

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Richard J. Ross

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act requiring that eminent domain be for the public use and defining public use.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Richard J. Ross	Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex	
Citizens for Limited Taxation	PO Box 1147 Marblehead, MA 01945	
Bruce E. Tarr	First Essex and Middlesex	2/14/2017

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1649 FILED ON: 1/20/2017

SENATE No. 928

By Mr. Ross, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 928) of Richard J. Ross, Citizens for Limited Taxation and Bruce E. Tarr for legislation to require that eminent domain takings be for public use purposes and defining the term public use. The Judiciary.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE SENATE, NO. 890 OF 2015-2016.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

An Act requiring that eminent domain be for the public use and defining public use.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 79 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2014 Official Edition,
- 2 is hereby amended by inserting after section 1 the following new section:-

3	Section 1A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither this state nor any
4	political subdivision thereof nor any other condemning entity shall use eminent domain unless it
5	is necessary for a public use. Whenever property is condemned and will be used by a private
6	party, the condemner must establish, by clear and convincing evidence, that the use of eminent
7	domain complies with this section and is reasonably necessary.
8	Public use: The term "public use" shall only mean: (1) the possession, occupation and
9	enjoyment of the land by the general public, or by public agencies; (2) the use of land for the

- 10 creation or functioning of public utilities or common carries; or (3) where the use of eminent
- 11 domain (a)(i) removes a public nuisance, (ii) removes a structure that is beyond repair or unfit
- 12 for human habitation or use, or (iii) is used to acquire abandoned property in its current
- 13 condition. The public benefits of economic development, including an increase in tax base, tax
- 14 revenues, employment and general economic health, shall not constitute a public use.