

Department of Legislative Services  
Maryland General Assembly  
2018 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE  
First Reader

House Bill 1116 (Delegates Krebs and Afzali)  
Environment and Transportation

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Public Safety - Agritourism - Permit Exemption

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This bill exempts an agricultural building in Carroll County that is used for agritourism from obtaining a change of occupancy permit if (1) the building's use for agritourism does not require it to be occupied by more than 200 people at any one time and (2) the width of egress for the building meets specified building code standards.

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Fiscal Summary

**State Effect:** The bill does not materially affect State finances or operations.

**Local Effect:** Carroll County advises that the bill does not materially affect county finances or operations.

**Small Business Effect:** Minimal.

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Analysis

**Current Law/Background:** According to the *2012 Census of Agriculture*, there were 1,092 farms in Carroll County, averaging 121 acres in size.

*Agritourism*

“Agritourism” is not explicitly defined in statute. However, the Governor’s Intergovernmental Commission on Agriculture (GICA) developed a suggested definition of “agrifourism” to help guide counties and local zoning and permitting agencies when dealing with agricultural operations. As recommended by GICA, “agrifourism” is a series of activities conducted on a farm and offered to the public or to invited groups for the

purpose of education, recreation, or active involvement in the farm operation. These activities may include, but are not limited to:

- farm tours;
- hayrides;
- corn mazes;
- seasonal petting farms;
- farm museums;
- guest farm;
- pumpkin patches;
- “pick your own” or “cut your own” produce;
- classes related to agricultural products or skills; and
- picnic and party facilities offered in conjunction with any of the above.

The definition is advisory only. However, GICA recommends that county officials adopt the language as part of their local ordinances or incorporate it into a guidance document when dealing with farm operations in the zoning and permitting process.

*Exemption from Maryland Building Performance Standards for Agricultural Buildings Used for Agritourism*

An “agricultural building” is a structure designed and constructed to house farm implements, hay, grain, poultry, livestock, or other horticultural products. An agricultural building does not, however, include a place of human residence. The Maryland Building Performance Standards (MBPS) do not apply to the construction, alteration, or modification of an agricultural building for which agritourism is an intended subordinate use in the following counties:

- Calvert;
- Cecil;
- Charles;
- Dorchester;
- Frederick;
- Harford;
- Prince George’s;
- St. Mary’s;
- Somerset; and
- Talbot.

In those counties, an existing agricultural building used for agritourism is not considered a change of occupancy that requires a building permit if the subordinate use of agritourism (1) is in accordance with limitations set forth in regulations adopted by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD); (2) occupies only levels of the building on which a ground level exit is located; and (3) does not require more than 50 people to occupy an individual building at any one time. However, in Cecil and Garrett counties, the occupancy cap is 200 people if the building's total width of egress meets or exceeds the International Building Code (IBC) standard that applies to egress components other than stairways in a building without a sprinkler system.

An agricultural building used for agritourism must be structurally sound and in good repair but need not comply with (1) requirements for bathrooms, sprinkler systems, and elevators as required under MBPS or (2) any other requirements of MBPS or other building codes as set forth in regulations adopted by DHCD.

#### *Maryland Building Performance Standards*

DHCD currently incorporates by reference the 2015 IBC, including the 2015 International Energy Conservation Code, with modifications, as MBPS. In general, the standards apply to all buildings and structures within the State for which a building permit application is received by a local government.

The International Code Council (ICC) develops and publishes IBC. ICC was established in 1994 as a nonprofit organization dedicated to developing a single set of comprehensive and coordinated national model construction codes, including IBC, which has been adopted by all 50 states as well as thousands of local jurisdictions.

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### **Additional Information**

**Prior Introductions:** None.

**Cross File:** SB 1152 (Carroll County Senators) - Rules.

**Information Source(s):** Carroll County; Department of Housing and Community Development; U.S. Department of Agriculture; Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - February 21, 2018  
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