

**Department of Legislative Services**  
Maryland General Assembly  
2014 Session

**FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE**

House Bill 566 (Delegates Howard and V. Turner)  
Environmental Matters

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**Motor Vehicles - Aggressive Driving**

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This bill alters the offense of aggressive driving by specifying that a person who commits two, rather than three, specified offenses at the same time or during a single and continuous period of driving is guilty of aggressive driving. It also increases the penalty from a maximum fine of \$500 to a maximum fine of \$1,000.

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**Fiscal Summary**

**State Effect:** General fund revenues increase from additional fines received for this offense. The magnitude of the increase cannot be reliably estimated. No effect on expenditures as enforcement can be handled with existing resources.

**Local Effect:** Enforcement can be handled with existing resources.

**Small Business Effect:** None.

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**Analysis**

**Current Law:** After conviction for an offense under the Maryland Vehicle Law, State or local traffic regulations, or specified vehicular manslaughter or homicide offenses, State law has established a system of points to be assessed against the driver's license. For points accumulated within a two-year period, the Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA) must impose certain sanctions. The specific offenses and the points to be assessed are set forth in statute. Drivers who accumulate five to seven points within a two-year period must attend the Driver Improvement Program. MVA is required to assess five points against the license of a person convicted of aggressive driving.

A person is guilty of aggressive driving if three or more of the following offenses are committed at the same time or during a single and continuous period of driving in violation of (1) traffic lights with steady indication; (2) overtaking and passing vehicles; (3) passing on the right; (4) driving on laned roadways; (5) following too closely; (6) failing to yield the right of way; or (7) exceeding the maximum speed limit or the posted maximum speed limit.

A driver who commits aggressive driving is guilty of a misdemeanor, which has a maximum fine of \$500. The prepayment penalty established by the District Court is \$370, and MVA must assess five points against the driver's license. In addition, the holder of a provisional license who is younger than age 18 is subject to license suspension for the commission of an aggressive driving offense. Such a driver is guilty of high-risk driving if a young driver commits an aggressive driving offense and MVA must suspend the driver's license for six months for a first offense. For a second or subsequent offense, MVA must suspend the driver's license for one year. A person who receives a license suspension under these circumstances may request an administrative hearing.

**Background:** According to the District Court, during fiscal 2013, a total 783 citations were issued for aggressive driving. Of these, 85 citations were prepaid, 582 went to trial, and 116 remained open.

**State Revenues:** The magnitude of the increase in general fund revenues cannot be reliably estimated as it depends on enforcement. As the threshold for receiving a citation for aggressive driving is significantly reduced, more citations could be issued. However, it is unclear whether the revenue generated from the aggressive driving offense under this bill would exceed the revenue generated from charges from two of the specified offenses under current law. Historical data from the District Court suggests that drivers charged with aggressive driving are generally not willing to admit guilt and prepay the fine. Less than 11% of citations were disposed of by prepayment in fiscal 2013. The proportion of requested trials will likely increase with the higher fine proposed under this bill. *For illustrative purposes only*, if the number of citations for an aggressive driving offense under the bill increased from about 800 to 1,200 in fiscal 2015 (and the number of citations for single offenses did not decrease correspondingly) and only 11% of those drivers prepaid the penalty (which may increase to \$750, since the new fine is twice as high as the current fine), then general fund revenues could increase by about \$49,830 in fiscal 2015 and about \$66,440 on an annual basis.

License suspensions could increase due to accumulation of points. Any revenue from the issuance of corrected licenses as a result of these suspensions is likely minimal.

## **Additional Information**

**Prior Introductions:** None.

**Cross File:** None.

**Information Source(s):** Judiciary (Administrative Office of the Courts), Department of State Police, Maryland Department of Transportation, Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - February 10, 2014  
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