

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

H. F. No. 848

- 02/12/2015 Authored by Davids
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Taxes
- 04/23/2015 Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
- 04/25/2015 Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended
Read Second Time
- 04/29/2015 Calendar for the Day, Amended
Read Third Time as Amended
Passed by the House as Amended and transmitted to the Senate to include Floor Amendments

1.1 A bill for an act

1.2 relating to financing and operation of state and local government; making

1.3 changes to individual income, corporate franchise, property, sales and use,

1.4 excise, estate, mineral, tobacco, gambling, special, local, and other taxes and

1.5 tax-related provisions; providing for long-term care savings plans; modifying

1.6 business income tax credits; modifying income tax subtractions and additions;

1.7 modifying the definition of resident for income tax purposes; modifying

1.8 the dependent care credit, education credit, and research credit; providing

1.9 credits for MNsure premium payments, attaining a master's degree, student

1.10 loan payments, college savings plans, and job training centers; modifying

1.11 reciprocity provisions; providing an additional personal and dependent

1.12 exemption; allowing a reverse referendum for property tax levies under certain

1.13 circumstances; modifying dates for local referenda related to spending; changing

1.14 proposed levy certification dates for special taxing districts; modifying general

1.15 property tax provisions; providing for joint county and township assessment

1.16 agreements; modifying the definition of agricultural homestead; modifying

1.17 property classification definitions; permanently extending the market value

1.18 exclusion for surviving spouses of deceased service members and permanently

1.19 disabled veterans; modifying provisions for appeals and equalizations courses;

1.20 providing a tax credit for overvalued property; modifying and phasing out the

1.21 state general levy; modifying proposed levy provisions; modifying due dates

1.22 for property taxes; changing withdrawal procedures for the Sustainable Forest

1.23 Incentive Program; authorizing valuation exclusion for certain improvements

1.24 to homestead and commercial-industrial property; providing an increased estate

1.25 tax exemption amount and other estate tax provisions; providing for certain

1.26 economic development projects; providing for the Minnesota New Markets Jobs

1.27 Act; restricting expenditures and other powers related to certain rail projects;

1.28 providing for additional border city zone allocations; modifying general tax

1.29 increment financing provisions; modifying provisions for the Destination Medical

1.30 Center; modifying general and local sales and use tax provisions; modifying sales

1.31 tax definitions and refunds related to petroleum and special fuel, durable medical

1.32 equipment, instructional materials, propane tanks, bullion, capital equipment,

1.33 and nonprofit groups; providing for a vendor allowance; providing exemptions

1.34 for animal shelters, city celebrations, BMX tracks, and certain building and

1.35 construction materials; repealing the tax on digital products; providing a separate

1.36 rate for certain modular housing; modifying gambling taxes; providing a

1.37 definition and rate of tax for vapor products under the tobacco tax; modifying

1.38 cigarette stamp provisions; modifying rates for pull tabs sold at bingo halls;

1.39 modifying miscellaneous tax provisions; modifying sales tax deposits, accounts,

2.1 and provisions for transportation purposes; modifying local government aids
2.2 and credits; providing for a school building bond agricultural credit; modifying
2.3 assessor accreditation; accelerating the repeal of MinnesotaCare provider taxes;
2.4 creating a county program aid working group; establishing trust fund accounts;
2.5 providing trust fund payments to counties; modifying provisions related to
2.6 payments in lieu of taxes for natural resources land; repealing the political
2.7 contribution refund; making various conforming and technical changes; requiring
2.8 reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections
2.9 16A.726; 40A.18, subdivision 2; 62V.05, subdivision 5; 97A.055, subdivision
2.10 2; 97A.056, subdivision 1a, by adding subdivisions; 116J.8737, subdivisions 5,
2.11 12; 116P.02, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 123B.63, subdivision 3;
2.12 126C.17, subdivision 9; 205.10, subdivision 1; 205A.05, subdivision 1; 216B.46;
2.13 237.19; 270A.03, subdivision 7; 270B.14, subdivision 17; 270C.13, subdivision
2.14 1; 270C.9901; 273.061, subdivision 4; 273.072, by adding a subdivision;
2.15 273.124, subdivision 14; 273.13, subdivisions 23, 25, 34; 274.014, subdivision
2.16 2; 275.025; 275.065, subdivisions 1, 3; 275.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 275.08,
2.17 subdivision 1b; 275.60; 276.04, subdivisions 1, 2; 278.12; 279.01, subdivisions
2.18 1, 3; 279.37, subdivision 2; 282.01, subdivision 4; 282.261, subdivision 2;
2.19 289A.02, subdivision 7, as amended; 289A.10, subdivision 1; 289A.12, by
2.20 adding a subdivision; 289A.20, subdivision 4; 289A.50, subdivision 1; 290.01,
2.21 subdivisions 6, 7, 19, as amended, 19a, 19b, 19d, 29, 31, as amended; 290.06,
2.22 by adding subdivisions; 290.067, subdivision 1; 290.0671, subdivisions 1, 6a;
2.23 290.0672, subdivision 2; 290.0674, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision;
2.24 290.0677, subdivision 2; 290.068, subdivisions 1, 3, 6a, by adding a subdivision;
2.25 290.081; 290.091, subdivision 2; 290.191, subdivision 5; 290A.03, subdivision
2.26 15, as amended; 290C.10; 291.005, subdivision 1, as amended; 291.016,
2.27 subdivision 3; 291.03, subdivisions 1, 1d; 296A.01, subdivision 12; 296A.08,
2.28 subdivision 2; 296A.16, subdivision 2; 297A.61, subdivisions 3, 4, 38; 297A.62,
2.29 subdivision 3; 297A.668, subdivisions 1, 2, 6a, 7; 297A.669, subdivision 14a;
2.30 297A.67, subdivisions 7a, 13a, by adding subdivisions; 297A.68, subdivisions
2.31 5, 19; 297A.70, subdivisions 4, 10, 14, by adding subdivisions; 297A.71, by
2.32 adding subdivisions; 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.77, subdivision
2.33 3; 297A.815, subdivision 3; 297A.94; 297A.992, subdivisions 1, 6, 6a, by
2.34 adding a subdivision; 297A.994, subdivision 4; 297E.02, subdivisions 1, 6;
2.35 297F.01, subdivision 19, by adding subdivisions; 297F.05, subdivisions 1, 3, by
2.36 adding subdivisions; 297F.06, subdivisions 1, 4; 297F.08, subdivisions 5, 7, 8;
2.37 297F.09, subdivision 1; 297I.20, by adding a subdivision; 298.24, subdivision
2.38 1; 309.53, subdivision 3; 345.42, by adding a subdivision; 349.12, by adding a
2.39 subdivision; 412.221, subdivision 2; 412.301; 426.19, subdivision 2; 447.045,
2.40 subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 6, 7; 452.11; 455.24; 455.29; 459.06, subdivision 1;
2.41 469.053, subdivision 5; 469.0724; 469.107, subdivision 2; 469.169, by adding
2.42 a subdivision; 469.174, subdivisions 12, 14; 469.175, subdivision 3; 469.176,
2.43 subdivisions 4, 4c; 469.1761, by adding a subdivision; 469.1763, subdivisions 1,
2.44 2, 3; 469.178, subdivision 7; 469.190, subdivisions 1, 5; 469.40, subdivision 11,
2.45 as amended; 469.43, by adding a subdivision; 469.45, subdivisions 1, 2; 469.47,
2.46 subdivision 4, as amended; 471.57, subdivision 3; 471.571, subdivision 3;
2.47 471.572, subdivisions 2, 4; 473.13, by adding a subdivision; 473.39, by adding a
2.48 subdivision; 473.446, subdivision 1; 473H.09; 473H.17, subdivision 1a; 475.59;
2.49 477A.013, subdivision 10, by adding a subdivision; 477A.017, subdivision 2,
2.50 by adding a subdivision; 477A.03, subdivisions 2a, 2b; 477A.10; 477A.11, by
2.51 adding subdivisions; 609.5316, subdivision 3; 611.27, subdivisions 13, 15;
2.52 Laws 1980, chapter 511, sections 1, subdivision 2, as amended; 2, as amended;
2.53 Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivisions 3, as amended, 4, as
2.54 amended, 5, 6; Laws 1996, chapter 471, article 3, section 51; Laws 1999, chapter
2.55 243, article 4, section 18, subdivision 1, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 366,
2.56 article 7, section 20; Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 5, section 17, as amended;
2.57 Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 9, article 6, section 97, subdivision
2.58 6; Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 7; proposing coding for new law

3.1 in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 11A; 16A; 16B; 116J; 116P; 117; 273; 274;
 3.2 275; 290; 297A; 416; 459; 473; 477A; 609; proposing coding for new law as
 3.3 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116X; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections
 3.4 10A.322, subdivision 4; 13.4967, subdivision 2; 205.10, subdivision 3; 290.06,
 3.5 subdivision 23; 290.067, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b; 297A.61, subdivisions 50, 51,
 3.6 52, 53, 54, 55, 56; 297A.992, subdivision 12; 297F.05, subdivision 1a; 477A.017,
 3.7 subdivision 3; 477A.085; 477A.19; Minnesota Rules, part 4503.1400, subpart 4.

3.8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

3.9 **ARTICLE 1**

3.10 **INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAXES**

3.11 Section 1. **[16A.728] LONG-TERM CARE SAVINGS PLAN.**

3.12 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
 3.13 have the meanings given.

3.14 (b) "Long-term care expense" means the cost of long-term care in a long-term care
 3.15 facility and the cost of care provided in a person's home when the person receiving the
 3.16 care is unable to perform multiple basic life functions independently.

3.17 (c) "Long-term care insurance premiums" means premiums paid for a long-term care
 3.18 insurance policy, as defined in section 290.0672.

3.19 (d) "Participant" means an individual who has entered into a participation agreement
 3.20 or established an account under the plan with a financial institution with which the
 3.21 commissioner has an agreement under subdivision 2, paragraph (a).

3.22 (e) "Qualified individual" means a person who:

3.23 (1) incurred long-term care expenses during the taxable year; or

3.24 (2) turned 50 years of age or older during the taxable year and who made payments
 3.25 for long-term care insurance premiums during the taxable year.

3.26 Subd. 2. **Commissioner duties; participation agreement.** (a) The Minnesota
 3.27 long-term care savings plan is created. The commissioner shall select the administrator of
 3.28 the plan. If the commissioner receives no acceptable responses to a request for proposals
 3.29 for an administrator for the plan by November 1, 2015, the commissioner may enter into
 3.30 agreements with state chartered or federally chartered banks, savings banks, savings
 3.31 associations, trust companies, or credit unions, or a subsidiary of such an entity, to
 3.32 receive contributions in the form of account deposits. The commissioner may adopt and
 3.33 promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the duties under this subdivision.

3.34 (b) If an administrator is selected, participants must enter into participation
 3.35 agreements with the commissioner, and if an administrator is not selected, participants may
 3.36 make contributions to an account with a financial institution with which the commissioner
 3.37 has an agreement under paragraph (a). A lifetime maximum of \$200,000 may be

4.1 contributed by a participant. The commissioner must adjust the dollar limitation annually
4.2 for inflation as provided in section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

4.3 (c) Each participation agreement must provide that the agreement may be canceled
4.4 or transferred to a spouse upon the terms and conditions set by the commissioner. If
4.5 the participation agreement is canceled or the Minnesota long-term care savings plan is
4.6 terminated, a participant may receive the principal amount of all contributions made
4.7 by the participant or on behalf of the participant plus the actual investment earnings on
4.8 the contributions, less any losses incurred on the contributions. A participant must not
4.9 receive more than the fair market value of the account under the participation agreement
4.10 on the applicable liquidation date.

4.11 (d) A participant retains ownership of all contributions up to the date of use.

4.12 (e) State income tax treatment of contributions and investment earnings is as
4.13 provided in section 290.01, subdivisions 19a and 19b.

4.14 Subd. 3. **Long-term care savings plan trust.** If an administrator for the Minnesota
4.15 long-term care savings plan is selected under subdivision 2, the Minnesota long-term
4.16 care savings plan trust is created. The commissioner is the trustee of the trust and is
4.17 responsible for the administration, operation, and maintenance of the plan and has all the
4.18 powers necessary to carry out and effectuate the purposes, objectives, and provisions
4.19 of the Minnesota long-term care savings plan for the administration, operation, and
4.20 maintenance of the trust, except that the investment officer has fiduciary responsibility
4.21 to make all decisions regarding the investment of the money in the trust, including the
4.22 selection of all investment options and the approval of all fees and other costs charged to
4.23 trust assets, except costs for administration, operation, and maintenance of the trust, under
4.24 the directions, guidelines, and policies established by the State Board of Investment. The
4.25 commissioner may adopt and promulgate rules for the efficient administration, operation,
4.26 and maintenance of the trust. The commissioner must not adopt and promulgate rules and
4.27 regulations that in any way interfere with the fiduciary responsibility of the state investment
4.28 officer to make all decisions regarding the investment of money in the trust. The State
4.29 Board of Investment may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to provide for the
4.30 prudent investment of the assets of the trust. The State Board of Investment or its designee
4.31 may select and enter into agreements with individuals and entities to provide investment
4.32 advice and management of the assets held by the trust, establish investment guidelines,
4.33 objectives, and performance standards for the assets held by the trust, and approve any
4.34 fees, commissions, and expenses which directly or indirectly affect the return on assets.

4.35 Subd. 4. **Authorized withdrawals.** A qualified individual may make withdrawals
4.36 as a participant in the Minnesota long-term care savings plan to pay or reimburse

5.1 long-term care expenses or long-term care insurance premiums. Any participant who is
5.2 not a qualified individual or who makes a withdrawal for any reason other than a transfer
5.3 of funds to a spouse, payment of long-term care expenses or long-term care insurance
5.4 premiums, or the death of the participant is subject to a ten percent penalty on the amount
5.5 withdrawn. The commissioner shall collect the penalty.

5.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

5.7 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62V.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

5.8 Subd. 5. **Health carrier and health plan requirements; participation.** (a)
5.9 Beginning January 1, 2015, the board may establish certification requirements for health
5.10 carriers and health plans to be offered through MNsure that satisfy federal requirements
5.11 under section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148.

5.12 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply if by June 1, 2013, the legislature enacts regulatory
5.13 requirements that:

5.14 (1) apply uniformly to all health carriers and health plans in the individual market;

5.15 (2) apply uniformly to all health carriers and health plans in the small group market;

5.16 and

5.17 (3) satisfy minimum federal certification requirements under section 1311(c)(1) of
5.18 the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148.

5.19 (c) In accordance with section 1311(e) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law
5.20 111-148, the board shall establish policies and procedures for certification and selection
5.21 of health plans to be offered as qualified health plans through MNsure. The board shall
5.22 certify and select a health plan as a qualified health plan to be offered through MNsure, if:

5.23 (1) the health plan meets the minimum certification requirements established in
5.24 paragraph (a) or the market regulatory requirements in paragraph (b);

5.25 (2) the board determines that making the health plan available through MNsure is in
5.26 the interest of qualified individuals and qualified employers;

5.27 (3) the health carrier applying to offer the health plan through MNsure also applies
5.28 to offer health plans at each actuarial value level and service area that the health carrier
5.29 currently offers in the individual and small group markets; and

5.30 (4) the health carrier does not apply to offer health plans in the individual and
5.31 small group markets through MNsure under a separate license of a parent organization
5.32 or holding company under section 60D.15, that is different from what the health carrier
5.33 offers in the individual and small group markets outside MNsure.

5.34 (d) In determining the interests of qualified individuals and employers under
5.35 paragraph (c), clause (2), the board may not exclude a health plan for any reason specified

6.1 under section 1311(e)(1)(B) of the Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148. The board
6.2 may consider:

- 6.3 (1) affordability;
- 6.4 (2) quality and value of health plans;
- 6.5 (3) promotion of prevention and wellness;
- 6.6 (4) promotion of initiatives to reduce health disparities;
- 6.7 (5) market stability and adverse selection;
- 6.8 (6) meaningful choices and access;
- 6.9 (7) alignment and coordination with state agency and private sector purchasing
6.10 strategies and payment reform efforts; and
- 6.11 (8) other criteria that the board determines appropriate.

6.12 (e) For qualified health plans offered through MNsure on or after January 1, 2015,
6.13 the board shall establish policies and procedures under paragraphs (c) and (d) for selection
6.14 of health plans to be offered as qualified health plans through MNsure by February 1
6.15 of each year, beginning February 1, 2014. The board shall consistently and uniformly
6.16 apply all policies and procedures and any requirements, standards, or criteria to all health
6.17 carriers and health plans. For any policies, procedures, requirements, standards, or criteria
6.18 that are defined as rules under section 14.02, subdivision 4, the board may use the process
6.19 described in subdivision 9.

6.20 (f) For 2014, the board shall not have the power to select health carriers and health
6.21 plans for participation in MNsure. The board shall permit all health plans that meet the
6.22 certification requirements under section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public
6.23 Law 111-148, to be offered through MNsure.

6.24 (g) Under this subdivision, the board shall have the power to verify that health
6.25 carriers and health plans are properly certified to be eligible for participation in MNsure.

6.26 (h) The board has the authority to decertify health carriers and health plans that
6.27 fail to maintain compliance with section 1311(c)(1) of the Affordable Care Act, Public
6.28 Law 111-148.

6.29 (i) For qualified health plans offered through MNsure beginning January 1, 2015,
6.30 health carriers must use the most current addendum for Indian health care providers
6.31 approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and the tribes as part of their
6.32 contracts with Indian health care providers. MNsure shall comply with all future changes
6.33 in federal law with regard to health coverage for the tribes.

6.34 (j) Health carriers offering coverage through MNsure shall provide a premium
6.35 advance to qualified individuals eligible for a state tax credit under section 290.0661,
6.36 equal to the amount of the tax credit calculated under that section. Individuals receiving

7.1 a premium advance under this paragraph must pay to the health carrier the full amount
7.2 of the premium advance by April 15 of the year following the coverage year for which
7.3 the premium advance was provided. The MNsure eligibility system must automatically
7.4 notify health carriers:

- 7.5 (1) if an enrollee is eligible for a state tax credit under section 290.0661; and
7.6 (2) the amount of the applicable state tax credit.

7.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
7.8 December 31, 2015.

7.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116J.8737, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

7.10 Subd. 5. **Credit allowed.** (a)(1) A qualified investor or qualified fund is eligible
7.11 for a credit equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment in a qualified small business.
7.12 Investments made by a pass-through entity qualify for a credit only if the entity is a
7.13 qualified fund. The commissioner must not allocate more than \$15,000,000 in credits to
7.14 qualified investors or qualified funds for taxable years beginning after December 31,
7.15 2013, and before January 1, ~~2017~~ 2015, and must not allocate more than \$18,000,000 in
7.16 credits to qualified investors or qualified funds for taxable years beginning after December
7.17 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2019; and

7.18 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2017,
7.19 ~~\$7,500,000~~ 50 percent of the amount available for the taxable year must be allocated to
7.20 credits for qualifying investments in qualified greater Minnesota businesses and minority-
7.21 or women-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota. Any portion of a taxable year's
7.22 credits that is reserved for qualifying investments in greater Minnesota businesses and
7.23 minority- or women-owned qualified small businesses in Minnesota that is not allocated
7.24 by September 30 of the taxable year is available for allocation to other credit applications
7.25 beginning on October 1. Any portion of a taxable year's credits that is not allocated by
7.26 the commissioner does not cancel and may be carried forward to subsequent taxable
7.27 years until all credits have been allocated.

7.28 (b) The commissioner may not allocate more than a total maximum amount in credits
7.29 for a taxable year to a qualified investor for the investor's cumulative qualified investments
7.30 as an individual qualified investor and as an investor in a qualified fund; for married
7.31 couples filing joint returns the maximum is \$250,000, and for all other filers the maximum
7.32 is \$125,000. The commissioner may not allocate more than a total of \$1,000,000 in credits
7.33 over all taxable years for qualified investments in any one qualified small business.

8.1 (c) The commissioner may not allocate a credit to a qualified investor either as
8.2 an individual qualified investor or as an investor in a qualified fund if, at the time the
8.3 investment is proposed:

8.4 (1) the investor is an officer or principal of the qualified small business; or

8.5 (2) the investor, either individually or in combination with one or more members of
8.6 the investor's family, owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of
8.7 the outstanding securities of the qualified small business.

8.8 A member of the family of an individual disqualified by this paragraph is not eligible for a
8.9 credit under this section. For a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this
8.10 paragraph apply collectively to the investor and spouse. For purposes of determining the
8.11 ownership interest of an investor under this paragraph, the rules under section 267(c) and
8.12 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.

8.13 (d) Applications for tax credits for 2010 must be made available on the department's
8.14 Web site by September 1, 2010, and the department must begin accepting applications
8.15 by September 1, 2010. Applications for subsequent years must be made available by
8.16 November 1 of the preceding year.

8.17 (e) Qualified investors and qualified funds must apply to the commissioner for tax
8.18 credits. Tax credits must be allocated to qualified investors or qualified funds in the order
8.19 that the tax credit request applications are filed with the department. The commissioner
8.20 must approve or reject tax credit request applications within 15 days of receiving the
8.21 application. The investment specified in the application must be made within 60 days of
8.22 the allocation of the credits. If the investment is not made within 60 days, the credit
8.23 allocation is canceled and available for reallocation. A qualified investor or qualified fund
8.24 that fails to invest as specified in the application, within 60 days of allocation of the
8.25 credits, must notify the commissioner of the failure to invest within five business days of
8.26 the expiration of the 60-day investment period.

8.27 (f) All tax credit request applications filed with the department on the same day must
8.28 be treated as having been filed contemporaneously. If two or more qualified investors or
8.29 qualified funds file tax credit request applications on the same day, and the aggregate
8.30 amount of credit allocation claims exceeds the aggregate limit of credits under this section
8.31 or the lesser amount of credits that remain unallocated on that day, then the credits must
8.32 be allocated among the qualified investors or qualified funds who filed on that day on a
8.33 pro rata basis with respect to the amounts claimed. The pro rata allocation for any one
8.34 qualified investor or qualified fund is the product obtained by multiplying a fraction,
8.35 the numerator of which is the amount of the credit allocation claim filed on behalf of
8.36 a qualified investor and the denominator of which is the total of all credit allocation

9.1 claims filed on behalf of all applicants on that day, by the amount of credits that remain
9.2 unallocated on that day for the taxable year.

9.3 (g) A qualified investor or qualified fund, or a qualified small business acting on their
9.4 behalf, must notify the commissioner when an investment for which credits were allocated
9.5 has been made, and the taxable year in which the investment was made. A qualified fund
9.6 must also provide the commissioner with a statement indicating the amount invested by
9.7 each investor in the qualified fund based on each investor's share of the assets of the
9.8 qualified fund at the time of the qualified investment. After receiving notification that the
9.9 investment was made, the commissioner must issue credit certificates for the taxable year
9.10 in which the investment was made to the qualified investor or, for an investment made by
9.11 a qualified fund, to each qualified investor who is an investor in the fund. The certificate
9.12 must state that the credit is subject to revocation if the qualified investor or qualified
9.13 fund does not hold the investment in the qualified small business for at least three years,
9.14 consisting of the calendar year in which the investment was made and the two following
9.15 years. The three-year holding period does not apply if:

9.16 (1) the investment by the qualified investor or qualified fund becomes worthless
9.17 before the end of the three-year period;

9.18 (2) 80 percent or more of the assets of the qualified small business is sold before
9.19 the end of the three-year period;

9.20 (3) the qualified small business is sold before the end of the three-year period;

9.21 (4) the qualified small business's common stock begins trading on a public exchange
9.22 before the end of the three-year period; or

9.23 (5) the qualified investor dies before the end of the three-year period.

9.24 (h) The commissioner must notify the commissioner of revenue of credit certificates
9.25 issued under this section.

9.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment for
9.27 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014.

9.28 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116J.8737, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

9.29 Subd. 12. **Sunset.** This section expires for taxable years beginning after December
9.30 31, ~~2016~~ 2018, except that reporting requirements under subdivision 6 and revocation
9.31 of credits under subdivision 7 remain in effect through ~~2018~~ 2020 for qualified
9.32 investors and qualified funds, and through ~~2020~~ 2022 for qualified small businesses,
9.33 reporting requirements under subdivision 9 remain in effect through ~~2021~~ 2023, and the
9.34 appropriation in subdivision 11 remains in effect through ~~2020~~ 2022.

10.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

10.2 Sec. 5. **[116J.8739] TECHNOLOGY CORPORATE TAX BENEFIT REFUND**
10.3 **PROGRAM.**

10.4 Subdivision 1. **Program established.** The commissioner shall establish a corporate
10.5 tax benefit refund program to allow new or expanding technology and biotechnology
10.6 companies in this state with unused net operating loss carryovers under section 290.095 to
10.7 surrender those tax benefits for refunds. The refunds must be used to assist in the funding
10.8 of costs incurred by the new or expanding technology and biotechnology company.

10.9 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
10.10 the meanings given.

10.11 (b) "Biotechnology" means the continually expanding body of fundamental
10.12 knowledge about the functioning of biological systems from the macro level to the
10.13 molecular and subatomic levels, as well as novel products, services, technologies, and
10.14 subtechnologies developed as a result of insights gained from research advances that add
10.15 to that body of fundamental knowledge.

10.16 (c) "Biotechnology company" means an corporation that:

10.17 (1) has its headquarters or base of operations in this state;

10.18 (2) owns, has filed for, or has a valid license to use protected, proprietary intellectual
10.19 property; and

10.20 (3) is engaged in the research, development, production, or provision of
10.21 biotechnology to develop or provide products or processes for specific commercial or
10.22 public purposes including, but not limited to, medical, pharmaceutical, nutritional, and
10.23 other health-related purposes, agricultural purposes, and environmental purposes.

10.24 (d) "Full-time employee" means a person employed by a new or expanding
10.25 technology or biotechnology company for consideration for at least 35 hours per week, or
10.26 who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as
10.27 full-time employment and whose wages are subject to withholding under section 290.92;
10.28 or who is a partner of a new or expanding technology or biotechnology company who
10.29 works for the partnership for at least 35 hours per week, or who renders any other standard
10.30 of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, and whose
10.31 distributive share of income, gain, loss, or deduction, or whose guaranteed payments, or
10.32 any combination of them, is subject to the payment of estimated taxes, under section
10.33 289A.25. To qualify as a full-time employee, an employee must also receive from the new
10.34 or expanding technology or biotechnology company group health benefits under a health
10.35 plan as defined under section 62A.011, subdivision 3, or under a self-insured employee

11.1 welfare benefit plan as defined in United States Code, title 29, section 1002. Full-time
11.2 employee excludes any person who works as an independent contractor or on a consulting
11.3 basis for the new or expanding technology or biotechnology company.

11.4 (e) "New or expanding" means a technology or biotechnology company that:

11.5 (1) on June 30 of the year in which the corporation files an application for surrender
11.6 of tax benefits under this section and on the date of the grant of the corporate tax benefit
11.7 certificate, has fewer than 250 employees in the United States;

11.8 (2) on June 30 of the year in which the corporation files the application, has at least
11.9 one full-time employee working in this state if the company has been incorporated for less
11.10 than three years, has at least five full-time employees working in this state if the company
11.11 has been incorporated for more than three years but fewer than five years, and has at least
11.12 ten full-time employees working in this state if the company has been incorporated for
11.13 more than five years; and

11.14 (3) on the date of the grant of the corporate tax benefit certificate, the corporation
11.15 has the number of full-time employees in this state required by clause (2).

11.16 (f) "Technology company" means a corporation that:

11.17 (1) has its headquarters or base of operations in this state;

11.18 (2) owns, has filed for, or has a valid license to use protected, proprietary intellectual
11.19 property; and

11.20 (3) employs some combination of the following: highly educated or trained
11.21 managers and workers, or both, employed in this state who use sophisticated scientific
11.22 research service or production equipment, processes, or knowledge to discover, develop,
11.23 test, transfer, or manufacture a product or service.

11.24 Subd. 3. **Allocation of tax benefits; annual limit.** (a) The commissioner, in
11.25 cooperation with the commissioner of revenue, shall review and approve applications by
11.26 new or expanding technology and biotechnology companies with unused but otherwise
11.27 allowable net operating loss carryovers under section 290.095 to surrender those tax
11.28 benefits for the grant of a refund. The amount of the qualifying tax benefit is the amount
11.29 of the net operating loss carryover multiplied by the new or expanding technology
11.30 or biotechnology company's anticipated apportionment percentage, as determined
11.31 under section 290.191, for the taxable year in which the benefit is surrendered and then
11.32 multiplied by the corporate franchise tax rate under section 290.06, subdivision 1.

11.33 (b) The commissioner must approve the grant of no more than \$15,000,000 of
11.34 tax benefit refunds in each fiscal year. If the total amount of tax benefits requested
11.35 to be surrendered by approved applicants exceeds \$15,000,000 for a fiscal year, the
11.36 commissioner, in cooperation with the commissioner of revenue, must not approve the

12.1 grant of more than \$15,000,000 of tax benefits for that fiscal year and shall allocate the
12.2 grant of tax benefit refunds by approved corporations using the following method:

12.3 (1) an eligible applicant with \$250,000 or less of qualifying tax benefits may
12.4 surrender the entire amount of its tax benefits;

12.5 (2) an eligible applicant with more than \$250,000 of qualifying tax benefits may
12.6 surrender a minimum of \$250,000 of its tax benefits; and

12.7 (3) an eligible applicant with more than \$250,000 of qualifying tax benefits may
12.8 surrender additional tax benefits determined by multiplying the applicant's tax benefits,
12.9 less the minimum tax benefits that corporation is authorized to surrender under clause (2),
12.10 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount of tax benefit grants that the
12.11 commissioner is authorized to approve less the total amount of tax benefits approved
12.12 under clauses (1) and (2), and the denominator of which is the total amount of tax benefits
12.13 requested to be surrendered by all eligible applicants less the total amount of tax benefit
12.14 grants approved under clauses (1) and (2).

12.15 (c) If the total amount of tax benefit grants that would be authorized using the
12.16 method under paragraph (b) exceeds \$15,000,000 for a fiscal year, then the commissioner,
12.17 in cooperation with the commissioner of revenue, shall limit the total amount of tax benefit
12.18 grants authorized to \$15,000,000 by applying the above method on an apportioned basis.

12.19 Subd. 4. **Qualifying tax benefits and corporations.** (a) For purposes of this
12.20 section, qualifying tax benefits include an eligible applicant's unused but otherwise
12.21 allowable carryover of net operating losses multiplied by the applicant's anticipated
12.22 allocation factor as determined under section 290.191 for the taxable year in which the
12.23 benefit is surrendered and subsequently multiplied by the corporation franchise tax rate
12.24 under section 290.06, subdivision 1. An eligible applicant's qualifying tax benefits are
12.25 limited to net operating losses that the applicant requests to surrender in its application to
12.26 the authority and must not, in total, exceed the maximum amount of tax benefits that the
12.27 applicant is eligible to surrender. No application for a corporate tax benefit certificate must
12.28 be approved in which the new or expanding technology or biotechnology company:

12.29 (1) has demonstrated positive net operating income in any of the two previous full
12.30 years of ongoing operations as determined on its financial statements issued according to
12.31 generally accepted accounting standards endorsed by the Financial Accounting Standards
12.32 Board; or

12.33 (2) is directly or indirectly at least 50 percent owned or controlled by another
12.34 corporation that has demonstrated positive net operating income in any of the two previous
12.35 full years of ongoing operations as determined on its financial statements issued according
12.36 to generally accepted accounting standards endorsed by the Financial Accounting

13.1 Standards Board or is part of a consolidated group of affiliated corporations, as filed for
13.2 federal income tax purposes, that in the aggregate has demonstrated positive net operating
13.3 income in any of the two previous full years of ongoing operations as determined on
13.4 its combined financial statements issued according to generally accepted accounting
13.5 standards endorsed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

13.6 (b) The maximum lifetime value of surrendered tax benefits that a corporation may
13.7 surrender under the program is \$5,000,000.

13.8 Subd. 5. **Recapture of tax benefits.** The commissioner, in consultation with the
13.9 commissioner of revenue, shall establish procedures for the recapture of all of, or a portion
13.10 of, the amount of a grant of a corporate tax benefit certificate from the new or expanding
13.11 technology or biotechnology company receiving a grant for a refund of surrendered tax
13.12 benefits under this section if the taxpayer fails to use the refund as required by this section
13.13 or fails to maintain a headquarters or a base of operation in this state during the five years
13.14 following receipt of the refund, except if the failure to maintain a headquarters or a base
13.15 of operation in this state is due to the liquidation of the new or expanding technology or
13.16 biotechnology company.

13.17 Subd. 6. **Approval of acquisition of tax benefits; purposes; required agreement.**

13.18 (a) The commissioner must not issue a corporate tax benefit certificate unless the applicant
13.19 certifies that as of the date of the grant of the certificate that it is operating as a new or
13.20 expanding technology or biotechnology company in this state and does not intend to cease
13.21 operating as a new or expanding technology or biotechnology company in this state.

13.22 (b) The recipient of a grant under this section must use the refund to pay expenses
13.23 incurred for the operation of the new or expanding technology or biotechnology company
13.24 in this state including, but not limited to, the expenses of fixed assets, such as the
13.25 construction and acquisition and development of real estate, materials, start-up, tenant
13.26 fit-out, working capital, salaries, research and development expenditures, and any other
13.27 expenses determined by the commissioner to be necessary to carry out technology or
13.28 biotechnology company operations in this state.

13.29 (c) The commissioner shall enter into a written agreement with the new or expanding
13.30 technology or biotechnology company specifying the terms and conditions of the grant
13.31 of the certificate of tax benefits. The written agreement may require the maintenance by
13.32 the new or expanding technology or biotechnology company of a headquarters or a base
13.33 of operation in this state.

13.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
13.35 and applies to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2015.

14.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 289A.02, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws
14.2 2015, chapter 1, section 1, is amended to read:

14.3 Subd. 7. **Internal Revenue Code.** Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal
14.4 Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through ~~December~~
14.5 ~~31, 2014~~ April 1, 2015.

14.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

14.7 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 289A.12, is amended by adding a subdivision
14.8 to read:

14.9 Subd. 19. **Charity health care services.** (a) A medical professional, dentist, or
14.10 chiropractor claiming the subtraction under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause
14.11 (23), must file an informational report with the commissioner documenting the value
14.12 of charity health care services that the individual provided during the taxable year. A
14.13 business that employs a medical professional, dentist, or chiropractor may also file an
14.14 informational report with the commissioner documenting the value of charity health care
14.15 services its employees provided during the taxable year. The charity health care services
14.16 reported to the commissioner must be limited to those services covered under medical
14.17 assistance and for which a federal Medicaid match is available and must be calculated
14.18 at the reimbursement rates provided in section 256B.76.

14.19 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:

14.20 (1) "chiropractor" means an individual licensed under chapter 148;

14.21 (2) "dentist" means an individual licensed under chapter 150A; and

14.22 (3) "medical professional" means an individual licensed under chapter 147, an
14.23 individual licensed under chapter 147B, and a mental health professional as defined under
14.24 section 245.462, subdivision 18, or section 245.4871, subdivision 27.

14.25 (c) The commissioner shall define charity health care services for purposes of this
14.26 subdivision. In developing this definition, the commissioner shall consider the criteria
14.27 specified in Minnesota Rules, part 4650.0115, subpart 2.

14.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
14.29 December 31, 2015.

14.30 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

14.31 Subd. 7. **Resident.** (a) The term "resident" means any individual domiciled
14.32 in Minnesota, except that an individual is not a "resident" for the period of time that
14.33 the individual is a "qualified individual" as defined in section 911(d)(1) of the Internal

15.1 Revenue Code, if the qualified individual notifies the county within three months of
15.2 moving out of the country that homestead status be revoked for the Minnesota residence
15.3 of the qualified individual, and the property is not classified as a homestead while the
15.4 individual remains a qualified individual.

15.5 (b) "Resident" also means any individual domiciled outside the state who maintains
15.6 a place of abode in the state and spends in the aggregate more than one-half of the tax
15.7 year in Minnesota, unless:

15.8 (1) the individual or the spouse of the individual is in the armed forces of the United
15.9 States; or

15.10 (2) the individual is covered under the reciprocity provisions in section 290.081.

15.11 For purposes of this subdivision, presence within the state for any part of a calendar
15.12 day constitutes a day spent in the state, except that a day spent in Minnesota for the
15.13 primary purpose of receiving medical treatment by the taxpayer, or the spouse, child, or
15.14 parent of the taxpayer, is not treated as a day spent in Minnesota. "Medical treatment"
15.15 means treatment as defined in section 213(d)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code.

15.16 Individuals shall keep adequate records to substantiate the days spent outside the state.

15.17 The term "abode" means a dwelling maintained by an individual, whether or not
15.18 owned by the individual and whether or not occupied by the individual, and includes a
15.19 dwelling place owned or leased by the individual's spouse.

15.20 (c) In determining where an individual is domiciled, neither the commissioner nor
15.21 any court shall consider:

15.22 (1) charitable contributions made by an the individual within or without the state in
15.23 determining if the individual is domiciled in Minnesota;

15.24 (2) the location of the individual's attorney, certified public accountant, or financial
15.25 adviser; or

15.26 (3) the place of business of a financial institution at which the individual applies for
15.27 any new type of credit or at which the individual opens or maintains any type of account.

15.28 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given
15.29 them:

15.30 (1) "financial adviser" means a financial institution or an individual engaged in
15.31 business as a certified financial planner, registered investment adviser, licensed insurance
15.32 agent, or securities broker-dealer; and

15.33 (2) "financial institution" means a financial institution as defined in section 47.015,
15.34 subdivision 1; a state or nationally chartered credit union; or a registered broker-dealer
15.35 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.

16.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
16.2 December 31, 2014.

16.3 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 19, as amended by Laws
16.4 2015, chapter 1, section 2, is amended to read:

16.5 Subd. 19. **Net income.** The term "net income" means the federal taxable income,
16.6 as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the
16.7 date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the
16.8 Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the
16.9 Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax
16.10 purposes, and with the modifications provided in subdivisions 19a to 19f.

16.11 In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section
16.12 851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment
16.13 company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
16.14 except that:

16.15 (1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the Internal
16.16 Revenue Code does not apply;

16.17 (2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal
16.18 Revenue Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and
16.19 exempt-interest dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal
16.20 Revenue Code; and

16.21 (3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any
16.22 undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated
16.23 as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

16.24 The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section
16.25 856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust
16.26 taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

16.27 The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of
16.28 the Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the
16.29 Internal Revenue Code.

16.30 The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through ~~December 31, 2014~~ April
16.31 1, 2015, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996.

16.32 Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in
16.33 subdivisions 19 to 19f mean the code in effect for purposes of determining net income for
16.34 the applicable year.

17.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
17.2 except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same
17.3 time as the changes were effective for federal purposes.

17.4 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 19a, is amended to read:

17.5 Subd. 19a. **Additions to federal taxable income.** For individuals, estates, and
17.6 trusts, there shall be added to federal taxable income:

17.7 (1)(i) interest income on obligations of any state other than Minnesota or a political
17.8 or governmental subdivision, municipality, or governmental agency or instrumentality
17.9 of any state other than Minnesota exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal
17.10 Revenue Code or any other federal statute; and

17.11 (ii) exempt-interest dividends as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue
17.12 Code, except:

17.13 (A) the portion of the exempt-interest dividends exempt from state taxation under
17.14 the laws of the United States; and

17.15 (B) the portion of the exempt-interest dividends derived from interest income
17.16 on obligations of the state of Minnesota or its political or governmental subdivisions,
17.17 municipalities, governmental agencies or instrumentalities, but only if the portion of the
17.18 exempt-interest dividends from such Minnesota sources paid to all shareholders represents
17.19 95 percent or more of the exempt-interest dividends, including any dividends exempt
17.20 under subitem (A), that are paid by the regulated investment company as defined in section
17.21 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, or the fund of the regulated investment company as
17.22 defined in section 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, making the payment; and

17.23 (iii) for the purposes of items (i) and (ii), interest on obligations of an Indian tribal
17.24 government described in section 7871(c) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as
17.25 interest income on obligations of the state in which the tribe is located;

17.26 (2) the amount of income, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes paid or
17.27 accrued within the taxable year under this chapter and the amount of taxes based on net
17.28 income paid, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes paid to any other state or
17.29 to any province or territory of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction under section
17.30 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, but the addition may not be more than the amount
17.31 by which the state itemized deduction exceeds the amount of the standard deduction as
17.32 defined in section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, minus any addition that would have
17.33 been required under clause (17) if the taxpayer had claimed the standard deduction. For
17.34 the purpose of this clause, income, sales and use, motor vehicle sales, or excise taxes are
17.35 the last itemized deductions disallowed under clause (15);

18.1 (3) the capital gain amount of a lump-sum distribution to which the special tax under
18.2 section 1122(h)(3)(B)(ii) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, Public Law 99-514, applies;

18.3 (4) the amount of income taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year under this
18.4 chapter and taxes based on net income paid to any other state or any province or territory
18.5 of Canada, to the extent allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted gross
18.6 income. For the purpose of this paragraph, income taxes do not include the taxes imposed
18.7 by sections 290.0922, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), 290.9727, 290.9728, and 290.9729;

18.8 (5) the amount of expense, interest, or taxes disallowed pursuant to section 290.10
18.9 other than expenses or interest used in computing net interest income for the subtraction
18.10 allowed under subdivision 19b, clause (1);

18.11 (6) the amount of a partner's pro rata share of net income which does not flow
18.12 through to the partner because the partnership elected to pay the tax on the income under
18.13 section 6242(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

18.14 (7) 80 percent of the depreciation deduction allowed under section 168(k) of the
18.15 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, if the taxpayer has an activity that
18.16 in the taxable year generates a deduction for depreciation under section 168(k) and the
18.17 activity generates a loss for the taxable year that the taxpayer is not allowed to claim for
18.18 the taxable year, "the depreciation allowed under section 168(k)" for the taxable year is
18.19 limited to excess of the depreciation claimed by the activity under section 168(k) over the
18.20 amount of the loss from the activity that is not allowed in the taxable year. In succeeding
18.21 taxable years when the losses not allowed in the taxable year are allowed, the depreciation
18.22 under section 168(k) is allowed;

18.23 (8) 80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed by section 179 of the
18.24 Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the Internal
18.25 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2003;

18.26 (9) to the extent deducted in computing federal taxable income, the amount of the
18.27 deduction allowable under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;

18.28 (10) the amount of expenses disallowed under section 290.10, subdivision 2;

18.29 (11) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, the amount deducted for
18.30 qualified tuition and related expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code, to
18.31 the extent deducted from gross income;

18.32 (12) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, the amount deducted for
18.33 certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D)
18.34 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income;

18.35 (13) discharge of indebtedness income resulting from reacquisition of business
18.36 indebtedness and deferred under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code;

19.1 (14) changes to federal taxable income attributable to a net operating loss that the
19.2 taxpayer elected to carry back for more than two years for federal purposes but for which
19.3 the losses can be carried back for only two years under section 290.095, subdivision
19.4 11, paragraph (c);

19.5 (15) the amount of disallowed itemized deductions, but the amount of disallowed
19.6 itemized deductions plus the addition required under clause (2) may not be more than the
19.7 amount by which the itemized deductions as allowed under section 63(d) of the Internal
19.8 Revenue Code exceeds the amount of the standard deduction as defined in section 63(c) of
19.9 the Internal Revenue Code, and reduced by any addition that would have been required
19.10 under clause (17) if the taxpayer had claimed the standard deduction:

19.11 (i) the amount of disallowed itemized deductions is equal to the lesser of:

19.12 (A) three percent of the excess of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income
19.13 over the applicable amount; or

19.14 (B) 80 percent of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable to the
19.15 taxpayer under the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year;

19.16 (ii) the term "applicable amount" means \$100,000, or \$50,000 in the case of a
19.17 married individual filing a separate return. Each dollar amount shall be increased by
19.18 an amount equal to:

19.19 (A) such dollar amount, multiplied by

19.20 (B) the cost-of-living adjustment determined under section 1(f)(3) of the Internal
19.21 Revenue Code for the calendar year in which the taxable year begins, by substituting
19.22 "calendar year 1990" for "calendar year 1992" in subparagraph (B) thereof;

19.23 (iii) the term "itemized deductions" does not include:

19.24 (A) the deduction for medical expenses under section 213 of the Internal Revenue
19.25 Code;

19.26 (B) any deduction for investment interest as defined in section 163(d) of the Internal
19.27 Revenue Code; and

19.28 (C) the deduction under section 165(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for casualty or
19.29 theft losses described in paragraph (2) or (3) of section 165(c) of the Internal Revenue
19.30 Code or for losses described in section 165(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

19.31 (16) the amount of disallowed personal exemptions for taxpayers with federal
19.32 adjusted gross income over the threshold amount:

19.33 (i) the disallowed personal exemption amount is equal to the number of personal
19.34 exemptions allowed under section 151(b) and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code multiplied
19.35 by the dollar amount for personal exemptions under section 151(d)(1) and (2) of the

20.1 Internal Revenue Code, as adjusted for inflation by section 151(d)(4) of the Internal
20.2 Revenue Code, and by the applicable percentage;

20.3 (ii) "applicable percentage" means two percentage points for each \$2,500 (or
20.4 fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable
20.5 year exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing a separate
20.6 return, the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In
20.7 no event shall the applicable percentage exceed 100 percent;

20.8 (iii) the term "threshold amount" means:

20.9 (A) \$150,000 in the case of a joint return or a surviving spouse;

20.10 (B) \$125,000 in the case of a head of a household;

20.11 (C) \$100,000 in the case of an individual who is not married and who is not a
20.12 surviving spouse or head of a household; and

20.13 (D) \$75,000 in the case of a married individual filing a separate return; and

20.14 (iv) the thresholds shall be increased by an amount equal to:

20.15 (A) such dollar amount, multiplied by

20.16 (B) the cost-of-living adjustment determined under section 1(f)(3) of the Internal
20.17 Revenue Code for the calendar year in which the taxable year begins, by substituting
20.18 "calendar year 1990" for "calendar year 1992" in subparagraph (B) thereof; ~~and~~

20.19 (17) to the extent deducted in the computation of federal taxable income, for taxable
20.20 years beginning after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2014, the difference
20.21 between the standard deduction allowed under section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
20.22 and the standard deduction allowed for 2011, 2012, and 2013 under the Internal Revenue
20.23 Code as amended through December 1, 2010; and

20.24 (18) the amount withdrawn by a participant in the Minnesota long-term care savings
20.25 plan under section 16A.128 by a person who is not a qualified individual or for any
20.26 reason other than a transfer of funds to a spouse, payment of long-term care expenses or
20.27 long-term care insurance premiums, or the death of the participant, including withdrawals
20.28 made by reason of cancellation of the participation agreement or termination of the plan.

20.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
20.30 December 31, 2014.

20.31 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 19b, is amended to read:

20.32 Subd. 19b. **Subtractions from federal taxable income.** For individuals, estates,
20.33 and trusts, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:

21.1 (1) net interest income on obligations of any authority, commission, or
21.2 instrumentality of the United States to the extent includable in taxable income for federal
21.3 income tax purposes but exempt from state income tax under the laws of the United States;

21.4 (2) if included in federal taxable income, the amount of any overpayment of income
21.5 tax to Minnesota or to any other state, for any previous taxable year, whether the amount
21.6 is received as a refund or as a credit to another taxable year's income tax liability;

21.7 (3) the amount paid to others, less the amount used to claim the credit allowed under
21.8 section 290.0674, and amounts used to claim the credit under section 290.067, not to
21.9 exceed \$1,625 \$2,500 for each qualifying child in grades a prekindergarten educational
21.10 program or in kindergarten to through grade 6 and \$2,500 \$3,750 for each qualifying child
21.11 in grades 7 to through 12, for tuition, textbooks, and transportation of each qualifying
21.12 child in attending an elementary or secondary school situated in Minnesota, North Dakota,
21.13 South Dakota, Iowa, or Wisconsin, wherein a resident of this state may legally fulfill the
21.14 state's compulsory attendance laws, which is not operated for profit, and which adheres
21.15 to the provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and chapter 363A. For the purposes of
21.16 this clause, "tuition" includes fees or tuition as defined in section 290.0674, subdivision
21.17 1, clause (1). As used in this clause, "textbooks" includes books and other instructional
21.18 materials and equipment purchased or leased for use in elementary and secondary schools
21.19 in teaching only those subjects legally and commonly taught in public elementary and
21.20 secondary schools in this state. Equipment expenses qualifying for deduction includes
21.21 expenses as defined and limited in section 290.0674, subdivision 1, clause (3). "Textbooks"
21.22 does not include instructional books and materials used in the teaching of religious tenets,
21.23 doctrines, or worship, the purpose of which is to instill such tenets, doctrines, or worship,
21.24 nor does it include books or materials for, or transportation to, extracurricular activities
21.25 including sporting events, musical or dramatic events, speech activities, driver's education,
21.26 or similar programs. No deduction is permitted for any expense the taxpayer incurred in
21.27 using the taxpayer's or the qualifying child's vehicle to provide such transportation for a
21.28 qualifying child education-related expenses, as defined in section 290.0674, subdivision 1.
21.29 For purposes of the subtraction provided by this clause, "qualifying child" has the meaning
21.30 given in section 32(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and "prekindergarten educational
21.31 program" has the meaning given in section 290.0674, subdivision 1. The maximum
21.32 amounts allowed for each qualifying child under this clause must be adjusted for inflation.
21.33 The commissioner shall adjust the maximum amount by the percentage determined
21.34 under the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section
21.35 1(f)(3)(B) the word "2014" is substituted for the word "1992." For 2016, the commissioner
21.36 shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2014,

22.1 to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2015, and in each subsequent year, from the
22.2 12 months ending August 31, 2014, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year
22.3 preceding the taxable year. The amounts as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the
22.4 nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest
22.5 \$10 amount. The determination of the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule
22.6 subject to the Administrative Procedure Act in chapter 14, including section 14.386;

22.7 (4) income as provided under section 290.0802;

22.8 (5) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, income realized on
22.9 disposition of property exempt from tax under section 290.491;

22.10 (6) to the extent not deducted or not deductible pursuant to section 408(d)(8)(E)
22.11 of the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income by an individual
22.12 who does not itemize deductions for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, an
22.13 amount equal to 50 percent of the excess of charitable contributions over \$500 allowable
22.14 as a deduction for the taxable year under section 170(a) of the Internal Revenue Code,
22.15 under the provisions of Public Law 109-1 and Public Law 111-126;

22.16 (7) for individuals who are allowed a federal foreign tax credit for taxes that do not
22.17 qualify for a credit under section 290.06, subdivision 22, an amount equal to the carryover
22.18 of subnational foreign taxes for the taxable year, but not to exceed the total subnational
22.19 foreign taxes reported in claiming the foreign tax credit. For purposes of this clause,
22.20 "federal foreign tax credit" means the credit allowed under section 27 of the Internal
22.21 Revenue Code, and "carryover of subnational foreign taxes" equals the carryover allowed
22.22 under section 904(c) of the Internal Revenue Code minus national level foreign taxes to
22.23 the extent they exceed the federal foreign tax credit;

22.24 (8) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an
22.25 addition is required under subdivision 19a, clause (7), or 19c, clause (12), in the case of a
22.26 shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, an amount equal to one-fifth of the
22.27 delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the amount
22.28 of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19a, clause (7), or subdivision 19c,
22.29 clause (12), in the case of a shareholder of an S corporation, minus the positive value of
22.30 any net operating loss under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code generated for the
22.31 tax year of the addition. The resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero;

22.32 (9) job opportunity building zone income as provided under section 469.316;

22.33 (10) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of compensation
22.34 paid to members of the Minnesota National Guard or other reserve components of the
22.35 United States military for active service, including compensation for services performed
22.36 under the Active Guard Reserve (AGR) program. For purposes of this clause, "active

23.1 service" means (i) state active service as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5a, clause
23.2 (1); or (ii) federally funded state active service as defined in section 190.05, subdivision
23.3 5b, and "active service" includes service performed in accordance with section 190.08,
23.4 subdivision 3;

23.5 (11) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of compensation
23.6 paid to Minnesota residents who are members of the armed forces of the United States
23.7 or United Nations for active duty performed under United States Code, title 10; or the
23.8 authority of the United Nations;

23.9 (12) an amount, not to exceed \$10,000, equal to qualified expenses related to a
23.10 qualified donor's donation, while living, of one or more of the qualified donor's organs
23.11 to another person for human organ transplantation. For purposes of this clause, "organ"
23.12 means all or part of an individual's liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow;
23.13 "human organ transplantation" means the medical procedure by which transfer of a human
23.14 organ is made from the body of one person to the body of another person; "qualified
23.15 expenses" means unreimbursed expenses for both the individual and the qualified donor
23.16 for (i) travel, (ii) lodging, and (iii) lost wages net of sick pay, except that such expenses
23.17 may be subtracted under this clause only once; and "qualified donor" means the individual
23.18 or the individual's dependent, as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code. An
23.19 individual may claim the subtraction in this clause for each instance of organ donation for
23.20 transplantation during the taxable year in which the qualified expenses occur;

23.21 ~~(13) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an~~
23.22 ~~addition is required under subdivision 19a, clause (8), or 19e, clause (13), in the case of a~~
23.23 ~~shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, an amount equal to one-fifth of the~~
23.24 ~~addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19a, clause (8), or 19e, clause (13), in the~~
23.25 ~~case of a shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, minus the positive value of~~
23.26 ~~any net operating loss under section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code generated for the~~
23.27 ~~tax year of the addition. If the net operating loss exceeds the addition for the tax year,~~
23.28 ~~a subtraction is not allowed under this clause the section 179 expensing subtraction as~~
23.29 ~~provided under section 290.0803, subdivision 3;~~

23.30 (14) to the extent included in the federal taxable income of a nonresident of
23.31 Minnesota, compensation paid to a service member as defined in United States Code, title
23.32 10, section 101(a)(5), for military service as defined in the Servicemembers Civil Relief
23.33 Act, Public Law 108-189, section 101(2);

23.34 (15) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of national service
23.35 educational awards received from the National Service Trust under United States Code,

24.1 title 42, sections 12601 to 12604, for service in an approved Americorps National Service
24.2 program;

24.3 (16) to the extent included in federal taxable income, discharge of indebtedness
24.4 income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness included in federal taxable
24.5 income under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subtraction applies only
24.6 to the extent that the income was included in net income in a prior year as a result of the
24.7 addition under subdivision 19a, clause (13);

24.8 (17) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision
24.9 11, paragraph (c);

24.10 (18) the amount of expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due
24.11 to claiming the railroad track maintenance credit under section 45G(a) of the Internal
24.12 Revenue Code;

24.13 (19) the amount of the limitation on itemized deductions under section 68(b) of the
24.14 Internal Revenue Code;

24.15 (20) the amount of the phaseout of personal exemptions under section 151(d) of
24.16 the Internal Revenue Code; and

24.17 (21) to the extent included in federal taxable income, the amount of qualified
24.18 transportation fringe benefits described in section 132(f)(1)(A) and (B) of the Internal
24.19 Revenue Code. The subtraction is limited to the lesser of the amount of qualified
24.20 transportation fringe benefits received in excess of the limitations under section
24.21 132(f)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code for the year or the difference between the
24.22 maximum qualified parking benefits excludable under section 132(f)(2)(B) of the Internal
24.23 Revenue Code minus the amount of transit benefits excludable under section 132(f)(2)(A)
24.24 of the Internal Revenue Code;

24.25 (22) to the extent included in federal taxable income, an amount not to exceed \$40
24.26 per employee per calendar month, provided that:

24.27 (i) for an individual, the subtraction equals the value of the use of an on-premises
24.28 fitness facility provided by an employer to the individual, or the value of any fees, dues, or
24.29 membership expenses paid by an employer on behalf of the individual to a fitness facility;

24.30 (ii) for an S corporation, sole proprietor, or partnership, the subtraction equals the
24.31 value of any fees, dues, or membership expenses paid on behalf of its employees to a
24.32 fitness facility;

24.33 (iii) the subtraction under this clause applies only if the use of on-premises fitness
24.34 facilities or the payment of fees, dues, or membership expenses to a fitness facility are
24.35 available on substantially the same terms to each member of a group of employees defined
24.36 under a reasonable classification by the employer, but no classification may include only

25.1 highly compensated employees, as defined under section 414(q) of the Internal Revenue
25.2 Code, or any other group that includes only executives, directors, or other managerial
25.3 employees;

25.4 (iv) the subtraction under this clause is only allowed to employers and employees for
25.5 months in which the employee uses the fitness facility for the preservation, maintenance,
25.6 encouragement, or development of physical fitness on at least eight days; and

25.7 (v) for purposes of this clause, "fitness facility" means a facility located in the state:

25.8 (A) that provides instruction in a program of physical exercise; offers facilities for
25.9 the preservation, maintenance, encouragement, or development of physical fitness; or is
25.10 the site of such a program of a state or local government;

25.11 (B) that is not a private club owned and operated by its members;

25.12 (C) that does not offer golf, hunting, sailing, or horseback riding facilities;

25.13 (D) whose fitness facility is not incidental to its overall function and purpose; and

25.14 (E) that is compliant with antidiscrimination laws under chapter 363A and applicable
25.15 federal antidiscrimination laws;

25.16 (23) to the extent not deducted in computing federal taxable income, the value of
25.17 charity health care services provided by a medical professional as defined under section
25.18 289A.12, subdivision 19, paragraph (b), clause (3), a dentist licensed under chapter
25.19 150A, or a chiropractor licensed under chapter 148, and acting within the scope of the
25.20 individual's license. For the purposes of this clause, the value of charity health care
25.21 services must be calculated at the applicable reimbursement rate provided under section
25.22 256B.76 for the medical professional, dentist, or chiropractor for services for which a
25.23 federal Medicaid match is available;

25.24 (24) for an individual who does not claim the credit under section 290.0677,
25.25 subdivision 1a, and receives compensation from a pension or other retirement pay from
25.26 the federal government for service in the military, as computed under United States Code,
25.27 title 10, sections 1401 to 1414, 1447 to 1455, or 12732 to 12733, \$1,000 for each year or
25.28 portion of a year of military service, up to a maximum of 20 years of military service and
25.29 a maximum subtraction of \$20,000. In the case of a married couple filing jointly, each
25.30 spouse is eligible for this subtraction. The subtraction under this clause is not limited to
25.31 the amount of compensation received from a pension or other retirement pay;

25.32 (25) to the extent included in federal taxable income, a percentage of Social Security
25.33 benefits. For purposes of this clause, for the taxable year beginning after December 31,
25.34 2014, and before January 1, 2016, the percentage is 20 percent, and the percentage
25.35 increases by 20 percentage points in each taxable year thereafter until the percentage of
25.36 Social Security benefits allowed as a subtraction under this clause is 100 percent;

26.1 (26) the amount equal to the contributions made during the taxable year to a college
 26.2 savings plan account qualifying under section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, not
 26.3 including amounts rolled over from other college savings plan accounts, and not to exceed
 26.4 \$3,000 for married couples filing joint returns and \$1,500 for all other filers. The subtraction
 26.5 must not include any amount used to claim the credit allowed under section 290.0684;

26.6 (27) to the extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income, an amount
 26.7 equal to contributions made to the Minnesota long-term care savings plan under section
 26.8 16A.728, up to a maximum of \$2,000 for married individuals filing joint returns and
 26.9 \$1,000 for any other individual, and any investment earnings made as a participant in the
 26.10 Minnesota long-term care savings plan; and

26.11 (28) for an individual who is a first responder, an amount equal to the sum of:

26.12 (i) \$7.50 per day of deemed meal expenses for two days in each week during the
 26.13 taxable year that the eligible individual was on call for fewer than 21 hours; plus

26.14 (ii) \$7.50 per day of deemed meal expenses for four days in each week during the
 26.15 taxable year that the eligible individual was on call for 21 or more hours.

26.16 For purposes of this clause, "first responder" means an individual who meets the definition
 26.17 of:

26.18 (A) ambulance service personnel in section 144E.001, subdivision 3a;

26.19 (B) an emergency medical responder in section 144E.001, subdivision 6;

26.20 (C) a volunteer ambulance attendant in section 144E.001, subdivision 15;

26.21 (D) a full-time firefighter in section 299N.03, subdivision 5; or

26.22 (E) a volunteer firefighter in section 299N.03, subdivision 7.

26.23 For the purposes of this clause, "on call" means required to respond to requests for
 26.24 emergency medical services or fire help within the geographic area served by the ambulance
 26.25 service or fire department of which the first responder is an employee or volunteer.

26.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 26.27 December 31, 2014, except that clause (23) is effective for taxable years beginning after
 26.28 December 31, 2015.

26.29 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 19d, is amended to read:

26.30 Subd. 19d. **Corporations; modifications decreasing federal taxable income.** For
 26.31 corporations, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income after the increases
 26.32 provided in subdivision 19c:

26.33 (1) the amount of foreign dividend gross-up added to gross income for federal
 26.34 income tax purposes under section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

27.1 (2) the amount of salary expense not allowed for federal income tax purposes due to
27.2 claiming the work opportunity credit under section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code;

27.3 (3) any dividend (not including any distribution in liquidation) paid within the
27.4 taxable year by a national or state bank to the United States, or to any instrumentality of
27.5 the United States exempt from federal income taxes, on the preferred stock of the bank
27.6 owned by the United States or the instrumentality;

27.7 (4) the deduction for capital losses pursuant to sections 1211 and 1212 of the
27.8 Internal Revenue Code, except that:

27.9 (i) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
27.10 capital loss carrybacks shall not be allowed;

27.11 (ii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
27.12 a capital loss carryover to each of the 15 taxable years succeeding the loss year shall be
27.13 allowed;

27.14 (iii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, a
27.15 capital loss carryback to each of the three taxable years preceding the loss year, subject to
27.16 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed; and

27.17 (iv) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987,
27.18 a capital loss carryover to each of the five taxable years succeeding the loss year to the
27.19 extent such loss was not used in a prior taxable year and subject to the provisions of
27.20 Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed;

27.21 (5) an amount for interest and expenses relating to income not taxable for federal
27.22 income tax purposes, if (i) the income is taxable under this chapter and (ii) the interest and
27.23 expenses were disallowed as deductions under the provisions of section 171(a)(2), 265 or
27.24 291 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing federal taxable income;

27.25 (6) in the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other natural deposits, and timber for
27.26 which percentage depletion was disallowed pursuant to subdivision 19c, clause (8), a
27.27 reasonable allowance for depletion based on actual cost. In the case of leases the deduction
27.28 must be apportioned between the lessor and lessee in accordance with rules prescribed
27.29 by the commissioner. In the case of property held in trust, the allowable deduction must
27.30 be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the
27.31 pertinent provisions of the trust, or if there is no provision in the instrument, on the basis
27.32 of the trust's income allocable to each;

27.33 (7) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year
27.34 beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected
27.35 under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December

28.1 31, 1985, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes
28.2 1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7;

28.3 (8) amounts included in federal taxable income that are due to refunds of income,
28.4 excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes paid by the
28.5 corporation to Minnesota, another state, a political subdivision of another state, the
28.6 District of Columbia, or a foreign country or possession of the United States to the extent
28.7 that the taxes were added to federal taxable income under subdivision 19c, clause (1), in a
28.8 prior taxable year;

28.9 (9) income or gains from the business of mining as defined in section 290.05,
28.10 subdivision 1, clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota franchise tax;

28.11 (10) the amount of disability access expenditures in the taxable year which are not
28.12 allowed to be deducted or capitalized under section 44(d)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code;

28.13 (11) the amount of qualified research expenses not allowed for federal income tax
28.14 purposes under section 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent that
28.15 the amount exceeds the amount of the credit allowed under section 290.068;

28.16 (12) the amount of salary expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due to
28.17 claiming the Indian employment credit under section 45A(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

28.18 (13) any decrease in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the Internal
28.19 Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without regard to
28.20 the provisions of Division C, title III, section 303(b) of Public Law 110-343;

28.21 (14) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an
28.22 addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (12), an amount equal to one-fifth of
28.23 the delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the
28.24 amount of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19c, clause (12). The
28.25 resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero;

28.26 ~~(15) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an~~
28.27 ~~addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause (13), an amount equal to one-fifth~~
28.28 ~~of the amount of the addition~~ the section 179 expensing subtraction as provided under
28.29 section 290.0803, subdivision 3;

28.30 (16) to the extent included in federal taxable income, discharge of indebtedness
28.31 income resulting from reacquisition of business indebtedness included in federal taxable
28.32 income under section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subtraction applies only
28.33 to the extent that the income was included in net income in a prior year as a result of the
28.34 addition under subdivision 19c, clause (16); and

29.1 (17) the amount of expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes due
29.2 to claiming the railroad track maintenance credit under section 45G(a) of the Internal
29.3 Revenue Code; and

29.4 (18) to the extent included in federal taxable income, an amount equal to any fees,
29.5 dues, or membership expenses paid by an employer on behalf of each employee to a
29.6 fitness facility, as defined in subdivision 19b, clause (22), item (v), provided that:

29.7 (i) the subtraction under this clause shall not exceed \$40 per employee per calendar
29.8 month;

29.9 (ii) the subtraction under this clause is only allowed to employers for months
29.10 in which the employee uses the fitness facility for the preservation, maintenance,
29.11 encouragement, or development of physical fitness on at least eight days; and

29.12 (iii) the subtraction under this clause applies only if the payment of fees, dues, or
29.13 membership expenses to a fitness facility are available on substantially the same terms
29.14 to each member of a group of employees defined under a reasonable classification by
29.15 the employer, but no classification may include only highly compensated employees,
29.16 as defined under section 414(q) of the Internal Revenue Code, or any other group that
29.17 includes only executives, directors, or other managerial employees.

29.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
29.19 December 31, 2014.

29.20 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 29, is amended to read:

29.21 Subd. 29. **Taxable income.** The term "taxable income" means:

29.22 (1) for individuals, estates, and trusts, the same as taxable net income;

29.23 (2) for corporations, the taxable net income less

29.24 (i) the net operating loss deduction under section 290.095, excluding any amount
29.25 surrendered under section 116J.8739;

29.26 (ii) the dividends received deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 4; and

29.27 (iii) the exemption for operating in a job opportunity building zone under section
29.28 469.317.

29.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
29.30 December 31, 2015.

29.31 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 31, as amended by Laws
29.32 2015, chapter 1, section 3, is amended to read:

30.1 Subd. 31. **Internal Revenue Code.** Unless specifically defined otherwise, "Internal
30.2 Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through ~~December~~
30.3 ~~31, 2014~~ April 1, 2015. Internal Revenue Code also includes any uncodified provision in
30.4 federal law that relates to provisions of the Internal Revenue Code that are incorporated
30.5 into Minnesota law. When used in this chapter, the reference to "subtitle A, chapter 1,
30.6 subchapter N, part 1, of the Internal Revenue Code" is to the Internal Revenue Code as
30.7 amended through March 18, 2010.

30.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
30.9 except the changes incorporated by federal changes are effective retroactively at the same
30.10 time the changes were effective for federal purposes.

30.11 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision
30.12 to read:

30.13 Subd. 37. **Refund; technology corporate tax benefits certificate; appropriation.**

30.14 (a) A corporation is allowed a refund equal to the amount of the qualifying tax benefits
30.15 certified to the corporation for the taxable year by the commissioner of employment and
30.16 economic development under section 116J.8739.

30.17 (b) An amount sufficient to pay the refunds under this subdivision is appropriated to
30.18 the commissioner from the general fund.

30.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
30.20 December 31, 2015, provided that no refunds may be paid under this section before July
30.21 1, 2016.

30.22 Sec. 16. **[290.0661] STATE TAX CREDIT FOR MNSURE PREMIUM**
30.23 **PAYMENTS.**

30.24 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions
30.25 apply.

30.26 (b) "MNsured" means the insurance exchange established under chapter 62V.

30.27 (c) "Federal poverty guidelines" means the federal poverty guidelines published by
30.28 the United States Department of Health and Human Services that apply to calculate the
30.29 individual's premium support credit under section 36B of the Internal Revenue Code
30.30 for the taxable year.

30.31 (d) "Qualified individual" means a resident individual applying for, or enrolled in,
30.32 qualified health plan coverage through MNsure with:

31.1 (1) an income greater than 133 percent but not exceeding 200 percent of the federal
31.2 poverty guidelines; or

31.3 (2) an income equal to or less than 133 percent of the federal poverty guidelines, if
31.4 the applicant or enrollee would have been eligible for MinnesotaCare coverage under the
31.5 eligibility criteria specified in Minnesota Statutes 2014, chapter 256L.

31.6 Subd. 2. **Credit allowed; payment to health carrier.** (a) A qualified individual is
31.7 allowed a credit against the tax due under this chapter equal to the amount determined
31.8 under subdivision 3.

31.9 (b) For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage
31.10 calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).

31.11 (c) A qualified individual receiving a premium advance under section 62V.05,
31.12 subdivision 5, paragraph (j), must pay to the health carrier the full amount of the premium
31.13 advance by April 15 of the year following the coverage year for which the premium
31.14 advance was provided.

31.15 Subd. 3. **Calculation of credit amount.** The commissioner, in consultation with the
31.16 commissioner of human services and the MNsure board, shall provide qualified individuals
31.17 with tax credits that reduce the cost of MNsure household premiums for qualified health
31.18 plans by specified dollar amounts. The dollar amount of the tax credit must equal the base
31.19 premium reduction amount, adjusted for household size. The commissioner shall establish
31.20 separate base premium reduction amounts, based on a sliding scale, for:

31.21 (1) households with incomes not exceeding 150 percent of the federal poverty
31.22 guidelines; and

31.23 (2) households with incomes greater than 150 percent but not exceeding 200 percent
31.24 of the federal poverty guidelines.

31.25 The commissioner, in developing the tax credit methodology and the base premium
31.26 reduction amounts, shall ensure that aggregate tax credits provided under this section do
31.27 not exceed \$50,000,000 per taxable year.

31.28 Subd. 4. **Credit refundable; appropriation.** (a) If the credit allowed under this
31.29 section exceeds the individual's liability under this chapter, the commissioner shall refund
31.30 the excess to the taxpayer.

31.31 (b) An amount sufficient to pay the credits required by this section is appropriated
31.32 from the general fund to the commissioner.

31.33 Subd. 5. **Payment in advance.** The commissioner of human services shall seek
31.34 all federal approvals and waivers necessary to pay the tax credit established under this
31.35 section on a monthly basis, in advance, to the health carrier providing qualified health
31.36 plan coverage to the qualified individual without affecting the amount of the qualified

32.1 individual's federal premium support credit. If the necessary federal approvals and
32.2 waivers are obtained, the commissioner of human services shall submit to the legislature
32.3 any legislative changes necessary to implement advanced payment of tax credits, and
32.4 the MNsure board shall require health carriers to reduce premiums charged to qualified
32.5 individuals by the amount of the applicable tax credit.

32.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
32.7 December 31, 2015.

32.8 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.067, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

32.9 Subdivision 1. **Amount of credit.** (a) A taxpayer may take as a credit against the
32.10 tax due from the taxpayer and a spouse, if any, under this chapter an amount equal to the
32.11 dependent care credit for which the taxpayer is eligible pursuant to the provisions of
32.12 section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code ~~subject to the limitations provided in subdivision~~
32.13 ~~2~~ except that in determining whether the child qualified as a dependent, income received
32.14 as a Minnesota family investment program grant or allowance to or on behalf of the child
32.15 must not be taken into account in determining whether the child received more than half
32.16 of the child's support from the taxpayer, and the provisions of section 32(b)(1)(D) of
32.17 the Internal Revenue Code do not apply.

32.18 (b) If a child who has not attained the age of six years at the close of the taxable year
32.19 is cared for at a licensed family day care home operated by the child's parent, the taxpayer
32.20 is deemed to have paid employment-related expenses. If the child is 16 months old or
32.21 younger at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have been paid
32.22 equals the maximum limit for one qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the
32.23 Internal Revenue Code. If the child is older than 16 months of age but has not attained the
32.24 age of six years at the close of the taxable year, the amount of expenses deemed to have
32.25 been paid equals the amount the licensee would charge for the care of a child of the same
32.26 age for the same number of hours of care.

32.27 (c) If a married couple:

32.28 (1) has a child who has not attained the age of one year at the close of the taxable year;

32.29 (2) files a joint tax return for the taxable year; and

32.30 (3) does not participate in a dependent care assistance program as defined in section
32.31 129 of the Internal Revenue Code, in lieu of the actual employment related expenses paid
32.32 for that child under paragraph (a) or the deemed amount under paragraph (b), the lesser of
32.33 (i) the combined earned income of the couple or (ii) the amount of the maximum limit for
32.34 one qualified individual under section 21(c) and (d) of the Internal Revenue Code will
32.35 be deemed to be the employment related expense paid for that child. The earned income

33.1 limitation of section 21(d) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply to this deemed
33.2 amount. These deemed amounts apply regardless of whether any employment-related
33.3 expenses have been paid.

33.4 (d) If the taxpayer is not required and does not file a federal individual income tax
33.5 return for the tax year, no credit is allowed for any amount paid to any person unless:

33.6 (1) the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the person are included
33.7 on the return claiming the credit; or

33.8 (2) if the person is an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
33.9 Revenue Code and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code,
33.10 the name and address of the person are included on the return claiming the credit.

33.11 In the case of a failure to provide the information required under the preceding sentence,
33.12 the preceding sentence does not apply if it is shown that the taxpayer exercised due
33.13 diligence in attempting to provide the information required.

33.14 (e) In the case of a nonresident, part-year resident, or a person who has earned
33.15 income not subject to tax under this chapter including earned income excluded pursuant to
33.16 section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (9), the credit determined under section 21 of the
33.17 Internal Revenue Code must be allocated based on the ratio by which the earned income
33.18 of the claimant and the claimant's spouse from Minnesota sources bears to the total earned
33.19 income of the claimant and the claimant's spouse.

33.20 (f) For residents of Minnesota, the subtractions for military pay under section
33.21 290.01, subdivision 19b, clauses (10) and (11), are not considered "earned income not
33.22 subject to tax under this chapter."

33.23 (g) For residents of Minnesota, the exclusion of combat pay under section 112 of
33.24 the Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under
33.25 this chapter."

33.26 (h) For taxpayers with federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$44,000, the credit
33.27 is equal to the lesser of the credit otherwise calculated under this subdivision or the amount
33.28 equal to \$600 minus five percent of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$44,000 for
33.29 taxpayers with one qualified individual or \$1,200 minus five percent of federal adjusted
33.30 gross income in excess of \$44,000 for taxpayers with two or more qualified individuals,
33.31 but in no case is the credit less than zero. For purposes of this paragraph, "federal adjusted
33.32 gross income" has the meaning given in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code.

33.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
33.34 December 31, 2014.

34.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0671, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

34.2 Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed.** (a) An individual who is a resident of Minnesota is
34.3 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter equal to a percentage of earned
34.4 income. To receive a credit, a taxpayer must be eligible for a credit under section 32 of the
34.5 Internal Revenue Code.

34.6 (b) For individuals with no qualifying children, the credit equals 2.10 percent of the
34.7 first \$6,180 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 2.01 percent of earned income
34.8 or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$8,130, but in no case is
34.9 the credit less than zero.

34.10 (c) For individuals with one qualifying child, the credit equals 9.35 percent of the
34.11 first \$11,120 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 6.02 percent of earned income
34.12 or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$21,190, but in no case is
34.13 the credit less than zero.

34.14 (d) For individuals with two or more qualifying children, the credit equals 11 percent
34.15 of the first \$18,240 of earned income. The credit is reduced by 10.82 percent of earned
34.16 income or adjusted gross income, whichever is greater, in excess of \$25,130, but in no
34.17 case is the credit less than zero.

34.18 (e) For a ~~nonresident or~~ part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the
34.19 percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).

34.20 (f) For a person who was a resident for the entire tax year and has earned income
34.21 not subject to tax under this chapter, including income excluded under section 290.01,
34.22 subdivision 19b, clause (9), the credit must be allocated based on the ratio of federal
34.23 adjusted gross income reduced by the earned income not subject to tax under this chapter
34.24 over federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this paragraph, the subtractions
34.25 for military pay under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clauses (10) and (11), are not
34.26 considered "earned income not subject to tax under this chapter."

34.27 For the purposes of this paragraph, the exclusion of combat pay under section 112
34.28 of the Internal Revenue Code is not considered "earned income not subject to tax under
34.29 this chapter."

34.30 (g) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and before December 31,
34.31 2010, and for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017, the \$8,130 in paragraph (b),
34.32 the \$21,190 in paragraph (c), and the \$25,130 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for
34.33 inflation under subdivision 7, are each increased by \$3,000 for married taxpayers filing joint
34.34 returns. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2008, the commissioner shall annually
34.35 adjust the \$3,000 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f)
34.36 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B), the word "2007" shall be

35.1 substituted for the word "1992." For 2009, the commissioner shall then determine the
35.2 percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2007, to the 12 months ending on
35.3 August 31, 2008, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31,
35.4 2007, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The
35.5 earned income thresholds as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10. If the
35.6 amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10. The determination of the
35.7 commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.

35.8 (h)(1) For tax years beginning after December 31, 2012, and before January 1, 2014,
35.9 the \$5,770 in paragraph (b), the \$15,080 in paragraph (c), and the \$17,890 in paragraph (d),
35.10 after being adjusted for inflation under subdivision 7, are increased by \$5,340 for married
35.11 taxpayers filing joint returns; and (2) for tax years beginning after December 31, 2013, and
35.12 before January 1, 2018, the \$8,130 in paragraph (b), the \$21,190 in paragraph (c), and the
35.13 \$25,130 in paragraph (d), after being adjusted for inflation under subdivision 7, are each
35.14 increased by \$5,000 for married taxpayers filing joint returns. For tax years beginning
35.15 after December 31, 2010, and before January 1, 2012, and for tax years beginning after
35.16 December 31, 2013, and before January 1, 2018, the commissioner shall annually adjust
35.17 the \$5,000 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of
35.18 the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B), the word "2008" shall be
35.19 substituted for the word "1992." For 2011, the commissioner shall then determine the
35.20 percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2008, to the 12 months ending on
35.21 August 31, 2010, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31,
35.22 2008, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The
35.23 earned income thresholds as adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10. If the
35.24 amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10. The determination of the
35.25 commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.

35.26 (i) The commissioner shall construct tables showing the amount of the credit at
35.27 various income levels and make them available to taxpayers. The tables shall follow
35.28 the schedule contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate
35.29 the transition between income brackets.

35.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
35.31 December 31, 2014.

35.32 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0671, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

35.33 Subd. 6a. **TANF appropriation for working family credit expansion.** (a) On
35.34 an annual basis the commissioner of revenue, with the assistance of the commissioner
35.35 of human services, shall calculate the value of the refundable portion of the Minnesota

36.1 Working Family Credit provided under this section that qualifies for payment with funds
36.2 from the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant. Of this
36.3 total amount, the commissioner of revenue shall estimate the portion entailed by the
36.4 expansion of the credit rates provided in Laws 2000, chapter 490, article 4, section 17,
36.5 for individuals with qualifying children over the rates provided in Laws 1999, chapter
36.6 243, article 2, section 12.

36.7 (b) An amount sufficient to pay the refunds entailed by the expansion of the credit
36.8 rates provided in Laws 2000, chapter 490, article 4, section 17, for individuals with
36.9 qualifying children over the rates provided in Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 2, section
36.10 12, as estimated in paragraph (a), is appropriated to the commissioner of human services
36.11 from the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant funds, for
36.12 transfer to the commissioner of revenue for deposit in the general fund.

36.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for transfers in fiscal
36.14 year 2015 and thereafter.

36.15 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0672, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

36.16 Subd. 2. **Credit.** A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this
36.17 chapter for long-term care insurance policy premiums paid during the tax year. The credit
36.18 for each policy equals ~~25~~ 50 percent of premiums paid to the extent not deducted in
36.19 determining federal taxable income. A taxpayer may claim a credit for only one policy for
36.20 each qualified beneficiary. A maximum of ~~\$100~~ \$150 applies to each qualified beneficiary.
36.21 The maximum total credit allowed per year is ~~\$200~~ \$300 for married couples filing joint
36.22 returns and ~~\$100~~ \$150 for all other filers. For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit
36.23 determined under this section must be allocated based on the percentage calculated under
36.24 section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).

36.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
36.26 December 31, 2014.

36.27 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0674, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

36.28 Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed.** An individual is allowed a credit against the
36.29 tax imposed by this chapter in an amount equal to 75 percent of the amount paid for
36.30 education-related expenses for a qualifying child in a prekindergarten educational program
36.31 or in kindergarten through grade 12. For purposes of this section, "education-related
36.32 expenses" means:

37.1 (1) fees or tuition for instruction by an instructor under section 120A.22, subdivision
37.2 10, clause (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5), or a member of the Minnesota Music Teachers
37.3 Association, and who is not a lineal ancestor or sibling of the dependent for instruction
37.4 outside the regular school day or school year, including tutoring, driver's education
37.5 offered as part of school curriculum, regardless of whether it is taken from a public or
37.6 private entity or summer camps, in grade or age appropriate curricula that supplement
37.7 curricula and instruction available during the regular school year, that assists a dependent
37.8 to improve knowledge of core curriculum areas or to expand knowledge and skills under
37.9 the required academic standards under section 120B.021, subdivision 1, and the elective
37.10 standard under section 120B.022, subdivision 1, clause (2), and that do not include the
37.11 teaching of religious tenets, doctrines, or worship, the purpose of which is to instill such
37.12 tenets, doctrines, or worship;

37.13 (2) fees for enrollment in a prekindergarten educational program to the extent not
37.14 used to claim the credit under section 290.067;

37.15 ~~(2)~~ (3) expenses for textbooks, including books and other instructional materials and
37.16 equipment purchased or leased for use in elementary and secondary schools in teaching
37.17 only those subjects legally and commonly taught in public elementary and secondary
37.18 schools in this state. "Textbooks" does not include instructional books and materials
37.19 used in the teaching of religious tenets, doctrines, or worship, the purpose of which is
37.20 to instill such tenets, doctrines, or worship, nor does it include books or materials for
37.21 extracurricular activities including sporting events, musical or dramatic events, speech
37.22 activities, driver's education, or similar programs;

37.23 ~~(3)~~ (4) a maximum expense of \$200 per family for personal computer hardware,
37.24 excluding single purpose processors, and educational software that assists a dependent to
37.25 improve knowledge of core curriculum areas or to expand knowledge and skills under
37.26 the required academic standards under section 120B.021, subdivision 1, and the elective
37.27 standard under section 120B.022, subdivision 1, clause (2), purchased for use in the
37.28 taxpayer's home and not used in a trade or business regardless of whether the computer is
37.29 required by the dependent's school; and

37.30 ~~(4)~~ (5) the amount paid to others for tuition and transportation of a qualifying child
37.31 attending an elementary or secondary school situated in Minnesota, North Dakota, South
37.32 Dakota, Iowa, or Wisconsin, wherein a resident of this state may legally fulfill the state's
37.33 compulsory attendance laws, which is not operated for profit, and which adheres to the
37.34 provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and chapter 363A. Amounts paid to others for
37.35 transportation do not include any expense the taxpayer incurred in using the taxpayer's or
37.36 the qualifying child's vehicle to provide transportation for a qualifying child.

38.1 For purposes of this section, "qualifying child" has the meaning given in section
38.2 32(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

38.3 As used in this section, "prekindergarten educational program" means:

38.4 (i) prekindergarten programs established by a school district under chapter 124D;

38.5 (ii) preschools, nursery schools, and early childhood development programs licensed
38.6 by the Department of Human Services and eligible for the provider rate differential for
38.7 accreditation under section 119B.13, subdivision 3a;

38.8 (iii) Montessori programs affiliated with or accredited by the American Montessori
38.9 Society or American Montessori International;

38.10 (iv) child care programs provided by family day care providers holding a current early
38.11 childhood development credential approved by the commissioner of human services; and

38.12 (v) a prekindergarten program that participates in the quality rating and improvement
38.13 system under section 124D.142.

38.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
38.15 December 31, 2014.

38.16 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0674, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

38.17 Subd. 2. **Limitations.** (a) For claimants with income not greater than ~~\$33,500~~
38.18 ~~\$47,500~~, the maximum credit allowed for a family is ~~\$1,000~~ \$1,500 multiplied by the
38.19 number of qualifying children in ~~kindergarten~~ a prekindergarten educational program
38.20 through grade 12 in the family. The maximum credit for families with one qualifying
38.21 child in ~~kindergarten~~ a prekindergarten educational program through grade 12 is reduced
38.22 by \$1 for each ~~\$4~~ \$6 of household income over ~~\$33,500~~ \$47,500, and the maximum
38.23 credit for families with two or more qualifying children in ~~kindergarten~~ a prekindergarten
38.24 educational program through grade 12 is reduced by ~~\$2~~ \$1 for each ~~\$4~~ \$3 of household
38.25 income over ~~\$33,500~~ \$47,500, but in no case is the credit less than zero.

38.26 For purposes of this section "income" ~~has the meaning given in section 290.067,~~
38.27 ~~subdivision 2a.~~ In the case of a married claimant, a credit is not allowed unless a joint
38.28 income tax return is filed.

38.29 (b) For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit determined under subdivision 1
38.30 and the maximum credit amount in paragraph (a) must be allocated using the percentage
38.31 calculated in section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).

38.32 (c) For purposes of this section, "income" means the sum of the following:

38.33 (1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue
38.34 Code; and

38.35 (2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):

- 39.1 (i) all nontaxable income;
- 39.2 (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section
39.3 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity
39.4 loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 39.5 (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness
39.6 of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal
39.7 Revenue Code;
- 39.8 (iv) cash public assistance and relief;
- 39.9 (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments
39.10 received under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and
39.11 veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which
39.12 was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were
39.13 excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;
- 39.14 (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality
39.15 or political subdivision thereof;
- 39.16 (vii) workers' compensation;
- 39.17 (viii) nontaxable strike benefits;
- 39.18 (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or
39.19 sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through
39.20 insurance or otherwise;
- 39.21 (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of
39.22 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;
- 39.23 (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account,
39.24 including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan;
39.25 self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k)
39.26 of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the
39.27 Internal Revenue Code;
- 39.28 (xii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;
- 39.29 (xiii) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue
39.30 Code;
- 39.31 (xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal
39.32 Revenue Code;
- 39.33 (xv) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal
39.34 Revenue Code; and
- 39.35 (xvi) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school
39.36 teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

40.1 In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the
40.2 term "federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income reflected in the
40.3 fiscal year ending in the next calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income may not be
40.4 reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss
40.5 carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

40.6 (d) "Income" does not include:

40.7 (1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;

40.8 (2) amounts of any pension or annuity that were exclusively funded by the claimant
40.9 or spouse if the funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross income
40.10 in the years when the payments were made;

40.11 (3) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;

40.12 (4) relief granted under chapter 290A;

40.13 (5) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution
40.14 or legal separation; and

40.15 (6) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
40.16 defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of
40.17 2001, Public Law 107-16.

40.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
40.19 December 31, 2014.

40.20 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0674, is amended by adding a
40.21 subdivision to read:

40.22 Subd. 6. **Inflation adjustment.** The credit amount and the income threshold at
40.23 which the maximum credit begins to be reduced in subdivision 2 must be adjusted for
40.24 inflation. The commissioner shall adjust the credit amount and income threshold by the
40.25 percentage determined under the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code,
40.26 except that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "2014" is substituted for the word "1992." For
40.27 2016, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months
40.28 ending on August 31, 2014, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2015, and in each
40.29 subsequent year, from the 12 months ending August 31, 2014, to the 12 months ending on
40.30 August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The credit amount and income threshold,
40.31 as adjusted for inflation, must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends
40.32 in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount. The determination of the
40.33 commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule subject to the Administrative Procedure
40.34 Act in chapter 14, including section 14.386.

41.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 41.2 December 31, 2014.

41.3 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0677, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

41.4 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
 41.5 the meanings given.

41.6 (b) "Designated area" means a:

41.7 (1) combat zone designated by Executive Order from the President of the United
 41.8 States;

41.9 (2) qualified hazardous duty area, designated in Public Law; or

41.10 (3) location certified by the U. S. Department of Defense as eligible for combat zone
 41.11 tax benefits due to the location's direct support of military operations.

41.12 (c) "Active military service" means active duty service in any of the United States
 41.13 armed forces, the National Guard, or reserves.

41.14 (d) "Qualified individual" means an individual who has:

41.15 (1) met one of the following criteria:

41.16 (i) has served at least 20 years in the military;

41.17 (ii) has a service-connected disability rating of 100 percent for a total and permanent
 41.18 disability; or

41.19 (iii) has been determined by the military to be eligible for compensation from a
 41.20 pension or other retirement pay from the federal government for service in the military,
 41.21 as computed under United States Code, title 10, sections 1401 to 1414, 1447 to 1455,
 41.22 or 12733; ~~and~~

41.23 (2) separated from military service before the end of the taxable year; and

41.24 (3) has not claimed the subtraction under section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (24).

41.25 (e) "Adjusted gross income" has the meaning given in section 61 of the Internal
 41.26 Revenue Code.

41.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 41.28 December 31, 2014.

41.29 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.068, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

41.30 Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed.** Subject to the requirements in subdivision 8, a
 41.31 corporation, partners in a partnership, or shareholders in a corporation treated as an "S"
 41.32 corporation under section 290.9725 are individual, trust, or estate is allowed a credit
 41.33 against the tax computed under this chapter for the taxable year equal to:

41.34 (a) ten percent of the first \$2,000,000 of the excess (if any) of

- 42.1 (1) the qualified research expenses for the taxable year, over
42.2 (2) the base amount; and
42.3 (b) ~~2.5~~ four percent on all of such excess expenses over \$2,000,000.

42.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
42.5 December 31, 2015.

42.6 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.068, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

42.7 Subd. 3. **Limitation; carryover.** (a) Except as provided in subdivision 6a,
42.8 paragraph (b), the credit for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2010, and after
42.9 December 31, 2012, shall not exceed the liability for tax. "Liability for tax" for purposes
42.10 of this section means the sum of the tax imposed under section 290.06, subdivisions 1 and
42.11 2c, for the taxable year reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable credits allowed under
42.12 this chapter, on all of the entities required to be included on the combined report of the
42.13 unitary business. If the amount of the credit allowed exceeds the liability for tax of the
42.14 taxpayer, but is allowed as a result of the liability for tax of other members of the unitary
42.15 group for the taxable year, the taxpayer must allocate the excess as a research credit
42.16 to another member of the unitary group.

42.17 (b) In the case of a corporation which is a partner in a partnership, the credit allowed
42.18 for the taxable year shall not exceed the lesser of the amount determined under paragraph
42.19 (a) for the taxable year or an amount (separately computed with respect to the corporation's
42.20 interest in the trade or business or entity) equal to the amount of tax attributable to that
42.21 portion of taxable income which is allocable or apportionable to the corporation's interest
42.22 in the trade or business or entity.

42.23 (c) If the amount of the credit determined under this section for any taxable year
42.24 exceeds the limitation under paragraph (a) or (b), including amounts allowed as a refund
42.25 under subdivision 6a, paragraph (b), or allocated to other members of the unitary group,
42.26 the excess shall be a research credit carryover to each of the 15 succeeding taxable years.
42.27 The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the taxable year shall be carried first
42.28 to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may be carried and then to each
42.29 successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount of the unused credit
42.30 which may be added under this clause shall not exceed the taxpayer's liability for tax
42.31 less the research credit for the taxable year.

42.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
42.33 December 31, 2014.

43.1 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.068, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

43.2 Subd. 6a. **Credit to be refundable.** (a) If the amount of credit allowed in this
43.3 section for qualified research expenses incurred in taxable years beginning after December
43.4 31, 2009, and before January 1, 2013, exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability for tax under this
43.5 chapter, the commissioner shall refund the excess amount. The credit allowed for qualified
43.6 research expenses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, and before
43.7 January 1, 2013, must be used before any research credit earned under subdivision 3.

43.8 (b) If the first \$200,000 of the credit allowed in this section for qualified research
43.9 expenses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, exceeds the
43.10 taxpayer's liability for tax under this chapter, the commissioner shall refund the excess
43.11 amount. The \$200,000 limit must be applied at the corporation, partnership, or other
43.12 entity level. The credit allowed for qualified research expenses incurred in taxable
43.13 years beginning before January 1, 2015, must be used before any research credit under
43.14 subdivision 3.

43.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
43.16 December 31, 2014.

43.17 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.068, is amended by adding a subdivision
43.18 to read:

43.19 Subd. 8. **Applications; certification.** (a) A taxpayer claiming a credit under this
43.20 section must apply to the commissioner of employment and economic development for
43.21 a determination that the expenses for which the credit is claimed are qualified research
43.22 expenses. The application must be submitted by September 15 of the calendar year
43.23 following the end of the taxable year in which the qualified research expenses were
43.24 incurred. The application must be in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner
43.25 of employment and economic development, in consultation with the commissioner, and
43.26 must contain information sufficient to verify that the expenses for which the credit is
43.27 claimed under this section are qualified research expenses.

43.28 (b) The commissioner of employment and economic development must notify the
43.29 taxpayer of the determination of the application under paragraph (a) no later than 90 days
43.30 after the application is received.

43.31 (c) Upon approving an application for credit under paragraph (a), the commissioner
43.32 of employment and economic development must issue a credit certificate to the taxpayer
43.33 that verifies eligibility for the credit and states the amount of credit and the taxable year to
43.34 which the credit applies. The commissioner of employment and economic development

44.1 must notify the commissioner of the issuance of the credit certificate, the amount of the
 44.2 credit, and the taxable year to which the credit applies.

44.3 (d) The taxpayer claiming the credit under this section must file an amended return
 44.4 for the taxable year to which the credit applies. The return must contain a copy of the
 44.5 credit certificate issued under paragraph (c).

44.6 (e) A credit must not be issued under this section unless the commissioner has
 44.7 received the certification required under paragraph (c).

44.8 (f) For purposes of this subdivision, "taxpayer" excludes:

44.9 (1) a corporation subject to tax under section 290.06, subdivision 1; and

44.10 (2) an individual claiming a credit for qualified research expenditures of an S
 44.11 corporation or partnership.

44.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
 44.13 December 31, 2015.

44.14 Sec. 29. **[290.0682] CREDIT FOR ATTAINING MASTER'S DEGREE IN**
 44.15 **TEACHER'S LICENSURE FIELD.**

44.16 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section the following terms
 44.17 have the meanings given them.

44.18 (b) "Master's degree program" means a graduate level program at an accredited
 44.19 university leading to a master of arts or science degree in a core content area directly
 44.20 related to a qualified teacher's licensure field. The master's degree program may not
 44.21 include pedagogy or a pedagogy component. To be eligible under this credit, a licensed
 44.22 elementary school teacher must pursue and complete a master's degree program in a core
 44.23 content area in which the teacher provides direct classroom instruction.

44.24 (c) "Qualified teacher" means a K-12 teacher who:

44.25 (1) currently holds a continuing license granted by the Minnesota Board of Teaching;

44.26 (2) began a master's degree program after June 30, 2015; and

44.27 (3) completes the master's degree program during the taxable year.

44.28 (d) "Core content area" means the academic subject of reading, English or language
 44.29 arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts,
 44.30 history, or geography.

44.31 Subd. 2. **Credit allowed.** (a) An individual who is a qualified teacher is allowed a
 44.32 credit against the tax imposed under this chapter. The credit equals \$2,500.

44.33 (b) For a nonresident or a part-year resident, the credit under this subdivision
 44.34 must be allocated based on the percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision
 44.35 2c, paragraph (e).

45.1 (c) A qualified teacher may claim the credit in this section only one time for each
45.2 master's degree program completed in a core content area.

45.3 Subd. 3. **Credit refundable.** (a) If the amount of the credit for which an individual
45.4 is eligible exceeds the individual's liability for tax under this chapter, the commissioner
45.5 shall refund the excess to the individual.

45.6 (b) The amount necessary to pay the refunds required by this section is appropriated
45.7 to the commissioner from the general fund.

45.8 Subd. 4. **Delayed payment of 2015 and 2016 credits.** For master's degree
45.9 programs completed in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before
45.10 January 1, 2017, the individual may claim the corresponding credit in the taxable year
45.11 beginning after December 31, 2016, and before January 1, 2018, but not earlier. Credits
45.12 claimed for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2017,
45.13 are in addition to any credit allowed for the taxable year beginning after December 31,
45.14 2016, and before January 1, 2018.

45.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
45.16 December 31, 2014.

45.17 Sec. 30. **[290.0683] STUDENT LOAN CREDIT.**

45.18 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
45.19 have the meanings given.

45.20 (b) "Adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income as defined in
45.21 section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code.

45.22 (c) "Earned income" has the meaning given in section 32(c) of the Internal Revenue
45.23 Code.

45.24 (d) "Eligible individual" means a resident individual with one or more qualified
45.25 education loans related to an undergraduate or graduate degree program at a postsecondary
45.26 educational institution.

45.27 (e) "Eligible loan payments" means the amount the eligible individual paid during
45.28 the taxable year to pay principal and interest on qualified education loans.

45.29 (f) "Postsecondary educational institution" means a postsecondary institution eligible
45.30 for state student aid under section 136A.103 or, if the institution is not located in this state,
45.31 a postsecondary institution participating in the federal Pell Grant program under Title IV
45.32 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, Public Law 89-329, as amended.

45.33 (g) "Qualified education loan" has the meaning given in section 221 of the Internal
45.34 Revenue Code, but is limited to indebtedness incurred on behalf of the eligible individual
45.35 or the eligible individual's spouse.

46.1 Subd. 2. **Credit allowed.** (a) An eligible individual is allowed a credit against the
46.2 tax due under this chapter.

46.3 (b) The credit for an eligible individual equals the least of:

46.4 (1) eligible loan payments minus ten percent of an amount equal to adjusted gross
46.5 income in excess of \$10,000, but in no case less than zero;

46.6 (2) the earned income for the taxable year of the eligible individual and spouse,
46.7 if any; or

46.8 (3) the sum of:

46.9 (i) the interest portion of eligible loan payments made during the taxable year; and

46.10 (ii) ten percent of the original loan amount of all qualified education loans of the
46.11 eligible individual and the eligible individual's spouse.

46.12 (c) For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on the percentage
46.13 calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).

46.14 Subd. 3. **Credit refundable.** If the amount of credit that an individual is eligible
46.15 to receive under this section exceeds the individual's tax liability under this chapter, the
46.16 commissioner shall refund the excess to the individual.

46.17 Subd. 4. **Appropriation.** An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this
46.18 section is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.

46.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
46.20 December 31, 2014.

46.21 Sec. 31. **[290.0684] SECTION 529 COLLEGE SAVINGS PLAN CREDIT.**

46.22 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the term "federal adjusted
46.23 gross income" has the meaning given under section 62(a) of the Internal Revenue Code,
46.24 and "nonqualified distribution" means any distribution that is includible in gross income
46.25 under section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

46.26 Subd. 2. **Credit allowed.** (a) A credit of up to \$500 is allowed to a resident individual
46.27 against the tax imposed by this chapter, subject to the limitations in paragraph (b).

46.28 (b) The credit allowed must be calculated by applying the following rates to the
46.29 amount contributed to a college savings plan account qualifying under section 529 of the
46.30 Internal Revenue Code, in a taxable year:

46.31 (1) 50 percent for individual filers and married couples filing a joint return who have
46.32 federal adjusted gross income of less than \$80,000;

46.33 (2) 25 percent for married couples filing a joint return who have federal adjusted
46.34 gross income over \$80,000, but not more than \$100,000;

47.1 (3) ten percent for married couples filing a joint return who have federal adjusted
47.2 gross income over \$100,000, but not more than \$120,000; and

47.3 (4) five percent for married couples filing a joint return who have federal adjusted
47.4 gross income over \$120,000, but not more than \$160,000.

47.5 (c) The income thresholds in paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (4), used to calculate the
47.6 credit, must be adjusted for inflation. The commissioner shall adjust by the percentage
47.7 determined under the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
47.8 in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "2014" is substituted for the word "1992." For 2016, the
47.9 commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on
47.10 August 31, 2014, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2015, and in each subsequent
47.11 year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2014, to the 12 months ending on August
47.12 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The income thresholds as adjusted for inflation
47.13 must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is
47.14 rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount. The determination of the commissioner under this
47.15 subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act including section 14.386.

47.16 Subd. 3. **Credit refundable.** If the amount of credit that an individual is eligible
47.17 to receive under this section exceeds the individual's tax liability under this chapter, the
47.18 commissioner shall refund the excess to the individual.

47.19 Subd. 4. **Allocation.** For a part-year resident, the credit must be allocated based on
47.20 the percentage calculated under section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph (e).

47.21 Subd. 5. **Recapture of credit.** In the case of a nonqualified distribution, the
47.22 taxpayer is liable to the commissioner for the lesser of: ten percent of the amount of the
47.23 nonqualified distribution, or the sum of credits received under this section for all years.

47.24 Subd. 6. **Appropriation.** An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by this
47.25 section is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.

47.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
47.27 December 31, 2014.

47.28 **Sec. 32. [290.0803] SECTION 179 EXPENSING SUBTRACTION.**

47.29 Subdivision 1. **Current year allowance.** (a) In each of the five tax years
47.30 immediately following the tax year in which an addition is required under section 290.01,
47.31 subdivision 19a, clause (8), or 19c, clause (13), the current year allowance equals one-fifth
47.32 of the addition made by the taxpayer under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (8),
47.33 or 19c, clause (13).

47.34 (b) In the case of a shareholder of a corporation that is an S corporation, the current
47.35 year allowance is reduced by the positive value of any net operating loss under section

48.1 172 of the Internal Revenue Code generated for the tax year of the addition and, if the net
48.2 operating loss exceeds the addition for the tax year, the current year allowance is zero.

48.3 Subd. 2. Section 179 expensing carryover. For purposes of this section, the current
48.4 year allowance determined under subdivision 1 is considered to be the last subtraction
48.5 allowed in determining taxable income. If the amount allowed under subdivision 1
48.6 exceeds taxable income, then the excess is a section 179 expensing carryover to each
48.7 of the ten succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the section 179 expensing
48.8 carryover is carried first to the earliest taxable year to which the section 179 expensing
48.9 carryover may be carried and then to each successive year to which the section 179
48.10 expensing carryover may be carried.

48.11 Subd. 3. Section 179 expensing subtraction. A taxpayer is allowed a section 179
48.12 expensing subtraction from federal taxable income. The subtraction equals the sum of:

48.13 (1) the current year allowance determined under subdivision 1; and

48.14 (2) any section 179 expensing carryover from prior taxable years determined under
48.15 subdivision 2.

48.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
48.17 December 31, 2014.

48.18 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.081, is amended to read:

48.19 **290.081 INCOME OF NONRESIDENTS, RECIPROCITY.**

48.20 (a) The compensation received for the performance of personal or professional
48.21 services within this state by an individual whose residence, place of abode, and place
48.22 customarily returned to at least once a month is in another state, shall be excluded from
48.23 gross income to the extent such compensation is subject to an income tax imposed by the
48.24 state of residence; provided that such state allows a similar exclusion of compensation
48.25 received by residents of Minnesota for services performed therein.

48.26 (b) When it is deemed to be in the best interests of the people of this state, the
48.27 commissioner may determine that the provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply. As long
48.28 as the provisions of paragraph (a) apply between Minnesota and Wisconsin, the provisions
48.29 of paragraph (a) shall apply to any individual who is domiciled in Wisconsin.

48.30 (c) For the purposes of paragraph (a), whenever the Wisconsin tax on Minnesota
48.31 residents which would have been paid Wisconsin without paragraph (a) exceeds the
48.32 Minnesota tax on Wisconsin residents which would have been paid Minnesota without
48.33 paragraph (a), or vice versa, then the state with the net revenue loss resulting from
48.34 paragraph (a) shall receive from the other state the amount of such loss. This provision

49.1 shall be effective for all years beginning after December 31, 1972. The data used for
49.2 computing the loss to either state shall be determined on or before September 30 of the
49.3 year following the close of the previous calendar year.

49.4 (d)(1) Interest is payable on all amounts calculated under paragraph (c) relating
49.5 to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000. Interest accrues from July 1 of
49.6 the taxable year.

49.7 (2) The commissioner of revenue is authorized to enter into agreements with the
49.8 state of Wisconsin specifying the reciprocity payment due dates, conditions constituting
49.9 delinquency, interest rates, and a method for computing interest due, if the taxing official
49.10 of the state of Wisconsin agrees to terms consistent with clause (3).

49.11 ~~(3) For agreements entered into before October 1, 2014, the annual compensation~~
49.12 ~~required under paragraph (c) must equal at least the net revenue loss minus \$1,000,000~~
49.13 ~~per fiscal year.~~

49.14 ~~(4) For agreements entered into after September 30, 2014, (3)~~ The annual
49.15 compensation required under paragraph (c) must equal the net revenue loss per fiscal year.

49.16 ~~(5) For the purposes of clauses (3) and (4) this clause,~~ "net revenue loss" means
49.17 the difference between:

49.18 (i) the amount of Minnesota income taxes Minnesota forgoes by not taxing
49.19 Wisconsin residents on income subject to reciprocity less the cost of providing refundable
49.20 credits in excess of liability under this chapter to Wisconsin residents; and

49.21 ~~(ii) the credit Minnesota would have been required to give under section 290.06,~~
49.22 ~~subdivision 22, to Minnesota residents working in Wisconsin had there not been~~
49.23 ~~reciprocity~~ amount of Wisconsin income taxes Wisconsin forgoes by not taxing Minnesota
49.24 residents on income subject to reciprocity.

49.25 (e) If an agreement cannot be reached as to the amount of the loss, the commissioner
49.26 of revenue and the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin shall each appoint a member
49.27 of a board of arbitration and these members shall appoint the third member of the board.
49.28 The board shall select one of its members as chair. Such board may administer oaths, take
49.29 testimony, subpoena witnesses, and require their attendance, require the production of
49.30 books, papers and documents, and hold hearings at such places as are deemed necessary.
49.31 The board shall then make a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state
49.32 which determination shall be final and conclusive.

49.33 (f) The commissioner may furnish copies of returns, reports, or other information to
49.34 the taxing official of the state of Wisconsin, a member of the board of arbitration, or a
49.35 consultant under joint contract with the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin for the purpose
49.36 of making a determination as to the amount to be paid the other state under the provisions

50.1 of this section. Prior to the release of any information under the provisions of this section,
50.2 the person to whom the information is to be released shall sign an agreement which
50.3 provides that the person will protect the confidentiality of the returns and information
50.4 revealed thereby to the extent that it is protected under the laws of the state of Minnesota.

50.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment for
50.6 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014.

50.7 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

50.8 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the following
50.9 terms have the meanings given:

50.10 (a) "Alternative minimum taxable income" means the sum of the following for
50.11 the taxable year:

50.12 (1) the taxpayer's federal alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section
50.13 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

50.14 (2) the taxpayer's itemized deductions allowed in computing federal alternative
50.15 minimum taxable income, but excluding:

50.16 (i) the charitable contribution deduction under section 170 of the Internal Revenue
50.17 Code;

50.18 (ii) the medical expense deduction;

50.19 (iii) the casualty, theft, and disaster loss deduction; and

50.20 (iv) the impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person;

50.21 (3) for depletion allowances computed under section 613A(c) of the Internal
50.22 Revenue Code, with respect to each property (as defined in section 614 of the Internal
50.23 Revenue Code), to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income,
50.24 the excess of the deduction for depletion allowable under section 611 of the Internal
50.25 Revenue Code for the taxable year over the adjusted basis of the property at the end of the
50.26 taxable year (determined without regard to the depletion deduction for the taxable year);

50.27 (4) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the
50.28 amount of the tax preference for intangible drilling cost under section 57(a)(2) of the
50.29 Internal Revenue Code determined without regard to subparagraph (E);

50.30 (5) to the extent not included in federal alternative minimum taxable income, the
50.31 amount of interest income as provided by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (1); and

50.32 (6) the amount of addition required by section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clauses (7)
50.33 to (9), and (11) to (14);

50.34 less the sum of the amounts determined under the following:

50.35 (1) interest income as defined in section 290.01, subdivision 19b, clause (1);

51.1 (2) an overpayment of state income tax as provided by section 290.01, subdivision
51.2 19b, clause (2), to the extent included in federal alternative minimum taxable income;

51.3 (3) the amount of investment interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on
51.4 indebtedness to the extent that the amount does not exceed net investment income, as
51.5 defined in section 163(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Interest does not include
51.6 amounts deducted in computing federal adjusted gross income;

51.7 (4) amounts subtracted from federal taxable income as provided by section 290.01,
51.8 subdivision 19b, clauses (6), (8) to (14), (16), ~~and (21), (23), (24), (25), and (27)~~; and

51.9 (5) the amount of the net operating loss allowed under section 290.095, subdivision
51.10 11, paragraph (c).

51.11 In the case of an estate or trust, alternative minimum taxable income must be
51.12 computed as provided in section 59(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

51.13 (b) "Investment interest" means investment interest as defined in section 163(d)(3)
51.14 of the Internal Revenue Code.

51.15 (c) "Net minimum tax" means the minimum tax imposed by this section.

51.16 (d) "Regular tax" means the tax that would be imposed under this chapter (without
51.17 regard to this section and section 290.032), reduced by the sum of the nonrefundable
51.18 credits allowed under this chapter.

51.19 (e) "Tentative minimum tax" equals 6.75 percent of alternative minimum taxable
51.20 income after subtracting the exemption amount determined under subdivision 3.

51.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
51.22 December 31, 2014.

51.23 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.191, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

51.24 Subd. 5. **Determination of sales factor.** For purposes of this section, the following
51.25 rules apply in determining the sales factor.

51.26 (a) The sales factor includes all sales, gross earnings, or receipts received in the
51.27 ordinary course of the business, except that the following types of income are not included
51.28 in the sales factor:

51.29 (1) interest;

51.30 (2) dividends;

51.31 (3) sales of capital assets as defined in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;

51.32 (4) sales of property used in the trade or business, except sales of leased property of
51.33 a type which is regularly sold as well as leased; and

51.34 (5) sales of debt instruments as defined in section 1275(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue
51.35 Code or sales of stock.

52.1 (b) Sales of tangible personal property are made within this state if the property is
52.2 received by a purchaser at a point within this state, regardless of the f.o.b. point, other
52.3 conditions of the sale, or the ultimate destination of the property.

52.4 (c) Tangible personal property delivered to a common or contract carrier or foreign
52.5 vessel for delivery to a purchaser in another state or nation is a sale in that state or nation,
52.6 regardless of f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale.

52.7 (d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c), when intoxicating liquor, wine,
52.8 fermented malt beverages, cigarettes, or tobacco products are sold to a purchaser who is
52.9 licensed by a state or political subdivision to resell this property only within the state of
52.10 ultimate destination, the sale is made in that state.

52.11 (e) Sales made by or through a corporation that is qualified as a domestic
52.12 international sales corporation under section 992 of the Internal Revenue Code are not
52.13 considered to have been made within this state.

52.14 (f) Sales, rents, royalties, and other income in connection with real property is
52.15 attributed to the state in which the property is located.

52.16 (g) Receipts from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, including finance
52.17 leases and true leases, must be attributed to this state if the property is located in this
52.18 state and to other states if the property is not located in this state. Receipts from the
52.19 lease or rental of moving property including, but not limited to, motor vehicles, rolling
52.20 stock, aircraft, vessels, or mobile equipment are included in the numerator of the receipts
52.21 factor to the extent that the property is used in this state. The extent of the use of moving
52.22 property is determined as follows:

52.23 (1) A motor vehicle is used wholly in the state in which it is registered.

52.24 (2) The extent that rolling stock is used in this state is determined by multiplying
52.25 the receipts from the lease or rental of the rolling stock by a fraction, the numerator of
52.26 which is the miles traveled within this state by the leased or rented rolling stock and the
52.27 denominator of which is the total miles traveled by the leased or rented rolling stock.

52.28 (3) The extent that an aircraft is used in this state is determined by multiplying the
52.29 receipts from the lease or rental of the aircraft by a fraction, the numerator of which is
52.30 the number of landings of the aircraft in this state and the denominator of which is the
52.31 total number of landings of the aircraft.

52.32 (4) The extent that a vessel, mobile equipment, or other mobile property is used in
52.33 the state is determined by multiplying the receipts from the lease or rental of the property
52.34 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the
52.35 property was in this state and the denominator of which is the total days in the taxable year.

53.1 (h) Royalties and other income received for the use of or for the privilege of using
53.2 intangible property, including patents, know-how, formulas, designs, processes, patterns,
53.3 copyrights, trade names, service names, franchises, licenses, contracts, customer lists, or
53.4 similar items, must be attributed to the state in which the property is used by the purchaser.
53.5 If the property is used in more than one state, the royalties or other income must be
53.6 apportioned to this state pro rata according to the portion of use in this state. If the portion
53.7 of use in this state cannot be determined, the royalties or other income must be excluded
53.8 from both the numerator and the denominator. Intangible property is used in this state if
53.9 the purchaser uses the intangible property or the rights therein in the regular course of its
53.10 business operations in this state, regardless of the location of the purchaser's customers.

53.11 (i) Sales of intangible property are made within the state in which the property is
53.12 used by the purchaser. If the property is used in more than one state, the sales must be
53.13 apportioned to this state pro rata according to the portion of use in this state. If the
53.14 portion of use in this state cannot be determined, the sale must be excluded from both the
53.15 numerator and the denominator of the sales factor. Intangible property is used in this
53.16 state if the purchaser used the intangible property in the regular course of its business
53.17 operations in this state.

53.18 (j) Receipts from the performance of services must be attributed to the state where
53.19 the services are received. For the purposes of this section, receipts from the performance
53.20 of services provided to a corporation, partnership, or trust may only be attributed to a
53.21 state where it has a fixed place of doing business. If the state where the services are
53.22 received is not readily determinable or is a state where the corporation, partnership, or
53.23 trust receiving the service does not have a fixed place of doing business, the services
53.24 shall be deemed to be received at the location of the office of the customer from which
53.25 the services were ordered in the regular course of the customer's trade or business. If the
53.26 ordering office cannot be determined, the services shall be deemed to be received at the
53.27 office of the customer to which the services are billed. Receipts received as compensation
53.28 by a nonresident individual for the performance of services as a member of a board of
53.29 directors, or similar body, are attributed to Minnesota based on the ratio of the time spent
53.30 in Minnesota providing services as a member of that board divided by the time spent
53.31 everywhere providing services as a member of that board.

53.32 (k) For the purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, paragraph (l), receipts
53.33 from management, distribution, or administrative services performed by a corporation
53.34 or trust for a fund of a corporation or trust regulated under United States Code, title 15,
53.35 sections 80a-1 through 80a-64, must be attributed to the state where the shareholder of
53.36 the fund resides. Under this paragraph, receipts for services attributed to shareholders are

54.1 determined on the basis of the ratio of: (1) the average of the outstanding shares in the
 54.2 fund owned by shareholders residing within Minnesota at the beginning and end of each
 54.3 year; and (2) the average of the total number of outstanding shares in the fund at the
 54.4 beginning and end of each year. Residence of the shareholder, in the case of an individual,
 54.5 is determined by the mailing address furnished by the shareholder to the fund. Residence
 54.6 of the shareholder, when the shares are held by an insurance company as a depositor for
 54.7 the insurance company policyholders, is the mailing address of the policyholders. In
 54.8 the case of an insurance company holding the shares as a depositor for the insurance
 54.9 company policyholders, if the mailing address of the policyholders cannot be determined
 54.10 by the taxpayer, the receipts must be excluded from both the numerator and denominator.
 54.11 Residence of other shareholders is the mailing address of the shareholder.

54.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
 54.13 and applies retroactively to all open taxable years and returns.

54.14 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290A.03, subdivision 15, as amended by
 54.15 Laws 2015, chapter 1, section 4, is amended to read:

54.16 Subd. 15. **Internal Revenue Code.** "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal
 54.17 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through ~~December 31, 2014~~ April 1, 2015.

54.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for property tax refunds based on
 54.19 property taxes payable after December 31, 2015, and rent paid after December 31, 2014.

54.20 Sec. 37. **ADDITIONAL PERSONAL AND DEPENDENT EXEMPTION**
 54.21 **AMOUNT FOR 2015 AND 2016.**

54.22 (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before January 1,
 54.23 2017, an individual subject to tax under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision
 54.24 2c, is allowed a subtraction from federal taxable income, in addition to the subtractions
 54.25 under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, subdivision 19b, equal to the number of
 54.26 personal exemptions allowed under sections 151(b) and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code,
 54.27 multiplied by one-quarter of the dollar amount for personal exemptions under sections
 54.28 151(d)(1) and (2) of the Internal Revenue Code, as adjusted for inflation by section
 54.29 151(d)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

54.30 (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before January 1,
 54.31 2017, the additional exemption in paragraph (a) must be added to the disallowed personal
 54.32 exemption amount under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause
 54.33 (16), item (i).

55.1 (c) The additional exemption amount under this section is a modification to net
55.2 income under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, subdivision 19.

55.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
55.4 December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2017.

55.5 Sec. 38. **CREDIT FOR JOB TRAINING CENTER REHABILITATION.**

55.6 (a) A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax due under Minnesota Statutes,
55.7 chapter 290, if the taxpayer rehabilitated and placed in service in calendar year 2015 a
55.8 certified historic structure that once served as a library and is located in a city of the
55.9 first class. The credit equals 20 percent of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures for
55.10 the project.

55.11 (b) The taxpayer must notify the commissioner within six months of when the
55.12 project is placed in service, and must provide documentation that the project meets the
55.13 requirements of this section, in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. The
55.14 commissioner must issue a credit certificate to the developer upon verifying that the
55.15 project has been placed in service and meets the requirements of this section.

55.16 (c) The recipient of a credit certificate may assign the certificate to another taxpayer,
55.17 including an insurance company, which is then allowed the credit under this section. An
55.18 assignment is not valid unless the assignee notifies the commissioner within 30 days of
55.19 the date the assignment is made. The commissioner shall prescribe the forms necessary
55.20 for notifying the commissioner of the assignment of a credit certificate and for claiming
55.21 a credit by assignment. In lieu of the credit under paragraph (a), an insurance company
55.22 that is assigned a credit under this paragraph may claim the credit against the insurance
55.23 premiums tax imposed under chapter 297I.

55.24 (d) Credits granted to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a
55.25 partnership, S corporation, or multiple owners of property are passed through to the
55.26 partners, members, shareholders, or owners, respectively, pro rata to each partner,
55.27 member, shareholder, or owner based on their share of the entity's assets or as specially
55.28 allocated in their organizational documents or any other executed agreement, as of the last
55.29 day of the taxable year.

55.30 (e) If the amount of credit that a taxpayer is eligible to receive under this section
55.31 exceeds the taxpayer's liability for tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290, the
55.32 commissioner shall refund the excess to the taxpayer. If the amount of credit assigned to
55.33 an insurance company exceeds the liability for tax under chapter 297I, the commissioner
55.34 shall refund the excess to the insurance company. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds
55.35 authorized under this section is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.

56.1 (f) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:

56.2 (1) "certified historic structure" has the meaning given in section 47(c)(3)(A) of the
56.3 Internal Revenue Code;

56.4 (2) "commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue;

56.5 (3) "qualified rehabilitation expenditures" means amounts chargeable to capital
56.6 accounts but does not include the cost of acquiring the structure or enlarging the structure;
56.7 and

56.8 (4) "project" means rehabilitation of a certified historic structure that is located
56.9 in Minnesota.

56.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
56.11 December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2016, for projects placed in service in calendar
56.12 year 2015.

56.13 Sec. 39. **REPEALER.**

56.14 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.067, subdivisions 2, 2a, and 2b, are repealed.

56.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
56.16 December 31, 2014.

56.17 **ARTICLE 2**

56.18 **PROPERTY TAXPAYER EMPOWERMENT**

56.19 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.63, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

56.20 Subd. 3. **Capital project levy referendum.** (a) A district may levy the local tax
56.21 rate approved by a majority of the electors voting on the question to provide funds for
56.22 an approved project. The election must take place no more than five years before the
56.23 estimated date of commencement of the project. The referendum ~~must~~ may be ~~held on~~
56.24 ~~a date set by~~ called by the board and, except as provided in paragraph (g), must be held
56.25 on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in either an even-numbered or
56.26 odd-numbered year. A district must meet the requirements of section 123B.71 for projects
56.27 funded under this section. If a review and comment is required under section 123B.71,
56.28 subdivision 8, a referendum for a project not receiving a positive review and comment by
56.29 the commissioner must be approved by at least 60 percent of the voters at the election.

56.30 (b) ~~The~~ A referendum may be called by the school board and under this subdivision
56.31 may be held:

56.32 (1) separately, before an election for the issuance of obligations for the project
56.33 under chapter 475; or

57.1 (2) in conjunction with an election for the issuance of obligations for the project
57.2 under chapter 475; or

57.3 (3) notwithstanding section 475.59, as a conjunctive question authorizing both the
57.4 capital project levy and the issuance of obligations for the project under chapter 475. Any
57.5 obligations authorized for a project may be issued within five years of the date of the
57.6 election.

57.7 (c) The ballot must provide a general description of the proposed project, state the
57.8 estimated total cost of the project, state whether the project has received a positive or
57.9 negative review and comment from the commissioner, state the maximum amount of the
57.10 capital project levy as a percentage of net tax capacity, state the amount that will be raised
57.11 by that local tax rate in the first year it is to be levied, and state the maximum number of
57.12 years that the levy authorization will apply.

57.13 The ballot must contain a textual portion with the information required in this
57.14 section and a question stating substantially the following:

57.15 "Shall the capital project levy proposed by the board of School District
57.16 No. be approved?"

57.17 If approved, the amount provided by the approved local tax rate applied to the net
57.18 tax capacity for the year preceding the year the levy is certified may be certified for the
57.19 number of years, not to exceed ten, approved.

57.20 (d) If the district proposes a new capital project to begin at the time the existing
57.21 capital project expires and at the same maximum tax rate, the general description on the
57.22 ballot may state that the capital project levy is being renewed and that the tax rate is not
57.23 being increased from the previous year's rate. An election to renew authority under this
57.24 paragraph may be called at any time that is otherwise authorized by this subdivision. The
57.25 ballot notice required under section 275.60 may be modified to read:

57.26 "BY VOTING YES ON THIS BALLOT QUESTION, YOU ARE VOTING
57.27 TO RENEW AN EXISTING CAPITAL PROJECTS REFERENDUM THAT IS
57.28 SCHEDULED TO EXPIRE."

57.29 (e) In the event a conjunctive question proposes to authorize both the capital project
57.30 levy and the issuance of obligations for the project, appropriate language authorizing the
57.31 issuance of obligations must also be included in the question.

57.32 (f) The district must notify the commissioner of the results of the referendum.

57.33 (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a referendum to levy the amount needed to
57.34 finance a district's response to a disaster or emergency may be held on a date set by the
57.35 board. "Disaster" means a situation that creates an actual or imminent serious threat to
57.36 the health and safety of persons or a situation that has resulted or is likely to result in

58.1 catastrophic loss to property or the environment. "Emergency" means an unforeseen
58.2 combination of circumstances that calls for immediate action to prevent a disaster,
58.3 identified in the referendum, from developing or occurring.

58.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
58.5 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

58.6 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 126C.17, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

58.7 Subd. 9. **Referendum revenue.** (a) The revenue authorized by section 126C.10,
58.8 subdivision 1, may be increased in the amount approved by the voters of the district
58.9 at a referendum called for the purpose. The referendum may be called by the board.
58.10 The referendum must be conducted one or two calendar years before the increased levy
58.11 authority, if approved, first becomes payable. Only one election to approve an increase
58.12 may be held in a calendar year. Unless the referendum is conducted by mail under
58.13 subdivision 11, paragraph (a), the referendum must be held on the first Tuesday after the
58.14 first Monday in November. The ballot must state the maximum amount of the increased
58.15 revenue per adjusted pupil unit. The ballot may state a schedule, determined by the board,
58.16 of increased revenue per adjusted pupil unit that differs from year to year over the number
58.17 of years for which the increased revenue is authorized or may state that the amount shall
58.18 increase annually by the rate of inflation. The ballot must state the cumulative amount per
58.19 pupil of any local optional revenue, board-approved referendum authority, and previous
58.20 voter-approved referendum authority, if any, that the board expects to certify for the
58.21 next school year. For this purpose, the rate of inflation shall be the annual inflationary
58.22 increase calculated under subdivision 2, paragraph (b). The ballot may state that existing
58.23 referendum levy authority is expiring. In this case, the ballot may also compare the
58.24 proposed levy authority to the existing expiring levy authority, and express the proposed
58.25 increase as the amount, if any, over the expiring referendum levy authority. The ballot
58.26 must designate the specific number of years, not to exceed ten, for which the referendum
58.27 authorization applies. The ballot, including a ballot on the question to revoke or reduce the
58.28 increased revenue amount under paragraph (c), must abbreviate the term "per adjusted pupil
58.29 unit" as "per pupil." The notice required under section 275.60 may be modified to read, in
58.30 cases of renewing existing levies at the same amount per pupil as in the previous year:

58.31 "BY VOTING "YES" ON THIS BALLOT QUESTION, YOU ARE VOTING
58.32 TO EXTEND AN EXISTING PROPERTY TAX REFERENDUM THAT IS
58.33 SCHEDULED TO EXPIRE."

58.34 The ballot may contain a textual portion with the information required in this
58.35 subdivision and a question stating substantially the following:

59.1 "Shall the increase in the revenue proposed by (petition to) the board of,
59.2 School District No. ..., be approved?"

59.3 If approved, an amount equal to the approved revenue per adjusted pupil unit times
59.4 the adjusted pupil units for the school year beginning in the year after the levy is certified
59.5 shall be authorized for certification for the number of years approved, if applicable, or
59.6 until revoked or reduced by the voters of the district at a subsequent referendum.

59.7 (b) The board must prepare and deliver by first class mail at least 15 days but no more
59.8 than 30 days before the day of the referendum to each taxpayer a notice of the referendum
59.9 and the proposed revenue increase. The board need not mail more than one notice to any
59.10 taxpayer. For the purpose of giving mailed notice under this subdivision, owners must be
59.11 those shown to be owners on the records of the county auditor or, in any county where
59.12 tax statements are mailed by the county treasurer, on the records of the county treasurer.
59.13 Every property owner whose name does not appear on the records of the county auditor
59.14 or the county treasurer is deemed to have waived this mailed notice unless the owner
59.15 has requested in writing that the county auditor or county treasurer, as the case may be,
59.16 include the name on the records for this purpose. The notice must project the anticipated
59.17 amount of tax increase in annual dollars for typical residential homesteads, agricultural
59.18 homesteads, apartments, and commercial-industrial property within the school district.

59.19 The notice must state the cumulative and individual amounts per pupil of any local
59.20 optional revenue, board-approved referendum authority, and voter-approved referendum
59.21 authority, if any, that the board expects to certify for the next school year.

59.22 The notice for a referendum may state that an existing referendum levy is expiring
59.23 and project the anticipated amount of increase over the existing referendum levy in
59.24 the first year, if any, in annual dollars for typical residential homesteads, agricultural
59.25 homesteads, apartments, and commercial-industrial property within the district.

59.26 The notice must include the following statement: "Passage of this referendum will
59.27 result in an increase in your property taxes." However, in cases of renewing existing levies,
59.28 the notice may include the following statement: "Passage of this referendum extends an
59.29 existing operating referendum at the same amount per pupil as in the previous year."

59.30 (c) A referendum on the question of revoking or reducing the increased revenue
59.31 amount authorized pursuant to paragraph (a) may be called by the board. A referendum to
59.32 revoke or reduce the revenue amount must state the amount per adjusted pupil unit by
59.33 which the authority is to be reduced. Revenue authority approved by the voters of the
59.34 district pursuant to paragraph (a) must be available to the school district at least once
59.35 before it is subject to a referendum on its revocation or reduction for subsequent years.

60.1 Only one revocation or reduction referendum may be held to revoke or reduce referendum
60.2 revenue for any specific year and for years thereafter.

60.3 (d) The approval of 50 percent plus one of those voting on the question is required to
60.4 pass a referendum authorized by this subdivision.

60.5 (e) At least 15 days before the day of the referendum, the district must submit a
60.6 copy of the notice required under paragraph (b) to the commissioner and to the county
60.7 auditor of each county in which the district is located. Within 15 days after the results
60.8 of the referendum have been certified by the board, or in the case of a recount, the
60.9 certification of the results of the recount by the canvassing board, the district must notify
60.10 the commissioner of the results of the referendum.

60.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 205.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

60.12 Subdivision 1. **Questions.** Special elections may be held in a city or town on a
60.13 question on which the voters are authorized by law or charter to pass judgment. A special
60.14 election on a question may only be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
60.15 November in either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year. A special election may be
60.16 ordered by the governing body of the municipality on its own motion or, on a question
60.17 that has not been submitted to the voters in an election within the previous six months,
60.18 upon a petition signed by a number of voters equal to 20 percent of the votes cast at the
60.19 last municipal general election. A question is carried only with the majority in its favor
60.20 required by law or charter. The election officials for a special election shall be the same as
60.21 for the most recent municipal general election unless changed according to law. Otherwise
60.22 special elections shall be conducted and the returns made in the manner provided for
60.23 the municipal general election.

60.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
60.25 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

60.26 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 205A.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

60.27 Subdivision 1. **Questions.** ~~(a)~~ Special elections must be held for a school district
60.28 on a question on which the voters are authorized by law to pass judgment. The special
60.29 election on a question may only be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
60.30 November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year. The school board may on
60.31 its own motion call a special election to vote on any matter requiring approval of the voters
60.32 of a district. Upon petition filed with the school board of 50 or more voters of the school
60.33 district or five percent of the number of voters voting at the preceding school district
60.34 general election, whichever is greater, the school board shall by resolution call a special

61.1 election to vote on any matter requiring approval of the voters of a district. A question
 61.2 is carried only with the majority in its favor required by law. The election officials for a
 61.3 special election are the same as for the most recent school district general election unless
 61.4 changed according to law. Otherwise, special elections must be conducted and the returns
 61.5 made in the manner provided for the school district general election.

61.6 ~~(b) A special election may not be held:~~

61.7 ~~(1) during the 56 days before and the 56 days after a regularly scheduled primary or~~
 61.8 ~~general election conducted wholly or partially within the school district;~~

61.9 ~~(2) on the date of a regularly scheduled town election in March conducted wholly~~
 61.10 ~~or partially within the school district; or~~

61.11 ~~(3) during the 30 days before or the 30 days after a regularly scheduled town election~~
 61.12 ~~in March conducted wholly or partially within the school district.~~

61.13 ~~(e) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the time period in which a special~~
 61.14 ~~election must be conducted under any other law may be extended by the school board to~~
 61.15 ~~conform with the requirements of this subdivision.~~

61.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 61.17 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

61.18 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 216B.46, is amended to read:

61.19 **216B.46 MUNICIPAL ACQUISITION PROCEDURES; NOTICE;**
 61.20 **ELECTION.**

61.21 Any municipality which desires to acquire the property of a public utility as
 61.22 authorized under the provisions of section 216B.45 may determine to do so by resolution of
 61.23 the governing body of the municipality taken after a public hearing of which at least 30 days'
 61.24 published notice shall be given as determined by the governing body. The determination
 61.25 shall become effective when ratified by a majority of the qualified electors voting on the
 61.26 question at a special election to be held for that purpose, ~~not less than 60 nor more than~~
 61.27 ~~120 days after the resolution of the governing body of the municipality~~ on the first Tuesday
 61.28 after the first Monday in November in either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year.

61.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 61.30 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

61.31 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 237.19, is amended to read:

61.32 **237.19 MUNICIPAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES.**

62.1 Any municipality shall have the right to own and operate a telephone exchange
62.2 within its own borders, subject to the provisions of this chapter. It may construct such
62.3 plant, or purchase an existing plant by agreement with the owner, or where it cannot
62.4 agree with the owner on price, it may acquire an existing plant by condemnation, as
62.5 hereinafter provided, but in no case shall a municipality construct or purchase such a
62.6 plant or proceed to acquire an existing plant by condemnation until such action by it
62.7 is authorized by a majority of the electors voting upon the proposition at ~~a general~~ an
62.8 ~~election or a special election called for that purpose~~ held on the first Tuesday after the
62.9 first Monday in November in either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year, and if the
62.10 proposal is to construct a new exchange where an exchange already exists, it shall not
62.11 be authorized to do so unless 65 percent of those voting thereon vote in favor of the
62.12 undertaking. A municipality that owns and operates a telephone exchange may enter into
62.13 a joint venture as a partner or shareholder with a telecommunications organization to
62.14 provide telecommunications services within its service area.

62.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
62.16 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

62.17 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

62.18 Subd. 3. **Notice of proposed property taxes.** (a) The county auditor shall prepare
62.19 and the county treasurer shall deliver after November 10 and on or before November 24
62.20 each year, by first class mail to each taxpayer at the address listed on the county's current
62.21 year's assessment roll, a notice of proposed property taxes. Upon written request by
62.22 the taxpayer, the treasurer may send the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail
62.23 instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.

62.24 (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the notice.

62.25 (c) The notice must inform taxpayers that it contains the amount of property taxes
62.26 each taxing authority proposes to collect for taxes payable the following year. In the case of
62.27 a town, or in the case of the state general tax, the final tax amount will be its proposed tax.
62.28 The notice must clearly state for each city that has a population over 500, county, school
62.29 district, regional library authority established under section 134.201, and metropolitan
62.30 taxing districts as defined in paragraph (i), the time and place of a meeting for each taxing
62.31 authority in which the budget and levy will be discussed and public input allowed, prior to
62.32 the final budget and levy determination. The taxing authorities must provide the county
62.33 auditor with the information to be included in the notice on or before the time it certifies
62.34 its proposed levy under subdivision 1. The public must be allowed to speak at that
62.35 meeting, which must occur after November 24 and must not be held before 6:00 p.m. It

63.1 must provide a telephone number for the taxing authority that taxpayers may call if they
63.2 have questions related to the notice and an address where comments will be received by
63.3 mail, except that no notice required under this section shall be interpreted as requiring the
63.4 printing of a personal telephone number or address as the contact information for a taxing
63.5 authority. If a taxing authority does not maintain public offices where telephone calls can
63.6 be received by the authority, the authority may inform the county of the lack of a public
63.7 telephone number and the county shall not list a telephone number for that taxing authority.

63.8 (d) The notice must state for each parcel:

63.9 (1) the market value of the property as determined under section 273.11, and used
63.10 for computing property taxes payable in the following year and for taxes payable in the
63.11 current year as each appears in the records of the county assessor on November 1 of the
63.12 current year; and, in the case of residential property, whether the property is classified as
63.13 homestead or nonhomestead. The notice must clearly inform taxpayers of the years to
63.14 which the market values apply and that the values are final values;

63.15 (2) the items listed below, shown separately by county, city or town, and state
63.16 general tax, agricultural homestead credit under section 273.1384, voter approved school
63.17 levy, other local school levy, and the sum of the special taxing districts, and as a total
63.18 of all taxing authorities:

63.19 (i) the actual tax for taxes payable in the current year; and

63.20 (ii) the proposed tax amount.

63.21 If the county levy under clause (2) includes an amount for a lake improvement
63.22 district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that
63.23 purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount.

63.24 In the case of a town or the state general tax, the final tax shall also be its proposed
63.25 tax unless the town changes its levy at a special town meeting under section 365.52. If a
63.26 school district has certified under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, that a referendum will
63.27 be held in the school district at the November general election, the county auditor must
63.28 note next to the school district's proposed amount that a referendum is pending and that, if
63.29 approved by the voters, the tax amount may be higher than shown on the notice. In the
63.30 case of the city of Minneapolis, the levy for Minneapolis Park and Recreation shall be
63.31 listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of the city of
63.32 St. Paul, the levy for the St. Paul Library Agency must be listed separately from the
63.33 remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of Ramsey County, any amount levied
63.34 under section 134.07 may be listed separately from the remaining amount of the county's
63.35 levy. In the case of a parcel where tax increment or the fiscal disparities areawide tax
63.36 under chapter 276A or 473F applies, the proposed tax levy on the captured value or the

64.1 proposed tax levy on the tax capacity subject to the areawide tax must each be stated
64.2 separately and not included in the sum of the special taxing districts; and

64.3 (3) the increase or decrease between the total taxes payable in the current year and
64.4 the total proposed taxes, expressed as a percentage; and

64.5 (4) a statement at the top of the notice stating the following: if a county or city's
64.6 proposed levy for next year is greater than its actual levy for the current year, the voters
64.7 may have the right to petition for a referendum on next year's levy certification, according
64.8 to section 275.80, provided that the final levy that the local government certifies in
64.9 December of this year is also greater than its levy for the current year.

64.10 For purposes of this section, the amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under
64.11 the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount
64.12 of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount.

64.13 (e) The notice must clearly state that the proposed or final taxes do not include
64.14 the following:

64.15 (1) special assessments;

64.16 (2) levies approved by the voters after the date the proposed taxes are certified,
64.17 including bond referenda and school district levy referenda;

64.18 (3) a levy limit increase approved by the voters by the first Tuesday after the first
64.19 Monday in November of the levy year as provided under section 275.73;

64.20 (4) amounts necessary to pay cleanup or other costs due to a natural disaster
64.21 occurring after the date the proposed taxes are certified;

64.22 (5) amounts necessary to pay tort judgments against the taxing authority that become
64.23 final after the date the proposed taxes are certified; and

64.24 (6) the contamination tax imposed on properties which received market value
64.25 reductions for contamination.

64.26 (f) Except as provided in subdivision 7, failure of the county auditor to prepare or
64.27 the county treasurer to deliver the notice as required in this section does not invalidate the
64.28 proposed or final tax levy or the taxes payable pursuant to the tax levy.

64.29 (g) If the notice the taxpayer receives under this section lists the property as
64.30 nonhomestead, and satisfactory documentation is provided to the county assessor by the
64.31 applicable deadline, and the property qualifies for the homestead classification in that
64.32 assessment year, the assessor shall reclassify the property to homestead for taxes payable
64.33 in the following year.

64.34 (h) In the case of class 4 residential property used as a residence for lease or rental
64.35 periods of 30 days or more, the taxpayer must either:

65.1 (1) mail or deliver a copy of the notice of proposed property taxes to each tenant,
65.2 renter, or lessee; or

65.3 (2) post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the premises of the property.

65.4 The notice must be mailed or posted by the taxpayer by November 27 or within
65.5 three days of receipt of the notice, whichever is later. A taxpayer may notify the county
65.6 treasurer of the address of the taxpayer, agent, caretaker, or manager of the premises to
65.7 which the notice must be mailed in order to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph.

65.8 (i) For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, "metropolitan special taxing
65.9 districts" means the following taxing districts in the seven-county metropolitan area that
65.10 levy a property tax for any of the specified purposes listed below:

65.11 (1) Metropolitan Council under section 473.132, 473.167, 473.249, 473.325,
65.12 473.446, 473.521, 473.547, or 473.834;

65.13 (2) Metropolitan Airports Commission under section 473.667, 473.671, or 473.672;
65.14 and

65.15 (3) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under section 473.711.

65.16 For purposes of this section, any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the
65.17 county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter
65.18 398A shall be included with the appropriate county's levy.

65.19 (j) The governing body of a county, city, or school district may, with the consent
65.20 of the county board, include supplemental information with the statement of proposed
65.21 property taxes about the impact of state aid increases or decreases on property tax
65.22 increases or decreases and on the level of services provided in the affected jurisdiction.
65.23 This supplemental information may include information for the following year, the current
65.24 year, and for as many consecutive preceding years as deemed appropriate by the governing
65.25 body of the county, city, or school district. It may include only information regarding:

65.26 (1) the impact of inflation as measured by the implicit price deflator for state and
65.27 local government purchases;

65.28 (2) population growth and decline;

65.29 (3) state or federal government action; and

65.30 (4) other financial factors that affect the level of property taxation and local services
65.31 that the governing body of the county, city, or school district may deem appropriate to
65.32 include.

65.33 The information may be presented using tables, written narrative, and graphic
65.34 representations and may contain instruction toward further sources of information or
65.35 opportunity for comment.

66.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2016 and
66.2 thereafter.

66.3 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

66.4 Subdivision 1. **Certification of levy.** (a) Except as provided under paragraph (b),
66.5 the taxes voted by cities, counties, school districts, and special districts shall be certified
66.6 by the proper authorities to the county auditor on or before five working days after
66.7 December 20 in each year. A town must certify the levy adopted by the town board to
66.8 the county auditor by September 15 each year. If the town board modifies the levy at a
66.9 special town meeting after September 15, the town board must recertify its levy to the
66.10 county auditor on or before five working days after December 20. If a city or county levy
66.11 is subject to a referendum under section 275.80 and the referendum was approved by the
66.12 voters, the maximum levy certified under this section is the proposed levy certified under
66.13 section 275.065. If the referendum was not approved, the maximum amount of levy that a
66.14 city or county may approve under this section is the maximum alternative levy allowed in
66.15 section 275.80, subdivision 2. The city or county may choose to certify a levy less than the
66.16 allowed maximum amount. If a city, town, county, school district, or special district fails to
66.17 certify its levy by that date, its levy shall be the amount levied by it for the preceding year.

66.18 (b)(i) The taxes voted by counties under sections 103B.241, 103B.245, and 103B.251
66.19 shall be separately certified by the county to the county auditor on or before five working
66.20 days after December 20 in each year. The taxes certified shall not be reduced by the county
66.21 auditor by the aid received under section 273.1398, subdivision 3. If a county fails to
66.22 certify its levy by that date, its levy shall be the amount levied by it for the preceding year.

66.23 (ii) For purposes of the proposed property tax notice under section 275.065 and
66.24 the property tax statement under section 276.04, for the first year in which the county
66.25 implements the provisions of this paragraph, the county auditor shall reduce the county's
66.26 levy for the preceding year to reflect any amount levied for water management purposes
66.27 under clause (i) included in the county's levy.

66.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2016 and
66.29 thereafter.

66.30 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.60, is amended to read:

66.31 **275.60 LEVY OR BOND REFERENDUM; BALLOT NOTICE.**

66.32 (a) Notwithstanding any general or special law or any charter provisions, but subject
66.33 to section 126C.17, subdivision 9, any question submitted to the voters by any local

67.1 governmental subdivision at a ~~general or special~~ an election after ~~June 8, 1995~~ June 30,
67.2 2015, authorizing a property tax levy or tax rate increase, including the issuance of debt
67.3 obligations payable in whole or in part from property taxes, must include on the ballot the
67.4 following notice in boldface type:

67.5 "BY VOTING "YES" ON THIS BALLOT QUESTION, YOU ARE VOTING FOR
67.6 A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE."

67.7 (b) For purposes of this section and section 275.61, "local governmental subdivision"
67.8 includes counties, home rule and statutory cities, towns, school districts, and all special
67.9 taxing districts. This statement is in addition to any general or special laws or any charter
67.10 provisions that govern the contents of a ballot question and, in the case of a question
67.11 on the issuance of debt obligations, may be supplemented by a description of revenues
67.12 pledged to payment of the obligations that are intended as the primary source of payment.

67.13 (c) An election under this section must be held on the first Tuesday after the first
67.14 Monday in November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year. This paragraph
67.15 does not apply to an election on levying a tax or issuing debt obligations to finance the
67.16 local government's response to a disaster or emergency. An election for these purposes
67.17 may be held on a date set by the governing body. "Disaster" means a situation that creates
67.18 an actual or imminent serious threat to the health and safety of persons or a situation that
67.19 has resulted or is likely to result in catastrophic loss to property or the environment.

67.20 "Emergency" means an unforeseen combination of circumstances that calls for immediate
67.21 action to prevent a disaster, identified in the referendum, from developing or occurring.

67.22 (e) ~~(d)~~ This section does not apply to a school district bond election if the debt
67.23 service payments are to be made entirely from transfers of revenue from the capital fund
67.24 to the debt service fund.

67.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
67.26 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

67.27 Sec. 10. **[275.80] LEVY INCREASE; REVERSE REFERENDUM**
67.28 **AUTHORIZED.**

67.29 Subdivision 1. **Citation.** This section shall be known as the "Property Tax Payers'
67.30 Empowerment Act."

67.31 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
67.32 the meanings given.

67.33 (b) "General levy" means the total levy certified under section 275.07 by the local
67.34 governmental unit excluding any levy that was approved by the voters at a general or
67.35 special election.

68.1 (c) "Local governmental unit" means a county or a statutory or home rule charter
68.2 city with a population of 500 or greater.

68.3 (d) "Maximum alternative levy" for taxes levied in a current year by a local
68.4 governmental unit means the sum of (i) its nondebt levy certified two years previous to the
68.5 current year, and (ii) the amount of its proposed levy for the current year levied for the
68.6 purposes listed in section 275.70, subdivision 5, clauses (1) to (5).

68.7 (e) "Nondebt levy" means the total levy certified under section 275.07 by the local
68.8 governmental unit, minus any amount levied for the purposes listed in section 275.70,
68.9 subdivision 5, clauses (1) to (5).

68.10 **Subd. 3. Levy increase; reverse referendum authority.** If the certified general
68.11 levy exceeds the general levy in the previous year, the voters may petition for a
68.12 referendum on the levy to be certified for the following year. The county auditor must
68.13 publish information on the right to petition for a referendum as provided in section 276.04,
68.14 subdivisions 1 and 2. If by June 30, a petition signed by the voters equal in number to ten
68.15 percent of the votes cast in the last general election requesting a vote on the levy is filed
68.16 with the county auditor, a question on the levy to be certified for the current year must be
68.17 placed on the ballot at either the general election or at a special election held on the first
68.18 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the current calendar year.

68.19 **Subd. 4. Prohibition against new debt before the election.** Notwithstanding any
68.20 other provision of law, ordinance, or local charter provision, a county or city must not issue
68.21 any new debt or obligation from the time the petition for referendum is filed with the county
68.22 auditor under subdivision 3 until the day after the referendum required under this section is
68.23 held, except as allowed in this subdivision. Refunding bonds and bonds that have already
68.24 received voter approval are exempt from the prohibition in this subdivision. For purposes
68.25 of this subdivision, "obligation" has the meaning given in section 475.51, subdivision 3.

68.26 **Subd. 5. Ballot question; consequence of the vote.** (a) The question submitted to
68.27 the voters as required under subdivision 3 shall take the following form:

68.28 "The governing body of has imposed the following property tax levy in the last
68.29 two years and is proposing the following maximum levy increase for the coming year:

68.30	<u>(previous payable year)</u>	<u>(current payable year)</u>	<u>(coming payable year)</u>
68.31	<u>Total levy</u>	<u>Total levy</u>	<u>Maximum proposed levy</u>
68.32	<u>\$.....</u>	<u>\$.....</u>	<u>\$.....</u>

68.33 Shall the governing body of be allowed to impose the maximum proposed
68.34 levy listed above?

68.35 Yes
68.36 No

69.1 If the majority of votes cast are "no," its maximum allowed property tax levy for the
 69.2 coming year will be reduced to its maximum alternative levy of"

69.3 (b) If a city is subject to this provision, it will provide the county auditor with
 69.4 information on its proposed levy by September 30 necessary to calculate the maximum
 69.5 alternative levy under subdivision 2.

69.6 (c) If the majority of votes cast on this question are in the affirmative, the levy
 69.7 certified by the local governmental unit under section 275.07 must be less than or equal
 69.8 to its proposed levy under section 275.065. If the question does not receive sufficient
 69.9 affirmative votes, the levy amount that the local governmental unit certifies under section
 69.10 275.07 in the current year must be less than or equal to its maximum alternative levy as
 69.11 defined in subdivision 2.

69.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2016 and
 69.13 thereafter.

69.14 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 276.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

69.15 Subdivision 1. **Auditor to publish rates.** On receiving the tax lists from the county
 69.16 auditor, the county treasurer shall, if directed by the county board, give three weeks'
 69.17 published notice in a newspaper specifying the rates of taxation for all general purposes
 69.18 and the amounts raised for each specific purpose. If a city or county is subject to a petition
 69.19 of the voters due to a general levy increase as provided in section 275.80, the published
 69.20 notice must also include the general levy for the current year and the previous year for that
 69.21 city or county along with the statement in the following form:

69.22 "Because the governing body of increased its nonvoter approved levy in the
 69.23 current year, the voters in that jurisdiction have the right to petition for a referendum under
 69.24 section 275.80 on that jurisdiction's levy amount. To invoke the referendum, a petition
 69.25 signed by voters equal to ten percent of the votes cast in the last general election must be
 69.26 filed with the county auditor by June 30 of the current year."

69.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2016 and
 69.28 thereafter.

69.29 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 276.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

69.30 Subd. 2. **Contents of tax statements.** (a) The treasurer shall provide for the printing
 69.31 of the tax statements. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the property
 69.32 tax statement and its contents. The tax statement must not state or imply that property tax
 69.33 credits are paid by the state of Minnesota. The statement must contain a tabulated statement

70.1 of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority and the amount of the state tax from the
70.2 parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts
70.3 attributable to the county, the state tax, the voter approved school tax, the other local school
70.4 tax, the township or municipality, and the total of the metropolitan special taxing districts
70.5 as defined in section 275.065, subdivision 3, paragraph (i), must be separately stated.
70.6 The amounts due all other special taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated except that
70.7 any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota,
70.8 Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be listed on a separate
70.9 line directly under the appropriate county's levy. If the county levy under this paragraph
70.10 includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501
70.11 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the
70.12 remaining county levy amount. In the case of Ramsey County, if the county levy under this
70.13 paragraph includes an amount for public library service under section 134.07, the amount
70.14 attributable for that purpose may be separated from the remaining county levy amount.
70.15 The amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax
70.16 deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction
70.17 of the deferred property tax amount. The amount of the tax on contamination value
70.18 imposed under sections 270.91 to 270.98, if any, must also be separately stated. The dollar
70.19 amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the
70.20 nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may
70.21 be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The amount of market value excluded
70.22 under section 273.11, subdivision 16, if any, must also be listed on the tax statement.

70.23 (b) The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures
70.24 taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the
70.25 tax statements for real property.

70.26 (c) Real and personal property tax statements must contain the following information
70.27 in the order given in this paragraph. The information must contain the current year tax
70.28 information in the right column with the corresponding information for the previous year
70.29 in a column on the left:

- 70.30 (1) the property's estimated market value under section 273.11, subdivision 1;
- 70.31 (2) the property's homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13,
70.32 subdivision 35;
- 70.33 (3) the property's taxable market value under section 272.03, subdivision 15;
- 70.34 (4) the property's gross tax, before credits;
- 70.35 (5) for homestead agricultural properties, the credit under section 273.1384;

71.1 (6) any credits received under sections 273.119; 273.1234 or 273.1235; 273.135;
 71.2 273.1391; 273.1398, subdivision 4; 469.171; and 473H.10, except that the amount of
 71.3 credit received under section 273.135 must be separately stated and identified as "taconite
 71.4 tax relief"; and

71.5 (7) the net tax payable in the manner required in paragraph (a).

71.6 (d) If a city or county is subject to a petition of the voters due to a general levy
 71.7 increase as provided in section 275.80, the tax statement must also include the general
 71.8 levy for the current year and the previous year for that city or county along with the
 71.9 following statement:

71.10 "Because the governing body of increased its nonvoter approved levy in the
 71.11 current year, the voters in that jurisdiction have the right to petition for a referendum on
 71.12 that jurisdiction's levy amount under section 275.80. To invoke the referendum, a petition
 71.13 signed by voters equal to ten percent of the votes cast in the last general election on this
 71.14 issue must be filed with the county auditor by June 30 of the current year."

71.15 (e) If the county uses envelopes for mailing property tax statements and if the county
 71.16 agrees, a taxing district may include a notice with the property tax statement notifying
 71.17 taxpayers when the taxing district will begin its budget deliberations for the current
 71.18 year, and encouraging taxpayers to attend the hearings. If the county allows notices to
 71.19 be included in the envelope containing the property tax statement, and if more than
 71.20 one taxing district relative to a given property decides to include a notice with the tax
 71.21 statement, the county treasurer or auditor must coordinate the process and may combine
 71.22 the information on a single announcement.

71.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2016 and
 71.24 thereafter.

71.25 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 412.221, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

71.26 Subd. 2. **Contracts.** The council shall have power to make such contracts as may be
 71.27 deemed necessary or desirable to make effective any power possessed by the council. The
 71.28 city may purchase personal property through a conditional sales contract and real property
 71.29 through a contract for deed under which contracts the seller is confined to the remedy of
 71.30 recovery of the property in case of nonpayment of all or part of the purchase price, which
 71.31 shall be payable over a period of not to exceed five years. When the contract price of
 71.32 property to be purchased by contract for deed or conditional sales contract exceeds 0.24177
 71.33 percent of the estimated market value of the city, the city may not enter into such a contract
 71.34 for at least ten days after publication in the official newspaper of a council resolution
 71.35 determining to purchase property by such a contract; and, if before the end of that time a

72.1 petition asking for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of
 72.2 the number of voters at the last regular city election is filed with the clerk, the city may
 72.3 not enter into such a contract until the proposition has been approved by a majority of the
 72.4 votes cast on the question at ~~a regular or special~~ an election held on the first Tuesday after
 72.5 the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year.

72.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 72.7 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

72.8 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 412.301, is amended to read:

72.9 **412.301 FINANCING PURCHASE OF CERTAIN EQUIPMENT.**

72.10 (a) The council may issue certificates of indebtedness or capital notes subject to the
 72.11 city debt limits to purchase capital equipment.

72.12 (b) For purposes of this section, "capital equipment" means:

72.13 (1) public safety equipment, ambulance and other medical equipment, road
 72.14 construction and maintenance equipment, and other capital equipment; and

72.15 (2) computer hardware and software, whether bundled with machinery or equipment
 72.16 or unbundled, together with application development services and training related to the
 72.17 use of the computer hardware or software.

72.18 (c) The equipment or software must have an expected useful life at least as long as
 72.19 the terms of the certificates or notes.

72.20 (d) Such certificates or notes shall be payable in not more than ten years and shall be
 72.21 issued on such terms and in such manner as the council may determine.

72.22 (e) If the amount of the certificates or notes to be issued to finance any such purchase
 72.23 exceeds 0.25 percent of the estimated market value of taxable property in the city, they shall
 72.24 not be issued for at least ten days after publication in the official newspaper of a council
 72.25 resolution determining to issue them; and if before the end of that time, a petition asking
 72.26 for an election on the proposition signed by voters equal to ten percent of the number of
 72.27 voters at the last regular municipal election is filed with the clerk, such certificates or notes
 72.28 shall not be issued until the proposition of their issuance has been approved by a majority
 72.29 of the votes cast on the question at ~~a regular or special~~ an election held on the first Tuesday
 72.30 after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year.

72.31 (f) A tax levy shall be made for the payment of the principal and interest on such
 72.32 certificates or notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds.

72.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 72.34 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

73.1 Sec. 15. [416.17] VOTER APPROVAL REQUIRED; LEASES OF PUBLIC
73.2 BUILDINGS.

73.3 Subdivision 1. Reverse referendum; certain leases. (a) Before executing a
73.4 qualified lease, a municipality must publish notice of its intention to execute the lease and
73.5 the date and time of a hearing to obtain public comment on the matter. The notice must
73.6 be published in the official newspaper of the municipality or in a newspaper of general
73.7 circulation in the municipality, must be placed prominently on any official municipality
73.8 Web site, and must include a statement of the amount of the obligations to be issued by
73.9 the authority and the maximum amount of annual rent to be paid by the municipality
73.10 under the qualified lease. The notice must be published at least 14, but not more than 28,
73.11 days before the date of the hearing.

73.12 (b) A municipality may enter a lease subject to paragraph (a) only upon obtaining
73.13 the approval of a majority of the voters voting on the question of issuing the obligations, if
73.14 a petition requesting a vote on the issuance is signed by voters equal to five percent of
73.15 the votes cast in the municipality in the last general election and is filed with the county
73.16 auditor within 30 days after the public hearing.

73.17 Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
73.18 the meanings given them.

73.19 (b) "Authority" includes any of the following governmental units, the boundaries of
73.20 which include all or part of the geographic area of the municipality:

73.21 (1) a housing and redevelopment authority, as defined in section 469.002;

73.22 (2) a port authority, as defined in section 469.048;

73.23 (3) an economic development authority, as defined in section 469.090; or

73.24 (4) an entity established or exercising powers under a special law with powers
73.25 similar to those of an entity described in clauses (1) to (3).

73.26 (c) "Municipality" means a statutory or home rule charter city, a county, or a
73.27 town described in section 368.01, but does not include a city of the first class, however
73.28 organized, as defined in section 410.01.

73.29 (d) "Qualified lease" means a lease for use of public land, all or part of a public
73.30 building, or other public facilities consisting of real property for a term of three or more
73.31 years as a lessee if the property to be leased to the municipality was acquired or improved
73.32 with the proceeds of obligations, as defined in section 475.51, subdivision 3, issued by an
73.33 authority.

73.34 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 426.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

74.1 Subd. 2. **Referendum in certain cases.** Before the pledge of any such revenues to
74.2 the payment of any such bonds, warrants or certificates of indebtedness, except bonds,
74.3 warrants or certificates of indebtedness to construct, reconstruct, enlarge or equip a
74.4 municipal liquor store shall be made, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the
74.5 city the question of whether such revenues shall be so pledged and such pledge shall not
74.6 be binding on the city until it shall have been approved by a majority of the voters voting
74.7 on the question at ~~either a general or special~~ an election called for that purpose
74.8 held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered
74.9 or odd-numbered year. No election shall be required for pledge of such revenues for
74.10 payment of bonds, warrants or certificates of indebtedness to construct, reconstruct,
74.11 enlarge or equip a municipal liquor store.

74.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
74.13 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

74.14 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 447.045, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

74.15 Subd. 2. **Statutory city; on-sale and off-sale store.** If the voters of a statutory city
74.16 operating an on-sale and off-sale municipal liquor store, at ~~a general or special~~ an election
74.17 held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered
74.18 or odd-numbered year, vote in favor of contributing from its liquor dispensary fund
74.19 toward the construction of a community hospital, the city council may appropriate not
74.20 more than \$60,000 from the fund to any incorporated nonprofit hospital association to
74.21 build a community hospital in the statutory city. The hospital must be governed by a board
74.22 including two or more members of the statutory city council and be open to all residents of
74.23 the statutory city on equal terms. This appropriation must not exceed one-half the total
74.24 cost of construction of the hospital. The council must not appropriate the money unless
74.25 the average net earnings of the on-sale and off-sale municipal liquor store have been at
74.26 least \$10,000 for the last five completed fiscal years before the date of the appropriation.

74.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
74.28 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

74.29 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 447.045, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

74.30 Subd. 3. **Statutory city; off-sale or on- and off-sale store.** (a) If a statutory
74.31 city operates an off-sale, or an on- and off-sale municipal liquor store it may provide
74.32 for a vote at ~~a general or special~~ an election held on the first Tuesday after the first
74.33 Monday in November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year on the question

75.1 of contributing from the city liquor dispensary fund to build, maintain, and operate a
 75.2 community hospital. If the vote is in favor, the city council may appropriate money
 75.3 from the fund to an incorporated hospital association for a period of four years. The
 75.4 appropriation must be from the net profits or proceeds of the municipal liquor store. It
 75.5 must not exceed \$4,000 a year for hospital construction and maintenance or \$1,000 a year
 75.6 for operation. The hospital must be open to all residents of the community on equal terms.

75.7 (b) The council must not appropriate the money unless the average net earnings of
 75.8 the off-sale, or on- and off-sale municipal liquor store have been at least \$8,000 for the last
 75.9 two completed years before the date of the appropriation.

75.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 75.11 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

75.12 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 447.045, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

75.13 Subd. 4. **Fourth class city operating store.** If a city of the fourth class operates a
 75.14 municipal liquor store, it may provide for a vote at ~~a general or special~~ an election held
 75.15 on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered
 75.16 or odd-numbered year on the question of contributing from the profit in the city liquor
 75.17 dispensary fund to build, equip, and maintain a community hospital within the city
 75.18 limits. If the vote is in favor, the city council may appropriate not more than \$200,000
 75.19 from profits in the fund for the purpose. The hospital must be open to all residents of
 75.20 the city on equal terms.

75.21 The city may issue certificates of indebtedness in anticipation of and payable only
 75.22 from profits from the operation of municipal liquor stores.

75.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 75.24 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

75.25 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 447.045, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

75.26 Subd. 6. **Statutory city; fourth class.** If a fourth class statutory city operates a
 75.27 municipal liquor store, it may provide for a vote at ~~a general or special~~ an election held
 75.28 on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered
 75.29 or odd-numbered year on the question of contributing from the city liquor dispensary
 75.30 fund not more than \$15,000 a year for five years to build and maintain a community
 75.31 hospital. If the vote is in favor the council may appropriate the money from the fund to an
 75.32 incorporated community hospital association in the city.

76.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
76.2 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

76.3 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 447.045, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

76.4 Subd. 7. **Statutory city; any store.** If a statutory city operates a municipal liquor
76.5 store, it may provide for a vote at a ~~general or special~~ an election held on the first Tuesday
76.6 after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year
76.7 on the question of contributing from the statutory city liquor dispensary fund toward the
76.8 acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of a community
76.9 hospital. If the vote is in favor, the council may appropriate money from time to time out
76.10 of the net profits or proceeds of the municipal liquor store to an incorporated nonprofit
76.11 hospital association in the statutory city. The hospital association must be governed by a
76.12 board of directors elected by donors of \$50 or more, who each have one vote. The hospital
76.13 must be open to all residents of the community on equal terms.

76.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
76.15 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

76.16 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 452.11, is amended to read:

76.17 **452.11 SUBMISSION TO VOTERS.**

76.18 No city of the first class shall acquire or construct any public utility under the terms
76.19 of sections 452.08 to 452.13 unless the proposition to acquire or construct same has
76.20 first been submitted to the qualified electors of the city at a ~~general~~ city election ~~or at a~~
76.21 ~~special election called for that purpose,~~ held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
76.22 November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year and has been approved by a
76.23 majority vote of all electors voting upon the proposition.

76.24 The question of issuing public utility certificates as provided in section 452.09
76.25 may, at the option of the council, be submitted at the same election as the question of the
76.26 acquisition or construction of the public utility.

76.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
76.28 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

76.29 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 455.24, is amended to read:

76.30 **455.24 SUBMISSION TO VOTERS.**

76.31 Before incurring any expense under the powers conferred by section 455.23, the
76.32 approval of the voters of the city shall first be had at a ~~general or special~~ an election

77.1 held ~~therein~~ on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an
 77.2 even-numbered or odd-numbered year. If a majority of the voters of the city participating
 77.3 at the election shall vote in favor of the construction of the system of poles, wires and
 77.4 cables herein authorized to be made, the council shall proceed with the construction.

77.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 77.6 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

77.7 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 455.29, is amended to read:

77.8 **455.29 MUNICIPALITIES MAY EXTEND ELECTRIC SERVICE.**

77.9 Except as otherwise restricted by chapter 216B, the governing body, or the
 77.10 commission or board charged with the operation of the public utilities, if one exists
 77.11 therein, of any municipality in the state owning and operating an electric light and power
 77.12 plant for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of electrical power or for the purchase
 77.13 and redistribution of electrical power, may, upon a two-thirds vote of the governing
 77.14 body, or the commission or board, in addition to all other powers now possessed by
 77.15 such municipality, sell electricity to customers, singly or collectively, outside of such
 77.16 municipality, within the state but not to exceed a distance of 30 miles from the corporate
 77.17 limits of the municipality. Before any municipality shall have the power to extend its
 77.18 lines and sell electricity outside of the municipality as provided by sections 455.29 and
 77.19 455.30, the governing body shall first submit to the voters of the municipality, at a ~~general~~
 77.20 ~~or special~~ an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of
 77.21 either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year, the general principle of going outside the
 77.22 municipality and fixing the maximum amount of contemplated expenditures reasonably
 77.23 expected to be made for any and all extensions then or thereafter contemplated. Three
 77.24 weeks' published notice shall be given of such election as required by law, and if a
 77.25 majority of those voting upon the proposition favors the same, then the municipality shall
 77.26 thereafter be considered as having chosen to enter the general business of extending
 77.27 its electric light and power facilities beyond the corporate limits of the municipality.
 77.28 It shall not be necessary to submit to a vote of the people the question of any specific
 77.29 enlargement, extension, or improvement of any outside lines; provided the voters of
 77.30 the municipality have generally elected to exercise the privileges afforded by sections
 77.31 455.29 and 455.30, and, provided, that each and any specific extension, enlargement, or
 77.32 improvement project is within the limit of the maximum expenditure authorized at the
 77.33 election. In cities operating under a home rule charter, where a vote of the people is not
 77.34 now required in order to extend electric light and power lines, no election shall be required

78.1 under the provisions of any act. At any election held to determine the attitude of the
 78.2 voters upon this principle, the question shall be simply stated upon the ballot provided
 78.3 therefor, and shall be substantially in the following form: "Shall the city of
 78.4 undertake the general proposition of extending its electric light and power lines beyond
 78.5 the limits of the municipality, and limit the maximum expenditures for any and all future
 78.6 extensions to the sum of \$.....?" For this purpose every municipality is authorized
 78.7 and empowered to extend the lines, wires, and fixtures of its plant to such customers and
 78.8 may issue certificates of indebtedness therefor in an amount not to exceed the actual cost
 78.9 of the extensions and for a term not to exceed the reasonable life of the extensions. These
 78.10 certificates of indebtedness shall in no case be made a charge against the municipality, but
 78.11 shall be payable and paid out of current revenues of the plant other than taxes.

78.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 78.13 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

78.14 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 459.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

78.15 Subdivision 1. **Accept donations.** Any county, city, or town may by resolution of
 78.16 its governing body accept donations of land that the governing body deems to be better
 78.17 adapted for the production of timber and wood than for any other purpose, for a forest, and
 78.18 may manage it on forestry principles. The donor of not less than 100 acres of any such
 78.19 land shall be entitled to have the land perpetually bear the donor's name. The governing
 78.20 body of any city or town, when funds are available or have been levied therefor, may,
 78.21 when authorized by a majority vote by ballot of the voters voting at any ~~general or special~~
 78.22 city election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an
 78.23 even-numbered or odd-numbered year or the annual town meeting where the question is
 78.24 properly submitted, purchase or obtain by condemnation proceedings, and preferably at the
 78.25 sources of streams, any tract of land for a forest which is better adapted for the production
 78.26 of timber and wood than for any other purpose, and which is conveniently located for the
 78.27 purpose, and manage it on forestry principles. The city or town may annually levy a tax
 78.28 on all taxable property within its boundaries to procure and maintain such forests.

78.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 78.30 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

78.31 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.053, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

78.32 Subd. 5. **Reverse referendum.** A city may increase its levy for port authority
 78.33 purposes under subdivision 4 only as provided in this subdivision. Its city council must

79.1 first pass a resolution stating the proposed amount of levy increase. The city must then
 79.2 publish the resolution together with a notice of public hearing on the resolution for
 79.3 two successive weeks in its official newspaper or, if none exists, in a newspaper of
 79.4 general circulation in the city. The hearing must be held two to four weeks after the
 79.5 first publication. After the hearing, the city council may decide to take no action or may
 79.6 adopt a resolution authorizing the proposed increase or a lesser increase. A resolution
 79.7 authorizing an increase must be published in the city's official newspaper or, if none
 79.8 exists, in a newspaper of general circulation in the city. The resolution is not effective if a
 79.9 petition requesting a referendum on the resolution is filed with the city clerk within 30
 79.10 days of publication of the resolution. The petition must be signed by voters equaling five
 79.11 percent of the votes cast in the city in the last general election. The resolution is effective
 79.12 if approved by a majority of those voting on the question. The commissioner of revenue
 79.13 shall prepare a suggested form of referendum question. The referendum must be held at a
 79.14 ~~special or general~~ an election before October 1 of the year for which the levy increase is
 79.15 proposed conducted on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an
 79.16 even-numbered or odd-numbered year. If approved by the voters, the levy increase may
 79.17 take effect no sooner than the next calendar year.

79.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 79.19 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

79.20 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.0724, is amended to read:

79.21 **469.0724 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS.**

79.22 The port authority of Cannon Falls or Redwood Falls must not proceed with the sale
 79.23 of general obligation tax-supported bonds until the city council by resolution approves the
 79.24 proposed issuance. The resolution must be published in the official newspaper. If, within
 79.25 30 days after the publication, a petition signed by voters equal in number to ten percent of
 79.26 the number of voters at the last regular city election is filed with the city clerk, the city
 79.27 and port authority must not issue the general obligation tax-supported bonds until the
 79.28 proposition has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on the question at a ~~regular~~
 79.29 ~~or special~~ an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of
 79.30 either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year.

79.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the city of Cannon Falls and the
 79.32 city of Redwood Falls the day after the governing body and chief clerical officer of the
 79.33 city timely comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

80.1 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.107, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

80.2 Subd. 2. **Reverse referendum.** A city may increase its levy for economic
80.3 development authority purposes under subdivision 1 in the following way. Its city council
80.4 must first pass a resolution stating the proposed amount of levy increase. The city must
80.5 then publish the resolution together with a notice of public hearing on the resolution
80.6 for two successive weeks in its official newspaper or if none exists in a newspaper of
80.7 general circulation in the city. The hearing must be held two to four weeks after the
80.8 first publication. After the hearing, the city council may decide to take no action or may
80.9 adopt a resolution authorizing the proposed increase or a lesser increase. A resolution
80.10 authorizing an increase must be published in the city's official newspaper or if none exists
80.11 in a newspaper of general circulation in the city. The resolution is not effective if a petition
80.12 requesting a referendum on the resolution is filed with the city clerk within 30 days of
80.13 publication of the resolution. The petition must be signed by voters equaling five percent
80.14 of the votes cast in the city in the last general election. The election must be held at a
80.15 ~~general or special~~ an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November
80.16 of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year. Notice of the election must be given in
80.17 the manner required by law. The notice must state the purpose and amount of the levy.

80.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
80.19 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

80.20 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.190, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

80.21 Subdivision 1. **Authorization.** Notwithstanding section 477A.016 or any other law,
80.22 a statutory or home rule charter city may by ordinance, and a town may by the affirmative
80.23 vote of the electors at the annual town meeting, ~~or at a special town meeting,~~ impose a
80.24 tax of up to three percent on the gross receipts from the furnishing for consideration of
80.25 lodging at a hotel, motel, rooming house, tourist court, or resort, other than the renting or
80.26 leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days or more. A statutory or home rule charter
80.27 city may by ordinance impose the tax authorized under this subdivision on the camping
80.28 site receipts of a municipal campground.

80.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
80.30 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

80.31 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.190, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

80.32 Subd. 5. **Reverse referendum.** If the county board passes a resolution under
80.33 subdivision 4 to impose the tax, the resolution must be published for two successive

81.1 weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the unorganized territory, together with
81.2 a notice fixing a date for a public hearing on the proposed tax.

81.3 The hearing must be held not less than two weeks nor more than four weeks after the
81.4 first publication of the notice. After the public hearing, the county board may determine to
81.5 take no further action, or may adopt a resolution authorizing the tax as originally proposed
81.6 or approving a lesser rate of tax. The resolution must be published in a newspaper of
81.7 general circulation within the unorganized territory. The voters of the unorganized
81.8 territory may request a referendum on the proposed tax by filing a petition with the county
81.9 auditor within 30 days after the resolution is published. The petition must be signed by
81.10 voters who reside in the unorganized territory. The number of signatures must equal at
81.11 least five percent of the number of persons voting in the unorganized territory in the last
81.12 general election. If such a petition is timely filed, the resolution is not effective until it
81.13 has been submitted to the voters residing in the unorganized territory at a ~~general or~~
81.14 special an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either
81.15 an even-numbered or odd-numbered year and a majority of votes cast on the question of
81.16 approving the resolution are in the affirmative. The commissioner of revenue shall prepare
81.17 a suggested form of question to be presented at the referendum.

81.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
81.19 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

81.20 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.57, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

81.21 Subd. 3. **May use fund for other purposes upon vote.** The council of any
81.22 municipality which has established a public works reserve fund by an ordinance
81.23 designating the specific improvement or type of capital improvement for which the
81.24 fund may be used may submit to the voters of the municipality at ~~any regular or special~~
81.25 an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an
81.26 even-numbered or odd-numbered year the question of using the fund for some other
81.27 purpose. If a majority of the votes cast on the question are in favor of such diversion from
81.28 the original purpose of the fund, it may be used for any purpose so approved by the voters.

81.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
81.30 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

81.31 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.571, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

81.32 Subd. 3. **Expenditure from fund, limitation.** No expenditure for any one project in
81.33 excess of 60 percent of one year's levy or \$25,000, whichever is greater, may be made

82.1 from such permanent improvement or replacement fund in any year without first obtaining
 82.2 the approval of a majority of the voters voting at a ~~general or special~~ municipal election
 82.3 held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered
 82.4 or odd-numbered year at which the question of making such expenditure has been
 82.5 submitted. In submitting any proposal to the voters for approval, the amount proposed to
 82.6 be spent and the purpose thereof shall be stated in the proposal submitted. The proceeds
 82.7 of such levies may be pledged for the payment of any bonds issued pursuant to law for
 82.8 any purposes authorized hereby and annual payments upon such bonds or interest may
 82.9 be made without additional authorization.

82.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 82.11 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

82.12 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.572, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

82.13 Subd. 2. **Tax levy.** The governing body of a city may establish, by a two-thirds vote
 82.14 of all its members, by ordinance or resolution a reserve fund and may annually levy a
 82.15 property tax for the support of the fund. The proceeds of taxes levied for its support must
 82.16 be paid into the reserve fund. Any other revenue from a source not required by law to be
 82.17 paid into another fund for purposes other than those provided for the use of the reserve
 82.18 fund may be paid into the fund. Before a tax is levied under this section, the city must
 82.19 publish in the official newspaper of the city an initial resolution authorizing the tax levy. If
 82.20 within ten days after the publication a petition is filed with the city clerk requesting an
 82.21 election on the tax levy signed by a number of qualified voters greater than ten percent of
 82.22 the number who voted in the city at the last general election, the tax may not be levied
 82.23 until the levy has been approved by a majority of the votes cast on it at a ~~regular or special~~
 82.24 an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an
 82.25 even-numbered or odd-numbered year.

82.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 82.27 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

82.28 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 471.572, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

82.29 Subd. 4. **Use of fund for a specific purpose.** If the city has established a reserve
 82.30 fund, it may submit to the voters at a ~~regular or special~~ an election held on the first
 82.31 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered
 82.32 year the question of whether use of the fund should be restricted to a specific improvement
 82.33 or type of capital improvement. If a majority of the votes cast on the question are in

83.1 favor of the limitation on the use of the reserve fund, it may be used only for the purpose
83.2 approved by the voters.

83.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
83.4 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

83.5 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 475.59, is amended to read:

83.6 **475.59 MANNER OF SUBMISSION; NOTICE.**

83.7 Subdivision 1. **Generally; notice.** When the governing body of a municipality
83.8 resolves to issue bonds for any purpose requiring the approval of the electors, it shall
83.9 provide for submission of the proposition of their issuance at a general or special election
83.10 or town or school district meeting. Notice of such election or meeting shall be given in
83.11 the manner required by law and shall state the maximum amount and the purpose of
83.12 the proposed issue. In any school district, the school board or board of education may,
83.13 according to its judgment and discretion, submit as a single ballot question or as two
83.14 or more separate questions in the notice of election and ballots the proposition of their
83.15 issuance for any one or more of the following, stated conjunctively or in the alternative:
83.16 acquisition or enlargement of sites, acquisition, betterment, erection, furnishing,
83.17 equipping of one or more new schoolhouses, remodeling, repairing, improving, adding to,
83.18 betterment, furnishing, equipping of one or more existing schoolhouses. In any city, town,
83.19 or county, the governing body may, according to its judgment and discretion, submit as a
83.20 single ballot question or as two or more separate questions in the notice of election and
83.21 ballots the proposition of their issuance, stated conjunctively or in the alternative, for the
83.22 acquisition, construction, or improvement of any facilities at one or more locations.

83.23 Subd. 2. **Election date.** An election to approve issuance of bonds under this section
83.24 held by a municipality other than a town, must be held on the first Tuesday after the first
83.25 Monday in November of either an even-numbered or odd-numbered year. An election
83.26 under this section held by a town may be held on the same day as the annual town meeting
83.27 or on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered or
83.28 odd-numbered year.

83.29 Subd. 3. **Special laws.** If a referendum on the issuance of bonds or other debt
83.30 obligations authorized in a special law is required, it must be held on a date as provided in
83.31 subdivision 2, notwithstanding any provision in the special law authorizing the referendum
83.32 to be held at any other time.

83.33 Subd. 4. **Exception for disaster or emergency.** Subdivisions 2 and 3, and any other
83.34 law requiring an election to approve issuance of bonds or other debt obligations to be held

84.1 on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of either an even-numbered or
 84.2 odd-numbered year, do not apply to issuance of bonds or other debt obligations to finance
 84.3 the municipality's response to an emergency or disaster. "Disaster" means a situation that
 84.4 creates an actual or imminent serious threat to the health and safety of persons or a situation
 84.5 that has resulted or is likely to result in catastrophic loss to property or the environment.
 84.6 "Emergency" means an unforeseen combination of circumstances that calls for immediate
 84.7 action to prevent a disaster identified in the referendum from developing or occurring.

84.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 84.9 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

84.10 Sec. 36. **REPEALER.**

84.11 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 205.10, subdivision 3, is repealed.

84.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective August 1,
 84.13 2015, and applies to any referendum authorized on or after that date.

84.14 **ARTICLE 3**

84.15 **PROPERTY TAXES**

84.16 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 40A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

84.17 Subd. 2. **Allowed commercial and industrial operations.** Commercial and
 84.18 industrial operations are not allowed on land within an agricultural preserve except:

84.19 (1) small on-farm commercial or industrial operations normally associated with and
 84.20 important to farming in the agricultural preserve area;

84.21 (2) storage use of existing farm buildings that does not disrupt the integrity of the
 84.22 agricultural preserve; ~~and~~

84.23 (3) small commercial use of existing farm buildings for trades not disruptive to the
 84.24 integrity of the agricultural preserve such as a carpentry shop, small scale mechanics shop,
 84.25 and similar activities that a farm operator might conduct; and

84.26 (4) wireless communication installments and related equipment and structure
 84.27 capable of providing technology potentially beneficial to farming activities.

84.28 "Existing" in clauses (2) and (3) means existing on August 1, 1989.

84.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following enactment.

84.30 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.072, is amended by adding a subdivision
 84.31 to read:

85.1 Subd. 7. **Termination of local assessor's office by town vote.** (a) A town or
85.2 township may elect at its annual meeting to enter into a joint assessment agreement with
85.3 the county in which the town or township is wholly or partially situated, for purposes of
85.4 providing assessments under this section. The county to which assessment duties have
85.5 thereto been transferred shall enter into an agreement with the electing town or township
85.6 under terms negotiated with the town or township, or, if such terms cannot be mutually
85.7 determined, on terms pursuant to the county's authority under this chapter.

85.8 (b) If after electing to enter into a joint assessment agreement under paragraph
85.9 (a), the town or township determines that the interests of the town or township may be
85.10 better served through valuation by local assessors, it may, at its annual meeting, revoke
85.11 the election. Revocation under this paragraph may not be made within four years after
85.12 the election in paragraph (a). A revocation under this paragraph is effective at the second
85.13 assessment date following the revocation. The office of the town or township assessor shall
85.14 be filled as provided by charter or law 90 days before the effective date of the revocation.

85.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

85.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.124, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

85.17 **Subd. 14. Agricultural homesteads; special provisions.** (a) Real estate of less than
85.18 ten acres that is the homestead of its owner must be classified as class 2a under section
85.19 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), if:

85.20 (1) the parcel on which the house is located is contiguous on at least two sides to (i)
85.21 agricultural land, (ii) land owned or administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife
85.22 Service, or (iii) land administered by the Department of Natural Resources on which in
85.23 lieu taxes are paid under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14;

85.24 (2) its owner also owns a noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least
85.25 20 acres;

85.26 (3) the noncontiguous land is located not farther than four townships or cities, or a
85.27 combination of townships or cities from the homestead; and

85.28 (4) the agricultural use value of the noncontiguous land and farm buildings is equal
85.29 to at least 50 percent of the market value of the house, garage, and one acre of land.

85.30 Homesteads initially classified as class 2a under the provisions of this paragraph shall
85.31 remain classified as class 2a, irrespective of subsequent changes in the use of adjoining
85.32 properties, as long as the homestead remains under the same ownership, the owner owns a
85.33 noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least 20 acres, and the agricultural use
85.34 value qualifies under clause (4). Homestead classification under this paragraph is limited
85.35 to property that qualified under this paragraph for the 1998 assessment.

86.1 (b)(i) Agricultural property shall be classified as the owner's homestead, to the same
86.2 extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:

86.3 (1) the agricultural property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided
86.4 government lots and correctional 40's;

86.5 (2) the owner, the owner's spouse, or a grandchild, child, sibling, or parent of the
86.6 owner or of the owner's spouse, is actively farming the agricultural property, either on the
86.7 person's own behalf as an individual or on behalf of a partnership operating a family farm,
86.8 family farm corporation, joint family farm venture, or limited liability company of which
86.9 the person is a partner, shareholder, or member;

86.10 (3) both the owner of the agricultural property and the person who is actively
86.11 farming the agricultural property under clause (2), are Minnesota residents;

86.12 (4) neither the owner nor the spouse of the owner claims another agricultural
86.13 homestead in Minnesota; and

86.14 (5) neither the owner nor the person actively farming the agricultural property lives
86.15 farther than four townships or cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the
86.16 agricultural property, except that if the owner or the owner's spouse is required to live in
86.17 employer-provided housing, the owner or owner's spouse, whichever is actively farming
86.18 the agricultural property, may live more than four townships or cities, or combination of
86.19 four townships or cities from the agricultural property.

86.20 The relationship under this paragraph may be either by blood or marriage.

86.21 (ii) Agricultural property held by a trustee under a trust is eligible for agricultural
86.22 homestead classification under this paragraph if the qualifications in clause (i) are met,
86.23 except that "owner" means the grantor of the trust.

86.24 (iii) Property containing the residence of an owner who owns qualified property
86.25 under clause (i) shall be classified as part of the owner's agricultural homestead, if that
86.26 property is also used for noncommercial storage or drying of agricultural crops.

86.27 (iv) As used in this paragraph, "agricultural property" means class 2a property and
86.28 any class 2b property that is contiguous to and under the same ownership as the class 2a
86.29 property.

86.30 (c) Agricultural property shall be classified as the owner's homestead, to the same
86.31 extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:

86.32 (1) the agricultural property consists of at least 40 acres, including undivided
86.33 government lots and correctional 40's;

86.34 (2) the owner or the owner's spouse actively farmed the agricultural property for
86.35 at least ten years, ending no more than four years before the owner of the property
86.36 first applies for qualification under this clause, either on the owner's own behalf as an

87.1 individual or on behalf of a partnership operating a family farm, family farm corporation,
87.2 joint family farm venture, or limited liability company of which the owner is a partner,
87.3 shareholder, or member;

87.4 (3) the owner of the agricultural property is a Minnesota resident;

87.5 (4) neither the owner nor the spouse of the owner claims another agricultural
87.6 homestead in Minnesota; and

87.7 (5) the owner lives no farther than four townships or cities, or a combination of four
87.8 townships or cities, from the agricultural property, except that if the owner or the owner's
87.9 spouse is required to live in employer-provided housing, the owner or owner's spouse may
87.10 live more than four townships or cities, or combination of four townships or cities, from
87.11 the agricultural property.

87.12 The application for enrollment must provide the information required under clause
87.13 (i), except that no information regarding the operator of the farm is required, and the
87.14 owner must submit evidence that the ten-year requirement has been met.

87.15 ~~(e)~~ (d) Noncontiguous land shall be included as part of a homestead under section
87.16 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), only if the homestead is classified as class 2a
87.17 and the detached land is located in the same township or city, or not farther than four
87.18 townships or cities or combination thereof from the homestead. Any taxpayer of these
87.19 noncontiguous lands must notify the county assessor that the noncontiguous land is part of
87.20 the taxpayer's homestead, and, if the homestead is located in another county, the taxpayer
87.21 must also notify the assessor of the other county.

87.22 ~~(d)~~ (e) Agricultural land used for purposes of a homestead and actively farmed by a
87.23 person holding a vested remainder interest in it must be classified as a homestead under
87.24 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a). If agricultural land is classified class 2a,
87.25 any other dwellings on the land used for purposes of a homestead by persons holding
87.26 vested remainder interests who are actively engaged in farming the property, and up to
87.27 one acre of the land surrounding each homestead and reasonably necessary for the use of
87.28 the dwelling as a home, must also be assessed class 2a.

87.29 ~~(e)~~ (f) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
87.30 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1997 assessment shall remain
87.31 classified as agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

87.32 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
87.33 homestead as a result of the April 1997 floods;

87.34 (2) the property is located in the county of Polk, Clay, Kittson, Marshall, Norman,
87.35 or Wilkin;

88.1 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
88.2 current assessment year as existed for the 1997 assessment year and continue to be used
88.3 for agricultural purposes;

88.4 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 30
88.5 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

88.6 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 1997
88.7 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the
88.8 assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not
88.9 required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any
88.10 dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

88.11 ~~(f)~~ (g) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
88.12 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1998 assessment shall remain
88.13 classified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

88.14 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
88.15 homestead as a result of damage caused by a March 29, 1998, tornado;

88.16 (2) the property is located in the county of Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood,
88.17 LeSueur, Nicollet, Nobles, or Rice;

88.18 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
88.19 current assessment year as existed for the 1998 assessment year;

88.20 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles
88.21 of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

88.22 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to a March 29,
88.23 1998, tornado, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by
88.24 the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 1999, the
88.25 owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 1998. Further notifications to the assessor
88.26 are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph
88.27 and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

88.28 ~~(g)~~ (h) Agricultural property of a family farm corporation, joint family farm venture,
88.29 family farm limited liability company, or partnership operating a family farm as described
88.30 under subdivision 8 shall be classified homestead, to the same extent as other agricultural
88.31 homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:

88.32 (1) the property consists of at least 40 acres including undivided government lots
88.33 and correctional 40's;

88.34 (2) a shareholder, member, or partner of that entity is actively farming the
88.35 agricultural property;

89.1 (3) that shareholder, member, or partner who is actively farming the agricultural
89.2 property is a Minnesota resident;

89.3 (4) neither that shareholder, member, or partner, nor the spouse of that shareholder,
89.4 member, or partner claims another agricultural homestead in Minnesota; and

89.5 (5) that shareholder, member, or partner does not live farther than four townships or
89.6 cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the agricultural property.

89.7 Homestead treatment applies under this paragraph for property leased to a family
89.8 farm corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or partnership operating a
89.9 family farm if legal title to the property is in the name of an individual who is a member,
89.10 shareholder, or partner in the entity.

89.11 ~~(h)~~ (i) To be eligible for the special agricultural homestead under this subdivision,
89.12 an initial full application must be submitted to the county assessor where the property is
89.13 located. Owners and the persons who are actively farming the property shall be required
89.14 to complete only a one-page abbreviated version of the application in each subsequent
89.15 year provided that none of the following items have changed since the initial application:

89.16 (1) the day-to-day operation, administration, and financial risks remain the same;

89.17 (2) the owners and the persons actively farming the property continue to live within
89.18 the four townships or city criteria and are Minnesota residents;

89.19 (3) the same operator of the agricultural property is listed with the Farm Service
89.20 Agency;

89.21 (4) a Schedule F or equivalent income tax form was filed for the most recent year;

89.22 (5) the property's acreage is unchanged; and

89.23 (6) none of the property's acres have been enrolled in a federal or state farm program
89.24 since the initial application.

89.25 The owners and any persons who are actively farming the property must include
89.26 the appropriate Social Security numbers, and sign and date the application. If any of the
89.27 specified information has changed since the full application was filed, the owner must
89.28 notify the assessor, and must complete a new application to determine if the property
89.29 continues to qualify for the special agricultural homestead. The commissioner of revenue
89.30 shall prepare a standard reapplication form for use by the assessors.

89.31 ~~(i)~~ (j) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
89.32 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2007 assessment shall remain
89.33 classified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

89.34 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
89.35 homestead as a result of damage caused by the August 2007 floods;

90.1 (2) the property is located in the county of Dodge, Fillmore, Houston, Olmsted,
90.2 Steele, Wabasha, or Winona;

90.3 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
90.4 current assessment year as existed for the 2007 assessment year;

90.5 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles
90.6 of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

90.7 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the August
90.8 2007 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by
90.9 the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 2009, the
90.10 owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 2008. Further notifications to the assessor
90.11 are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph
90.12 and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

90.13 (†) (k) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
90.14 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 2008 assessment shall remain
90.15 classified as agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

90.16 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
90.17 homestead as a result of the March 2009 floods;

90.18 (2) the property is located in the county of Marshall;

90.19 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
90.20 current assessment year as existed for the 2008 assessment year and continue to be used
90.21 for agricultural purposes;

90.22 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 50
90.23 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

90.24 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 2009
90.25 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the
90.26 assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not
90.27 required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any
90.28 dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

90.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2016.

90.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.13, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

90.31 Subd. 23. **Class 2.** (a) An agricultural homestead consists of class 2a agricultural
90.32 land that is homesteaded, along with any class 2b rural vacant land that is contiguous to
90.33 the class 2a land under the same ownership. The market value of the house and garage
90.34 and immediately surrounding one acre of land has the same classification rates as class
90.35 1a or 1b property under subdivision 22. The value of the remaining land including

91.1 improvements up to the first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property has a
91.2 classification rate of 0.5 percent of market value. The remaining property over the first tier
91.3 has a classification rate of one percent of market value. For purposes of this subdivision,
91.4 the "first tier valuation limit of agricultural homestead property" and "first tier" means
91.5 the limit certified under section 273.11, subdivision 23.

91.6 (b) Class 2a agricultural land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof, that
91.7 are agricultural land and buildings. Class 2a property has a classification rate of one percent
91.8 of market value, unless it is part of an agricultural homestead under paragraph (a). Class
91.9 2a property must also include any property that would otherwise be classified as 2b, but is
91.10 interspersed with class 2a property, including but not limited to sloughs, wooded wind
91.11 shelters, acreage abutting ditches, ravines, rock piles, land subject to a setback requirement,
91.12 and other similar land that is impractical for the assessor to value separately from the rest of
91.13 the property or that is unlikely to be able to be sold separately from the rest of the property.

91.14 An assessor may classify the part of a parcel described in this subdivision that is used
91.15 for agricultural purposes as class 2a and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use.

91.16 (c) Class 2b rural vacant land consists of parcels of property, or portions thereof,
91.17 that are unplatted real estate, rural in character and not used for agricultural purposes,
91.18 including land used for growing trees for timber, lumber, and wood and wood products,
91.19 that is not improved with a structure. The presence of a minor, ancillary nonresidential
91.20 structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the property from
91.21 classification under this paragraph. Any parcel of 20 acres or more improved with a
91.22 structure that is not a minor, ancillary nonresidential structure must be split-classified, and
91.23 ten acres must be assigned to the split parcel containing the structure. Class 2b property
91.24 has a classification rate of one percent of market value unless it is part of an agricultural
91.25 homestead under paragraph (a), or qualifies as class 2c under paragraph (d).

91.26 (d) Class 2c managed forest land consists of no less than 20 and no more than
91.27 1,920 acres statewide per taxpayer that is being managed under a forest management
91.28 plan that meets the requirements of chapter 290C, but is not enrolled in the sustainable
91.29 forest resource management incentive program. It has a classification rate of .65 percent,
91.30 provided that the owner of the property must apply to the assessor in order for the
91.31 property to initially qualify for the reduced rate and provide the information required
91.32 by the assessor to verify that the property qualifies for the reduced rate. If the assessor
91.33 receives the application and information before May 1 in an assessment year, the property
91.34 qualifies beginning with that assessment year. If the assessor receives the application
91.35 and information after April 30 in an assessment year, the property may not qualify until
91.36 the next assessment year. The commissioner of natural resources must concur that the

92.1 land is qualified. The commissioner of natural resources shall annually provide county
92.2 assessors verification information on a timely basis. The presence of a minor, ancillary
92.3 nonresidential structure as defined by the commissioner of revenue does not disqualify the
92.4 property from classification under this paragraph.

92.5 (e) Agricultural land as used in this section means:

92.6 (1) contiguous acreage of ten acres or more, used during the preceding year for
92.7 agricultural purposes; or

92.8 (2) contiguous acreage used during the preceding year for an intensive livestock or
92.9 poultry confinement operation, provided that land used only for pasturing or grazing
92.10 does not qualify under this clause.

92.11 "Agricultural purposes" as used in this section means the raising, cultivation, drying,
92.12 or storage of agricultural products for sale, or the storage of machinery or equipment
92.13 used in support of agricultural production by the same farm entity. For a property to be
92.14 classified as agricultural based only on the drying or storage of agricultural products,
92.15 the products being dried or stored must have been produced by the same farm entity as
92.16 the entity operating the drying or storage facility. "Agricultural purposes" also includes
92.17 enrollment in the Reinvest in Minnesota program under sections 103F.501 to 103F.535
92.18 or the federal Conservation Reserve Program as contained in Public Law 99-198 or a
92.19 similar state or federal conservation program if the property was classified as agricultural
92.20 (i) under this subdivision for taxes payable in 2003 because of its enrollment in a
92.21 qualifying program and the land remains enrolled or (ii) in the year prior to its enrollment.
92.22 Agricultural classification shall not be based upon the market value of any residential
92.23 structures on the parcel or contiguous parcels under the same ownership.

92.24 "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of, or a contiguous
92.25 portion of, a tax parcel as described in section 272.193, or all of, or a contiguous portion
92.26 of, a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section that are owned by the same person.

92.27 (f) Agricultural land under this section also includes:

92.28 (1) contiguous acreage that is less than ten acres in size and exclusively used in the
92.29 preceding year for raising or cultivating agricultural products; or

92.30 (2) contiguous acreage that contains a residence and is less than 11 acres in size, if
92.31 the contiguous acreage exclusive of the house, garage, and surrounding one acre of land
92.32 was used in the preceding year for one or more of the following three uses:

92.33 (i) for an intensive grain drying or storage operation, or for intensive machinery or
92.34 equipment storage activities used to support agricultural activities on other parcels of
92.35 property operated by the same farming entity;

93.1 (ii) as a nursery, provided that only those acres used intensively to produce nursery
93.2 stock are considered agricultural land; or

93.3 (iii) for intensive market farming; for purposes of this paragraph, "market farming"
93.4 means the cultivation of one or more fruits or vegetables or production of animal or other
93.5 agricultural products for sale to local markets by the farmer or an organization with which
93.6 the farmer is affiliated.

93.7 "Contiguous acreage," for purposes of this paragraph, means all of a tax parcel as
93.8 described in section 272.193, or all of a set of contiguous tax parcels under that section
93.9 that are owned by the same person.

93.10 (g) Land shall be classified as agricultural even if all or a portion of the agricultural
93.11 use of that property is the leasing to, or use by another person for agricultural purposes.

93.12 Classification under this subdivision is not determinative for qualifying under
93.13 section 273.111.

93.14 (h) The property classification under this section supersedes, for property tax
93.15 purposes only, any locally administered agricultural policies or land use restrictions that
93.16 define minimum or maximum farm acreage.

93.17 (i) The term "agricultural products" as used in this subdivision includes production
93.18 for sale of:

93.19 (1) livestock, dairy animals, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fur-bearing
93.20 animals, horticultural and nursery stock, fruit of all kinds, vegetables, forage, grains,
93.21 bees, and apiary products by the owner;

93.22 (2) fish bred for sale and consumption if the fish breeding occurs on land zoned
93.23 for agricultural use;

93.24 (3) the commercial boarding of horses, which may include related horse training and
93.25 riding instruction, if the boarding is done on property that is also used for raising pasture
93.26 to graze horses or raising or cultivating other agricultural products as defined in clause (1);

93.27 (4) property which is owned and operated by nonprofit organizations used for
93.28 equestrian activities, excluding racing;

93.29 (5) game birds and waterfowl bred and raised (i) on a game farm licensed under
93.30 section 97A.105, provided that the annual licensing report to the Department of Natural
93.31 Resources, which must be submitted annually by March 30 to the assessor, indicates
93.32 that at least 500 birds were raised or used for breeding stock on the property during the
93.33 preceding year and that the owner provides a copy of the owner's most recent schedule F;
93.34 or (ii) for use on a shooting preserve licensed under section 97A.115;

93.35 (6) insects primarily bred to be used as food for animals;

94.1 (7) trees, grown for sale as a crop, including short rotation woody crops, and not
 94.2 sold for timber, lumber, wood, or wood products; ~~and~~

94.3 (8) maple syrup taken from trees grown by a person licensed by the Minnesota
 94.4 Department of Agriculture under chapter 28A as a food processor; and

94.5 (9) wine produced by a farm winery licensed under section 340A.315.

94.6 (j) If a parcel used for agricultural purposes is also used for commercial or industrial
 94.7 purposes, including but not limited to:

94.8 (1) wholesale and retail sales;

94.9 (2) processing of raw agricultural products or other goods;

94.10 (3) warehousing or storage of processed goods; and

94.11 (4) office facilities for the support of the activities enumerated in clauses (1), (2),
 94.12 and (3),

94.13 the assessor shall classify the part of the parcel used for agricultural purposes as class 1b,
 94.14 2a, or 2b, whichever is appropriate, and the remainder in the class appropriate to its use.

94.15 The grading, sorting, and packaging of raw agricultural products for first sale, including
 94.16 the bottling of wine produced by a farm winery, is considered an agricultural purpose. A

94.17 greenhouse or other building where horticultural or nursery products are grown that is
 94.18 also used for the conduct of retail sales must be classified as agricultural if it is primarily
 94.19 used for the growing of horticultural or nursery products from seed, cuttings, or roots and
 94.20 occasionally as a showroom for the retail sale of those products. Use of a greenhouse or
 94.21 building only for the display of already grown horticultural or nursery products does not
 94.22 qualify as an agricultural purpose.

94.23 (k) The assessor shall determine and list separately on the records the market value
 94.24 of the homestead dwelling and the one acre of land on which that dwelling is located. If
 94.25 any farm buildings or structures are located on this homesteaded acre of land, their market
 94.26 value shall not be included in this separate determination.

94.27 (l) Class 2d airport landing area consists of a landing area or public access area of a
 94.28 privately owned public use airport. It has a classification rate of one percent of market
 94.29 value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, a privately owned public use
 94.30 airport must be licensed as a public airport under section 360.018. For purposes of
 94.31 this paragraph, "landing area" means that part of a privately owned public use airport
 94.32 properly cleared, regularly maintained, and made available to the public for use by aircraft
 94.33 and includes runways, taxiways, aprons, and sites upon which are situated landing or
 94.34 navigational aids. A landing area also includes land underlying both the primary surface
 94.35 and the approach surfaces that comply with all of the following:

95.1 (i) the land is properly cleared and regularly maintained for the primary purposes of
95.2 the landing, taking off, and taxiing of aircraft; but that portion of the land that contains
95.3 facilities for servicing, repair, or maintenance of aircraft is not included as a landing area;

95.4 (ii) the land is part of the airport property; and

95.5 (iii) the land is not used for commercial or residential purposes.

95.6 The land contained in a landing area under this paragraph must be described and certified
95.7 by the commissioner of transportation. The certification is effective until it is modified,
95.8 or until the airport or landing area no longer meets the requirements of this paragraph.

95.9 For purposes of this paragraph, "public access area" means property used as an aircraft
95.10 parking ramp, apron, or storage hangar, or an arrival and departure building in connection
95.11 with the airport.

95.12 (m) Class 2e consists of land with a commercial aggregate deposit that is not actively
95.13 being mined and is not otherwise classified as class 2a or 2b, provided that the land is not
95.14 located in a county that has elected to opt-out of the aggregate preservation program as
95.15 provided in section 273.1115, subdivision 6. It has a classification rate of one percent of
95.16 market value. To qualify for classification under this paragraph, the property must be at
95.17 least ten contiguous acres in size and the owner of the property must record with the
95.18 county recorder of the county in which the property is located an affidavit containing:

95.19 (1) a legal description of the property;

95.20 (2) a disclosure that the property contains a commercial aggregate deposit that is not
95.21 actively being mined but is present on the entire parcel enrolled;

95.22 (3) documentation that the conditional use under the county or local zoning
95.23 ordinance of this property is for mining; and

95.24 (4) documentation that a permit has been issued by the local unit of government
95.25 or the mining activity is allowed under local ordinance. The disclosure must include a
95.26 statement from a registered professional geologist, engineer, or soil scientist delineating
95.27 the deposit and certifying that it is a commercial aggregate deposit.

95.28 For purposes of this section and section 273.1115, "commercial aggregate deposit"
95.29 means a deposit that will yield crushed stone or sand and gravel that is suitable for use
95.30 as a construction aggregate; and "actively mined" means the removal of top soil and
95.31 overburden in preparation for excavation or excavation of a commercial deposit.

95.32 (n) When any portion of the property under this subdivision or subdivision 22 begins
95.33 to be actively mined, the owner must file a supplemental affidavit within 60 days from
95.34 the day any aggregate is removed stating the number of acres of the property that is
95.35 actively being mined. The acres actively being mined must be (1) valued and classified
95.36 under subdivision 24 in the next subsequent assessment year, and (2) removed from the

96.1 aggregate resource preservation property tax program under section 273.1115, if the
96.2 land was enrolled in that program. Copies of the original affidavit and all supplemental
96.3 affidavits must be filed with the county assessor, the local zoning administrator, and the
96.4 Department of Natural Resources, Division of Land and Minerals. A supplemental
96.5 affidavit must be filed each time a subsequent portion of the property is actively mined,
96.6 provided that the minimum acreage change is five acres, even if the actual mining activity
96.7 constitutes less than five acres.

96.8 (o) The definitions prescribed by the commissioner under paragraphs (c) and (d) are
96.9 not rules and are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions
96.10 in section 14.386 concerning exempt rules do not apply.

96.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2017.

96.12 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

96.13 Subd. 25. **Class 4.** (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more
96.14 units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner
96.15 as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for
96.16 class 4d. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other
96.17 than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital
96.18 purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The
96.19 market value of class 4a property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.

96.20 (b) Class 4b includes:

96.21 (1) residential real estate containing less than four units that does not qualify as class
96.22 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;

96.23 (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;

96.24 (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead
96.25 farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and

96.26 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision
96.27 33.

96.28 The market value of class 4b property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent.

96.29 (c) Class 4bb includes nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit,
96.30 other than seasonal residential recreational property, and a single family dwelling, garage,
96.31 and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision
96.32 23, paragraph (b).

96.33 Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under
96.34 subdivision 22.

97.1 Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at
97.2 any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current
97.3 owner does not qualify for class 4bb.

97.4 (d) Class 4c property includes:

97.5 (1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property
97.6 devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation
97.7 purposes, for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For
97.8 purposes of this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day
97.9 if any portion of the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for
97.10 residential occupancy. Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more
97.11 rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room,
97.12 or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational
97.13 vehicles. A camping pad offered for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class
97.14 4c under this clause is also class 4c under this clause regardless of the term of the rental
97.15 agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a
97.16 property to be classified under this clause, either (i) the business located on the property
97.17 must provide recreational activities, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts
97.18 related to the property must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days,
97.19 and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year
97.20 must be for periods of at least two consecutive nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the
97.21 annual gross receipts must be from charges for providing recreational activities, or (ii) the
97.22 business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, and must be located in a township or a city
97.23 with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under
97.24 section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion of a state trail administered by the
97.25 Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item (i)(A), a paid booking of five or
97.26 more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c property also includes commercial
97.27 use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction with other class
97.28 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential
97.29 occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is
97.30 not devoted to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding
97.31 the year of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which
97.32 it is used. In order for a property to qualify for classification under this clause, the owner
97.33 must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250
97.34 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment
97.35 year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located
97.36 must be designated class 4c under this clause as otherwise provided. The remainder of the

98.1 cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located will be
98.2 designated as class 3a. The owner of property desiring designation as class 4c property
98.3 under this clause must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units
98.4 for which class 4c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the
98.5 year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a
98.6 (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other
98.7 nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and
98.8 seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 4c. For
98.9 the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" means renting ice fishing houses,
98.10 boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment; providing
98.11 marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait and fishing tackle;

98.12 (2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

98.13 (i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or
98.14 dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing,
98.15 and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by
98.16 municipal courses; and

98.17 (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).

98.18 A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction
98.19 with the golf course is classified as class 3a property;

98.20 (3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a
98.21 nonprofit community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes
98.22 on either a temporary or permanent basis, provided that:

98.23 (i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days
98.24 in the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or

98.25 (ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least
98.26 equal to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be
98.27 used for public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the
98.28 size of the facility.

98.29 For purposes of this clause:

98.30 (A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful
98.31 gambling purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes
98.32 relating to the payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;

98.33 (B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;

98.34 (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation,
98.35 society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for
98.36 charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from

99.1 federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal
99.2 Revenue Code; and

99.3 (D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that
99.4 portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt
99.5 liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling
99.6 alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an
99.7 insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a
99.8 for-profit enterprise on the premises.

99.9 Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a.
99.10 The use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests
99.11 for periods of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are
99.12 received by the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.

99.13 The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations
99.14 and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon
99.15 request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the
99.16 requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for
99.17 eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform
99.18 application form and instructions;

99.19 (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by
99.20 a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student
99.21 cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two
99.22 miles of the border of a college campus;

99.23 (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3,
99.24 excluding manufactured home parks described in section 273.124, subdivision 3a, and (ii)
99.25 manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in
99.26 section 273.124, subdivision 3a;

99.27 (6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health,
99.28 social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation,
99.29 and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;

99.30 (7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt
99.31 under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:

99.32 (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan
99.33 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and

99.34 (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the
99.35 leased premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.

100.1 If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must
100.2 be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located
100.3 within 60 days of the sale;

100.4 (8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under
100.5 section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:

100.6 (i) the land abuts a public airport; and

100.7 (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed
100.8 agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity
100.9 performed at the hangar; and

100.10 (9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead
100.11 purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:

100.12 (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods
100.13 of 14 or fewer days;

100.14 (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated
100.15 in the basic room rate;

100.16 (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer
100.17 than seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and

100.18 (iv) the owner is the operator of the property.

100.19 The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to
100.20 five rental units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and
100.21 assessed as class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the
100.22 owner must be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;

100.23 (10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant
100.24 as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as
100.25 defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either
100.26 devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives
100.27 at least 60 percent of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four
100.28 consecutive months. Gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included
100.29 in determining the property's qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business
100.30 must be as a restaurant and not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located
100.31 on the premises must be excluded. Owners of real property desiring 4c classification
100.32 under this clause must submit an annual declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the
100.33 current assessment year, based on the property's relevant information for the preceding
100.34 assessment year;

100.35 (11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used
100.36 as a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to

101.1 the public and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must
101.2 annually provide evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river
101.3 access to the public by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on
101.4 the property of the marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina.
101.5 No more than 800 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used
101.6 in conjunction with a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings
101.7 used to provide food and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing
101.8 tackle, are classified as class 3a property; and

101.9 (12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal
101.10 residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

101.11 Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that
101.12 (i) each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause
101.13 (12) has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks
101.14 assessed under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property,
101.15 and the market value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii),
101.16 has a classification rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are
101.17 occupied by shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification
101.18 rate of one percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, (iii) commercial-use
101.19 seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land as described
101.20 in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of market
101.21 value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of property
101.22 described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value of
101.23 property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent,
101.24 and (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c
101.25 property has a classification rate of 1.25 percent. For taxes payable in 2016 through 2025,
101.26 property qualifying for classification under clause (3) that is owned or operated by a
101.27 congressionally chartered veterans organization has a classification rate of one percent.

101.28 (e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor
101.29 by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion
101.30 of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under
101.31 section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number
101.32 of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be
101.33 classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of
101.34 land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building.
101.35 For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must
101.36 be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents.

102.1 (f) The first tier of market value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.75
102.2 percent. The remaining value of class 4d property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent.
102.3 For the purposes of this paragraph, the "first tier of market value of class 4d property"
102.4 means the market value of each housing unit up to the first tier limit. For the purposes of
102.5 this paragraph, all class 4d property value must be assigned to individual housing units.
102.6 The first tier limit is \$100,000 for assessment year 2014. For subsequent years, the limit is
102.7 adjusted each year by the average statewide change in estimated market value of property
102.8 classified as class 4a and 4d under this section for the previous assessment year, excluding
102.9 valuation change due to new construction, rounded to the nearest \$1,000, provided,
102.10 however, that the limit may never be less than \$100,000. Beginning with assessment year
102.11 2015, the commissioner of revenue must certify the limit for each assessment year by
102.12 November 1 of the previous year.

102.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2017.

102.14 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended to read:

102.15 Subd. 34. **Homestead of disabled veteran or family caregiver.** (a) All or a
102.16 portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's
102.17 homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market
102.18 value if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified
102.19 by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this
102.20 subdivision, the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States
102.21 armed forces, as indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official
102.22 military discharge papers.

102.23 (b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 of market value is
102.24 excluded, except as provided in clause (2); and

102.25 (2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent disability, \$300,000 of market value is
102.26 excluded.

102.27 (c) If a disabled veteran qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph (b),
102.28 clause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the
102.29 spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there,
102.30 the exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse ~~for the current taxes~~
102.31 ~~payable year and for eight additional taxes payable years~~ or until such time as the spouse
102.32 remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, ~~whichever comes first.~~
102.33 Qualification under this paragraph requires an annual application under paragraph (h).

102.34 (d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed
102.35 forces who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active

103.1 service, as indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds
103.2 the legal or beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is
103.3 entitled to the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), ~~for eight taxes payable years,~~
103.4 ~~or~~ until such time as the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the
103.5 property, ~~whichever comes first.~~

103.6 (e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own
103.7 property classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the
103.8 veteran's primary family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran
103.9 would otherwise qualify for under paragraph (b).

103.10 (f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property
103.11 consisting of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies
103.12 for the valuation exclusion under this subdivision.

103.13 (g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not
103.14 eligible for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under
103.15 subdivision 22, paragraph (b).

103.16 (h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner
103.17 must apply to the assessor by July 1 of each assessment year, except that an annual
103.18 reapplication is not required once a property has been accepted for a valuation exclusion
103.19 under paragraph (a) and qualifies for the benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), and
103.20 the property continues to qualify until there is a change in ownership. For an application
103.21 received after July 1 of any calendar year, the exclusion shall become effective for the
103.22 following assessment year.

103.23 (i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under
103.24 paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member.

103.25 (j) For purposes of this subdivision:

103.26 (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05;

103.27 (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed;

103.28 (3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of
103.29 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider
103.30 of personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive
103.31 Assistance for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G;
103.32 and

103.33 (4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447.

103.34 (k) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax
103.35 relief for gravely disabled veterans, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving

104.1 spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear
104.2 those burdens most heavily.

104.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

104.4 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 274.014, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

104.5 Subd. 2. **Appeals and equalization course.** ~~Beginning in 2006, and each year~~
104.6 ~~thereafter,~~ (a) There must be at least one member at each meeting of a local board of
104.7 appeal and equalization who has attended an appeals and equalization course developed or
104.8 approved by the commissioner within the last four years, as certified by the commissioner.
104.9 The course may be offered in conjunction with a meeting of the Minnesota League of Cities
104.10 or the Minnesota Association of Townships. The course content must include, but need not
104.11 be limited to, a review of the handbook developed by the commissioner under subdivision 1.

104.12 (b) The requirement under paragraph (a) does not apply in any year in which the
104.13 commissioner does not offer in-person training, either:

104.14 (1) in conjunction with the Association of Minnesota Townships, reaching at least as
104.15 many local board members for which training was offered in 2014; or

104.16 (2) with at least as many registration openings for local board members for which
104.17 training was offered in 2014.

104.18 (c) The requirement for in-person training under paragraph (b) may be suspended
104.19 when the Office of Broadband Development certifies to the commissioner that broadband
104.20 service as defined in section 116J.39 exists in every jurisdiction subject to compliance
104.21 with this section.

104.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2015.

104.23 Sec. 8. **[274.132] PROPERTY OVERVALUED.**

104.24 Subdivision 1. **Tax credit.** Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary,
104.25 when the value of a property is reduced by a local, special, or county board of appeal and
104.26 equalization, or an abatement to correct an error in valuation, a taxpayer shall receive a
104.27 tax credit in the manner prescribed under subdivision 2.

104.28 Subd. 2. **Reduced value tax balance.** (a) When the value of a property is reduced as
104.29 referenced under subdivision 1, the auditor shall determine the amount of taxes payable for
104.30 the current year on that property and subtract from that amount the amount of taxes payable
104.31 for the current year under the property's reduced value to obtain the property's reduced
104.32 value tax balance, if any. The auditor shall credit the reduced value tax balance against a
104.33 taxpayer's succeeding year's property taxes due according to the following schedule:

105.1 (1) if the reduced value tax balance is less than 25 percent of the succeeding year's
105.2 total property taxes due, it shall be credited to the taxpayer in the succeeding year; or
105.3 (2) if the reduced value tax balance is 25 percent or more of the succeeding year's
105.4 total property taxes due, it shall be credited to the taxpayer at a rate of 25 percent of the
105.5 property taxes due per year until paid in full.

105.6 Subd. 3. **Settlement.** The reduced value tax balance credit calculated under
105.7 subdivision 2 shall reduce the tax payable to each jurisdiction in proportion to the total
105.8 taxes payable on the parcel.

105.9 Subd. 4. **Property tax credit runs with the land.** The reduced value tax balance
105.10 credit determined under subdivision 2 must be applied against taxes due on the property
105.11 without regard to a change in ownership of the property or a change in the person liable
105.12 for paying taxes on the property.

105.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for appeals, orders, and abatements
105.14 in 2016 and thereafter.

105.15 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.025, is amended to read:

105.16 **275.025 STATE GENERAL TAX.**

105.17 Subdivision 1. **Levy amount.** The state general levy is levied against
105.18 commercial-industrial property and seasonal residential recreational property, as defined
105.19 in this section. The state general levy ~~base amount~~ for commercial-industrial property is
105.20 ~~\$592,000,000~~ \$599,043,000 for taxes payable in ~~2002~~ 2016. The state general levy for
105.21 seasonal recreational property is \$12,018,000 for taxes payable in 2016. For taxes payable
105.22 in subsequent years, the levy ~~base amount is increased~~ amounts are reduced each year
105.23 by ~~multiplying the levy base amount for the prior year by the sum of one plus the rate of~~
105.24 ~~increase, if any, in the implicit price deflator for government consumption expenditures~~
105.25 ~~and gross investment for state and local governments prepared by the Bureau of Economic~~
105.26 ~~Analysts of the United States Department of Commerce for the 12-month period ending~~
105.27 ~~March 31 of the year prior to the year the taxes are payable~~ 16.7 percent of the payable
105.28 2016 amounts. The levy amounts are \$0 for taxes payable in 2022 and thereafter. The tax
105.29 under this section is not treated as a local tax rate under section 469.177 and is not the
105.30 levy of a governmental unit under chapters 276A and 473F.

105.31 The commissioner shall increase or decrease the preliminary or final rate rates for a
105.32 year as necessary to account for errors and tax base changes that affected a preliminary or
105.33 final rate for either of the two preceding years. Adjustments are allowed to the extent that

106.1 the necessary information is available to the commissioner at the time the rates for a year
106.2 must be certified, and for the following reasons:

106.3 (1) an erroneous report of taxable value by a local official;

106.4 (2) an erroneous calculation by the commissioner; and

106.5 (3) an increase or decrease in taxable value for commercial-industrial or seasonal
106.6 residential recreational property reported on the abstracts of tax lists submitted under
106.7 section 275.29 that was not reported on the abstracts of assessment submitted under
106.8 section 270C.89 for the same year.

106.9 The commissioner may, but need not, make adjustments if the total difference in the tax
106.10 levied for the year would be less than \$100,000.

106.11 Subd. 2. **Commercial-industrial tax capacity.** For the purposes of this section,
106.12 "commercial-industrial tax capacity" means the tax capacity of all taxable property
106.13 classified as class 3 or class 5(1) under section 273.13, ~~except for~~ excluding: (1) the first
106.14 \$500,000 of market value of each parcel of commercial-industrial net tax capacity as
106.15 defined under section 273.13, subdivision 24, clauses (1) and (2), (2) electric generation
106.16 attached machinery under class 3₂ and (3) property described in section 473.625. County
106.17 commercial-industrial tax capacity amounts are not adjusted for the captured net tax
106.18 capacity of a tax increment financing district under section 469.177, subdivision 2, the
106.19 net tax capacity of transmission lines deducted from a local government's total net tax
106.20 capacity under section 273.425, or fiscal disparities contribution and distribution net tax
106.21 capacities under chapter 276A or 473F. For purposes of this subdivision, the procedures
106.22 for determining eligibility for tier 1 under section 273.13, subdivision 24, clause (1),
106.23 shall apply in determining the portion of a property eligible to be considered within the
106.24 first \$500,000 of market value.

106.25 Subd. 3. **Seasonal residential recreational tax capacity.** For the purposes of this
106.26 section, "seasonal residential recreational tax capacity" means the tax capacity of tier III of
106.27 class 1c under section 273.13, subdivision 22, and all class 4c(1), 4c(3)(ii), and 4c(12)
106.28 property under section 273.13, subdivision 25, ~~except that~~ excluding the first \$76,000
106.29 \$250,000 of market value of each noncommercial class 4c(12) property has a tax capacity
106.30 for this purpose equal to 40 percent of its tax capacity under section 273.13.

106.31 Subd. 4. **Apportionment and levy of state general tax.** ~~Ninety-five percent of~~ The
106.32 state general tax must be levied by applying a uniform rate to all commercial-industrial tax
106.33 capacity and ~~five percent of the state general tax must be levied by applying~~ a uniform
106.34 rate to all seasonal residential recreational tax capacity. On or before October 1 each year,
106.35 the commissioner of revenue shall certify the preliminary state general levy rates to each
106.36 county auditor that must be used to prepare the notices of proposed property taxes for taxes

107.1 payable in the following year. By January 1 of each year, the commissioner shall certify the
 107.2 final state general levy ~~rate~~ rates to each county auditor that shall be used in spreading taxes.

107.3 Subd. 5. Underserved municipalities distribution. (a) Any municipality that:

107.4 (1) lies wholly or partially within the metropolitan area as defined under section
 107.5 473.121, subdivision 2, but outside the transit taxing district as defined under section
 107.6 473.446, subdivision 2; and

107.7 (2) has a net fiscal disparities contribution equal to or greater than eight percent of
 107.8 its total taxable net tax capacity,

107.9 is eligible for a distribution from the proceeds of the state general levy imposed on
 107.10 taxpayers within the municipality.

107.11 (b) The distribution is equal to (1) the municipality's net tax capacity tax rate, times
 107.12 (2) the municipality's net fiscal disparities contribution in excess of eight percent of its
 107.13 total taxable net tax capacity; provided, however, that the distribution may not exceed the
 107.14 tax under this section imposed on taxpayers within the municipality.

107.15 (c) The distribution under this subdivision must be paid to the qualifying
 107.16 municipality at the same time taxes are settled under sections 276.09 to 276.111.

107.17 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given.

107.18 (1) "Municipality" means a home rule or statutory city, or a town, except that in the
 107.19 case of a city that lies only partially within the metropolitan area, municipality means the
 107.20 portion of the city lying within the metropolitan area.

107.21 (2) "Net fiscal disparities contribution" means a municipality's fiscal disparities
 107.22 contribution tax capacity minus its distribution net tax capacity.

107.23 (3) "Total taxable net tax capacity" means the total net tax capacity of all properties
 107.24 in the municipality under section 273.13 minus (i) the net fiscal disparities contribution,
 107.25 and (ii) the municipality's tax increment captured net tax capacity.

107.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

107.27 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

107.28 Subdivision 1. **Proposed levy.** (a) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the
 107.29 contrary, on or before September 30, each county ~~and each~~ home rule charter or statutory
 107.30 city, and special taxing district, excluding the Metropolitan Council and the Metropolitan
 107.31 Mosquito Control District, shall certify to the county auditor the proposed property tax
 107.32 levy for taxes payable in the following year. The proposed levy certification date for
 107.33 the Metropolitan Council shall be as prescribed in sections 473.249 and 473.446. The

108.1 proposed levy certification date for the Metropolitan Mosquito Control District shall be
108.2 as prescribed in section 473.711.

108.3 (b) Notwithstanding any law or charter to the contrary, on or before September 15,
108.4 each town ~~and each special taxing district~~, the Metropolitan Council, and the Metropolitan
108.5 Mosquito Control District shall adopt and certify to the county auditor a proposed property
108.6 tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. For towns, the final certified levy shall
108.7 also be considered the proposed levy.

108.8 (c) On or before September 30, each school district that has not mutually agreed
108.9 with its home county to extend this date shall certify to the county auditor the proposed
108.10 property tax levy for taxes payable in the following year. Each school district that has
108.11 agreed with its home county to delay the certification of its proposed property tax levy
108.12 must certify its proposed property tax levy for the following year no later than October
108.13 7. The school district shall certify the proposed levy as:

108.14 (1) a specific dollar amount by school district fund, broken down between
108.15 voter-approved and non-voter-approved levies and between referendum market value
108.16 and tax capacity levies; or

108.17 (2) the maximum levy limitation certified by the commissioner of education
108.18 according to section 126C.48, subdivision 1.

108.19 (d) If the board of estimate and taxation or any similar board that establishes
108.20 maximum tax levies for taxing jurisdictions within a first class city certifies the maximum
108.21 property tax levies for funds under its jurisdiction by charter to the county auditor by the
108.22 date specified in paragraph (a), the city shall be deemed to have certified its levies for
108.23 those taxing jurisdictions.

108.24 (e) For purposes of this section, "special taxing district" means a special taxing
108.25 district as defined in section 275.066. Intermediate school districts that levy a tax
108.26 under chapter 124 or 136D, joint powers boards established under sections 123A.44 to
108.27 123A.446, and Common School Districts No. 323, Franconia, and No. 815, Prinsburg, are
108.28 also special taxing districts for purposes of this section.

108.29 (f) At the meeting at which a taxing authority, other than a town, adopts its proposed
108.30 tax levy under this subdivision, the taxing authority shall announce the time and place
108.31 of its subsequent regularly scheduled meetings at which the budget and levy will be
108.32 discussed and at which the public will be allowed to speak. The time and place of those
108.33 meetings must be included in the proceedings or summary of proceedings published in the
108.34 official newspaper of the taxing authority under section 123B.09, 375.12, or 412.191.

108.35 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with proposed levy
108.36 certifications for taxes payable in 2016.

109.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 278.12, is amended to read:

109.2 **278.12 REFUNDS OF OVERPAYMENT.**

109.3 If upon final determination the petitioner has paid more than the amount so
109.4 determined to be due, judgment shall be entered in favor of the petitioner for such excess,
109.5 and upon filing a copy thereof with the county auditor the auditor shall forthwith draw a
109.6 warrant upon the county treasurer for the payment thereof; provided that, with the consent
109.7 of the petitioner, the county auditor may, in lieu of drawing such warrant, issue to the
109.8 petitioner a certificate stating the amount of such judgment, which amount may be used
109.9 to apply upon any taxes due or to become due over a prescribed period of years for the
109.10 taxing district or districts whose taxes or assessments are reduced, or their successors in
109.11 the event of a reorganization or reincorporation of any such taxing district. In the event the
109.12 auditor shall issue a warrant for refund or certificates, the amount thereof shall be charged
109.13 to the state and other taxing districts in proportion to the amount of their respective taxes
109.14 included in the levy and deduct the same in the subsequent distribution of any tax proceeds
109.15 to the state or such taxing districts, and upon receiving any such certificate in payment of
109.16 other taxes, the amount thereof shall be distributed to the state and other taxing districts
109.17 in proportion to the amount of their respective taxes included in the levy; provided that
109.18 if in the judgment the levy of one or more of the districts be found to be illegal, to the
109.19 extent that the tax so levied is reduced on account of the illegal levies, the amount to be
109.20 charged back shall be charged to the districts and the amount thereof deducted from
109.21 any distributions thereafter made to them.

109.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refunds for overpayment of taxes
109.23 payable in 2015 and thereafter.

109.24 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 279.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

109.25 Subdivision 1. **Due dates; penalties.** ~~Except as provided in subdivisions 3 to 5,~~
109.26 ~~on May 16 or 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property~~
109.27 ~~tax statement, whichever is later, a penalty accrues and thereafter is charged upon all~~
109.28 ~~unpaid taxes on real estate on the current lists in the hands of the county treasurer. The~~
109.29 (a) When the taxes against any tract or lot exceed \$100, one-half of the amount of tax
109.30 due must be paid prior to May 16, and the remaining one-half must be paid prior to the
109.31 following October 16. If either tax amount is unpaid as of its due date, a penalty is
109.32 imposed at a rate of two percent on homestead property until May 31 and four percent
109.33 on nonhomestead property. If complete payment has not been made by the first day of
109.34 the month following either due date, an additional penalty of two percent on June 1. The

110.1 ~~penalty on nonhomestead property is at a rate of four percent until May 31~~ homestead
110.2 property and eight four percent on June 1. This penalty does not accrue until June 1 of
110.3 each year, or 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property
110.4 tax statements, whichever is later, on commercial use real property used for seasonal
110.5 residential recreational purposes and classified as class 1e or 4e, and on other commercial
110.6 use real property classified as class 3a, provided that over 60 percent of the gross income
110.7 earned by the enterprise on the class 3a property is earned during the months of May,
110.8 June, July, and August. In order for the first half of the tax due on class 3a property to be
110.9 paid after May 15 and before June 1, or 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope
110.10 containing the property tax statement, whichever is later, without penalty, the owner of
110.11 the property must attach an affidavit to the payment attesting to compliance with the
110.12 income provision of this subdivision nonhomestead property is imposed. Thereafter,
110.13 for both homestead and nonhomestead property, on the first day of each subsequent
110.14 month beginning July 1, up to and including October 1 following through December, an
110.15 additional penalty of one percent for each month accrues and is charged on all such unpaid
110.16 taxes provided that if the due date was extended beyond May 15 as the result of any delay
110.17 in mailing property tax statements no additional penalty shall accrue if the tax is paid by
110.18 the extended due date. If the tax is not paid by the extended due date, then all penalties
110.19 that would have accrued if the due date had been May 15 shall be charged. When the taxes
110.20 against any tract or lot exceed \$100, one-half thereof may be paid prior to May 16 or
110.21 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property tax statement,
110.22 whichever is later; and, if so paid, no penalty attaches; the remaining one-half may be
110.23 paid at any time prior to October 16 following, without penalty; but, if not so paid, then
110.24 a penalty of two percent accrues thereon for homestead property and a penalty of four
110.25 percent on nonhomestead property. Thereafter, for homestead property, on the first day of
110.26 November an additional penalty of four percent accrues and on the first day of December
110.27 following, an additional penalty of two percent accrues and is charged on all such unpaid
110.28 taxes. Thereafter, for nonhomestead property, on the first day of November and December
110.29 following, an additional penalty of four percent for each month accrues and is charged on
110.30 all such unpaid taxes. If one-half of such taxes are not paid prior to May 16 or 21 days
110.31 after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property tax statement, whichever
110.32 is later, the same may be paid at any time prior to October 16, with accrued penalties to the
110.33 date of payment added, and thereupon no penalty attaches to the remaining one-half until
110.34 October 16 following the penalty must not exceed eight percent in the case of homestead
110.35 property, or 12 percent in the case of nonhomestead property.

111.1 (b) If the property tax statement was not postmarked prior to April 25, the first
 111.2 half payment due date in paragraph (a) shall be 21 days from the postmark date of the
 111.3 property tax statement, and all penalties referenced in paragraph (a) shall be determined
 111.4 with regard to the later due date.

111.5 (c) In the case of a tract or lot with taxes of \$100 or less, the due date and penalties
 111.6 as specified in paragraph (a) or (b) for the first half payment shall apply to the entire
 111.7 amount of the tax due.

111.8 (d) For commercial use real property used for seasonal residential recreational
 111.9 purposes and classified as class 1c or 4c, and on other commercial use real property
 111.10 classified as class 3a, provided that over 60 percent of the gross income earned by the
 111.11 enterprise on the class 3a property is earned during the months of May, June, July, and
 111.12 August, penalty does not accrue until June 1 of each year. For a class 3a property to
 111.13 qualify for the later due date, the owner of the property must attach an affidavit to the
 111.14 payment attesting to compliance with the income requirements of this paragraph.

111.15 (e) This section applies to payment of personal property taxes assessed against
 111.16 improvements to leased property, except as provided by section 277.01, subdivision 3.

111.17 (f) A county may provide by resolution that in the case of a property owner that has
 111.18 multiple tracts or parcels with aggregate taxes exceeding \$100, payments may be made in
 111.19 installments as provided in this subdivision.

111.20 (g) The county treasurer may accept payments of more or less than the exact amount
 111.21 of a tax installment due. Payments must be applied first to the oldest installment that is due
 111.22 but which has not been fully paid. If the accepted payment is less than the amount due,
 111.23 payments must be applied first to the penalty accrued for the year or the installment being
 111.24 paid. Acceptance of partial payment of tax does not constitute a waiver of the minimum
 111.25 payment required as a condition for filing an appeal under section 278.03 or any other law,
 111.26 nor does it affect the order of payment of delinquent taxes under section 280.39.

111.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

111.28 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 279.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

111.29 Subd. 3. **Agricultural property.** ~~(a) In the case of class 1b agricultural homestead,~~
 111.30 ~~class 2a agricultural homestead property, and class 2a agricultural nonhomestead property,~~
 111.31 ~~no penalties shall attach to the second one-half property tax payment as provided in this~~
 111.32 ~~section if paid by November 15. Thereafter for class 1b agricultural homestead and class~~
 111.33 ~~2a homestead property, on November 16 following, a penalty of six percent shall accrue~~
 111.34 ~~and be charged on all such unpaid taxes and on December 1 following, an additional two~~
 111.35 ~~percent shall be charged on all such unpaid taxes. Thereafter for class 2a agricultural~~

112.1 ~~nonhomestead property, on November 16 following, a penalty of eight percent shall accrue~~
112.2 ~~and be charged on all such unpaid taxes and on December 1 following, an additional four~~
112.3 ~~percent shall be charged on all such unpaid taxes, penalties shall attach as provided in~~
112.4 subdivision 1.

112.5 If the owner of class 1b agricultural homestead or class 2a agricultural property
112.6 receives a consolidated property tax statement that shows only an aggregate of the taxes
112.7 and special assessments due on that property and on other property not classified as class
112.8 1b agricultural homestead or class 2a agricultural property, the aggregate tax and special
112.9 assessments shown due on the property by the consolidated statement will be due on
112.10 November 15.

112.11 ~~(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for taxes payable in 2010 and 2011, for any class~~
112.12 ~~2b property that was subject to a second-half due date of November 15 for taxes payable~~
112.13 ~~in 2009, the county shall not impose, or if imposed, shall abate penalty amounts in excess~~
112.14 ~~of those that would apply as if the second-half due date were November 15.~~

112.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

112.16 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 279.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

112.17 Subd. 2. **Installment payments.** (a) The owner of any such parcel, or any person to
112.18 whom the right to pay taxes has been given by statute, mortgage, or other agreement, may
112.19 make and file with the county auditor of the county in which the parcel is located a written
112.20 offer to pay the current taxes each year before they become delinquent, or to contest
112.21 the taxes under chapter 278 and agree to confess judgment for the amount provided, as
112.22 determined by the county auditor. By filing the offer, the owner waives all irregularities
112.23 in connection with the tax proceedings affecting the parcel and any defense or objection
112.24 which the owner may have to the proceedings, and also waives the requirements of any
112.25 notice of default in the payment of any installment or interest to become due pursuant to
112.26 the composite judgment to be so entered. Unless the property is subject to subdivision 1a,
112.27 with the offer, the owner shall (i) tender one-tenth of the amount of the delinquent taxes,
112.28 costs, penalty, and interest, and (ii) tender all current year taxes and penalty due at the
112.29 time the confession of judgment is entered. In the offer, the owner shall agree to pay the
112.30 balance in nine equal installments, with interest as provided in section 279.03, payable
112.31 annually on installments remaining unpaid from time to time, on or before December 31
112.32 of each year following the year in which judgment was confessed.

112.33 (b) For property which qualifies under section 279.03, subdivision 2, paragraph (b),
112.34 each year the commissioner shall set the interest rate for offers made under paragraph (a)
112.35 at the greater of five percent or two percent above the prime rate charged by banks during

113.1 the six-month period ending on September 30 of that year, rounded to the nearest full
 113.2 percent, provided that the rate must not exceed the maximum annum rate specified under
 113.3 section 279.03, subdivision 1a. The rate of interest becomes effective on January 1 of the
 113.4 immediately succeeding year. The commissioner's determination under this subdivision is
 113.5 not a rule subject to the Administrative Procedure Act in chapter 14, including section
 113.6 14.386. If a default occurs in the payments under any confessed judgment entered under
 113.7 this paragraph, the taxes and penalties due are subject to the interest rate specified in
 113.8 section 279.03.

113.9 For the purposes of this subdivision:

113.10 (1) the term "prime rate charged by banks" means the average predominant prime
 113.11 rate quoted by commercial banks to large businesses, as determined by the Board of
 113.12 Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and

113.13 (2) "default" means the cancellation of the confession of judgment due to
 113.14 nonpayment of the current year tax or failure to make any installment payment required by
 113.15 this confessed judgment within 60 days from the date on which payment was due.

113.16 (c) The interest rate established at the time judgment is confessed is fixed for the
 113.17 duration of the judgment. By October 15 of each year, the commissioner of revenue must
 113.18 determine the rate of interest as provided under paragraph (b) and, by November 1 of each
 113.19 year, must certify the rate to the county auditor.

113.20 (d) A qualified property owner eligible to enter into a second confession of judgment
 113.21 may do so at the interest rate provided in paragraph (b).

113.22 ~~(e) Repurchase agreements or contracts for repurchase for properties being~~
 113.23 ~~repurchased under section 282.261 are not eligible to receive the interest rate under~~
 113.24 ~~paragraph (b).~~

113.25 ~~(f)~~ (e) The offer must be substantially as follows:

113.26 "To the court administrator of the district court of county, I,,
 113.27 am the owner of the following described parcel of real estate located in
 113.28 county, Minnesota:

113.29 Upon that real estate there are delinquent taxes for the year, and
 113.30 prior years, as follows: (here insert year of delinquency and the total amount of delinquent
 113.31 taxes, costs, interest, and penalty). By signing this document I offer to confess judgment
 113.32 in the sum of \$..... and waive all irregularities in the tax proceedings affecting these
 113.33 taxes and any defense or objection which I may have to them, and direct judgment to be
 113.34 entered for the amount stated above, minus the sum of \$....., to be paid with this
 113.35 document, which is one-tenth or one-fifth of the amount of the taxes, costs, penalty, and
 113.36 interest stated above. I agree to pay the balance of the judgment in nine or four equal,

114.1 annual installments, with interest as provided in section 279.03, payable annually, on the
 114.2 installments remaining unpaid. I agree to pay the installments and interest on or before
 114.3 December 31 of each year following the year in which this judgment is confessed and
 114.4 current taxes each year before they become delinquent, or within 30 days after the entry of
 114.5 final judgment in proceedings to contest the taxes under chapter 278.

114.6 Dated,"

114.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and repurchases occurring
 114.8 after June 30, 2015.

114.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 282.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

114.10 Subd. 4. **Sale: method, requirements, effects.** The sale authorized under
 114.11 subdivision 3 must be conducted by the county auditor at the county seat of the county in
 114.12 which the parcels lie, except that in St. Louis and Koochiching Counties, the sale may
 114.13 be conducted in any county facility within the county. The sale must not be for less than
 114.14 the appraised value except as provided in subdivision 7a. The parcels must be sold for
 114.15 cash only, unless the county board of the county has adopted a resolution providing for
 114.16 their sale on terms, in which event the resolution controls with respect to the sale. When
 114.17 the sale is made on terms other than for cash only (1) a payment of at least ten percent
 114.18 of the purchase price must be made at the time of purchase, and the balance must be
 114.19 paid in no more than ten equal annual installments, or (2) the payments must be made
 114.20 in accordance with county board policy, but in no event may the board require more
 114.21 than 12 installments annually, and the contract term must not be for more than ten years.
 114.22 Standing timber or timber products must not be removed from these lands until an amount
 114.23 equal to the appraised value of all standing timber or timber products on the lands at the
 114.24 time of purchase has been paid by the purchaser. If a parcel of land bearing standing
 114.25 timber or timber products is sold at public auction for more than the appraised value, the
 114.26 amount bid in excess of the appraised value must be allocated between the land and the
 114.27 timber in proportion to their respective appraised values. In that case, standing timber or
 114.28 timber products must not be removed from the land until the amount of the excess bid
 114.29 allocated to timber or timber products has been paid in addition to the appraised value of
 114.30 the land. The purchaser is entitled to immediate possession, subject to the provisions of
 114.31 any existing valid lease made in behalf of the state.

114.32 ~~For sales occurring on or after July 1, 1982, the unpaid balance of the purchase price~~
 114.33 ~~is subject to interest at the rate determined pursuant to section 549.09. The unpaid balance~~
 114.34 ~~of the purchase price for sales occurring after December 31, 1990, is subject to interest~~
 114.35 ~~at the same rate as installment payments on confession of judgment for delinquent taxes~~

115.1 determined in section ~~279.03, subdivision 1a~~ 279.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (b). The
115.2 interest rate is subject to change each year on the unpaid balance in the manner provided
115.3 for rate changes in section ~~549.09 or 279.03, subdivision 1a~~, whichever, is applicable.
115.4 Interest on the unpaid contract balance on sales occurring before July 1, 1982, is payable
115.5 at the rate applicable to the sale at the time that the sale occurred.

115.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales occurring after June 30, 2015.

115.7 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 282.261, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

115.8 Subd. 2. **Interest rate.** The unpaid balance on any repurchase contract approved
115.9 by the county board is subject to interest at the same rate as installment payments on
115.10 confession of judgment for delinquent taxes determined in section ~~279.03, subdivision 1a~~
115.11 279.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (b). ~~The interest rate is subject to change each year on the~~
115.12 ~~unpaid balance in the manner provided for rate changes in section 279.03, subdivision 1a.~~

115.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for repurchases occurring after June
115.14 30, 2015.

115.15 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290C.10, is amended to read:

115.16 **290C.10 WITHDRAWAL PROCEDURES.**

115.17 (a) An approved claimant under the sustainable forest incentive program for a
115.18 minimum of four years may notify the commissioner of the intent to terminate enrollment.
115.19 Within 90 days of receipt of notice to terminate enrollment, the commissioner shall
115.20 inform the claimant in writing, acknowledging receipt of this notice and indicating the
115.21 effective date of termination from the sustainable forest incentive program. Termination
115.22 of enrollment in the sustainable forest incentive program occurs on January 1 of the fifth
115.23 calendar year that begins after receipt by the commissioner of the termination notice.
115.24 After the commissioner issues an effective date of termination, a claimant wishing to
115.25 continue the land's enrollment in the sustainable forest incentive program beyond the
115.26 termination date must apply for enrollment as prescribed in section 290C.04. A claimant
115.27 who withdraws a parcel of land from this program may not reenroll the parcel for a period
115.28 of three years. Within 90 days after the termination date, the commissioner shall execute
115.29 and acknowledge a document releasing the land from the covenant required under this
115.30 chapter. The document must be mailed to the claimant and is entitled to be recorded. The
115.31 commissioner may allow early withdrawal from the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act
115.32 without penalty when the state of Minnesota, any local government unit, or any other entity
115.33 which has the power of eminent domain acquires title or possession to the land for a public

116.1 purpose notwithstanding the provisions of this section. In the case of ~~such~~ an eligible
116.2 acquisition, the commissioner shall execute and acknowledge a document releasing the
116.3 land acquired by the state, local government unit, or other entity from the covenant.

116.4 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner shall allow early withdrawal
116.5 from the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act without penalty when the state acquires a
116.6 permanent conservation easement on the enrolled property and the conservation easement
116.7 is at least as restrictive as the covenant required under section 290C.04. In the case of
116.8 an eligible easement acquisition, the commissioner shall execute and acknowledge a
116.9 document releasing the land subject to the easement from the covenant. All other enrolled
116.10 land must remain in the program.

116.11 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner shall allow early withdrawal
116.12 from the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act without penalty for land that is subject to fee
116.13 or easement acquisition or lease to the state of Minnesota or a political subdivision
116.14 of the state for the public purpose of a paved trail. In the case of an eligible fee or
116.15 easement acquisition or lease under this paragraph, the commissioner shall execute and
116.16 acknowledge a document releasing the land subject to fee or easement acquisition or lease
116.17 by the state or political subdivision of the state.

116.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

116.19 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.446, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

116.20 Subdivision 1. **Metropolitan area transit tax.** (a) For the purposes of sections
116.21 473.405 to 473.449 and the metropolitan transit system, except as otherwise provided in
116.22 this subdivision, the council shall levy each year upon all taxable property within the
116.23 metropolitan area, defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, a transit tax consisting of:

116.24 (1) an amount necessary to provide full and timely payment of certificates of
116.25 indebtedness, bonds, including refunding bonds or other obligations issued or to be issued
116.26 under section 473.39 by the council for purposes of acquisition and betterment of property
116.27 and other improvements of a capital nature and to which the council has specifically
116.28 pledged tax levies under this clause; and

116.29 (2) an additional amount necessary to provide full and timely payment of certificates
116.30 of indebtedness issued by the council, after consultation with the commissioner of
116.31 management and budget, if revenues to the metropolitan area transit fund in the fiscal year
116.32 in which the indebtedness is issued increase over those revenues in the previous fiscal
116.33 year by a percentage less than the percentage increase for the same period in the revised
116.34 Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for the St. Paul-Minneapolis metropolitan
116.35 area prepared by the United States Department of Labor.

117.1 (b) Indebtedness to which property taxes have been pledged under paragraph (a),
 117.2 clause (2), that is incurred in any fiscal year may not exceed the amount necessary to make
 117.3 up the difference between (1) the amount that the council received or expects to receive
 117.4 in that fiscal year from the metropolitan area transit fund and (2) the amount the council
 117.5 received from that fund in the previous fiscal year multiplied by the percentage increase
 117.6 for the same period in the revised Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for the St.
 117.7 Paul-Minneapolis metropolitan area prepared by the United States Department of Labor.

117.8 (c) No levy is allowed for expenses related to the operation of transit or paratransit
 117.9 services. This paragraph must not be construed as limiting the council's ability to levy
 117.10 for debt obligations under paragraph (a).

117.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

117.12 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473H.09, is amended to read:

117.13 **473H.09 EARLY TERMINATION.**

117.14 Subdivision 1. **Public emergency.** Termination of an agricultural preserve earlier
 117.15 than a date derived through application of section 473H.08 may be permitted ~~only~~ in the
 117.16 event of a public emergency upon petition from the owner or authority to the governor.
 117.17 The determination of a public emergency shall be by the governor through executive order
 117.18 pursuant to sections 4.035 and 12.01 to 12.46. The executive order shall identify the
 117.19 preserve, the reasons requiring the action and the date of termination.

117.20 Subd. 2. **Death of owner.** (a) Within 180 days of the death of an owner, an owner's
 117.21 spouse, or other qualifying person, the surviving owner may elect to terminate the
 117.22 agricultural preserve and the covenant allowing the land to be enrolled as an agricultural
 117.23 preserve by notifying the authority on a form provided by the commissioner of agriculture.
 117.24 Termination of a covenant under this subdivision must be executed and acknowledged in
 117.25 the manner required by law to execute and acknowledge a deed.

117.26 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions apply:

117.27 (1) "qualifying person" includes a partner, shareholder, trustee for a trust that the
 117.28 decedent was the settlor or a beneficiary of, or member of an entity permitted to own
 117.29 agricultural land and engage in farming under section 500.24 that owned the agricultural
 117.30 preserve; and

117.31 (2) "surviving owner" includes the executor of the estate of the decedent, the trustee
 117.32 for a trust that the decedent was the settlor or a beneficiary of, or an entity permitted to
 117.33 own farm land under section 500.24 of which the decedent was a partner, shareholder, or
 117.34 member.

118.1 (c) When an agricultural preserve is terminated under this subdivision, the property
 118.2 is subject to additional taxes in an amount equal to 50 percent of the taxes actually
 118.3 levied against the property for the current taxes payable year. The additional taxes are
 118.4 extended against the property on the tax list for taxes payable in the current year. The
 118.5 additional taxes must be distributed among the jurisdictions levying taxes on the property
 118.6 in proportion to the current year's taxes.

118.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

118.8 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473H.17, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

118.9 Subd. 1a. **Allowed commercial and industrial operations.** (a) Commercial and
 118.10 industrial operations are not allowed on land within an agricultural preserve except:

118.11 (1) small on-farm commercial or industrial operations normally associated with and
 118.12 important to farming in the agricultural preserve area;

118.13 (2) storage use of existing farm buildings that does not disrupt the integrity of the
 118.14 agricultural preserve; ~~and~~

118.15 (3) small commercial use of existing farm buildings for trades not disruptive to the
 118.16 integrity of the agricultural preserve such as a carpentry shop, small scale mechanics shop,
 118.17 and similar activities that a farm operator might conduct; and

118.18 (4) wireless communication installments and related equipment and structure
 118.19 capable of providing technology potentially beneficial to farming activities.

118.20 (b) "Existing" in paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3), means existing on August 1, 1987.

118.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following enactment.

118.22 Sec. 21. Laws 1996, chapter 471, article 3, section 51, is amended to read:

118.23 Sec. 51. **RECREATION LEVY FOR SAWYER BY CARLTON COUNTY.**

118.24 ~~Subdivision 1. Levy authorized.~~ Notwithstanding other law to the contrary, the
 118.25 Carlton county board of commissioners may levy in and for the unorganized township of
 118.26 Sawyer an amount up to ~~\$1,500~~ \$2,000 annually for recreational purposes, ~~beginning with~~
 118.27 ~~taxes payable in 1997 and ending with taxes payable in 2006.~~

118.28 ~~Subd. 2. Effective date.~~ This section is effective June 1, 1996, without local
 118.29 approval.

118.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the Carlton County
 118.31 Board of Commissioners and its chief clerical officer comply with section 645.021,
 118.32 subdivisions 2 and 3, and applies to taxes payable in 2015.

119.1 **ARTICLE 4**119.2 **ESTATE TAXES**

119.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 289A.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

119.4 Subdivision 1. **Return required.** In the case of a decedent who has an interest in
119.5 property with a situs in Minnesota, the personal representative must submit a Minnesota
119.6 estate tax return to the commissioner, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, if:

119.7 (1) a federal estate tax return is required to be filed; or

119.8 (2) the sum of the federal gross estate and federal adjusted taxable gifts, as defined in
119.9 section 2001(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, made within three years of the date of the
119.10 decedent's death exceeds \$1,200,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2014; ~~\$1,400,000~~
119.11 \$2,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2015; ~~\$1,600,000~~ \$3,000,000 for estates of
119.12 decedents dying in 2016; ~~\$1,800,000~~ \$4,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2017;
119.13 ~~and \$2,000,000~~ \$5,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2018 ~~and~~; and only if a
119.14 federal estate tax return is required to be filed thereafter.

119.15 The return must contain a computation of the Minnesota estate tax due. The return
119.16 must be signed by the personal representative.

119.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
119.18 dying after December 31, 2014.

119.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 291.005, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws
119.20 2015, chapter 1, section 5, is amended to read:

119.21 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** Unless the context otherwise clearly requires, the following
119.22 terms used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

119.23 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue or any person to whom the
119.24 commissioner has delegated functions under this chapter.

119.25 (2) "Federal gross estate" means the gross estate of a decedent as required to be valued
119.26 and otherwise determined for federal estate tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code,
119.27 increased by the value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income
119.28 interest for life and for which an election was made under section 291.03, subdivision 1d,
119.29 for Minnesota estate tax purposes, but was not made for federal estate tax purposes.

119.30 (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of
119.31 1986, as amended through December 31, 2014.

119.32 (4) "Minnesota gross estate" means the federal gross estate of a decedent after
119.33 (a) excluding therefrom any property included in the estate which has its situs outside
119.34 Minnesota, and (b) including any property omitted from the federal gross estate which

120.1 is includable in the estate, has its situs in Minnesota, and was not disclosed to federal
120.2 taxing authorities.

120.3 (5) "Nonresident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of
120.4 death was not in Minnesota.

120.5 (6) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or other person
120.6 appointed by the court to administer and dispose of the property of the decedent. If there
120.7 is no executor, administrator or other person appointed, qualified, and acting within this
120.8 state, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property having a situs in
120.9 this state which is included in the federal gross estate of the decedent shall be deemed
120.10 to be a personal representative to the extent of the property and the Minnesota estate tax
120.11 due with respect to the property.

120.12 (7) "Resident decedent" means an individual whose domicile at the time of death
120.13 was in Minnesota. The provisions of section 290.01, subdivision 7, paragraphs (c) and
120.14 (d), apply to determinations of domicile under this chapter.

120.15 (8) "Situs of property" means, with respect to:

120.16 (i) real property, the state or country in which it is located;

120.17 (ii) tangible personal property, the state or country in which it was normally kept
120.18 or located at the time of the decedent's death or for a gift of tangible personal property
120.19 within three years of death, the state or country in which it was normally kept or located
120.20 when the gift was executed;

120.21 (iii) a qualified work of art, as defined in section 2503(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue
120.22 Code, owned by a nonresident decedent and that is normally kept or located in this state
120.23 because it is on loan to an organization, qualifying as exempt from taxation under section
120.24 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is located in Minnesota, the situs of the art is
120.25 deemed to be outside of Minnesota, notwithstanding the provisions of item (ii); and

120.26 (iv) intangible personal property, the state or country in which the decedent was
120.27 domiciled at death or for a gift of intangible personal property within three years of death,
120.28 the state or country in which the decedent was domiciled when the gift was executed.

120.29 For a nonresident decedent with an ownership interest in a pass-through entity with
120.30 assets that include real or tangible personal property, situs of the real or tangible personal
120.31 property, including qualified works of art, is determined as if the pass-through entity does
120.32 not exist and the real or tangible personal property is personally owned by the decedent.
120.33 If the pass-through entity is owned by a person or persons in addition to the decedent,
120.34 ownership of the property is attributed to the decedent in proportion to the decedent's
120.35 capital ownership share of the pass-through entity.

120.36 (9) "Pass-through entity" includes the following:

- 121.1 (i) an entity electing S corporation status under section 1362 of the Internal Revenue
 121.2 Code;
- 121.3 (ii) an entity taxed as a partnership under subchapter K of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 121.4 (iii) a single-member limited liability company or similar entity, regardless of
 121.5 whether it is taxed as an association or is disregarded for federal income tax purposes
 121.6 under Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 301.7701-3; or
- 121.7 (iv) a trust to the extent the property is includible in the decedent's federal gross
 121.8 estate; but excludes
- 121.9 (v) an entity whose ownership interest securities are traded on an exchange regulated
 121.10 by the Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange under
 121.11 section 6 of the Securities Exchange Act, United States Code, title 15, section 78f.

121.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
 121.13 dying after December 31, 2014.

121.14 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 291.016, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

121.15 Subd. 3. **Subtraction.** (a) The value of qualified small business property under
 121.16 section 291.03, subdivision 9, and the value of qualified farm property under section
 121.17 291.03, subdivision 10, or the result of \$5,000,000 minus the amount for the year of death
 121.18 listed in clauses (1) to ~~(5)~~ (4), whichever is less, may be subtracted in computing the
 121.19 Minnesota taxable estate but must not reduce the Minnesota taxable estate to less than zero:

121.20 (1) \$1,200,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2014;

121.21 (2) ~~\$1,400,000~~ \$2,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2015;

121.22 (3) ~~\$1,600,000~~ \$3,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2016; and

121.23 (4) ~~\$1,800,000~~ \$4,000,000 for estates of decedents dying in 2017; and

121.24 ~~(5) \$2,000,000~~ (b) The subtraction under paragraph (a) does not apply for estates
 121.25 of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter.

121.26 (c) For estates of decedents dying after December 31, 2018, the value of the federal
 121.27 exclusion amount under section 2010 of the Internal Revenue Code may be subtracted
 121.28 in computing the Minnesota taxable estate, but must not reduce the Minnesota taxable
 121.29 estate to less than zero. For purposes of this subdivision, the federal exclusion amount
 121.30 equals the sum of:

121.31 (1) the basic exclusion amount under section 2010(c)(3) for the year in which the
 121.32 decedent died; and

121.33 (2) any deceased spouse unused exclusion amount that is allowed in computing
 121.34 the federal estate tax of the estate.

122.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
 122.2 dying after December 31, 2014.

122.3 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 291.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

122.4 Subdivision 1. **Tax amount.** The tax imposed must be computed by applying to the
 122.5 Minnesota taxable estate the following schedule of rates and then the resulting amount
 122.6 multiplied by a fraction, not greater than one, the numerator of which is the value of the
 122.7 Minnesota gross estate plus the value of gifts under section 291.016, subdivision 2, clause
 122.8 (3), with a Minnesota situs, and the denominator of which is the federal gross estate plus
 122.9 the value of gifts under section 291.016, subdivision 2, clause (3):

122.10 (a) For estates of decedents dying in 2014:

122.11 Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
122.12 Not over \$1,200,000	None
122.13 Over \$1,200,000 but not over \$1,400,000	nine percent of the excess over \$1,200,000
122.14 Over \$1,400,000 but not over \$3,600,000	\$18,000 plus ten percent of the excess over
122.15	\$1,400,000
122.16 Over \$3,600,000 but not over \$4,100,000	\$238,000 plus 10.4 percent of the excess
122.17	over \$3,600,000
122.18 Over \$4,100,000 but not over \$5,100,000	\$290,000 plus 11.2 percent of the excess
122.19	over \$4,100,000
122.20 Over \$5,100,000 but not over \$6,100,000	\$402,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over
122.21	\$5,100,000
122.22 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$522,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess
122.23	over \$6,100,000
122.24 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$650,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess
122.25	over \$7,100,000
122.26 Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$786,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess
122.27	over \$8,100,000
122.28 Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$930,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess
122.29	over \$9,100,000
122.30 Over \$10,100,000	\$1,082,000 plus 16 percent of the excess
122.31	over \$10,100,000

122.32 (b) ~~For estates of decedents dying in 2015:~~

122.33 Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
122.34 Not over \$1,400,000	None
122.35 Over \$1,400,000 but not over \$3,600,000	ten percent of the excess over \$1,400,000
122.36 Over \$3,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000	\$220,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over
122.37	\$3,600,000
122.38 Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess
122.39	over \$6,100,000
122.40 Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess
122.41	over \$7,100,000

123.1	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess
123.2		over \$8,100,000
123.3	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess
123.4		over \$9,100,000
123.5	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess
123.6		over \$10,100,000

123.7 (c) For estates of decedents dying in 2016:

123.8	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
123.9	Not over \$1,600,000	None
123.10	Over \$1,600,000 but not over \$2,600,000	ten percent of the excess over \$1,600,000
123.11	Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$6,100,000	\$100,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over
123.12		\$2,600,000
123.13	Over \$6,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$520,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess
123.14		over \$6,100,000
123.15	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$648,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess
123.16		over \$7,100,000
123.17	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$784,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess
123.18		over \$8,100,000
123.19	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$928,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess
123.20		over \$9,100,000
123.21	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,080,000 plus 16 percent of the excess
123.22		over \$10,100,000

123.23 (d) For estates of decedents dying in 2017:

123.24	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
123.25	Not over \$1,800,000	None
123.26	Over \$1,800,000 but not over \$2,100,000	ten percent of the excess over \$1,800,000
123.27	Over \$2,100,000 but not over \$5,100,000	\$30,000 plus 12 percent of the excess over
123.28		\$2,100,000
123.29	Over \$5,100,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$390,000 plus 12.8 percent of the excess
123.30		over \$5,100,000
123.31	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$646,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess
123.32		over \$7,100,000
123.33	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$782,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess
123.34		over \$8,100,000
123.35	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$926,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess
123.36		over \$9,100,000
123.37	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,078,000 plus 16 percent of the excess
123.38		over \$10,100,000

123.39 (e) (b) For estates of decedents dying in 2018 and thereafter 2015:

123.40	Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate	Rate of Tax
123.41	Not over \$2,000,000	None
123.42	Over \$2,000,000 but not over \$2,600,000	ten percent of the excess over \$2,000,000
123.43	Over \$2,600,000 but not over \$7,100,000	\$60,000 plus 13 percent of the excess over
123.44		\$2,600,000

124.1	Over \$7,100,000 but not over \$8,100,000	\$645,000 plus 13.6 percent of the excess
124.2		over \$7,100,000
124.3	Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000	\$781,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess
124.4		over \$8,100,000
124.5	Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000	\$925,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess
124.6		over \$9,100,000
124.7	Over \$10,100,000	\$1,077,000 plus 16 percent of the excess
124.8		over \$10,100,000

124.9 (c) For estates of decedents dying in 2016:

124.10	<u>Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate</u>	<u>Rate of Tax</u>
124.11	<u>Not over \$3,000,000</u>	<u>None</u>
124.12	<u>Over \$3,000,000 but not over \$8,100,000</u>	<u>14 percent of the excess over \$3,000,000</u>
124.13	<u>Over \$8,100,000 but not over \$9,100,000</u>	<u>\$714,000 plus 14.4 percent of the excess</u>
124.14		<u>over \$8,100,000</u>
124.15	<u>Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000</u>	<u>\$858,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess</u>
124.16		<u>over \$9,100,000</u>
124.17	<u>Over \$10,100,000</u>	<u>\$1,010,000 plus 16 percent of the excess</u>
124.18		<u>over \$10,100,000</u>

124.19 (d) For estates of decedents dying in 2017:

124.20	<u>Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate</u>	<u>Rate of tax</u>
124.21	<u>Not over \$4,000,000</u>	<u>None</u>
124.22	<u>Over \$4,000,000 but not over \$9,100,000</u>	<u>15 percent of the excess over \$4,000,000</u>
124.23	<u>Over \$9,100,000 but not over \$10,100,000</u>	<u>\$765,000 plus 15.2 percent of the excess</u>
124.24		<u>over \$9,100,000</u>
124.25	<u>Over \$10,100,000</u>	<u>\$917,000 plus 16 percent of the excess over</u>
124.26		<u>\$10,100,000</u>

124.27 (e) For estates of decedents dying in 2018:

124.28	<u>Amount of Minnesota Taxable Estate</u>	<u>Rate of Tax</u>
124.29	<u>Not over \$5,000,000</u>	<u>None</u>
124.30	<u>Over \$5,000,000</u>	<u>16 percent of the excess over \$5,000,000</u>

124.31 (f) For estates of decedents dying in 2019 and thereafter, 16 percent of the amount
 124.32 of the Minnesota taxable estate.

124.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
 124.34 dying after December 31, 2014.

124.35 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 291.03, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:

124.36 Subd. 1d. **Elections.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the value of the Minnesota
 124.37 taxable estate is determined by taking into account the deduction available under section
 124.38 2056(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. An election under section 2056(b) of the Internal
 124.39 Revenue Code may be made for Minnesota estate tax purposes regardless of whether the

125.1 election is made for federal estate tax purposes. The value of the gross estate includes the
125.2 value of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income interest for life for
125.3 which an election was made under this subdivision. The authority to make an election
125.4 under this paragraph is limited to estates of decedents dying before January 1, 2019.

125.5 (b) Except for an election made under section 2056(b) of the Internal Revenue Code,
125.6 no federal election is allowable in computing the tax under this chapter unless the estate is
125.7 required to file a federal estate tax return, the election is made on the federal estate tax
125.8 return, and the election is allowed under federal law.

125.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for estates of decedents dying after
125.10 December 31, 2015.

125.11 ARTICLE 5

125.12 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

125.13 Section 1. **[16A.1246] NO SPENDING FOR CERTAIN RAIL PROJECTS.**

125.14 (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), no appropriation or other state money,
125.15 whether in the general or another fund, must be expended or used for any costs related
125.16 to studying the feasibility of, planning for, designing, engineering, acquiring property
125.17 or constructing facilities for or related to, or development or operation of intercity or
125.18 interregional passenger rail facilities or operations between the city of Rochester, or
125.19 locations in its metropolitan area, and any location in the metropolitan area, as defined in
125.20 section 473.121, subdivision 2.

125.21 (b) The restrictions under this section do not apply to funds obtained from
125.22 contributions, grants, or other voluntary payments made by nongovernmental entities
125.23 from private sources.

125.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
125.25 except it does not apply to funds appropriated under Laws 2009, chapter 93, article 1,
125.26 section 11, subdivision 5.

125.27 Sec. 2. **[16B.2965] PROPERTY LEASED FOR RAIL PROJECTS.**

125.28 If a state official leases, loans, or otherwise makes available state lands, air rights, or
125.29 any other state property for use in connection with passenger rail facilities, as described
125.30 in section 16A.1246, the lease or other agreement must include or be secured by a
125.31 security bond or equivalent guarantee that allows the state to recover any costs it incurs
125.32 in connection with the rail project from a responsible third party, or secure source of

126.1 capital, if the passenger rail facilities are not constructed, are abandoned, or do not go into
126.2 operation. These costs include restoring state property to its original condition.

126.3 (b) For purposes of this section, "state official" includes the commissioner, the
126.4 commissioner of transportation, or any other state official with authority to enter into a
126.5 lease or other agreement providing for use by a nonstate entity of state property.

126.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

126.7 **Sec. 3. [116X.01] TITLE.**

126.8 This chapter is titled and may be cited as the "Minnesota New Markets Jobs Act."

126.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
126.10 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

126.11 **Sec. 4. [116X.02] DEFINITIONS.**

126.12 Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this
126.13 section have the meanings given.

126.14 Subd. 2. **Affiliate.** (a) For the purposes of subdivision 10, "affiliate" includes:

126.15 (1) any entity, without regard to whether the entity is a qualified community
126.16 development entity under subdivision 10, that is the initial holder, either directly or
126.17 through one or more special purpose entities, of a qualified equity investment in the
126.18 qualified community development entity; and

126.19 (2) any entity, without regard to whether the entity is a qualified community
126.20 development entity under subdivision 10, that provides insurance or any other form of
126.21 guaranty to the ultimate recipient of tax credits under section 116X.03 with respect to a
126.22 recapture or forfeiture of tax credits under section 116X.06, either directly or through the
126.23 guaranty of any other economic benefit that is paid in lieu of the tax credits allowable
126.24 under section 116X.03.

126.25 (b) The determination of whether an entity is an affiliate must be made by taking
126.26 into account all relevant facts and circumstances, including the description of the proposed
126.27 amount, structure, and initial purchaser of the qualified equity investment required by
126.28 section 116X.05, subdivision 1, clause (4), and the determination assumes that the
126.29 information provided under section 116X.05, subdivision 1, clause (4), is true and
126.30 complete as of the date an application is submitted under section 116X.05.

126.31 Subd. 3. **Applicable percentage.** "Applicable percentage" means zero percent
126.32 for the first two credit allowance dates, eight percent for the third through sixth credit
126.33 allowance dates, and seven percent for the seventh credit allowance date.

127.1 Subd. 4. **Code.** "Code" or "the code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as
127.2 amended through the date in section 290.01, subdivision 19.

127.3 Subd. 5. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employment
127.4 and economic development.

127.5 Subd. 6. **Credit allowance date.** "Credit allowance date" means for a qualified
127.6 equity investment:

127.7 (1) the date on which the investment is initially made; and

127.8 (2) each of the six anniversary dates of that date thereafter.

127.9 Subd. 7. **Long-term debt security.** "Long-term debt security" means any debt
127.10 instrument issued by a qualified community development entity at par value with an
127.11 original maturity date of at least seven years from the date of its issuance, with no
127.12 acceleration of repayment, amortization, or prepayment features prior to its original
127.13 maturity date. The qualified community development entity that issues the debt instrument
127.14 must not make cash interest payments on the debt instrument during the period from the
127.15 date of issuance to the final credit allowance date in an amount that exceeds the cumulative
127.16 operating income, as defined by regulations adopted under section 45D of the code of
127.17 the qualified community development entity for that period prior to giving effect to the
127.18 expense of the cash interest payments. This subdivision does not limit the holder's ability
127.19 to accelerate payments on the debt instrument if the issuer has defaulted on covenants
127.20 designed to ensure compliance with this section or section 45D of the code.

127.21 Subd. 8. **Purchase price.** "Purchase price" means the amount paid to the issuer of a
127.22 qualified equity investment for the qualified equity investment.

127.23 Subd. 9. **Qualified active low-income community business.** (a) "Qualified
127.24 active low-income community business" means a business as defined in section 45D
127.25 of the code and Code of Federal Regulations, title 26, section 1.45D-1, and that is
127.26 engaged primarily in a qualified high-technology field, as defined in section 116J.8737,
127.27 subdivision 2, paragraph (g), clause (1), manufacturing, mining, or forestry. A business
127.28 is considered a qualified active low-income community business for the duration of the
127.29 qualified community development entity's investment in, or loan to, the business if the
127.30 entity reasonably expects, when it makes the investment or loan, that the business will
127.31 continue to satisfy the requirements for being a qualified active low-income community
127.32 business, throughout the entire period of the investment or loan.

127.33 (b) Qualified active low-income community business excludes any business that
127.34 derives or projects to derive 15 percent or more of its annual revenue from activities
127.35 described in section 116J.8737, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4).

128.1 Subd. 10. **Qualified community development entity.** (a) "Qualified community
128.2 development entity" has the meaning given in section 45D of the code, if the entity
128.3 has entered into, for the current year or a prior year, an allocation agreement with the
128.4 Community Development Financial Institutions Fund of the United States Department of
128.5 the Treasury for credits authorized by section 45D of the code that includes Minnesota
128.6 within the service area in the allocation agreement. The term includes subsidiary
128.7 community development entities or affiliates of any qualified community development
128.8 entity, all of which are a single applicant for purposes of section 116X.05.

128.9 (b) Qualified community development entity excludes any regulated financial
128.10 institution that is subject to the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, United States
128.11 Code, title 12, chapter 30, or any subsidiary or affiliate of a regulated financial institution.

128.12 (c) Paragraph (b) does not apply to a regulated financial institution, or its subsidiary
128.13 or affiliate, if the regulated financial institution is chartered by, or has an office located
128.14 in, Minnesota and the regulated financial institution otherwise meets the requirements of
128.15 paragraph (a).

128.16 Subd. 11. **Qualified equity investment.** (a) "Qualified equity investment" means
128.17 any equity investment in, or long-term debt security issued by, a qualified community
128.18 development entity that:

128.19 (1) is acquired after December 31, 2016, at its original issuance solely in exchange
128.20 for cash;

128.21 (2) has at least 95 percent of its cash purchase price used by the issuer to make
128.22 qualified low-income community investments in qualified active low-income community
128.23 businesses located in this state by the first anniversary of the initial credit allowance
128.24 date; and

128.25 (3) is designated by the issuer as a qualified equity investment under this subdivision
128.26 and is certified by the department as not exceeding the limitation in section 116X.05,
128.27 subdivision 4.

128.28 (b) Notwithstanding the restrictions on transferability contained in section 116X.04,
128.29 this term includes any qualified equity investment that does not meet the provisions of
128.30 paragraph (a) if the investment:

128.31 (1) is transferred to a subsequent holder; and

128.32 (2) was a qualified equity investment in the hands of any prior holder.

128.33 (c) Qualified equity investment does not include:

128.34 (1) any investment that entitles the holder to claim tax credits under section 45D
128.35 of the code; or

129.1 (2) any investment, the proceeds of which are used to make debt or equity
129.2 investments in, directly or indirectly, any other qualified community development entity.

129.3 Subd. 12. **Qualified low-income community investment.** "Qualified low-income
129.4 community investment" means any capital or equity investment in, or loan to, any
129.5 qualified active low-income community business. For any one qualified active low-income
129.6 community business, the maximum amount of qualified low-income community
129.7 investments that may be made in the business, on a collective basis with all of its
129.8 affiliates, with the proceeds of qualified equity investments that have been certified under
129.9 section 116X.05, is \$10,000,000 whether made by one or several qualified community
129.10 development entities.

129.11 Subd. 13. **Tax liability.** "Tax liability" means (1) the liability for tax under chapter
129.12 290, or (2) the liability for tax incurred by any entity under chapter 297I.

129.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
129.14 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

129.15 Sec. 5. **[116X.03] CREDIT ESTABLISHED.**

129.16 (a) Any entity that makes a qualified equity investment earns a vested right to
129.17 credit against the entity's tax liability under this section that may be utilized as described
129.18 in paragraphs (b) to (e).

129.19 (b) On each credit allowance date of the qualified equity investment, the entity, or
129.20 a subsequent holder of the qualified equity investment, may use a portion of the credit
129.21 during the taxable year, including the credit allowance date.

129.22 (c) The credit amount equals the applicable percentage for the credit allowance date
129.23 multiplied by the purchase price paid to the issuer of the qualified equity investment.

129.24 (d) The amount of the credit claimed by an entity must not exceed the amount of the
129.25 entity's tax liability for the tax year for which the credit is claimed. Any amount of tax
129.26 credit that the entity is prohibited from claiming in a taxable year as a result of this chapter
129.27 may be carried forward for use in any subsequent taxable year.

129.28 (e) An entity claiming a credit under this chapter is not required to pay any additional
129.29 retaliatory tax levied under section 297I.05 as a result of claiming that credit. In addition,
129.30 it is the intent of this section that an entity claiming a credit under this chapter is not
129.31 required to pay any additional tax as a result of claiming that credit.

129.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
129.33 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

130.1 Sec. 6. **[116X.04] TRANSFERABILITY.**

130.2 No tax credit claimed under this chapter is refundable or saleable on the open
130.3 market. However, a participating investor may transfer credits to an affiliated insurance
130.4 company, if it notifies the commissioner in writing. Tax credits earned by a partnership,
130.5 limited liability company, S corporation, or other "pass-through" entity may be allocated
130.6 to the partners, members, or shareholders of the entity for their direct use under the
130.7 provisions of any agreement among those partners, members, or shareholders. Any
130.8 allocation of tax credits made to a partner, member, or shareholder under this section is
130.9 not a sale of the tax credits for purposes of this chapter.

130.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
130.11 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

130.12 Sec. 7. **[116X.05] CERTIFICATION OF QUALIFIED EQUITY INVESTMENTS.**

130.13 Subdivision 1. **Application.** A qualified community development entity that seeks
130.14 to have an equity investment or long-term debt security designated as a qualified equity
130.15 investment and eligible for tax credits under this chapter may apply to the commissioner
130.16 on or after December 31, 2016. The application must include the following:

130.17 (1) evidence of the applicant's certification as a qualified community development
130.18 entity, including evidence of the service area of the entity that includes Minnesota;

130.19 (2) a copy of the allocation agreement executed by the applicant, or its controlling
130.20 entity, and the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund under section
130.21 116X.02, subdivision 10;

130.22 (3) a certificate executed by an executive officer of the applicant attesting that the
130.23 allocation agreement remains in effect and has not been revoked or canceled by the
130.24 Community Development Financial Institutions Fund;

130.25 (4) evidence that the applicant or its controlling entity has received more than one
130.26 allocation of qualified equity investment authority from the Community Development
130.27 Financial Institutions Fund, at least one of which must have been received on or after
130.28 January 1, 2013;

130.29 (5) evidence that the applicant, its controlling entity, and subsidiary qualified
130.30 community development entities of the controlling entity have collectively made at least
130.31 \$25,000,000 in qualified low-income community investments under the federal new
130.32 markets tax credit program or under new markets tax credit programs in other states with a
130.33 maximum qualifying low-income community investment size of \$5,000,000 per business;

130.34 (6) a description of the proposed amount, structure, and initial purchaser of the
130.35 qualified equity investment;

131.1 (7) the minimum amount of the qualified equity investment that the qualified
131.2 community development entity is willing to accept if the amount proposed to be certified
131.3 under clause (4) is less than the applicant's proposed amount of qualified equity investment;

131.4 (8) a plan describing the proposed investment of the proceeds of the qualified equity
131.5 investment, including the types of qualified active low-income community businesses in
131.6 which the applicant expects to invest. Applicants are not required to identify qualified
131.7 active low-income community businesses in which they will invest when submitting
131.8 an application; and

131.9 (9) a nonrefundable application fee of \$5,000. This fee must be paid to the
131.10 commissioner and is required for each application submitted.

131.11 The requirements of clauses (4) and (5) do not apply to a qualified community
131.12 development entity incorporated or headquartered in Minnesota.

131.13 Subd. 2. **Consideration of application.** Within 30 days after receipt of a completed
131.14 application containing the information in subdivision 1, including the payment of the
131.15 application fee, the commissioner shall grant or deny the application in full or in part. If
131.16 the commissioner denies any part of the application, the commissioner shall inform the
131.17 qualified community development entity of the grounds for the denial. If the qualified
131.18 community development entity provides any additional information required by the
131.19 commissioner or otherwise completes its application within 15 days of the notice of
131.20 denial, the application is considered completed as of the original date of submission. If
131.21 the qualified community development entity fails to provide the information or complete
131.22 its application within the 15-day period, the application remains denied and must be
131.23 resubmitted in full with a new submission date.

131.24 Subd. 3. **Certification.** If the application required under this section is complete,
131.25 the commissioner shall certify the proposed equity investment or long-term debt security
131.26 as a qualified equity investment that is eligible for tax credits under this chapter, subject
131.27 to the limitations in subdivision 4. The commissioner shall provide written notice
131.28 of the certification to the qualified community development entity. The notice must
131.29 include the name of the initial purchaser of the qualified equity investment and the credit
131.30 amount. Before any tax credits are claimed under this chapter, the qualified community
131.31 development entity shall provide written notice to the commissioner of the names of the
131.32 entities eligible to claim the credits as a result of holding a qualified equity investment. If
131.33 the names of the entities that are eligible to utilize the credits change due to a transfer of a
131.34 qualified equity investment or an allocation or affiliate transfer under section 116X.04, the
131.35 qualified community development entity shall notify the commissioner of the change.

132.1 Subd. 4. **Amount certified.** The commissioner shall certify \$250,000,000 in
132.2 qualified equity investments. The commissioner shall certify qualified equity investments
132.3 in the order applications are received by the commissioner. Applications received on
132.4 the same day are deemed to have been received simultaneously. For applications that
132.5 are complete and received on the same day, the commissioner shall certify, consistent
132.6 with remaining qualified equity investment capacity, the qualified equity investments
132.7 in proportionate percentages based upon the ratio of the amount of qualified equity
132.8 investment requested in an application to the total amount of qualified equity investments
132.9 requested in all applications received on the same day. If any amount of qualified equity
132.10 investment that would be certified under this section is less than the acceptable minimum
132.11 amount specified in the application as required by subdivision 1, clause (5), the application
132.12 is deemed withdrawn and the amount of qualified equity investment is proportionately
132.13 allocated among the other applicants under this subdivision.

132.14 Subd. 5. **Transfer of authority.** An approved applicant may transfer all or a
132.15 portion of its certified qualified equity investment authority to its controlling entity or
132.16 any subsidiary qualified community development entity of the controlling entity, if the
132.17 applicant provides the information required in the application with respect to the transferee,
132.18 and the applicant notifies the commissioner of the transfer within 30 days of the transfer.

132.19 Subd. 6. **Cash investment.** Within two years of the applicant receiving notice
132.20 of certification, the qualified community development entity, or any transferee under
132.21 subdivision 5, shall issue the qualified equity investment and receive cash in the amount of
132.22 the certified amount. The qualified community development entity or transferee under
132.23 subdivision 5 must provide the commissioner with evidence of the receipt of the cash
132.24 investment within ten business days after receipt. If the qualified community development
132.25 entity or any transferee under subdivision 5 does not receive the cash investment and issue
132.26 the qualified equity investment within two years following receipt of the certification
132.27 notice, the certification lapses and the entity may not issue the qualified equity investment
132.28 without reapplying to the commissioner for certification. Lapsed certifications revert
132.29 back to the commissioner and must be reissued, first, pro rata to other applicants whose
132.30 qualified equity investment allocations were reduced under subdivision 4 and, thereafter,
132.31 in accordance with the application process.

132.32 Subd. 7. **New markets tax credit account.** The new markets tax credit account is
132.33 established in the special revenue fund. The commissioner shall deposit the nonrefundable
132.34 application fee in the account and amounts in the account are appropriated to the
132.35 commissioner for the cost of administering this chapter.

133.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
133.2 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

133.3 **Sec. 8. [116X.06] DISALLOWANCE OF TAX CREDITS AND PENALTIES.**

133.4 (a) The commissioner shall disallow any tax credits earned as a result of holding a
133.5 qualified equity investment, but not yet claimed, if:

133.6 (1) the issuer redeems or makes principal repayment with respect to a qualified
133.7 equity investment prior to the seventh anniversary of the issuance of the qualified equity
133.8 investment. In this case, the commissioner's disallowance of unclaimed tax credits are
133.9 proportionate to the amount of the redemption or repayment of the qualified equity
133.10 investment; or

133.11 (2) the issuer fails to invest an amount equal to 100 percent of the purchase price
133.12 of the qualified equity investment in qualified low-income community investments
133.13 in Minnesota within 12 months of the issuance of the qualified equity investment
133.14 and maintain at least 100 percent of the level of investment in qualified low-income
133.15 community investments in Minnesota until the last credit allowance date for the qualified
133.16 equity investment. For purposes of this section, an investment is considered held by an
133.17 issuer even if the investment has been sold or repaid if the issuer reinvests an amount
133.18 equal to the capital returned to or recovered by the issuer from the original investment,
133.19 exclusive of any profits realized, in another qualified low-income community investment
133.20 within 12 months of the receipt of the capital. An issuer is not required to reinvest capital
133.21 returned from qualified low-income community investments after the sixth anniversary
133.22 of the issuance of the qualified equity investment, if proceeds were used to make the
133.23 qualified low-income community investment, and the qualified low-income community
133.24 investment is considered to be held by the issuer through the seventh anniversary of
133.25 the qualified equity investment's issuance.

133.26 (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision, any tax credit already claimed under
133.27 this chapter is not subject to recapture under paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2).

133.28 (c) If the commissioner disallows tax credits under this section, the commissioner
133.29 may also impose penalties on the qualified community development entity that issued the
133.30 qualified equity investment for which tax credits are disallowed, not to exceed one-half
133.31 of one percent of the equity investment.

133.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
133.33 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

133.34 **Sec. 9. [116X.07] NOTICE OF NONCOMPLIANCE.**

134.1 Enforcement of each of the disallowance and penalty provisions is subject to a
134.2 six-month cure period. No disallowance or penalty may be imposed until six months after
134.3 the qualified community development entity has received notice of the noncompliance.

134.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
134.5 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

134.6 Sec. 10. **[116X.09] PREAPPROVAL OF INVESTMENTS.**

134.7 Before making a proposed qualified low-income community investment, a
134.8 qualified community development entity may request from the commissioner a written
134.9 determination as to whether the proposed qualified low-income community investment
134.10 satisfies all applicable provisions of this chapter. The commissioner must provide a
134.11 determination and an explanation for it to a qualified community development entity
134.12 within ten business days after receiving the request. Any determination made by the
134.13 commissioner under this section is binding.

134.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
134.15 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

134.16 Sec. 11. **[116X.10] MANAGEMENT OF QUALIFIED EQUITY INVESTMENT**
134.17 **BY ANOTHER CERTIFIED DEVELOPMENT ENTITY PROHIBITED.**

134.18 A qualified community development entity, its controlling entity, and its affiliates
134.19 must not contract with or otherwise use any third party or its affiliates to manage, control
134.20 the direction of, or source qualified low-income community investments into qualified
134.21 low-income community businesses that are approved for qualified investment under this
134.22 chapter, if the third party is another qualified community development entity or otherwise
134.23 is performing those functions for another community development entity.

134.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
134.25 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

134.26 Sec. 12. **[117.028] CONDEMNATION FOR CERTAIN RAIL FACILITIES**
134.27 **PROHIBITED.**

134.28 Notwithstanding section 222.27, or any other law to the contrary, no condemning
134.29 authority may take property for the development or construction of or for facilities related
134.30 to intercity or interregional passenger rail facilities or operations between the city of
134.31 Rochester, or locations in its metropolitan area, and any location in the metropolitan area,
134.32 as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.

135.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

135.2 Sec. 13. **[290.0693] NEW MARKETS TAX CREDIT.**

135.3 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "qualified equity
135.4 investment" has the meaning given in section 116X.01, subdivision 1.

135.5 Subd. 2. **Credit allowed.** A taxpayer that makes a qualified equity investment is
135.6 allowed a credit against the tax imposed under this chapter equal to the amount provided
135.7 under section 116X.03.

135.8 Subd. 3. **Audit powers.** Notwithstanding any issuance of credit by the
135.9 commissioner of employment and economic development under section 116X.05, the
135.10 commissioner may utilize any audit and examination powers under chapter 270C or 289A
135.11 to the extent necessary to verify that the taxpayer is eligible for the credit and to assess for
135.12 the amount of any improperly claimed credit.

135.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
135.14 December 31, 2014.

135.15 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297I.20, is amended by adding a subdivision
135.16 to read:

135.17 Subd. 4. **New markets tax credit.** (a) A credit is allowed against the tax imposed
135.18 under this chapter, including the retaliatory tax under section 297I.05, subdivision 11,
135.19 equal to the amount of the credit allowed under section 116X.03 for the taxable year.

135.20 (b) Notwithstanding any certification by the commissioner of employment and
135.21 economic development under section 116X.05 of a qualified equity investment, the
135.22 commissioner retains and may use any audit and examination powers to the extent
135.23 necessary to verify that the taxpayer is eligible for the credit and to assess for the amount
135.24 of any improperly claimed credit.

135.25 (c) The credit does not affect the calculation of police and fire aid under section
135.26 69.021.

135.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
135.28 and applies to premium tax returns originally due on or after December 31, 2015.

135.29 Sec. 15. **[459.36] NO SPENDING OF PUBLIC MONEY FOR CERTAIN RAIL**
135.30 **PROJECTS.**

135.31 (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), no city, county, special taxing district,
135.32 or destination medical center entity may spend or use any money, for any costs related

136.1 to studying the feasibility of, planning for, designing, engineering, acquiring property
136.2 or constructing facilities for or related to, or development or operation of intercity or
136.3 interregional passenger rail facilities or operations between the city of Rochester, or
136.4 locations in its metropolitan area, and any location in the metropolitan area, as defined
136.5 in section 473.121, subdivision 2. The provisions of this section apply to the statutory
136.6 and home rule charter cities, special taxing districts, and counties located in development
136.7 regions 10 and 11, as designated under section 462.385, subdivision 1. Destination
136.8 medical center entity includes the Destination Medical Center Corporation and agency
136.9 as those terms are defined in section 469.40, and any successor or related entity. Special
136.10 taxing district has the meaning given in section 275.066.

136.11 (b) The restrictions under this section do not apply to:

136.12 (1) funds the city or county obtains from contributions, grants, or other voluntary
136.13 payments made by nongovernmental entities from private sources; and

136.14 (2) expenditures for costs of public infrastructure, including public utilities, parking
136.15 facilities, a multi-mode transit hub, or similar projects located within the area of the
136.16 development district, as defined under section 469.40, and reflected in the development
136.17 plan adopted before the enactment of this section, that are intended to serve, and that are
136.18 made following the completed construction and commencement of operation of, privately
136.19 financed and operated intercity or interregional passenger rail facilities.

136.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
136.21 without local approval under Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1, clause (c).

136.22 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.169, is amended by adding a subdivision
136.23 to read:

136.24 Subd. 20. **Additional border city allocations.** (a) In addition to the tax reductions
136.25 authorized in subdivisions 12 to 19, the commissioner shall annually allocate \$1,000,000
136.26 for tax reductions to border city enterprise zones in cities located on the western border
136.27 of the state. The commissioner shall allocate these amounts among cities on a per capita
136.28 basis. Allocations made under this subdivision may be used for tax reductions under
136.29 sections 469.171, 469.1732, and 469.1734, or for other offsets of taxes imposed on
136.30 or remitted by businesses located in the enterprise zone, but only if the municipality
136.31 determines that the granting of the tax reduction or offset is necessary to retain a business
136.32 within or attract a business to the zone.

136.33 (b) The allocations under this subdivision do not cancel or expire, but remain
136.34 available until used by the city.

137.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

137.2 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.174, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

137.3 Subd. 12. **Economic development district.** "Economic development district"
137.4 means a type of tax increment financing district which consists of any project, or portions
137.5 of a project, which the authority finds to be in the public interest because:

137.6 (1) it will discourage commerce, industry, or manufacturing from moving their
137.7 operations to another state or municipality; ~~or~~

137.8 (2) it will result in increased employment in the state; ~~or~~

137.9 (3) it will result in preservation and enhancement of the tax base of the state; or

137.10 (4) it satisfies the requirements of a workforce housing project under section
137.11 469.176, subdivision 4c, paragraph (d).

137.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for
137.13 certification is made after June 30, 2015.

137.14 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.174, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

137.15 Subd. 14. **Administrative expenses.** "Administrative expenses" means all
137.16 expenditures of an authority other than:

137.17 (1) amounts paid for the purchase of land;

137.18 (2) amounts paid to contractors or others providing materials and services, including
137.19 architectural and engineering services, directly connected with the physical development
137.20 of the real property in the project;

137.21 (3) relocation benefits paid to or services provided for persons residing or businesses
137.22 located in the project;

137.23 (4) amounts used to pay principal or interest on, fund a reserve for, or sell at a
137.24 discount bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178; ~~or~~

137.25 (5) amounts used to pay other financial obligations to the extent those obligations
137.26 were used to finance costs described in clauses (1) to (3); or

137.27 (6) usual and customary maintenance costs necessary for the preservation of
137.28 property acquired or constructed with tax increments and owned by the authority or the
137.29 municipality, including, without limitation, amounts needed for ordinary and extraordinary
137.30 repairs and maintenance, and capital reserves in an amount not greater than ten percent of
137.31 the market value of the property.

137.32 For districts for which the requests for certifications were made before August 1,
137.33 1979, or after June 30, 1982, "administrative expenses" includes amounts paid for services

138.1 provided by bond counsel, fiscal consultants, and planning or economic development
138.2 consultants.

138.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
138.4 and applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

138.5 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.175, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

138.6 Subd. 3. **Municipality approval.** (a) A county auditor shall not certify the original
138.7 net tax capacity of a tax increment financing district until the tax increment financing plan
138.8 proposed for that district has been approved by the municipality in which the district
138.9 is located. If an authority that proposes to establish a tax increment financing district
138.10 and the municipality are not the same, the authority shall apply to the municipality in
138.11 which the district is proposed to be located and shall obtain the approval of its tax
138.12 increment financing plan by the municipality before the authority may use tax increment
138.13 financing. The municipality shall approve the tax increment financing plan only after a
138.14 public hearing thereon after published notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the
138.15 municipality at least once not less than ten days nor more than 30 days prior to the date
138.16 of the hearing. The published notice must include a map of the area of the district from
138.17 which increments may be collected and, if the project area includes additional area, a map
138.18 of the project area in which the increments may be expended. The hearing may be held
138.19 before or after the approval or creation of the project or it may be held in conjunction with
138.20 a hearing to approve the project.

138.21 (b) Before or at the time of approval of the tax increment financing plan, the
138.22 municipality shall make the following findings, and shall set forth in writing the reasons
138.23 and supporting facts for each determination:

138.24 (1) that the proposed tax increment financing district is a redevelopment district, a
138.25 renewal or renovation district, a housing district, a soils condition district, or an economic
138.26 development district; if the proposed district is a redevelopment district or a renewal or
138.27 renovation district, the reasons and supporting facts for the determination that the district
138.28 meets the criteria of section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), or
138.29 subdivision 10a, must be documented in writing and retained and made available to the
138.30 public by the authority until the district has been terminated;

138.31 (2) that, in the opinion of the municipality:

138.32 (i) the proposed development or redevelopment would not reasonably be expected to
138.33 occur solely through private investment within the reasonably foreseeable future; and

138.34 (ii) the increased market value of the site that could reasonably be expected to occur
138.35 without the use of tax increment financing would be less than the increase in the market

139.1 value estimated to result from the proposed development after subtracting the present
139.2 value of the projected tax increments for the maximum duration of the district permitted
139.3 by the plan. The requirements of this item do not apply if the district is a housing district;

139.4 (3) that the tax increment financing plan conforms to the general plan for the
139.5 development or redevelopment of the municipality as a whole;

139.6 (4) that the tax increment financing plan will afford maximum opportunity,
139.7 consistent with the sound needs of the municipality as a whole, for the development or
139.8 redevelopment of the project by private enterprise;

139.9 (5) that the municipality elects the method of tax increment computation set forth in
139.10 section 469.177, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), if applicable.

139.11 (c) When the municipality and the authority are not the same, the municipality shall
139.12 approve or disapprove the tax increment financing plan within 60 days of submission by the
139.13 authority. When the municipality and the authority are not the same, the municipality may
139.14 not amend or modify a tax increment financing plan except as proposed by the authority
139.15 pursuant to subdivision 4. Once approved, the determination of the authority to undertake
139.16 the project through the use of tax increment financing and the resolution of the governing
139.17 body shall be conclusive of the findings therein and of the public need for the financing.

139.18 (d) For a district that is subject to the requirements of paragraph (b), clause (2),
139.19 item (ii), the municipality's statement of reasons and supporting facts must include all of
139.20 the following:

139.21 (1) an estimate of the amount by which the market value of the site will increase
139.22 without the use of tax increment financing;

139.23 (2) an estimate of the increase in the market value that will result from the
139.24 development or redevelopment to be assisted with tax increment financing; and

139.25 (3) the present value of the projected tax increments for the maximum duration of
139.26 the district permitted by the tax increment financing plan.

139.27 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "site" means the parcels on which the
139.28 development or redevelopment to be assisted with tax increment financing will be located.

139.29 (f) Before or at the time of approval of the tax increment financing plan for a district
139.30 to be used to fund a workforce housing project under section 469.176, subdivision 4c,
139.31 paragraph (d), the municipality shall make the following findings and shall set forth in
139.32 writing the reasons and supporting facts for each determination:

139.33 (1) the city is located outside of the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121,
139.34 subdivision 2;

139.35 (2) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the municipality and in
139.36 any statutory or home rule charter city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries

140.1 of the municipality has been three percent or less for at least the immediately preceding
140.2 two-year period;

140.3 (3) at least one business located in the municipality or within 15 miles of the
140.4 municipality that employ a minimum of 20 full-time equivalent employees in aggregate
140.5 has provided a written statement to the municipality indicating that the lack of available
140.6 rental housing has impeded their ability to recruit and hire employees; and

140.7 (4) the municipality and the development authority intend to use increments from
140.8 the district for the development of rental housing, new modular homes, new manufactured
140.9 homes, or new manufactured homes on leased land or in a manufactured home park to
140.10 serve employees of businesses located in the municipality or surrounding area.

140.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for
140.12 certification is made after June 30, 2015.

140.13 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.176, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

140.14 Subd. 4. **Limitation on use of tax increment; general rule.** All revenues derived
140.15 from tax increment shall be used in accordance with the tax increment financing plan. The
140.16 revenues shall be used solely for the following purposes: (1) to pay the principal of and
140.17 interest on bonds issued to finance a project; (2) by a rural development financing authority
140.18 for the purposes stated in section 469.142, by a port authority or municipality exercising the
140.19 powers of a port authority to finance or otherwise pay the cost of redevelopment pursuant to
140.20 sections 469.048 to 469.068, by an economic development authority to finance or otherwise
140.21 pay the cost of redevelopment pursuant to sections 469.090 to 469.108, by a housing and
140.22 redevelopment authority or economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay
140.23 public redevelopment costs pursuant to sections 469.001 to 469.047, by a municipality or
140.24 economic development authority to finance or otherwise pay the capital and administration
140.25 costs of a development district pursuant to sections 469.124 to 469.133, by a municipality
140.26 or authority to finance or otherwise pay the costs of developing and implementing a
140.27 development action response plan, by a municipality or redevelopment agency to finance
140.28 or otherwise pay premiums for insurance or other security guaranteeing the payment when
140.29 due of principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to
140.30 469.165, or both, or to accumulate and maintain a reserve securing the payment when due
140.31 of the principal of and interest on the bonds pursuant to chapter 462C, sections 469.152 to
140.32 469.165, or both, which revenues in the reserve shall not exceed, subsequent to the fifth
140.33 anniversary of the date of issue of the first bond issue secured by the reserve, an amount
140.34 equal to 20 percent of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding and nondefeased
140.35 bonds secured by the reserve; and (3) to pay the costs listed in section 469.174, subdivision

141.1 14, but not in excess of the limitation on administrative expenses under subdivision 3.
 141.2 Tax increment as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (2), may be used to
 141.3 pay usual and customary operation and maintenance costs, including, but not limited to,
 141.4 amounts needed for capital reserves in an amount not greater than ten percent of the
 141.5 market value of the property, and ordinary and extraordinary repairs and maintenance of
 141.6 the property purchased by the authority or the municipality with tax increments.

141.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
 141.8 and applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

141.9 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.176, subdivision 4c, is amended to read:

141.10 Subd. 4c. **Economic development districts.** (a) Revenue derived from tax increment
 141.11 from an economic development district may not be used to provide improvements, loans,
 141.12 subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form to developments
 141.13 consisting of buildings and ancillary facilities, if more than 15 percent of the buildings and
 141.14 facilities (determined on the basis of square footage) are used for a purpose other than:

141.15 (1) the manufacturing or production of tangible personal property, including
 141.16 processing resulting in the change in condition of the property;

141.17 (2) warehousing, storage, and distribution of tangible personal property, excluding
 141.18 retail sales;

141.19 (3) research and development related to the activities listed in clause (1) or (2);

141.20 (4) telemarketing if that activity is the exclusive use of the property;

141.21 (5) tourism facilities; ~~or~~

141.22 (6) space necessary for and related to the activities listed in clauses (1) to (5); or

141.23 (7) a workforce housing project that satisfies the requirements of paragraph (d).

141.24 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, revenues derived from tax
 141.25 increment from an economic development district may be used to provide improvements,
 141.26 loans, subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form for up to 15,000
 141.27 square feet of any separately owned commercial facility located within the municipal
 141.28 jurisdiction of a small city, if the revenues derived from increments are spent only to
 141.29 assist the facility directly or for administrative expenses, the assistance is necessary to
 141.30 develop the facility, and all of the increments, except those for administrative expenses,
 141.31 are spent only for activities within the district.

141.32 (c) A city is a small city for purposes of this subdivision if the city was a small city
 141.33 in the year in which the request for certification was made and applies for the rest of
 141.34 the duration of the district, regardless of whether the city qualifies or ceases to qualify
 141.35 as a small city.

142.1 (d) A project qualifies as a workforce housing project under this subdivision if
142.2 increments from the district are used exclusively to assist in the acquisition of property;
142.3 construction of improvements; and provision of loans or subsidies, grants, interest
142.4 rate subsidies, public infrastructure, and related financing costs for rental housing
142.5 developments in the municipality, and if the governing body of the municipality made the
142.6 findings for the project required by section 469.175, subdivision 3, paragraph (f).

142.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for
142.8 certification is made after June 30, 2015.

142.9 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.1761, is amended by adding a
142.10 subdivision to read:

142.11 Subd. 5. **Income limits; state grant and loan program projects.** For a project
142.12 receiving a loan or grant from the Housing Finance Agency challenge program under
142.13 section 462A.33 or a grant from the Department of Employment and Economic
142.14 Development for workforce housing, the income limits under this section do not apply
142.15 and the project is deemed to be a housing project within the meaning of section 469.174,
142.16 subdivision 11.

142.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for districts for which the request for
142.18 certification is made after June 30, 2015.

142.19 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.1763, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

142.20 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
142.21 have the meanings given.

142.22 (b) "Activities" means acquisition of property, clearing of land, site preparation, soils
142.23 correction, removal of hazardous waste or pollution, installation of utilities, construction
142.24 of public or private improvements, and other similar activities, but only to the extent that
142.25 tax increment revenues may be spent for such purposes under other law.

142.26 (c) "Third party" means an entity other than (1) the person receiving the benefit
142.27 of assistance financed with tax increments, or (2) the municipality or the development
142.28 authority or other person substantially under the control of the municipality.

142.29 (d) "Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district" means
142.30 only tax increment as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clause (1), and does
142.31 not include tax increment as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, clauses (2);
142.32 ~~(3), and (4)~~ to (5).

142.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

143.1 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

143.2 Subd. 2. **Expenditures outside district.** (a) For each tax increment financing
143.3 district, an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax
143.4 increments paid by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district
143.5 or to pay bonds, to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities
143.6 in the district or to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds.
143.7 For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification
143.8 was made after June 30, 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding
143.9 sentence is 80 percent. Not more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax
143.10 increments paid by properties in the district may be expended, through a development fund
143.11 or otherwise, on activities outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of
143.12 the project except to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds.
143.13 For districts, other than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was
143.14 made after June 30, 1995, the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is
143.15 20 percent. ~~The revenue~~ revenues derived from tax increments ~~for~~ paid by properties in
143.16 the district that are expended on costs under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph
143.17 (b), may be deducted first before calculating the percentages that must be expended within
143.18 and without the district.

143.19 (b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174,
143.20 subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.

143.21 (c) All administrative expenses are for activities outside of the district, except that
143.22 if the only expenses for activities outside of the district under this subdivision are for
143.23 the purposes described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will be considered as
143.24 expenditures for activities in the district.

143.25 (d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district,
143.26 to increase by up to ten percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for
143.27 activities located outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As
143.28 permitted by section 469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted
143.29 expenditures under paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the
143.30 project. Expenditures that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted
143.31 expenditures of the district, notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j.
143.32 To qualify for the increase under this paragraph, the expenditures must:

143.33 (1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified
143.34 low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

144.1 (2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of
144.2 the Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of
144.3 the Internal Revenue Code; and

144.4 (3) be used to:

144.5 (i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing;

144.6 (ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or

144.7 (iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or

144.8 (4) be used to develop housing:

144.9 (i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of:

144.10 (A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in that
144.11 municipality; or

144.12 (B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in
144.13 section 473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and

144.14 (ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation,
144.15 demolition of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or
144.16 more parcels, if the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling
144.17 units that has been vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in
144.18 section 325N.10, subdivision 7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's
144.19 principal residence, and only after the redemption period has expired.

144.20 (e) For a district created within a biotechnology and health sciences industry zone
144.21 as defined in Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 469.330, subdivision 6, or for an existing
144.22 district located within such a zone, tax increment derived from such a district may be
144.23 expended outside of the district but within the zone only for expenditures required for the
144.24 construction of public infrastructure necessary to support the activities of the zone, land
144.25 acquisition, and other redevelopment costs as defined in section 469.176, subdivision 4j.
144.26 These expenditures are considered as expenditures for activities within the district. The
144.27 authority provided by this paragraph expires for expenditures made after the later of (1)
144.28 December 31, 2015, or (2) the end of the five-year period beginning on the date the district
144.29 was certified, provided that date was before January 1, 2016.

144.30 (f) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016.
144.31 Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are
144.32 used to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph
144.33 (a), if December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after
144.34 certification under that provision.

144.35 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

145.1 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

145.2 Subd. 3. **Five-year rule.** (a) Revenues derived from tax increments paid by
145.3 properties in the district are considered to have been expended on an activity within the
145.4 district under subdivision 2 only if one of the following occurs:

145.5 (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are
145.6 actually paid to a third party with respect to the activity;

145.7 (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and
145.8 sold to a third party before or within five years after certification, the revenues are spent
145.9 to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance,
145.10 reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or
145.11 (ii) a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section
145.12 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve
145.13 or replacement fund;

145.14 (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the
145.15 activity before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are
145.16 spent under the contractual obligation;

145.17 (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after
145.18 certification of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment
145.19 of the costs, including interest on unreimbursed costs; or

145.20 (5) expenditures are made for housing purposes as permitted by subdivision 2,
145.21 paragraphs (b) and (d), or for public infrastructure purposes within a zone as permitted
145.22 by subdivision 2, paragraph (e).

145.23 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if
145.24 the original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).

145.25 (c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after
145.26 June 30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a)
145.27 are extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district
145.28 certified after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in
145.29 paragraph (a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is
145.30 provided primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated
145.31 economic circumstances.

145.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

145.33 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.178, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

146.1 Subd. 7. **Interfund loans.** (a) The authority or municipality may advance or loan
146.2 money to finance expenditures under section 469.176, subdivision 4, from its general fund
146.3 or any other fund under which it has legal authority to do so.

146.4 (b) Not later than 60 days after money is transferred, advanced, or spent, whichever
146.5 is earliest, the loan or advance must be authorized; (1) by resolution of the governing
146.6 body or of the authority, whichever has jurisdiction over the fund from which the advance
146.7 or loan is authorized, ~~before money is transferred, advanced, or spent, whichever is~~
146.8 ~~earliest;~~ or (2) in writing by an appropriate officer of the municipality or the authority to
146.9 whom the municipality or authority has delegated by resolution power to administer and
146.10 set the terms and conditions of the interfund loan.

146.11 (c) The resolution may generally grant to the municipality or the authority or an
146.12 appropriate officer thereof the power to make interfund loans under one or more tax
146.13 increment financing plans or for one or more districts. The resolution may be adopted
146.14 or the interfund loan may be otherwise documented before or after the adoption of the
146.15 tax increment financing plan or the creation of the tax increment financing district from
146.16 which the advance or loan is to be repaid.

146.17 (d) The terms and conditions for repayment of the loan must be provided in writing
146.18 ~~and.~~ The written terms and conditions may be in any form, but must include, at a
146.19 minimum, the principal amount, the interest rate, and maximum term. Written terms may
146.20 be modified or amended in writing by the municipality or the authority, or an appropriate
146.21 officer thereof, before decertification of the tax increment financing district from which
146.22 the interfund loan will be paid. The maximum rate of interest permitted to be charged is
146.23 limited to the greater of the rates specified under section 270C.40 or 549.09 as of the date
146.24 the loan or advance is authorized, unless the written agreement states that the maximum
146.25 interest rate will fluctuate as the interest rates specified under section 270C.40 or 549.09
146.26 are from time to time adjusted. Loans or advances may be structured as draw-down or
146.27 line-of-credit obligations of the lending fund.

146.28 (e) The authority shall report in the annual report submitted pursuant to section
146.29 469.175, subdivision 6:

146.30 (1) the amount of any interfund loan or advance made in a calendar year; and

146.31 (2) any amendment of an interfund loan or advance made in a calendar year.

146.32 (f) An interfund loan or advance made by a municipality or an authority for any (1)
146.33 administrative expenses, (2) planning, inspection, architectural, engineering, surveying,
146.34 soil testing, and similar costs that are incurred before establishing a tax increment
146.35 financing district, or (3) transfers made in anticipation of a negative cash balance in a fund
146.36 for a temporary period not exceeding 12 months, is authorized under paragraph (a) and

147.1 is not subject to any additional requirements under paragraphs (b) to (d). The authority
147.2 shall report any interfund loan or advance made under this paragraph in the annual report
147.3 submitted under section 469.175, subdivision 6.

147.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
147.5 and applies to all districts, regardless of when the request for certification was made.

147.6 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.40, subdivision 11, as amended by Laws
147.7 2015, chapter 1, section 6, is amended to read:

147.8 Subd. 11. **Public infrastructure project.** (a) "Public infrastructure project" means
147.9 a project financed in part or in whole with public money in order to support the medical
147.10 business entity's development plans, as identified in the DMCC development plan. A
147.11 public infrastructure project may:

147.12 (1) acquire real property and other assets associated with the real property;

147.13 (2) demolish, repair, or rehabilitate buildings;

147.14 (3) remediate land and buildings as required to prepare the property for acquisition
147.15 or development;

147.16 (4) install, construct, or reconstruct elements of public infrastructure required to
147.17 support the overall development of the destination medical center development district
147.18 including, but not limited to, streets, roadways, utilities systems and related facilities,
147.19 utility relocations and replacements, network and communication systems, streetscape
147.20 improvements, drainage systems, sewer and water systems, subgrade structures and
147.21 associated improvements, landscaping, façade construction and restoration, wayfinding
147.22 and signage, and other components of community infrastructure;

147.23 (5) acquire, construct or reconstruct, and equip parking facilities and other facilities
147.24 to encourage intermodal transportation and public transit;

147.25 (6) install, construct or reconstruct, furnish, and equip parks, cultural, and
147.26 recreational facilities, facilities to promote tourism and hospitality, conferencing and
147.27 conventions, and broadcast and related multimedia infrastructure;

147.28 (7) make related site improvements including, without limitation, excavation,
147.29 earth retention, soil stabilization and correction, and site improvements to support the
147.30 destination medical center development district;

147.31 (8) prepare land for private development and to sell or lease land;

147.32 (9) provide costs of relocation benefits to occupants of acquired properties; and

147.33 (10) construct and equip all or a portion of one or more suitable structures on land
147.34 owned by the city for sale or lease to private development; provided, however, that the

148.1 portion of any structure directly financed by the city as a public infrastructure project must
148.2 not be sold or leased to a medical business entity.

148.3 (b) A public infrastructure project is not a business subsidy under section 116J.993.

148.4 (c) Public infrastructure project includes the planning, preparation, and modification
148.5 of the development plan under section 469.43, and. The cost of that planning, preparation,
148.6 and any modification is a capital cost of the public infrastructure project.

148.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
148.8 the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
148.9 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3, and applies retroactively to the original effective dates of
148.10 the laws that are amended.

148.11 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.43, is amended by adding a subdivision
148.12 to read:

148.13 **Subd. 6a. Restriction on city funds to support nonprofit economic development**
148.14 **agency.** The nonprofit economic development agency shall not require the city to pay
148.15 any amounts to the nonprofit economic development agency that are unrelated to public
148.16 infrastructure project costs.

148.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
148.18 the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
148.19 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3, and applies retroactively from June 22, 2013.

148.20 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

148.21 Subdivision 1. **Rochester, other local taxes authorized.** (a) Notwithstanding
148.22 section 477A.016 or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, and in
148.23 addition to any taxes the city may impose on these transactions under another statute or
148.24 law, the city of Rochester may, by ordinance, impose at a rate or rates, determined by the
148.25 city, any of the following taxes:

148.26 (1) a tax on the gross receipts from the furnishing for consideration of lodging and
148.27 related services as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (2); the
148.28 city may choose to impose a differential tax based on the number of rooms in the facility;

148.29 (2) a tax on the gross receipts of food and beverages sold primarily for consumption
148.30 on the premises by restaurants and places of refreshment that occur in the city of
148.31 Rochester; the city may elect to impose the tax in a defined district of the city; and

148.32 (3) a tax on the admission receipts to entertainment and recreational facilities, as
148.33 defined by ordinance, in the city of Rochester.

149.1 (b) The provisions of section 297A.99, subdivisions 4 to 13, govern the
149.2 administration, collection, and enforcement of any tax imposed by the city under
149.3 paragraph (a).

149.4 (c) The proceeds of any taxes imposed under this subdivision, less refunds and
149.5 costs of collection, must be used by the city only to meet its share of obligations for
149.6 public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan and approved by the
149.7 corporation, including any associated financing costs or to pay any other costs qualifying
149.8 as a local matching contribution under section 469.47, subdivision 4. Any tax imposed
149.9 under paragraph (a) expires at the earlier of December 31, 2049, or when the city council
149.10 determines that sufficient funds have been raised from the tax plus all other local funding
149.11 sources authorized in Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, to meet the city obligation for
149.12 financing public infrastructure projects contained in the development plan and approved
149.13 by the corporation, including any associated financing costs.

149.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
149.15 the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
149.16 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3, and applies retroactively to the original effective dates of
149.17 the laws that are amended.

149.18 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

149.19 Subd. 2. **General sales tax authority.** The city may elect to extend the existing
149.20 local sales and use tax under Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 10, section 13, or to impose
149.21 an additional rate of up to one quarter of one percent tax on sales and use under Laws
149.22 2013, chapter 143, article 10, section 11. The proceeds of any extended or additional taxes
149.23 imposed under this subdivision, less refunds and costs of collection, must be used by the
149.24 city only to meet its share of obligations for public infrastructure projects contained in the
149.25 development plan and approved by the corporation, including all financing costs. Revenues
149.26 collected in any year to meet the obligations must be used for payment of obligations or
149.27 expenses for public infrastructure projects approved by the corporation or of any other
149.28 costs qualifying as a local matching contribution under section 469.47, subdivision 4.

149.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
149.30 the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
149.31 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3, and applies retroactively to the original effective dates of
149.32 the laws that are amended.

150.1 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 469.47, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws
150.2 2015, chapter 1, section 10, is amended to read:

150.3 Subd. 4. **General aid; local matching contribution.** In order to qualify for general
150.4 state infrastructure aid, the city must enter a written agreement with the commissioner
150.5 that requires the city to make a qualifying local matching contribution to pay for
150.6 \$128,000,000 of the cost of public infrastructure projects approved by the corporation,
150.7 including financing costs, using funds other than state aid received under this section. The
150.8 ~~\$128,000,000~~ required local matching contribution is reduced by ~~one-half of the~~ any
150.9 amounts the city pays for operating and administrative costs out of funds other than state aid
150.10 received under this section for the support, administration, or operations of the corporation
150.11 and the economic development agency up to a maximum amount agreed to by the board
150.12 and the city. These amounts include any costs the city incurs in providing services,
150.13 goods, or other support to the corporation or agency. The agreement must provide for the
150.14 manner, timing, and amounts of the city contributions, including the city's commitment
150.15 for each year. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the agreement may provide that
150.16 the city contributions for public infrastructure project principal costs may be made over a
150.17 20-year period at a rate not greater than \$1 from the city for each \$2.55 from the state.
150.18 The local match contribution may be provided by the city from any source identified in
150.19 section 469.45 and any other local tax proceeds or other funds from the city and may
150.20 include providing funds to prepare the development plan, to assist developers undertaking
150.21 projects in accordance with the development plan, or by the city directly undertaking
150.22 public infrastructure projects in accordance with the development plan, provided the
150.23 projects have been approved by the corporation. City contributions that are in excess of
150.24 this ratio carry forward and are credited toward subsequent years. The commissioner and
150.25 city may agree to amend the agreement at any time in light of new information or other
150.26 appropriate factors. The city may enter into arrangements with the county to pay for or
150.27 otherwise meet the local matching contribution requirement. Any public infrastructure
150.28 project within the area that will be in the destination medical center development district
150.29 whose implementation is started or funded by the city after June 22, 2013, but before the
150.30 development plan is adopted, as provided by section 469.43, subdivision 1, will be included
150.31 for the purposes of determining the amount the city has contributed as required by this
150.32 section and the agreement with the commissioner, subject to approval by the corporation.

150.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
150.34 the city of Rochester and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
150.35 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3, and applies retroactively to the original effective dates of
150.36 the laws that are amended.

151.1 Sec. 32. **[473.1467] NO SPENDING FOR CERTAIN RAIL PROJECTS.**

151.2 (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the council must not spend or use any money
 151.3 for any costs related to studying the feasibility of, planning for, designing, engineering,
 151.4 acquiring property or constructing facilities for or related to, or development or operation
 151.5 of intercity or interregional passenger rail facilities or operations between the city of
 151.6 Rochester, or locations in its metropolitan area, and any location in the metropolitan area.

151.7 (b) The restrictions under this section do not apply to funds the council obtains from
 151.8 contributions, grants, or other voluntary payments made by nongovernmental entities
 151.9 from private sources.

151.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
 151.11 final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,
 151.12 and Washington.

151.13 Sec. 33. Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 5, section 17, as amended by Laws 2010,
 151.14 chapter 382, section 84, is amended to read:

151.15 Sec. 17. **SEAWAY PORT AUTHORITY OF DULUTH; TAX INCREMENT**
 151.16 **FINANCING DISTRICT; SPECIAL RULES.**

151.17 (a) If the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth adopts a tax increment financing plan and
 151.18 the governing body of the city of Duluth approves the plan for the tax increment financing
 151.19 district consisting of one or more parcels identified as: 010-2730-00010; 010-2730-00020;
 151.20 010-2730-00040; 010-2730-00050; 010-2730-00070; 010-2730-00080; 010-2730-00090;
 151.21 010-2730-00100; 010-02730-00120; 010-02730-00130; 010-02730-00140;
 151.22 010-2730-00160; 010-2730-00180; 010-2730-00200; 010-2730-00300; 010-02730-00320;
 151.23 010-2746-01250; 010-2746-1330; 010-2746-01340; 010-2746-01350; 010-2746-1440;
 151.24 010-2746-1380; 010-2746-01490; 010-2746-01500; 010-2746-01510; 010-2746-01520;
 151.25 010-2746-01530; 010-2746-01540; 010-2746-01550; 010-2746-01560; 010-2746-01570;
 151.26 010-2746-01580; 010-2746-01590; 010-3300-4560; 010-3300-4565; 010-3300-04570;
 151.27 010-3300-04580; 010-3300-04640; 010-3300-04645; and 010-3300-04650, the five-year
 151.28 rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities must be
 151.29 undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of the tax increment
 151.30 financing district, must be considered to be met if the activities are undertaken within five
 151.31 years after the date all qualifying parcels are delisted from the Federal Superfund list.

151.32 (b) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4,
 151.33 beginning in the sixth year following certification of the district requirement, will begin
 151.34 in the sixth year following the date all qualifying parcels are delisted from the Federal
 151.35 Superfund list.

152.1 (c) The action required under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 6,
152.2 are satisfied if the action is commenced within four years after the date all qualifying
152.3 parcels are delisted from the Federal Superfund list and evidence of the action required is
152.4 submitted to the county auditor by February 1 of the fifth year following the year in which
152.5 all qualifying parcels are delisted from the Federal Superfund list.

152.6 (d) For purposes of this section, "qualifying parcels" means United States Steel
152.7 parcels listed in paragraph (a) and shown by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency as part
152.8 of the USS Site (USEPA OU 02) that are included in the tax increment financing district.

152.9 (e) In addition to the reporting requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.175,
152.10 subdivision 5, the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth shall report the status of all parcels
152.11 listed in paragraph (a) and shown as part of the USS Site (USEPA OU 02). The status report
152.12 must show the parcel numbers, the listed or delisted status, and if delisted, the delisting date.

152.13 (f) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.178, subdivision 7, or any other
152.14 law to the contrary, the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth may establish an interfund loan
152.15 program before approval of the tax increment financing plan for or the establishment of
152.16 the district authorized by this section. The authority may make loans under this program
152.17 and the proceeds of the loans may be used for any permitted use of increments under
152.18 this law or Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, for the district, and may be repaid with
152.19 increments from the district established under this section. This subdivision applies to any
152.20 action authorized by the Seaway Port Authority of Duluth on or after March 25, 2010.

152.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
152.22 the city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
152.23 645.021, subdivision 3.

152.24 Sec. 34. Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 7, is amended to read:

152.25 **Sec. 7. CITY OF EAGAN; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.**

152.26 (a) Effective for taxes payable in 2015, the city of Eagan may elect to compute tax
152.27 increment for the Cedar Grove Tax Increment Financing District using the current local tax
152.28 rate, notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 1a.

152.29 (b) The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that
152.30 activities must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification
152.31 of a tax increment financing district, is considered to be met for the Cedar Grove Tax
152.32 Increment Financing District in the city of Eagan if the activities are undertaken within 13
152.33 years from the date of certification of the district.

152.34 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176,
152.35 subdivision 1b, or any other law to the contrary, the city of Eagan may collect tax

153.1 increment from the Cedar Grove Tax Increment Financing District through December
153.2 31, 2032. Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1782,
153.3 subdivision 2, any extension under this paragraph takes effect with regard to any affected
153.4 local government unit, as that term is defined in section 469.1782, subdivision 2, that
153.5 approved the extension, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d).

153.6 (d) For purposes of any extension under paragraph (c), if the governing body of an
153.7 affected local government unit does not approve the extension, but the extension takes
153.8 effect because one or more other affected local government units approve, the following
153.9 rules apply:

153.10 (1) tax increments during the period of the extension that are attributable to levies
153.11 imposed by an affected local government unit that did not approve the extension must be
153.12 paid by the county to the affected local government unit that did not approve the extension;

153.13 (2) for increment paid to the school district during the period of the extension, the
153.14 school district must report the amounts to the commissioner of education, along with any
153.15 additional information required by the commissioner and at the times required by the
153.16 commissioner; and

153.17 (3) the commissioner of education shall deduct from state aid payable to the school
153.18 district the amount of the reported tax increment attributable to state equalized levies.

153.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The amendment to paragraph (c) extending the duration of the
153.20 district to 2034 is effective after one or more of the governing bodies of the city of Eagan,
153.21 Dakota County, and Independent School District No. 191 comply with the requirements of
153.22 Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivision 3.

153.23 **Sec. 35. CITY OF COON RAPIDS; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.**

153.24 Effective for taxes payable in 2016, the city of Coon Rapids may elect to compute tax
153.25 increment for District 6-1 Port Riverwalk using the current local tax rate notwithstanding
153.26 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 1a.

153.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
153.28 the city of Coon Rapids and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes,
153.29 section 645.021, subdivision 3.

153.30 **Sec. 36. CITY OF COTTAGE GROVE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.**

153.31 The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that
153.32 activities must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a
153.33 tax increment financing district, are considered to be met for Tax Increment Financing

154.1 District No. 1-12 (Gateway North), administered by the Cottage Grove Economic
154.2 Development Authority, if the activities are undertaken prior to January 1, 2017.

154.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
154.4 the city of Cottage Grove and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes,
154.5 section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

154.6 **Sec. 37. CITY OF RICHFIELD; EXTENSION OF DISTRICT.**

154.7 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 1b, or any other
154.8 law to the contrary, the city of Richfield and the Housing and Redevelopment Authority in
154.9 and for the city of Richfield may elect to extend the duration limit of the redevelopment
154.10 tax increment financing district known as the Cedar Avenue Tax Increment Financing
154.11 District established by Laws 2005, chapter 152, article 2, section 25, by ten years.

154.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon compliance by the city
154.13 of Richfield, Hennepin County, and Independent School District No. 280 with the
154.14 requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021,
154.15 subdivisions 2 and 3.

154.16 **Sec. 38. CITY OF ST. PAUL; TIF AUTHORITY.**

154.17 If the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of St. Paul authorizes the
154.18 creation of a redevelopment tax increment financing district under Minnesota Statutes,
154.19 section 469.174, subdivision 10, parcel numbers 17-28-23-31-0001 and 17-28-23-13-0002
154.20 are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision
154.21 10, paragraph (d), notwithstanding any contrary provisions of that paragraph, if the
154.22 following conditions are met:

154.23 (1) buildings located on the parcels were demolished after the housing and
154.24 redevelopment authority of the city of St. Paul adopted a resolution under Minnesota
154.25 Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (d), clause (3);

154.26 (2) the buildings were removed either by the housing and redevelopment authority
154.27 of the city of St. Paul or by the owner of the property by entering into a development
154.28 agreement; and

154.29 (3) the request for certification of the parcels as part of a district is filed with the
154.30 county auditor by December 31, 2020.

154.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon approval by the governing
154.32 body of the city of St. Paul and compliance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes,
154.33 section 645.021.

155.1 Sec. 39. **CITY OF TAYLORS FALLS; BORDER CITY DEVELOPMENT ZONE.**

155.2 Subdivision 1. **Authorization.** The governing body of the city of Taylors Falls may
155.3 designate all or any part of the city as a border city development zone.

155.4 Subd. 2. **Application of general law.** (a) Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1731 to
155.5 469.1735, apply to the border city development zones designated under this section. The
155.6 governing body of the city may exercise the powers granted under Minnesota Statutes,
155.7 sections 469.1731 to 469.1735, including powers that apply outside of the zones.

155.8 (b) The allocation under subdivision 3 for purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section
155.9 469.1735, subdivision 2, is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue.

155.10 Subd. 3. **Allocation of state tax reductions.** (a) The cumulative total amount of the
155.11 state portion of the tax reductions for all years of the program under Minnesota Statutes,
155.12 sections 469.1731 to 469.1735, for the city of Taylors Falls, is limited to \$100,000.

155.13 (b) This allocation may be used for tax reductions provided in Minnesota Statutes,
155.14 section 469.1732 or 469.1734, or for reimbursements under Minnesota Statutes, section
155.15 469.1735, subdivision 3, but only if the governing body of the city of Taylors Falls
155.16 determines that the tax reduction or offset is necessary to enable a business to expand
155.17 within the city or to attract a business to the city.

155.18 (c) The commissioner of revenue may waive the limit under this subdivision using
155.19 the same rules and standards provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.169, subdivision
155.20 12, paragraph (b).

155.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon approval by the governing
155.22 body of the city of Taylors Falls and upon timely compliance by the city with Minnesota
155.23 Statutes, section 645.021.

155.24 Sec. 40. **CITY OF WAYZATA; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.**

155.25 The requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that
155.26 activities must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a
155.27 tax increment financing district, are considered to be met for Tax Increment Financing
155.28 District 3 (Widsten) in the city of Wayzata if the revenues derived from tax increments
155.29 from the district are expended for any project contemplated by the original tax increment
155.30 financing plan for the district, including, without limitation, a municipal parking ramp
155.31 within the district.

155.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body
155.33 of the city of Wayzata and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of
155.34 Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

156.1 **ARTICLE 6**156.2 **SALES AND USE TAXES**

156.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 289A.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

156.4 Subd. 4. **Sales and use tax.** (a) The taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and
156.5 payable to the commissioner monthly on or before the 20th day of the month following the
156.6 month in which the taxable event occurred, or following another reporting period as the
156.7 commissioner prescribes or as allowed under section 289A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph
156.8 (f) or (g), except that use taxes due on an annual use tax return as provided under section
156.9 289A.11, subdivision 1, are payable by April 15 following the close of the calendar year.

156.10 (b) A vendor having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June
156.11 30 must remit the June net liability for the next year in the following manner:

156.12 (1) Two business days before June 30 of the year, the vendor must remit 81.4 percent
156.13 of the estimated June net liability to the commissioner.

156.14 (2) On or before August 20 of the year, the vendor must pay any additional amount
156.15 of tax not remitted in June.

156.16 (c) A vendor having a liability of:

156.17 (1) \$10,000 or more, but less than \$250,000 during a fiscal year ending June 30,
156.18 2013, and fiscal years thereafter, must remit by electronic means all net liabilities on
156.19 returns due for periods beginning in all subsequent calendar years on or before the 20th
156.20 day of the month following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or on or before
156.21 the 20th day of the month following the month in which the sale is reported under section
156.22 289A.18, subdivision 4; or

156.23 (2) \$250,000 or more, during a fiscal year ending June 30, 2013, and fiscal years
156.24 thereafter, must remit by electronic means all net liabilities in the manner provided in
156.25 paragraph (a) on returns due for periods beginning in the subsequent calendar year, except
156.26 for 81.4 percent of the estimated June net liability, which is due two business days before
156.27 June 30. The remaining amount of the June liability is due on August 20.

156.28 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) or (c), a person prohibited by the person's
156.29 religious beliefs from paying electronically shall be allowed to remit the payment by mail.
156.30 The filer must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to pay by mail before
156.31 doing so on a form prescribed by the commissioner. No extra fee may be charged to a
156.32 person making payment by mail under this paragraph. The payment must be postmarked
156.33 at least two business days before the due date for making the payment in order to be
156.34 considered paid on a timely basis.

157.1 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "net liability" means the liability minus the
157.2 amount of vendor allowance authorized under section 297A.816.

157.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales taxes remitted after June
157.4 30, 2016.

157.5 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 296A.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

157.6 Subd. 2. **Fuel used in other vehicle; claim for refund.** Any person who buys and
157.7 uses gasoline for a qualifying purpose other than use in motor vehicles, snowmobiles
157.8 except as provided in clause (2), or motorboats, or special fuel for a qualifying purpose
157.9 other than use in licensed motor vehicles, and who paid the tax directly or indirectly
157.10 through the amount of the tax being included in the price of the gasoline or special fuel, or
157.11 otherwise, shall be reimbursed and repaid the amount of the tax paid upon filing with the
157.12 commissioner a claim for refund in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner,
157.13 and containing the information the commissioner shall require. By signing any such claim
157.14 which is false or fraudulent, the applicant shall be subject to the penalties provided in this
157.15 chapter for knowingly making a false claim. The claim shall set forth the total amount
157.16 of the gasoline so purchased and used by the applicant other than in motor vehicles, or
157.17 special fuel purchased and used by the applicant other than in licensed motor vehicles,
157.18 and shall state when and for what purpose it was used. When a claim contains an error
157.19 in computation or preparation, the commissioner is authorized to adjust the claim in
157.20 accordance with the evidence shown on the claim or other information available to the
157.21 commissioner. The commissioner, on being satisfied that the claimant is entitled to the
157.22 payments, shall approve the claim and transmit it to the commissioner of management
157.23 and budget. The words "gasoline" or "special fuel" as used in this subdivision do not
157.24 include aviation gasoline or special fuel for aircraft. Gasoline or special fuel bought
157.25 and used for a "qualifying purpose" means:

157.26 (1) Gasoline or special fuel used in carrying on a trade or business, used on a farm
157.27 situated in Minnesota, and used for a farming purpose. "Farm" and "farming purpose"
157.28 have the meanings given them in section 6420(c)(2), (3), and (4) of the Internal Revenue
157.29 Code as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 7.

157.30 (2) Gasoline or special fuel used for off-highway business use.

157.31 (i) "Off-highway business use" means any use off the public highway by a person in
157.32 that person's trade, business, or activity for the production of income.

157.33 (ii) Off-highway business use includes use of a passenger snowmobile off the public
157.34 highways as part of the operations of a resort as defined in section 157.15, subdivision 11;

158.1 and use of gasoline or special fuel to operate a power takeoff unit on a vehicle, but not
158.2 including fuel consumed during idling time.

158.3 (iii) Off-highway business use does not include use as a fuel in a motor vehicle
158.4 which, at the time of use, is registered or is required to be registered for highway use under
158.5 the laws of any state or foreign country; or use of a licensed motor vehicle fuel tank in lieu
158.6 of a separate storage tank for storing fuel to be used for a qualifying purpose, as defined in
158.7 this section. Fuel purchased to be used for a qualifying purpose cannot be placed in the
158.8 fuel tank of a licensed motor vehicle and must be stored in a separate supply tank.

158.9 (3) Gasoline or special fuel placed in the fuel tanks of new motor vehicles,
158.10 manufactured in Minnesota, and shipped by interstate carrier to destinations in other
158.11 states or foreign countries.

158.12 (4) Special fuel used in one of the following:

158.13 (i) to power a refrigeration unit mounted on a licensed motor vehicle, provided
158.14 that the unit has an engine separate from the one used to propel the vehicle and the fuel
158.15 is used exclusively for the unit;

158.16 (ii) to power an unlicensed motor vehicle that is used solely or primarily to move
158.17 semitrailers within a cargo yard, warehouse facility, or intermodal facility; or

158.18 (iii) to operate a power take-off unit or auxiliary engine in or on a licensed motor
158.19 vehicle, whether or not the unit or engine is fueled from the same or a different fuel tank
158.20 as that from which the motor vehicle is fueled.

158.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
158.22 June 30, 2015.

158.23 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.61, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

158.24 Subd. 3. **Sale and purchase.** (a) "Sale" and "purchase" include, but are not limited
158.25 to, each of the transactions listed in this subdivision. In applying the provisions of this
158.26 chapter, the terms "tangible personal property" and "retail sale" include the taxable
158.27 services listed in paragraph (g), clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii), and the provision
158.28 of these taxable services, unless specifically provided otherwise. Services performed by
158.29 an employee for an employer are not taxable. Services performed by a partnership or
158.30 association for another partnership or association are not taxable if one of the entities owns
158.31 or controls more than 80 percent of the voting power of the equity interest in the other
158.32 entity. Services performed between members of an affiliated group of corporations are not
158.33 taxable. For purposes of the preceding sentence, "affiliated group of corporations" means
158.34 those entities that would be classified as members of an affiliated group as defined under
158.35 United States Code, title 26, section 1504, disregarding the exclusions in section 1504(b).

159.1 (b) Sale and purchase include:

159.2 (1) any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whether
159.3 absolutely or conditionally, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter; and

159.4 (2) the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume, for a consideration
159.5 in money or by exchange or barter, tangible personal property, other than a manufactured
159.6 home used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more.

159.7 (c) Sale and purchase include the production, fabrication, printing, or processing of
159.8 tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or
159.9 indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing, or processing.

159.10 (d) Sale and purchase include the preparing for a consideration of food.

159.11 Notwithstanding section 297A.67, subdivision 2, taxable food includes, but is not limited
159.12 to, the following:

159.13 (1) prepared food sold by the retailer;

159.14 (2) soft drinks;

159.15 (3) candy;

159.16 (4) dietary supplements; and

159.17 (5) all food sold through vending machines.

159.18 (e) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of electricity,
159.19 gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state.

159.20 (f) A sale and a purchase includes the transfer for a consideration of prewritten
159.21 computer software whether delivered electronically, by load and leave, or otherwise.

159.22 (g) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of the following
159.23 services:

159.24 (1) the privilege of admission to places of amusement, recreational areas, or athletic
159.25 events, and the making available of amusement devices, tanning facilities, reducing
159.26 salons, steam baths, health clubs, and spas or athletic facilities;

159.27 (2) lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, resort, campground,
159.28 motel, or trailer camp, including furnishing the guest of the facility with access to
159.29 telecommunication services, and the granting of any similar license to use real property in
159.30 a specific facility, other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of 30 days
159.31 or more under an enforceable written agreement that may not be terminated without prior
159.32 notice and including accommodations intermediary services provided in connection with
159.33 other services provided under this clause;

159.34 (3) nonresidential parking services, whether on a contractual, hourly, or other
159.35 periodic basis, except for parking at a meter;

159.36 (4) the granting of membership in a club, association, or other organization if:

160.1 (i) the club, association, or other organization makes available for the use of its
160.2 members sports and athletic facilities, without regard to whether a separate charge is
160.3 assessed for use of the facilities; and

160.4 (ii) use of the sports and athletic facility is not made available to the general public
160.5 on the same basis as it is made available to members.

160.6 Granting of membership means both onetime initiation fees and periodic membership
160.7 dues. Sports and athletic facilities include golf courses; tennis, racquetball, handball, and
160.8 squash courts; basketball and volleyball facilities; running tracks; exercise equipment;
160.9 swimming pools; and other similar athletic or sports facilities;

160.10 (5) delivery of aggregate materials by a third party, excluding delivery of aggregate
160.11 material used in road construction; and delivery of concrete block by a third party if the
160.12 delivery would be subject to the sales tax if provided by the seller of the concrete block.

160.13 For purposes of this clause, "road construction" means construction of:

160.14 (i) public roads;

160.15 (ii) cartways; and

160.16 (iii) private roads in townships located outside of the seven-county metropolitan area
160.17 up to the point of the emergency response location sign; and

160.18 (6) services as provided in this clause:

160.19 (i) laundry and dry cleaning services including cleaning, pressing, repairing, altering,
160.20 and storing clothes, linen services and supply, cleaning and blocking hats, and carpet,
160.21 drapery, upholstery, and industrial cleaning. Laundry and dry cleaning services do not
160.22 include services provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer;

160.23 (ii) motor vehicle washing, waxing, and cleaning services, including services
160.24 provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer, and rustproofing,
160.25 undercoating, and towing of motor vehicles;

160.26 (iii) building and residential cleaning, maintenance, and disinfecting services and
160.27 pest control and exterminating services;

160.28 (iv) detective, security, burglar, fire alarm, and armored car services; but not
160.29 including services performed within the jurisdiction they serve by off-duty licensed peace
160.30 officers as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, or services provided by a nonprofit
160.31 organization or any organization at the direction of a county for monitoring and electronic
160.32 surveillance of persons placed on in-home detention pursuant to court order or under the
160.33 direction of the Minnesota Department of Corrections;

160.34 (v) pet grooming services;

160.35 (vi) lawn care, fertilizing, mowing, spraying and sprigging services; garden planting
160.36 and maintenance; tree, bush, and shrub pruning, bracing, spraying, and surgery; indoor

161.1 plant care; tree, bush, shrub, and stump removal, except when performed as part of a land
161.2 clearing contract as defined in section 297A.68, subdivision 40; and tree trimming for
161.3 public utility lines. Services performed under a construction contract for the installation of
161.4 shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, bushes, and similar items are not taxable;

161.5 (vii) massages, except when provided by a licensed health care facility or
161.6 professional or upon written referral from a licensed health care facility or professional for
161.7 treatment of illness, injury, or disease; and

161.8 (viii) the furnishing of lodging, board, and care services for animals in kennels and
161.9 other similar arrangements, but excluding veterinary and horse boarding services.

161.10 (h) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of tangible
161.11 personal property or taxable services by the United States or any of its agencies or
161.12 instrumentalities, or the state of Minnesota, its agencies, instrumentalities, or political
161.13 subdivisions.

161.14 (i) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of
161.15 telecommunications services, ancillary services associated with telecommunication
161.16 services, and pay television services. Telecommunication services include, but are
161.17 not limited to, the following services, as defined in section 297A.669: air-to-ground
161.18 radiotelephone service, mobile telecommunication service, postpaid calling service,
161.19 prepaid calling service, prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication
161.20 services. The services in this paragraph are taxed to the extent allowed under federal law.

161.21 (j) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of installation if
161.22 the installation charges would be subject to the sales tax if the installation were provided
161.23 by the seller of the item being installed.

161.24 (k) A sale and a purchase includes the rental of a vehicle by a motor vehicle dealer
161.25 to a customer when (1) the vehicle is rented by the customer for a consideration, or (2)
161.26 the motor vehicle dealer is reimbursed pursuant to a service contract as defined in section
161.27 59B.02, subdivision 11.

161.28 ~~(l) A sale and a purchase includes furnishing for a consideration of specified digital~~
161.29 ~~products or other digital products or granting the right for a consideration to use specified~~
161.30 ~~digital products or other digital products on a temporary or permanent basis and regardless~~
161.31 ~~of whether the purchaser is required to make continued payments for such right. Wherever~~
161.32 ~~the term "tangible personal property" is used in this chapter, other than in subdivisions 10~~
161.33 ~~and 38, the provisions also apply to specified digital products, or other digital products,~~
161.34 ~~unless specifically provided otherwise or the context indicates otherwise.~~

161.35 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
161.36 June 30, 2015.

162.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.61, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

162.2 Subd. 4. **Retail sale.** (a) A "retail sale" means:

162.3 (1) any sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property for any purpose, other than
162.4 resale, sublease, or subrent of items by the purchaser in the normal course of business
162.5 as defined in subdivision 21; and

162.6 (2) any sale of a service enumerated in subdivision 3, for any purpose other than
162.7 resale by the purchaser in the normal course of business as defined in subdivision 21.

162.8 (b) A sale of property used by the owner only by leasing it to others or by holding it
162.9 in an effort to lease it, and put to no use by the owner other than resale after the lease or
162.10 effort to lease, is a sale of property for resale.

162.11 (c) A sale of master computer software that is purchased and used to make copies for
162.12 sale or lease is a sale of property for resale.

162.13 (d) A sale of building materials, supplies, and equipment to owners, contractors,
162.14 subcontractors, or builders for the erection of buildings or the alteration, repair, or
162.15 improvement of real property is a retail sale in whatever quantity sold, whether the sale is
162.16 for purposes of resale in the form of real property or otherwise.

162.17 (e) A sale of carpeting, linoleum, or similar floor covering to a person who provides
162.18 for installation of the floor covering is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale of
162.19 floor covering which includes installation is a contract for the improvement of real property.

162.20 (f) A sale of shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items to a person who provides
162.21 for installation of the items is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale of
162.22 shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items that includes installation is a contract for
162.23 the improvement of real property.

162.24 (g) A sale of tangible personal property that is awarded as prizes is a retail sale and
162.25 is not considered a sale of property for resale.

162.26 (h) A sale of tangible personal property utilized or employed in the furnishing or
162.27 providing of services under subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (1), including, but not
162.28 limited to, property given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a
162.29 sale of property for resale.

162.30 (i) A sale of tangible personal property used in conducting lawful gambling under
162.31 chapter 349 or the State Lottery under chapter 349A, including, but not limited to, property
162.32 given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.

162.33 (j) a sale of machines, equipment, or devices that are used to furnish, provide, or
162.34 dispense goods or services, including, but not limited to, coin-operated devices, is a retail
162.35 sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.

163.1 (k) In the case of a lease, a retail sale occurs (1) when an obligation to make a lease
163.2 payment becomes due under the terms of the agreement or the trade practices of the
163.3 lessor or (2) in the case of a lease of a motor vehicle, as defined in section 297B.01,
163.4 subdivision 11, but excluding vehicles with a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating
163.5 greater than 10,000 pounds and rentals of vehicles for not more than 28 days, at the time
163.6 the lease is executed.

163.7 (l) In the case of a conditional sales contract, a retail sale occurs upon the transfer of
163.8 title or possession of the tangible personal property.

163.9 (m) A sale of a bundled transaction in which one or more of the products included
163.10 in the bundle is a taxable product is a retail sale, except that if one of the products
163.11 is a telecommunication service, ancillary service, Internet access, or audio or video
163.12 programming service, and the seller has maintained books and records identifying through
163.13 reasonable and verifiable standards the portions of the price that are attributable to the
163.14 distinct and separately identifiable products, then the products are not considered part of a
163.15 bundled transaction. For purposes of this paragraph:

163.16 (1) the books and records maintained by the seller must be maintained in the regular
163.17 course of business, and do not include books and records created and maintained by the
163.18 seller primarily for tax purposes;

163.19 (2) books and records maintained in the regular course of business include, but are
163.20 not limited to, financial statements, general ledgers, invoicing and billing systems and
163.21 reports, and reports for regulatory tariffs and other regulatory matters; and

163.22 (3) books and records are maintained primarily for tax purposes when the books
163.23 and records identify taxable and nontaxable portions of the price, but the seller maintains
163.24 other books and records that identify different prices attributable to the distinct products
163.25 included in the same bundled transaction.

163.26 (n) A sale of motor vehicle repair paint and materials by a motor vehicle repair or
163.27 body shop business is a retail sale and the sales tax is imposed on the gross receipts from the
163.28 retail sale of the paint and materials. The motor vehicle repair or body shop that purchases
163.29 motor vehicle repair paint and motor vehicle repair materials for resale must either:

163.30 (1) separately state each item of paint and each item of materials, and the sales price
163.31 of each, on the invoice to the purchaser; or

163.32 (2) in order to calculate the sales price of the paint and materials, use a method
163.33 which estimates the amount and monetary value of the paint and materials used in
163.34 the repair of the motor vehicle by multiplying the number of labor hours by a rate of
163.35 consideration for the paint and materials used in the repair of the motor vehicle following
163.36 industry standard practices that fairly calculate the gross receipts from the retail sale of

164.1 the motor vehicle repair paint and motor vehicle repair materials. An industry standard
 164.2 practice fairly calculates the gross receipts if the sales price of the paint and materials used
 164.3 or consumed in the repair of a motor vehicle equals or exceeds the purchase price paid
 164.4 by the motor vehicle repair or body shop business. Under this clause, the invoice must
 164.5 either separately state the "paint and materials" as a single taxable item, or separately state
 164.6 "paint" as a taxable item and "materials" as a taxable item. This clause does not apply to
 164.7 wholesale transactions at an auto auction facility.

164.8 ~~(o) A sale of specified digital products or other digital products to an end user with~~
 164.9 ~~or without rights of permanent use and regardless of whether rights of use are conditioned~~
 164.10 ~~upon payment by the purchaser is a retail sale. When a digital code has been purchased that~~
 164.11 ~~relates to specified digital products or other digital products, the subsequent receipt of or~~
 164.12 ~~access to the related specified digital products or other digital products is not a retail sale.~~

164.13 ~~(p)~~ (o) A payment made to a cooperative electric association or public utility as a
 164.14 contribution in aid of construction is a contract for improvement to real property and
 164.15 is not a retail sale.

164.16 (p) When either a manufacturer or a subcontractor of a manufacturer installs a
 164.17 modular home, as defined in section 297A.668, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), on a
 164.18 foundation, it is not a retail sale.

164.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 164.20 June 30, 2015.

164.21 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.61, subdivision 38, is amended to read:

164.22 Subd. 38. **Bundled transaction.** (a) "Bundled transaction" means the retail sale
 164.23 of two or more products when the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and
 164.24 the products are sold for one nonitemized price. As used in this subdivision, "product"
 164.25 includes tangible personal property, services, and intangibles, ~~and digital goods, including~~
 164.26 ~~specified digital products or other digital products~~, but does not include real property or
 164.27 services to real property. A bundled transaction does not include the sale of any products
 164.28 in which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the selection by the purchaser of
 164.29 the products included in the transaction.

164.30 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "distinct and identifiable" products does not
 164.31 include:

164.32 (1) packaging and other materials, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and
 164.33 bottles, wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides, that accompany the retail sale of the
 164.34 products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale. Examples of packaging that are

165.1 incidental or immaterial include grocery sacks, shoe boxes, dry cleaning garment bags,
165.2 and express delivery envelopes and boxes;

165.3 (2) a promotional product provided free of charge with the required purchase of
165.4 another product. A promotional product is provided free of charge if the sales price of
165.5 another product, which is required to be purchased in order to receive the promotional
165.6 product, does not vary depending on the inclusion of the promotional product; and

165.7 (3) items included in the definition of sales price.

165.8 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" does not
165.9 include a price that is separately identified by product on binding sales or other supporting
165.10 sales-related documentation made available to the customer in paper or electronic form
165.11 including but not limited to an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement,
165.12 lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or price list.

165.13 (d) A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a bundled transaction is
165.14 not a bundled transaction if it is:

165.15 (1) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service and the tangible
165.16 personal property is essential to the use of the service, and is provided exclusively in
165.17 connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service;

165.18 (2) the retail sale of services if one service is provided that is essential to the use or
165.19 receipt of a second service and the first service is provided exclusively in connection with
165.20 the second service and the true object of the transaction is the second service;

165.21 (3) a transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and the
165.22 purchase price or sales price of the taxable products is de minimis; or

165.23 (4) the retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and taxable tangible personal
165.24 property if:

165.25 (i) the transaction includes food and food ingredients, drugs, durable medical
165.26 equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices,
165.27 or medical supplies; and

165.28 (ii) the seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal property is
165.29 50 percent or less of the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled tangible personal
165.30 property. Sellers must not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the
165.31 tangible personal property when making the 50 percent determination for a transaction.

165.32 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "purchase price" means the measure subject to
165.33 use tax on purchases made by the seller, and "de minimis" means that the seller's purchase
165.34 price or sales price of the taxable products is ten percent or less of the total purchase
165.35 price or sales price of the bundled products. Sellers shall use either the purchase price
165.36 or the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de minimis.

166.1 Sellers must not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the products
166.2 to determine if the taxable products are de minimis. Sellers shall use the full term of a
166.3 service contract to determine if the taxable products are de minimis.

166.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
166.5 June 30, 2015.

166.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.62, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

166.7 Subd. 3. **Manufactured housing and park trailers; modular housing.** (a) For
166.8 retail sales of manufactured homes as defined in section 327.31, subdivision 6, for
166.9 residential uses, the sales tax under subdivisions 1 and 1a is imposed on 65 percent of the
166.10 dealer's cost of the manufactured home. For retail sales of new or used park trailers, as
166.11 defined in section 168.002, subdivision 23, the sales tax under subdivisions 1 and 1a is
166.12 imposed on 65 percent of the sales price of the park trailer.

166.13 (b) For retail sales of a modular home, as defined in section 297A.668, subdivision
166.14 8, paragraph (b), for residential use, the sales tax under subdivisions 1 and 1a is imposed
166.15 on 65 percent of the invoice price of the modular home.

166.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
166.17 June 30, 2015.

166.18 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.668, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

166.19 Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** The provisions of this section apply regardless of the
166.20 characterization of a product as tangible personal property, ~~a digital good~~, or a service;
166.21 but do not apply to telecommunications services or the sales of motor vehicles. These
166.22 provisions only apply to determine a seller's obligation to pay or collect and remit a sales
166.23 or use tax with respect to the seller's sale of a product. These provisions do not affect the
166.24 obligation of a seller as purchaser to remit tax on the use of the product.

166.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
166.26 June 30, 2015.

166.27 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.668, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

166.28 Subd. 2. **Sourcing rules.** (a) The retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a product
166.29 shall be sourced as required in paragraphs (b) through (f).

166.30 (b) When the product is received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller,
166.31 the sale is sourced to that business location.

167.1 (c) When the product is not received by the purchaser at a business location of the
167.2 seller, the sale is sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser or the donee
167.3 designated by the purchaser occurs, including the location indicated by instructions for
167.4 delivery to the purchasers or the purchaser's donee, known to the seller.

167.5 (d) When paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply, the sale is sourced to the location
167.6 indicated by an address for the purchaser that is available from the business records of
167.7 the seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's business, when use of
167.8 this address does not constitute bad faith.

167.9 (e) When paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) do not apply, the sale is sourced to the location
167.10 indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the consummation of the sale,
167.11 including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument if no other address is available,
167.12 when use of this address does not constitute bad faith.

167.13 (f) When paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (e) do not apply, including the circumstance
167.14 where the seller is without sufficient information to apply the previous paragraphs, then
167.15 the location is determined by the address from which tangible personal property was
167.16 shipped, from which ~~the digital good or~~ the computer software delivered electronically
167.17 was first available for transmission by the seller, or from which the service was provided.
167.18 ~~For purposes of this paragraph, the seller must disregard any location that merely provided~~
167.19 ~~the digital transfer of the product sold.~~

167.20 (g) For purposes of this subdivision, the terms "receive" and "receipt" mean taking
167.21 possession of tangible personal property, making first use of services, or taking possession
167.22 or making first use of ~~digital goods or~~ the computer software delivered electronically,
167.23 whichever occurs first. The terms receive and receipt do not include possession by a
167.24 carrier for hire on behalf of the purchaser.

167.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
167.26 June 30, 2015.

167.27 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.668, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

167.28 Subd. 6a. **Multiple points of use.** (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions
167.29 2 and 3, a business purchaser that has not received authorization to pay the tax directly to
167.30 the commissioner may use an exemption certificate indicating multiple points of use if:

167.31 (1) the purchaser knows at the time of its purchase of a ~~digital good~~, computer
167.32 software delivered electronically, or a service that the good or service will be concurrently
167.33 available for use in more than one taxing jurisdiction; and

167.34 (2) the purchaser delivers to the seller the exemption certificate indicating multiple
167.35 points of use at the time of purchase.

168.1 (b) Upon receipt of the fully completed exemption certificate indicating multiple
168.2 points of use, the seller is relieved of the obligation to collect, pay, or remit the applicable
168.3 tax and the purchaser is obligated to collect, pay, or remit the applicable tax on a direct
168.4 pay basis. The provisions of section 297A.665 apply to this paragraph.

168.5 (c) The purchaser delivering the exemption certificate indicating multiple points
168.6 of use may use any reasonable but consistent and uniform method of apportionment
168.7 that is supported by the purchaser's business records as they exist at the time of the
168.8 consummation of the sale.

168.9 (d) The purchaser shall provide the exemption certificate indicating multiple points
168.10 of use to the seller at the time of purchase.

168.11 (e) A purchaser that has received authorization to pay the tax directly to the
168.12 commissioner is not required to deliver to the seller an exemption certificate indicating
168.13 multiple points of use. A purchaser that has received authorization to pay the tax directly
168.14 to the commissioner shall follow the provisions of paragraph (c) in apportioning the tax
168.15 due on a ~~digital good~~, computer software delivered electronically, or a service that will be
168.16 concurrently available for use in more than one taxing jurisdiction.

168.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
168.18 June 30, 2015.

168.19 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.668, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

168.20 Subd. 7. **Advertising and promotional direct mail.** (a) Notwithstanding other
168.21 subdivisions of this section, the provisions in paragraphs (b) to (e) apply to the sale of
168.22 advertising and promotional direct mail. "Advertising and promotional direct mail" means
168.23 printed material that is direct mail as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 35, the
168.24 primary purpose of which is to attract public attention to a product, person, business, or
168.25 organization, or to attempt to sell, popularize, or secure financial support for a person,
168.26 business, organization, or product. "Product" includes tangible personal property, a ~~digital~~
168.27 ~~product transferred electronically~~, or a service.

168.28 (b) A purchaser of advertising and promotional direct mail may provide the seller
168.29 with one of the following:

168.30 (1) a fully completed exemption certificate as described in section 297A.72
168.31 indicating that the purchaser is authorized to pay any sales or use tax due on purchases
168.32 made by the purchaser directly to the commissioner under section 297A.89;

168.33 (2) a fully completed exemption certificate claiming an exemption for direct mail; or

168.34 (3) information showing the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional
168.35 direct mail is to be delivered to recipients.

169.1 (c) In the absence of bad faith, if the purchaser provides one of the exemption
169.2 certificates indicated in paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2), the seller is relieved of all
169.3 obligations to collect, pay, or remit the applicable tax and the purchaser is obligated to pay
169.4 or remit the tax on any transaction involving advertising and promotional direct mail to
169.5 which the certificate applies. The purchaser shall source the sale to the jurisdictions to
169.6 which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to the recipients of
169.7 the mail, and shall report and pay any applicable tax due.

169.8 (d) If the purchaser provides the seller information showing the jurisdictions to
169.9 which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to recipients, the seller
169.10 shall source the sale to the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct
169.11 mail is to be delivered and shall collect and remit the applicable tax. In the absence of
169.12 bad faith, the seller is relieved of any further obligation to collect any additional tax on
169.13 the sale of advertising and promotional direct mail where the seller has sourced the sale
169.14 according to the delivery information provided by the purchaser.

169.15 (e) If the purchaser does not provide the seller with any of the items listed in
169.16 paragraph (b), the sale shall be sourced under subdivision 2, paragraph (f). Nothing in
169.17 this paragraph limits a purchaser's obligation for sales or use tax to any state to which the
169.18 direct mail is delivered.

169.19 (f) This subdivision does not apply to printed materials that result from developing
169.20 billing information or providing any data processing service that is more than incidental
169.21 to producing the printed materials, regardless of whether advertising and promotional
169.22 direct mail is included in the same mailing.

169.23 (g) If a transaction is a bundled transaction that includes advertising and promotional
169.24 direct mail, this subdivision applies only if the primary purpose of the transaction is the sale
169.25 of products or services that meet the definition of advertising and promotional direct mail.

169.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
169.27 June 30, 2015.

169.28 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.669, subdivision 14a, is amended to
169.29 read:

169.30 Subd. 14a. **Prepaid wireless calling service.** "Prepaid wireless calling service," for
169.31 purposes of this section, means a telecommunications service that:

169.32 (1) provides the right to utilize mobile wireless service as well as other
169.33 nontelecommunications services, including ~~the download of digital products delivered~~
169.34 ~~electronically, content, and ancillary services;~~

169.35 (2) must be paid for in advance; and

170.1 (3) is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with
170.2 use in a known amount.

170.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
170.4 June 30, 2015.

170.5 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.67, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

170.6 Subd. 7a. **Accessories and supplies.** Accessories and supplies required for the
170.7 effective use of durable medical equipment for home use only or purchased in a transaction
170.8 covered by Medicare or Medicaid, or other health insurance plan, that are not already
170.9 exempt under subdivision 7, are exempt. Accessories and supplies for the effective use
170.10 of a prosthetic device, that are not already exempt under subdivision 7, are exempt.
170.11 For purposes of this subdivision "durable medical equipment," "prosthetic device,"
170.12 "Medicare," and "Medicaid" have the definitions given in subdivision 7, and "other health
170.13 insurance plan" means a health plan defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 3, or 62V.02,
170.14 subdivision 4, or a qualified health plan defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 7.

170.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
170.16 June 30, 2015.

170.17 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.67, subdivision 13a, is amended to read:

170.18 Subd. 13a. **Instructional materials.** (a) Instructional materials, other than
170.19 textbooks, that are prescribed for use in conjunction with a course of study in a
170.20 postsecondary school, college, university, or private career school to students who are
170.21 regularly enrolled at such institutions are exempt. For purposes of this subdivision,
170.22 "instructional materials" means materials required to be used directly in the completion of
170.23 the course of study, including, but not limited to:

170.24 (1) interactive CDs, tapes, digital audio works, digital audiovisual works, and
170.25 computer software;

170.26 (2) charts and models used in the course of study; and

170.27 (3) specialty pens, pencils, inks, paint, paper, and other art supplies for art classes.

170.28 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), if the course of study is necessary to obtaining a
170.29 degree or certification for a trade or career, any equipment, tools, and supplies required
170.30 during the course of study that are generally used directly in the practice of the career
170.31 or trade are also exempt.

171.1 (c) Instructional materials do not include general reference works or other items
171.2 incidental to the instructional process such as pens, pencils, paper, folders, or computers
171.3 that are of general use outside of the course of study.

171.4 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "school" and "private career school" have the
171.5 meanings given in subdivision 13.

171.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
171.7 June 30, 2015.

171.8 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.67, is amended by adding a
171.9 subdivision to read:

171.10 Subd. 34. **Propane tanks.** (a) Propane tanks with a propane capacity of at least 100
171.11 gallons, and any valves and regulators necessary for use of the propane tank, are exempt
171.12 when purchased by the user of the tank. This exemption does not apply to the lease of a
171.13 propane tank from a propane supplier or dealer.

171.14 (b) This subdivision expires December 31, 2017.

171.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
171.16 and applies to sales and purchases made on or after that date.

171.17 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.67, is amended by adding a
171.18 subdivision to read:

171.19 Subd. 35. **Precious metal bullion and bullion coin.** (a) Precious metal bullion and
171.20 bullion coin is exempt. For purposes of this subdivision, "precious metal bullion" is
171.21 any product that is:

171.22 (1) at least 90 percent by actual weight of gold, silver, platinum, or palladium;

171.23 (2) bought and sold on a current spot market price, including a transaction fee, for
171.24 immediate payment and an agreed delivery date; and

171.25 (3) in the form of rounds, bars, or any other form that meets the requirements of
171.26 clauses (1) and (2).

171.27 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "spot market price" means the current price of
171.28 the actual precious metal as set by a recognized commodities exchange.

171.29 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "bullion coin" means any coin containing at
171.30 least 90 percent by weight of gold, silver, platinum, or palladium.

171.31 (d) The intent of this subdivision is to eliminate the difference in tax treatment
171.32 between the sale of precious metal bullion and the sale of stocks, bullion EFTs, bonds,
171.33 and other investment instruments.

172.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
172.2 June 30, 2015.

172.3 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.68, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

172.4 Subd. 5. **Capital equipment.** (a) Capital equipment is exempt. The tax must be
172.5 imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and
172.6 then refunded in the manner provided in section 297A.75.

172.7 "Capital equipment" means machinery and equipment purchased or leased, and used
172.8 in this state by the purchaser or lessee primarily for manufacturing, fabricating, mining,
172.9 or refining tangible personal property to be sold ultimately at retail if the machinery and
172.10 equipment are essential to the integrated production process of manufacturing, fabricating,
172.11 mining, or refining. Capital equipment also includes machinery and equipment
172.12 used primarily to electronically transmit results retrieved by a customer of an online
172.13 computerized data retrieval system and machinery and equipment used by restaurants in
172.14 the furnishing, preparing, or serving of prepared foods as defined in section 297A.61,
172.15 subdivision 31.

172.16 (b) Capital equipment includes, but is not limited to:

172.17 (1) machinery and equipment used to operate, control, or regulate the production
172.18 equipment;

172.19 (2) machinery and equipment used for research and development, design, quality
172.20 control, and testing activities;

172.21 (3) environmental control devices that are used to maintain conditions such as
172.22 temperature, humidity, light, or air pressure when those conditions are essential to and are
172.23 part of the production process;

172.24 (4) materials and supplies used to construct and install machinery or equipment;

172.25 (5) repair and replacement parts, including accessories, whether purchased as spare
172.26 parts, repair parts, or as upgrades or modifications to machinery or equipment;

172.27 (6) materials used for foundations that support machinery or equipment;

172.28 (7) materials used to construct and install special purpose buildings used in the
172.29 production process;

172.30 (8) ready-mixed concrete equipment in which the ready-mixed concrete is mixed
172.31 as part of the delivery process regardless if mounted on a chassis, repair parts for
172.32 ready-mixed concrete trucks, and leases of ready-mixed concrete trucks; and

172.33 (9) machinery or equipment used for research, development, design, or production
172.34 of computer software.

172.35 (c) Capital equipment does not include the following:

- 173.1 (1) motor vehicles taxed under chapter 297B;
- 173.2 (2) machinery or equipment used to receive or store raw materials;
- 173.3 (3) building materials, except for materials included in paragraph (b), clauses (6)
- 173.4 and (7);
- 173.5 (4) machinery or equipment used for nonproduction purposes, including, but not
- 173.6 limited to, the following: plant security, fire prevention, first aid, and hospital stations;
- 173.7 support operations or administration; pollution control; and plant cleaning, disposal of
- 173.8 scrap and waste, plant communications, space heating, cooling, lighting, or safety;
- 173.9 (5) farm machinery and aquaculture production equipment as defined by section
- 173.10 297A.61, subdivisions 12 and 13;
- 173.11 (6) machinery or equipment purchased and installed by a contractor as part of an
- 173.12 improvement to real property;
- 173.13 ~~(7) machinery and equipment used by restaurants in the furnishing, preparing, or~~
- 173.14 ~~servicing of prepared foods as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 31;~~
- 173.15 ~~(8)~~ machinery and equipment used to furnish the services listed in section 297A.61,
- 173.16 subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii);
- 173.17 ~~(9)~~ (8) machinery or equipment used in the transportation, transmission, or
- 173.18 distribution of petroleum, liquefied gas, natural gas, water, or steam, in, by, or through
- 173.19 pipes, lines, tanks, mains, or other means of transporting those products. This clause
- 173.20 does not apply to machinery or equipment used to blend petroleum or biodiesel fuel
- 173.21 as defined in section 239.77; or
- 173.22 ~~(10)~~ (9) any other item that is not essential to the integrated process of manufacturing,
- 173.23 fabricating, mining, or refining.
- 173.24 (d) For purposes of this subdivision:
- 173.25 (1) "Equipment" means independent devices or tools separate from machinery but
- 173.26 essential to an integrated production process, including computers and computer software,
- 173.27 used in operating, controlling, or regulating machinery and equipment; and any subunit or
- 173.28 assembly comprising a component of any machinery or accessory or attachment parts of
- 173.29 machinery, such as tools, dies, jigs, patterns, and molds.
- 173.30 (2) "Fabricating" means to make, build, create, produce, or assemble components or
- 173.31 property to work in a new or different manner.
- 173.32 (3) "Integrated production process" means a process or series of operations through
- 173.33 which tangible personal property is manufactured, fabricated, mined, or refined. For
- 173.34 purposes of this clause, (i) manufacturing begins with the removal of raw materials
- 173.35 from inventory and ends when the last process prior to loading for shipment has been
- 173.36 completed; (ii) fabricating begins with the removal from storage or inventory of the

174.1 property to be assembled, processed, altered, or modified and ends with the creation
174.2 or production of the new or changed product; (iii) mining begins with the removal of
174.3 overburden from the site of the ores, minerals, stone, peat deposit, or surface materials and
174.4 ends when the last process before stockpiling is completed; and (iv) refining begins with
174.5 the removal from inventory or storage of a natural resource and ends with the conversion
174.6 of the item to its completed form.

174.7 (4) "Machinery" means mechanical, electronic, or electrical devices, including
174.8 computers and computer software, that are purchased or constructed to be used for the
174.9 activities set forth in paragraph (a), beginning with the removal of raw materials from
174.10 inventory through completion of the product, including packaging of the product.

174.11 (5) "Machinery and equipment used for pollution control" means machinery and
174.12 equipment used solely to eliminate, prevent, or reduce pollution resulting from an activity
174.13 described in paragraph (a).

174.14 (6) "Manufacturing" means an operation or series of operations where raw materials
174.15 are changed in form, composition, or condition by machinery and equipment and which
174.16 results in the production of a new article of tangible personal property. For purposes of
174.17 this subdivision, "manufacturing" includes the generation of electricity or steam to be
174.18 sold at retail.

174.19 (7) "Mining" means the extraction of minerals, ores, stone, or peat.

174.20 (8) "Online data retrieval system" means a system whose cumulation of information
174.21 is equally available and accessible to all its customers.

174.22 (9) "Primarily" means machinery and equipment used 50 percent or more of the time
174.23 in an activity described in paragraph (a).

174.24 (10) "Refining" means the process of converting a natural resource to an intermediate
174.25 or finished product, including the treatment of water to be sold at retail.

174.26 (11) This subdivision does not apply to telecommunications equipment as provided
174.27 in subdivision 35a, and does not apply to wire, cable, fiber, poles, or conduit for
174.28 telecommunications services.

174.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
174.30 June 30, 2015.

174.31 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.68, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

174.32 Subd. 19. **Petroleum products.** The following petroleum products are exempt:

174.33 (1) products upon which a tax has been imposed and paid under chapter 296A,
174.34 and for which no refund has been or will be allowed because the buyer used the fuel
174.35 for nonhighway use;

175.1 (2) products that are used in the improvement of agricultural land by constructing,
 175.2 maintaining, and repairing drainage ditches, tile drainage systems, grass waterways, water
 175.3 impoundment, and other erosion control structures;

175.4 (3) products purchased by a transit system receiving financial assistance under
 175.5 section 174.24, 256B.0625, subdivision 17, or 473.384;

175.6 (4) products purchased by an ambulance service licensed under chapter 144E;

175.7 (5) products used in a passenger snowmobile, as defined in section 296A.01,
 175.8 subdivision 39, for off-highway business use as part of the operations of a resort as
 175.9 provided under section 296A.16, subdivision 2, clause (2);

175.10 (6) products purchased by a state or a political subdivision of a state for use in motor
 175.11 vehicles exempt from registration under section 168.012, subdivision 1, paragraph (b);

175.12 (7) products purchased by providers of transportation to recipients of medical
 175.13 assistance home and community-based services waivers enrolled in day programs,
 175.14 including adult day care, family adult day care, day treatment and habilitation,
 175.15 prevocational services, and structured day services; ~~or~~

175.16 (8) products used in a motor vehicle used exclusively as a mobile medical unit
 175.17 for the provision of medical or dental services by a federally qualified health center, as
 175.18 defined under title 19 of the federal Social Security Act, as amended by Section 4161 of
 175.19 the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990; or

175.20 (9) special fuels eligible for a motor fuel tax refund under section 296A.16,
 175.21 subdivision 2, clause (4).

175.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 175.23 June 30, 2015.

175.24 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.70, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

175.25 Subd. 4. **Sales to nonprofit groups.** (a) All sales, except those listed in paragraph
 175.26 ~~(b)~~ (c), to the following "nonprofit organizations" are exempt if the item purchased is
 175.27 used in the performance of their exempt function. The exemptions under this paragraph
 175.28 do not apply to:

175.29 (1) ~~a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and~~
 175.30 ~~operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes if the item~~
 175.31 ~~purchased is used in the performance of charitable, religious, or educational functions;~~
 175.32 ~~and veterans groups under subdivision 5;~~

175.33 (2) ~~any senior citizen group or association of groups that:~~ hospitals, outpatient
 175.34 surgical centers, and critical access dental providers under subdivision 7, paragraphs
 175.35 (a), (b), (c), (e), and (f);

176.1 ~~(i) in general limits membership to persons who are either age 55 or older, or~~
176.2 ~~physically disabled;~~

176.3 ~~(ii) is organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other~~
176.4 ~~nonprofit purposes, not including housing, no part of the net earnings of which inures to~~
176.5 ~~the benefit of any private shareholders; and~~

176.6 ~~(iii) is an exempt organization under section 501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code.~~

176.7 (3) products and services under subdivision 7, paragraph (d); or

176.8 (4) nursing homes and boarding care homes under subdivision 18.

176.9 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, charitable purpose includes the maintenance of
176.10 a cemetery owned by a religious organization. "nonprofit organization" means:

176.11 (1) an organization that has a current federal determination letter stating that the
176.12 nonprofit organization qualifies as an exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the
176.13 Internal Revenue Code and has obtained a Minnesota tax identification number from the
176.14 Department of Revenue under section 297A.83; or

176.15 (2) any senior citizen group or association of groups that:

176.16 (i) in general, limits membership to persons who are either age 55 or older or
176.17 physically disabled;

176.18 (ii) is not organized and operated exclusively for housing; and

176.19 (iii) is an exempt organization under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

176.20 ~~(b)~~ (c) This exemption does not apply to the following sales:

176.21 (1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor
176.22 or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a
176.23 guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,
176.24 alteration, or repair of a building or facility;

176.25 (2) construction materials purchased by tax-exempt entities or their contractors to
176.26 be used in constructing buildings or facilities that will not be used principally by the
176.27 tax-exempt entities;

176.28 (3) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause
176.29 (2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section
176.30 297A.67, subdivision 2, except wine purchased by an established religious organization
176.31 for sacramental purposes or as allowed under subdivision 9a; and

176.32 (4) leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11, except
176.33 as provided in paragraph ~~(e)~~ (d).

176.34 ~~(e)~~ (d) This exemption applies to the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section
176.35 297B.01, subdivision 11, only if the vehicle is:

177.1 (1) a truck, as defined in section 168.002, a bus, as defined in section 168.002, or a
177.2 passenger automobile, as defined in section 168.002, if the automobile is designed and
177.3 used for carrying more than nine persons including the driver; and

177.4 (2) intended to be used primarily to transport tangible personal property or
177.5 individuals, other than employees, to whom the organization provides service in
177.6 performing its charitable, religious, or educational purpose.

177.7 ~~(d)~~ (e) A limited liability company also qualifies for exemption under this
177.8 subdivision if (1) it consists of a sole member that would qualify for the exemption, and
177.9 (2) the items purchased qualify for the exemption.

177.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
177.11 June 30, 2015.

177.12 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.70, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

177.13 Subd. 10. **Nonprofit tickets or admissions.** (a) Tickets or admissions to an event
177.14 are exempt if all the gross receipts are recorded as such, in accordance with generally
177.15 accepted accounting principles, on the books of one or more organizations whose primary
177.16 mission is to provide an opportunity for citizens of the state to participate in the creation,
177.17 performance, or appreciation of the arts, and provided that each organization is:

177.18 (1) an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code in
177.19 which voluntary contributions make up at least five percent of the organization's annual
177.20 revenue in its most recently completed 12-month fiscal year, or in the current year if the
177.21 organization has not completed a 12-month fiscal year;

177.22 (2) a municipal board that promotes cultural and arts activities; or

177.23 (3) the University of Minnesota, a state college and university, or a private nonprofit
177.24 college or university provided that the event is held at a facility owned by the educational
177.25 institution holding the event.

177.26 The exemption only applies if the entire proceeds, after reasonable expenses, are used
177.27 solely to provide opportunities for citizens of the state to participate in the creation,
177.28 performance, or appreciation of the arts.

177.29 (b) Tickets or admissions to the premises of the Minnesota Zoological Garden are
177.30 exempt, provided that the exemption under this paragraph does not apply to tickets or
177.31 admissions to performances or events held on the premises unless the performance or
177.32 event is sponsored and conducted exclusively by the Minnesota Zoological Board or
177.33 employees of the Minnesota Zoological Garden.

178.1 (c) Tickets or admissions to a performance or event on the premises of a tax-exempt
178.2 organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code are exempt if:

178.3 (1) the nonprofit organization was established to preserve Minnesota's rural
178.4 agricultural heritage and focuses on educating the public about rural history and how
178.5 farms in Minnesota helped to provide food for the nation and the world;

178.6 (2) the premises of the nonprofit organization is at least 115 acres;

178.7 (3) the performance or event is sponsored and conducted exclusively by volunteers,
178.8 employees of the nonprofit organization, or members of the board of directors of the
178.9 nonprofit organization; and

178.10 (4) the performance or event is consistent with the nonprofit organization's purposes
178.11 under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

178.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

178.13 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.70, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

178.14 Subd. 14. **Fund-raising events sponsored by nonprofit groups.** (a) Sales of
178.15 tangible personal property or services at, and admission charges for fund-raising events
178.16 sponsored by, a nonprofit organization are exempt if:

178.17 (1) all gross receipts are recorded as such, in accordance with generally accepted
178.18 accounting practices, on the books of the nonprofit organization; and

178.19 (2) the entire proceeds, less the necessary expenses for the event, will be used solely
178.20 and exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes. Exempt sales include
178.21 the sale of prepared food, candy, and soft drinks at the fund-raising event.

178.22 (b) This exemption is limited in the following manner:

178.23 (1) it does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other
178.24 gambling activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other
178.25 gambling activities;

178.26 (2) all gross receipts are taxable if the profits are not used solely and exclusively for
178.27 charitable, religious, or educational purposes;

178.28 (3) it does not apply unless the organization keeps a separate accounting record,
178.29 including receipts and disbursements from each fund-raising event that documents all
178.30 deductions from gross receipts with receipts and other records;

178.31 (4) it does not apply to any sale made by or in the name of a nonprofit corporation as
178.32 the active or passive agent of a person that is not a nonprofit corporation;

178.33 (5) all gross receipts are taxable if fund-raising events exceed 24 days per year;

178.34 (6) it does not apply to fund-raising events conducted on premises leased for more
178.35 than five ten days but less than 30 days; and

179.1 (7) it does not apply if the risk of the event is not borne by the nonprofit organization
179.2 and the benefit to the nonprofit organization is less than the total amount of the state and
179.3 local tax revenues forgone by this exemption.

179.4 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, a "nonprofit organization" means any unit of
179.5 government, corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and
179.6 operated for charitable, religious, educational, civic, fraternal, and senior citizens' or
179.7 veterans' purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private
179.8 individual.

179.9 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "fund-raising events" means activities of
179.10 limited duration, not regularly carried out in the normal course of business, that attract
179.11 patrons for community, social, and entertainment purposes, such as auctions, bake sales,
179.12 ice cream socials, block parties, carnivals, competitions, concerts, concession stands,
179.13 craft sales, bazaars, dinners, dances, door-to-door sales of merchandise, fairs, fashion
179.14 shows, festivals, galas, special event workshops, sporting activities such as marathons and
179.15 tournaments, and similar events. Fund-raising events do not include the operation of a
179.16 regular place of business in which services are provided or sales are made during regular
179.17 hours such as bookstores, thrift stores, gift shops, restaurants, ongoing Internet sales,
179.18 regularly scheduled classes, or other activities carried out in the normal course of business.

179.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
179.20 June 30, 2015.

179.21 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a
179.22 subdivision to read:

179.23 **Subd. 20. Animal shelters.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "animal
179.24 shelter" means a nonprofit organization engaged in the business of rescuing, sheltering,
179.25 and finding homes for unwanted animals.

179.26 (b) Purchases made by an animal shelter are exempt if the purchases are used
179.27 directly in the activities of rescuing, sheltering, and finding homes for unwanted animals.

179.28 The exemption under this paragraph does not apply to the following purchases:

179.29 (1) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor
179.30 or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a
179.31 guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,
179.32 alteration, or repair of a building or facility;

179.33 (2) construction materials purchased by an animal shelter or their contractors to
179.34 be used in constructing buildings or facilities that will not be used principally by the
179.35 tax-exempt entities;

180.1 (3) lodging as defined under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause
180.2 (2), and prepared food, candy, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages as defined in section
180.3 297A.67, subdivision 2; and

180.4 (4) leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 11.

180.5 (c) The sale or adoption of unwanted animals by an animal shelter and the sale of
180.6 associated animal supplies and equipment by an animal shelter are exempt.

180.7 (d) Sales made by and events run by an animal shelter for fund-raising purposes
180.8 are exempt. Exempt sales include the sale of prepared food, candy, and soft drinks at a
180.9 fund-raising event. The exemption under this paragraph is subject to the following limits:

180.10 (1) gross receipts from all fund-raising sales are taxable if the total fund-raising by
180.11 the animal shelter exceeds 24 days per year;

180.12 (2) it does not apply to fund-raising events conducted on premises leased for more
180.13 than ten days but less than 30 days; and

180.14 (3) it does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other
180.15 gambling activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other
180.16 gambling activities.

180.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
180.18 June 30, 2015.

180.19 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a
180.20 subdivision to read:

180.21 Subd. 21. **City celebrations.** (a) Sales of tangible personal property or services and
180.22 admissions charges to a city-designated annual city celebration designed to promote
180.23 community spirit and cooperation are exempt. Exempt sales include the sale of prepared
180.24 food, candy, soft drinks, and malt liquor and wine as defined in section 340A.101,
180.25 subdivisions 16 and 19, at the event. The governing board of a statutory or home rule
180.26 charter city may designate one event in each calendar year as the annual city celebration
180.27 that qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision. For a celebration to qualify, it must
180.28 meet the following requirements:

180.29 (1) the home rule charter or statutory city must have a population of less than 10,000;

180.30 (2) the event must be held on consecutive days, not to exceed five days in total;

180.31 (3) the event must be run either by the city or by a nonprofit organization designated
180.32 by the city;

180.33 (4) all gross receipts of the event are recorded as such, in accordance with generally
180.34 accepted accounting practice on the books of the city or the designated nonprofit
180.35 organization; and

181.1 (5) the entire proceeds, less the necessary expenses, will be distributed to one or
181.2 more of the following for charitable, educational, civic, or governmental purposes:

181.3 (i) the city's general fund;

181.4 (ii) a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization to promote its primary mission; or

181.5 (iii) a nonprofit 501(c)(4) organization to promote its primary mission, however, no
181.6 revenues from this event may be used by the organization for lobbying or political activities.

181.7 (b) This exemption is limited in the following manner:

181.8 (1) it does not apply to admission charges for events involving bingo or other
181.9 gambling activities or to charges for use of amusement devices involving bingo or other
181.10 gambling activities;

181.11 (2) all gross receipts are taxable if the profits are not used solely and exclusively for
181.12 charitable, educational, civic, or governmental purposes; and

181.13 (3) it does not apply unless the city or designated nonprofit organization keeps a
181.14 separate accounting record, including receipts and disbursements for all events included
181.15 in the celebration that documents all deductions from gross receipts with receipts and
181.16 other records.

181.17 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, "nonprofit organization" means any unit of
181.18 government, corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and
181.19 operated for charitable, religious, educational, civic, fraternal, and senior citizens' or
181.20 veterans' purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private
181.21 individual.

181.22 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "city celebration" means any of the following
181.23 activities or combination of activities of limited duration, not regularly carried out in the
181.24 normal course of business, that attract patrons for community, social, and entertainment
181.25 purposes, such as parades, auctions, bake sales, ice cream socials, block parties, carnivals,
181.26 competitions, concerts, concession stands, craft sales, bazaars, dinners, dances, fairs,
181.27 fashion shows, festivals, galas, special event workshops, sporting activities such as
181.28 marathons and tournaments, and similar events. A city celebration does not include the
181.29 operation of a regular place of business in which services are provided or sales are made
181.30 during regular hours such as bookstores, thrift stores, gift shops, restaurants, ongoing
181.31 Internet sales, or regularly scheduled activities carried out in the normal course of business.

181.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
181.33 June 30, 2015.

181.34 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a
181.35 subdivision to read:

182.1 Subd. 22. **Admissions; certain BMX tracks.** Admissions to or charges for
182.2 access to a BMX track owned and operated by an exempt organization under section
182.3 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code are exempt. For purposes of this subdivision
182.4 "BMX track" means a track designed for bicycle motocross racing and includes related
182.5 training and riding areas as well as the actual racing track or tracks. In order to qualify for
182.6 the exemption under this subdivision, the BMX track must be sanctioned by a national
182.7 or regional governing body for bicycle motocross racing.

182.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
182.9 June 30, 2015.

182.10 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a
182.11 subdivision to read:

182.12 Subd. 49. **Building materials; resorts and recreational camping areas.** Materials
182.13 and supplies used or consumed in, and equipment incorporated into, the improvement of
182.14 an existing structure located at a resort, as defined in section 157.15, subdivision 11, or
182.15 recreational camping area, as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 8, are exempt. For
182.16 purposes of this subdivision, a structure means a cabin located on resort property and any
182.17 other structure available for use by guests of the resort or recreational camping area.

182.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
182.19 June 30, 2015.

182.20 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.71, is amended by adding a
182.21 subdivision to read:

182.22 Subd. 50. **Construction materials purchased by contractors; exemption for**
182.23 **certain entities.** (a) Building, construction, or reconstruction materials, supplies used or
182.24 consumed in, and equipment incorporated into buildings or facilities used principally by
182.25 the following entities are exempt:

182.26 (1) school districts, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph (c);

182.27 (2) local governments, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph
182.28 (d);

182.29 (3) hospitals and nursing homes owned and operated by political subdivisions of the
182.30 state, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (3);

182.31 (4) public libraries; library systems; multicounty, multitype library systems, as
182.32 defined in section 134.001; and county law libraries under chapter 134A;

182.33 (5) nonprofit groups, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 4;

183.1 (6) hospitals, outpatient surgical centers, and critical access dental providers, as
 183.2 defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 7; and

183.3 (7) nursing homes and boarding care homes, as defined under section 297A.70,
 183.4 subdivision 18.

183.5 (b) Materials, supplies used in, and equipment incorporated into the construction,
 183.6 reconstruction, repair, maintenance, or improvement of public infrastructure of any
 183.7 kind including, but not limited to, roads, bridges, culverts, drinking water facilities, and
 183.8 wastewater facilities purchased by a contractor or subcontractor of the following entities
 183.9 are exempt:

183.10 (1) school districts, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph (c); or

183.11 (2) local governments, as defined under section 297A.70, subdivision 2, paragraph
 183.12 (d).

183.13 (c) The tax on purchases made by a contractor, subcontractor, or builder, that are
 183.14 exempt under this subdivision must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section
 183.15 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied, and then refunded in the manner provided in section
 183.16 297A.75. Exempt items purchased directly by the owner of the building, facility, or
 183.17 infrastructure are exempt from the tax at the time of purchase.

183.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 183.19 June 30, 2015.

183.20 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

183.21 Subdivision 1. **Tax collected.** The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the
 183.22 following exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the
 183.23 rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include:

183.24 (1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section
 183.25 297A.71, subdivision 13;

183.26 (2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section
 183.27 297A.71, subdivision 14;

183.28 (3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 3;

183.29 (4) building materials used in a residence for disabled veterans exempt under section
 183.30 297A.71, subdivision 11;

183.31 (5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 12;

183.32 (6) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section 297A.71,
 183.33 subdivision 23;

183.34 (7) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities under
 183.35 section 297A.71, subdivision 35;

184.1 (8) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and distribution
184.2 of electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section 297A.68,
184.3 subdivision 37;

184.4 (9) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision 3,
184.5 paragraph (a), clause (10);

184.6 (10) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of projects
184.7 and facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40;

184.8 (11) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction, improvement, or expansion
184.9 of:

184.10 (i) an aerospace defense manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71,
184.11 subdivision 42;

184.12 (ii) a biopharmaceutical manufacturing facility exempt under section 297A.71,
184.13 subdivision 45;

184.14 (iii) a research and development facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision
184.15 46; and

184.16 (iv) an industrial measurement manufacturing and controls facility exempt under
184.17 section 297A.71, subdivision 47;

184.18 (12) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for use in
184.19 a qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42;

184.20 (13) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under section
184.21 297A.71, subdivision 44;

184.22 (14) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt
184.23 under section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c); ~~and~~

184.24 (15) items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or
184.25 consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision
184.26 44; and

184.27 (16) building construction or reconstruction materials, supplies, and equipment
184.28 purchased by an entity eligible under section 297A.71, subdivision 50.

184.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
184.30 June 30, 2015.

184.31 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

184.32 Subd. 2. **Refund; eligible persons.** Upon application on forms prescribed by the
184.33 commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items
184.34 must be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund:

184.35 (1) for subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (14), the applicant must be the purchaser;

- 185.1 (2) for subdivision 1, clause (3), the applicant must be the governmental subdivision;
- 185.2 (3) for subdivision 1, clause (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the benefits
- 185.3 provided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;
- 185.4 (4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homestead
- 185.5 property;
- 185.6 (5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing
- 185.7 project;
- 185.8 (6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility or
- 185.9 a joint venture of municipal electric utilities;
- 185.10 (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), (12), and (15), the owner of the qualifying
- 185.11 business; ~~and~~
- 185.12 (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), and (13), the applicant must be the
- 185.13 governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; and
- 185.14 (9) for subdivision 1, clause (16), the applicant must be the entity eligible under
- 185.15 section 297A.71, subdivision 50.

185.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after

185.17 June 30, 2015.

185.18 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

185.19 Subd. 3. **Application.** (a) The application must include sufficient information

185.20 to permit the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor,

185.21 subcontractor, or builder, under subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (13), ~~or (15), or (16),~~ the

185.22 contractor, subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement

185.23 including the cost of the exempt items and the taxes paid on the items unless otherwise

185.24 specifically provided by this subdivision. The provisions of sections 289A.40 and

185.25 289A.50 apply to refunds under this section.

185.26 (b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for

185.27 refunds for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5.

185.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after

185.29 June 30, 2015.

185.30 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.77, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

185.31 Subd. 3. **Tax must be remitted.** The tax collected by a retailer under this section,₂

185.32 except for the amount allowed to be retained by the seller under section 297A.816, must

185.33 be remitted to the commissioner as provided in chapter 289A and this chapter.

186.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales taxes remitted after June
186.2 30, 2016.

186.3 Sec. 30. **[297A.816] VENDOR ALLOWANCE.**

186.4 **Subdivision 1. Eligibility.** A retailer or seller may retain a portion of sales
186.5 tax collected as a vendor allowance in compensation for the costs of collecting and
186.6 administering the tax under this chapter. This section applies only if the tax minus the
186.7 vendor allowance is both reported and remitted to the commissioner in a timely fashion
186.8 as required under chapter 289A.

186.9 **Subd. 2. Tax not eligible for allowance.** Use taxes paid by the seller on the seller's
186.10 own purchases are not included in calculating the vendor allowance under this section.

186.11 **Subd. 3. Calculation of allowance; maximum amounts.** The amount of the
186.12 vendor allowance is equal to the sum of 0.30 percent of up to the first \$10,000 in tax
186.13 remitted in the reporting period plus 0.15 percent of the tax remitted in excess of \$10,000
186.14 in the reporting period.

186.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales taxes remitted after June
186.16 30, 2016.

186.17 Sec. 31. Laws 1980, chapter 511, section 1, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 1991,
186.18 chapter 291, article 8, section 22, Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 25, Laws
186.19 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 8, section 11, Laws 2008, chapter 154,
186.20 article 5, section 2, and Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 3, section 21, is amended to read:

186.21 Subd. 2. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other
186.22 law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, by
186.23 ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one and three-quarter percent on sales
186.24 transactions which are described in Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 297A.01, subdivision
186.25 3, clause (c). The imposition of this tax shall not be subject to voter referendum under
186.26 either state law or city charter provisions. When the city council determines that the taxes
186.27 imposed under this paragraph at a rate of three-quarters of one percent and other sources
186.28 of revenue produce revenue sufficient to pay debt service on bonds in the principal amount
186.29 of \$40,285,000 plus issuance and discount costs, issued for capital improvements at the
186.30 Duluth Entertainment and Convention Center, which include a new arena, the rate of tax
186.31 under this subdivision must be reduced by three-quarters of one percent.

186.32 (b) In addition to the tax in paragraph (a) and notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
186.33 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary,
186.34 the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one-half of

187.1 one percent on sales transactions which are described in Minnesota Statutes 2000, section
187.2 297A.01, subdivision 3, clause (c). This tax expires when the city council determines
187.3 that the tax imposed under this paragraph, along with the tax imposed under section
187.4 22, paragraph (b), has produced revenues sufficient to pay the debt service on bonds
187.5 in a principal amount of no more than \$18,000,000, plus issuance and discount costs,
187.6 to finance capital improvements to public facilities to support tourism and recreational
187.7 activities in that portion of the city west of ~~34th~~ 14th Avenue West and the area south of
187.8 and including Skyline Parkway.

187.9 (c) The city of Duluth may sell and issue up to \$18,000,000 in general obligation
187.10 bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, plus an additional amount to pay for the
187.11 costs of issuance and any premiums. The proceeds may be used to finance capital
187.12 improvements to public facilities that support tourism and recreational activities in the
187.13 portion of the city west of ~~34th~~ 14th Avenue West and the area south of and including
187.14 Skyline Parkway, as described in paragraph (b). The issuance of the bonds is subject to the
187.15 provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, except no election shall be required unless
187.16 required by the city charter. The bonds shall not be included in computing net debt. The
187.17 revenues from the taxes that the city of Duluth may impose under paragraph (b) and under
187.18 section 22, paragraph (b), may be pledged to pay principal of and interest on such bonds.

187.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
187.20 the city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
187.21 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

187.22 Sec. 32. Laws 1980, chapter 511, section 2, as amended by Laws 1998, chapter 389,
187.23 article 8, section 26, Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 21, article 8, section 12, and
187.24 Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 3, section 22, is amended to read:

187.25 Sec. 22. **CITY OF DULUTH; TAX ON RECEIPTS BY HOTELS AND**
187.26 **MOTELS.**

187.27 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other law, or
187.28 ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary, the city of Duluth may, by ordinance,
187.29 impose an additional tax of one percent upon the gross receipts from the sale of lodging
187.30 for periods of less than 30 days in hotels and motels located in the city. The tax shall be
187.31 collected in the same manner as the tax set forth in the Duluth city charter, section 54(d),
187.32 paragraph one. The imposition of this tax shall not be subject to voter referendum under
187.33 either state law or city charter provisions.

187.34 (b) In addition to the tax in paragraph (a) and notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
187.35 section 477A.016, or any other law, ordinance, or city charter provision to the contrary,

188.1 the city of Duluth may, by ordinance, impose an additional sales tax of up to one-half
188.2 of one percent on the gross receipts from the sale of lodging for periods of less than
188.3 30 days in hotels and motels located in the city. This tax expires when the city council
188.4 first determines that the tax imposed under this paragraph, along with the tax imposed
188.5 under section 21, paragraph (b), has produced revenues sufficient to pay the debt
188.6 service on bonds in a principal amount of no more than \$18,000,000, plus issuance and
188.7 discount costs, to finance capital improvements to public facilities to support tourism and
188.8 recreational activities in that portion of the city west of ~~34th~~ 14th Avenue West and the
188.9 area south of and including Skyline Parkway.

188.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
188.11 the city of Duluth and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
188.12 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

188.13 Sec. 33. Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivision 3, as amended by
188.14 Laws 1998, chapter 389, article 8, section 28, Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 9,
188.15 and Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 4, section 14, is amended to read:

188.16 Subd. 3. **Use of revenues.** (a) Revenues received from taxes authorized by
188.17 subdivisions 1 and 2 shall be used by the city to pay the cost of collecting the tax and to
188.18 pay all or a portion of the expenses of constructing and improving facilities as part of an
188.19 urban revitalization project in downtown Mankato known as Riverfront 2000. Authorized
188.20 expenses include, but are not limited to, acquiring property and paying relocation expenses
188.21 related to the development of Riverfront 2000 and related facilities, and securing or paying
188.22 debt service on bonds or other obligations issued to finance the construction of Riverfront
188.23 2000 and related facilities. For purposes of this section, "Riverfront 2000 and related
188.24 facilities" means a civic-convention center, an arena, a riverfront park, a technology center
188.25 and related educational facilities, and all publicly owned real or personal property that
188.26 the governing body of the city determines will be necessary to facilitate the use of these
188.27 facilities, including but not limited to parking, skyways, pedestrian bridges, lighting, and
188.28 landscaping. It also includes the performing arts theatre and the Southern Minnesota
188.29 Women's Hockey Exposition Center, for use by Minnesota State University, Mankato.

188.30 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 3, and subject
188.31 to voter approval at a general election held before December 31, 2016, the city may by
188.32 ordinance also use revenues from taxes authorized under subdivisions 1 and 2, up to
188.33 a maximum of \$29,000,000, plus associated bond costs, to pay all or a portion of the
188.34 expenses of the following capital projects:

189.1 (1) improvements to regional recreational facilities including existing hockey and
 189.2 curling rinks, a baseball park, youth athletic fields and facilities, and the municipal
 189.3 swimming pool including improvements to make the pool compliant with the Americans
 189.4 with Disabilities Act;

189.5 (2) improvements to flood control and the levee system;

189.6 (3) water quality improvement projects in Blue Earth and Nicollet Counties;

189.7 (4) expansion of the regional transit building and related multimodal transit
 189.8 improvements;

189.9 (5) regional public safety and emergency communications improvements and
 189.10 equipment; and

189.11 (6) matching funds for improvements to publicly owned regional facilities including
 189.12 a historic museum, supportive housing, and a senior center.

189.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
 189.14 the city of Mankato and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
 189.15 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

189.16 Sec. 34. Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivision 4, as amended by
 189.17 Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 3, article 5, section 25, and Laws 2008, chapter
 189.18 366, article 7, section 10, is amended to read:

189.19 Subd. 4. **Expiration of taxing authority and expenditure limitation.** The
 189.20 authority granted by subdivisions 1 and 2 to the city to impose a sales tax and an excise tax
 189.21 shall expire ~~on~~ at the earlier of when revenues are sufficient to pay off the bonds, including
 189.22 interest and all other associated bond costs authorized under subdivision 5, or December 31,
 189.23 2022, unless the additional uses under subdivision 3, paragraph (b) or (c), are authorized.
 189.24 If the additional use allowed in subdivision 3, paragraph (b), is authorized, the taxes expire
 189.25 at the earlier of when revenues are sufficient to pay off the bonds, including interest and
 189.26 all other associated bond costs authorized under subdivision 5, or December 31, 2032.

189.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
 189.28 without local approval pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1.

189.29 Sec. 35. Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

189.30 Subd. 5. **Bonds.** (a) The city of Mankato may issue general obligation bonds of the
 189.31 city in an amount not to exceed \$25,000,000 for Riverfront 2000 and related facilities,
 189.32 without election under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, on the question of issuance of the
 189.33 bonds or a tax to pay them. The debt represented by bonds issued for Riverfront 2000

190.1 and related facilities shall not be included in computing any debt limitations applicable
 190.2 to the city of Mankato, and the levy of taxes required by section 475.61 to pay principal
 190.3 of and interest on the bonds shall not be subject to any levy limitation or be included in
 190.4 computing or applying any levy limitation applicable to the city.

190.5 (b) The city of Mankato, subject to voter approval at the election required under
 190.6 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may issue general obligation bonds of the city in an amount
 190.7 not to exceed \$29,000,000 for the projects listed under subdivision 3, paragraph (b),
 190.8 without election under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, on the question of issuance of the
 190.9 bonds or a tax to pay them. The debt represented by bonds under this paragraph shall not be
 190.10 included in computing any debt limitations applicable to the city of Mankato, and the levy
 190.11 of taxes required by Minnesota Statutes, section 475.61, to pay principal of and interest on
 190.12 the bonds, and shall not be subject to any levy limitation or be included in computing or
 190.13 applying any levy limitation applicable to the city. The city may use tax revenue in excess
 190.14 of one year's principal interest reserve for intended annual bond payments to pay all or a
 190.15 portion of the cost of capital improvements authorized in subdivision 3,

190.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
 190.17 without local approval pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1.

190.18 Sec. 36. Laws 1991, chapter 291, article 8, section 27, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

190.19 Subd. 6. **Reverse referendum; authorization of extension.** (a) If the Mankato city
 190.20 council intends to exercise the authority provided by this section, it shall pass a resolution
 190.21 stating the fact before July 1, 1991. The resolution must be published for two successive
 190.22 weeks in the official newspaper of the city or, if there is no official newspaper, in a
 190.23 newspaper of general circulation in the city, together with a notice fixing a date for a public
 190.24 hearing on the matter. The hearing must be held at least two weeks but not more than four
 190.25 weeks after the first publication of the resolution. Following the public hearing, the city
 190.26 may determine to take no further action or adopt a resolution confirming its intention to
 190.27 exercise the authority. That resolution must also be published in the official newspaper of
 190.28 the city or, if there is no official newspaper, in a newspaper of general circulation in the
 190.29 city. If within 30 days after publication of the resolution a petition signed by voters equal
 190.30 in number to ten percent of the votes cast in the city in the last general election requesting
 190.31 a vote on the proposed resolution is filed with the county auditor, the resolution is not
 190.32 effective until it has been submitted to the voters at a general or special election and a
 190.33 majority of votes cast on the question of approving the resolution are in the affirmative. The
 190.34 commissioner of revenue shall prepare a suggested form of question to be presented at the

191.1 election. The referendum must be held at a special or general election before December 1,
191.2 1991. This subdivision applies notwithstanding any city charter provision to the contrary.

191.3 (b) If the Mankato city council wishes to extend the taxes authorized under
191.4 subdivisions 1 and 2 to fund any of the projects listed in subdivision 3, paragraph (b), the
191.5 city must pass a resolution extending the taxes before July 1, 2015. The tax may not be
191.6 imposed unless approved by the voters.

191.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
191.8 without local approval pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 645.023, subdivision 1.

191.9 Sec. 37. Laws 1999, chapter 243, article 4, section 18, subdivision 1, as amended by
191.10 Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 12, is amended to read:

191.11 Subdivision 1. **Sales and use tax.** (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
191.12 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, if approved by the city
191.13 voters at the first municipal general election held after the date of final enactment of this act
191.14 or at a special election held November 2, 1999, the city of Proctor may impose by ordinance
191.15 a sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent for the purposes specified in subdivision
191.16 3. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition,
191.17 administration, collection, and enforcement of the tax authorized under this subdivision.

191.18 (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other provision of
191.19 law, ordinance, or city charter, the city of Proctor may impose by ordinance an additional
191.20 sales and use tax of up to one-half of one percent pursuant to approval by the voters at the
191.21 November 4, 2014, general election. The revenues received from the additional tax must
191.22 be used for the purposes specified in subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

191.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
191.24 the city of Proctor and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
191.25 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3, but only if the local approval requirement under section
191.26 10 is also met.

191.27 Sec. 38. Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 20, is amended to read:

191.28 Sec. 20. **CITY OF NORTH MANKATO; TAXES AUTHORIZED.**

191.29 Subdivision 1. **Sales and use tax authorized.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
191.30 section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, pursuant to
191.31 the approval of the voters on November 7, 2006, the city of North Mankato may impose
191.32 by ordinance a sales and use tax of one-half of one percent for the purposes specified
191.33 in subdivision 2. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the

192.1 imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of the taxes authorized under
192.2 this subdivision.

192.3 Subd. 2. **Use of revenues.** (a) Revenues received from the tax authorized by
192.4 subdivision 1 must be used to pay all or part of the capital costs of the following projects:

192.5 (1) the local share of the Trunk Highway 14/County State-Aid Highway 41
192.6 interchange project;

192.7 (2) development of regional parks and hiking and biking trails;

192.8 (3) expansion of the North Mankato Taylor Library;

192.9 (4) riverfront redevelopment; and

192.10 (5) lake improvement projects.

192.11 The total amount of revenues from the tax in subdivision 1 that may be used to fund
192.12 these projects is \$6,000,000 plus any associated bond costs.

192.13 (b) If the city extends the tax as authorized under subdivision 2a, the total amount that
192.14 may be used to fund these projects is increased by \$9,000,000, plus associated bond costs.

192.15 Subd. 2a. **Authorization to extend the tax.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
192.16 section 297A.99, subdivision 3, the North Mankato city council may, by resolution, extend
192.17 the tax authorized under subdivision 1 to cover an additional \$9,000,000 in bonds, plus
192.18 associated bond costs, to fund the projects in subdivision 2, paragraph (a), if approved by
192.19 the voters at a general election held by December 31, 2016.

192.20 Subd. 3. **Bonds.** (a) The city of North Mankato, pursuant to the approval of the
192.21 voters at the November 7, 2006 referendum authorizing the imposition of the taxes in
192.22 this section, may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to pay capital and
192.23 administrative expenses for the projects described in subdivision 2, paragraph (a), in an
192.24 amount that does not exceed \$6,000,000. A separate election to approve the bonds under
192.25 Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

192.26 (b) The city of North Mankato, subject to the referendum in subdivision 2a, allowing
192.27 for additional revenue to be spent for the projects in subdivision 2, may issue additional
192.28 bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to pay capital and administrative expenses
192.29 for those projects in an amount that does not exceed \$9,000,000. A separate election to
192.30 approve the bonds under Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

192.31 ~~(b)~~ (c) The debt represented by the bonds is not included in computing any debt
192.32 limitation applicable to the city, and any levy of taxes under Minnesota Statutes, section
192.33 475.61, to pay principal and interest on the bonds is not subject to any levy limitation.

192.34 Subd. 4. **Termination of taxes.** The tax imposed under subdivision 1 expires when
192.35 the city council determines that the amount of revenues received from the taxes to pay for
192.36 the projects under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), first equals or exceeds \$6,000,000 plus the

193.1 additional amount needed to pay the costs related to issuance of bonds under subdivision
193.2 3, including interest on the bonds, unless the tax is extended as allowed in this section. If
193.3 the tax is extended as allowed under the referendum under subdivision 2a, the tax expires
193.4 at the earlier of December 31, 2038, or when revenues from the taxes first equal or exceed
193.5 \$15,000,000 plus the additional amount needed to pay costs related to issuance of bonds
193.6 under subdivision 3, including interest. Any funds remaining after completion of the
193.7 projects and retirement or redemption of the bonds shall be placed in a capital facilities
193.8 and equipment replacement fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may
193.9 expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

193.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
193.11 the city of North Mankato and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes,
193.12 section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

193.13 Sec. 39. **CITY OF MARSHALL; VALIDATION OF PRIOR ACT.**

193.14 (a) Notwithstanding the time limits in Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, the city
193.15 of Marshall may approve Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 14,
193.16 and file its approval with the secretary of state by June 15, 2013. If approved as authorized
193.17 under this paragraph, actions undertaken by the city pursuant to the approval of the voters
193.18 on November 6, 2012, and otherwise in accordance with Laws 2011, First Special Session
193.19 chapter 7, article 4, section 14, are validated.

193.20 (b) Notwithstanding the time limit on the imposition of tax under Laws 2011, First
193.21 Special Session chapter 7, article 4, section 14, and subject to local approval under
193.22 paragraph (a), the city of Marshall may impose the tax on or before July 1, 2013.

193.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

193.24 Sec. 40. **CITY OF PROCTOR; EFFECTIVE DATE; VALIDATION OF PRIOR**
193.25 **ACT.**

193.26 Notwithstanding the time limits in Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, the city
193.27 of Proctor may approve Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 7, section 13, and Laws 2010,
193.28 chapter 389, article 5, sections 1 and 2, and file its approval with the secretary of state by
193.29 January 1, 2015. If approved under this paragraph, actions undertaken by the city pursuant
193.30 to the approval of the voters on November 2, 2010, and otherwise in accordance with
193.31 those laws are validated.

193.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

194.1 Sec. 41. **CITY OF WALKER; LOCAL TAXES AUTHORIZED.**

194.2 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
194.3 section 477A.016, or any ordinance, city charter, or other provision of law, pursuant to the
194.4 approval of the voters on November 6, 2012, the city of Walker may impose by ordinance
194.5 a sales and use tax of 1-1/2 percent for the purposes specified in subdivision 2. The
194.6 provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration,
194.7 collection, and enforcement of the taxes authorized under this subdivision.

194.8 Subd. 2. Use of revenues. Revenues received from the tax authorized by
194.9 subdivision 1 must be used to pay all or part of the capital and administrative costs of
194.10 underground water and sewer improvements in the city of Walker as outlined in the 2012
194.11 capital improvement plan of the engineer of the city of Walker.

194.12 Subd. 3. Bonding authority. The city of Walker, pursuant to the approval of the
194.13 voters at the November 6, 2012, referendum authorizing the imposition of the taxes in
194.14 this section, may issue bonds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to pay capital and
194.15 administrative expenses for the projects described in subdivision 2, in an amount that
194.16 does not exceed \$20,000,000. A separate election to approve the bonds under Minnesota
194.17 Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

194.18 Subd. 4. Termination of tax. The tax authorized under subdivision 1 terminates at
194.19 the earlier of:

194.20 (1) 20 years after the date of initial imposition of the tax; or

194.21 (2) when the city council determines that sufficient funds have been raised from
194.22 the tax to finance the capital and administrative costs of the improvements described in
194.23 subdivision 2, plus the additional amount needed to pay the costs related to issuance of
194.24 bonds under subdivision 3, including interest on the bonds.

194.25 Any funds remaining after completion of the projects specified in subdivision 2 and
194.26 retirement or redemption of bonds in subdivision 3 shall be placed in the general fund
194.27 of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may expire at an earlier time if the
194.28 city so determines by ordinance.

194.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of
194.30 the city of Walker and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
194.31 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

194.32 Sec. 42. **CITY OF WINDOM; TAXES AUTHORIZED.**

194.33 Subdivision 1. Sales and use tax authorized. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
194.34 section 477A.016, or any other provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, if approved
194.35 by the voters at a general election held by December 31, 2016, the city of Windom may

195.1 impose by ordinance a sales and use tax of up to one percent for the purposes specified in
195.2 subdivision 3. Except as provided in this section, the provisions of Minnesota Statutes,
195.3 section 297A.99, govern the imposition, administration, collection, and enforcement of
195.4 the tax authorized under this subdivision.

195.5 Subd. 2. **Use of revenues.** The proceeds of the tax imposed under this section
195.6 must be used to pay for the cost of collecting the tax and to pay all or a portion of the
195.7 expenses of constructing and improving a fire hall and a public safety facility, including
195.8 any associated bond costs.

195.9 Subd. 3. **Bonding authority.** The city of Windom, pursuant to the approval of the
195.10 voters at the referendum authorizing the imposition of tax in this section, may issue bonds
195.11 under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 475, to pay capital and administrative expenses for
195.12 the project described in subdivision 2. A separate election to approve the bonds under
195.13 Minnesota Statutes, section 475.58, is not required.

195.14 Subd. 4. **Termination of tax.** (a) The tax authorized under subdivision 1 terminates
195.15 at the earlier of:

195.16 (1) 15 years after the date of initial imposition of the tax; or

195.17 (2) when \$3,500,000 has been collected.

195.18 (b) Any funds remaining after completion of the projects specified in subdivision 2
195.19 may be placed in the general fund of the city. The tax imposed under subdivision 1 may
195.20 expire at an earlier time if the city so determines by ordinance.

195.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of
195.22 the city of Windom and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section
195.23 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

195.24 Sec. 43. **AMNESTY; CERTAIN LOCAL FESTIVALS.**

195.25 A nonprofit organization that organized and ran a city celebration on behalf of
195.26 a group of nonprofit organizations, of which all of the net proceeds were distributed to
195.27 a combination of 501(c)(3) and 501(c)(4) nonprofit organizations that use the proceeds
195.28 primarily for charitable, educational, civic, or governmental purposes shall not be liable
195.29 for any state or local uncollected and unpaid sales and use tax, penalties, or interest
195.30 incurred in running the city celebration, for celebrations held before January 1, 2015. The
195.31 amnesty in this section does not apply to sales and use taxes already paid or remitted to the
195.32 state or to sales taxes already collected by the organization. The amnesty does apply to an
195.33 audit of an organization as long as the audit is not finally resolved.

195.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

196.1 Sec. 44. **MUNICIPALLY OWNED WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY;**
196.2 **CITY OF MORA.**

196.3 Subdivision 1. **Exemption.** Materials and supplies used in and equipment
196.4 incorporated into a wastewater treatment facility owned and operated by the city of Mora,
196.5 regardless of whether purchased by the owner or a contractor, subcontractor, or builder,
196.6 are exempt from taxation under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A. All purchases for this
196.7 facility must be made after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2017.

196.8 Subd. 2. **Refund.** The tax on purchases exempt under subdivision 1 must be
196.9 imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.62 applied,
196.10 and then refunded in the manner provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.75. The
196.11 applicant must be the governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility.
196.12 If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontractor, or builder, the contractor, subcontractor,
196.13 or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the cost of the exempt
196.14 items and the taxes paid on the items.

196.15 Subd. 3. **Appropriation.** The amount required to make the refunds under this
196.16 section is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue.

196.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for purchases made
196.18 after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2017.

196.19 Sec. 45. **REPEALER.**

196.20 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.61, subdivisions 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55,
196.21 and 56, are repealed.

196.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
196.23 June 30, 2015.

196.24 **ARTICLE 7**

196.25 **SPECIAL TAXES**

196.26 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 296A.01, subdivision 12, is amended to
196.27 read:

196.28 Subd. 12. **Compressed natural gas or CNG.** "Compressed natural gas" or "CNG"
196.29 means natural gas, primarily methane, condensed under high pressure and stored in
196.30 specially designed storage tanks at between 2,000 and 3,600 pounds per square inch.
196.31 For purposes of this chapter, the energy content of CNG is considered to be ~~1,000~~ 900
196.32 BTUs per cubic foot.

197.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
197.2 June 30, 2015.

197.3 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 296A.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

197.4 Subd. 2. **Rate of tax.** The special fuel excise tax is imposed at the following rates:

197.5 (a) Liquefied petroleum gas or propane is taxed at the rate of 18.75 cents per gallon.

197.6 (b) Liquefied natural gas is taxed at the rate of 15 cents per gallon.

197.7 (c) Compressed natural gas is taxed at the rate of ~~\$2.174~~ \$1.974 per thousand cubic
197.8 feet; or 25 cents per gasoline equivalent. For purposes of this paragraph, "gasoline
197.9 equivalent," as defined by the National Conference on Weights and Measures, is 5.66
197.10 pounds of natural gas or 126.67 cubic feet.

197.11 (d) All other special fuel is taxed at the same rate as the gasoline excise tax as
197.12 specified in section 296A.07, subdivision 2. The tax is payable in the form and manner
197.13 prescribed by the commissioner.

197.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
197.15 June 30, 2015.

197.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297E.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

197.17 Subdivision 1. **Imposition.** (a) A tax is imposed on all lawful gambling other than
197.18 (1) paper or electronic pull-tab deals or games; (2) tipboard deals or games; and (3)
197.19 ~~electronic linked bingo; and~~ (4) items listed in section 297E.01, subdivision 8, clauses
197.20 (4) and (5), at the rate of 8.5 percent on the gross receipts as defined in section 297E.01,
197.21 subdivision 8, less prizes actually paid.

197.22 (b) A tax is imposed on the conduct of paper pull-tabs, at the rate of nine percent of
197.23 the gross receipts, less prizes actually paid, of the pull-tab deal. However, the tax imposed
197.24 under this paragraph applies only to paper pull-tabs sold at a bingo hall as defined in
197.25 section 349.12, subdivision 4a.

197.26 (c) The tax imposed by this subdivision is in lieu of the tax imposed by section
197.27 297A.62 and all local taxes and license fees except a fee authorized under section 349.16,
197.28 subdivision 8, or a tax authorized under subdivision 5.

197.29 (d) The tax imposed under this subdivision is payable by the organization or party
197.30 conducting, directly or indirectly, the gambling.

197.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for gross receipts received and sales
197.32 made on or after July 1, 2015.

198.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297E.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

198.2 Subd. 6. **Combined net receipts tax.** (a) In addition to the taxes imposed under
 198.3 subdivision 1, a tax is imposed on the combined receipts of the organization. As used
 198.4 in this section, "combined net receipts" is the sum of the organization's gross receipts
 198.5 from lawful gambling less gross receipts directly derived from the conduct of paper
 198.6 bingo, electronic linked bingo, raffles, and paddlewheels, as defined in section 297E.01,
 198.7 subdivision 8, and less the net prizes actually paid, other than prizes actually paid for
 198.8 paper bingo, electronic linked bingo, raffles, and paddlewheels, for the fiscal year. The
 198.9 combined net receipts of an organization for the fiscal year are subject to a tax computed
 198.10 according to the following schedule of rates:

198.11	If the combined net	The tax is:
198.12	receipts for the fiscal year	
198.13	are:	
198.14	Not over \$87,500	nine percent
198.15	Over \$87,500, but not over	\$7,875 plus 18 percent of the amount
198.16	\$122,500	over \$87,500, but not over \$122,500
198.17	Over \$122,500, but not	\$14,175 plus 27 percent of the amount
198.18	over \$157,500	over \$122,500, but not over \$157,500
198.19	Over \$157,500	\$23,625 plus 36 percent of the
198.20		amount over \$157,500

- 198.21 (1) on the first \$100,000, 9 percent;
- 198.22 (2) on all over \$100,000 but not over \$200,000, 18 percent;
- 198.23 (3) on all over \$200,000 but not over \$300,000, 27 percent; and
- 198.24 (4) on all over \$300,000, 36 percent.

198.25 (b) On or before April 1, 2016, the commissioner shall estimate the total amount of
 198.26 revenue, including interest and penalties, that will be collected for fiscal year 2016 from
 198.27 taxes imposed under this chapter. If the amount estimated by the commissioner equals or
 198.28 exceeds ~~\$94,800,000~~ \$72,000,000, the commissioner shall certify that effective July 1,
 198.29 2016, the rates under this paragraph apply in lieu of the rates under paragraph (a) and shall
 198.30 publish a notice to that effect in the State Register and notify each taxpayer by June 1,
 198.31 2016. If the rates under this section apply, the combined net receipts of an organization for
 198.32 the fiscal year are subject to a tax computed according to the following schedule of rates:

198.33	If the combined net	The tax is:
198.34	receipts for the fiscal year	
198.35	are:	
198.36	Not over \$87,500	8.5 percent
198.37	Over \$87,500, but not over	\$7,438 plus 17 percent of the amount
198.38	\$122,500	over \$87,500, but not over \$122,500

- 199.1 ~~Over \$122,500, but not~~ ~~\$13,388 plus 25.5 percent of the~~
 199.2 ~~over \$157,500~~ ~~amount over \$122,500, but not over~~
 199.3 ~~\$157,500~~
- 199.4 ~~Over \$157,500~~ ~~\$22,313 plus 34 percent of the~~
 199.5 ~~amount over \$157,500~~
- 199.6 (1) on the first \$100,000, 8.5 percent;
 199.7 (2) on all over \$100,000 but not over \$200,000, 17 percent;
 199.8 (3) on all over \$200,000 but not over \$300,000, 25.5 percent; and
 199.9 (4) on all over \$300,000, 34 percent.
- 199.10 (c) The first \$50,000 on which taxes would otherwise be due under this section
 199.11 for a fiscal year is exempt from taxation.
- 199.12 ~~(e)~~ (d) Gross receipts derived from sports-themed tipboards are exempt from taxation
 199.13 under this section. For purposes of this paragraph, a sports-themed tipboard means a
 199.14 sports-themed tipboard as defined in section 349.12, subdivision 34, under which the
 199.15 winning numbers are determined by the numerical outcome of a professional sporting event.
- 199.16 (e) A bingo hall as defined in section 349.12, subdivision 4a, is exempt from taxation
 199.17 under this subdivision with respect to receipts from paper pull-tabs.

199.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

199.19 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
 199.20 to read:

199.21 Subd. 6a. **Consumable material.** "Consumable material" means any liquid nicotine
 199.22 solution or other material containing nicotine that is depleted as a vapor product is used.

199.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

199.24 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

199.25 Subd. 19. **Tobacco products.** (a) "Tobacco products" means any product
 199.26 containing, made, or derived from tobacco that is intended for human consumption,
 199.27 whether chewed, smoked, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or ingested by
 199.28 any other means, or any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product, including,
 199.29 but not limited to, cigars; cheroots; stogies; periques; granulated, plug cut, crimp cut,
 199.30 ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco; snuff; snuff flour; cavendish; plug and twist
 199.31 tobacco; fine-cut and other chewing tobacco; shorts; refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and
 199.32 sweepings of tobacco, vapor products, and other kinds and forms of tobacco; but does
 199.33 not include cigarettes as defined in this section. Tobacco products excludes any tobacco
 199.34 product that has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for

200.1 sale as a tobacco cessation product, as a tobacco dependence product, or for other medical
200.2 purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for such an approved purpose.

200.3 (b) Except for the imposition of tax under section 297F.05, subdivisions 3 and 4,
200.4 tobacco products includes a premium cigar, as defined in subdivision 13a.

200.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

200.6 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
200.7 to read:

200.8 **Subd. 24. Vapor products.** "Vapor products" means any noncombustible product
200.9 that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other electronic,
200.10 chemical, or mechanical means, regardless of shape or size, that can be used to produce
200.11 vapor from nicotine in a solution or other form. Vapor products include any electronic
200.12 cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, or similar product or device
200.13 and any vapor cartridge or other container of nicotine in a solution or other form that is
200.14 intended to be used with or in an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo,
200.15 electronic pipe, or similar product or device. Vapor products do not include any product
200.16 regulated as a drug or device by the United States Food and Drug Administration.

200.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

200.18 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

200.19 Subdivision 1. **Rates; cigarettes.** A tax is imposed upon the sale of cigarettes in this
200.20 state, upon having cigarettes in possession in this state with intent to sell, upon any person
200.21 engaged in business as a distributor, and upon the use or storage by consumers, at the rate
200.22 of ~~141.5~~ 145 mills, or ~~14.15~~ 14.5 cents, on each cigarette.

200.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

200.24 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

200.25 Subd. 3. **Rates; tobacco products.** (a) Except as provided in ~~subdivision~~
200.26 subdivisions 3a and 3b, a tax is imposed upon all tobacco products in this state and upon
200.27 any person engaged in business as a distributor, at the rate of 95 percent of the wholesale
200.28 sales price of the tobacco products. The tax is imposed at the time the distributor:

200.29 (1) brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from outside the state tobacco
200.30 products for sale;

200.31 (2) makes, manufactures, or fabricates tobacco products in this state for sale in
200.32 this state; or

201.1 (3) ships or transports tobacco products to retailers in this state, to be sold by those
201.2 retailers.

201.3 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a minimum tax equal to the rate imposed on a
201.4 pack of 20 cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, as established
201.5 under subdivision 1, is imposed on each container of moist snuff.

201.6 For purposes of this subdivision, a "container" means the smallest consumer-size can,
201.7 package, or other container that is marketed or packaged by the manufacturer, distributor,
201.8 or retailer for separate sale to a retail purchaser. When more than one container is
201.9 packaged together, each container is subject to tax.

201.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales made on or after July 1, 2015.

201.11 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
201.12 to read:

201.13 **Subd. 3b. Rates; vapor products.** A tax is imposed upon all vapor products in this
201.14 state and upon any person engaged in business as a tobacco product distributor, at the rate
201.15 of 30 cents per milliliter of consumable material. The tax imposed under this subdivision
201.16 is imposed at the time the tobacco products distributor:

201.17 (1) brings, or causes to be brought into this state, vapor products for sale;

201.18 (2) makes, manufactures, or fabricates vapor products in this state for sale in this
201.19 state; or

201.20 (3) ships or transports vapor products to retailers in this state to be sold by those
201.21 retailers.

201.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales made on or after July 1, 2015.

201.23 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
201.24 to read:

201.25 **Subd. 4b. Use tax; vapor products.** A tax is imposed upon the use or storage by
201.26 consumers of all vapor products in this state, and upon such consumers, at the rate of 30
201.27 cents per milliliter of consumable material.

201.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for use and storage of vapor products
201.29 on or after July 1, 2015.

201.30 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

202.1 Subdivision 1. **Federal laws.** The tax imposed by this section does not apply with
202.2 respect to any sale of cigarettes, vapor products, or tobacco products which under the
202.3 Constitution and laws of the United States may not be subject to taxation by the state.

202.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales made on or after July 1, 2015.

202.5 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

202.6 Subd. 4. **Tobacco products use tax.** The tobacco products use tax does not apply to
202.7 the possession, use, or storage of tobacco products if (1) the tobacco products have an
202.8 aggregate cost in any calendar month to the consumer of \$50 or less, and (2) for vapor
202.9 products the consumable material subject to the tax does not exceed in the aggregate 50
202.10 milliliters in any calendar month, and (3) the tobacco products were carried into this state
202.11 by that consumer.

202.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for possession, use, or storage of
202.13 tobacco products on or after July 1, 2015.

202.14 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

202.15 Subd. 5. **Deposit of proceeds.** The commissioner shall use the amounts appropriated
202.16 by law to purchase stamps for resale. The commissioner shall charge the purchasers for the
202.17 ~~costs of the stamps along with the tax value of the stamps plus shipping costs.~~ The costs
202.18 ~~recovered along with shipping costs~~ recovered must be deposited into the general fund.

202.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales of stamps made after June
202.20 30, 2015.

202.21 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.08, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

202.22 Subd. 7. **Price of stamps.** The commissioner shall sell stamps to any person
202.23 licensed as a distributor at a discount of 0.45 percent from the face amount of the stamps
202.24 purchased in any fiscal year, except that such discount shall not apply to that portion of the
202.25 face amount of the stamps representing the cigarette sales tax as imposed under section
202.26 297F.25. The commissioner shall not sell stamps to any other person. The commissioner
202.27 may prescribe the method of shipment of the stamps to the distributor as well as the
202.28 quantities of stamps purchased.

202.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales of stamps made after June
202.30 30, 2015.

203.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.08, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

203.2 Subd. 8. **Sale of stamps.** The commissioner may sell stamps on a credit basis under
203.3 conditions prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner shall sell the stamps at a
203.4 price which includes the tax after giving effect to the discount provided in subdivision
203.5 7. ~~The commissioner shall recover the actual costs of the stamps from the distributor.~~
203.6 The commissioner shall annually establish the maximum amount of stamps that may
203.7 be purchased each month.

203.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales of stamps made after June
203.9 30, 2015.

203.10 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

203.11 Subdivision 1. **Monthly return; cigarette distributor.** On or before the 18th day of
203.12 each calendar month, a distributor with a place of business in this state shall file a return
203.13 with the commissioner showing the quantity of cigarettes manufactured or brought in
203.14 from outside the state or purchased during the preceding calendar month and the quantity
203.15 of cigarettes sold or otherwise disposed of in this state and outside this state during that
203.16 month. A licensed distributor outside this state shall in like manner file a return showing the
203.17 quantity of cigarettes shipped or transported into this state during the preceding calendar
203.18 month. Returns must be made in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner
203.19 and must contain any other information required by the commissioner. The return must be
203.20 accompanied by a remittance for the full unpaid tax liability shown by it less 0.45 percent of
203.21 the liability on the face amount of the stamps purchased, excluding that portion of the face
203.22 amount of the stamps representing the cigarette sales tax as imposed under section 297F.25,
203.23 as compensation to reimburse the distributor for expenses incurred in the administration
203.24 of this chapter. For distributors subject to the accelerated tax payment requirements in
203.25 subdivision 10, the return for the May liability is due two business days before June 30th
203.26 of the year and the return for the June liability is due on or before August 18th of the year.

203.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales of stamps made after June
203.28 30, 2015.

203.29 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 309.53, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

203.30 Subd. 3. **Financial statement requirements.** The financial statement shall include
203.31 a balance sheet, statement of income and expense, and statement of functional expenses,
203.32 shall be consistent with forms furnished by the attorney general, and shall be prepared in
203.33 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles so as to make a full disclosure

204.1 of the following, including necessary allocations between each item and the basis of
204.2 such allocations:

204.3 (a) total receipts and total income from all sources;

204.4 (b) cost of management and general;

204.5 (c) program services;

204.6 (d) cost of fund-raising;

204.7 (e) cost of public education;

204.8 (f) funds or properties transferred out of state, with explanation as to recipient and
204.9 purpose;

204.10 (g) total net amount disbursed or dedicated within this state, broken down into total
204.11 amounts disbursed or dedicated for each major purpose, charitable or otherwise;

204.12 (h) names of professional fund-raisers used during the accounting year and the
204.13 financial compensation and profit resulting to each professional fund-raiser; and

204.14 (i) a list of the five highest paid directors, officers, and employees of the organization
204.15 and its related organizations, as that term is defined by section 317A.011, subdivision 18,
204.16 that receive total compensation of more than \$100,000, together with the compensation paid
204.17 to each. For purposes of this subdivision, "compensation" is defined as the total amount
204.18 reported on Form W-2 (Box 5) or Form 1099-MISC (Box 7) issued by the organization
204.19 and its related organizations to the individual. The value of fringe benefits and deferred
204.20 compensation paid by the charitable organization and all related organizations as that term
204.21 is defined by section 317A.011, subdivision 18, shall also be reported as a separate item for
204.22 each person whose compensation is required to be reported pursuant to this subdivision.

204.23 Unless otherwise required by this subdivision, the financial statement need not be
204.24 certified.

204.25 A financial statement of a charitable organization which has received total revenue
204.26 in excess of \$750,000 for the 12 months of operation covered by the statement shall be
204.27 accompanied by an audited financial statement prepared in accordance with generally
204.28 accepted accounting principles that has been examined by an independent certified public
204.29 accountant for the purpose of expressing an opinion. In preparing the audit the certified
204.30 public accountant shall take into consideration capital, endowment or other reserve funds,
204.31 if any, controlled by the charitable organization. For purposes of calculating the \$750,000
204.32 total revenue threshold provided by this subdivision, the value of donated food to a
204.33 nonprofit food shelf may not be included if the food is donated for subsequent distribution
204.34 at no charge, and not for resale. Charitable organizations who conduct lawful gambling in
204.35 compliance with chapter 349 are not subject to the requirement for an audited financial

205.1 statement under this subdivision unless the organization's gross receipts, less prizes actually
205.2 paid, exceed \$750,000 for the 12 months of operation covered by the financial statement.

205.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

205.4 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 349.12, is amended by adding a subdivision
205.5 to read:

205.6 Subd. 4a. **Bingo hall.** "Bingo hall" means a premises where the primary business is
205.7 bingo conducted by a nonprofit organization licensed by the board.

205.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

205.9 Sec. 20. Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 9, article 6, section 97, subdivision
205.10 6, is amended to read:

205.11 Subd. 6. **MinnesotaCare provider taxes.** Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections
205.12 13.4967, subdivision 3; 295.50, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 2a, 3, 4, 6, 6a, 7, 9b, 9c, 10a, 10b,
205.13 12b, 13, 14, and 15; 295.51, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 295.52, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 4,
205.14 4a, 5, 6, and 7; 295.53, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 4a; 295.54; 295.55; 295.56; 295.57;
205.15 295.58; 295.581; 295.582; and 295.59, are repealed effective for gross revenues received
205.16 after December 31, ~~2019~~ 2018.

205.17 Sec. 21. **REPEALER.**

205.18 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297F.05, subdivision 1a, is repealed.

205.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

205.20 **ARTICLE 8**

205.21 **TRANSPORTATION SALES TAX PROVISIONS**

205.22 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.055, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

205.23 Subd. 2. **Receipts.** The commissioner of management and budget shall credit to the
205.24 game and fish fund all money received under the game and fish laws and all income from
205.25 state lands acquired by purchase or gift for game or fish purposes, including receipts from:

205.26 (1) licenses and permits issued;

205.27 (2) fines and forfeited bail;

205.28 (3) sales of contraband, wild animals, and other property under the control of the
205.29 division;

205.30 (4) fees from advanced education courses for hunters and trappers;

- 206.1 (5) reimbursements of expenditures by the division;
206.2 (6) contributions to the division; and
206.3 (7) revenue credited to the game and fish fund under section 297A.94, paragraph
206.4 ~~(e)~~ (h), clause (1).

206.5 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.815, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

206.6 Subd. 3. **Motor vehicle lease sales tax revenue.** ~~(a) For purposes of this subdivision,~~
206.7 ~~"net revenue" means an amount equal to the revenues, including interest and penalties,~~
206.8 ~~collected under this section, during the fiscal year; less \$32,000,000 in each fiscal year.~~

206.9 ~~(b)~~ On or before June 30 of each fiscal year, the commissioner of revenue shall
206.10 estimate the amount of the ~~net revenue~~ revenues for the current fiscal year, including
206.11 interest and penalties collected during the fiscal year under this section.

206.12 ~~(c) On or after July 1~~ (b) By July 15 of the subsequent fiscal year, the commissioner
206.13 of management and budget shall transfer the ~~net revenue~~ revenues as estimated in
206.14 paragraph ~~(b)~~ (a) from the general fund, as follows:

206.15 (1) ~~\$9,000,000 annually until January 1, 2015, and 50 percent annually thereafter to~~
206.16 ~~the county state-aid highway fund. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the~~
206.17 ~~commissioner of transportation shall allocate the funds transferred under this clause to the~~
206.18 ~~counties in the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4, excluding~~
206.19 ~~the counties of Hennepin and Ramsey, so that each county shall receive of such amount~~
206.20 ~~the percentage that its population, as defined in section 477A.011, subdivision 3, estimated~~
206.21 ~~or established by July 15 of the year prior to the current calendar year, bears to the total~~
206.22 ~~population of the counties receiving funds under this clause~~ 50 percent to the county
206.23 highway allocation account in the transportation stability fund; and

206.24 (2) ~~the remainder to the greater Minnesota transit account~~ 50 percent to the transit
206.25 allocation account in the transportation stability fund.

206.26 (c) The revenues deposited under this subdivision do not include the revenues,
206.27 including interest and penalties, generated by the sales tax imposed under section
206.28 297A.62, subdivision 1a, which must be deposited as provided under the Minnesota
206.29 Constitution, article XI, section 15.

206.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with the estimate that must
206.31 be completed on or before June 30, 2017, for a transfer that occurs on or after July 1, 2017,
206.32 except paragraph (c) is effective the day following final enactment.

207.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.94, is amended to read:

207.2 **297A.94 DEPOSIT OF REVENUES.**

207.3 (a) Except as provided in this section, the commissioner shall deposit the revenues,
207.4 including interest and penalties, derived from the taxes imposed by this chapter in the state
207.5 treasury and credit them to the general fund.

207.6 (b) The commissioner shall deposit taxes in the Minnesota agricultural and economic
207.7 account in the special revenue fund if:

207.8 (1) the taxes are derived from sales and use of property and services purchased for
207.9 the construction and operation of an agricultural resource project; and

207.10 (2) the purchase was made on or after the date on which a conditional commitment
207.11 was made for a loan guaranty for the project under section 41A.04, subdivision 3.

207.12 The commissioner of management and budget shall certify to the commissioner the date
207.13 on which the project received the conditional commitment. The amount deposited in
207.14 the loan guaranty account must be reduced by any refunds and by the costs incurred by
207.15 the Department of Revenue to administer and enforce the assessment and collection of
207.16 the taxes.

207.17 (c) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties,
207.18 derived from the taxes imposed on sales and purchases included in section 297A.61,
207.19 subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clauses (1) and (4), in the state treasury, and credit them
207.20 as follows:

207.21 (1) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal
207.22 year the amount required by section 16A.661, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and

207.23 (2) after the requirements of clause (1) have been met, the balance to the general fund.

207.24 (d) Beginning with sales taxes remitted after July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall
207.25 deposit in the state treasury the revenues collected under section 297A.64, subdivision
207.26 1, and credit them to the small cities assistance account under section 162.145 in the
207.27 transportation stability fund under section 16A.89.

207.28 (e) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties,
207.29 collected under section 297A.64, subdivision 5, in the state treasury and credit them to the
207.30 general fund. By July 15 of each year the commissioner shall transfer to the highway user
207.31 tax distribution fund an amount equal to the excess fees collected under section 297A.64,
207.32 subdivision 5, for the previous calendar year.

207.33 (f) Beginning with sales taxes remitted after July 1, 2017, in conjunction with the
207.34 deposit of revenues under paragraph (d), the commissioner shall deposit into the state
207.35 treasury and credit to the metropolitan transit capital account in the transportation stability
207.36 fund under section 16A.89, an amount equal to the estimated revenues derived from the

208.1 tax rate imposed under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, on the lease or rental for not more
208.2 than 28 days of rental motor vehicles subject to section 297A.64. The commissioner shall
208.3 estimate the amount of sales tax revenues deposited under this paragraph based on the
208.4 amount of revenue deposited under paragraph (d).

208.5 (g) Starting after July 1, 2015, the commissioner shall deposit an amount of the
208.6 remittances monthly into the state treasury and credit them to the highway allocation
208.7 account in the transportation stability fund under section 16A.89, as a portion of the
208.8 estimated amount of taxes collected from the sales and purchase of motor vehicle repair
208.9 parts in that month. For the remittances between July 1, 2015, and June 30, 2016, the
208.10 monthly deposit amount is \$12,500,000. For remittances in each subsequent fiscal year
208.11 period, the monthly deposit amount is one-twelfth of the product of (1) the estimated
208.12 percentage of sales tax attributable to the sale and purchase of motor vehicle parts
208.13 calculated under this paragraph, and (2) the total sales tax revenues for the calendar year
208.14 ending before the start of that fiscal year. By July 1, 2016, and June 30 of every second
208.15 year thereafter, the commissioner shall estimate the percent of total sales tax revenues
208.16 collected in the previous calendar year that is attributable to sales and purchases of motor
208.17 vehicle parts based on federal data and department consumption models. For purposes of
208.18 this paragraph, "motor vehicle" has the meaning given in section 297B.01, subdivision 11,
208.19 and "motor vehicle repair and replacement parts" includes (1) all parts, tires, accessories,
208.20 and equipment incorporated into or affixed to the motor vehicle as part of the motor
208.21 vehicle maintenance or repair, and (2) paint, oil, and other fluids that remain on or in the
208.22 motor vehicle as part of the motor vehicle maintenance or repair.

208.23 (e) (h) 72.43 percent of the revenues, including interest and penalties, transmitted
208.24 to the commissioner under section 297A.65, must be deposited by the commissioner
208.25 in the state treasury as follows:

208.26 (1) 50 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the heritage enhancement account
208.27 in the game and fish fund, and may be spent only on activities that improve, enhance, or
208.28 protect fish and wildlife resources, including conservation, restoration, and enhancement
208.29 of land, water, and other natural resources of the state;

208.30 (2) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and
208.31 may be spent only for state parks and trails;

208.32 (3) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and
208.33 may be spent only on metropolitan park and trail grants;

208.34 (4) three percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and
208.35 may be spent only on local trail grants; and

209.1 (5) two percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund,
209.2 and may be spent only for the Minnesota Zoological Garden, the Como Park Zoo and
209.3 Conservatory, and the Duluth Zoo.

209.4 ~~(f)~~ (i) The revenue dedicated under paragraph ~~(e)~~ (h) may not be used as a substitute
209.5 for traditional sources of funding for the purposes specified, but the dedicated revenue
209.6 shall supplement traditional sources of funding for those purposes. Land acquired with
209.7 money deposited in the game and fish fund under paragraph ~~(e)~~ (h) must be open to public
209.8 hunting and fishing during the open season, except that in aquatic management areas or
209.9 on lands where angling easements have been acquired, fishing may be prohibited during
209.10 certain times of the year and hunting may be prohibited. At least 87 percent of the money
209.11 deposited in the game and fish fund for improvement, enhancement, or protection of fish
209.12 and wildlife resources under paragraph ~~(e)~~ (h) must be allocated for field operations.

209.13 ~~(g)~~ (j) The revenues deposited under paragraphs (a) to ~~(f)~~ (i) do not include the
209.14 revenues, including interest and penalties, generated by the sales tax imposed under
209.15 section 297A.62, subdivision 1a, which must be deposited as provided under the
209.16 Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 15.

209.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

209.18 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.992, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

209.19 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following terms have
209.20 the meanings given them:

209.21 (1) "metropolitan transportation area" means the counties participating in the joint
209.22 powers agreement under subdivision 3;

209.23 (2) "eligible county" means the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin,
209.24 Ramsey, Scott, or Washington;

209.25 (3) "committee" means the Grant Evaluation and Ranking System (GEARS)
209.26 Committee;

209.27 (4) "minimum guarantee county" means any metropolitan county or eligible county
209.28 that is participating in the joint powers agreement under subdivision 3, whose proportion
209.29 of the annual sales tax revenue under this section collected within that county is less
209.30 than or equal to three percent; ~~and~~

209.31 (5) "population" means the population, as defined in section 477A.011, subdivision
209.32 3, estimated or established by July 15 of the year prior to the calendar year in which
209.33 the representatives will serve on the Grant Evaluation and Ranking System Committee
209.34 established under subdivision 5; and

210.1 (6) "transitway" means a guideway, as defined in section 174.93, subdivision 1, but
210.2 excluding intercity passenger rail.

210.3 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.992, is amended by adding a
210.4 subdivision to read:

210.5 Subd. 2a. **Tax base.** Notwithstanding section 297A.99, subdivision 4, or any
210.6 requirements under the multistate agreement entered into under section 297A.995, the
210.7 tax under this section applies to all sales subject to the state sales tax under this chapter
210.8 that occur in the metropolitan transit area, except for sales and purchases of electricity
210.9 and natural gas.

210.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
210.11 June 30, 2015.

210.12 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.992, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

210.13 Subd. 6. **Allocation of Grant awards; use and allocation requirements.** (a) The
210.14 board must allocate grant awards only for the following transit purposes:

210.15 (1) assistance for transitways, which may consist of:

210.16 (i) capital improvements to transitways, including, but not limited to, commuter rail
210.17 rolling stock, light rail vehicles, and transitway buses;

210.18 (ii) capital costs for park-and-ride facilities, as defined in section 174.256,
210.19 subdivision 2;

210.20 (iii) feasibility studies, planning, alternatives analyses, environmental studies,
210.21 engineering, property acquisition for transitway purposes, and construction of transitways;
210.22 and

210.23 (iv) operating assistance for transitways; or

210.24 (2) capital and operating assistance for transit systems, including but not limited to
210.25 bus operations and arterial bus rapid transit.

210.26 (b) The joint powers board must annually award grants to each minimum guarantee
210.27 county in an amount no less than the amount of sales tax revenue collected within that
210.28 county.

210.29 (c) No more than 1.25 percent of the total awards may be annually allocated for
210.30 planning, studies, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of pedestrian programs
210.31 and bicycle programs and pathways.

210.32 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.992, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

211.1 Subd. 6a. **Priority of fund uses.** (a) The joint powers board shall allocate all
 211.2 revenues from the taxes imposed under this section in conformance with the following
 211.3 priority order:

211.4 (1) payment of debt service necessary for the fiscal year on bonds or other
 211.5 obligations issued prior to January 1, 2011, under subdivision 7; ~~and~~

211.6 (2) 100 percent of the net operating and capital maintenance costs for the fiscal year
 211.7 for all transitways in which a grant award for capital or operating costs has previously
 211.8 been provided under this section; and

211.9 (3) as otherwise authorized under this section.

211.10 (b) The joint powers board must not award any grants to begin or continue work on
 211.11 transit capital projects for which construction has not begun as of the effective date of this
 211.12 section, unless the requirements under paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), are met.

211.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
 211.14 and applies for grant awards made for calendar year 2016 and thereafter.

211.15 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.13, is amended by adding a subdivision
 211.16 to read:

211.17 **Subd. 6. Forecasted base appropriations.** The base appropriation from the general
 211.18 fund to the council for transit system operations under sections 473.371 to 473.449 in
 211.19 fiscal year 2018 and thereafter is the greater of zero or:

211.20 (1) \$76,626,000; less

211.21 (2) funds in the metropolitan area transit account in the transit assistance fund under
 211.22 section 16A.88 in that fiscal year, attributable to motor vehicle sales tax revenue under
 211.23 section 297B.09; less funds appropriated to the council from that account in fiscal year
 211.24 2015, attributable to motor vehicle sales tax revenue; less

211.25 (3) the amount in grants to the council under section 297A.992, subdivision 6a, in
 211.26 excess of 50 percent of the net operating costs of those guideways for which the grants
 211.27 are provided.

211.28 **APPLICATION.** This section applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota,
 211.29 Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

211.30 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.39, is amended by adding a subdivision
 211.31 to read:

211.32 **Subd. 6. Limitations.** The council may not issue certificates of indebtedness,
 211.33 bonds, or other obligations secured in whole or in part by a pledge of motor vehicle sales

212.1 tax revenue received under sections 16A.88 and 297B.09, or by a pledge of any earnings
212.2 from the council's investment of motor vehicle sales tax revenues.

212.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.** This section is effective the day following
212.4 final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,
212.5 Scott, and Washington.

212.6 Sec. 10. **SUPPLEMENTAL METROPOLITAN COUNCIL FUNDING.**

212.7 The joint powers board under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.992, shall allocate
212.8 \$23,700,000 to the Metropolitan Council as part of calendar year 2015 grants. This is a
212.9 onetime amount and is in addition to other grant awards from the board

212.10 Sec. 11. **REPEALER.**

212.11 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.992, subdivision 12, is repealed.

212.12 **ARTICLE 9**

212.13 **AIDS AND CREDITS**

212.14 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.726, is amended to read:

212.15 **16A.726 SPORTS FACILITIES TRANSFERS; APPROPRIATIONS.**

212.16 (a) If state appropriation bonds have not been issued under section 16A.965, amounts
212.17 not to exceed the increased revenues estimated by the commissioner of management and
212.18 budget under section 297E.021, subdivision 2, are appropriated from the general fund to
212.19 the commissioner of management and budget to make transfers to the Minnesota Sports
212.20 Facilities Authority for stadium costs as defined under section 473J.03, subdivision 9.

212.21 (b) The commissioner shall make transfers to the Minnesota Sports Facilities
212.22 Authority required to make the state payments under section 473J.13, subdivisions 2 and
212.23 4, and for the amount of Minneapolis taxes withheld under section 297A.994, subdivision
212.24 4, ~~paragraph (a), clause~~ clauses (5) and (6). Amounts sufficient to make the transfers are
212.25 appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund.

212.26 (c) \$2,700,000 is annually appropriated from the general fund from fiscal year 2014
212.27 through fiscal year 2033 to the commissioner of management and budget for a grant to the
212.28 city of St. Paul for the operating or capital costs of new or existing sports facilities.

212.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

212.30 Sec. 2. **[273.1387] SCHOOL BUILDING BOND AGRICULTURAL CREDIT.**

213.1 Subdivision 1. **Eligibility.** All class 2a, 2b, and 2c property under section 273.13,
213.2 subdivision 23, other than property consisting of the house, garage, and immediately
213.3 surrounding one acre of land of an agricultural homestead, is eligible to receive the credit
213.4 under this section.

213.5 Subd. 2. **Credit amount.** For each qualifying property, the school building bond
213.6 agricultural credit is equal to 50 percent of the property's eligible net tax capacity
213.7 multiplied by the school debt tax rate determined under section 275.08, subdivision 1b.

213.8 Subd. 3. **Credit notification.** The preliminary credit under this section must be
213.9 noted on the notice of proposed property taxes under section 275.065, subdivision 3. The
213.10 actual credit amount must be reported on the property tax statement under section 276.04,
213.11 subdivision 2. The credit may be claimed by the property owner as an income tax credit as
213.12 provided in section 290.06, subdivision 38.

213.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

213.14 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

213.15 **Subd. 3. Notice of proposed property taxes.** (a) The county auditor shall prepare
213.16 and the county treasurer shall deliver after November 10 and on or before November 24
213.17 each year, by first class mail to each taxpayer at the address listed on the county's current
213.18 year's assessment roll, a notice of proposed property taxes. Upon written request by
213.19 the taxpayer, the treasurer may send the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail
213.20 instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.

213.21 (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the notice.

213.22 (c) The notice must inform taxpayers that it contains the amount of property taxes
213.23 each taxing authority proposes to collect for taxes payable the following year. In the case of
213.24 a town, or in the case of the state general tax, the final tax amount will be its proposed tax.
213.25 The notice must clearly state for each city that has a population over 500, county, school
213.26 district, regional library authority established under section 134.201, and metropolitan
213.27 taxing districts as defined in paragraph (i), the time and place of a meeting for each taxing
213.28 authority in which the budget and levy will be discussed and public input allowed, prior to
213.29 the final budget and levy determination. The taxing authorities must provide the county
213.30 auditor with the information to be included in the notice on or before the time it certifies
213.31 its proposed levy under subdivision 1. The public must be allowed to speak at that
213.32 meeting, which must occur after November 24 and must not be held before 6:00 p.m. It
213.33 must provide a telephone number for the taxing authority that taxpayers may call if they
213.34 have questions related to the notice and an address where comments will be received by
213.35 mail, except that no notice required under this section shall be interpreted as requiring the

214.1 printing of a personal telephone number or address as the contact information for a taxing
214.2 authority. If a taxing authority does not maintain public offices where telephone calls can
214.3 be received by the authority, the authority may inform the county of the lack of a public
214.4 telephone number and the county shall not list a telephone number for that taxing authority.

214.5 (d) The notice must state for each parcel:

214.6 (1) the market value of the property as determined under section 273.11, and used
214.7 for computing property taxes payable in the following year and for taxes payable in the
214.8 current year as each appears in the records of the county assessor on November 1 of the
214.9 current year; and, in the case of residential property, whether the property is classified as
214.10 homestead or nonhomestead. The notice must clearly inform taxpayers of the years to
214.11 which the market values apply and that the values are final values;

214.12 (2) the items listed below, shown separately by county, city or town, and state
214.13 general tax, agricultural homestead credit under section 273.1384, school building bond
214.14 agricultural credit under section 273.1387, voter approved school levy, other local school
214.15 levy, and the sum of the special taxing districts, and as a total of all taxing authorities:

214.16 (i) the actual tax for taxes payable in the current year; and

214.17 (ii) the proposed tax amount.

214.18 If the county levy under clause (2) includes an amount for a lake improvement
214.19 district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that
214.20 purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount.

214.21 In the case of a town or the state general tax, the final tax shall also be its proposed
214.22 tax unless the town changes its levy at a special town meeting under section 365.52. If a
214.23 school district has certified under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, that a referendum will
214.24 be held in the school district at the November general election, the county auditor must
214.25 note next to the school district's proposed amount that a referendum is pending and that, if
214.26 approved by the voters, the tax amount may be higher than shown on the notice. In the
214.27 case of the city of Minneapolis, the levy for Minneapolis Park and Recreation shall be
214.28 listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of the city of
214.29 St. Paul, the levy for the St. Paul Library Agency must be listed separately from the
214.30 remaining amount of the city's levy. In the case of Ramsey County, any amount levied
214.31 under section 134.07 may be listed separately from the remaining amount of the county's
214.32 levy. In the case of a parcel where tax increment or the fiscal disparities areawide tax
214.33 under chapter 276A or 473F applies, the proposed tax levy on the captured value or the
214.34 proposed tax levy on the tax capacity subject to the areawide tax must each be stated
214.35 separately and not included in the sum of the special taxing districts; ~~and.~~

215.1 In the case of property allowed a school building bond agricultural credit under
215.2 section 273.1387, the notice must indicate that the property owner may claim the credit
215.3 under the income tax as provided in section 290.06, subdivision 38; and

215.4 (3) the increase or decrease between the total taxes payable in the current year and
215.5 the total proposed taxes, expressed as a percentage.

215.6 For purposes of this section, the amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under
215.7 the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount
215.8 of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount.

215.9 (e) The notice must clearly state that the proposed or final taxes do not include
215.10 the following:

215.11 (1) special assessments;

215.12 (2) levies approved by the voters after the date the proposed taxes are certified,
215.13 including bond referenda and school district levy referenda;

215.14 (3) a levy limit increase approved by the voters by the first Tuesday after the first
215.15 Monday in November of the levy year as provided under section 275.73;

215.16 (4) amounts necessary to pay cleanup or other costs due to a natural disaster
215.17 occurring after the date the proposed taxes are certified;

215.18 (5) amounts necessary to pay tort judgments against the taxing authority that become
215.19 final after the date the proposed taxes are certified; and

215.20 (6) the contamination tax imposed on properties which received market value
215.21 reductions for contamination.

215.22 (f) Except as provided in subdivision 7, failure of the county auditor to prepare or
215.23 the county treasurer to deliver the notice as required in this section does not invalidate the
215.24 proposed or final tax levy or the taxes payable pursuant to the tax levy.

215.25 (g) If the notice the taxpayer receives under this section lists the property as
215.26 nonhomestead, and satisfactory documentation is provided to the county assessor by the
215.27 applicable deadline, and the property qualifies for the homestead classification in that
215.28 assessment year, the assessor shall reclassify the property to homestead for taxes payable
215.29 in the following year.

215.30 (h) In the case of class 4 residential property used as a residence for lease or rental
215.31 periods of 30 days or more, the taxpayer must either:

215.32 (1) mail or deliver a copy of the notice of proposed property taxes to each tenant,
215.33 renter, or lessee; or

215.34 (2) post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the premises of the property.

215.35 The notice must be mailed or posted by the taxpayer by November 27 or within
215.36 three days of receipt of the notice, whichever is later. A taxpayer may notify the county

216.1 treasurer of the address of the taxpayer, agent, caretaker, or manager of the premises to
 216.2 which the notice must be mailed in order to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph.

216.3 (i) For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 6, "metropolitan special taxing
 216.4 districts" means the following taxing districts in the seven-county metropolitan area that
 216.5 levy a property tax for any of the specified purposes listed below:

216.6 (1) Metropolitan Council under section 473.132, 473.167, 473.249, 473.325,
 216.7 473.446, 473.521, 473.547, or 473.834;

216.8 (2) Metropolitan Airports Commission under section 473.667, 473.671, or 473.672;
 216.9 and

216.10 (3) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under section 473.711.

216.11 For purposes of this section, any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the
 216.12 county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter
 216.13 398A shall be included with the appropriate county's levy.

216.14 (j) The governing body of a county, city, or school district may, with the consent
 216.15 of the county board, include supplemental information with the statement of proposed
 216.16 property taxes about the impact of state aid increases or decreases on property tax
 216.17 increases or decreases and on the level of services provided in the affected jurisdiction.
 216.18 This supplemental information may include information for the following year, the current
 216.19 year, and for as many consecutive preceding years as deemed appropriate by the governing
 216.20 body of the county, city, or school district. It may include only information regarding:

216.21 (1) the impact of inflation as measured by the implicit price deflator for state and
 216.22 local government purchases;

216.23 (2) population growth and decline;

216.24 (3) state or federal government action; and

216.25 (4) other financial factors that affect the level of property taxation and local services
 216.26 that the governing body of the county, city, or school district may deem appropriate to
 216.27 include.

216.28 The information may be presented using tables, written narrative, and graphic
 216.29 representations and may contain instruction toward further sources of information or
 216.30 opportunity for comment.

216.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

216.32 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

216.33 Subd. 2. **School district in more than one county levies; special requirements.** (a)

216.34 In school districts lying in more than one county, the clerk shall certify the tax levied to the
 216.35 auditor of the county in which the administrative offices of the school district are located.

217.1 (b) The district must identify the portion of the school district levy that is levied for
217.2 debt service at the time the levy is certified under this section. For the purposes of this
217.3 paragraph, "levied for debt service" means levies authorized under sections 123B.53,
217.4 123B.535, and 123B.55, as adjusted by sections 126C.46 and 126C.48, net of any debt
217.5 excess levy reductions under section 475.61, subdivision 4.

217.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

217.7 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 275.08, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

217.8 Subd. 1b. **Computation of tax rates.** (a) The amounts certified to be levied against
217.9 net tax capacity under section 275.07 by an individual local government unit shall be
217.10 divided by the total net tax capacity of all taxable properties within the local government
217.11 unit's taxing jurisdiction. The resulting ratio, the local government's local tax rate,
217.12 multiplied by each property's net tax capacity shall be each property's net tax capacity tax
217.13 for that local government unit before reduction by any credits.

217.14 (b) The auditor must also determine the school debt tax rate for each school district
217.15 equal to the school debt service levy certified under section 275.07, divided by the total
217.16 net tax capacity of all taxable property within the district.

217.17 (c) Any amount certified to the county auditor to be levied against market value shall
217.18 be divided by the total referendum market value of all taxable properties within the taxing
217.19 district. The resulting ratio, the taxing district's new referendum tax rate, multiplied by
217.20 each property's referendum market value shall be each property's new referendum tax
217.21 before reduction by any credits. For the purposes of this subdivision, "referendum market
217.22 value" means the market value as defined in section 126C.01, subdivision 3.

217.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

217.24 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 276.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

217.25 Subd. 2. **Contents of tax statements.** (a) The treasurer shall provide for the printing
217.26 of the tax statements. The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the property
217.27 tax statement and its contents. The tax statement must not state or imply that property tax
217.28 credits are paid by the state of Minnesota. The statement must contain a tabulated statement
217.29 of the dollar amount due to each taxing authority and the amount of the state tax from the
217.30 parcel of real property for which a particular tax statement is prepared. The dollar amounts
217.31 attributable to the county, the state tax, the voter approved school tax, the other local school
217.32 tax, the township or municipality, and the total of the metropolitan special taxing districts
217.33 as defined in section 275.065, subdivision 3, paragraph (i), must be separately stated.

218.1 The amounts due all other special taxing districts, if any, may be aggregated except that
218.2 any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota,
218.3 Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter 398A shall be listed on a separate
218.4 line directly under the appropriate county's levy. If the county levy under this paragraph
218.5 includes an amount for a lake improvement district as defined under sections 103B.501
218.6 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that purpose must be separately stated from the
218.7 remaining county levy amount. In the case of Ramsey County, if the county levy under this
218.8 paragraph includes an amount for public library service under section 134.07, the amount
218.9 attributable for that purpose may be separated from the remaining county levy amount.
218.10 The amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under the senior citizens' property tax
218.11 deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount of property tax before subtraction
218.12 of the deferred property tax amount. The amount of the tax on contamination value
218.13 imposed under sections 270.91 to 270.98, if any, must also be separately stated. The dollar
218.14 amounts, including the dollar amount of any special assessments, may be rounded to the
218.15 nearest even whole dollar. For purposes of this section whole odd-numbered dollars may
218.16 be adjusted to the next higher even-numbered dollar. The amount of market value excluded
218.17 under section 273.11, subdivision 16, if any, must also be listed on the tax statement.

218.18 (b) The property tax statements for manufactured homes and sectional structures
218.19 taxed as personal property shall contain the same information that is required on the
218.20 tax statements for real property.

218.21 (c) Real and personal property tax statements must contain the following information
218.22 in the order given in this paragraph. The information must contain the current year tax
218.23 information in the right column with the corresponding information for the previous year
218.24 in a column on the left:

218.25 (1) the property's estimated market value under section 273.11, subdivision 1;

218.26 (2) the property's homestead market value exclusion under section 273.13,
218.27 subdivision 35;

218.28 (3) the property's taxable market value under section 272.03, subdivision 15;

218.29 (4) the property's gross tax, before credits;

218.30 (5) for homestead agricultural properties, the credit under section 273.1384;

218.31 (6) any credits received under sections 273.119; 273.1234 or 273.1235; 273.135;
218.32 273.1391; 273.1398, subdivision 4; 469.171; and 473H.10, except that the amount of
218.33 credit received under section 273.135 must be separately stated and identified as "taconite
218.34 tax relief"; ~~and~~

218.35 (7) the net tax payable in the manner required in paragraph (a); and

219.1 (8) the school building bond agricultural credit under section 273.1387, with a
219.2 statement indicating that the credit may be claimed as an income tax credit under section
219.3 290.06, subdivision 38.

219.4 (d) If the county uses envelopes for mailing property tax statements and if the county
219.5 agrees, a taxing district may include a notice with the property tax statement notifying
219.6 taxpayers when the taxing district will begin its budget deliberations for the current
219.7 year, and encouraging taxpayers to attend the hearings. If the county allows notices to
219.8 be included in the envelope containing the property tax statement, and if more than
219.9 one taxing district relative to a given property decides to include a notice with the tax
219.10 statement, the county treasurer or auditor must coordinate the process and may combine
219.11 the information on a single announcement.

219.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with taxes payable in 2016.

219.13 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.06, is amended by adding a subdivision
219.14 to read:

219.15 **Subd. 38. School building bond agricultural credit.** (a) A taxpayer is allowed
219.16 a credit against the tax imposed under subdivision 2c and section 290.091 equal to the
219.17 amount determined under section 273.1387 and reported to the taxpayer on the property tax
219.18 statement as provided in section 276.04, subdivision 2. The credit is allowed in the taxable
219.19 year for which the property taxes are payable. For a taxpayer who is allowed a credit under
219.20 section 273.1387 for more than one parcel, the credit under this section equals the sum of
219.21 the amounts allowed under section 273.1387 for all parcels. A credit allowed under section
219.22 273.1387 to a property with multiple owners must be allocated to the owners in the same
219.23 ratio that the owners are allowed to deduct the taxes on the property in the computation of
219.24 net income. The total amount claimed by all owners may not exceed the amount determined
219.25 under section 273.1387 and reported on the property tax statement for the property.

219.26 (b) If the amount of credit that the taxpayer is eligible to receive under this
219.27 subdivision exceeds the taxpayer's liability under this section and section 290.091, the
219.28 commissioner of revenue shall refund the excess to the taxpayer.

219.29 (c) The amount necessary to pay claims for refunds provided in this subdivision is
219.30 appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.

219.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after
219.32 December 31, 2015.

219.33 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 297A.994, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

220.1 Subd. 4. **General fund allocations.** The commissioner must retain and deposit to
220.2 the general fund the following amounts, as required by subdivision 3, clause (3):

220.3 (1) for state bond debt service support beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each
220.4 calendar year thereafter through calendar year 2046, periodic amounts so that not later than
220.5 December 31, 2046, an aggregate amount equal to a present value of \$150,000,000 has been
220.6 deposited in the general fund. To determine aggregate present value, the commissioner
220.7 must consult with the commissioner of management and budget regarding the present value
220.8 dates, discount rate or rates, and schedules of annual amounts. The present value date or
220.9 dates must be based on the date or dates bonds are sold under section 16A.965, or the date
220.10 or dates other state funds, if any, are deposited into the construction fund. The discount rate
220.11 or rates must be based on the true interest cost of the bonds issued under section 16A.965,
220.12 or an equivalent 30-year bond index, as determined by the commissioner of management
220.13 and budget. The schedule of annual amounts must be certified to the commissioner by the
220.14 commissioner of management and budget and the finance officer of the city;

220.15 (2) for the capital improvement reserve appropriation to the Minnesota Sports
220.16 Facilities Authority beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each calendar year thereafter
220.17 through calendar year 2046, an aggregate annual amount equal to the amount paid by the
220.18 state for this purpose in that calendar year under section 473J.13, subdivision 4;

220.19 (3) for the operating expense appropriation to the Minnesota Sports Facilities
220.20 Authority beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each calendar year thereafter through
220.21 calendar year 2046, an aggregate annual amount equal to the amount paid by the state for
220.22 this purpose in that calendar year under section 473J.13, subdivision 2;

220.23 (4) for recapture of state advances for capital improvements and operating expenses
220.24 for calendar years 2016 through 2020 beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each
220.25 calendar year thereafter until all amounts under this clause have been paid, proportionate
220.26 amounts periodically until an aggregate amount equal to the present value of all amounts
220.27 paid by the state have been deposited in the general fund. To determine the present
220.28 value of the amounts paid by the state to the authority and the present value of amounts
220.29 deposited to the general fund under this clause, the commissioner shall consult with the
220.30 commissioner of management and budget regarding the present value dates, discount rate
220.31 or rates, and schedule of annual amounts. The present value dates must be based on
220.32 the dates state funds are paid to the authority, or the dates the commissioner of revenue
220.33 deposits taxes for purposes of this clause to the general fund. The discount rates must be
220.34 based on the reasonably equivalent cost of state funds as determined by the commissioner
220.35 of management and budget. The schedule of annual amounts must be revised to reflect
220.36 amounts paid under section 473J.13, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), for 2016 to 2020,

221.1 and subdivision 4, paragraph (c), for 2016 to 2020, and taxes deposited to the general
221.2 fund from time to time under this clause, and the schedule and revised schedules must
221.3 be certified to the commissioner by the commissioner of management and budget and
221.4 the finance officer of the city, and are transferred as accrued from the general fund for
221.5 repayment of advances made by the state to the authority; ~~and~~

221.6 (5) to capture increases in taxes imposed under the special law, for the benefit of
221.7 the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority, beginning in calendar year 2013 and for each
221.8 calendar year thereafter through 2046, except as required under clause (6), there shall be
221.9 deposited to the general fund in proportionate periodic payments in the following year, an
221.10 amount equal to the following:

221.11 (i) 50 percent of the difference, if any, by which the amount of the net annual taxes
221.12 for the previous year exceeds the sum of the net actual taxes in calendar year 2011 plus
221.13 \$1,000,000, inflated at two percent per year since 2011, minus

221.14 (ii) 25 percent of the difference, if any, by which the amount of the net annual taxes
221.15 for the preceding year exceeds the sum of the net actual taxes in calendar year 2011 plus
221.16 \$3,000,000, inflated at two percent per year since 2011; and

221.17 (6) to offset the city aid loss in section 19, the amount deposited to the general fund
221.18 under clause (5) is reduced to zero for payments made between July 1, 2015, through June
221.19 30, 2017, until a maximum amount of \$5,864,000 in total revenue has been forgone in
221.20 deposits to the general fund under that clause; with the additional revenue returned to the
221.21 city to be deposited in its general fund and used as required under section 19.

221.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

221.23 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.013, is amended by adding a
221.24 subdivision to read:

221.25 Subd. 9a. **Maximum final aid payment to first class cities.** A first class city may
221.26 not receive a total aid payment in any year under this section that exceeds an amount equal
221.27 to 112.5 percent of the average per capita amount for all cities, except first class cities,
221.28 under subdivision 9, multiplied by its population. Any aid calculated for these cities under
221.29 subdivision 9 in excess of the amount calculated under this subdivision shall be retained
221.30 in the general fund. For purposes of this subdivision, "first class city" has the meaning
221.31 given in section 410.01.

221.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
221.33 2016 and thereafter.

222.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.013, subdivision 10, is amended to
222.2 read:

222.3 Subd. 10. **Levy adjustments for aid decreases.** Notwithstanding any local
222.4 ordinance or charter provision, a city whose certified aid under ~~subdivision~~ subdivisions 9
222.5 and 9a is less than the amount it received in the previous year under the same subdivision
222.6 may increase its levy payable in the same year as the certified aid is paid by an amount
222.7 equal to the aid decrease for that year.

222.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
222.9 2016 and thereafter.

222.10 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.017, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

222.11 Subd. 2. **State auditor's duties.** The state auditor shall prescribe uniform financial
222.12 accounting and reporting standards in conformity with national standards to be applicable
222.13 to cities and towns of more than 2,500 population and uniform reporting standards to be
222.14 applicable to cities and towns of less than 2,500 population.

222.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for reporting of financial information
222.16 for years ending on or after December 31, 2015.

222.17 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.017, is amended by adding a
222.18 subdivision to read:

222.19 Subd. 4. **Noncompliance.** (a) If a county, city, or town required to make financial
222.20 reports under this section does not file them in a timely fashion, the state auditor may
222.21 arrange to complete and file the financial reports on its behalf and charge the county, city,
222.22 or town for 105 percent of the cost of the service. The amount charged may not exceed
222.23 the amount of aid the county, city, or town receives under sections 477A.011 to 477A.03.
222.24 The state auditor may use staff from the state auditor's office or may contract with persons
222.25 from the private sector to complete the reports. The county, city, or town must provide
222.26 access to all public records necessary to filing the financial report to the state auditor or
222.27 state auditor's designee.

222.28 (b) The state auditor may delay the dates for filing required financial reports or
222.29 waive the filing of reports for any year upon petition of the chief clerical officer of a
222.30 county, city, or town in the case of a disaster or emergency. The county, city, or town must
222.31 provide any information requested by the state auditor needed to make the decision on
222.32 whether or not to delay or waive the filing requirements. The decision of the state auditor
222.33 under this paragraph is final.

223.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

223.2 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.03, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

223.3 Subd. 2a. **Cities.** ~~For aids payable in 2014, the total aid paid under section~~
223.4 ~~477A.013, subdivision 9, is \$507,598,012. The total aid paid under section 477A.013,~~
223.5 ~~subdivision 9, is \$516,898,012 for aids payable in 2015. For aids payable in 2016~~
223.6 ~~and thereafter, the total aid paid calculated under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, is~~
223.7 ~~\$519,398,012. For aids payable in 2016 and thereafter, the total aids payable to cities under~~
223.8 ~~section 477A.013 is the amount calculated under section 477A.013, subdivision 9, minus~~
223.9 ~~the amount of aid retained in the general fund under section 477A.013, subdivision 9a.~~

223.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
223.11 2016 and thereafter.

223.12 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.03, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

223.13 Subd. 2b. **Counties.** (a) ~~For aids payable in 2014 and thereafter 2016 and~~
223.14 ~~thereafter, the total aid payable under section 477A.0124, subdivision 3, is \$100,795,000~~
223.15 ~~\$100,295,000. Each calendar year, \$500,000 of this appropriation shall be retained by the~~
223.16 ~~commissioner of revenue to make reimbursements to the commissioner of management and~~
223.17 ~~budget for payments made under section 611.27. The reimbursements shall be to defray the~~
223.18 ~~additional costs associated with court-ordered counsel under section 611.27. Any retained~~
223.19 ~~amounts not used for reimbursement in a year shall be included in the next distribution~~
223.20 ~~of county need aid that is certified to the county auditors for the purpose of property tax~~
223.21 ~~reduction for the next taxes payable year. Any amount retained from the 2015 allocation~~
223.22 ~~for costs of court-ordered counsel under this subdivision and not used for reimbursement~~
223.23 ~~shall be included in the distribution of county need aid for calendar year 2016.~~

223.24 (b) ~~For aids payable in 2014 and thereafter 2015 and thereafter, the total aid under~~
223.25 ~~section 477A.0124, subdivision 4, is \$104,909,575 \$104,695,575. The commissioner~~
223.26 ~~of revenue shall transfer to the commissioner of management and budget \$207,000~~
223.27 ~~annually for the cost of preparation of local impact notes as required by section 3.987,~~
223.28 ~~and other local government activities. The commissioner of revenue shall transfer to the~~
223.29 ~~commissioner of education \$7,000 annually for the cost of preparation of local impact~~
223.30 ~~notes for school districts as required by section 3.987. The commissioner of revenue shall~~
223.31 ~~deduct the amounts transferred under this paragraph from the appropriation under this~~
223.32 ~~paragraph. The amounts transferred are appropriated to the commissioner of management~~
223.33 ~~and budget and the commissioner of education respectively.~~

224.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The amendment to paragraph (a) is effective for aids payable
224.2 in 2016 and thereafter. The amendment to paragraph (b) is effective for aids payable in
224.3 2015 and thereafter.

224.4 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 611.27, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

224.5 Subd. 13. **Public defense services; correctional facility inmates.** All billings
224.6 for services rendered and ordered under subdivision 7 shall require the approval of the
224.7 chief district public defender before being forwarded on a monthly basis to the state
224.8 public defender. In cases where adequate representation cannot be provided by the district
224.9 public defender and where counsel has been appointed under a court order, the state
224.10 public defender shall forward to the commissioner of management and budget all billings
224.11 for services rendered under the court order. ~~The commissioner shall pay for services~~
224.12 ~~from county program aid retained by the commissioner of revenue for that purpose under~~
224.13 ~~section 477A.03, subdivision 2b, paragraph (a).~~

224.14 The costs of appointed counsel and associated services in cases arising from new
224.15 criminal charges brought against indigent inmates who are incarcerated in a Minnesota
224.16 state correctional facility are the responsibility of the state Board of Public Defense. In
224.17 such cases the state public defender may follow the procedures outlined in this section for
224.18 obtaining court-ordered counsel.

224.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

224.20 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 611.27, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

224.21 Subd. 15. **Costs of transcripts.** In appeal cases and postconviction cases where
224.22 the appellate public defender's office does not have sufficient funds to pay for transcripts
224.23 and other necessary expenses because it has spent or committed all of the transcript
224.24 funds in its annual budget, the state public defender may forward to the commissioner
224.25 of management and budget all billings for transcripts and other necessary expenses. ~~The~~
224.26 ~~commissioner shall pay for these transcripts and other necessary expenses from county~~
224.27 ~~program aid retained by the commissioner of revenue for that purpose under section~~
224.28 ~~477A.03, subdivision 2b, paragraph (a).~~

224.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

224.30 Sec. 17. **2013 CITY AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF OSLO.**

224.31 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of
224.32 Oslo shall receive the portion of its aid payment for calendar year 2013 under Minnesota

225.1 Statutes, section 477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section
225.2 477A.017, subdivision 3, provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner
225.3 of revenue that it received audited financial statements from the city for calendar year
225.4 2012 by December 31, 2013. The commissioner of revenue shall make a payment of
225.5 \$37,473.50 with the first payment of aids under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015.
225.6 \$37,473.50 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue in fiscal
225.7 year 2016 to make this payment.

225.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

225.9 **Sec. 18. 2014 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS.**

225.10 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, any city
225.11 that did not receive all or part of its calendar year 2014 aid payment for failing to meet
225.12 the requirements for filing calendar year 2013 financial reports with the state auditor, as
225.13 required under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, shall receive its aid
225.14 payment provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that it
225.15 received audited financial statements from the city for calendar years 2013 and 2014 by
225.16 June 1, 2015.

225.17 (b) The commissioner of revenue shall make payment to each qualifying city no
225.18 later than June 30, 2015. Up to \$101,570 of the fiscal year 2015 appropriation for local
225.19 government aid is available for the payment under this section.

225.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

225.21 **Sec. 19. CALENDAR YEAR 2015 EARLY PAYMENT TO CERTAIN CITIES.**

225.22 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.015, the commissioner of revenue
225.23 shall pay a percentage of the July 20, 2015, aid payments under Minnesota Statutes,
225.24 sections 477A.011 to 477A.013 to cities with a 2013 population of 80,000 or more, by
225.25 June 22, 2015. The percentage of the aid paid in June for each city will be equal and set to
225.26 the amount so that total June payments equal \$18,750,000. The first payment to each city
225.27 on or after July 20, 2015, shall be reduced by the amount of its June payment amount.

225.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

225.29 **Sec. 20. 2016 REDUCTION TO OFFSET ADDITIONAL GENERAL FUND USE**
225.30 **OF LOCAL SALES TAX REVENUE.**

225.31 For the city of Minneapolis the aid payable under Minnesota Statutes, section
225.32 477A.013, subdivision 9, in 2016 only, is reduced by \$5,864,000. The city may deposit in

226.1 its general fund the additional portion of its sales tax, retained under Minnesota Statutes,
226.2 section 297A.994, subdivision 4, clause (6), during fiscal year 2016 and fiscal year 2017,
226.3 up to \$5,864,000 to fund any governmental purposes in calendar year 2016 that would
226.4 otherwise be funded with aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013, subdivision 9.

226.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for aids payable in calendar year
226.6 2016 only.

226.7 Sec. 21. **COUNTY PROGRAM AID WORKING GROUP.**

226.8 (a) A county program aid working group is established as provided in this section.
226.9 The goals of the working group are to recommend one or more alternative options for
226.10 distributing county program aid that promote:

226.11 (1) fairness, with regard to the wide range of populations, demographic profiles,
226.12 service needs, tax bases, economic conditions, and physical conditions of counties across
226.13 the state; and

226.14 (2) stability, to reduce major year-to-year fluctuations in aid distributions and allow
226.15 counties to predict the amount of aid that they will receive from year to year.

226.16 (b) The 11-member working group shall consist of the following members:

226.17 (1) two state representatives, both appointed by the chair of the house of
226.18 representatives Committee on Taxes, one from the majority party and one from the largest
226.19 minority party;

226.20 (2) two senators appointed by the senate Subcommittee on Committees of the
226.21 Committee on Rules and Administration, one from the majority party and one from the
226.22 largest minority party;

226.23 (3) two persons appointed by the governor; and

226.24 (4) five persons appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties, provided that
226.25 they are county officials, and that no more than two persons are appointed from counties
226.26 in the metropolitan area as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2.

226.27 (c) The state representative from the majority party shall chair the initial meeting,
226.28 and the working group shall elect a chair at that initial meeting. The working group
226.29 will meet at the call of the chair. Members of the working group shall serve without
226.30 compensation. Legislative staff must provide administrative support to the working group.
226.31 Chapter 13D does not apply to meetings of the working group. Meetings of the working
226.32 group must be open to the public and the working group must provide notice of a meeting
226.33 to potentially interested persons at least seven days before the meeting. A meeting of the
226.34 working group occurs when a quorum is present.

227.1 (d) The working group shall make its advisory recommendations to the chairs of the
227.2 house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over taxes, in compliance
227.3 with Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 3.197, on or before February 1, 2016, at
227.4 which time the working group shall be finished and this section expires.

227.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

227.6 Sec. 22. **STUDY ON IMPACT OF ADDITIONAL HEALTH-RELATED COSTS**
227.7 **INCURRED BY COUNTIES.**

227.8 The commissioner of revenue shall collect information from each county and
227.9 compile a report on the total increase in county administrative costs due to lack of
227.10 functionality of the MNsure eligibility determination system for medical assistance
227.11 and MinnesotaCare in the 2014 calendar year compared to those costs had the MNsure
227.12 eligibility determination system been fully functional. The study should include
227.13 information on the number of additional staff hours and related salary costs, as well
227.14 as other associated expenses related to increased processing time for (1) determining
227.15 eligibility for medical assistance and MNsure applicants, and (2) processing renewals and
227.16 modifications for life change events of existing clients for medical assistance and MNsure.
227.17 The report on this information is due to the chairs of the house of representatives and
227.18 senate committees with jurisdiction over taxes, in compliance with Minnesota Statutes,
227.19 sections 3.195 and 3.197, by February 15, 2016.

227.20 Sec. 23. **REPEALER.**

227.21 Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 477A.017, subdivision 3; 477A.085; and
227.22 477A.19, are repealed.

227.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

227.24 **ARTICLE 10**

227.25 **MISCELLANEOUS**

227.26 Section 1. **[11A.237] ACCOUNT FOR COUNTY JOINT TRUST FUND**
227.27 **PAYMENTS.**

227.28 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The State Board of Investment, when requested by a
227.29 county as required under sections 97A.056, subdivision 1b, and 116P.045, subdivision 2,
227.30 shall invest the funds deposited by the commissioner of revenue, acting as an agent on its
227.31 behalf, under section 97A.056, subdivision 1b, or 116P.045, subdivision 2, in a special
227.32 account for that purpose in the combined investment funds established in section 11A.14,

228.1 subject to the policy and procedures of the State Board of Investment. Use of the funds is
228.2 restricted to payments to the commissioner of revenue, acting as an agent on behalf of
228.3 the counties, for distributions to counties under sections 97A.056, subdivision 1b, and
228.4 116P.045, subdivision 3.

228.5 Subd. 2. **Account maintenance and investment.** The commissioner of revenue
228.6 may deposit money into the account on behalf of the counties and may withdraw money
228.7 from the account for the purpose of making distributions to the counties under sections
228.8 97A.056, subdivision 1b, and 116P.045, subdivision 3, only. The commissioner of revenue
228.9 shall make one payment under each section each year for all counties eligible for a payment
228.10 in that year. The commissioner shall make one withdrawal annually at a time negotiated
228.11 with the executive director of the State Board of Investment, but no later than November
228.12 15 to cover distributions to counties under section 477A.30, up to the limit allowed under
228.13 that section. Such transactions shall be in a manner required by the executive director of
228.14 the State Board of Investment. Investment earnings must be credited to the account.

228.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning January 1, 2017.

228.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.056, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

228.17 Subd. 1a. **Definitions.** ~~For the purpose of~~ (a) The definitions in this subdivision
228.18 apply to this section and appropriations from the outdoor heritage fund;

228.19 (b) "Land acquisition costs" means acquisition coordination costs, costs of
228.20 engineering services, appraisal fees, attorney fees, taxes, assessments required at the time
228.21 of purchase, onetime trust fund payments under subdivision 1b, and recording fees.

228.22 (c) "Recipient" means the entity responsible for deliverables financed by the outdoor
228.23 heritage fund.

228.24 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.056, is amended by adding a subdivision
228.25 to read:

228.26 Subd. 1b. **Outdoor heritage trust fund account; trust fund payments.** (a)
228.27 An outdoor heritage trust fund account is created in the special revenue fund. The
228.28 State Board of Investment must ensure the account is invested under section 11A.24.
228.29 The commissioner of management and budget must credit to the account all money
228.30 appropriated to the account and all money earned by the account. The principal of the
228.31 account and any unexpended earnings must be invested and reinvested by the State Board
228.32 of Investment. Nothing in this section limits the source of contributions to the account.
228.33 Money in the account must be used only for the purposes of this subdivision.

229.1 (b) State land acquired in fee in whole or in part with money appropriated from the
229.2 outdoor heritage fund is eligible for a onetime trust fund payment as provided under this
229.3 subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, "acquired in part" means that at least 20
229.4 percent of the state payment for the parcel was from money from the outdoor heritage
229.5 fund. The trust payment is equal to 30 times the property taxes assessed in the year prior
229.6 to the year in which the land is acquired. If the land was acquired from a private party
229.7 that was exempt from paying property taxes, the payments must be based on 30 times the
229.8 property taxes assessed on comparable land in the year prior to the year in which the land
229.9 is acquired. By September 1 of each year, the county in which the land is acquired must
229.10 provide the commissioner of revenue with information necessary in a form determined
229.11 by the commissioner to make this determination for all lands acquired for the 12-month
229.12 period ending on June 30 of that year. The commissioner of revenue must make a trust
229.13 payment on behalf of each county on the same date as the first payment under section
229.14 273.1384, subdivision 4, each year for all land acquired in that county in the 12-month
229.15 period ending on June 30 of that year to the State Board of Investment as required under
229.16 paragraph (e). The money so deposited is money paid to the counties and may only be
229.17 withdrawn for the purposes allowed under section 477A.30. The commissioner of revenue
229.18 must inform each county by October 15 of each year the amount deposited on the county's
229.19 behalf with the State Board of Investment under this subdivision.

229.20 (c) If the land eligible for a trust fund payment under this subdivision is also eligible
229.21 for a trust fund payment under section 116P.045, the payment under this subdivision is
229.22 equal to the amount calculated under paragraph (b), multiplied by the ratio of (1) the
229.23 amount paid for the parcel with money from the outdoor heritage fund to (2) the sum
229.24 of the money paid for the parcel out of the outdoor heritage fund and the environment
229.25 and natural resources trust fund.

229.26 (d) The amount necessary to make the payments required under this subdivision is
229.27 annually appropriated from the outdoor heritage trust fund account to the commissioner of
229.28 revenue.

229.29 (e) In order to receive a trust fund payment under this subdivision, a county
229.30 board must enter into an agreement with the State Board of Investment to allow the
229.31 commissioner of revenue to make deposits and withdrawals on behalf of the county into
229.32 and out of the county joint trust fund account under section 1.

229.33 (f) Land receiving a trust fund payment under this subdivision is not eligible
229.34 for payments under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14, but is eligible for distribution of
229.35 withdrawals from the county joint trust fund account under section 477A.30.

230.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016, and applies to land
230.2 acquired with funds appropriated on or after that date.

230.3 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.056, is amended by adding a subdivision
230.4 to read:

230.5 Subd. 15b. **State acquisition of land; restrictions.** The state may not use funds
230.6 from the environment and natural resources fund to acquire in fee in whole or in part any
230.7 land currently subject to property taxes or any land owned by a nonprofit organization that
230.8 was subject to property taxes prior to the land's acquisition by the nonprofit organization if
230.9 (1) subdivision 1b is void, or (2) sufficient funds to cover the onetime trust fund payment
230.10 required under that subdivision have not been appropriated or are not available.

230.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016, and applies to land
230.12 acquired with funds appropriated on or after that date.

230.13 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116P.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

230.14 Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** The definitions in this section apply to this chapter,
230.15 except that the definition in subdivision 6 does not apply to section 116P.045.

230.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

230.17 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116P.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
230.18 to read:

230.19 Subd. 4a. **Land acquisition costs.** "Land acquisition costs" means acquisition
230.20 coordination costs, costs of engineering services, appraisal fees, attorney fees, taxes,
230.21 assessments required at the time of purchase, payments under section 116P.045, and
230.22 recording fees.

230.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

230.24 Sec. 7. **[116P.045] ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TRUST**
230.25 **FUND PAYMENT ACCOUNT.**

230.26 Subdivision 1. **Account created.** An environment and natural resources trust fund
230.27 payment account is created in the special revenue fund. The State Board of Investment
230.28 must ensure the account is invested under section 11A.24. The commissioner of
230.29 management and budget must credit to the account all money appropriated to the account
230.30 and all money earned by the account. The principal of the account and any unexpended
230.31 earnings must be invested and reinvested by the State Board of Investment. Nothing in

231.1 this section limits the source of contributions to the account. Money in the account must
231.2 be used only for the purposes of this section.

231.3 Subd. 2. **Trust fund payment; appropriation.** (a) State land acquired in fee in
231.4 whole or in part with money appropriated from the environment and natural resources trust
231.5 fund is eligible for a onetime trust fund payment as provided under this subdivision. For
231.6 purposes of this subdivision, "acquired in part" means that at least 20 percent of the state
231.7 payment for the parcel was from money from the environment and natural resources trust
231.8 fund. The trust payment is equal to 30 times the property taxes assessed in the year prior
231.9 to the year in which the land is acquired. If the land was acquired from a private party
231.10 that was exempt from paying property taxes, the payments must be based on 30 times the
231.11 property taxes assessed on comparable land in the year prior to the year in which the land
231.12 is acquired. By September 1 of each year, the county in which the land is acquired must
231.13 provide the commissioner of revenue with information necessary in a form determined
231.14 by the commissioner to make this determination for all lands acquired for the 12-month
231.15 period ending on June 30 of that year. The commissioner of revenue must make a trust
231.16 payment on behalf of each county on the same date as the first payment under section
231.17 273.1384, subdivision 4, each year for all land acquired in that county in the 12-month
231.18 period ending on June 30 of that year to the State Board of Investment as required under
231.19 paragraph (e). The money so deposited is money paid to the counties and may only be
231.20 withdrawn for the purposes allowed under section 477A.30. The commissioner of revenue
231.21 must inform each county by October 15 of each year the amount deposited on the county's
231.22 behalf with the State Board of Investment under this subdivision.

231.23 (b) If the land eligible for a trust fund payment under this subdivision is also eligible
231.24 for a trust fund payment under section 97A.056, subdivision 1b, the payment under this
231.25 subdivision is equal to the amount calculated under paragraph (a), multiplied by the ratio
231.26 of (1) the amount paid for the parcel with money from the environment and natural
231.27 resources trust fund to (2) the sum of the money paid for the parcel out of the outdoor
231.28 heritage fund and the environment and natural resources trust fund.

231.29 (c) The amount necessary to make the payments required under this subdivision is
231.30 annually appropriated from the environment and natural resources trust fund payment
231.31 account to the commissioner of revenue.

231.32 Subd. 3. **County requirements.** In order to receive a trust fund payment under this
231.33 section, a county board must enter into an agreement with the State Board of Investment
231.34 to allow the commissioner of revenue to make deposits and withdrawals on behalf of the
231.35 county into and out of the county joint trust fund account under section 1.

232.1 Subd. 4. **Ineligible for other payments.** Land receiving a trust fund payment
232.2 under this section is not eligible for payments under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14, but
232.3 is eligible for distribution of withdrawals from the county joint trust fund account under
232.4 section 477A.30.

232.5 Subd. 5. **State acquisition of land; restrictions.** The state may not use funds from
232.6 the outdoor heritage fund to acquire in fee in whole or in part any land currently subject to
232.7 property taxes or any land owned by a nonprofit organization that was subject to property
232.8 taxes prior to the land's acquisition by the nonprofit organization if (1) subdivision 2 is
232.9 void, or (2) sufficient funds to cover the one time trust fund payment required under that
232.10 subdivision have not been appropriated or are not available.

232.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016, and applies to land
232.12 acquired with funds appropriated on or after that date.

232.13 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 270A.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

232.14 Subd. 7. **Refund.** "Refund" means an individual income tax refund ~~or political~~
232.15 ~~contribution refund~~, pursuant to chapter 290, or a property tax credit or refund, pursuant to
232.16 chapter 290A, or a sustainable forest payment to a claimant under chapter 290C.

232.17 For purposes of this chapter, lottery prizes, as set forth in section 349A.08, subdivision
232.18 8, and amounts granted to persons by the legislature on the recommendation of the joint
232.19 senate-house of representatives Subcommittee on Claims shall be treated as refunds.

232.20 In the case of a joint property tax refund payable to spouses under chapter 290A,
232.21 the refund shall be considered as belonging to each spouse in the proportion of the total
232.22 refund that equals each spouse's proportion of the total income determined under section
232.23 290A.03, subdivision 3. In the case of a joint income tax refund under chapter 289A, the
232.24 refund shall be considered as belonging to each spouse in the proportion of the total
232.25 refund that equals each spouse's proportion of the total taxable income determined under
232.26 section 290.01, subdivision 29. The commissioner shall remit the entire refund to the
232.27 claimant agency, which shall, upon the request of the spouse who does not owe the debt,
232.28 determine the amount of the refund belonging to that spouse and refund the amount to
232.29 that spouse. For court fines, fees, and surcharges and court-ordered restitution under
232.30 section 611A.04, subdivision 2, the notice provided by the commissioner of revenue under
232.31 section 270A.07, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), serves as the appropriate legal notice
232.32 to the spouse who does not owe the debt.

232.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for political contribution refund
232.34 claims based on contributions made on or after July 1, 2015.

233.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 270B.14, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

233.2 Subd. 17. **Disclosure to Department of Commerce.** The commissioner may
233.3 disclose to the commissioner of commerce information required to administer the Uniform
233.4 Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act in sections 345.31 to 345.60, including the Social
233.5 Security numbers of the taxpayers whose refunds are on the report of abandoned property
233.6 submitted by the commissioner to the commissioner of commerce under section 345.41.
233.7 Except for data published under section 345.42, the information received that is private or
233.8 nonpublic data retains its classification, ~~and can be used by the commissioner of commerce~~
233.9 ~~only for the purpose of verifying that the persons claiming the refunds are the owners.~~
233.10 The commissioner shall coordinate with the commissioner of commerce to provide by
233.11 January 15 of each year the addresses of taxpayers whose names and Social Security
233.12 numbers indicate they are owners of abandoned property under the Uniform Disposition
233.13 of Unclaimed Property Act in sections 345.31 to 345.60.

233.14 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 270C.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

233.15 Subdivision 1. **Biennial report.** The commissioner shall report to the legislature
233.16 by March 1 of each odd-numbered year on the overall incidence of the income tax,
233.17 sales and excise taxes, and property tax. The report shall present information on the
233.18 distribution of the tax burden as follows: (1) for the overall income distribution, using
233.19 a systemwide incidence measure such as the Suits index or other appropriate measures
233.20 of equality and inequality; (2) by income classes, including at a minimum deciles of the
233.21 income distribution; and (3) by other appropriate taxpayer characteristics. The report
233.22 must also include information on the distribution of the burden of federal taxes borne
233.23 by Minnesota residents.

233.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

233.25 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 270C.9901, is amended to read:

233.26 **270C.9901 ASSESSOR ACCREDITATION.**

233.27 (a) Every individual who appraises or physically inspects real income-producing
233.28 property as defined in section 273.11, subdivision 13, for the purpose of determining its
233.29 valuation or classification for property tax purposes must obtain licensure as an accredited
233.30 Minnesota assessor from the State Board of Assessors by July 1, 2019, or within four years
233.31 of that person having become licensed as a certified Minnesota assessor, whichever is later.

233.32 (b) A county, home rule charter or statutory city, or town may employ an individual
233.33 who has obtained a license as a certified Minnesota assessor to appraise or physically

234.1 inspect real property, not including income-producing property as defined in section
234.2 273.11, subdivision 13, for the purposes of determining its valuation or classification
234.3 for property tax purposes.

234.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

234.5 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 273.061, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

234.6 Subd. 4. **Assistants.** (a) With the approval of the board of county commissioners,
234.7 the county assessor may employ one or more assistants and sufficient clerical help to
234.8 perform the duties of the assessor's office.

234.9 (b) Subject to the requirements of section 270C.9901, or any other applicable
234.10 requirement, the qualifications and licensure of assistants to the assessor shall be
234.11 determined by the board of county commissioners in consultation with the assessor.

234.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

234.13 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 289A.50, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

234.14 Subdivision 1. **General right to refund.** (a) Subject to the requirements of this
234.15 section and section 289A.40, a taxpayer who has paid a tax in excess of the taxes lawfully
234.16 due and who files a written claim for refund will be refunded or credited the overpayment
234.17 of the tax determined by the commissioner to be erroneously paid.

234.18 (b) The claim must specify the name of the taxpayer, the date when and the period
234.19 for which the tax was paid, the kind of tax paid, the amount of the tax that the taxpayer
234.20 claims was erroneously paid, the grounds on which a refund is claimed, and other
234.21 information relative to the payment and in the form required by the commissioner. An
234.22 income tax, estate tax, or corporate franchise tax return, or amended return claiming an
234.23 overpayment constitutes a claim for refund.

234.24 (c) When, in the course of an examination, and within the time for requesting a
234.25 refund, the commissioner determines that there has been an overpayment of tax, the
234.26 commissioner shall refund or credit the overpayment to the taxpayer and no demand
234.27 is necessary. If the overpayment exceeds \$1, the amount of the overpayment must
234.28 be refunded to the taxpayer. If the amount of the overpayment is less than \$1, the
234.29 commissioner is not required to refund. In these situations, the commissioner does not
234.30 have to make written findings or serve notice by mail to the taxpayer.

234.31 (d) If the amount allowable as a credit for withholding, estimated taxes, or dependent
234.32 care exceeds the tax against which the credit is allowable, the amount of the excess is
234.33 considered an overpayment. ~~The refund allowed by section 290.06, subdivision 23, is also~~

235.1 ~~considered an overpayment.~~ The requirements of section 270C.33 do not apply to the
235.2 refunding of such an overpayment shown on the original return filed by a taxpayer.

235.3 (e) If the entertainment tax withheld at the source exceeds by \$1 or more the taxes,
235.4 penalties, and interest reported in the return of the entertainment entity or imposed by
235.5 section 290.9201, the excess must be refunded to the entertainment entity. If the excess is
235.6 less than \$1, the commissioner need not refund that amount.

235.7 (f) If the surety deposit required for a construction contract exceeds the liability of
235.8 the out-of-state contractor, the commissioner shall refund the difference to the contractor.

235.9 (g) An action of the commissioner in refunding the amount of the overpayment does
235.10 not constitute a determination of the correctness of the return of the taxpayer.

235.11 (h) There is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue the
235.12 amount necessary to pay refunds allowed under this section.

235.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for political contribution refund
235.14 claims based on contributions made on or after July 1, 2015.

235.15 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.01, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

235.16 Subd. 6. **Taxpayer.** The term "taxpayer" means any person or corporation subject to
235.17 a tax imposed by this chapter. ~~For purposes of section 290.06, subdivision 23, the term~~
235.18 ~~"taxpayer" means an individual eligible to vote in Minnesota under section 201.014.~~

235.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for political contribution refund
235.20 claims based on contributions made on or after July 1, 2015.

235.21 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 298.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

235.22 Subdivision 1. **Imposed; calculation.** (a) For concentrate produced in 2013, there is
235.23 imposed upon taconite and iron sulphides, and upon the mining and quarrying thereof,
235.24 and upon the production of iron ore concentrate therefrom, and upon the concentrate so
235.25 produced, a tax of \$2.56 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate produced
235.26 therefrom. The tax is also imposed upon other iron-bearing material.

235.27 (b) For concentrates produced in 2014 and subsequent years, the tax rate shall be
235.28 equal to the preceding year's tax rate plus an amount equal to the preceding year's tax rate
235.29 multiplied by the percentage increase in the implicit price deflator from the fourth quarter
235.30 of the second preceding year to the fourth quarter of the preceding year. "Implicit price
235.31 deflator" means the implicit price deflator for the gross domestic product prepared by the
235.32 Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce.

236.1 (c) An additional tax is imposed equal to three cents per gross ton of merchantable
236.2 iron ore concentrate for each one percent that the iron content of the product exceeds 72
236.3 percent, when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit.

236.4 (d) The tax on taconite and iron sulphides shall be imposed on the average of the
236.5 production for the current year and the previous two years. The rate of the tax imposed
236.6 will be the current year's tax rate. This clause shall not apply in the case of the closing
236.7 of a taconite facility if the property taxes on the facility would be higher if this clause
236.8 and section 298.25 were not applicable. The tax on other iron-bearing material shall be
236.9 imposed on the current year production.

236.10 (e) If the tax or any part of the tax imposed by this subdivision is held to be
236.11 unconstitutional, a tax of \$2.56 per gross ton of merchantable iron ore concentrate
236.12 produced shall be imposed.

236.13 (f) Consistent with the intent of this subdivision to impose a tax based upon the
236.14 weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate, the commissioner of revenue may indirectly
236.15 determine the weight of merchantable iron ore concentrate included in fluxed pellets by
236.16 subtracting the weight of the limestone, dolomite, or olivine derivatives or other basic
236.17 flux additives included in the pellets from the weight of the pellets. For purposes of this
236.18 paragraph, "fluxed pellets" are pellets produced in a process in which limestone, dolomite,
236.19 olivine, or other basic flux additives are combined with merchantable iron ore concentrate.
236.20 No subtraction from the weight of the pellets shall be allowed for binders, mineral and
236.21 chemical additives other than basic flux additives, or moisture.

236.22 (g)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, for the first two years
236.23 of a plant's commercial production of direct reduced ore from ore mined in this state, no
236.24 tax is imposed under this section. As used in this paragraph, "commercial production" is
236.25 production of more than 50,000 tons of direct reduced ore in the current year or in any prior
236.26 year, "noncommercial production" is production of 50,000 tons or less of direct reduced
236.27 ore in any year, and "direct reduced ore" is ore that results in a product that has an iron
236.28 content of at least ~~75 percent~~ 67 percent and silica plus alumina content of no greater than
236.29 three percent. For the third year of a plant's commercial production of direct reduced ore,
236.30 the rate to be applied to direct reduced ore is 25 percent of the rate otherwise determined
236.31 under this subdivision. For the fourth commercial production year, the rate is 50 percent of
236.32 the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision; for the fifth commercial production
236.33 year, the rate is 75 percent of the rate otherwise determined under this subdivision; and for
236.34 all subsequent commercial production years, the full rate is imposed.

236.35 (2) Subject to clause (1), production of direct reduced ore in this state is subject to
236.36 the tax imposed by this section, but if that production is not produced by a producer of

237.1 taconite, iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, the production of taconite, iron
 237.2 sulfides, or other iron-bearing material, that is consumed in the production of direct
 237.3 reduced iron in this state is not subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite,
 237.4 iron sulfides, or other iron-bearing material.

237.5 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, no tax is imposed
 237.6 on direct reduced ore under this section during the facility's noncommercial production
 237.7 of direct reduced ore. ~~The taconite or iron sulphides consumed in the noncommercial~~
 237.8 ~~production of direct reduced ore is subject to the tax imposed by this section on taconite~~
 237.9 ~~and iron sulphides.~~ Three-year average production of direct reduced ore does not
 237.10 include production of direct reduced ore in any noncommercial year. Three-year average
 237.11 production for a direct reduced ore facility that has noncommercial production is the
 237.12 average of the commercial production of direct reduced ore for the current year and the
 237.13 previous two commercial years.

237.14 ~~(4) This paragraph applies only to plants for which all environmental permits have~~
 237.15 ~~been obtained and construction has begun before July 1, 2008.~~

237.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes based on concentrate
 237.17 produced in 2015 and thereafter.

237.18 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 345.42, is amended by adding a subdivision
 237.19 to read:

237.20 Subd. 1a. **Coordinate with Department of Revenue.** The commissioner shall
 237.21 coordinate with the commissioner of revenue to receive by January 15 of each year the
 237.22 addresses of owners whose names and Social Security numbers indicate they are owners
 237.23 of abandoned property. The commissioner shall annually mail notice to the owners. The
 237.24 notice shall include a letter stating that the recipient may be the owner of abandoned
 237.25 property, information concerning the process of filing a claim, and a claim form.

237.26 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.10, is amended to read:

237.27 **477A.10 NATURAL RESOURCES LAND PAYMENTS IN LIEU; PURPOSE.**

237.28 The purposes of sections 477A.11 to 477A.14 are:

237.29 (1) to compensate local units of government for the loss of tax base from state
 237.30 ownership of land, except land acquired in whole or in part with money appropriated on
 237.31 or after July 1, 2016, from the outdoor heritage fund or the environment and natural
 237.32 resources trust fund, and the need to provide services for state land;

238.1 (2) to address the disproportionate impact of state land ownership on local units of
238.2 government with a large proportion of state land; and

238.3 (3) to address the need to manage state lands held in trust for the local taxing districts.

238.4 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.11, is amended by adding a
238.5 subdivision to read:

238.6 Subd. 9. **Environment and natural resources trust fund lands.** Notwithstanding
238.7 any other provision of law to the contrary, natural resource land acquired in whole or in
238.8 part with money appropriated from the environment and natural resources trust fund after
238.9 July 1, 2016, is not included in the definitions of the lands described in subdivisions 3 to
238.10 7 and is excluded from payments under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14. For purposes of
238.11 this subdivision, "acquired in part" means that at least 20 percent of the state payment
238.12 for the acquisition of the parcel was from money from the environment and natural
238.13 resources trust fund.

238.14 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.11, is amended by adding a
238.15 subdivision to read:

238.16 Subd. 10. **Outdoor heritage lands.** Notwithstanding any other provision of law to
238.17 the contrary, natural resource land acquired in whole or in part with money appropriated
238.18 from the outdoor heritage fund on or after July 1, 2016, is not included in the definitions of
238.19 the lands described in subdivisions 3 to 7 and is excluded from payments under sections
238.20 477A.11 to 477A.14. For purposes of this subdivision, "acquired in part" means that at
238.21 least 20 percent of the state payment for the acquisition of the parcel was from money
238.22 from the outdoor heritage fund.

238.23 Sec. 20. [477A.30] ANNUAL COUNTY JOINT TRUST FUND WITHDRAWALS
238.24 AND DISTRIBUTION FOR ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL TRUST FUND
238.25 LANDS AND OUTDOOR HERITAGE LANDS.

238.26 Subdivision 1. **Commissioner of revenue; withdrawals and payments.** No later
238.27 than October 15 of each year, the commissioner of revenue shall make a withdrawal on
238.28 behalf of all eligible counties from the county joint trust fund account established under
238.29 section 11A.237 equal to the lesser of (1) the total amount of necessary withdrawals
238.30 certified by the counties under subdivision 2 for the year, or (2) 5-1/2 percent of the
238.31 amount in that account as of September 1 of that year as determined by the executive
238.32 director of the State Board of Investment. The commissioner shall distribute the certified
238.33 withdrawal amounts to each county by October 31. If the amount of the withdrawal is

239.1 less than the total certified withdrawal amounts under subdivision 2, the commissioner
239.2 shall reduce the distribution to each county proportionately.

239.3 Subd. 2. **Certification of needed withdrawal, distribution of funds.** (a) Beginning
239.4 in calendar year 2016, by September 1 of each year, a county for whom a trust fund
239.5 payment has been made on its behalf under sections 97A.056, subdivision 1b, or 116P.045,
239.6 subdivision 2, shall calculate and certify to the commissioner of revenue the amount of
239.7 trust fund withdrawals needed under this section. The amount of the withdrawal for each
239.8 parcel of land for which a county received a trust fund payment under either provision
239.9 is as follows:

239.10 (1) for the year in which a trust fund payment is made to a county for a parcel of
239.11 land, the withdrawal for that parcel is equal to:

239.12 (i) the remaining taxes owed to the local governments for taxes spread that year for a
239.13 parcel acquired between January 1 and June 30; or

239.14 (ii) the amount of taxes paid on the parcel in the previous year if the parcel was
239.15 acquired before January 1 of the current year. The county must distribute the amount by
239.16 December 15 to all local governments based on the location of the parcel and the local
239.17 governments' share of the total tax; and

239.18 (2) For all subsequent years, the withdrawal for a parcel is equal to the taxes that
239.19 would be owed based on the appraised value of the land and the taxes assessed on
239.20 comparable, privately owned adjacent land. For purposes of this subdivision, "appraised
239.21 value" is determined in the manner described in section 477A.12, subdivision 3. The county
239.22 treasurer must allocate the withdrawn funds among the county, the school district, the town
239.23 or home rule charter or statutory city, and special districts on the same basis as if the funds
239.24 were taxes on the land received in that year. The county treasurer must pay the allocation
239.25 to all eligible local governments by December 15 of the year in which the withdrawal is
239.26 made. The county's share of the payment must be deposited in the county general fund.

239.27 (b) If the distribution to a county under subdivision 1 is less than its total withdrawal
239.28 amounts certified under this subdivision, all distributions under paragraph (a) are reduced
239.29 proportionately.

239.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016, and applies to land
239.31 acquired with funds appropriated on or after July 1, 2015.

239.32 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 609.5316, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

239.33 Subd. 3. **Weapons, telephone cloning paraphernalia, automated sales**
239.34 **suppression devices, and bullet-resistant vests.** Weapons used are contraband and
239.35 must be summarily forfeited to the appropriate agency upon conviction of the weapon's

240.1 owner or possessor for a controlled substance crime; for any offense of this chapter
240.2 or chapter 624, or for a violation of an order for protection under section 518B.01,
240.3 subdivision 14. Bullet-resistant vests, as defined in section 609.486, worn or possessed
240.4 during the commission or attempted commission of a crime are contraband and must be
240.5 summarily forfeited to the appropriate agency upon conviction of the owner or possessor
240.6 for a controlled substance crime or for any offense of this chapter. Telephone cloning
240.7 paraphernalia used in a violation of section 609.894, and automated sales suppression
240.8 devices, phantom-ware, and other devices containing an automated sales suppression or
240.9 phantom-ware device or software used in violation of section 609.858, are contraband and
240.10 must be summarily forfeited to the appropriate agency upon a conviction.

240.11 Sec. 22. **[609.858] USE OF AUTOMATED SALES SUPPRESSION DEVICES.**

240.12 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
240.13 have the meanings given.

240.14 (b) "Automated sales suppression device" or "zapper" means a software program,
240.15 carried on any tangible medium, or accessed through any other means, that falsifies the
240.16 electronic records of electronic cash registers and other point-of-sale systems including,
240.17 but not limited to, transaction data and transaction reports.

240.18 (c) "Electronic cash register" means a device that keeps a register or supporting
240.19 documents through the means of an electronic device or computer system designed to
240.20 record transaction data for the purpose of computing, compiling, or processing retail
240.21 sales transaction data in whatever manner.

240.22 (d) "Phantom-ware" means hidden preinstalled, or later-installed programming
240.23 option embedded in the operating system of an electronic cash register or hardwired
240.24 into the electronic cash register that can be used to create a virtual second electronic
240.25 cash register or may eliminate or manipulate transaction records that may or may not be
240.26 preserved in digital formats to represent the true or manipulated record of transactions in
240.27 the electronic cash register.

240.28 (e) "Transaction data" includes items purchased by a customer, the price of each
240.29 item, the taxability determination for each item, a segregated tax amount for each of
240.30 the taxed items, the date and time of the purchase, the name, address and identification
240.31 number of the vendor, and the receipt or invoice number of the transaction.

240.32 (f) "Transaction report" means a report documenting, but not limited to, the sales,
240.33 taxes collected, media totals, and discount voids at an electronic cash register that is
240.34 printed on cash register tape at the end of a day or shift, or a report documenting every
240.35 action at an electronic cash register that is stored electronically.

241.1 Subd. 2. **Felony.** A person who sells, purchases, installs, transfers, possesses,
241.2 accesses, or uses an automated sales suppression device, zapper, phantom-ware, or similar
241.3 device knowing that the device or phantom-ware is capable of being used to commit tax
241.4 fraud or suppress sales is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment of not
241.5 more than five years or a payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

241.6 Subd. 3. **Forfeiture.** An automated sales suppression device, zapper, phantom-ware,
241.7 and any other device containing an automated sales suppression, zapper, or phantom-ware
241.8 device or software is contraband and subject to forfeiture under section 609.5316.

241.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2015, and applies to crimes
241.10 committed on or after that date.

241.11 Sec. 23. **BUDGET RESERVE INCREASE.**

241.12 On July 1, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer
241.13 \$150,000,000 from the general fund to the budget reserve account in the general fund.

241.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

241.15 Sec. 24. **NOTIFICATION OF POLITICAL CONTRIBUTION REFUND**
241.16 **REPEAL.**

241.17 (a) The commissioner of revenue must take the following actions as soon as
241.18 practicable:

241.19 (1) annotate the link to 2015 Form PCR indicating that political contribution refunds
241.20 may only be claimed for contributions made before April 15, 2015, and that claims must
241.21 be filed by June 15, 2015; and

241.22 (2) send notifications to all appropriate electronic mailing lists that the commissioner
241.23 maintains announcing the repeal of the political contribution refund, including the
241.24 requirement that claims for refund of contributions made before April 15, 2015, must be
241.25 filed before June 15, 2015.

241.26 (b) The executive director of the campaign finance and public disclosure board must
241.27 take the following actions as soon as practicable:

241.28 (1) notify all registered political parties and all candidates who have registered
241.29 a principal campaign committee with the board and have filed a valid public subsidy
241.30 agreement that the political contribution refund has been repealed, that refunds may only
241.31 be claimed for contributions made before April 15, 2015, and that claims must be filed
241.32 by June 15, 2015;

242.1 (2) update its Web site to indicate that the political contribution refund program has
242.2 been repealed, and to indicate that political contribution refunds may only be claimed
242.3 for contributions made before April 15, 2015, and that claims must be filed by June 15,
242.4 2015; and

242.5 (3) stop issuing Form EP-3, the official receipt form for political contribution
242.6 refunds, to registered political parties and candidates.

242.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

242.8 Sec. 25. **REPORT ON TAX CREDIT FOR EMPLOYERS WHO HIRE**
242.9 **VETERANS.**

242.10 The commissioner of revenue, in consultation with the commissioner of veterans
242.11 affairs, must report to the legislature on allowing a corporate and individual income tax
242.12 credit for employers who hire military veterans. The report must be completed on or
242.13 before February 1, 2016, and provided to the chairs and ranking minority members
242.14 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over taxes, and veterans affairs, in
242.15 compliance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 3.197. The purpose of the
242.16 report is to determine the credit structure most likely to result in increased employment
242.17 of unemployed military veterans in Minnesota, including unemployed military veterans
242.18 who are disabled. The report must include:

242.19 (1) data on the number of military veterans in Minnesota, including the number who
242.20 are disabled, and the share of disabled and nondisabled veterans who are employed;

242.21 (2) to the extent information is available from the United States Department of the
242.22 Treasury, data on usage in Minnesota of the federal work opportunity credit under section
242.23 51 of the Internal Revenue Code as it relates to the hiring of veterans and the effect of the
242.24 federal credit on employment of veterans in Minnesota;

242.25 (3) descriptions of and data related to the effectiveness of income tax credits allowed
242.26 in other states that are intended to encourage the hiring of military veterans;

242.27 (4) analysis of different possible credit structures, including but not limited to the
242.28 credit structure proposed in 2015 Minnesota House File No. 10; and

242.29 (5) draft legislation for an income tax credit for employers who hire military
242.30 veterans, to be effective for tax year 2016.

242.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

242.32 Sec. 26. **PURPOSE STATEMENTS; TAX EXPENDITURES.**

243.1 Subdivision 1. **Authority.** This section is intended to fulfill the requirement under
243.2 Minnesota Statutes, section 3.192, that a bill creating, renewing, or continuing a tax
243.3 expenditure provide a statement of the purpose for the tax expenditure and a standard or
243.4 goal against which its effectiveness may be measured.

243.5 Subd. 2. **Small business investment credit.** The provisions of article 1, section
243.6 3, are intended to support qualified small businesses in Minnesota through investments
243.7 qualifying for the credit, and to encourage job creation. The standard against which
243.8 effectiveness is to be measured is the number of businesses qualifying for investments, and
243.9 the number of jobs created in businesses that receive investments that qualify for the credit.

243.10 Subd. 3. **Technology corporate tax benefit refund program.** The provisions
243.11 of article 1, sections 5, 13, and 15, are intended to assist emerging biotechnology and
243.12 technology businesses in Minnesota to expand their operations in Minnesota. The standard
243.13 against which effectiveness is to be measured includes the increase in the number of
243.14 employees, amount of facilities used by, and sales made by companies that surrendered
243.15 their NOLs in return for tax refunds, compared to the increases by similar companies in
243.16 the comparable period before the availability of the refund.

243.17 Subd. 4. **Federal update.** The provisions of article 1, sections 6, 9, 14, and 36,
243.18 conforming Minnesota individual income, corporate franchise, and estate taxes to changes
243.19 in federal law, are intended to simplify compliance with and administration of those taxes.
243.20 The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the reduction in the number
243.21 of income tax forms and text in the instructions for taxpayers resulting from this provision.

243.22 Subd. 5. **Income tax subtraction and credit for education expenses; inflation,**
243.23 **prekindergarten expenses, and nonpublic school tuition.** The provisions of article 1,
243.24 section 11, clause (3), and sections 21, 22, and 23 are intended to restore availability of the
243.25 subtraction and credit to parents at income levels and amounts of expenses comparable
243.26 to those in effect when the dollar amounts were last increased, to acknowledge the
243.27 importance of early childhood education by extending to it the same tax preferences as
243.28 are allowed for K-12 education, and to increase opportunities for parents to choose K-12
243.29 educational programs most appropriate for their children by extending the K-12 education
243.30 credit to nonpublic school tuition. The standards against which effectiveness is to be
243.31 measured is through comparison of the number of claims and amount of claims for the
243.32 subtraction and credit for tax year 2015 relative to the year the credit was enacted and the
243.33 subtraction last increased, after adjusting for growth in the state's population, through the
243.34 change in the number of children enrolled in prekindergarten educational programs, and
243.35 through the change in the number of children enrolled in nonpublic schools.

244.1 Subd. 6. **Income tax subtraction for charity care services.** The provisions of article
244.2 1, section 7, and section 11, clause (23), are intended to encourage medical professionals
244.3 to provide charity care to uninsured and underinsured individuals. The standard
244.4 against which effectiveness is to be measured is the increase in the number of medical
244.5 professionals providing charity and the amount of charity care provided, compared with
244.6 the similar increases that occurred during the period before the subtraction was available.

244.7 Subd. 7. **Income and corporate tax subtraction for fitness facility memberships.**
244.8 The provisions of article 1, sections 11, clause (22), and 12, clause (18), are intended to
244.9 increase employees' access to and use of fitness facilities. The standard against which
244.10 effectiveness is to be measured is the change in the share of employees who have access to
244.11 employer-provided fitness facility membership benefits, and the share of employees who
244.12 use those benefits, as reported in surveys by human resource management associations.

244.13 Subd. 8. **Income tax subtraction of military retirement pay.** The provisions of
244.14 article 1, section 11, clause (24), are intended to attract to Minnesota military retirees and
244.15 to retain those already present, by allowing a subtraction from income tied to the number
244.16 of years of military service provided. The standard against which effectiveness is to be
244.17 measured is the change over time in the number of military retirees in Minnesota.

244.18 Subd. 9. **Income tax subtraction of social security benefits.** The provisions of
244.19 article 1, section 11, clause (25), are intended to attract to Minnesota recipients of Social
244.20 Security benefits and to retain those already present, by providing a phased-in subtraction
244.21 of social security benefits. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured
244.22 is the change over time in the number of Social Security recipients in Minnesota, after
244.23 adjusting for demographic changes.

244.24 Subd. 10. **Income tax subtraction and credit for section 529 plan contributions.**
244.25 The provisions of article 1, sections 11, clause (26), and 31, are intended to increase
244.26 saving for higher education expenses. The standard against which effectiveness is to be
244.27 measured is the change over time in the estimated number of Minnesota residents making
244.28 contributions to the Minnesota College Savings Plan, and in the amount contributed, as
244.29 tracked by the Minnesota Office of Higher Education.

244.30 Subd. 11. **Income tax subtraction for contributions to long-term care savings**
244.31 **plans and increase in long-term care credit.** The provisions of article 1, sections 1,
244.32 11, clause (27), and 20, are intended to increase individual financing of long-term care
244.33 costs through direct payment or purchase of insurance. The standard against which
244.34 effectiveness is to be measured is the change over time in the number of individuals
244.35 participating in the long-term care savings plan and the number claiming the credit for
244.36 long-term care insurance premiums.

245.1 Subd. 12. **Income tax subtraction for meal expenses of first responders.** The
245.2 provisions of article 1, section 11, clause (28), are intended to offset out-of-pocket expenses
245.3 of first responders related to being on-call for service and encourage individuals to continue
245.4 to work and volunteer as first responders. The standard against which effectiveness is to
245.5 be measured is the amount of meal expenses claimed as subtractions for first responders.

245.6 Subd. 13. **Income tax credit for MNsure premium payments.** The provisions of
245.7 article 1, sections 2 and 16, are intended to transition individuals enrolled in MinnesotaCare
245.8 to MNsure. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the number of
245.9 MinnesotaCare enrollees who claim credits and purchase insurance through MNsure.

245.10 Subd. 14. **Increase in dependent care credit and expansion of income eligibility.**
245.11 The provisions of article 1, sections 17, 18, and 39, are intended to simplify the dependent
245.12 care credit by tying it more closely to the federal credit, and to recognize an increased
245.13 burden in dependent care expenses as a cost of workforce participation for parents. The
245.14 standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the change in the error rate on
245.15 claims for dependent care credits and the change in the average credit amount claimed by
245.16 parents in the income range eligible for the credit under present law.

245.17 Subd. 15. **Research credit increase, refundability, and extension to sole**
245.18 **proprietors.** The provisions of article 1, sections 25, 26, 27, and 28, are intended to
245.19 provide equitable tax treatment for Minnesota businesses operated as sole proprietorships
245.20 by allowing sole proprietors to claim the research credit on the same basis as it is allowed
245.21 for businesses operated as C corporations or pass-through entities, to increase access to
245.22 the credit by making it refundable, and to encourage more research activities in Minnesota
245.23 by increasing the credit rate. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured
245.24 is the number of sole proprietors claiming the credit, the number and amount of claims
245.25 for refund, and the change over time in the amount of Minnesota research expenditures
245.26 qualifying for the credit.

245.27 Subd. 16. **Income tax credit for teachers who earn master's degrees.** The
245.28 provisions of article 1, section 29, are intended to improve the quality of teaching in
245.29 Minnesota K-12 schools by encouraging teachers to obtain master's degrees in the subject
245.30 areas they teach. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the change
245.31 over time in the number of K-12 classroom teachers with master's degrees in the subject
245.32 area that they teach.

245.33 Subd. 17. **Income tax credit for student loan principal and interest payments.**
245.34 The provisions of article 1, section 30, are intended to reduce the debt burden of recent
245.35 graduates of higher education programs and to reduce and potentially reverse the
245.36 current net demographic loss of young adults in Minnesota. The standard against which

246.1 effectiveness is to be measured is the change over time in the number of young adults
246.2 choosing to move to or remain in Minnesota, as measured by the state demographer.

246.3 Subd. 18. **Credit for job training center rehabilitation.** The provisions of article
246.4 1, section 38, are intended to encourage the viability of a rehabilitated historic structure in
246.5 Minnesota currently serving as a job training center and to increase access to job training
246.6 services. The standard against which the effectiveness of the credit is to be measured is
246.7 whether the rehabilitated structure remains in service as a job training center.

246.8 Subd. 19. **Fuel use in other vehicles.** The provisions of article 6, sections 2 and 17,
246.9 are intended to exclude fuels used for nonhighway purposes from supporting roads and
246.10 to reduce tax pyramiding on business inputs. The standard against which effectiveness
246.11 is to be measured is the increase in the number of fuel tax refunds for nonhighway use
246.12 after June 30, 2015.

246.13 Subd. 20. **Sales tax exemption for digital goods.** The provisions of article 6,
246.14 section 3, are intended to reduce the unfair advantage of sellers of digital goods located
246.15 outside the state compared to sellers with a presence in the state. The standard against
246.16 which effectiveness is to be measured is in the number of sellers of digital products located
246.17 within the state and the increase in their total sales after the exemption takes effect.

246.18 Subd. 21. **Sales tax reduction for modular housing.** The provisions of article 6,
246.19 sections 4 and 6, are intended to provide equitable tax treatment for various types of
246.20 housing. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the increase in the
246.21 number of modular homes sold in the state after June 30, 2015.

246.22 Subd. 22. **Sales tax exemption for medical accessories and supplies.** The
246.23 provisions of article 6, section 12, are intended to remove an uncollectable tax on
246.24 purchases paid by medical insurance. The standard against which effectiveness is to be
246.25 measured is whether this finally puts the dispute over the taxability of these sales to rest.

246.26 Subd. 23. **Sales tax exemption for instructional materials.** The provisions of
246.27 article 6, section 13, are intended to provide equitable tax treatment and reduce costs
246.28 for educational inputs used in vocational as well as academic postsecondary education.
246.29 The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the number of students in
246.30 vocational postsecondary education and the change in average amount of student debt
246.31 for students in these programs.

246.32 Subd. 24. **Propane tanks.** The provisions of article 6, section 14, are intended to
246.33 encourage private ownership of propane tanks to encourage competition. The standard
246.34 against which effectiveness is to be measured is the decrease in the number of rented
246.35 tanks, as determined by a survey of propane suppliers.

247.1 Subd. 25. Sales tax exemption for metal bullion. The provisions of article
247.2 6, section 15, are intended to provide equitable tax treatment for different types of
247.3 investments. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the increase in
247.4 precious metal bullion sold in the state and in number of coin and precious metal trade
247.5 shows held in the state.

247.6 Subd. 26. Expansion of the sales tax reduction for nonprofits. The provisions
247.7 of article 6, section 18, are intended to provide equitable tax treatment and reduce
247.8 administrative burdens for nonprofits. The standard against which effectiveness is to be
247.9 measured is a decrease in the number of audits of nonprofits resulting in tax judgments
247.10 and penalties.

247.11 Subd. 27. Sales tax expansion for admissions to a nonprofit farm education
247.12 organization. The provisions of article 6, section 19, are intended to increase the ability
247.13 of the nonprofit to provide opportunities for educating the public on the history of farming.
247.14 The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is an increase in the percent of
247.15 the organizations budget being used for direct spending for its mission.

247.16 Subd. 28. Sales tax exemptions for animal shelters. The provisions of article 6,
247.17 section 21, are intended to help to provide adequate funding for animal shelters. The
247.18 standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the number of animals served by
247.19 shelters in the state

247.20 Subd. 29. Sales tax exemption for city celebrations. The provisions of article 6,
247.21 section 22, are intended to help promote community spirit and to ease compliance burdens
247.22 on organizations sponsoring city celebrations. The standard against which effectiveness is
247.23 to be measured is the increase in contributions to benefiting organizations and a reduction
247.24 in the number of audits of nonprofit organizations.

247.25 Subd. 30. Sales tax exemption for admissions to BMX tracks. The provisions of
247.26 article 6, section 23, are intended to encourage participation in the sport of BMX racing.
247.27 The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the increase in the number
247.28 of admissions sold by sanctioned BMX tracks in the state.

247.29 Subd. 31. Sales tax exemption for contractor purchases for certain entities. The
247.30 provisions of article 6, section 25, are intended to reduce construction and administrative
247.31 costs for exempt nonprofit entities and local governments on their capital projects. The
247.32 standard against which effectiveness is to be measured is the number and dollar amount
247.33 of refunds under the provision.

247.34 Subd. 32. Sales tax exemption for a wastewater treatment facility; city of Mora.
247.35 The provisions of article 6, section 44, are intended to reduce the costs of providing sewer

248.1 services in the city of Mora. The standard against which effectiveness is to be measured
248.2 is the costs saved due to the refund under this provision.

248.3 Subd. 33. **Income tax credit for school building bond levies.** The provisions of
248.4 article 9, section 7, are intended to reduce the effect of school bond referenda on owners
248.5 of agricultural property. The standard against which the effectiveness of the credit is to be
248.6 measured is the amount of property tax reductions provided to owners of agricultural land.

248.7 Subd. 34. **New markets tax credit.** The new markets tax credit provided in
248.8 article 5, sections 3 to 11, is intended to increase investment in low-income Minnesota
248.9 communities by businesses that provide high-quality jobs, such as those in manufacturing,
248.10 technology, and similar fields. The standard against which the effectiveness of the credit
248.11 is to be measured is the incremental amount of investment in low-income communities
248.12 that is stimulated by the credit and the associated employment positions that are created,
248.13 especially for residents of those communities.

248.14 Subd. 35. **Tax rate for pull-tabs sold at bingo halls.** The provisions of article
248.15 7, section 3, paragraph (b), taxing pull-tabs sold by bingo halls at a flat rate of nine
248.16 percent, are intended to increase the viability of bingo halls in Minnesota so that they
248.17 continue making charitable expenditures. The standard against which effectiveness is to
248.18 be measured is the number of bingo halls in Minnesota before and after enactment or the
248.19 gross receipts of the bingo halls before and after enactment.

248.20 Subd. 36. **Tax incentive for direct reduced ore.** The provisions of article 10,
248.21 section 15, reinstating a tax incentive for producers of direct reduced ore, are intended
248.22 to encourage the production of direct reduced ore and the establishment of more
248.23 direct reduced ore production facilities in Minnesota. The standard against which this
248.24 effectiveness is to be measured is the amount of direct reduced ore produced and the
248.25 number of producers of direct reduced ore before and after enactment.

248.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

248.27 Sec. 27. **REPEALER.**

248.28 Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 10A.322, subdivision 4; 13.4967, subdivision 2;
248.29 and 290.06, subdivision 23, and Minnesota Rules, part 4503.1400, subpart 4, are repealed.

248.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for contributions made after April
248.31 15, 2015, and refund claims filed after June 15, 2015.

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ARTICLE 2	PROPERTY TAXPAYER EMPOWERMENT	Page.Ln 56.17
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ARTICLE 4	ESTATE TAXES	Page.Ln 119.1
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ARTICLE 6	SALES AND USE TAXES	Page.Ln 156.1
ARTICLE 7	SPECIAL TAXES	Page.Ln 196.24
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ARTICLE 9	AIDS AND CREDITS	Page.Ln 212.12
ARTICLE 10	MISCELLANEOUS	Page.Ln 227.24

10A.322 SPENDING LIMIT AGREEMENTS.

Subd. 4. **Refund receipt forms; penalty.** The board must make available to a political party on request and to any candidate for whom an agreement under this section is effective, a supply of official refund receipt forms that state in boldface type that:

(1) a contributor who is given a receipt form is eligible to claim a refund as provided in section 290.06, subdivision 23; and

(2) if the contribution is to a candidate, that the candidate has signed an agreement to limit campaign expenditures as provided in this section.

The forms must provide duplicate copies of the receipt to be attached to the contributor's claim. The willful issuance of an official refund receipt form or a facsimile of one to any of the candidate's contributors by a candidate or treasurer of a candidate who did not sign an agreement under this section is a misdemeanor.

13.4967 OTHER TAX DATA CODED ELSEWHERE.

Subd. 2. **Political contribution refund.** Certain political contribution refund data in the Revenue Department are classified under section 290.06, subdivision 23.

205.10 MUNICIPAL SPECIAL ELECTIONS.

Subd. 3. **Prohibition.** No special election authorized under subdivision 1 may be held within 56 days after the state general election.

290.06 RATES OF TAX; CREDITS.

Subd. 23. **Refund of contributions to political parties and candidates.** (a) A taxpayer may claim a refund equal to the amount of the taxpayer's contributions made in the calendar year to candidates and to a political party. The maximum refund for an individual must not exceed \$50 and for a married couple, filing jointly, must not exceed \$100. A refund of a contribution is allowed only if the taxpayer files a form required by the commissioner and attaches to the form a copy of an official refund receipt form issued by the candidate or party and signed by the candidate, the treasurer of the candidate's principal campaign committee, or the chair or treasurer of the party unit, after the contribution was received. The receipt forms must be numbered, and the data on the receipt that are not public must be made available to the campaign finance and public disclosure board upon its request. A claim must be filed with the commissioner no sooner than January 1 of the calendar year in which the contribution was made and no later than April 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the contribution was made. A taxpayer may file only one claim per calendar year. Amounts paid by the commissioner after June 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the contribution was made must include interest at the rate specified in section 270C.405.

(b) No refund is allowed under this subdivision for a contribution to a candidate unless the candidate:

(1) has signed an agreement to limit campaign expenditures as provided in section 10A.322;

(2) is seeking an office for which voluntary spending limits are specified in section 10A.25; and

(3) has designated a principal campaign committee.

This subdivision does not limit the campaign expenditures of a candidate who does not sign an agreement but accepts a contribution for which the contributor improperly claims a refund.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "political party" means a major political party as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7, or a minor political party qualifying for inclusion on the income tax or property tax refund form under section 10A.31, subdivision 3a.

A "major party" or "minor party" includes the aggregate of that party's organization within each house of the legislature, the state party organization, and the party organization within congressional districts, counties, legislative districts, municipalities, and precincts.

"Candidate" means a candidate as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 10, except a candidate for judicial office.

"Contribution" means a gift of money.

(d) The commissioner shall make copies of the form available to the public and candidates upon request.

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(e) The following data collected or maintained by the commissioner under this subdivision are private: the identities of individuals claiming a refund, the identities of candidates to whom those individuals have made contributions, and the amount of each contribution.

(f) The commissioner shall report to the campaign finance and public disclosure board by each August 1 a summary showing the total number and aggregate amount of political contribution refunds made on behalf of each candidate and each political party. These data are public.

(g) The amount necessary to pay claims for the refund provided in this section is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

(h) For a taxpayer who files a claim for refund via the Internet or other electronic means, the commissioner may accept the number on the official receipt as documentation that a contribution was made rather than the actual receipt as required by paragraph (a).

290.067 DEPENDENT CARE CREDIT.

Subd. 2. **Limitations.** The credit for expenses incurred for the care of each dependent shall not exceed \$720 in any taxable year, and the total credit for all dependents of a claimant shall not exceed \$1,440 in a taxable year. The maximum total credit shall be reduced according to the amount of the income of the claimant and a spouse, if any, as follows:

income up to \$18,040, \$720 maximum for one dependent, \$1,440 for all dependents;
income over \$18,040, the maximum credit for one dependent shall be reduced by \$18 for every \$350 of additional income, \$36 for all dependents.

The commissioner shall construct and make available to taxpayers tables showing the amount of the credit at various levels of income and expenses. The tables shall follow the schedule contained in this subdivision, except that the commissioner may graduate the transitions between expenses and income brackets.

Subd. 2a. **Income.** (a) For purposes of this section, "income" means the sum of the following:

- (1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- and
- (2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):
 - (i) all nontaxable income;
 - (ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (iv) cash public assistance and relief;
 - (v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits), which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;
 - (vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or political subdivision thereof;
 - (vii) workers' compensation;
 - (viii) nontaxable strike benefits;
 - (ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance or otherwise;
 - (x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995;
 - (xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan; self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (xii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants;
 - (xiii) the amount of deduction allowed under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (xiv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (xv) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
 - (xvi) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

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In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted gross income reflected in the fiscal year ending in the next calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income may not be reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

(b) "Income" does not include:

(1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;

(2) amounts of any pension or annuity that were exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse if the funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross income in the years when the payments were made;

(3) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;

(4) relief granted under chapter 290A;

(5) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution or legal separation; and

(6) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, Public Law 107-16.

Subd. 2b. **Inflation adjustment.** The commissioner shall adjust the dollar amount of the income threshold at which the maximum credit begins to be reduced under subdivision 2 by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "1999" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 2001, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2000, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999, to the 12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The determination of the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision must not be considered a "rule" and is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14. The threshold amount as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.

297A.61 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 50. **Digital audio works.** "Digital audio works" means works that result from a fixation of a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, that are transferred electronically. Digital audio works includes such items as the following which may either be prerecorded or live: songs, music, readings of books or other written materials, speeches, ring tones, or other sound recordings. Digital audio works does not include audio greeting cards sent by electronic mail. Unless the context provides otherwise, in this chapter digital audio works includes the digital code, or a subscription to or access to a digital code, for receiving, accessing, or otherwise obtaining digital audio works.

Subd. 51. **Digital audiovisual works.** "Digital audiovisual works" means a series of related images which, when shown in succession, impart an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any, that are transferred electronically. Digital audiovisual works includes such items as motion pictures, movies, musical videos, news and entertainment, and live events. Digital audiovisual works does not include video greeting cards sent by electronic mail. Unless the context provides otherwise, in this chapter digital audiovisual works includes the digital code, or a subscription to or access to a digital code, for receiving, accessing, or otherwise obtaining digital audiovisual works.

Subd. 52. **Digital books.** "Digital books" means any literary works, other than digital audiovisual works or digital audio works, expressed in words, numbers, or other verbal or numerical symbols or indicia so long as the product is generally recognized in the ordinary and usual sense as a "book." It includes works of fiction and nonfiction and short stories. It does not include periodicals, magazines, newspapers, or other news or information products, chat rooms, or weblogs. Unless the context provides otherwise, in this chapter digital books includes the digital code, or a subscription to or access to a digital code, for receiving, accessing, or otherwise obtaining digital books.

Subd. 53. **Digital code.** "Digital code" means a code which provides a purchaser with a right to obtain one or more specified digital products or other digital products. A digital code may be transferred electronically, such as through electronic mail, or it may be transferred on a tangible medium, such as on a plastic card, a piece of paper or invoice, or imprinted on another product. A digital code is not a code that represents a stored monetary value that is deducted from a total as it is used by the purchaser, and it is not a code that represents a redeemable card, gift card, or gift certificate that entitles the holder to select a digital product of an indicated cash value.

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The end user of a digital code is any purchaser except one who receives the contractual right to redistribute a digital product which is the subject of the transaction.

Subd. 54. **Other digital products.** "Other digital products" means the following items when transferred electronically:

- (1) greeting cards; and
- (2) online video or electronic games.

Subd. 55. **Specified digital products.** "Specified digital products" means digital audio works, digital audiovisual works, and digital books that are transferred electronically to a customer.

Subd. 56. **Transferred electronically.** "Transferred electronically" means obtained by the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media. For purposes of this subdivision, it is not necessary that a copy of the product be physically transferred to the purchaser. A product will be considered to have been transferred electronically to a purchaser if the purchaser has access to the product.

297A.992 METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AREA SALES TAX.

Subd. 12. **Grant awards to Metropolitan Council.** Any grant award under this section made to the Metropolitan Council must supplement, and must not supplant, operating and capital assistance provided by the state.

297F.05 RATES OF TAX; PERSONAL DEBT.

Subd. 1a. **Annual indexing.** (a) Each year the commissioner shall adjust the tax rates under subdivision 1, including any adjustment made in prior years under this subdivision, by multiplying the mill rates for the current calendar year by an adjustment factor and rounding the result to the nearest mill. The adjustment factor equals the in-lieu sales tax rate that applies to the following calendar year divided by the in-lieu sales tax rate for the current calendar year. For purposes of this subdivision, "in-lieu sales tax rate" means the tax rate established under section 297F.25, subdivision 1. For purposes of the calculations under this subdivision to be made in any year in which an increase in the federal or state excise tax on cigarettes is implemented, the commissioner shall exclude from the calculated average price for the current year an amount equal to any increase in the state or federal excise tax rate.

(b) The commissioner shall publish the resulting rate by November 1 and the rate applies to sales made on or after January 1 of the following year.

(c) The determination of the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule and is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act in chapter 14.

477A.017 UNIFORM FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING SYSTEM.

Subd. 3. **Conformity.** Other law to the contrary notwithstanding, in order to receive distributions under sections 477A.011 to 477A.03, counties and cities must conform to the standards set in subdivision 2 in making all financial reports required to be made to the state auditor after June 30, 1984.

477A.085 DEBT SERVICE AID; CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS.

On or before November 1, 2016, and the first day of each November thereafter, the commissioner shall pay to the city of Minneapolis an amount equal to 40 percent of the city's otherwise required levy to pay its general obligation library referendum bonds for the following calendar year. The levy excludes any amount to pay bonds, other than refunding bonds, issued after May 1, 2013. An amount sufficient to pay the aid under this section is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

477A.19 AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES PREVENTION AID.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) When used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given them in this subdivision.

(b) "Aquatic invasive species" means nonnative aquatic organisms that invade water beyond their natural and historic range.

(c) "Watercraft trailer launch" means any public water access site designed for launching watercraft.

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(d) "Watercraft trailer parking space" means a parking space designated for a boat trailer at any public water access site designed for launching watercraft.

Subd. 2. **Distribution.** The money appropriated to aquatic invasive species prevention aid under this section shall be allocated to all counties in the state as follows: 50 percent based on each county's share of watercraft trailer launches and 50 percent based on each county's share of watercraft trailer parking spaces.

Subd. 3. **Use of proceeds.** A county that receives a distribution under this section must use the proceeds solely to prevent the introduction or limit the spread of aquatic invasive species at all access sites within the county. The county must establish, by resolution or through adoption of a plan, guidelines for the use of the proceeds. The guidelines set by the county board may include, but are not limited to, providing for site-level management, countywide awareness, and other procedures that the county finds necessary to achieve compliance. The county may appropriate the proceeds directly, or may use any portion of the proceeds to provide funding for a joint powers board or cooperative agreement with another political subdivision, a soil and water conservation district in the county, a watershed district in the county, or a lake association located in the county. Any money appropriated by the county to a different entity or political subdivision must be used as required under this section. Each county must submit a copy of its guidelines for use of the proceeds to the Department of Natural Resources by December 31 of the year the payments are received.

Subd. 4. **Payments.** The commissioner of revenue must compute the amount of aquatic invasive species prevention aid payable to each county under this section. On or before August 1 of each year, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid to each county in the following year. The commissioner shall pay aquatic invasive species prevention aid to counties annually at the times provided in section 477A.015. For aid payable in 2014 only, the commissioner shall certify the amount to be paid to each county by July 1, 2014, and payment to the counties must be made at the time provided in section 477A.015 for the first installment of local government aid.

Subd. 5. **Appropriation.** \$4,500,000 in 2014, and \$10,000,000 each year thereafter, is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue to make the payments required under this section.

4503.1400 PUBLIC SUBSIDY AGREEMENTS.

Subp. 4. **Effect on right to participate in political contribution refund program.** The right to issue receipts under the political contribution refund program established in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 23, arises only when the public subsidy agreement is actually signed.