## SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 395

A bill to amend 1976 PA 451, entitled "The revised school code,"

by amending sections 1230b, 1249, 1249a, 1249b, and 1280f (MCL 380.1230b, 380.1249, 380.1249a, 380.1249b, and 380.1280f), section 1230b as added by 1996 PA 189, section 1249 as amended by 2019 PA 6, section 1249a as amended by 2015 PA 173, section 1249b as amended by 2019 PA 5, and section 1280f as amended by 2023 PA 7; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 1230b. (1) Before hiring an applicant for employment, a
 school district, local act school district, public school academy,
 intermediate school district, or nonpublic school shall request the
 applicant for employment to sign a statement that does both of the





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1 following:

2 (a) Authorizes the applicant's current or former employer or employers to disclose to the school district, local act school 3 district, public school academy, intermediate school district, or 4 5 nonpublic school any unprofessional conduct by the applicant and to 6 make available to the school district, local act school district, 7 public school academy, intermediate school district, or nonpublic school copies of all documents in the employee's personnel record 8 9 maintained by the current or former employer relating to that 10 unprofessional conduct.

(b) Releases the current or former employer, and employees acting on behalf of the current or former employer, from any liability for providing information described in subdivision (a), as provided in subsection (3), and waives any written notice required under section 6 of the Bullard-Plawecki employee right to know act, Act No. 397 of the Public Acts of 1978, being section 423.506 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.1978 PA 397, MCL 423.506.

18 (2) Before hiring an applicant for employment, a school district, local act school district, public school academy, 19 20 intermediate school district, or nonpublic school shall request at least the applicant's current employer or, if the applicant is not 21 currently employed, the applicant's immediately previous employer 22 to provide the information described in subsection (1)(a), if any. 23 The request shall must include a copy of the statement signed by 24 25 the applicant under subsection (1).

26 (3) Not By not later than 20 business days after receiving a
27 request under subsection (2), an employer shall provide the
28 information requested and make available to the requesting school
29 district, local act school district, public school academy,



intermediate school district, or nonpublic school copies of all 1 documents in the employee's personnel record relating to the 2 unprofessional conduct. An employer, or an employee acting on 3 behalf of the employer, that discloses information under this 4 5 section in good faith is immune from civil liability for the 6 disclosure. An employer, or an employee acting on behalf of the 7 employer, is presumed to be acting in good faith at the time of a 8 disclosure under this section unless a preponderance of the 9 evidence establishes 1 or more of the following:

10 (a) That the employer, or employee, knew the information11 disclosed was false or misleading.

12 (b) That the employer, or employee, disclosed the information13 with a reckless disregard for the truth.

14 (c) That the disclosure was specifically prohibited by a state15 or federal statute.

16 (4) The board, board of directors, or governing body of a 17 school district, local act school district, public school academy, 18 intermediate school district, or nonpublic school shall not hire an 19 applicant who does not sign the statement described in subsection 20 (1).

(5) Information received under this section shall must be used 21 by a school district, local act school district, public school 22 academy, intermediate school district, or nonpublic school only for 23 24 the purpose of evaluating an applicant's gualifications for 25 employment in the position for which he or she has the applicant applied. Except as otherwise provided by law, a board member or 26 27 employee of a school district, local act school district, public school academy, intermediate school district, or nonpublic school 28 29 shall not disclose the information to any person, individual, other



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1 than the applicant, who is not directly involved in the process of 2 evaluating the applicant's qualifications for employment. A person 3 An individual who violates this subsection is guilty of a 4 misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000.00, but 5 is not subject to the penalties under section 1804.

6 (6) The board, the board of directors, the governing body, or 7 an official of a school district, local act school district, public 8 school academy, intermediate school district, or nonpublic school 9 shall not enter into a collective bargaining agreement, individual 10 employment contract, resignation agreement, severance agreement, or 11 any other contract or agreement that has the effect of suppressing information about unprofessional conduct of an employee or former 12 employee or of expunding information about that unprofessional 13 14 conduct from personnel records. Any provision of a contract or 15 agreement that is contrary to this subsection is void and 16 unenforceable. This subsection does not restrict the expungement 17 from a personnel file of information about alleged unprofessional conduct that has not been substantiated. 18

19 (7) This section does not prevent a school district, local act
20 school district, public school academy, intermediate school
21 district, or nonpublic school from requesting or requiring an
22 applicant for employment to provide information other than that
23 described in this section.

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(8) As used in this section:

(a) "Personnel record" means that term as defined in section 1
of Act No. 397 of the Public Acts of 1978, being section 423.501 of
the Michigan Compiled Laws.the Bullard-Plawecki employee right to
know act, 1978 PA 397, MCL 423.501.

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(b) "Unprofessional conduct" means 1 or more acts <del>of</del>



1 misconduct; that endanger the safety of any student and directly
2 lead to the separation of employment or 1 or more acts of
3 immorality, moral turpitude, or inappropriate behavior involving a
4 minor; or commission of a crime involving a minor. A criminal
5 conviction is not an essential element of determining whether or
6 not-a particular act constitutes unprofessional conduct.

7 Sec. 1249. (1) Subject to subsection (4), with This section 8 does not prohibit, impair, or limit the right or duty of a public 9 school employer and a collective bargaining representative to 10 engage in collective bargaining over the topic of performance 11 evaluations under 1947 PA 336, MCL 423.201 to 423.217. However, a collective bargaining agreement must include, at a minimum, the 12 standards in this section. With the involvement of teachers and 13 14 school administrators, and after collective bargaining with any 15 collective bargaining representative of teachers and school 16 administrators, the board of a school district or intermediate school district or board of directors of a public school academy 17 18 shall adopt and implement for all teachers and school 19 administrators a rigorous, transparent, and fair performance 20 evaluation system that does **at least** all of the following: (a) Evaluates the teacher's or school administrator's job 21

22 performance at least annually while providing timely and 23 constructive feedback.

(b) Establishes clear approaches to measuring student growth
 and provides teachers and school administrators with relevant data
 on student growth.

(b) (c) Evaluates a teacher's or school administrator's job
 performance - using multiple rating categories. that take into
 account student growth and assessment data. Student growth must be



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1 measured using multiple measures that may include student learning objectives, achievement of individualized education program goals, 2 nationally normed or locally developed assessments that are aligned 3 to state standards, research-based growth measures, or alternative 4 5 assessments that are rigorous and comparable across schools within 6 the school district, intermediate school district, or public school 7 academy. If the Before July 1, 2024, the performance evaluation 8 system implemented by a school district, intermediate school 9 district, or public school academy under this section does not 10 already must include the rating of teachers as highly effective, 11 effective, minimally effective, and ineffective. , then the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy 12 13 shall revise the performance evaluation system not later than 14 September 19, 2011 to ensure that it rates teachers as highly 15 effective, effective, minimally effective, or ineffective.Beginning 16 July 1, 2024, the performance evaluation system implemented by a school district, intermediate school district, or public school 17 18 academy under this section must include the rating of teachers as effective, developing, and needing support. 19

20 (c) (d) Uses the evaluations, at a minimum, to inform
21 decisions regarding all both of the following:

(i) The effectiveness of teachers and school administrators,ensuring that they are given ample opportunities for improvement.

24 (*ii*) Promotion, retention, and development Development of
25 teachers and school administrators, including providing relevant
26 coaching, instruction support, or professional development.

27 (iii) Whether to grant tenure or full certification, or both, to
 28 teachers and school administrators using rigorous standards and
 20 the bit of the second school of the second school administrators and school administrators using rigorous standards and

29 streamlined, transparent, and fair procedures.



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1 (iv) Removing ineffective tenured and untenured teachers and 2 school administrators after they have had ample opportunities to 3 improve, and ensuring that these decisions are made using rigorous 4 standards and streamlined, transparent, and fair procedures.

5 (2) The board of a school district or intermediate school
6 district or board of directors of a public school academy shall
7 ensure that the performance evaluation system for teachers meets at
8 least all of the following:

9 (a) The Except as otherwise provided under this subsection,
10 the performance evaluation system must include at least an annual a
11 year-end evaluation for all teachers. An annual The year-end
12 evaluation must meet all both of the following:

13 (i) For the 2018-2019 school year, 25% of the annual year-end 14 evaluation must be based on student growth and assessment data. Beginning with the 2019-2020 school year, 40% of the annual year-15 16 end evaluation must be based on student growth and assessment data. 17 (ii) For core content areas in grades and subjects in which 18 state assessments are administered, 50% of student growth must be 19 measured using the state assessments, and the portion of student 20 growth not measured using state assessments must be measured using 21 multiple research-based growth measures or alternative assessments 22 that are rigorous and comparable across schools within the school 23 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy. 24 Student growth also may be measured by student learning objectives 25 or nationally normed or locally adopted assessments that are aligned to state standards, or based on achievement of 26 27 individualized education program goals.

28 (i) (iii) The portion of a teacher's annual year-end evaluation
29 that is not based on student growth and assessment data, as



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1 described under subparagraph (i), The evaluation must be based
2 primarily on a teacher's performance as measured by the evaluation
3 tool developed or adopted by the school district, intermediate
4 school district, or public school academy under subdivision
5 (f).(e).

6 (*ii*) (*iv*) The Any portion of a teacher's evaluation that is not 7 measured using student growth and assessment data, as described under subparagraph (i), or using the evaluation tool developed or 8 9 adopted by the school district, intermediate school district, or 10 public school academy , as described under subparagraph (iii), must 11 incorporate criteria enumerated in section 1248(1)(b)(i) to (iii) 12 that are not otherwise evaluated under subparagraph (i) or (iii). 13 (b) If there are student growth and assessment data available for a teacher for at least 3 school years, the annual year-end 14 15 evaluation must be based on the student growth and assessment data 16 for the most recent 3-consecutive-school-year period. If there are 17 not student growth and assessment data available for a teacher for 18 at least 3 school years, the annual year-end evaluation must be 19 based on all student growth and assessment data that are available 20 for the teacher.must be based on objective criteria.

21 (b) (c) The annual year-end evaluation must include specific 22 performance goals that will assist in improving effectiveness for 23 the next school year and are developed by the school administrator or his or her the school administrator's designee conducting the 24 25 evaluation, in consultation with the teacher, and any recommended 26 training identified by the school administrator or designee, in 27 consultation with the teacher, that would assist the teacher in meeting these goals. For a teacher described in subdivision  $\frac{d}{r}$ 28 29 (c), the school administrator or designee shall develop, in



consultation with the teacher, an individualized development plan
 that includes these goals and training and is designed to assist
 the teacher to improve his or her the teacher's effectiveness.

4 (c) (d) The performance evaluation system must include a 5 midvear progress report for a teacher who is in the first year of 6 the probationary period prescribed by under section 1 of article II of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, or who received a rating of 7 8 minimally effective, or ineffective, needing support, or developing 9 in his or her the teacher's most recent annual year-end evaluation. 10 The midyear progress report must be used as a supplemental tool to 11 gauge a teacher's improvement from the preceding school year and to assist a teacher to improve. All of the following apply to the 12 13 midyear progress report:

14 (i) The midyear progress report must be based at least in part
15 on student achievement.

16 (i) (ii) The midyear progress report must be aligned with the 17 teacher's individualized development plan under subdivision 18 (c). (b).

19 (ii) (iii) The midyear progress report must include specific 20 performance goals for the remainder of the school year that are developed by the school administrator conducting the annual year-21 22 end evaluation or his or her the school administrator's designee 23 and any recommended training identified by the school administrator 24 or designee that would assist the teacher in meeting these goals. 25 At the midyear progress report, the school administrator or designee shall develop, in consultation with the teacher, a written 26 27 improvement plan that includes these goals and training and is 28 designed to assist the teacher to improve his or her the teacher's 29 rating.



1 (iii) (iv) The midyear progress report must not take the place of 2 an annual a year-end evaluation.

3 (d) (e) The performance evaluation system must include
4 classroom observations to assist in the performance evaluations.
5 All of the following apply to these classroom observations:

6 (i) A classroom observation must include a review of the
7 teacher's lesson plan and the state curriculum standard being used
8 in the lesson and a review of pupil engagement in the lesson. The
9 items described in this subparagraph must be discussed during a
10 post-observation meeting between the school administrator
11 conducting the observation and the teacher.

12 (*ii*) A classroom observation must be not less than 15 minutes
13 but does not have to be for an entire class period.

14 (*iii*) Unless a teacher has received a rating of effective or 15 highly effective on his or her 2 most recent annual year-end 16 evaluations, there There must be at least 2 classroom observations 17 of the a teacher in each school year that the teacher is evaluated. 18 At least 1 One observation must may be unscheduled.

19 (*iv*) The school administrator responsible for the teacher's 20 performance evaluation shall conduct at least 1 of the 21 observations. Other observations may be conducted by other 22 observers who are trained in the use of the evaluation tool that is 23 used under subdivision (f). (e). These other observers may be 24 teacher leaders.

(v) A school district, intermediate school district, or public
school academy shall ensure that, within 30 calendar days after
each observation, the teacher is provided with written feedback
from the observation.

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(e) (f) For the purposes of conducting annual year-end



1 evaluations under the performance evaluation system, by the beginning of the 2016-2017 school year, the school district, 2 intermediate school district, or public school academy shall adopt 3 and implement 1 or more of the evaluation tools for teachers that 4 5 are included on the list under subsection (5). (4). However, if a 6 school district, intermediate school district, or public school 7 academy has 1 or more local evaluation tools for teachers or 8 modifications of an evaluation tool on the list under subsection 9 (5), (4), and the school district, intermediate school district, or 10 public school academy complies with subsection (3), the school 11 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy may conduct annual year-end evaluations for teachers using 1 or 12 more local evaluation tools or modifications. The evaluation tools 13 14 must be used consistently among the schools operated by a school 15 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy so 16 that all similarly situated teachers are evaluated using the same 17 evaluation tool.

(f) (q) The Before July 1, 2024, the performance evaluation 18 19 system must assign an effectiveness **a** rating to each teacher of 20 highly effective, effective, minimally effective, or ineffective, based on his or her score on the annual the teacher's year-end 21 22 evaluation described in this subsection. Beginning July 1, 2024, 23 the performance evaluation system must assign a rating to each teacher of effective, developing, or needing support based on the 24 25 teacher's year-end evaluation described in this subsection. An 26 evaluation and feedback concerning the evaluation must be provided, 27 in writing, to the teacher being evaluated. However, if a written 28 evaluation is not provided, the teacher is deemed effective. 29 (q) A teacher must not be assigned an evaluation rating and



1 must be designated as unevaluated for a school year if any of the 2 following apply to the teacher:

3 (i) The teacher worked less than 60 days in that school year.
4 (ii) The teacher's evaluation results were vacated through the
5 grievance procedure described in subdivision (l).

6 (*iii*) There are extenuating circumstances and the teacher and 7 the school district, intermediate school district, or public school 8 academy agree to designate the teacher as unevaluated because of 9 the extenuating circumstances.

(h) If a teacher receives a unevaluated designation under
subdivision (g), the teacher's rating from the school year
immediately before that designation must be used for consecutive
purposes under this section.

14 (i) (h) As part of the performance evaluation system, and in 15 addition to the requirements of section 1526, a school district, 16 intermediate school district, or public school academy is 17 encouraged to shall assign a mentor or coach to each teacher who is 18 described in subdivision (d).(c).

19 (i) The performance evaluation system may allow for exemption 20 of student growth data for a particular pupil for a school year 21 upon the recommendation of the school administrator conducting the 22 annual year-end evaluation or his or her designee and approval of 23 the school district superintendent or his or her designee, 24 intermediate superintendent or his or her designee, or chief 25 administrator of the public school academy, as applicable. 26 (j) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if a

27 teacher is rated as ineffective or needing support on 3 consecutive
28 annual year-end evaluations, the school district, intermediate
29 school district, or public school academy shall, subject to 1937



(Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.71 to 38.191, dismiss the teacher from his 1 or her the teacher's employment. This Subject to 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 2 4, MCL 38.71 to 38.191, this subdivision does not affect the 3 ability of a school district, intermediate school district, or 4 5 public school academy to dismiss a teacher from his or her the 6 teacher's employment regardless of whether the teacher is rated as 7 ineffective or needing support on 3 consecutive annual year-end 8 evaluations.

9 (k) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if a 10 teacher who is not in a probationary period under section 1 of 11 article II of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, is rated as highly effective or effective on the 3 most recent consecutive annual 12 year-end evaluations, the school district, intermediate school 13 14 district, or public school academy may <del>choose to</del> conduct a year-end 15 evaluation biennially or triennially instead of annually. However, 16 if a teacher who is not in a probationary period under section 1 of article II of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, is not rated as 17 highly effective on 1 of these biennial or triennial year-end 18 19 evaluations, the teacher shall again be provided with annual year-20 end evaluations.

(1) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if for
a teacher who is not in a probationary period prescribed by under
section 1 of article II of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, and is
rated as ineffective needing support on an annual a year-end
evaluation, the teacher following options must be made available to
the teacher:

27 (i) The teacher may request a review of the evaluation and the
28 rating by the school district superintendent, intermediate
29 superintendent, or chief administrator of the public school



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academy, as applicable. The request for a review must be submitted 1 2 in writing within 20-30 calendar days after the teacher is informed 3 of the rating. Upon receipt of the request, the school district superintendent, intermediate superintendent, or chief administrator 4 of the public school academy, as applicable, shall review the 5 6 evaluation and rating and may make any modifications as appropriate 7 based on his or her the school district superintendent's, 8 intermediate superintendent's, or chief administrator's review. 9 However, the performance evaluation system must not allow for a 10 review as described in this subdivision more than twice in a 3-11 school-year period.A written response regarding the school district 12 superintendent's, intermediate superintendent's, or chief 13 administrator's findings must be provided to the teacher who 14 requested the review by not later than 30 calendar days after 15 receipt of the request for a review and before making any modifications under this section. 16

(*ii*) If the written response from the school district superintendent's, intermediate superintendent's, or chief administrator's review does not resolve the matter, the teacher or collective bargaining representative may demand mediation as provided for in 1947 PA 336, 423.201 to 423.217, concerning the evaluation process.

(iii) If a teacher receives 2 consecutive ratings of needing support, the teacher may demand to use the grievance procedure of an applicable collective bargaining agreement that concerns the teacher's second evaluation rating and the evaluation process.

27 (m) The school district, intermediate school district, or
28 public school academy shall provide training to teachers on the
29 evaluation tool or tools used by the school district, intermediate



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school district, or public school academy in its performance
 evaluation system and on how each evaluation tool is used. This
 training may be provided by a school district, intermediate school
 district, or public school academy, or by a consortium consisting
 of 2 or more of these.

6 (n) A school district, intermediate school district, or public 7 school academy shall ensure that training is provided to all 8 evaluators and observers. The training must be provided by an individual who has expertise in the evaluation tool or tools used 9 10 by the school district, intermediate school district, or public 11 school academy - which that may include either a consultant on that evaluation tool or framework or an individual who has been trained 12 to train others in the use of the evaluation tool or tools. This 13 14 subdivision does not prohibit a school district, intermediate 15 school district, public school academy, or consortium consisting of 2 or more of these, from providing the training in the use of the 16 evaluation tool or tools if the trainer has expertise in the 17 evaluation tool or tools. 18

19 (3) A school district, intermediate school district, or public
20 school academy shall post on its public website all of the
21 following information about the evaluation tool or tools it uses
22 for its performance evaluation system for teachers:

(a) The research base for the evaluation framework,
instrument, and process or, if the school district, intermediate
school district, or public school academy adapts or modifies an
evaluation tool from the list under subsection (5), (4), the
research base for the listed evaluation tool and an assurance that
the adaptations or modifications do not compromise the validity of
that research base.



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(b) The identity and qualifications of the author or authors
 or, if the school district, intermediate school district, or public
 school academy adapts or modifies an evaluation tool from the list
 under subsection (5), (4), the identity and qualifications of a
 person with expertise in teacher evaluations who has reviewed the
 adapted or modified evaluation tool.

7 (c) Either evidence of reliability, validity, and efficacy or
8 a plan for developing that evidence or, if the school district,
9 intermediate school district, or public school academy adapts or
10 modifies an evaluation tool from the list under subsection (5),
11 (4), an assurance that the adaptations or modifications do not
12 compromise the reliability, validity, or efficacy of the evaluation
13 tool or the evaluation process.

14 (d) The evaluation frameworks and rubrics with detailed15 descriptors for each performance level on key summative indicators.

16 (e) A description of the processes for conducting classroom
17 observations, collecting evidence, conducting evaluation
18 conferences, developing performance ratings, and developing
19 performance improvement plans.

20 (f) A description of the plan for providing evaluators and21 observers with training.

22 (4) If a collective bargaining agreement was in effect for
23 teachers or school administrators of a school district,

24 intermediate school district, or public school academy as of July
25 19, 2011, if that same collective bargaining agreement is still in
26 effect as of November 5, 2015, and if that collective bargaining
27 agreement prevents compliance with subsection (1), then subsection
28 (1) does not apply to that school district, intermediate school

29 district, or public school academy until after the expiration of



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that collective bargaining agreement.

2 (4) (5) The department shall establish and maintain a list of teacher evaluation tools that have demonstrated evidence of 3 efficacy and that may be used for the purposes of this section. 4 5 That list initially must include at least the evaluation models 6 recommended in the final recommendations released by the Michigan 7 council on educator effectiveness in July 2013. The list must 8 include a statement indicating that school districts, intermediate 9 school districts, and public school academies are not limited to 10 only using the evaluation tools that are included on the list. A 11 school district, intermediate school district, or public school 12 academy is not required to use an evaluation tool for teacher 13 evaluations that is the same as it uses for school administrator 14 evaluations or that has the same author or authors as the 15 evaluation tool it uses for school administrator evaluations. The department shall promulgate rules establishing standards and 16 procedures for adding an evaluation tool to or removing an 17 18 evaluation tool from the list. These rules must include a process for a school district, intermediate school district, or public 19 20 school academy to submit its own evaluation tool for review for 21 placement on the list.

22 (6) The training required under subsection (2) must be paid
23 for from the funds available in the educator evaluation reserve
24 fund created under section 95a of the state school aid act of 1979,
25 MCL 388.1695a.

26 (7) This section does not affect the operation or 27 applicability of section 1248.

(5) By not later than September 1, 2024, and every 3 years
thereafter, each individual who conducts an evaluation under this



section or section 1249b shall complete a rater reliability
 training provided by the school district, intermediate school
 district, public school academy, or the entity that employs the
 individual. The training must include at least all of the
 following:

6 (a) A clear and consistent set of evaluation criteria that all 7 evaluators can use when assessing teacher performance.

8 (b) Clear expectations for what evaluators should look for 9 when assessing teacher performance, including identifying key 10 behaviors and practices that are associated with effective 11 teaching.

12 (c) Training on the evaluation process itself, including how
13 to conduct classroom observations, collect data, and analyze
14 results.

15 (d) Calibration exercises that help evaluators practice using
16 the evaluation criteria and establish consistency in the
17 evaluator's evaluations.

(e) Ongoing support for evaluators, including feedback and
coaching to help the evaluators improve their skills and ensure
they are consistently applying the evaluation criteria.

(6) (8) As used in this section, "teacher" means an individual 21 22 who has a valid Michigan teaching certificate or authorization or 23 who is engaged to teach under section 1233b; who is employed, or contracted for, by a school district, intermediate school district, 24 25 or public school academy; and who is assigned by the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy to 26 27 deliver direct instruction to pupils in any of grades K to 12 as a 28 teacher of record.

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Sec. 1249a. (1) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year,



subject Subject to subsection (2), a school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy shall not assign a pupil to be taught in the same subject area for 2 consecutive years by a teacher who has been rated as ineffective or needing support on his or her the teacher's 2 most recent annual year-end evaluations under section 1249.

7 (2) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, if If a school 8 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy is 9 unable to comply with subsection (1) and plans to assign a pupil to 10 be taught in the same subject area for 2 consecutive years by a 11 teacher who has been rated as ineffective or needing support on his or her the teacher's 2 most recent annual year-end evaluations 12 under section 1249, the board of the school district or 13 14 intermediate school district or board of directors of the public 15 school academy in which the pupil is enrolled shall must notify the pupil's parent or legal quardian that the board or board of 16 directors is unable to comply with subsection (1) and that the 17 18 pupil has been assigned to be taught in the same subject area for a 19 second consecutive year by a teacher who has been rated as 20 ineffective or needing support on his or her the teacher's 2 most recent annual year-end evaluations. The notification shall must be 21 22 in writing, shall must be delivered to the parent or legal guardian 23 not later than July 15 immediately preceding the beginning of the 24 school year for which the pupil is assigned to the teacher, and 25 shall must include an explanation of why the board or board of 26 directors is unable to comply with subsection (1). However, if the 27 teacher requested a review of the teacher's evaluation rating under 28 section 1249, the board of the school district or intermediate 29 school district or the board of directors of the public school



academy must not issue the notification described in this
 subsection until the review process under subsection 1249 is
 complete.

4 Sec. 1249b. (1) The This section does not prohibit, impair, or 5 limit the right or duty of a public school employer and a 6 collective bargaining representative to engage in collective 7 bargaining over the topic of performance evaluations under 1947 PA 8 336, MCL 423.201 to 423.217. However, a collective bargaining 9 agreement must include, at a minimum, the standards in this 10 section. After collective bargaining with any collective bargaining 11 representative to school administrators, the board of a school district or intermediate school district or board of directors of a 12 public school academy shall ensure that the performance evaluation 13 14 system for building-level school administrators and for central-15 office-level school administrators who are regularly involved in 16 instructional matters meets **at least** all of the following:

17 (a) The Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the 18 performance evaluation system must include at least an annual evaluation for all school administrators described in this 19 20 subsection by the school district superintendent or his or her the 21 school district superintendent's designee, intermediate 22 superintendent or his or her the intermediate superintendent's 23 designee, or chief administrator of the public school academy, as 24 applicable. However, a superintendent or chief administrator shall 25 must be evaluated by the board or board of directors or, if the 26 superintendent or chief administrator is not employed directly by 27 the board or board of directors, by the designee of the board or 28 board of directors.

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(b) For the 2018-2019 school year, 25% of the annual



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1 evaluation must be based on student growth and assessment data. Beginning with the 2019-2020 school year, 40% of the annual 2 3 evaluation must be based on student growth and assessment data. The student growth and assessment data to be used for the school 4 5 administrator annual evaluation are the aggregate student growth 6 and assessment data that are used in teacher annual year-end 7 evaluations in each school in which the school administrator works 8 as an administrator or, for a central-office-level school 9 administrator, for the entire school district or intermediate 10 school district.

11 (b) (c) For the purposes of conducting annual evaluations under the performance evaluation system, the school district, 12 intermediate school district, or public school academy shall 13 14 develop or adopt and implement an evaluation tool for school 15 administrators. The portion of a school administrator's annual 16 evaluation that is not based on student growth must be based primarily on the school administrator's performance as measured by 17 this evaluation tool. 18

19 (c) (d) The Any portion of the annual evaluation that is not 20 based on student growth and assessment data as provided under 21 subdivision (b) or on an evaluation tool as provided under subdivision (c) (b) must be based on at least the following for 22 23 each school in which the school administrator works as an 24 administrator or, for a central-office-level school administrator, 25 for the entire school district or intermediate school district: 26 (i) If the school administrator conducts teacher performance 27 evaluations, the school administrator's proficiency in using the 28 evaluation tool for teachers used by the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy under 29

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section 1249. If the school administrator designates another person 1 to conduct teacher performance evaluations, the evaluation of the 2 school administrator on this factor must be based on the designee's 3 proficiency in using the evaluation tool for teachers used by the 4 school district, intermediate school district, or public school 5 6 academy under section 1249, with the designee's performance to be 7 counted as if it were the school administrator personally 8 conducting the teacher performance evaluations.

9 (ii) The progress made by the school or school district in
10 meeting the goals set forth in the school's school improvement plan
11 or the school district's school improvement plans.

12

(iii) Pupil attendance in the school or school district.

13 (iv) Student, parent, and teacher feedback, as available, and 14 other information considered pertinent by the superintendent or 15 other school administrator conducting the performance evaluation or 16 the board or board of directors.objective criteria.

17 (d) (c) For the purposes of conducting annual evaluations 18 under the performance evaluation system, by the beginning of the 19 2016-2017 school year, the school district, intermediate school 20 district, or public school academy shall adopt and implement 1 or 21 more of the evaluation tools for school administrators that are 22 included on the list under subsection (3). However, if a school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy 23 24 has 1 or more local evaluation tools for school administrators or 25 modifications of an evaluation tool on the list under subsection (3), and the school district, intermediate school district, or 26 27 public school academy complies with subsection (2), the school 28 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy may conduct annual year-end evaluations for school administrators 29



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1 using 1 or more local evaluation tools or modifications.

(e) (f) The evaluation tool and other measures used by the
school district, intermediate school district, or public school
academy in its performance evaluation system for school
administrators must be used consistently across the schools
operated by a school district, intermediate school district, or
public school academy so that all similarly situated school
administrators are evaluated using the same measures.

9 (f) (q) The Before July 1, 2024, the performance evaluation 10 system must assign an effectiveness **a** rating to each school 11 administrator described in this subsection of highly effective, effective, minimally effective, or ineffective. Beginning July 1, 12 13 2024, the performance evaluation system must assign a rating to 14 each school administrator described in this subsection of 15 effective, developing, or needing support. An evaluation and feedback concerning the evaluation must be provided, in writing, to 16 17 the school administrator being evaluated. However, if a written 18 evaluation is not provided, the school administrator is deemed 19 effective.

20 (q) For a building-level school administrator's evaluation, 21 the individual conducting the evaluation shall visit the school 22 building where the building-level school administrator works, 23 review the building-level school administrator's school improvement 24 plan, and observe classrooms with the building-level school 25 administrator to collect evidence of the school improvement plan 26 strategies being implemented and the impact the school improvement 27 plan has on learning.

(h) A school administrator must not be assigned an evaluationrating and must be designated as unevaluated for a year if any of



1 the following apply to the school administrator:

2 (i) The school administrator worked less than 60 days in that3 year.

4 (*ii*) The school administrator's evaluation results were vacated
5 through the grievance procedure or arbitration described in
6 subdivision (o).

7 (*iii*) There are extenuating circumstances and the school
8 administrator and the school district, intermediate school
9 district, or public school academy agree to designate the school
10 administrator as unevaluated because of the extenuating
11 circumstances.

(i) If a school administrator is designated as unevaluated under subdivision (h), the school administrator's rating from the year immediately before that designation must be used for consecutive purposes under this section if both of the following are met:

(i) The school administrator continues to be employed in the
same position that the school administrator was employed in the
year before the school administrator received the unevaluated
designation.

(*ii*) The school administrator continues to be employed by the same school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy that employed the school administrator in the year before the school administrator received the unevaluated designation.

(j) (h) The performance evaluation system must ensure that if a school administrator described in this subsection is rated as minimally effective or ineffective, developing or needing support, the person or persons individual conducting the evaluation shall



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1 develop and require the school administrator to implement an
2 improvement plan to correct the deficiencies. The improvement plan
3 must recommend professional development opportunities and other
4 actions designed to improve the rating of the school administrator
5 on his or her the school administrator's next annual evaluation.

6 (k) (i) The performance evaluation system must provide that, 7 if a school administrator described in this subsection is rated as 8 ineffective or needing support on 3 consecutive annual evaluations, 9 the school district, intermediate school district, or public school 10 academy shall dismiss the school administrator from his or her the 11 school administrator's employment. This subdivision does not affect the ability of a school district, intermediate school district, or 12 public school academy to dismiss a school administrator from his or 13 14 her the school administrator's employment regardless of whether the 15 school administrator is rated as ineffective or needing support on 16 3 consecutive annual evaluations.

17 (l) (j) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if 18 a school administrator is rated as highly effective or effective on 19 the 3 most recent consecutive annual evaluations, the school 20 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy 21 may choose to conduct an evaluation biennially instead of annually. 22 However, if a any of the following occur, a school administrator's 23 evaluation must be conducted annually:

24 (i) The school administrator is not rated as highly effective
25 on 1 of these biennial evaluations. - the school administrator
26 shall again be provided with annual evaluations.

27 (*ii*) For a building-level school administrator, the school
28 administrator's supervisor or evaluator changes.

29

(iii) For an individual employed as a school district



superintendent, an intermediate superintendent, or a chief
 administrator, the individual obtains employment with a different
 school district, intermediate school district, or public school
 academy.

5 (m) The performance evaluation system must include a midyear 6 progress report for a school administrator each year that the 7 school administrator is evaluated. The midyear progress report must 8 be used as a supplemental tool to gauge a school administrator's 9 improvement from the preceding evaluation and to assist a school 10 administrator to improve. Both of the following apply to the 11 midyear progress report:

12 (*i*) The midyear progress report must include specific 13 performance goals for the remainder of the school year for 14 building-level school administrators, or for the remainder of the 15 calendar year for all other school administrators, that are 16 developed by the individual conducting the annual evaluation or the 17 individual's designee and any recommended training identified by 18 the individual or designee that would assist the school 19 administrator in meeting these goals. At the midyear progress 20 report, the individual conducting the annual evaluation or the 21 individual's designee shall develop, in consultation with the 22 school administrator, a written improvement plan that includes 23 these goals and training and is designed to assist the school 24 administrator to improve the school administrator's rating.

25 (*ii*) The midyear progress report must not take the place of an
26 annual evaluation.

27 (n) As part of the performance evaluation system, a school
28 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy
29 shall assign a mentor or coach to each school administrator, not



including a school district superintendent, an intermediate
 superintendent, or a chief administrator, for the first 3 years in
 which the school administrator is in a new administrative position.

4 (o) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if a 5 school administrator who is not a school district superintendent, 6 an intermediate superintendent, or a chief administrator is rated 7 as needing support on an evaluation, the following options must be 8 made available to the school administrator, as applicable:

9 (i) The school administrator may request a review of the 10 evaluation and the rating by the school district superintendent, intermediate superintendent, or chief administrator of the public 11 12 school academy, as applicable. The request for a review must be 13 submitted in writing within 30 calendar days after the school 14 administrator is informed of the rating. Upon receipt of the 15 request, the school district superintendent, intermediate 16 superintendent, or chief administrator of the public school 17 academy, as applicable, shall review the evaluation and rating and 18 may make any modifications as appropriate based on the school 19 district superintendent's, intermediate superintendent's, or chief 20 administrator's review. A written response regarding the school 21 district superintendent's, intermediate superintendent's, or chief 22 administrator's findings must be provided to the school 23 administrator who requested the review by not later than 30 24 calendar days after receipt of the request for a review and before 25 making any modifications under this section.

(*ii*) If the written response from the school district
superintendent's or intermediate superintendent's review does not
resolve the matter, the school administrator or collective
bargaining representative may demand mediation as provided for in



1 1947 PA 336, 423.201 to 423.217, concerning the evaluation process.

2 (iii) If the school administrator receives 2 consecutive ratings 3 of needing support, the school administrator may demand to use the 4 grievance procedure of an applicable collective bargaining 5 agreement or of a contract governing the school administrator's 6 employment that concerns the school administrator's second 7 evaluation rating and the evaluation process. If a collective 8 bargaining agreement or a contract governing the school 9 administrator's employment does not contain a grievance procedure, 10 the school administrator may request binding arbitration that 11 concerns the school administrator's second evaluation rating and 12 the evaluation process.

13 (p) (k) The school district, intermediate school district, or 14 public school academy shall provide training to school 15 administrators on the measures used by the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy in its 16 17 performance evaluation system for school administrators and on how 18 each of the measures is used. This training may be provided by a 19 school district, intermediate school district, or public school 20 academy, or by a consortium consisting of 2 or more of these.

21 (q) (1) A school district, intermediate school district, or 22 public school academy shall ensure that training is provided to all 23 evaluators and observers. The training must be provided by an 24 individual who has expertise in the evaluation tool or tools used 25 by the school district, intermediate school district, or public 26 school academy, which may include either a consultant on that evaluation tool or framework or an individual who has been trained 27 28 to train others in the use of the evaluation tool or tools. This 29 subdivision does not prohibit a school district, intermediate



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school district, public school academy, or consortium consisting of
 2 or more of these, from providing the training in the use of the
 evaluation tool or tools if the trainer has expertise in the
 evaluation tool or tools.

5 (2) A school district, intermediate school district, or public
6 school academy shall post on its public website all of the
7 following information about the measures it uses for its
8 performance evaluation system for school administrators:

9 (a) The research base for the evaluation framework,
10 instrument, and process or, if the school district, intermediate
11 school district, or public school academy adapts or modifies an
12 evaluation tool from the list under subsection (3), the research
13 base for the listed evaluation tool and an assurance that the
14 adaptations or modifications do not compromise the validity of that
15 research base.

(b) The identity and qualifications of the author or authors or, if the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy adapts or modifies an evaluation tool from the list under subsection (3), the identity and qualifications of a person with expertise in teacher evaluations who has reviewed the adapted or modified evaluation tool.

(c) Either evidence of reliability, validity, and efficacy or a plan for developing that evidence or, if the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy adapts or modifies an evaluation tool from the list under subsection (3), an assurance that the adaptations or modifications do not compromise the reliability, validity, or efficacy of the evaluation tool or the evaluation process.

29

(d) The evaluation frameworks and rubrics, with detailed



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descriptors for each performance level on key summative indicators.

2 (e) A description of the processes for collecting evidence,
3 conducting evaluation conferences, developing performance ratings,
4 and developing performance improvement plans.

5 (f) A description of the plan for providing evaluators and6 observers with training.

7 (3) The department shall establish and maintain a list of 8 school administrator evaluation tools that have demonstrated 9 evidence of efficacy and that may be used for the purposes of this 10 section. That list initially must include at least the 2 evaluation 11 models recommended in the final recommendations released by the Michigan council on educator effectiveness in July 2013. The list 12 must include a statement indicating that school districts, 13 14 intermediate school districts, and public school academies are not 15 limited to only using the evaluation tools that are included on the list. A school district, intermediate school district, or public 16 school academy is not required to use an evaluation tool for school 17 administrator evaluations that is the same as it uses for teacher 18 19 evaluations or that has the same author or authors as the 20 evaluation tool it uses for teacher evaluations. The department 21 shall promulgate rules establishing standards and procedures for 22 adding an evaluation tool to or removing an evaluation tool from 23 the list. These rules must include a process for a school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy to submit 24 25 its own evaluation tool for review for placement on the list. 26 (4) The training required under subsection (1) must be paid 27 for from the funds available in the educator evaluation reserve fund created under section 95a of the state school aid act of 1979, 28 MCL 388.1695a. 29



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Sec. 1280f. (1) The department shall do all of the following to help ensure that more pupils will achieve a score of at least proficient in English language arts on the grade 3 state assessment:

5 (a) Approve 3 or more valid and reliable screening, formative,
6 and diagnostic reading assessment systems for selection and use by
7 school districts and public school academies in accordance with the
8 following:

9 (i) Each approved assessment system must provide a screening
10 assessment, monitoring capabilities for monitoring progress toward
11 a growth target, and a diagnostic assessment.

12 (*ii*) In determining which assessment systems to approve for use
13 by school districts and public school academies, the department
14 shall also consider at least the following factors:

15 (A) The time required to conduct the assessments, with the16 intention of minimizing the impact on instructional time.

17 (B) The level of integration of assessment results with18 instructional support for teachers and pupils.

19 (C) The timeliness in reporting assessment results to20 teachers, administrators, and parents.

(b) Recommend or develop an early literacy coach model withthe following features:

(i) An early literacy coach shall support and provide initial
and ongoing professional development to teachers in all of the
following:

26 (A) Each of the 5 major reading components listed in
27 subsection (3) (a) (*iv*) (B) as needed, based on an analysis of pupil
28 performance data.

29

(B) Administering and analyzing instructional assessments.



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(C) Providing differentiated instruction and intensive
 intervention.

3

(D) Using progress monitoring.

4 (E) Identifying and addressing reading deficiency.

5 (ii) An early literacy coach shall also do all of the 6 following:

7

(A) Model effective instructional strategies for teachers.

8 (B) Facilitate study groups.

9 (C) Train teachers in data analysis and using data to10 differentiate instruction.

11 (D) Coach and mentor colleagues.

12 (E) Work with teachers to ensure that evidence-based reading 13 programs such as comprehensive core reading programs, supplemental 14 reading programs, and comprehensive intervention reading programs 15 are implemented with fidelity.

16 (F) Train teachers to diagnose and address reading deficiency.
17 (G) Work with teachers in applying evidence-based reading
18 strategies in other content areas, including, but not limited to,
19 prioritizing time spent on those teachers, activities, and roles
20 that will have the greatest impact on pupil achievement and
21 prioritizing coaching and mentoring in classrooms.

(H) Help to increase instructional density to meet the needsof all pupils.

24 (I) Help lead and support reading leadership teams at the25 school.

26 (J) Continue to increase his or her the early literacy coach's
27 knowledge base in best practices in reading instruction and
28 intervention.

29

(K) For each teacher who teaches in a classroom for grades K



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to 3, model for the teacher, and coach the teacher in, instructionwith pupils in whole and small groups.

3 (*iii*) In the context of performing the functions described in
4 subparagraph (*ii*), an early literacy coach must not be asked to
5 perform administrative functions that will confuse his or her the
6 early literacy coach's role for teachers.

7 8 (*iv*) An early literacy coach must meet all of the following:(A) Have experience as a successful classroom teacher.

9 (B) Have sufficient knowledge of scientifically based reading
10 research, special expertise in quality reading instruction and
11 infusing reading strategies into content area instruction, and data
12 management skills.

13

(C) Have a strong knowledge base in working with adults.

14 (D) Have a minimum of a bachelor's degree and advanced
15 coursework in reading or have completed professional development in
16 evidence-based literacy instructional strategies.

17 (v) An early literacy coach must not be assigned a regular 18 classroom teaching assignment, but must be expected to work 19 frequently with pupils in whole and small group instruction or 20 tutoring in the context of modeling and coaching in or outside of 21 teachers' classrooms.

(2) Subject to subsection (10), the board of a school district or board of directors of a public school academy shall do all of the following to ensure that more pupils will achieve a score of at least proficient in English language arts on the grade 3 state assessment:

27 (a) Select 1 valid and reliable screening, formative, and
28 diagnostic reading assessment system from the assessment systems
29 approved by the department under subsection (1)(a). A school



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district or public school academy shall use this assessment system 1 for pupils in grades K to 3 to screen and diagnose difficulties, 2 inform instruction and intervention needs, and assess progress 3 toward a growth target. A school district or public school academy 4 5 periodically shall assess a pupil's progress in reading skills at 6 least 3 times per school year in grades K to 3. The first of these 7 assessments for a school year **in grades 1 to 3** must be conducted 8 within the first 30-90 school days of the school year.

9 (b) For any pupil in grades K to 3 who exhibits a reading 10 deficiency at any time, based upon the reading assessment system 11 selected and used under subdivision (a), provide an individual 12 reading improvement plan for the pupil within 30 days after the identification of the reading deficiency. The individual reading 13 14 improvement plan must be created by the pupil's teacher, school 15 principal, and parent or legal guardian and other pertinent school 16 personnel, and must describe the reading intervention services the pupil will receive to remedy the reading deficiency. A school 17 district or public school academy shall provide intensive reading 18 intervention for the pupil in accordance with the individual 19 20 reading improvement plan until the pupil no longer has a reading 21 deficiency.

(c) If a pupil in grades K to 3 is identified as having an early literacy delay or reading deficiency, provide written notice to the pupil's parent or legal guardian of the delay or reading deficiency in writing and provide tools to assist the parent or legal guardian to engage in intervention and to address or correct any reading deficiency at home.

28 (d) Require a school principal or chief administrator to do29 all of the following:



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(i) For a teacher in grades K to 3, target specific areas of
 professional development based on the reading development needs
 data for incoming pupils.

4 (*ii*) Differentiate and intensify professional development for
5 teachers based on data gathered by monitoring teacher progress in
6 improving pupil proficiency rates among their pupils.

7 (iii) Establish a collaborative system within the school to
8 improve reading proficiency rates in grades K to 3.

9 (*iv*) Ensure that time is provided for teachers to meet for10 professional development.

(e) Utilize, at least, early literacy coaches provided through 11 the intermediate school district in which the school district or 12 public school academy is located, as provided for under section 13 14 35a(4) of the state school aid act of 1979, MCL 388.1635a. However, 15 a public school academy may use an early literacy coach provided by 16 the public school academy, at the expense of the public school 17 academy, rather than using an early literacy coach provided through 18 an intermediate school district if the early literacy coach and the 19 usage of the early literacy coach otherwise meet the requirements of this section. 20

(3) Subject to subsection (10), a school district or public
school academy shall provide reading intervention programs for
pupils in grades K to 3, including at least all of the following:

(a) For pupils who exhibit a reading deficiency, a reading
intervention program intended to ensure that pupils are proficient
readers by the end of grade 3 and that includes some or all of the
following features:

(i) Is provided to each pupil in grades K to 3 who isidentified with a reading deficiency based on screening and



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diagnostic tools, and identifies and addresses the pupil's reading
 deficiency.

3 (*ii*) Periodically screens and monitors the progress of each
4 pupil's reading skills, at least 3 times per year.

5 (*iii*) Provides evidence-based core reading instruction that is
6 comprehensive and meets the majority of the general education
7 classroom needs.

8 (iv) Provides reading intervention that meets, at a minimum,9 the following specifications:

10 (A) Assists pupils exhibiting a reading deficiency in11 developing the ability to read at grade level.

12 (B) Provides intensive development in the 5 major reading13 components: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and14 comprehension.

15

(C) Is systematic, explicit, multisensory, and sequential.

(D) Is implemented during regular school hours in addition toregular classroom reading instruction.

(v) Provides parents, legal guardians, or other providers of
care for the pupil with a read-at-home plan, including parent,
guardian, or care provider training workshops and regular home
reading.

(vi) Documents efforts by the pupil's school to engage the
pupil's parent or legal guardian and whether or not those efforts
were successful.

(vii) Documents any dissenting opinions expressed by school personnel or a parent or legal guardian concerning the individual reading improvement plan provided for the pupil under subsection (2) (b).

29

(b) For grade 3 pupils exhibiting a reading deficiency as



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determined by the pupil's teacher through the diagnostic reading assessment system selected by the school district or public school academy under subsection (2)(a), a reading intervention program intended to correct the identified area or areas of reading deficiency and that includes all of the following features as needed by the individual pupil:

7 (i) Is evidence-based and has proven results in accelerating8 pupil reading achievement within the same school year.

9 (*ii*) Provides more dedicated time than the pupil's previous10 school year in evidence-based reading instruction and intervention.

(*iii*) Provides daily targeted small group or 1-to-1 reading intervention based on pupil needs as determined by assessment data, including explicit and systematic instruction with more detailed and varied explanations, more extensive opportunities for guided practice, and more opportunities for error correction and feedback.

16 (*iv*) Provides administration of ongoing progress monitoring17 assessments to frequently monitor pupil progress.

(v) Provides supplemental evidence-based reading intervention
delivered by a teacher, tutor, or volunteer with specialized
reading training that is provided before school, after school,
during school hours but outside of regular English language arts
classroom time, or any combination of these.

(vi) Provides parents, legal guardians, or other providers of
care for a pupil with a read-at-home plan, including parent,
guardian, or care provider training workshops and regular home
reading.

27 (vii) Documents efforts by the pupil's school to engage the
28 pupil's parent or legal guardian and whether or not those efforts
29 were successful.



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(viii) Documents any dissenting opinions expressed by school
 personnel or a parent or legal guardian concerning the individual
 reading improvement plan provided for the pupil under subsection
 (2) (b).

5 (c) Subject to subsection (11), for pupils identified as
6 English language learners by the pupil's teacher or by the
7 diagnostic reading assessment selected by the school district or
8 public school academy under subsection (2) (a), intervention
9 services that include at least all of the following:

10 (i) Ongoing assessments that provide actionable data for11 teachers to use in interventions.

12

(*ii*) Instruction in academic vocabulary.

13 (*iii*) Instruction in the 5 major reading components listed in
14 subdivision (a) (*iv*) (B).

15 (*iv*) Common English language development strategies such as16 modeling, guided practice, and comprehensive input.

17 (4) For all pupils exhibiting a reading deficiency as 18 determined by the pupil's teacher through the diagnostic reading 19 assessment system selected by the school district or public school 20 academy under subsection (2) (a), school districts and public school 21 academies are encouraged to offer summer reading camps staffed with highly effective teachers of reading, as determined by the teacher 22 23 evaluation system under section 1249, providing reading 24 intervention services and supports to correct pupils' identified 25 areas of reading deficiency.

26 (5) After the department finalizes the scoring for the grade 3
27 state assessments, whichever is earlier, the department shall
28 provide CEPI with the grade 3 state assessment scores for every
29 grade 3 pupil enrolled in a public school in this state who was



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administered 1 or more of those assessments.

2 (6) After CEPI receives the grade 3 state assessment results from the department under subsection (5), using those state 3 assessment results, CEPI shall identify each pupil completing grade 4 5 3 that year who has a reading deficiency and shall notify the 6 parent or legal guardian and the school district or public school 7 academy of each of these pupils that the pupil has a reading 8 deficiency; shall include an explanation in the notification 9 concerning what constitutes a reading deficiency; and shall 10 include, in the notification, information concerning interventions that are available to the pupil to address the pupil's reading 11 12 deficiency. A school district or public school academy may also make its own notification to a parent or guardian in addition to 13 14 the notification by CEPI.

15 (7) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for a grade 16 3 pupil who has a reading deficiency based on the grade 3 state English language arts assessment, the school district or public 17 school academy shall provide, only through grade 4, a reading 18 19 intervention program that is intended to correct the pupil's specific reading deficiency, as identified by a valid and reliable 20 assessment. This program must include effective instructional 21 strategies necessary to assist the pupil in becoming a successful 22 23 reader, and all of the following features, as appropriate for the 24 needs of the individual pupil:

25 (a) Assigning to a pupil 1 or more of the following: (i) A highly An effective teacher of reading as determined by 26

27 the teacher evaluation system under section 1249.

28 (ii) The highest evaluated grade 3 teacher in the school as 29 determined by the teacher evaluation system under section 1249.



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(*iii*) A reading specialist.

2 (b) Reading programs that are evidence-based and have proven
3 results in accelerating pupil reading achievement within the same
4 school year.

5 (c) Reading instruction and intervention for the majority of
6 pupil contact time each day that incorporates opportunities to
7 master the grade 4 state standards in other core academic areas, if
8 applicable.

9 (d) Daily targeted small group or 1-to-1 reading intervention 10 that is based on pupil needs, determined by assessment data, and on 11 identified reading deficiencies and that includes explicit and 12 systematic instruction with more detailed and varied explanations, 13 more extensive opportunities for guided practice, and more 14 opportunities for error correction and feedback.

15 (e) Administration of ongoing progress monitoring assessments16 to frequently monitor pupil progress toward a growth target.

(f) Supplemental evidence-based reading intervention delivered by a teacher or tutor with specialized reading training that is provided before school, after school, during regular school hours but outside of regular English language arts classroom time, or any combination of these.

(g) Providing parents, legal guardians, or other providers of
care for the pupil with a read-at-home plan, including parent,
guardian, or care provider training workshops and regular home
reading.

(8) For a pupil or child described in subsection (7) who has a
reading deficiency at the end of grade 4, the school district or
public school academy shall provide intensive reading intervention
beyond grade 4 to the pupil, in a manner determined by the school



district or public school academy, until the pupil no longer has a
 reading deficiency.

(9) If a school district or public school academy cannot 3 furnish the number of teachers needed to satisfy 1 or more of the 4 criteria set forth in this section for a school year, then by the 5 6 August 15 before the beginning of that school year the school 7 district or public school academy shall develop a staffing plan for 8 providing services under this section. The school district or 9 public school academy shall post the staffing plan on its website 10 for the applicable school year. The staffing plan must include at 11 least all of the following:

12 (a) A description of the criteria that will be used to assign
13 a pupil who has been identified as not proficient in English
14 language arts to a teacher.

15 (b) The credentials or training held by teachers currently16 teaching at the school.

17 (c) How the school district or public school academy will meet18 the requirements under this section.

(10) This section does not require or state an intention to require a school district or public school academy to supplant state funds with federal funds for implementing or supporting the activities under this section and does not prohibit a school district or public school academy from continuing to use federal funds for any of the purposes or activities described in this section.

(11) For pupils identified as English language learners by the pupil's teacher or by the diagnostic reading assessment selected by the school district or public school academy under subsection (2) (a), if available staff resources allow, a school district or



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public school academy is encouraged to provide the following intervention services in addition to those required under subsection (3)(c):

4 (a) Instruction in the pupil's native language, with
5 withdrawal of that instruction as appropriate as the pupil improves
6 his or her the pupil's English language skills. A school district
7 or public school academy is encouraged to provide this support for
8 at least pupils whose native language is Spanish, Chinese, Hindi,
9 Korean, or Arabic.

10 (b) Opportunities for speech production.

11 (c) Common English language development strategies such as 12 modeling, guided practice, and comprehensive input.

13 (d) Feedback for the pupil, including explanations in his or
14 her the pupil's native language.

15

(12) As used in this section:

16 (a) "CEPI" means the center for educational performance and
17 information created under section 94a of the state school aid act
18 of 1979, MCL 388.1694a.

(b) (a)—"Evidence-based" means based in research and with
 proven efficacy.

(c) (b)—"Reading deficiency" means scoring below grade level or being determined to be at risk of reading failure based on a screening assessment, diagnostic assessment, standardized summative assessment, or progress monitoring.

(d) (c) "Reading leadership team" means a collaborative system
led by a school building's principal or program director and
consisting of a cross-section of faculty who are interested in
working to improve literacy instruction across the curriculum.
Enacting section 1. Sections 1250, 1531j, and 1531k of the



revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1250, 380.1531j, and 1 380.1531k, are repealed. 2 3 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act takes effect July 1, 2024. 4 Enacting section 3. This amendatory act does not take effect 5 unless all of the following bills of the 102nd Legislature are 6 enacted into law: 7 8 (a) Senate Bill No. 396. 9 (b) House Bill No. 4821.

10 (c) House Bill No. 4822.



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