SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 1

K3 5lr0825 (PRE-FILED) CF HJ 3 By: Senator McCray Requested: September 12, 2024 Introduced and read first time: January 8, 2025 Assigned to: Finance SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION A Senate Joint Resolution concerning Ratifying the Federal Child Labor Amendment FOR the purpose of ratifying the federal Child Labor Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, as proposed by U.S. House Joint Resolution 184 of 1924, to provide the U.S. Congress with the power to limit, regulate, and prohibit the labor of minors; and generally relating to the federal Child Labor Amendment. WHEREAS, In 1924, the 68th Congress of the United States, at its first session, passed House Joint Resolution 184 in both houses, resolving by a constitutional majority of two-thirds of each house that the following article should be proposed as an amendment to the U.S. Constitution: "JOINT RESOLUTION **PROPOSING** AN **AMENDMENT** TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED (TWO-THIRDS OF EACH HOUSE CONCURRING THEREIN), That the following Article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution: ARTICLE _____ Section 1. The Congress shall have power to limit, regulate, and prohibit the labor of persons under eighteen years of age. Section 2. The power of the several States is unimpaired by this article except that the operation of State laws shall be suspended to the extent necessary to give effect to legislation enacted by the Congress."; and

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WHEREAS, In 1937, when the most recent state ratified House Joint Resolution 184, only 28 states had ratified it, which fell short of the three–fourths of states required to ratify a constitutional amendment; and

WHEREAS, The proposal for the constitutional amendment is still outstanding since Congress did not set a time limit for ratification, and ratification by 10 more states is required to add the amendment proposed by House Joint Resolution 184 to the U.S. Constitution; and

- 8 WHEREAS, On March 18, 1927, the 314th session of the Maryland General 9 Assembly rejected ratification of House Joint Resolution 184; and
- WHEREAS, The 447th session of the Maryland General Assembly desires to correct the mistake of its predecessor; and
- WHEREAS, Since 2018, there has been a revived interest nationwide to ratify this amendment, with ratification resolutions introduced in several states including New York, Minnesota, Rhode Island, and Nebraska, a resolution to ratify House Joint Resolution 184 passing the Hawaii Senate in 2021 and 2022, and a resolution to ratify House Joint Resolution 184 passing the Connecticut House of Representatives in 2024; and
- WHEREAS, Regulating the labor of persons under the age of 18 years is necessary to protect their health, welfare, and ability to obtain a quality education; and
- WHEREAS, There has been a weakening of child labor protections in various states and an increase in violations of existing laws; now, therefore, be it
- RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Article proposed as an amendment to the U.S. Constitution as set forth in U.S. House Joint Resolution 184, dated June 2, 1924, is hereby ratified by the Maryland General Assembly; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded by the Department of Legislative Services to the President of the United States of America, 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, D.C. 20500; Vice President of the United States, President of the United States Senate, Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510; the Honorable Colleen Joy Shogan, Archivist of the United States, National Archives and Records Administration, 700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, D.C. 20408; the Maryland Congressional Delegation; and the presiding officer of each House of the legislature of each state of the United States, with the request that it be circulated among leadership of the legislative branch of the state governments.