

SENATE No. 00979

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Harriette L. Chandler

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to adult day health services..

PETITION OF:

NAME:

Harriette L. Chandler

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

First Worcester

SENATE No. 00979

By Ms. Chandler, petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 979) of Chandler for legislation relative to adult day health services [Joint Committee on Mental Health and Substance Abuse].

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION
SEE
□ SENATE
□ , NO. 735 OF 2009-2010.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

An Act relative to adult day health services..

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 7 of Chapter 118G of the General Laws, as appearing the 2008
2 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting, in the first sentence after the words "health care
3 services" the following:- for the purposes of this clause adult day health providers shall be
4 considered institutional providers;

5 SECTION 2. Chapter 118G of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting a new
6 section 17A as follows:-

7 Section 17A. In establishing rates for adult day health providers, the executive office shall
8 establish separate rates for the Basic and Complex levels of service. The Basic level of service
9 rate shall be paid for any program participant who meets the requirements of 130 CMR 404.407

10 or requires skilled services that must be provided in a structured setting because of the intensity,
11 duration, or frequency of need for these services. Skilled services are services ordered by a
12 physician with the professional disciplines of nursing, physical and occupational, or speech
13 therapy. A recipient must require these services to achieve maximum use of his physical or
14 mental capabilities, to prevent his physical or mental deterioration, or to maintain his optimal
15 level of functioning. Skilled services include, but are not limited to, the professional health-care
16 management of the following:

17 (a) Impairments in the cardiovascular, respiratory, endocrine, musculoskeletal,
18 neurological, gastrointestinal, or genitor-urinary systems, which require a plan of skilled care
19 with documentation of assessment, intervention, teaching, and evaluation of clinical outcomes;

20 (b) Orthotic or prosthetic devices that necessitate professional assessment, teaching, and
21 intervention; the presence of an orthotic or prosthetic device does not, in itself, determine the
22 need for skilled care; however, other related medical conditions or specific medical
23 complications may necessitate skilled care, and must be documented in the recipient's medical
24 record;

25 (c) Treatment or prevention of actual or potential deterioration in skin, cardiac, or
26 respiratory status that requires professional assessment, teaching, intervention and evaluation;

27 (d) Administration of prescribed topical, oral, and injectable medications;

28 (e) Specialized treatments, such as oxygen therapy and respiratory therapy, or

29 (f) Impairments in mobility that require assessment, teaching, and evaluation in the use of
30 a cane, walker, or other prescribed durable medical equipment.

31 Sensory loss or impairment is not, in itself, an indication that the recipient requires care
32 in an adult day health setting. In determining the appropriate site and level of care for a recipient,
33 sensory impairment must be considered with all other factors that affect the amount, duration,
34 and scope of services necessary.

35 Mental-state or cognitive impairment is not, in itself, an indication that the recipient
36 requires care in an adult day health setting, nor does it indicate the need for a specific level of
37 care. A recipient who exhibits mental-state or cognitive impairment such as confusion,
38 disorientation to time, place or person, memory loss, or defective judgment - such as an
39 impairment in the ability to judge personal safety and function in a non-supervised setting or
40 impairment in the ability to perceive or communicate health changes - may require care in an
41 adult day health setting. In determining the appropriate care for a recipient, mental-state or
42 cognitive impairment must be considered with all other factors that affect the amount, duration,
43 and scope of services
44 necessary.

45 Any participant who meets the eligibility criteria for nursing home placement pursuant to
46 130 CMR 456.409, and has been diagnosed with dementia shall be eligible for participation in
47 the complex level of care.