E3 9lr1861 CF 9lr1859

By: Senator Smith

Introduced and read first time: February 4, 2019

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Juvenile Proceedings - Fines, Fees, and Costs

3 FOR the purpose of repealing certain provisions of law authorizing the juvenile court to 4 impose certain civil fines against a child found to have committed certain violations; 5 repealing a certain provision of law authorizing the juvenile court to impose certain 6 court costs against a juvenile respondent or the respondent's parent, guardian, or 7 custodian under certain circumstances; repealing a provision of law authorizing the 8 juvenile court to assess against any party or a parent of a certain child compensation 9 for the services of an attorney appointed to represent the child in a certain action; repealing a provision of law authorizing a court to order a parent to pay a certain 10 11 sum to cover the support of a certain child; prohibiting a court from ordering a certain 12 parent, guardian, or custodian to pay a certain fine, fee, cost, or sum of money for a 13 certain purpose; making conforming changes; and generally relating to fines, fees, 14 and costs in certain juvenile proceedings.

- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 16 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 17 Section 3–8A–19(e), (h), (i), (j), and (k) and 3–8A–20
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)
- 20 BY repealing
- 21 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 22 Section 3–8A–19(g) and 3–8A–29
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)
- 25 BY adding to
- 26 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 27 Section 3–8A–29
- 28 Annotated Code of Maryland

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

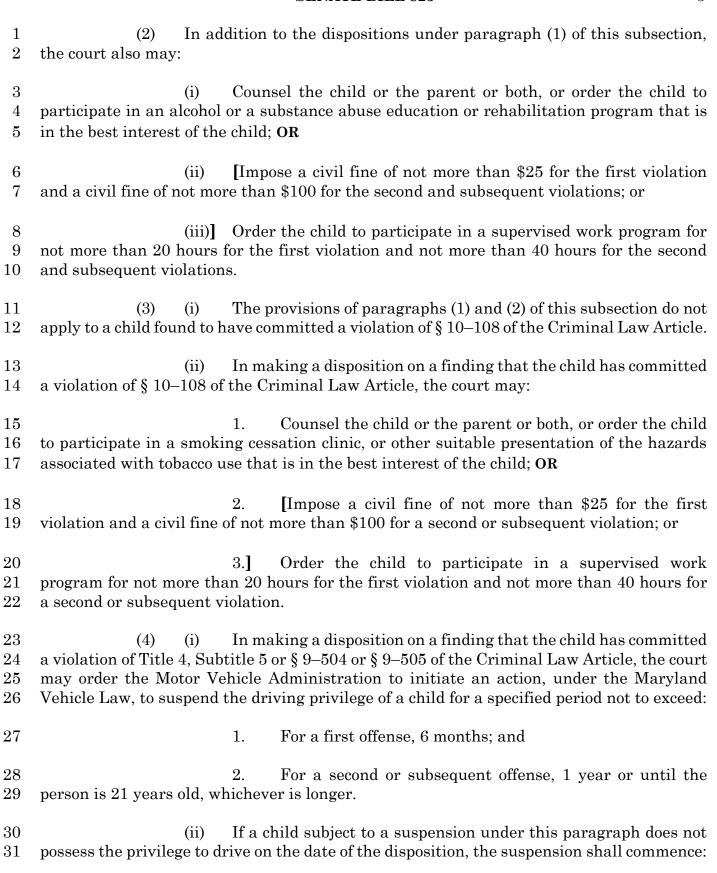
2 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,

3 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

5 3-8A-19.

- 6 (e) (1) (i) Subject to the provisions of subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of this 7 paragraph, in making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed the violation 8 specified in a citation, the court may order the Motor Vehicle Administration to initiate an 9 action, under the motor vehicle laws, to suspend the driving privilege of a child licensed to 10 operate a motor vehicle by the Motor Vehicle Administration for a specified period of not 11 less than 30 days nor more than 90 days.
- 12 (ii) In this paragraph, "driver's license" means a license or permit to drive a motor vehicle that is issued under the laws of this State or any other jurisdiction.
- 14 (iii) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed 15 a violation of § 10–113 of the Criminal Law Article specified in a citation that involved the 16 use of a driver's license or a document purporting to be a driver's license, the court may 17 order the Motor Vehicle Administration to initiate an action under the Maryland Vehicle 18 Law to suspend the driving privilege of a child licensed to operate a motor vehicle by the 19 Motor Vehicle Administration:
- 20 1. For a first offense, for 6 months; and
- 21 2. For a second or subsequent offense, until the child is 21 22 years old.
- 23 (iv) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed 24 a violation under § 26–103 of the Education Article, the court shall order the Motor Vehicle 25 Administration to initiate an action, under the motor vehicle laws, to suspend the driving 26 privilege of a child licensed to operate a motor vehicle by the Motor Vehicle Administration 27 for a specified period of not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days.
- 28 (v) If a child subject to a suspension under this subsection does not 29 hold a license to operate a motor vehicle on the date of the disposition, the suspension shall 30 commence:
- 1. If the child is at least 16 years of age on the date of the disposition, on the date of the disposition; or
- 33 2. If the child is younger than 16 years of age on the date of the disposition, on the date the child reaches the child's 16th birthday.



1. If the child is at an age that is eligible to obtain the privilege to drive on the date of the disposition, on the date of the disposition; or

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- 2. If the child is younger than an age that is eligible to obtain the privilege to drive on the date of the disposition, on the date the child is eligible to obtain driving privileges.
- 4 (5) (i) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed a violation under § 21–1128 of the Transportation Article, the court shall order the Motor Vehicle Administration to initiate an action, under the motor vehicle laws, to suspend the driving privilege of a child licensed to operate a motor vehicle by the Motor Vehicle Administration for a specified period of not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days.
- 9 (ii) If a child subject to a suspension under this paragraph does not possess the privilege to drive on the date of the disposition, the suspension shall commence:
- 1. If, on the date of the disposition, the child is at an age that makes a child eligible to obtain the privilege to drive, on the date of the disposition; or
- 13 2. If, on the date of the disposition, the child is younger than 14 an age that makes a child eligible to obtain the privilege to drive, on the date the child is eligible to obtain driving privileges.
- [(g) The court may impose reasonable court costs against a respondent, or the respondent's parent, guardian, or custodian, against whom a finding of delinquency has been entered under the provisions of this section.]
- 19 **[(h)] (G)** A child may be placed in an emergency facility on an emergency basis 20 under Title 10, Subtitle 6, Part IV of the Health General Article.
- [(i)] (H) The court may not commit a child to the custody of the Maryland Department of Health under this section for inpatient care and treatment in a State mental hospital unless the court finds on the record based upon clear and convincing evidence that:
- 24 (1) The child has a mental disorder;
- 25 (2) The child needs inpatient medical care or treatment for the protection 26 of himself or others;
- 27 (3) The child is unable or unwilling to be voluntarily admitted to such 28 facility; and
- 29 (4) There is no less restrictive form of intervention available which is 30 consistent with the child's condition and welfare.
- I(j) (I) The court may not commit a child to the custody of the Maryland Department of Health under this section for inpatient care and treatment in a State mental retardation facility unless the court finds on the record based upon clear and convincing evidence that:

- 1 (1) The child is mentally retarded;
- 2 (2) The condition is of such a nature that for the adequate care or protection 3 of the child or others, the child needs in–residence care or treatment; and
- 4 (3) There is no less restrictive form of care and treatment available which 5 is consistent with the child's welfare and safety.
- 6 [(k)] (J) (1) Any commitment order issued under subsection [(i) or (j)] (H) OR 7 (I) of this section shall require the Maryland Department of Health to file progress reports 8 with the court at intervals no greater than every 6 months during the life of the order. The 9 Maryland Department of Health shall provide the child's attorney of record with a copy of 10 each report. The court shall review each report promptly and consider whether the 11 commitment order should be modified or vacated. After the first 6 months of the 12 commitment and at 6-month intervals thereafter upon the request of any party, the 13 Department or facility, the court shall grant a hearing for the purpose of determining if the 14 standards specified in subsection [(i) or (j)] (H) OR (I) of this section continue to be met.
- 15 (2) If, at any time after the commitment of the child to a State mental hospital under this section, the individualized treatment plan developed under § 10–706 of the Health General Article recommends that a child no longer meets the standards specified in subsection [(i)] (H) of this section, then the court shall grant a hearing to review the commitment order. The court may grant a hearing at any other time for the purpose of determining if the standards specified in subsection [(i)] (H) of this section continue to be met.
 - (3) If, at any time after the commitment of the child to a State mental retardation facility under this section, the individualized plan of habilitation developed under § 7–1006 of the Health General Article recommends that a child no longer meets the standards specified in subsection [(j)] (I) of this section, then the court shall grant a hearing to review the commitment order. The court may grant a hearing at any other time for the purpose of determining if the standards specified in subsection [(j)] (I) of this section continue to be met.
- 29 3–8A–20.

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- 30 (a) Except as provided in subsection [(d)] (C) of this section, a party is entitled to 31 the assistance of counsel at every stage of any proceeding under this subtitle.
- 32 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, a child may not 33 waive the right to the assistance of counsel in a proceeding under this subtitle.
- 34 (2) A parent, guardian, or custodian of a child may not waive the child's 35 right to the assistance of counsel.

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- 1 After a petition or citation has been filed with the court under this (3)2 subtitle, if a child indicates a desire to waive the right to the assistance of counsel, the court 3 may not accept the waiver unless: The child is in the presence of counsel and has consulted with 4 (i) 5 counsel; and 6 (ii) The court determines that the waiver is knowing and voluntary. 7 In determining whether the waiver is knowing and voluntary, the court 8 shall consider, after appropriate questioning in open court and on the record, whether the child fully comprehends: 9 10 The nature of the allegations and the proceedings, and the range (i) 11 of allowable dispositions; 12 (ii) That counsel may be of assistance in determining and presenting 13 any defenses to the allegations of the petition, or other mitigating circumstances; 14 That the right to the assistance of counsel in a delinquency case, or a child in need of supervision case, includes the right to the prompt assignment of an 15 attorney, without charge to the child if the child is financially unable to obtain private 16 17 counsel; 18 That even if the child intends not to contest the charge or 19 proceeding, counsel may be of substantial assistance in developing and presenting material 20 that could affect the disposition; and 21That among the child's rights at any hearing are the right to call 22witnesses on the child's behalf, the right to confront and cross-examine witnesses, the right 23to obtain witnesses by compulsory process, and the right to require proof of any charges. 24 (c) Compensation for the services of an attorney appointed to represent a child 25in an action under this subtitle may be assessed by the court against any party or against a parent of the child. 2627 (d) (1) A party is not entitled to the assistance of counsel at a peace order proceeding. 28 29 (2)Paragraph (1) of this subsection does not affect the entitlement of a 30 respondent to the assistance of counsel in a contempt proceeding as provided by law. 31 [(e)] **(D)** (1) Unless the case is dismissed, if a child appears in court without 32
 - counsel for a waiver hearing under § 3–8A–06 of this subtitle, or an adjudicatory hearing under § 3–8A–18 of this subtitle, and the child has not previously waived the right to the assistance of counsel in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, the court shall continue and the clerk shall reschedule the waiver or adjudicatory hearing.

The clerk shall issue a notice of the date, time, and location of the 1 (2)2 hearing at least 10 days prior to the date of the hearing. 3 The Office of the Public Defender shall enter an appearance for (3)(i) the child. 4 5 After entry of its appearance, the Office of the Public Defender (ii) 6 shall verify eligibility for continued public defender representation in accordance with § 7 16–210 of the Criminal Procedure Article and the Maryland Rules. 8 **(4)** The continuance of a waiver or adjudicatory hearing under this 9 subsection may not be a basis for detaining the child under § 3–8A–15 of this subtitle. [3-8A-29.10 11 After giving the parent a reasonable opportunity to be heard, the court may order 12 either parent or both parents to pay a sum in the amount the court directs to cover wholly or partly the support of the child under this subtitle. 13 14 3-8A-29. 15 A COURT MAY NOT ORDER A PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR CUSTODIAN TO PAY: 16 **(1)** A FINE, FEE, OR COST UNDER THIS SUBTITLE; OR 17 **(2)** A SUM OF MONEY TO COVER THE SUPPORT OF A CHILD UNDER 18 THIS SUBTITLE.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect

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October 1, 2019.