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof shall set forth this fact in its report, and 313 no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for, or amendment of, such report. Objection to 314 315 the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of third reading. [1870; 1871; 316 1885; 1890; 1921; 1939; 1945; 1971.]

317 16. When the object of an application, by petition can be secured under existing laws, or, 318 without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to whom the matter is referred shall report, ought not to pass, or a general law, as the case may be. The committee may 319 report a special law on matters referred to it upon (1) a petition filed or approved by the voters of 320 321 a city or town, or the mayor and city council, or other legislative body, of a city, or the town 322 meeting of a town, with respect to a law relating to that city or town; (2) a recommendation by 323 the Governor; and (3) matters relating to erecting and constituting metropolitan or regional entities, embracing any 2 or more cities and towns, or establishing with other than existing city 324 325 or town boundaries, for any general or special public purpose or purposes. [1882; 1885; 1888; 326 1891; 1893; 1967; 1971; 1973.]

16A. Reports of committees recommending that a matter be placed in a study shall be
reported to the Senate if the matter being reported into a study was originally filed in the Senate.
Matters which have been recommitted to a committee in session shall be reported to the branch
originating the recommitment. [2002.]

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#### 332 FORMS OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

17. Bills, resolves, resolutions and orders shall be prepared under supervision of the Counsel to the Senate. Bills, resolves, resolutions and orders founded upon petition shall be presented in an electronic format as prescribed by the Clerk, who shall then prepare such electronically filed documents for printing on official paper. Any petition which presents a bill, resolve, resolution or order that was before the General Court in the legislative session preceding that for which it is presented shall be designated as a "refiled petition" by the presenting member, together with reference to the number assigned such matter in the preceding legislative session. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting
words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and
nature of the amendment. No repealed law and no law which has expired by limitation, and no
part of any such law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. [1844; 1857; 1880; 1882; 1885;
1888; 1889; 1947; 1972; 1985, 2001, 2006.]

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## 346 INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

18. Every petition (excepting as otherwise provided for in the Constitution, or laws of the
Commonwealth), shall be presented by a member, whose name shall be endorsed on the petition,
and a brief statement of the nature and object of the instrument; and the reading of this
instrument shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. [1831; 1888; 1972; 1973.]

18A. In the event that identical legislation is filed based upon petition, by members of theSenate, the Clerk of the Senate may make every effort to consolidate the petitions.

The Clerk shall include the name of each petitioner; such names shall be placed on the consolidated petition in the order in which the original petitions were filed with the Clerk. [1984.]

19. All motions contemplating legislation shall be founded upon petition, except as provided in Joint Rule 3A and except that the committee on Ways and Means and the Committee on Ethics and Rules under Rule 12B may report a bill or other form of legislation that is not founded upon petition. Committees to whom messages from the Governor, reports of state officers, boards, commissions, and others authorized to report to the legislature shall be referred, may report by bill or otherwise such legislation as may be germane to the subject-matter referred to them. [1858; 1888; 1891; 1893; 1973; 1999; 2003; 2005.]

20. All petitions for legislation accompanied by bills or resolves embodying the subjectmatter prayed for, which are intended for presentation or introduction to the Senate, reports of state officials, departments, commissions and boards, and reports of special committees and commissions shall be filed with the Clerk, who shall, unless they are subject to other rules or of the rules of the 2 branches, refer them, with the approval and direction of the President, to the appropriate committees, subject to such change of reference as the Senate may make.

369 Provided, that petitions and other papers so filed, or papers received from the House,

370 which are subject to Joint Rules 7A, 7B or 9, shall be referred by the Clerk to the Committee on

371 Ethics and Rules. Petitions and other papers so filed which are subject to the second paragraph of

372 Joint Rule 12 shall be referred by the Clerk to the Committees on Rules of the two branches,

373 acting concurrently. The reading of all such documents may be dispensed with, but they shall be

entered in the journal of the same or the next legislative day after such reference, except asprovided in Joint Rule 13.

All orders intended for adoption shall be deposited with the Clerk. If the orders relate to questions of privilege or to procedure and kindred matters, they shall be laid before the Senate by the President as soon as possible. If they relate to other subjects, except as provided in rule 13A or in Joint Rules 29 and 30, they shall be inspected by the Committee on Ethics and Rules and laid before the Senate not later than the fourth legislative day succeeding the day of their deposit with the committee.

All resolutions intended for adoption shall be filed with the Clerk. Resolutions, which are not reported by committee or received from the House, shall be considered forthwith after having been reported by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, under Senate Rule 33.

Special reports of state officials, departments, commissions and boards, reports of special committees and commissions, bills and resolves accompanying petitions and reports, and resolutions, shall be printed on order of the President, and under the direction of the Clerk. They shall retain, during all subsequent stages, their original numbers and shall also bear such new numbers as may be necessary.

Matters which have been placed on file may be taken from the files by the Clerk upon request of any Senator or Senator-elect; and matters so taken from the files shall be referred or otherwise disposed of as provided for above.

The Senate may at any time by order make any other disposition of petitions in the hands of the Clerk. [1891; 1893; 1894; 1916; 1921; 1925; 1927; 1933; 1939; 1945; 1953; 1963; 1967; 1971; 1973; 1985; 1999; 2003; 2005.]

20A. The Clerk shall make available on the Internet the text of all bills introduced in theSenate. [2001.]

398 21. [Omitted in 1943.]

399 22. [Omitted in 1949.]

23. No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House of
Representatives, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a
committee. [1881; 1882; 1888.]

24. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any motion to suspend
Senate Rule 15, or Joint Rules 8, 9 or 12, shall be postponed without question to the day after
that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement.
The consideration of any motion to lay a matter on the table or to take a matter from the table
shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the motion is made (except

408 during the last 7 calendar days of formal business under Joint Rule 12A). [1885; 1891; 1971; 409 1973; 1983, 1997; 1999.]

410 25. [Omitted in 1929, the provisions thereof being covered by Joint Rule 9.]

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412 COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

413 26. Bills and resolves from the House, after they are read a first time, shall be referred to 414 a committee of the Senate, unless they have been reported by a joint committee or substituted for 415 the report of a joint committee. Bills and resolves reported in the Senate, and bills and resolves 416 from the House reported by joint committees or substituted for the reports of joint committees 417 shall, after they have been read once, be referred to the Committee on Ethics and Rules, except 418 as otherwise provided by Senate Rule 27. Any matter reported in the Senate or received from the 419 House concerning or restricted to a particular city or town which has received the approval of the 420 voters of the city or town or of the town meeting shall appear on the calendar for the next session 421 for a second reading notwithstanding any other provisions of this rule. Bills introduced by 422 initiative petition, when reported in the Senate or received from the House, shall be referred to 423 the Committee on Ethics and Rules. Resolutions received from the House, or reported in the 424 Senate, shall be referred to the Committee on Ethics and Rules. Bills and Resolves under Senate 425 Rule 27, when reported, shall be referred to the Committee on Ethics and Rules. All reports of 426 the Committee on Ethics and Rules shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next session 427 unless such matter is assigned for special consideration by said committee as provided for under Senate Rule 12B. [1825; 1885; 1888; 1890; 1891; 1897; 1945; 1985; 1993; 1999; 2005.] 428

- 429 26A.[Omitted in 2005].
- 430 26B. [Omitted in 2005].

26C. There shall be appointed a standing committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures
and State Assets consisting of 6 members. Said committee shall review all legislation providing
for the giving, loaning or pledging of the credit of the Commonwealth (see Article LXII of the
Amendments to the Constitution, as amended by Article LXXXIV). Said committee shall be
responsible for evaluating such legislation and determining the appropriateness of enacting
legislation containing increased bond authorizations for the Commonwealth.

The committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets shall periodically review and hold open public hearings, accepting oral and written testimony on the status of the bonds and notes of the Commonwealth, including: (1) general obligation debt; (2) dedicated income tax debt; and (3) special obligation debt. The committee shall also, in its continuing study of the Commonwealth's bonding practices, review the Commonwealth's liabilities relative to: (a) state-supported debt; (b) state-guaranteed debt; and (c) indirect obligations. 443 The committee shall consult with the various agencies of the Executive branch and the 444 office of the State Treasurer to project expenditures, availability of funds, the sale of new bonds 445 and the resultant debt obligations, federal reimbursements and other related funding and bonding 446 issues.

The committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets may conduct hearings relative to the statutory authority of the Executive branch and the State Treasurer and the various agencies and authorities of the Commonwealth to issue and sell bonds and notes and to expend capital funds. The committee shall determine whether such laws, administrative regulations and programs are being implemented in accordance with the intent of the General Court. The committee may make recommendations for statutory changes and changes in the Constitution which would grant discretion to the Legislature over the allotment and expenditure of fund authorized by capital appropriations. The committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets may initiate legislation consistent with Senate Rule 19.

The committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets may report to the General Court from time to time on the results of its hearings.

Any bill providing for the giving, loaning or pledging of the credit of the Commonwealth, except for the general appropriations bill or other appropriations bill addressed in Senate Rule 27A, shall, prior to its reference to the committee on Ways and Means, be referred to the committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets for report on its relationship to the finances of the Commonwealth, irrespective of any conflicting committee referral to the House of Representatives.

In compliance with section 38A of chapter 3 of the General Laws, the Committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets shall include with the bill a fiscal note prepared under section 3A of chapter 29 of the General Laws, showing the estimated cost or the fiscal effect of the proposed legislation if, in the opinion of said committee, such cost exceeds \$100,000.

Messages from the Governor setting terms of bonds and notes or for the de-authorization or re-authorization of bonds and notes shall be referred to the committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets.

The Committee on Bonding, Capital Expenditures and State Assets may hold oversight hearings regarding the capital programs of the commonwealth and of any quasi-public entity or independent authority of the commonwealth. If the committee shall deem special studies or investigations to be necessary, it may undertake studies or investigations. [2009]

27. Bills and resolves involving public money, or a grant of public property, unless thesubject-matter has been acted upon by the joint Committee on Ways and Means, shall, after the

478 first reading, be referred in course to the Senate Committee on Ways and Means, whose duty it479 shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

Orders reported in the Senate or received from the House involving the expenditure of public money for special committees shall, before the question is taken on the adoption of the order, be referred to the Senate Committee on Ways and Means, whose duty it shall be to report on the order's relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

Every such bill involving a capital expenditure for new projects, or an appropriation for repairs, or any legislation, the cost of which, in the opinion of the committee, exceeds \$100,000, when reported into the Senate by the Committee on Ways and Means, shall be accompanied by a fiscal note indicating the amount of public money which will be required to be expended to carry out the proposed legislation, together with an estimate of the cost of operation and maintenance for the first year if a new project is involved.

When requested by any member, prior to the engrossment of any such bill involving a capital expenditure for new projects, or an appropriation for repairs, or any legislation, the cost of which, in the opinion of the committee, can be ascertained in a timely manner, and which exceeds \$100,000, the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, or a member of said committee, shall verbally disclose during session the amount of public money which will be required to be expended to carry out the proposed legislation, together with an estimate of the cost of operation and maintenance for the first year if a new project is involved. [1871; 1882; 1887; 1888; 1889; 1896; 1921; 1941; 1946; 1947; 1953; 1963; 1967; 1968; 1971; 1995; 1999.]

498 27A. When the general appropriations bill is reported by the Senate Committee on Ways 499 and Means the following information shall be made available:- (a) a prior year's appropriation, 500 (b) the recommendation, if any, of the Governor, (c) the amount approved by the House, and (d) 501 the amount recommended by the Senate Committee on Ways and Means. The committee shall 502 identify with its recommendations for the general appropriations bill all of the tax and non-tax 503 revenues on which its spending recommendations are premised. The committee shall present 504 these revenues by type and by the department or agency responsible for collecting them.

505 The committee on Ways and Means shall provide the membership with a copy of its 506 proposed text of the general appropriations bill, and an executive summary which shall include a 507 list of outside sections, and a short summary of each outside section not later than the fifth 508 business day prior to full Senate consideration of such bill. When the Senate considers the 509 general appropriation bill, the bill shall appear in the Orders of the Day for its second-reading. 510 All amendments to the Ways and Means proposed text shall be second-reading amendments, but 511 further amendments in the third-degree to such amendments shall be in order. After the bill as 512 amended is ordered to a third reading, it shall be read a third time and the question shall then 513 immediately be on passing it to be engrossed. No amendments shall be in order at the third 514 reading of the bill unless recommended by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading. Each

515 member shall file any proposed amendments, including those relating to outside sections,

516 electronically in a form determined by the Clerk, by the time established for that purpose by

517 order of the Senate. Each amendment shall contain a 1-sentence descriptive title. The Clerk shall

518 make a list of amendments available to the membership at least 24 hours prior to consideration of

519 such bill. Such list shall identify the member sponsoring the amendment and include the 1-

sentence descriptive title. The sponsoring member of an amendment, including furtheramendments in the third-degree, shall make available at such member's office a copy and a

522 detailed summary of the amendment. The Clerk shall make available on the Internet the text of

523 all amendments, including further amendments in the third-degree to such amendments.

524 The committee on Ways and Means shall provide the membership with a copy of its 525 proposed text of any other appropriations bill, and an executive summary which shall include a list of outside sections, and a short summary of each outside section not later than the fourth 526 527 business day prior to full Senate consideration of such bill. When the Senate considers such an appropriation bill, the Ways and Means proposed text shall be adopted and the bill shall be 528 529 ordered to a third reading without other amendments. The bill shall be immediately read a third 530 time and then be open to other amendments. Each member shall file any proposed amendments, including those relating to outside sections, with the Clerk not later than 5:00 p.m. of the third 531 532 business day before Senate consideration of the bill. Each amendment shall contain a 1-sentence 533 descriptive title. The Clerk shall make a list of amendments available to the membership at least 534 24 hours prior to the consideration of such bill. Such list shall identify the member sponsoring 535 the amendment and include the 1-sentence descriptive title. The sponsoring member shall make 536 available at such member's office a copy and a detailed summary of the amendment.

537 A member may withdraw an amendment to an appropriation bill after filing it, or may 538 replace a seasonably filed amendment with a redrafted amendment, which shall be clearly 539 designated as such.

540 This rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, unless four-fifths of the members 541 present consent thereto. [1974; 1993; 1997; 1999, 2001.]

542 27B. [Omitted in 1999.]

543 27C. With the exception of appropriation bills and capital outlay bills, the Committee on 544 Ways and Means and the Committee on Ethics and Rules may be discharged from the further 545 consideration of matters referred to them under the following procedure. The consideration of a 546 motion to discharge such committees from further consideration of a certain matter shall be 547 postponed without question to the day after that on which the motion is made. Such motion shall 548 require a majority vote of the members present and voting for adoption, if made after the 549 expiration of 45 calendar days after referral to said committees, but shall require a vote of two-550 thirds of the members present and voting, if made prior to the expiration of said 45 calendar days after referral to said committees. On the motion to discharge such committees, not more than 15 minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than 3 minutes.

553 In addition to the above procedure, the Committee on Ways and Means shall be 554 discharged from further consideration of a certain matter upon the written petition of a majority 555 of the members of such committee presented to the chairman after 45 calendar days following 556 referral of the matter to said committee. When directed to discharge a certain matter under this 557 rule said committees shall either report or be discharged of said matter within 5 legislative days 558 of the vote or petition calling for such discharge. A petition discharged under this rule shall be 559 considered as favorably reported and the matter accompanying said petition shall be designated as "discharged", and shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day for a second 560 561 reading or question on adoption, as the case may be, unless subject to Senate Rule 27. [1983; 562 1985; 2003.]

28. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without 3 readings on 3 several days.
[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

565 29. Bills and resolves, in their several readings, and resolutions, shall be read by their 566 titles, unless objection is made. [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885; 1890.]

30. If a committee to whom a bill or resolve is referred reports that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be "Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?" If the rejection is negatived, the bill or resolve, if it has been read but once, shall go to its second reading without a question; and if it has been read more than once it shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885; 1897; 1921; 1939; 1945; 1971.]

573 31. If an amendment is offered by any member at the second or third reading of a bill or 574 resolve, substantially changing the greater part of the bill or resolve, the question shall not be put 575 forthwith on adopting the amendment to the bill or resolve if formally requested by 2 members, but the bill or resolve shall be laid over and placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day after 576 that on which the amendment is offered, with the amendment pending. The proposed amendment 577 shall be printed in the calendar and in the journal. If an amendment is made at the second or third 578 reading of a bill or resolve substantially changing the greater part of the bill or resolve, the 579 580 question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be 581 engrossed, as the case may be, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the Orders 582 of the Day for the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to 583 further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, 584 the proposition as amended shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day after that on 585 which the amendment was made. [1882; 1888; 1971.] 586

587 31A. Upon recommendation of the Committee on Ethics and Rules, the Senate may by 588 order require that all amendments to a designated bill be filed with the Clerk not later than 1 day 589 before consideration of the bill by the Senate. Such amendments shall be presented in the 590 calendar and shall not be subject to Rule 31. [1997; 2003.]

591 32. Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the Orders of the Day 592 for the next day for such reading. [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

593 32A. (1) The Senate Committee on Bills in the Third Reading may be discharged from594 the further consideration of matters referred to it pursuant to the following procedure:

(a) The consideration of a motion to discharge said committee from further consideration
 of a certain matter shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the motion
 is made.

(b) The adoption of such motion shall require a simple majority vote of the memberspresent and voting.

600 (2) The Senate Committee on Ethics and Rules may be discharged from the further 601 consideration of matters referred to it under Rule 26, pursuant to the following procedure:

(a) The consideration of a motion to discharge said committee from further considerationof a certain matter shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the motionis made.

605 (b) Such motion shall require a majority vote of the members present and voting for 606 adoption if made after the expiration of 30 calendar days after referral to said committee, but 607 shall require a vote of two-thirds of the members present and voting if made prior to the 608 expiration of said 30 calendar days after referral to said committee.

(3) When either committee is directed to discharge a certain matter pursuant to this rule,
such committee shall either report or be discharged of said matter within 5 legislative days of the
vote calling for such discharge. A matter discharged under this rule shall be designated as
"discharged" and the matter shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next sitting. On the
motion to discharge such committee, not more than 15 minutes shall be allowed for debate and
no member shall speak more than 3 minutes. [1985; 1987; 1989; 1993; 1995; 2005.]

615 32B. [Omitted in 1995.]

616 33. Bills and resolves when ordered to a third reading, and bills and resolves amended 617 subsequently to their third reading unless the amendment was reported by the Committee on 618 Bills in the Third Reading, shall be referred forthwith to that committee, which shall examine 619 and correct them, to avoid repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and to ensure accuracy in 620 the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes, and to give effect 621 to section 52 of chapter 3 of the General Laws; but any change in the sense of legal effect, or any 622 material change in construction shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment. The committee 623 may consolidate into 1 bill any 2 or more related bills referred to it, whenever legislation may be 624 simplified by such consolidation. Resolutions received from and adopted by the House or 625 introduced or reported into the Senate, after they are read and before they are adopted, and 626 amendments of bills, resolves and resolutions adopted by the House and sent to the Senate for 627 concurrence, shall also be referred, in like manner, to the Committee on Bills in the Third 628 Reading. When a bill, resolve or resolution has been so referred, no further action shall be taken 629 until the committee has reported on the bill, resolve or resolution. If a bill or resolve referred to 630 the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading contains an emergency preamble, changes the compensation paid to the members of the General Court, provides for the borrowing of money by 631 632 the Commonwealth and comes within Section 3 of Article LXII of the Amendments to the 633 Constitution, provides for the giving, loaning or pledging of the credit of the Commonwealth and 634 comes within Section 1 of Article LXII (as amended by Article LXXXIV) of the Amendments 635 to the Constitution, or provides, upon recommendation of the Governor, for a special law relating 636 to an individual city or town and comes within clause (2) of Section 8 of Article LXXXIX of the 637 Amendments to the Constitution, the committee shall plainly indicate the fact. [1817; 1836; 638 1882; 1888; 1890; 1891; 1914; 1919; 1925; 1927; 1929; 1945; 1965; 1967; 1983.]

33A. All legislative matters receiving a Senate number shall be presented and made
available to all the members of the Senate and to the public at least 24 hours in advance of
consideration by the Senate.

All other amendments recommended by any committee, other than the Committee onBills in the Third Reading, shall be subject to this rule.

This rule shall be suspended only upon a vote of two-thirds of the members present and voting. [1985.]

646 34. Bills and resolves prepared for final passage shall be certified by the Senate Clerk and 647 Parliamentarian, after comparison, to be the same as the bills or resolves passed to be engrossed; 648 and if found to be properly prepared, the Clerk shall so endorse on the envelope of the bill or 649 resolve; and the question on enactment or final passage or adopting an emergency preamble shall 650 be taken on the bill or resolve, without further reading, unless specifically ordered. When a bill or resolve prepared for final passage contains an emergency preamble, changes the compensation 651 652 paid to members of the General Court, provides for the borrowing of money by the 653 Commonwealth and comes within Section 3 of Article LXII of the Amendments to the 654 Constitution, provides for the giving, loaning or pledging of the credit of the Commonwealth and 655 comes within Section 1 of Article LXII (as amended by Article LXXXIV) of the Amendments to 656 the Constitution, or provides, upon recommendation of the Governor, for a special law relating to 657 an individual city or town and comes within clause (2) of Section 8 of Article LXXXIX of the

Amendments to the Constitution, the Clerk shall plainly indicate the fact. [1817; 1831; 1882;1888; 1914; 1919; 1965; 1967; 1971; 1983.]

660 \_\_\_\_\_

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

35. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last
adjournment shall have preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider.
[1830; 1870.]

665 36. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be referred to the Committee on 666 Ethics and Rules; except that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further 667 consideration of a subject and recommending that it be referred to another committee, or a report 668 of a committee recommending that a matter be placed on file, shall be immediately considered. 669 All reports of the Committee on Ethics and Rules shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the 670 next session unless such matter is assigned for special consideration by said Committee on some 671 future date. Amendments to a measure which have been made by the House and sent back to the 672 Senate for concurrence shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are 673 received; provided that amendments involving state money shall be referred to the Committee on 674 Ways and Means.

Reports of committees on proposals for amendment of the Constitution shall be dealt
with in accordance with Joint Rule 23. [1845; 1853; 1888; 1891; 1919; 1947; 1953; 1965; 1968;
1971; 1985; 1995; 2005.]

37. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the Senate shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; then the matters that were passed over shall be considered and disposed of in like order. [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882; 1885.]

683 38. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged 684 from the Orders of the Day or considered out of its regular course. [1885.]

38A. The Senate shall not continue in session beyond the hour of 8 p.m. This rule shall
not be suspended unless two-thirds of the members present and voting consent to such
suspension on a recorded yea and nay vote. [1983; 2005.]

688 38A 1/2. The Senate shall not continue in session beyond midnight. This rule shall not be 689 suspended unless two-thirds of the members present and voting consent to such suspension on a 690 recorded yea and nay vote. [2005.] 691 38B. Debate and consideration on the general appropriation bill shall begin at 10 a.m. and 692 shall be the only matter placed on the calendar for that day. [1985.]

693

694 RULES OF DEBATE.

695 39. When speaking, each member shall stand in such member's place and address the 696 President. When recognized, the member shall confine such member's remarks to the measure 697 and question under debate and shall at all times avoid personalities. [1817; 1831; 1871; 1973.]

40. When 2 or more members rise to speak at the same time, the President shall designate the member who is entitled to the floor. [1831; 1888.]

41. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of any other member who has not spoken and desires to speak on the same question. [1817; 1886.]

42. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order or to rise to a question of personal privilege or parliamentary inquiry. [1817; 1831; 1971.]

43. After a question is put to vote no member shall speak to it. [1817.]

43A. No appeal from a decision of the President shall be entertained unless it isseconded; and the question on the appeal shall be disposed of forthwith. [1973.]

707

708 MOTIONS.

44. Any motion shall be reduced to writing if the President so directs. A motion need not
be seconded and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. [1817; 1844; 1871;
1888.]

712 44A. [Omitted in 2011.]

45. An amendment to any measure filed for debate with the Clerk containing 2 or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it. [1817; 1841; 1888.]

46. When a question is under debate the President shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except a motion to adjourn or some other motion which has precedence by express rule of the Senate, or because it is privileged in its nature; and the President shall receive no motion relating to the same except:

722	(1) To lay on the table (or take from the table);
723	(2) To close debate at a specified time;
724	(3) To postpone to a day certain;
725	(4) To commit (or recommit);
726	(5) To amend;
727	(6) To postpone indefinitely.
728 729	These motions shall have preference in the order in which they stand. [Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1921; 1939; 1945; 1971.]
730 731 732	47. Debate may be closed at any time not less than 1 hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than 10 minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than 3 minutes. [1882.]
733 734	48. When motions are made to refer a subject to different committees, the committees proposed shall be considered in the following order:
735	(1) A standing committee of the Senate;
736	(2) A special committee of the Senate;
737	(3) A joint standing committee of the 2 branches;
738	(4) A joint special committee of the 2 branches. [1884; 1888.]
739 740 741 742	49. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended; but this rule shall not apply to a bill or resolve returned by the Governor with a recommendation of amendment under Article LVI of the Amendments of the Constitution; nor shall it apply to amendments of engrossed bills proposed by the House and sent to the Senate for concurrence. [1837; 1919; 1931.]
743 744 745	50. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration and no measure which has been finally rejected or disposed of by the Senate shall be admitted under the color of an amendment. [1882; 1971.]
746	51. [Omitted in 2011.]
747	52. The motion to adjourn and the call for yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.
748 749 750	On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, to postpone to a time certain, to commit or recommit (except with instructions), not exceeding 10 minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than 3 minutes.

751 On a motion to reconsider, not more than 30 minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no

752 member shall speak more than 5 minutes; but on a motion to reconsider a vote upon any

r53 subsidiary, incidental or dependent question debate shall be limited to 10 minutes, and no

754 member shall speak more than 3 minutes.

On a motion to suspend any of the joint rules or Senate rules debate shall be limited to 15 minutes, and no member shall speak more than 3 minutes. [1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882; 1885; 1937; 1941.]

52A. The Senate President or presiding officer of the Senate may not declare that the
Senate is in recess for more than 30 minutes, without informing the members from the rostrum of
a time certain for reconvention. [1993.]

761

## 762 RECONSIDERATION.

53. No motion to reconsider a vote shall be entertained unless it is made on the same day on which the vote has passed, or on the next day thereafter on which a quorum is present and before the Orders of the Day for that day have been taken up. If reconsideration is moved on the same day, the motion shall (except during the last 7 calendar days of formal business under Joint Rule 12A) be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the succeeding day; but if it is moved on the succeeding day, the motion shall be considered forthwith; provided, however, that this rule shall not prevent the reconsideration of a vote on a subsidiary, incidental or dependent question at any time when the main question to which it relates is under consideration; and provided, further, that a motion to reconsider a vote on any incidental, subsidiary or dependent question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

There shall be no reconsideration of the vote on the question on adjourning, for the yeas and nays, on laying on the table or on taking from the table; and when a motion for reconsideration has been decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered. [1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858; 1885; 1888; 1891; 1902; 1946; 1999.]

778

779 REJECTED MEASURES.

54. When any measure has been finally rejected or finally disposed of by the Senate, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session, or moved as an amendment to another measure. [1817; dispensed with in 1831; revived in 1838; amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882; 1971.]

784

785 VOTING.

55. The President shall declare all votes; but if a member doubts a vote, the President
shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further
debate. [1831; 1888.]

56. The sense of the Senate shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by onefifth of the members present, or by a number of members equal to the total number of members of the minority party. The President may wait a period not exceeding 10 minutes before ordering the Clerk to start the yeas and nays, during which time the members shall be summoned to the Senate Chamber as the President may direct

Other business of the Senate may be taken up during the 10 minute period. At the end of the 10 minute interval, the President shall state the question to be roll called and then direct the Clerk to begin the call. If, before the vote is taken, a member states to the Senate that such member has paired with another member and how each would vote on the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. If, after the yeas and nays have been ordered, an advanced notice of at least 60 minutes is given by the President, the President may set a time certain for the vote to be taken and the 10 minute waiting period above prescribed may be waived. [1817; 1852; 1888; 1971; 1972, 1997.]

803 57. Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all 804 members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to such member's name, unless excused before the vote was taken. Except in the case of a vote to 806 ascertain the presence of a quorum, if a member present in the State House is prevented from 807 voting personally in the Senate Chamber at the member's assigned seat because of physical 808 disability, that member may be excused from so voting by the President, who shall assign a court 809 officer to answer the roll call on behalf of the member so long as the disability continues; provided, however, that the President shall announce the action of the Chair to the membership 810 prior to assigning a court officer to cast the member's vote; and provided further, that the 811 812 President shall announce the action to the membership the first time a vote is cast for that 813 member on each successive day that the member is absent from the chamber because of the disability. No member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair. 814 [1837; 1844; 2008.] 815

816 57A. [Omitted in 2011.]

817 \_\_\_\_\_

818 ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

58. In all elections by ballot a time shall be assigned for such election, at least 1 day prior
to such election, except in case of an election of President or President pro tempore, under Rule
5. [1831; 1891.]

822

823 REPORTERS' GALLERY.

824 59. The use of the reporters' gallery of the Senate Chamber shall be subject to the 825 approval and direction of the Committee on Ethics and Rules during the session and of the President after prorogation. Except in the reporter's official capacity as a reporter, no reporter 826 827 who is entitled to the privileges of the reporters' gallery shall seek to influence the action of the 828 Senate or any member, nor shall such person approach a member to seek to influence such 829 member in any place from which legislative agents are excluded by Rule 61. Every legislative 830 reporter desiring admission to the reporters' gallery of the Senate Chamber shall state in writing 831 that such reporter is not the agent or representative of any person or corporation interested in 832 legislation before the General Court and will not act as representative of any such person or 833 corporation while such reporter retains a place in the gallery; but nothing in this rule shall 834 prevent such legislative reporter from engaging in other employment, provided such other employment is specifically approved by the Committee on Ethics and Rules and reported to the 835 836 Senate. [1847; 1911; 1914; 1925; 1989; 2003.]

59A. Formal sessions of the Senate shall be made accessible to electronic media,

including television, radio and the Internet. The manner, conditions and extent of such access
shall be established by the Committee on Ethics and Rules.

840 The President and the Clerk shall endeavor to provide that all formal sessions of the 841 Senate during which the general appropriation bill is considered are broadcast live. If it is not 842 feasible for such a session to be broadcast live they shall endeavor to provide for its delayed 843 broadcast. The Committee on Ethics and Rules may provide for the audio or video transmission 844 via the Internet of Senate sessions. The committee on Ethics and Rules may enter into 845 agreements with nonprofit entities, including public and private educational facilities, to provide 846 for audio or video transmission via the Internet of the Senate sessions.

This rule shall not be suspended unless by majority vote of the members present and voting.

849 If, for any reason, the Senate convenes in a formal session and such session is not

850 televised live, then the party under the contractual duty to provide the broadcast shall provide to

851 the Senate President and Minority Leader within 24 hours of the adjournment of such session a

852 report including, but not limited to an explanation for why the broadcast was not received.

853 Prior to permanent arrangements being entered into for the broadcast of formal Senate

854 sessions, any television carrier, who wishes to broadcast any formal Senate session shall make

application to the committee on Ethics and Rules to do so, approval of which shall not be

856 unreasonably withheld. Any carrier may make arrangements to utilize a pool feed to be provided

under guidelines and conditions set forth by the committee on Ethics and Rules. [1989, 2001;

858 2003; 2007.]

59B. The Clerk of the Senate shall deliver a copy of each broadcast Senate session to the
Majority Floor Leader and the Minority Floor Leader not later than 24 hours after such session
has ended.

The Clerk of the Senate shall also keep a copy of every broadcast Senate session for reference purposes. These copies shall be made available to the public upon request. [1993.]

59C. The electronic feed that provides the broadcast coverage of the Senate sessions shall be available to any media outlet. [2002.]

59D. (1) The President shall make available to each member of the Senate a copy of thecontract for the broadcast of the Senate formal sessions.

868 (2) Any contracts executed after January 1, 2003 concerning television broadcast of the 869 formal sessions of the Senate shall require the following information to be reported to the 870 members of the Senate:

871 (a) a list of all cities and towns to receive live television broadcasts of the sessions of the872 Senate;

(b) a list of each city and town to receive Senate coverage including the date and time ofthe live and pre-recorded broadcasts of each session of the Senate;

875 (c) a list of cities and towns that do not receive live televised broadcasts of the sessions of 876 the Senate and an explanation for the lack of coverage.

877 The President shall make available said copy of the contract to each member of the 878 Senate on the first day of the annual session. [2003.]

879

880 THE SENATE CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS

60. No person not a member shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate isin session. [1853;1888.]

61.No person, except members of the legislative and executive departments of the state government, persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the Senate, and reporters who are afforded press privileges by the Senate President, shall, unless

- 886 invited by the President, be admitted to the floor of the Senate Chamber or to the Senate Reading
- room or to the corridor between the Senate Reading room and the Senate Chamber during the

sessions of the Senate, or during the half hour preceding or succeeding said sessions, nor to the

889 Senate reading room, cloak room or anterooms on any day when a session of the Senate is held,

890 except upon written invitation bearing the name of the person it is desired to invite and the name 891 of the Senator extending the invitation, which invitation shall be surrendered when the person

892 enters one of the otherwise restricted areas

893 Reporters desiring access to the Senate Chamber shall make written application to the 894 President stating the purposes for which the privileges are required, and such privileges shall be 895 granted only upon written approval by the President.

No legislative agent shall be admitted to the floor of the Senate Chamber. On any day when a session of the Senate is held, no legislative agent shall be admitted to the Senate Reading room, the cloak room, the Senate corridor or anterooms and no person, except members of the legislative and executive departments of the state government and persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the Senate shall be permitted to loiter in the Reading room, the cloak room, the Senate corridor or anterooms at any time. Smoking shall not be permitted in the Senate Reading room, the cloak room or the anterooms. [1870; 1875; 1886; 1891; 1895; 1896; 1897; 1898; 1907; 1909; 1914; 1916; 1925; 1989.]

904 61A. No person shall be allowed to smoke on the floor of the Senate. [1985.]

61B. No person shall talk on a cellular telephone or other mobile electronic device in the Senate Chamber while the Senate is in session. [2003.]

907

908 PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

62. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules or the joint rules of the 2 branches. [1847; 1858; 1882; 1895; 1963.]

912

913 ALTERATIONS, SUSPENSION OR REPEAL OF RULES.

914 63. This rule and rules 24, 31, 33, 34 and 53 shall not be suspended if objection is made;

915 and no other rule shall be altered, suspended or repealed, except by vote of two-thirds of the

916 members present and voting. The Committee on Ethics and Rules may consider and suggest

917 measures that shall, in its judgment, tend to facilitate the business of the Senate, and a majority

918 vote of the Senate shall be required to approve such recommendations. [1817; 1841; 1848; 1882;
919 1888; 1891; 1893; 1899; 1953; 1973; 2003.]

64. Twenty-one members shall constitute a quorum for the organization of the Senate and the transaction of business. [See Amendments to the Constitution, Art. XXXIII.][1973.]

65. The Senate shall meet not later than the fourth Friday following the convening of the
first annual session of a General Court for the purpose of adopting permanent rules of the Senate.
[1991; 2007.]

925 66. [Omitted in 1997.]

67. The resignation of a Senator shall become effective within 14 days from submissionof a letter of resignation or a letter of intent to resign to the Senate President's Office. [2007.]

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## 929 REVIEW PAST SENATE PROCEDURE

68. The President shall establish a commission to examine past rules and practices of theMassachusetts State Senate.

932 This commission shall consist of 3 members: the Senate President pro tempore; the

933 majority leader; and the minority leader; and shall examine and compare the current rules and

934 practices of the Massachusetts State Senate with the body's historic rules and practices. This

935 examination and comparison may include, but not be limited to, matters of decorum, attendance,

936 dress and schedule.

The commission shall report its findings and recommendations by September 1 of everyeven numbered year.

STANLEY C. ROSENBERG, [Sponsor Title]