1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to labor and industry; modifying construction codes and licensing
1.3	provisions; modifying certain notice provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes
1.4	2008, sections 178.01; 178.03, subdivisions 3, 4; 178.06; 178.08; 178.11; 326.02,
1.5	subdivision 5; 326B.04, subdivision 2; 326B.127, subdivision 3; 326B.13,
1.6	subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6; 326B.133, subdivision 5; 326B.139; 326B.142; 326B.148,
1.7	subdivisions 2, 3; 326B.191; 326B.31, subdivision 28; 326B.33, subdivision
1.8	17; 326B.42, subdivisions 2, 6; 326B.435, subdivision 2; 326B.47; 326B.84;
1.9	326B.89, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 13, by adding subdivisions; 326B.921,
1.10	subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, sections 14.14, subdivision
1.11	1a; 326B.145; Laws 2010, chapter 183, section 8; repealing Minnesota Statutes
1.12	2008, sections 299G.11; 299G.13, subdivisions 1, 6, 9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
1.13	22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28; 299G.14; 299G.15; 299G.16; 299G.17; 299G.18;
1.14	326B.115; 326B.37, subdivision 13; Minnesota Rules, parts 5200.0020;
1.15	5200.0050; 5200.0080, subparts 2, 3, 4, 4a, 4b, 6, 7, 8.
1.16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1 17	Section 1 Minnagota Statutos 2000 Supplement section 14.14 subdivision 16 is
1.17	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 14.14, subdivision 1a, is
1.18	amended to read:
1.19	Subd. 1a. Notice of rule hearing. (a) Each agency shall maintain a list of all
1.20	persons who have registered their name and United States mail or electronic mail address
1.21	with the agency for the purpose of receiving notice of rule proceedings. Persons may
1.22	register to receive notice of rule proceedings by submitting to the agency:
1.23	(1) their electronic mail address; or
1.24	(2) their name and United States mail address.
1.25	The agency may inquire as to whether those persons on the list wish to maintain their
1.26	
1.26	names remain on it and may remove names persons for which whom there is a negative
1.27	reply or no reply within 60 days. The agency shall, at least 30 days before the date set for
1.28	the hearing, give notice of its intention to adopt rules by United States mail or electronic

mail to all persons on its list, and by publication in the State Register. The mailed notice 2.1 must include either a copy of the proposed rule or an easily readable and understandable 2.2 description of its nature and effect and an announcement that a free copy of the proposed 2.3 rule is available on request from the agency. In addition, each agency shall make 2.4 reasonable efforts to notify persons or classes of persons who may be significantly affected 2.5 by the rule being proposed by giving notice of its intention in newsletters, newspapers, 2.6 or other publications, or through other means of communication. The notice in the State 2.7 Register must include the proposed rule or an amended rule in the form required by the 2.8 revisor under section 14.07, together with an easily readable and understandable summary 2.9 of the overall nature and effect of the proposed rule, a citation to the most specific 2.10 statutory authority for the proposed rule, a statement of the place, date, and time of the 2.11 public hearing, a statement that persons may register with the agency for the purpose of 2.12 receiving notice of rule proceedings and notice that the agency intends to adopt a rule and 2.13 other information required by law or rule. When an entire rule is proposed to be repealed, 2.14 2.15 the agency need only publish that fact, along with an easily readable and understandable summary of the overall nature of the rules proposed for repeal, and a citation to the rule 2.16 to be repealed. 2.17

(b) The chief administrative law judge may authorize an agency to omit from the
notice of rule hearing the text of any proposed rule, the publication of which would be
unduly cumbersome, expensive, or otherwise inexpedient if:

2.21

(1) knowledge of the rule is likely to be important to only a small class of persons;

2.22 (2) the notice of rule hearing states that a free copy of the entire rule is available2.23 upon request to the agency; and

2.24 (3) the notice of rule hearing states in detail the specific subject matter of the omitted
2.25 rule, cites the statutory authority for the proposed rule, and details the proposed rule's
2.26 purpose and motivation.

2.27 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 178.01, is amended to read:

2.28 **178.01 PU**

178.01 PURPOSES.

The purposes of this chapter are: to open to young people regardless of race, sex, creed, color or national origin, the opportunity to obtain training <u>and on-the-job learning</u> that will equip them for profitable employment and citizenship; to establish as a means to this end, a program of voluntary apprenticeship under approved apprentice agreements providing facilities for their training and guidance in the arts, skills, and crafts of industry and trade, with concurrent, supplementary instruction in related subjects; to promote employment apprenticeship opportunities under conditions providing adequate training

and on-the-job learning and reasonable earnings; to relate the supply of skilled workers
to employment demands; to establish standards for apprentice training; to establish an
Apprenticeship Board and apprenticeship committees to assist in effectuating the purposes
of this chapter; to provide for a Division of Labor Standards and Apprenticeship within
the Department of Labor and Industry; to provide for reports to the legislature regarding
the status of apprentice training in the state; to establish a procedure for the determination
of apprentice agreement controversies; and to accomplish related ends.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 178.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 3.8 Subd. 3. Duties and functions. The director, under the supervision of the 3.9 commissioner, and with the advice and consultation of the Apprenticeship Board, is 3.10 authorized: to administer the provisions of this chapter; to promote apprenticeship and 3.11 other forms of on-the-job training learning; to establish, in cooperation and consultation 3.12 with the Apprenticeship Board and with the apprenticeship committees, conditions 3.13 and, training, and learning standards for the approval of apprenticeship programs and 3.14 agreements, which conditions and standards shall in no case be lower than those (1) 3.15 prescribed by this chapter, and (2) established under Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, 3.16 part 29; to promote equal employment opportunity in apprenticeship and other on-the-job 3.17 training learning and to establish a Minnesota plan for equal employment opportunity in 3.18 apprenticeship which shall be consistent with standards established under Code of Federal 3.19 Regulations, title 29, part 30, as amended; to issue certificates of registration to sponsors 3.20 of approved apprenticeship programs; to act as secretary of the Apprenticeship Board; 3.21 3.22 to approve, if of the opinion that approval is for the best interest of the apprentice, any apprenticeship agreement which meets the standards established hereunder; to terminate 3.23 any apprenticeship agreement in accordance with the provisions of such agreement; to 3.24 3.25 keep a record of apprenticeship agreements and their disposition; to issue certificates of completion of apprenticeship; and to perform such other duties as the commissioner deems 3.26 necessary to carry out the intent of this chapter; provided, that the administration and 3.27 supervision of supplementary instruction in related subjects for apprentices; coordination 3.28 of instruction on a concurrent basis with job experiences, and the selection and training 3.29 of teachers and coordinators for such instruction shall be the function of state and local 3.30 boards responsible for vocational education. The director shall have the authority to make 3.31 wage determinations applicable to the graduated schedule of wages and journeyman 3.32 wage rate for apprenticeship agreements, giving consideration to the existing wage rates 3.33 prevailing throughout the state, except that no wage determination by the director shall 3.34 alter an existing wage provision for apprentices or journeymen that is contained in a 3.35

4.1 bargaining agreement in effect between an employer and an organization of employees,

4.2 nor shall the director make any determination for the beginning rate for an apprentice that

4.3 is below the wage minimum established by federal or state law.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 178.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 4.4 Subd. 4. Reciprocity approval. The director, if requested by a sponsoring entity, 4.5 shall grant reciprocity approval to apprenticeship programs of employers and unions 4.6 who jointly form a sponsoring entity on a multistate basis in other than the building 4.7 construction industry if such programs are in conformity with this chapter and have been 4.8 registered in compliance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 29, by a state 4.9 apprenticeship council recognized by or registered with the Bureau of Apprenticeship and 4.10 Training, United States Department of Labor, when such approval is necessary for federal 4.11 purposes under Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, section 29.12(a) 29.13(a). 4.12

4.13 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 178.06, is amended to read:

4.14

178.06 APPRENTICE.

The term "apprentice," as used herein, means a person at least 16 years of age who
has entered into a written agreement, hereinafter called an apprentice agreement, with a
committee, an employer, an association of employers, or an organization of employees,
which apprentice agreement provides for:

4.19 (1) a time-based approach involving not less than 2,000 hours or one year of
4.20 reasonably continuous employment for such person and for participation in an approved
4.21 program of training on-the-job learning through employment and through concurrent,

4.22 supplementary education in related subjects-:

4.23 (2) a competency-based approach involving successful demonstration of acquired
4.24 skills and knowledge by an apprentice plus on-the-job learning; or

4.25 (3) a hybrid approach involving the completion of a specified minimum number of
4.26 <u>hours plus the successful demonstration of competency.</u>

4.27 Whenever a minimum age exceeding 16 years is prescribed by federal or state law
4.28 to apply to workers in certain hazardous occupations, the minimum age so prescribed

4.29 shall be applicable to apprentices.

4.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 178.08, is amended to read:

4.31

178.08 DIRECTOR TO APPROVE APPRENTICE AGREEMENTS.

Every apprentice agreement is subject to approval by the director and shall be signedby the committee, the employer, an association of employers, or an organization of

5.1 employees, and by the apprentice, and if the apprentice is a minor, by a parent or legal

5.2 guardian. When a minor enters into an apprentice agreement under this chapter for a

- 5.3 period of training learning extending into majority the apprentice agreement shall likewise
- 5.4 be binding for such a period as may be covered during the apprentice's majority.
- 5.5 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 178.11, is amended to read:
- 5.6

178.11 LABOR EDUCATION ADVANCEMENT GRANT PROGRAM.

The commissioner shall establish the labor education advancement grant program 5.7 for the purpose of facilitating the participation of minorities and women in apprenticeable 5.8 trades and occupations. The commissioner shall award grants to community-based 5.9 organizations serving the targeted populations on a competitive request-for-proposal 5.10 basis. Interested organizations shall apply for the grants in a form prescribed by the 5.11 commissioner. As part of the application process, applicants must provide a statement 5.12 of need for the grant, a description of the targeted population and apprenticeship 5.13 opportunities, a description of activities to be funded by the grant, evidence supporting 5.14 the ability to deliver services, information related to coordinating grant activities with 5.15 other employment and training learning programs, identification of matching funds, a 5.16 budget, and performance objectives. Each submitted application shall be evaluated for 5.17 completeness and effectiveness of the proposed grant activity. 5.18

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326.02, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 5.19 Subd. 5. Limitation. The provisions of sections 326.02 to 326.15 shall not apply 5.20 to the preparation of plans and specifications for the erection, enlargement, or alteration 5.21 of any building or other structure by any person, for that person's exclusive occupancy 5.22 or use, unless such occupancy or use involves the public health or safety or the health 5.23 or safety of the employees of said person, or of the buildings listed in section 326.03, 5.24 subdivision 2, nor to any detailed or shop plans required to be furnished by a contractor 5.25 to a registered engineer, landscape architect, architect, or certified interior designer, 5.26 nor to any standardized manufactured product, nor to any construction superintendent 5.27 supervising the execution of work designed by an architect, landscape architect, engineer, 5.28 or certified interior designer licensed or certified in accordance with section 326.03, nor 5.29 to the planning for and supervision of the construction and installation of work by an 5.30 electrical contractor or master plumber as defined in and licensed pursuant to this chapter 5.31 326B, where such work is within the scope of such licensed activity and not within the 5.32 practice of professional engineering, or architecture, or where the person does not claim to 5.33 be a certified interior designer as defined in subdivision 2, 3, or 4b. 5.34

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 6.1 Subd. 2. Deposits. All remaining balances as of June 30, 2007, in the state 6.2 government special revenue fund and special revenue fund accounts maintained for 6.3 the Building Codes and Standards Division, Board of Electricity, and plumbing and 6.4 engineering unit are transferred to the construction code fund. Unless otherwise 6.5 specifically designated by law: (1) all money collected under sections 144.122, paragraph 6.6 (f); 181.723; 326B.101 to 326B.194; 326B.197; 326B.32 to 326B.399; 326B.43 to 6.7 326B.49; 326B.52 to 326B.59; 326B.802 to 326B.885; 326B.90 to 326B.998; 327.31 to 6.8 327.36; and 327B.01 to 327B.12, except penalties, is credited to the construction code 6.9 fund; (2) all fees collected under section 45.23 in connection with continuing education 6.10 for residential contractors, residential remodelers, and residential roofers are credited to 6.11 the construction code fund; and (3) all penalties assessed under the sections set forth 6.12 in clauses (1) and (2) and all penalties assessed under sections 144.99 to 144.993 in 6.13 connection with any violation of sections 326B.43 to 326B.49 or 326B.52 to 326B.59 or 6.14 the rules adopted under those sections are credited to the assigned risk safety account 6.15 established by section 79.253. 6.16

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.127, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 6.17 Subd. 3. Powers and duties. The state building official may, with the approval of 6.18 the commissioner, employ personnel necessary to carry out the inspector's function under 6.19 sections 326B.101 to 326B.194. The state building official shall distribute without charge 6.20 a printed or electronic version of the code to each municipality within the state. A printed 6.21 or electronic version of the code shall be made available to municipalities and interested 6.22 parties for a fee prescribed by the commissioner. The state building official shall perform 6.23 other duties in administering the code assigned by the commissioner. 6.24

6.25 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
6.26 Subd. 3. Filing. The commissioner shall file one copy of the complete code with the
6.27 secretary of state, except that All standards referred to in any model or statewide specialty
6.28 code or any of the modifications of a code need not be filed with the secretary of state. All
6.29 standards referred to in that are incorporated by reference into the code must be kept on
6.30 file and available for inspection in the office of the commissioner.

6.31 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
6.32 Subd. 4. Hearings Consultation with commissioner required. The commissioner
6.33 shall hold all state hearings and make all determinations regarding any subject matter dealt

7.1 with in the code including those in which another state agency proposes to adopt or amend
7.2 rules which are incorporated by reference into the code or whenever the commissioner
7.3 proposes to incorporate those rules into the State Building Code. In no event may a state
7.4 agency subsequently authorized to adopt rules involving State Building Code subject
7.5 matter proceed to adopt the rules without prior consultation with the commissioner.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 7.6 Subd. 5. Proposed amendments; hearings. Any interested person may propose 7.7 amendments to the code which may be either applicable to all municipalities or, where it 7.8 is alleged and established that geological conditions exist within a municipality which 7.9 are not generally found within other municipalities, amendments may be restricted in 7.10 application to that municipality. Notice of public hearings on proposed amendments shall 7.11 be given to the governing bodies of all municipalities in addition to those persons entitled 7.12 to notice under the Administrative Procedure Act. 7.13

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.13, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 7.14 Subd. 6. Adoption. The commissioner shall approve any proposed amendments 7.15 deemed by the commissioner to be reasonable in conformity with the policy and purpose 7.16 of the code and justified under the particular circumstances involved. Upon adoption, 7.17 a copy of each amendment must be distributed to the governing bodies of all affected 7.18 municipalities. The commissioner shall make an electronic version of amendments to the 7.19 code available to municipalities. Upon request, a municipality may receive a paper copy 7.20 of amendments to the code available for a fee prescribed by the commissioner. 7.21

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.133, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 7.22 7.23 Subd. 5. Grounds. In addition to the grounds set forth in section 326B.082, subdivision 11, The commissioner may deny, suspend, limit, place conditions on, or 7.24 revoke a certificate, or may censure use any enforcement provision in section 326B.082 7.25 against an applicant or individual holding a certificate, if the applicant or individual: 7.26 (1) violates a provision of sections 326B.101 to 326B.194 or a rule adopted under 7.27 those sections; or 7.28 (2) engages in fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation while performing the duties of a 7.29 certified building official. 7.30 Nothing in this subdivision limits or otherwise affects the authority of a municipality 7.31 to dismiss or suspend a building official at its discretion, except as otherwise provided 7.32

for by law.

7.33

8.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.139, is amended to read:

8.2 **326B.139 APPEALS.**

A person aggrieved by the final decision of any municipality local or state 8.3 level board of appeals as to the application of the code, including any rules adopted 8.4 under sections 471.465 to 471.469, may, within 180 days of the decision, appeal to 8.5 the commissioner. Appellant shall submit a nonrefundable fee of \$70, payable to the 8.6 commissioner, with the request for appeal. An appeal must be heard as a contested case 8.7 under chapter 14. The commissioner shall submit written findings to the parties. The party 8.8 not prevailing shall pay the costs of the contested case hearing, including fees charged by 8.9 the Office of Administrative Hearings and the expense of transcript preparation. Costs 8.10 under this section do not include attorney fees. Any person aggrieved by a ruling of 8.11 the commissioner may appeal in accordance with chapter 14. For the purpose of this 8.12 section "any person aggrieved" includes the Council on Disability. No fee or costs shall be 8.13 required when the council on disability is the appellant. 8.14

8.15 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.142, is amended to read:

8.16

326B.142 CERTAIN PERMITS <u>CERTIFICATES</u>.

8.17 Building permits or certificates of occupancy validly issued before July 1, 1972,

8.18 regarding buildings or structures being constructed or altered according to the permits or

8.19 certificates, are valid after that date. The construction may be completed according to the

8.20 building permit, unless the building official determines that life or property is in jeopardy.

8.21

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2009 Supplement, section 326B.145, is amended to read:

8.22 **326B.145 ANNUAL REPORT.**

Each municipality shall annually report by June 30 to the department, in a format prescribed by the department, all construction and development-related fees collected by the municipality from developers, builders, and subcontractors if the cumulative fees collected exceeded \$5,000 in the reporting year, except that, for reports due June 30, 2009, to June 30, 2013, the reporting threshold is \$10,000. The report must include:

8.28

(1) the number and valuation of units for which fees were paid;

8.29 (2) the amount of building permit fees, plan review fees, administrative fees,
8.30 engineering fees, infrastructure fees, and other construction and development-related
8.31 fees; and

8.32 (3) the expenses associated with the municipal activities for which fees were8.33 collected.

- A municipality that fails to report to the department in accordance with this section 9.1 is subject to the remedies provided by section 326B.082. 9.2
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.148, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 9.3 Subd. 2. Collection and reports. All permit surcharges must be collected by each 9.4 municipality and a portion of them remitted to the state. Each municipality having a 9.5 population greater than 20,000 people shall prepare and submit to the commissioner once 9.6 a month a report of fees and surcharges on fees collected during the previous month but 9.7 shall retain the greater of two percent or that amount collected up to \$25 to apply against 9.8 the administrative expenses the municipality incurs in collecting the surcharges. All other 9.9 municipalities shall submit the report and surcharges on fees once a quarter but shall 9.10 retain the greater of four percent or that amount collected up to \$25 to apply against the 9.11 administrative expenses the municipalities incur in collecting the surcharges. The report, 9.12 which must be in a form prescribed by the commissioner, must be submitted together with 9.13 a remittance covering the surcharges collected by the 15th day following the month or 9.14 quarter in which the surcharges are collected. 9.15
- A municipality that fails to report or submit the required remittance to the 9.16 9.17 department in accordance with this subdivision is subject to the remedies provided by section 326B.082. 9.18
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.148, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 9.19 Subd. 3. Revenue to equal costs. Revenue received from the surcharge imposed 9.20 9.21 in subdivision 1 should approximately equal the cost, including the overhead cost, of administering sections 326B.101 to 326B.194. By November 30 each year, the 9.22 commissioner must report to the commissioner of management and budget and to the 9.23 9.24 legislature on changes in the surcharge imposed in subdivision 1 needed to comply with this policy. In making this report, the commissioner must assume that the services 9.25 associated with administering sections 326B.101 to 326B.194 will continue to be provided 9.26 at the same level provided during the fiscal year in which the report is made. 9.27
- 9.28

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.191, is amended to read:

326B.191 CONFLICT OF LAWS. 9.29

Nothing in sections 326B.163 to 326B.191 supersedes the Minnesota Electrical 9.30 Act in this chapter 326. 9.31

9.32

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.31, subdivision 28, is amended to read:

Subd. 28. Responsible licensed individual. A contractor's "responsible licensed 10.1 10.2 individual" means the licensed Class A master electrician, Class B master electrician, master elevator constructor, or power limited technician designated in writing by the 10.3 contractor in the contractor's license application, or in another manner acceptable to the 10.4 commissioner, as the individual responsible for the contractor's compliance with sections 10.5 326B.31 to 326B.399 and, all rules and orders adopted or issued under these sections, and 10.6 all orders issued under section 326B.082. The terms "licensed responsible individual" and 10.7 "licensed responsible master electrician or power limited technician" are synonymous. 10.8

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.33, subdivision 17, is amended to read: 10.9 Subd. 17. Employment of master electrician or power limited technician. 10.10 10.11 (a) Each contractor must designate a responsible master electrician or power limited technician, who shall be responsible for the performance of all electrical work in 10.12 accordance with the requirements of sections 326B.31 to 326B.399 or any rule or order, 10.13 10.14 all rules adopted or issued under these sections, and all orders issued under section 326B.082. The classes of work that a licensed contractor is authorized to perform shall 10.15 be limited to the classes of work that the responsible master electrician or power limited 10.16 10.17 electrician is licensed to perform.

(b) When a contractor's license is held by an individual, sole proprietorship, 10.18 partnership, limited liability company, or corporation and the individual, proprietor, one 10.19 of the partners, one of the members, or an officer of the corporation, respectively, is not 10.20 the responsible master electrician or power limited technician, all requests for inspection 10.21 10.22 shall be signed by the responsible master electrician or power limited technician. If the contractor is an individual or a sole proprietorship, the responsible licensed individual 10.23 must be the individual, proprietor, or managing employee. If the contractor is a 10.24 10.25 partnership, the responsible licensed individual must be a general partner or managing employee. If the licensed contractor is a limited liability company, the responsible 10.26 licensed individual must be a chief manager or managing employee. If the contractor 10.27 is a corporation, the responsible licensed individual must be an officer or managing 10.28 employee. If the responsible licensed individual is a managing employee, the responsible 10.29 licensed individual must be actively engaged in performing electrical work on behalf of 10.30 the contractor, and cannot be employed in any capacity as an electrician or technician by 10.31 any other contractor or employer designated in subdivision 21. An individual may be the 10.32 responsible licensed individual for only one contractor or employer. 10.33

(c) All applications and renewals for contractor licenses shall include a verified
statement that the applicant or licensee has complied with this subdivision.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.42, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 11.1 Subd. 2. Direct supervision. The term "direct supervision," with respect to direct 11.2 supervision of a plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual by a master, 11.3 restricted master, journeyman, or restricted journeyman plumber, means that: 11.4 (1) at all times while the plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual is 11.5 performing plumbing work, the supervising plumber is present at the location where the 11.6 plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual is working; 11.7 (2) the supervising plumber is physically present and immediately available to the 11.8 plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual at all times for assistance and 11.9 direction; 11.10 (3) any form of electronic supervision does not meet the requirement of physically 11.11 present; 11.12 (4) the supervising plumber actually reviews the plumbing work performed by 11.13 the plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual before the plumbing is 11.14 11.15 operated; and (5) the supervising plumber is able to and does determine that all plumbing work 11.16 performed by the plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual is performed in 11.17 compliance with the plumbing code. 11.18 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.42, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 11.19

11.20 Subd. 6. **Plumber's apprentice.** A "plumber's apprentice" is any individual, other 11.21 than a master, restricted master, journeyman, or restricted journeyman plumber who, as 11.22 a principal occupation, is engaged in working as an employee of a plumbing contractor 11.23 under the direct supervision of a master, restricted master, journeyman, or restricted 11.24 journeyman plumber and is learning and assisting in the installation of plumbing who is

11.25 <u>employed in the practical installation of plumbing under an apprenticeship agreement</u>

11.26 approved by the department under Minnesota Rules, part 5200.0340.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.435, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Powers; duties; administrative support. (a) The board shall have the
power to:

11.30 (1) elect its chair, vice-chair, and secretary;

(2) adopt bylaws that specify the duties of its officers, the meeting dates of the board,
and containing such other provisions as may be useful and necessary for the efficient
conduct of the business of the board;

(3) adopt the plumbing code that must be followed in this state and any plumbing
code amendments thereto. The board shall adopt the plumbing code and any amendments
thereto pursuant to chapter 14 and as provided in subdivision 6, paragraphs (b), (c), and (d);
(4) review requests for final interpretations and issue final interpretations as provided
in section 326B.127, subdivision 5;
(5) except for rules regulating continuing education, adopt rules that regulate the

licensure or registration of plumbing contractors, journeymen, apprentices <u>unlicensed</u>
<u>individuals</u>, master plumbers, restricted master plumbers, and restricted journeymen and
other persons engaged in the design, installation, and alteration of plumbing systems,
except for those individuals licensed under section 326.02, subdivisions 2 and 3. The
board shall adopt these rules pursuant to chapter 14 and as provided in subdivision
6, paragraphs (e) and (f);

12.13 (6) advise the commissioner regarding educational requirements for plumbing12.14 inspectors;

(7) refer complaints or other communications to the commissioner, whether oral or
written, as provided in subdivision 8, that allege or imply a violation of a statute, rule, or
order that the commissioner has the authority to enforce pertaining to code compliance,
licensure, or an offering to perform or performance of unlicensed plumbing services;

(8) approve per diem and expenses deemed necessary for its members as provided insubdivision 3;

12.21 (9) approve license reciprocity agreements;

(10) select from its members individuals to serve on any other state advisory council,board, or committee; and

12.24 (11) recommend the fees for licenses and certifications.

Except for the powers granted to the Plumbing Board, the Board of Electricity, and the
Board of High Pressure Piping Systems, the commissioner of labor and industry shall
administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter and any rules promulgated pursuant
thereto.

12.29

(b) The board shall comply with section 15.0597, subdivisions 2 and 4.

(c) The commissioner shall coordinate the board's rulemaking and recommendations
with the recommendations and rulemaking conducted by the other boards created pursuant
to this chapter. The commissioner shall provide staff support to the board. The support
includes professional, legal, technical, and clerical staff necessary to perform rulemaking
and other duties assigned to the board. The commissioner of labor and industry shall
supply necessary office space and supplies to assist the board in its duties.

13.1 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.47, is amended to read:

13.2 **326B.47** PLUMBER'S APPRENTICES UNLICENSED INDIVIDUALS.

Subdivision 1. Registration. All <u>unlicensed individuals, other than plumber's</u>
apprentices, must be registered <u>under subdivision 3</u>. To be a registered plumber's
apprentice, an individual must either:

(1) be an individual employed in the trade of plumbing under an apprenticeship
 agreement approved by the department under Minnesota Rules, part 5200.0300; or

(2) be an unlicensed individual registered with the commissioner under subdivision
3. A plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual is authorized to assist
in the installation of plumbing only while under the direct supervision of a master,
restricted master, journeyman, or restricted journeyman plumber. The master, restricted
master, journeyman, or restricted journeyman plumber is responsible for ensuring that all
plumbing work performed by the plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual
complies with the plumbing code.

Subd. 2. Journeyman exam. A plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed 13.15 individual who has completed four years of practical plumbing experience is eligible to 13.16 take the journeyman plumbing examination. Up to 24 months of practical plumbing 13.17 experience prior to becoming a plumber's apprentice or registered unlicensed individual 13.18 13.19 may be applied to the four-year experience requirement. However, none of this practical plumbing experience may be applied if the individual did not have any practical plumbing 13.20 experience in the 12-month period immediately prior to becoming a plumber's apprentice 13.21 or registered unlicensed individual. The Plumbing Board may adopt rules to evaluate 13.22 whether the individual's past practical plumbing experience is applicable in preparing for 13.23 the journeyman's examination. If two years after completing the training the individual 13.24 has not taken the examination, the four years of experience shall be forfeited. 13.25

13.26 The commissioner may allow an extension of the two-year period for taking the13.27 exam for cases of hardship or other appropriate circumstances.

Subd. 3. Registration, rules, applications, renewals, and fees. An unlicensed 13.28 individual may register by completing and submitting to the commissioner a registration 13.29 form provided by the commissioner. A completed registration form must state the date 13.30 the individual began training, the individual's age, schooling, previous experience, and 13.31 employer, and other information required by the commissioner. The board may prescribe 13.32 rules, not inconsistent with this section, for the registration of unlicensed individuals. Each 13.33 applicant for initial registration as a plumber's apprentice registered unlicensed individual 13.34 shall pay the department an application fee of \$25. Applications for initial registration 13.35 may be submitted at any time. Registration must be renewed annually and shall be for the 13.36

14.1 period from July 1 of each year to June 30 of the following year. Applications for renewal 14.2 registration must be received by the commissioner by June 30 of each registration period 14.3 on forms provided by the commissioner, and must be accompanied by a fee of \$25. An 14.4 application for renewal registration received on or after July 1 in any year but no more 14.5 than three months after expiration of the previously issued registration must pay the past 14.6 due renewal fee plus a late fee of \$25. No applications for renewal registration will be 14.7 accepted more than three months after expiration of the previously issued registration.

14.8 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.84, is amended to read:

14.9

326B.84 GROUNDS FOR *LICENSE* SANCTIONS.

14.10 In addition to the grounds set forth in section 326B.082, subdivision 11, The

14.11 commissioner may deny, suspend, limit, place conditions on, or revoke a license or

14.12 certificate of exemption, or may censure the person holding the <u>use any enforcement</u>

14.13 provision in section 326B.082 against an applicant for or holder of a license or certificate

14.14 of exemption, if the applicant, licensee, certificate of exemption holder, qualifying person,

14.15 or affiliate of an owner, officer, member, managing employee, or affiliate of the applicant,

14.16 licensee, or certificate of exemption holder, or other agent owner:

(1) has filed an application for licensure or a certificate of exemption which is
incomplete in any material respect or contains any statement which, in light of the
circumstances under which it is made, is false or misleading with respect to any material
fact;

14.21

(2) has engaged in a fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest practice;

(3) is permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction
from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of the
business;

(4) has failed to reasonably supervise employees, agents, subcontractors, or
salespersons, or has performed negligently or in breach of contract, so as to cause injury
or harm to the public;

(5) has violated or failed to comply with any provision of sections 326B.802 to
326B.885, any rule or order under sections 326B.802 to 326B.885, or any other law, rule,
or order related to the duties and responsibilities entrusted to the commissioner;

(6) has been convicted of a violation of the State Building Code or has refused to
comply with a notice of violation or stop order issued by a certified building official, or in
local jurisdictions that have not adopted the State Building Code has refused to correct a
violation of the State Building Code when the violation has been documented or a notice
of violation or stop order issued by a certified building official has been received;

(7) has failed to use the proceeds of any payment made to the licensee for the 15.1 construction of, or any improvement to, residential real estate, as defined in section 15.2 326B.802, subdivision 13, for the payment of labor, skill, material, and machinery 15.3 contributed to the construction or improvement, knowing that the cost of any labor 15.4 performed, or skill, material, or machinery furnished for the improvement remains unpaid; 15.5 (8) has not furnished to the person making payment either a valid lien waiver as to 15.6 any unpaid labor performed, or skill, material, or machinery furnished for an improvement, 15.7 or a payment bond in the basic amount of the contract price for the improvement 15.8 conditioned for the prompt payment to any person or persons entitled to payment; 15.9 (9) has engaged in an act or practice that results in compensation to an aggrieved 15.10 owner or lessee from the contractor recovery fund pursuant to section 326B.89, unless: 15.11 (i) the applicant or licensee has repaid the fund twice the amount paid from the fund, 15.12 plus interest at the rate of 12 percent per year; and 15.13 (ii) the applicant or licensee has obtained a surety bond in the amount of at least 15.14 15.15 \$40,000, issued by an insurer authorized to transact business in this state; (10) has engaged in bad faith, unreasonable delays, or frivolous claims in defense 15.16 of a civil lawsuit or arbitration arising out of their activities as a licensee or certificate 15.17 of exemption holder under this chapter; 15.18

(11) has had a judgment entered against them for failure to make payments to
employees, subcontractors, or suppliers, that the licensee has failed to satisfy and all
appeals of the judgment have been exhausted or the period for appeal has expired;

(12) if unlicensed, has obtained a building permit by the fraudulent use of a fictitious
license number or the license number of another, or, if licensed, has knowingly allowed
an unlicensed person to use the licensee's license number for the purpose of fraudulently
obtaining a building permit; or has applied for or obtained a building permit for an
unlicensed person;

15.27 (13) has made use of a forged mechanic's lien waiver under chapter 514;

(14) has provided false, misleading, or incomplete information to the commissioneror has refused to allow a reasonable inspection of records or premises;

(15) has engaged in an act or practice whether or not the act or practice directly
involves the business for which the person is licensed, that demonstrates that the applicant
or licensee is untrustworthy, financially irresponsible, or otherwise incompetent or
unqualified to act under the license granted by the commissioner; or

(16) has failed to comply with requests for information, documents, or other requests
from the department within the time specified in the request or, if no time is specified,
within 30 days of the mailing of the request by the department.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
have the meanings given them.

(b) "Gross annual receipts" means the total amount derived from residential
contracting or residential remodeling activities, regardless of where the activities are
performed, and must not be reduced by costs of goods sold, expenses, losses, or any
other amount.

- 16.8 (c) "Licensee" means a person licensed as a residential contractor or residential16.9 remodeler.
- 16.10 (d) "Residential real estate" means a new or existing building constructed for16.11 habitation by one to four families, and includes detached garages.

16.12 (e) "Fund" means the contractor recovery fund.

16.13 (f) "Owner" when used in connection with real property, means a person who has

16.14 any legal or equitable interest in real property and includes a condominium or townhome

16.15 association that owns common property located in a condominium building or townhome

16.16 <u>building or an associated detached garage</u>. Owner does not include any real estate

16.17 <u>developer.</u>

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 16.18 Subd. 5. Payment limitations. Except as otherwise provided in this section, The 16.19 commissioner shall not pay compensation from the fund to an owner or a lessee in an 16.20 amount greater than \$75,000 per licensee. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 16.21 16.22 The commissioner shall not pay compensation from the fund to owners and lessees in an amount that totals more than \$150,000 per licensee. The commissioner shall not pay 16.23 compensation from the fund for a final judgment based on a cause of action that arose 16.24 16.25 before the commissioner's receipt of the licensee's fee required by subdivision 3. The commissioner shall only pay compensation from the fund for a final judgment that is 16.26 based on a contract directly between the licensee and the homeowner or lessee that was 16.27 entered into prior to the cause of action and that requires licensure as a residential building 16.28 contractor or residential remodeler. 16.29

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
Subd. 6. Verified application. To be eligible for compensation from the fund, an
owner or lessee shall serve on the commissioner a verified application for compensation
on a form approved by the commissioner. The application shall verify the following
information:

(1) the specific grounds upon which the owner or lessee seeks to recover fromthe fund:

(2) that the owner or the lessee has obtained a final judgment in a court of competent
jurisdiction against a licensee licensed under section <u>326B.803</u> <u>326B.83</u>;

(3) that the final judgment was obtained against the licensee on the grounds
of fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest practices, conversion of funds, or failure of
performance that arose directly out of a contract directly between the licensee and the
homeowner or lessee that was entered into prior to the cause of action and that occurred
when the licensee was licensed and performing any of the special skills enumerated under
section 326B.802, subdivision 15;

(4) the amount of the owner's or the lessee's actual and direct out-of-pocket loss on
the owner's residential real estate, on residential real estate leased by the lessee, or on new
residential real estate that has never been occupied or that was occupied by the licensee
for less than one year prior to purchase by the owner;

17.15

(5) that the residential real estate is located in Minnesota;

(6) that the owner or the lessee is not the spouse of the licensee or the personalrepresentative of the licensee;

(7) the amount of the final judgment, any amount paid in satisfaction of the final
judgment, and the amount owing on the final judgment as of the date of the verified
application;

(8) that the owner or lessee has diligently pursued remedies against all the judgment
debtors and all other persons liable to the judgment debtor in the contract for which the
owner or lessee seeks recovery from the fund; and

(9) that the verified application is being served within two years after the judgmentbecame final.

17.26 The verified application must include documents evidencing the amount of the owner's or the lessee's actual and direct out-of-pocket loss. The owner's and the lessee's 17.27 actual and direct out-of-pocket loss shall not include attorney fees, litigation costs or fees, 17.28 interest on the loss, and interest on the final judgment obtained as a result of the loss. Any 17.29 amount paid in satisfaction of the final judgment shall be applied to the owner's or lessee's 17.30 actual and direct out-of-pocket loss. An owner or lessee may serve a verified application 17.31 regardless of whether the final judgment has been discharged by a bankruptcy court. A 17.32 judgment issued by a court is final if all proceedings on the judgment have either been 17.33 pursued and concluded or been forgone, including all reviews and appeals. For purposes 17.34 of this section, owners who are joint tenants or tenants in common are deemed to be a 17.35 single owner. For purposes of this section, owners and lessees eligible for payment of 17.36

compensation from the fund shall not include government agencies, political subdivisions,
financial institutions, and any other entity that purchases, guarantees, or insures a loan
secured by real estate.

- 18.4 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
 18.5 Subd. 7. Commissioner review. The commissioner shall within 120 days after
 18.6 receipt of the <u>complete</u> verified application:
- 18.7 (1) enter into an agreement with an owner or a lessee that resolves the verified18.8 application for compensation from the fund; or
- (2) issue an order to the owner or the lessee accepting, modifying, or denying theverified application for compensation from the fund.
- Upon receipt of an order issued under clause (2), the owner or the lessee shall have 18.11 30 days to serve upon the commissioner a written request for a hearing. If the owner or 18.12 the lessee does not serve upon the commissioner a timely written request for hearing, the 18.13 18.14 order issued under clause (2) shall become a final order of the commissioner that may not be reviewed by any court or agency. The commissioner shall order compensation from 18.15 the fund only if the owner or the lessee has filed a verified application that complies with 18.16 subdivision 6 and if the commissioner determines based on review of the application that 18.17 compensation should be paid from the fund. The commissioner shall not be bound by any 18.18 prior settlement, compromise, or stipulation between the owner or the lessee and the 18.19 licensee. 18.20
- 18.21 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 8, is amended to read: Subd. 8. Administrative hearing. If an owner or a lessee timely serves a request 18.22 for hearing under subdivision 7, the commissioner shall request that an administrative law 18.23 18.24 judge be assigned and that a hearing be conducted under the contested case provisions of chapter 14 within 30 45 days after the service of the request for hearing upon the 18.25 commissioner received the request for hearing, unless the parties agree to a later date. The 18.26 commissioner must notify the owner or lessee of the time and place of the hearing at least 18.27 15 days before the hearing. Upon petition of the commissioner, the administrative law 18.28 judge shall continue the hearing up to 60 days and upon a showing of good cause may 18.29 continue the hearing for such additional period as the administrative law judge deems 18.30 appropriate. 18.31

18.32 At the hearing the owner or the lessee shall have the burden of proving by substantial
18.33 evidence under subdivision 6, clauses (1) to (8). <u>Whenever an applicant's judgment</u>
18.34 is by default, stipulation, or consent, or whenever the action against the licensee was

19.1 defended by a trustee in bankruptcy, the applicant shall have the burden of proving the

19.2 <u>cause of action for fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest practices, conversion of funds, or</u>

19.3 <u>failure of performance</u>. Otherwise, the judgment shall create a rebuttable presumption

- 19.4 of the fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest practices, conversion of funds, or failure of
- 19.5 performance. This presumption affects the burden of producing evidence.

The administrative law judge shall issue findings of fact, conclusions of law, and 19.6 order. If the administrative law judge finds that compensation should be paid to the owner 19.7 or the lessee, the administrative law judge shall order the commissioner to make payment 19.8 from the fund of the amount it finds to be payable pursuant to the provisions of and in 19.9 accordance with the limitations contained in this section. The order of the administrative 19.10 law judge shall constitute the final decision of the agency in the contested case. Judicial 19.11 review of the administrative law judge's findings of fact, conclusions of law, and order 19.12 shall be in accordance with sections 14.63 to 14.69. 19.13

19.14 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 10, is amended to read: Subd. 10. Right of subrogation. Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 9 and 11 to 16, 19.15 the commissioner shall not pay compensation from the fund to an owner or lessee unless 19.16 and until the owner or lessee executes an assignment to the commissioner of all rights, 19.17 title, and interest in the final judgment in the amount of the compensation to be paid under 19.18 an agreement under subdivision 7, clause (1), or a final order issued under subdivision 19.19 7, clause (2), or subdivision 8. If the commissioner pays compensation from the fund to 19.20 an owner or a lessee pursuant to an agreement under subdivision 7, clause (1), or a final 19.21 19.22 order issued under subdivision 7, clause (2), or subdivision 8, then the commissioner shall be subrogated to all of the rights, title, and interest in the owner's or lessee's final 19.23 judgment in the amount of compensation paid from the fund and the owner or the lessee 19.24 19.25 shall assign to the commissioner all rights, title, and interest in the final judgment in the amount of compensation paid. The commissioner shall deposit in the fund money 19.26 recovered under this subdivision. 19.27

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Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
Subd. 13. Condominiums or townhouses. (a) For purposes of this section, the
owner or the lessee of a condominium or townhouse is considered an owner or a lessee
of residential property terms "owner" and "lessee" of residential real estate include the
following, regardless of the number of residential units per building:
(1) an owner or lessee of an apartment as defined in and governed by chapter 515;
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20.1	(2) an owner or lessee of a unit in a common interest community created under or
20.2	governed by chapter 515B;
20.3	(3) an owner or lessee of a unit in a planned community or cooperative created prior
20.4	to June 1, 1994, that has not elected to be governed by chapter 515B;
20.5	(4) an association or master association, as defined in chapter 515B, that owns or
20.6	leases the common elements of a common interest community; and
20.7	(5) a homeowners association that owns or leases the common elements in a
20.8	planned community or cooperative created prior to June 1, 1994, that has not elected
20.9	to be governed by chapter 515B.
20.10	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "common elements" means common areas and
20.11	facilities as defined in chapter 515 and common elements as defined in chapter 515B.
20.12	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, is amended by adding a
20.13	subdivision to read:
20.14	Subd. 18. Recovery of payments. If the commissioner pays compensation from the
20.15	fund on the basis of any false or misleading information provided to the commissioner
20.16	in connection with the application for compensation, then, upon the application of the
20.17	commissioner, a district court shall order the owner or lessee to repay to the fund all
20.18	such compensation paid from the fund. In addition, the state may be allowed an amount
20.19	determined by the court to be the reasonable value of all or part of the litigation expenses,
20.20	including attorney fees, incurred by the state. The commissioner shall deposit in the fund
20.21	money recovered under this subdivision.
20.22	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, is amended by adding a
20.23	subdivision to read:
20.24	Subd. 19. Payment of penalty. If an owner or lessee violates section 326B.084 in
20.25	connection with an application for compensation from the fund, and if the commissioner
20.26	issues to the owner or lessee an administrative order under section 326B.082, subdivision
20.27	7, for that violation of section 326B.084, then the commissioner shall deposit in the fund
20.28	all penalties paid pursuant to the administrative order.
20.29	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.921, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
20.20	Subd 2 Degistration requirement All unlicensed individuals other than ninefitter

20.30 Subd. 3. **Registration requirement.** All unlicensed individuals, other than pipefitter 20.31 apprentices, must be registered under subdivision 4. No licensed high pressure piping 20.32 business shall employ an unlicensed individual to assist in the practical construction and 20.33 installation of high pressure piping and appurtenances unless the unlicensed individual is

registered with the department. A pipefitter apprentice or registered unlicensed individual 21.1 employed by a high pressure piping business may assist in the practical construction and 21.2 installation of high pressure piping and appurtenances only while under direct supervision 21.3 of a licensed contracting high pressure pipefitter or licensed journeyman high pressure 21.4 pipefitter employed by the same high pressure piping business. The licensed contracting 21.5 high pressure pipefitter or licensed journeyman high pressure pipefitter shall supervise no 21.6 more than two pipefitter apprentices or registered unlicensed individuals. The licensed 21.7 contracting high pressure pipefitter or journeyman high pressure pipefitter is responsible 21.8 for ensuring that all high pressure piping work performed by the pipefitter apprentice or 21.9 registered unlicensed individual complies with Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules. 21.10 The board shall make recommendations by October 1, 2008, to the chairs of 21.11

21.12 the standing committees of the senate and house of representatives having jurisdiction
 21.13 over high pressure piping regulation on the ratio of licensed contracting high pressure
 21.14 pipefitters or licensed journeyman high pressure pipefitters to pipefitter apprentices or

21.15 registered unlicensed individuals for purposes of supervision.

21.16 Sec. 39. Laws 2010, chapter 183, section 8, the effective date, is amended to read:

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, <u>2009</u> <u>2010</u>, except that the requirement under subdivision 2 that a master or journeyman plumber must be certified by the Minnesota Plumbing Board and the fee in subdivision 4 are not effective until 180 days after the board adopts rules.

21.21 Sec. 40. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

21.22	Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 299G.11; 299G.13, subdivisions 1, 6, 9, 16, 17,
21.23	18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28; 299G.14; 299G.15; 299G.16; 299G.17;
21.24	299G.18; 326B.115; and 326B.37, subdivision 13, are repealed.
21.25	Minnesota Rules, parts 5200.0020; 5200.0050; and 5200.0080, subparts 2, 3, 4,

21.26 <u>4a, 4b, 6, 7, and 8, are repealed.</u>

21.27 Sec. 41. EFFECTIVE DATE.

21.28 Sections 2 to 7 are effective the day following final enactment.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: s2928-2

299G.11 DOOR OR SIDELIGHT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

If doors or side lights of a public building, whether privately or publicly owned, are constructed with clear glass, markings shall be placed on such clear glass or the clear glass shall be manufactured with markings. Sidelights are defined as the clear glass panels not less than 15 inches wide immediately adjacent to the door.

299G.13 SAFETY GLAZING; DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** As used in sections 299G.13 to 299G.18, the following words and phrases have the meaning here given them.

Subd. 6. **Commercial buildings.** "Commercial buildings" means buildings such as wholesale and retail stores and storerooms, and office buildings.

Subd. 9. **Commercial entrance and exit door.** "Commercial entrance and exit door" means a hinged, pivoting, revolving, or sliding door which is glazed or to be glazed and used alone or in combination with doors, other than those described in subdivision 27, on interior or exterior walls of a commercial, public, or industrial building as a means of passage, ingress, or egress.

Subd. 16. Glazed. "Glazed" means the accomplished act of glazing.

Subd. 17. **Glazing.** "Glazing" means the act of installing and securing glass or other glazing material into prepared openings in structural elements such as doors, enclosures, and panels.

Subd. 18. **Hazardous locations.** "Hazardous locations" means those structural elements, glazed or to be glazed, in residential buildings and other structures used as dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial buildings, and public buildings, known as interior and exterior commercial entrance and exit doors, and the immediately adjacent operable and inoperable glazed panels, sliding glass door units including the fixed glazed panels which are part of such units, storm or combination doors, shower and bathtub enclosures, primary residential entrance and exit doors and the operable adjacent sidelights, whether or not the glazing in such doors, panels, and enclosures is transparent.

Subd. 19. Industrial buildings. "Industrial buildings" means buildings such as factories.

Subd. 20. **Operable and inoperable glazed panels immediately adjacent to entrance or exit doors.** "Operable and inoperable glazed panels immediately adjacent to entrance or exit doors" means the flat glazed panels on either or both sides of interior or exterior doors, and within the same wallplane as the door, whose nearest vertical edge is within 12 inches of the door in a closed position and whose bottom edge is less than 60 inches above the floor or walking surface.

Subd. 21. **Other structures used as dwellings.** "Other structures used as dwellings" means buildings such as manufactured homes, manufactured or industrialized housing, and lodging homes.

Subd. 22. **Primary residential entrance and exit door.** "Primary residential entrance and exit door" means a door, other than that described in subdivision 27, which is glazed or to be glazed and used in an exterior wall of a residential building and other structures used as dwellings, as a means of ingress or egress.

Subd. 23. **Public buildings.** "Public buildings" means buildings such as hotels, hospitals, motels, dormitories, sanitariums, nursing homes, theaters, stadiums, gymnasiums, amusement park buildings, schools and other buildings used for educational purposes, museums, restaurants, bars, correctional institutions, places of worship, and other buildings of public assembly.

Subd. 24. **Residential buildings.** "Residential buildings" means buildings such as homes and apartments used as dwellings for one or more families or persons.

Subd. 25. **Safety glazing material.** "Safety glazing material" means any glazing material, such as tempered glass, laminated glass, wire glass, or rigid plastic, which meets the test requirements of the American National Standards Institute Standard Z-97.1-1972, and which is so constructed, treated, or combined with other materials as to minimize the likelihood of cutting and piercing injuries resulting from human contact with the glazing material.

Subd. 26. **Shower or bathtub enclosure.** "Shower enclosure" or "bathtub enclosure" means a hinged, pivoting, or sliding door and fixed panels which are glazed or to be glazed and used to form a barrier between the shower stall or bathtub and the rest of the room area.

Subd. 27. **Sliding glass door units.** "Sliding glass door units" means an assembly of glazed or to be glazed panels contained in an overall frame, installed in residential buildings and other structures used as dwellings, commercial, industrial, or public buildings, and so designed that one or more of the panels is movable in a horizontal direction to produce or close off an opening for use as a means of passage, ingress, or egress.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: s2928-2

Subd. 28. **Storm or combination door.** "Storm or combination door" means a door which is glazed or to be glazed, and used in tandem with a primary residential or commercial entrance and exit door to protect the primary residential or commercial entrance or exit door against weather elements and to improve indoor climate control.

299G.14 GLAZING MATERIAL; LABELING REQUIRED.

Subdivision 1. **Permanent labeling; identification; standard.** Each lite of safety glazing material manufactured, distributed, imported, or sold for use in hazardous locations, or installed in such a location within this state shall be permanently labeled by such means as etching, sandblasting, firing of ceramic material, hot-die stamping, transparent pressure sensitive labels, or by other suitable means. The label shall identify the seller, manufacturer, fabricator, or installer, the nominal thickness and the type of safety glazing material, and the fact that said material meets the test requirements of the American National Standards Institute Standard Z-97.1-1972.

The label must be legible and visible after installation.

Subd. 2. Limited use. Such safety glazing labeling shall not be used on other than safety glazing materials.

299G.15 SAFETY GLAZING MATERIAL REQUIRED.

It shall be unlawful to knowingly install, cause to be installed, or consent to the installation of glazing materials other than safety glazing materials in any hazardous location in this state.

299G.16 EMPLOYEES NOT COVERED.

No liability shall be created under sections 299G.13 to 299G.15 as to workers who are employees of a material supplier, contractor, subcontractor, or other employer responsible for compliance with the provisions herein.

299G.17 MISDEMEANOR.

Whoever violates the provisions of sections 299G.13 to 299G.15 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

299G.18 LOCAL ORDINANCE SUPERSEDED.

The provisions of sections 299G.13 to 299G.18 shall supersede any local, municipal, or county ordinance or parts thereof relating to the subject matter hereof.

326B.115 ENERGY CODE RULES REMAIN IN EFFECT.

(a) Notwithstanding Laws 1999, chapter 135, section 9, Minnesota Rules, chapter 7670, does not expire on April 15, 2000, but remains in effect for residential buildings not covered by Minnesota Rules, chapter 7676. The provisions of Minnesota Rules, chapter 7670, that apply to category 1 buildings govern new, detached single one- and two-family R-3 occupancy residential buildings. All new, detached single one- and two-family R-3 occupancy buildings subject to Minnesota Rules, chapter 7670, submitting an application for a building permit after April 14, 2000, must meet the requirements for category 1 buildings, as set out in Minnesota Rules, chapter 7670.

(b) As an alternative to compliance with paragraph (a), compliance with Minnesota Rules, chapters 7672 and 7674, is optional for a contractor or owner.

(c) This section expires when the commissioner adopts a new energy code in accordance with Laws 2002, chapter 317, section 4.

326B.37 INSPECTION FEE SCHEDULE.

Subd. 13. **Handling fee.** The handling fee to pay the cost of printing and handling of the paper form requesting an electrical inspection is up to \$1.