PLEASE NOTE: Legislative Information *cannot* perform research, provide legal advice, or interpret Maine law. For legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.

Amend the bill by striking out everything after the enacting clause and before the summary and inserting the following:

'Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §564, sub-§5, as amended by PL 1997, c. 624, §3, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:

5. Mandatory facility replacement. Upon the expiration date of a manufacturer's warranty for a tank, the tank and its associated piping must be removed from service and properly abandoned in accordance with section 566A, except that a doublewalled tank may continue in service up to 10 years beyond the expiration of the warranty if:

A. During the year the warranty expires but on a date before the warranty expires, a precision test is conducted to determine the integrity of the tank. Results of the test conducted must be submitted to the commissioner by the facility owner; and

B. During the 5th to 10th years after the expiration of the warranty, a precision test is conducted annually to determine the integrity of the tank. Results of each test must be submitted to the commissioner by the facility owner.

This subsection does not apply until January 1, 2008 to a tank installed before December 31, 1985 that has been retrofitted to meet the requirements of subsections 1A and 1B.

Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §566-A, sub-§1, as amended by PL 2009, c. 501, §7, is further amended to read:

1. Abandonment. All underground oil storage facilities and tanks that have been, or are intended to be, taken out of service for a period of more than 1224 months must be properly abandoned by the owner or operator of the facility or tank or, if the owner or operator is unknown, dissolved or insolvent, by the current owner of the property where the facility or tank is located. All abandoned facilities and tanks must be removed, except where removal is not physically possible or practicable because the tank or other component of the facility to be removed is:

A. Located beneath a building or other permanent structure;

B. Of a size and type of construction that it cannot be removed;

C. Otherwise inaccessible to heavy equipment necessary for removal; or

D. Positioned in such a manner that removal will endanger the structural integrity of nearby tanks.

Sec. 3. 38 MRSA §566-A, sub-§1-A, as amended by PL 2009, c. 501, §8, is further amended to read:

1-A. Abandoned tanks brought back into service. Underground oil storage tanks and facilities that have been out of service for a period of more than <u>1224</u> months may not be brought back into service without the written approval of the commissioner. The commissioner may approve the return to service if the owner demonstrates to the commissioner's satisfaction that:

A. The facility is in compliance with this subchapter and rules adopted pursuant to this subchapter;

B. The underground oil storage tanks and piping have successfully passed testing as directed by the commissioner;

C. The underground oil storage tanks and piping are constructed of fiberglass, cathodically protected steel or other equally noncorrosive material approved by the commissioner;

D. The facility has conforming suction or double-walled pressurized piping; and

E. The return of the facility to service does not pose an unacceptable risk to groundwater resources. In determining if the facility poses an unacceptable risk to groundwater resources, the commissioner may consider the age and maintenance history of the storage tanks and piping, the number and consequences of past oil discharges from the tanks and piping, the proximity of the facility to drinking water supplies and the proximity of the facility to sensitive geologic areas.

The commissioner may not approve the return to service of a single-walled underground oil storage tank that has been out of service for more than 1224 consecutive months.

Sec. 4. Report to the Fund Insurance Review Board. By October 1, 2015, the Department of Environmental Protection shall report to the Fund Insurance Review Board, under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 568B, data and associated information related to all incidents of leaks or spills resulting from the exception to the required replacement of underground oil storage tanks upon the expiration of a manufacturer's warranty for doublewalled underground oil storage tanks pursuant to Title 38, section 564, subsection 5.

Sec. 5. Rulemaking. The Department of Environmental Protection shall amend its rules in accordance with the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, chapter 375 to allow the upgrading of secondary containment systems and related piping for underground oil storage tanks. Rules adopted pursuant to this section are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2A.'

SUMMARY

The amendment replaces the bill. The bill provides that an underground oil storage tank for which the manufacturer's warranty has expired does not need to be removed from service and properly abandoned if the tank is tested in accordance with the provisions of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 38, section 564, subsection 1A. The amendment provides that a doublewalled tank may continue in service up to 10 years beyond the expiration of the warranty if precision tests are undertaken to determine the integrity of the tank.

The amendment also extends from 12 months to 24 months the time period after which underground oil storage tanks taken out of service must be properly abandoned. It also prohibits singlewalled underground oil storage tanks that have been out of service for a period of more than 24 months from being brought back into service and it prohibits doublewalled underground oil storage tanks that have been out of service for a period of service without the written approval of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection.

The amendment also directs the Department of Environmental Protection to report to the Fund Insurance Review Board data and associated information related to incidents of leaks or spills resulting from the doublewalled underground oil storage tank exception to the otherwise mandatory replacement upon the expiration of the manufacturer's warranty.

The amendment also directs the Department of Environmental Protection to amend its rules to allow the upgrading of secondary containment systems for underground oil storage tanks.